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Nitsch, E., Andreou, S., Creuzieux, A. et al. (12 more authors) (2017) A bottom-up view of food surplus: using stable carbon and nitrogen isotope analysis to investigate agricultural strategies and diet at Bronze Age Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba, northern Greece. World Archaeology. ISSN 0043-8243

https://doi.org/10.1080/00438243.2016.1271745

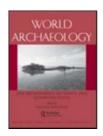
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A bottom-up view of food surplus: Using stable carbon and nitrogen isotope analysis to investigate agricultural strategies and food webs at Bronze Age Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba, northern Greece

Journal:	World Archaeology
Manuscript ID	RWAR-2016-0080.R1
Manuscript Type:	Original Papers
Keywords:	Agriculture, Herding, Bronze Age, Greece, Stable isotopes, Palaeodiet



URL: http://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/rwar Email: Unconfirmed

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Abstract

We use stable isotope analysis of crop, faunal and human remains to investigate agricultural strategies and diet at EBA-LBA Archontiko and MBA-LBA Thessaloniki Toumba. Crop production strategies varied between settlements, phases and species; flexibility is also apparent within the crop stores of individual houses. Escalating manuring intensity at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba coincides with large co-residential 'blocks' geared towards hoarding of agricultural surpluses, spectacularly preserved by fire at nearby LBA Assiros Toumba. Faunal isotope values reflect a range of feeding strategies, including probable herding of cattle on C₄-rich coastal salt marshes, evident at Archontiko through to the LBA alongside bulk cockle harvesting. Palaeodietary analysis of LBA humans at Thessaloniki Toumba indicates that C₃ crops represent the only plausible staples. Millet was a minor food but may have played a particular role in the subadult diet. Meat probably featured in suprahousehold food sharing and hospitality, associated with Mycenaean-style tableware in the LBA.

Keywords

Agriculture, Herding, Bronze Age, Greece, Stable Isotopes, Palaeodiet

Introduction

Foods of differential perishability are associated with different types of storage, and this variation has direct implications for the wider social significance of food surpluses (Halstead 1993, 2007; Bogaard et al. 2009). Grains and seeds with a shelflife of months or years are amenable to relatively long-term storage, and hence constitute prime candidates for 'normal surplus' acquisition as insurance against future shortages (Halstead 1989). By contrast, meat is impractical to store over extended periods without copious amounts of salt, or access to very cold or dry conditions. Sharing of meat as a form of 'social storage' is therefore widely observed in hunter-gatherer and agricultural contexts alike (e.g. Schneider 1957; Binford 1978; Halstead 2007). These straightforward considerations offer a starting point for joint investigation of the 'economic' and 'political' aspects of food surplus, often dichotomised in theoretical contexts (Morehart and De Lucia 2015). While archaeological discussion of surplus is often based on storage evidence (e.g. Margomenou 2008; Bogaard et al. 2009), and/or preservation of particular consumption events (e.g. Isaakidou et al. 2002; Pappa et al. 2004), other approaches are needed to investigate the management strategies and general dietary practices that form the broader context of such occasional 'snapshots' of storage and/or feasting behaviours. Integrated stable isotope analysis of plants, fauna and humans not only offers a means of reconstructing growing conditions, feeding ecologies and food webs, but also a privileged insight into the production and consumption of differing forms of foods and potential surpluses.

The aim of this paper is to interpret new stable isotope evidence for the ecology of plants, animals and humans at the Bronze Age sites of Archontiko and Thessaloniki

Toumba, located in the coastal lowlands to the west and east, respectively, of the Thermaic Gulf (Fig. 1), as evidence of agricultural strategy and diet. Both sites have yielded abundant bioarchaeological evidence in well defined contexts that raise questions concerning the politics of food acquisition, storage and consumption, including handling of food surplus (Andreou 2001, 2010; Papadopoulou 2010; Papadopoulou and Maniatis 2013, Papanthimou et al. 2013; Margomenou 2008; Valamoti et al. 2008a; Veropoulidou 2014). This evidence sheds light on foodways in small, often long-lived communities that preceded the formation of urban centres in Greek Macedonia in the first millennium BC (Andreou 2010). These sites thus form part of a distinctive trajectory of social change that contrasts with the rise and collapse of Bronze Age palatial centres in the southern Aegean (Halstead 1994; Andreou 2010).

The Early Bronze Age (EBA, 3300/3100-2300/2000 BC) of northern Greece featured the emergence of residential buildings ('households') with their own internal cooking and storage facilities, contrasting with earlier Neolithic arrangements in which the domestic unit was more fluidly defined (Halstead 2006b). Such households formed 'insulae' at final EBA Archontiko (c. 2130-2087 BC, Maniatis 2014), where a row of seven rectangular dwellings (c. 18-30 m² each) with shared walls had been destroyed by fire, preserving stored crops and cooking installations (Fig. 2) (Valamoti et al. 2008; Papadopoulou 2010; Papadopoulou et al. 2010; Papaefthymiou-Papanthimou 2010; Papaefthymiou-Papanthimou and Papadopoulou 2014). After a potential hiatus in occupation of c. 300 years, the Late Bronze Age occupation of Archontiko (c. 1516-1414 BC, Maniatis 2014) presents houses with stone-built foundations in what may have been a similar arrangement of closely spaced modular units in a row (Fig. 2) (Pilali-Papasteriou and Papaefthymiou-Papanthimou 2002).

The 'insulae' of Archontiko can be contrasted with more formalised housing 'blocks', built to accommodate large co-residential groups, at the long-lived tell settlements of Thessaloniki Toumba, Assiros Toumba and Agios Mamas, variously dating to the Middle Bronze Age (2000-1700/1600 BC) and Late Bronze Age (1700/1600-1050 BC) (Andreou et al. 1996; Andreou 2001, 2010, 2014; Wardle and Wardle 2007; Hänsel and Aslanis 2010). These blocks separated by streets extended over more than 200 m² at Thessaloniki Toumba and contained up to 15 rooms, including large dedicated storerooms as well as multi-purpose spaces (Fig. 3) (Margomenou 2008). At LBA Assiros Toumba there is direct archaeobotanical evidence for crop storage in quantities suggestive of supra-household provision, whether organised collectively or by a local leader, that underlines the potential of pooling or mobilisation at this social scale (Jones et al. 1986; Andreou 2001; Wardle and Wardle 2007; Margomenou 2008). The explicit architectural planning and formality of large residential 'blocks' arguably set the stage for the development of lasting inequalities and social hierarchy that emerged with the formation of larger, urban communities in the Iron Age (Andreou 2010; Bintliff 2012; cf. Flannery 2002). In the LBA, however, *inter*community competition appears to have been more prominent, underscored by the construction of a casemate wall at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba and clay bank at Assiros Toumba, creating prominent, steep-sided mounds of highly visible 'ancestry' (Andreou 2001, 2010).

Thus, Archontiko (particularly in its EBA phase) and Thessaloniki Toumba (especially in the LBA) offer a subtle contrast in social morphology that has

implications for handling of food, including surpluses. While both communities present architectural forms suggestive of cooperation between small-scale households, the formality of the large residential 'blocks' at Thessaloniki Toumba including provision for large-scale storage point to 'hoarding' at this social scale. Flannery (2002) argued that large co-residential units emerge because they have greater labour capacity than smaller households, enabling them to undertake more disparate tasks (e.g. labour-intensive farming, herding, craft production). Moreover, the emergence of such large co-residential groups often precedes that of long-term inequalities among households (Bogucki 1999: 205-259; Flannery 2002). Evidence for overt social inequalities is lacking amongst the large residential blocks at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba (Andreou 2001, 2010; Margomenou 2008), however, suggesting that in real terms the potential for unequal production was limited, and/or that competition between *communities* overrode that among *households*.

Pioneering weed ecological analysis of the crop stores preserved at LBA Assiros has suggested high soil fertility and mechanical disturbance, conditions maintained through intensive 'horticultural' land management (Jones 1992). Such a production system is labour-limited and yields modest surpluses relative to extensive, low-input farming exploiting specialised plough animals and additional labour at harvest time (Halstead 1995). Unspecialised plough animals can, however, modestly expand the scale of intensive farming and ease labour limitations (Isaakidou 2006, 2011), a factor that may have been crucial for large co-residential groups managing a range of subsistence and craft activities. Faunal analysis at Toumba has identified bone pathologies compatible with traction (Vasileiadou et al. 2010) from an MBA context in Area 761 and from LBA contexts in Street X1 and Building A (Nikolaidou 2010; Vasileiadou unpublished data).

Analysis of archaeobotanical assemblages from Archontiko, Thessaloniki Toumba, Kastanas and Assiros Toumba reveals significant crop diversification, with the addition of spelt in the EBA and of broomcorn millet in the LBA, as well as novel oilseed plants like *Lallemantia* (Kroll 1983; Jones et al. 1986; Jones and Valamoti 2005; Valamoti et al. 2008; Valamoti 2016). A broader range of crops would not only diversify cuisine but also enable more flexible strategies for ensuring household self-sufficiency. Stable carbon isotope analysis of crops from LBA Assiros has also demonstrated that wheat and barley were grown in distinct 'niches', with wheat preferentially sown in better watered conditions than barley (Wallace et al. 2015). Barley was not necessarily a neglected crop, however: analysis of crop deposits in multiple EBA post-frame 'row houses' at Archontiko identified hulled barley grains that had been coarsely ground to prepare a type of food such as 'groats', demonstrating specific preparation likely intended for *human* consumption (Valamoti 2002; Valamoti et al. 2008b).

In terms of animal management and consumption, at EBA and LBA Archontiko mortality data suggest that domestic cattle, pig and sheep/goat were exploited primarily for meat, with particular emphasis on culling at maximum body size for cattle in the EBA and for sheep and goat in the LBA (Creuzieux 2013). Spatial analysis of faunal and shell remains among the EBA burned houses suggests similar consumption between domestic units (Veropoulidou 2011; Creuzieux 2013). There is little evidence (e.g. foetal bones, shed deciduous teeth) suggestive of stabling on the tell itself, but micromorphological analysis of a sequence on the southern margin of

the tell at its base has revealed likely LBA animal pen deposits (Kyrillidou pers. comm.). At MBA-LBA Thessaloniki Toumba mortality profiles suggest a meatoriented strategy, with particular emphasis in the final LBA on consumption of prime large cattle carcasses (Vasileiadou et al. 2010). Given that the size of even small ruminant carcasses would often exceed the needs of a small-scale household, the implication is that consumption of livestock was oriented to supra-household commensality, perhaps in association with Mycenaean style tableware that emerged on LBA tell settlements such as Thessaloniki Toumba (Andreou 2003; Andreou and Psaraki 2007). At Thessaloniki Toumba foetal bones suggest the presence of breeding animals on the summit of the tell (Vasileiadou et al. 2010).

Both Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba are located in rolling landscapes near the Thermaic Gulf, with access to well watered alluvial plains, but there are also contrasts in setting and resource availability (Theodoropoulou 2007; Veropoulidou 2011, 2014). Archontiko was located *c.* 4-5 km from the sea in the Early Bronze Age (Pilali-Papasteriou and Papaefthymiou-Papanthimou 2002; Ghilardi et al. 2008; Syrides et al. 2009). Its inhabitants specialised in bulk collection of cockles in an extensive coastal brackish lagoon zone around the bay (Fig. 1), perhaps in conjunction with agricultural activities (Veropoulidou 2014: 417). Coastal conditions *c.* 2 km from Thessaloniki Toumba were fully marine, interrupted by estuaries; cockles were gathered for food consumption, but on a much smaller scale compared to Archontiko, The predominance of *Hexaplex trunculus*, processed for purple dye production, and a high diversity of marine molluses from MBA-LBA Toumba, reflect a general trend towards selective harvesting of specific, valuable taxa in the later Bronze Age (Veropoulidou 2011: 386-415).

Methodological background – stable isotope analysis of plant remains

Stable carbon and nitrogen isotope analysis of human and associated faunal remains is
now normative in archaeology, and has made a significant impact on understanding of
later prehistory in northern Greece (Triantaphyllou 2001, 2015). Here we build on
that work through large-scale sampling of faunal remains, to establish variation in
stable isotope values within and among taxa, and by integrating human and faunal
stable isotope measurements with those of preserved crops. Stable isotope analysis of
charred plant remains is relatively novel, with a single detailed case study for
prehistoric southern Greece, Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014a). Stable
isotope analysis of crop remains has the potential to provide new insights into
agricultural strategies and land use, and to refine palaeodietary reconstruction in
combination with faunal and human remains (Bogaard et al. 2013; Fraser et al. 2013;
Styring et al. 2015).

In order to be interpreted reliably, it is crucial to establish the effects of charring and contamination on stable carbon (δ^{13} C) and nitrogen (δ^{15} N) isotope values in charred plant remains. Recent work has shown that low-temperature charring preserves not only the morphology of cereal grains and pulse seeds, enabling identification to species (Charles et al. 2015), but also the original carbon and nitrogen isotope ratios in complex molecules [melanoidins] that develop between starches and proteins (Styring et al. 2013), albeit with a minor, well characterized offset of less than 0.6% for δ^{15} N values and 0.2% for δ^{13} C values (Fraser et al. 2013; Nitsch et al. 2015). Moreover, Vaiglova et al. (2014b) have established a protocol for detecting carbonate,

nitrate and humic contamination from the burial environment and applying suitable cleaning procedures.

 $\delta^{13}C$ values for C_3 crops such as wheats, barleys and pulses are influenced by stomatal conductance, a primary cause of which is water status (e.g. Araus et al. 1997; Wallace et al. 2013). Stable carbon isotope ratios can be expressed either as absolute $\delta^{13}C$ ratios, or as a relative offset compared to the atmospheric value (carbon discrimination, $\Delta^{13}C$) (Ferrio et al. 2005). Since atmospheric $\delta^{13}C$ values have changed over time, most dramatically in the industrial era due to fossil fuels, expressing results in $\Delta^{13}C$ allows results from different periods to be compared with modern crops grown under known watering conditions.

Previous studies have shown that the Δ^{13} C values for grains of two-row barley are consistently ~ 1‰ higher than grains of wheat grown under comparable conditions, with evidence that six-row barley grain is a further 1‰ higher (Voltas et al. 1999; Jiang et al. 2006; Anyia et al. 2007; Wallace et al. 2013). Lentils grown under the same range of watering conditions show a broader range of Δ^{13} C values compared to wheats, such that they appear 'drier' in unirrigated conditions but 'wetter' under irrigation, suggesting that pulses are more sensitive to changes in water status (Wallace et al. 2013).

 C_4 plants, of which broomcorn millet is the only relevant crop here, follow a different photosynthetic pathway adapting them to arid conditions (Sage and Monson 1999). This 'leakier' form of photosynthesis means that stomatal conductance is not closely linked with water status, unlike in C_3 species (e.g. Lightfoot et al. 2016).

Anthropogenic and natural sources of water cannot be directly distinguished using crop stable carbon isotope values, but can be inferred when there are species-specific differences (Wallace et al. 2013, 2015; Bogaard et al. 2013). While there is no evidence for large-scale irrigation works in the study region, selective watering could have been practiced on a localised scale, and specific crops could have been reserved for relatively well watered soils. Such practices have recently been inferred at LBA Assiros Toumba, where wheat and pulses appear better watered than barley (Wallace et al. 2015).

Crop $\delta^{15}N$ values largely reflect the $\delta^{15}N$ value of the soil in which they are grown, integrating the $\delta^{15}N$ value of nitrogen (N) inputs and the effect of N cycling processes on N isotopic fractionation (e.g. Högberg 1997). Studies of modern crops have found that manuring can increase cereal $\delta^{15}N$ values by as much as 10% across a range of locations and soils, according to the intensity – amount and frequency – of manuring (e.g. Fraser et al. 2011; Bogaard et al. 2016). The nitrogen in manure has a higher $\delta^{15}N$ ratio than the surrounding soil: the ^{14}N quickly volatizes in ammonia, leaving heavier ^{15}N -rich nitrogen behind (e.g. Bol et al. 2005; Bogaard et al. 2007). Manuring intensity (which could include middening and composting) is therefore likely to override the effects of other variables, such as soil type and soil nitrogen content, on crop $\delta^{15}N$ values in farming systems (cf. Peukert et al. 2012; Thornton et al. 2015). A particularly strong case for manuring can be made where crop $\delta^{15}N$ values are elevated above those inferred for unmanured vegetation (e.g. wild herbivore forage), and where particular species appear to have been selected for relatively intensive manuring (e.g. Vaiglova et al. 2014a; Styring et al. 2016; Styring et al. in press). Pulse

 $\delta^{15}N$ ratios do not exhibit the same dramatic manuring effect as cereals since they fix nitrogen directly from the atmosphere. However, in cases of extremely intensive manuring pulse $\delta^{15}N$ has been observed to increase (Fraser et al. 2011; Treasure et al. 2015).

The study sites

Archontiko is a *c*. 12.8 ha tell settlement in central Macedonia, near the foothills of the Paikon mountain, rising some 20 m above the alluvial plain that meets the Thermaic Gulf (Fig. 1). The tell's size likely represents its maximum extent in the Iron Age; its scale during the Bronze Age is unknown. Excavations by the Department of Archaeology, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, revealed two major occupation phases, dated by a large series of radiocarbon dates and separated by a possible hiatus of *c*. 300 years: an Early-Middle Bronze Age (2130-1877 BC) phase represented by multiple wooden framed structures, and a Late Bronze Age phase (1516-1414 BC) of stone-foundation structures, with possible mud-brick superstructures.

The earliest horizon (4) of phase B, belonging to the final EBA (*c*. 2130-2087 BC, Maniatis 2014), is the best preserved, containing the row of seven structures destroyed by fire (Fig. 2a) described above. The numerous clay structures related to food storage and preparation found in each building were often associated with concentrations of charred crops (Papadopoulou 2010). Within the later phase, A, belonging to the LBA (*c*. 1516-1414 BC, Maniatis 2014) at Archontiko, horizon 1 (Fig. 2b) is much more eroded than 4 but has yielded parts of rectangular houses with stone foundations in a similar arrangement to the horizon 4 structures, i.e. closely built and facing SE (Pilali-Papasteriou and Papaefthymiou-Papanthimou 2002).

Archaeobotanical analysis (Valamoti et al. 2008; Telioridou 2013; Petridou 2014) is ongoing but indicates that the crop spectrum included species present in the northern Aegean since the Neolithic – glume wheats (einkorn and emmer), free-threshing wheat (bread/durum wheat), and hulled (likely 2- and 6-row) barley, the latter ground prior to charring (Valamoti et al. 2008), lentil, bitter vetch, Celtic bean and grass pea – plus spelt in the EBA and broomcorn millet in the LBA.

In addition to intensive archaeobotanical sampling, study of the mammalian fauna by Creuzieux (2013), of the molluscan fauna by Veropoulidou (2011) and of the fish assemblage by Theodoropoulou (2007) provides an unusually holistic picture of subsistence practice, and of diverse resource use at the household level amongst the final EBA burned structures at Archontiko. The small human assemblage from Archontiko consists of seven intramural burials belonging to newborn babies and individuals under 18 months placed underneath the house floors in a flexed position, often associated with thermal constructions, while adult individuals were recognised only as fragmented remains scattered in the settlement deposits (Triantaphyllou 2016).

Ongoing excavations at Thessaloniki Toumba (Fig. 1), located in the eastern part of the modern city, by the Department of Archaeology, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, have revealed a series of stone-foundation buildings dating to the Middle and Late Bronze Age (c. 2100-1050 BC) and continuing into the Iron Age

down to the 4th cent. BC. The site lies on hilly terrain on the edge of the coastal plain, c. 2 km away from the modern coastline, which was probably not much closer during the Bronze Age. The tell rises today c. 23 m over the top of the platform formed around its base by Iron Age habitation. In the LBA it was surrounded by a system of terracing and a casemate wall. Fourteen occupation phases have been defined stratigraphically. They have been assigned to three chronological horizons with the help of radiocarbon dates and links to the Aegean chronological sequence through the presence of Aegean ceramic imports and local imitations in the deposits of the various phases of Toumba (Psaraki and Andreou 2010; Andreou 2009; Jung et al 2009). Six occupation phases have been assigned to the MBA (2100-1700/1600 BC), three to the earlier LBA (c. 1700/1600-1390/1360 BC) and four to the later part of the LBA (c. 1390/1360-1050 BC). Phases 4 (with several sub-phases) and 3, spanning the end of the 13th to the start of the 11th cent. BC, are the most extensively excavated and have contributed most of the information relating to the LBA. The MBA and early LBA occupation seems to have extended from the top to the base of the natural rise on which the tell was originally established, and was not necessarily as compact as subsequently. During the later part of the LBA (phases 5 to 2b) houses were confined to the higher terraces around the summit of the tell, limited to an area of c. 0.408 ha, of which c. 0.285 ha was probably built over (Andreou and Kotsakis 1996; Andreou 2001; Andreou and Psaraki 2007; Andreou and Efkleidou 2008; Andreou et al. 2010).

In the LBA the summit of the tell was divided into a series of domestic 'blocks' with intervening streets; Building A, extending over c. 200 m², has been almost completely excavated (Fig. 3). A series of small-scale burning events (cooking accidents, processing residues discarded in domestic fires, etc.) preserved crop by-products and occasionally grain concentrations in this complex. The plan of the MBA settlement is less well known, but excavation of Building M, which was destroyed by fire, uncovered what appear to be mixtures of crops and wild/weed species, perhaps mixtures of spent fuel and cooking accidents (Andreou and Kotsakis 1996; Kotsahristou 2009).

Archaeobotanical analysis of plant assemblages from Buildings M and A is ongoing but has identified a range of crop species (einkorn, emmer, 'new type' glume wheat, hulled (likely 2- and 6-row) barley, spelt, free-threshing wheat, lentil, bitter vetch, Celtic bean, grass pea and, in the LBA, millet) similar to that at Archontiko.

In addition to intensive archaeobotanical sampling, study of the mammalian fauna by Nikolaidou and Vasileiadou (Vasileiadou 2009; Nikolaidou 2010; Vasileiadou et al 2010), of the molluscan fauna by Veropoulidou (2011) and of the fish assemblage by Theodoropoulou (2007) again provides an unusually rich understanding of subsistence and craft activities, including purple dye production (Veropoulidou et al. 2008), at the household level. The human assemblage from LBA Toumba is represented by seventeen intramural burials in either articulated or disarticulated form. Both sexes were placed within and among the houses, underneath the floors and in open areas of the settlement and such as streets and courtyards. Infants, children and adolescents clearly predominate (newborn babies are totally lacking). Early infants (1.5 and 2 yrs old) were placed in a flexed position on their left side, in contrast to the extended position which is the rule for all age groups over 3 years old (Andreou et al. 2010; Triantaphyllou 2016).

Materials and methods

Crop remains from Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba were subsampled from primary seed concentrations (e.g. storage contexts) for stable isotope analysis. For a given species within each context, 5-20 (normally 10) seeds/grains were homogenized per sample, in order to average the natural grain-to-grain variation and also to obtain enough nitrogen for analysis. Since carbonized remains were less abundant at Thessaloniki Toumba than at Archontiko, the number of seeds destroyed per sample was generally smaller, and occasionally seeds from closely related contexts were amalgamated. Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy analysis of a subset of samples ruled out any significant sources of contamination (Vaiglova et al. 2014b), except for trace amounts of carbonates, and so samples were pre-treated with a weak HCl solution. After treatment, samples were freeze-dried and then powdered by hand with an agate mortar and pestle. Samples were weighed out to 0.6-0.7 mg for carbon and 2-4mg for nitrogen, with carbon and nitrogen analysed separately.

Sampling of the Thessaloniki Toumba faunal assemblage was undertaken by Vasileiadou and Halstead, largely following a protocol designed by the latter. Good preservation normally enabled selection of sufficient numbers of domesticate specimens from single, where possible measurable, anatomical zones of the same body side (mainly distal humeri and proximal radii, whichever were most numerous in any given chronological/stratigraphic context; cf. Drucker et al. 2003, 377). For the less well represented wild species, stratigraphic information was used to reduce chances of sampling the same individuals twice.

At Archontiko, sampled by Gardeisen and Nitsch, it was not possible to achieve sufficient samples per taxon by targeting specific single (sided) body parts. Therefore, a range of body parts was selected, again using stratigraphic information to avoid sampling the same individual twice.

Sampling of human bone from Archontiko included two long bones from intramural burials belonging to neonates and one adult distal humerus provided from scattered bones. From LBA Thessaloniki Toumba, sampling of human remains was provided by fourteen intramural burials of the seventeen excavated to date. Individuals of both sexes and all age groups were selected in order to observe dietary variations within the population, while long bones, ribs and hand phalanges were preferred as opposed to flat and cranial bones.

For bone samples, collagen was extracted using a modification of the Longin (1971) method, following procedures described by Richards and Hedges (1999). While all measured samples are reported (Tables S6-8) only collagen values with C/N ratios between 2.9 and 3.6 were studied, following quality criteria described by DeNiro (1985). This excluded six of the Archontiko faunal samples but none of those from Thessaloniki Toumba; the resulting faunal isotope datasets (Archontiko, n = 173; Toumba, n = 145) represent some of the largest yet available from prehistoric Greece.

Isotopic measurements were made on a Sercon 20-22 EA-GSL isotope ratio mass spectrometer operating in continuous flow mode. Raw and drift-corrected isotope ratios were calculated against an internal alanine standard. $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ ratios normalized to the VPDB and AIR scales were calculated against two bracketing

reference materials: Caffeine-2* (U. Indiana) and an internal seal standard (for $\delta^{13}C$) or IAEA-N2 (for $\delta^{15}N$). Normalization and measurement uncertainty was calculated using the approximation method reported by Kragten (1994). This and all other statistical calculations were performed using the programming language R (3.2.4). The average measurement uncertainty for $\delta^{13}C$ values was 0.1% with a range from 0 to 0.5%. The average measurement uncertainty for $\delta^{15}N$ values was 0.18%, with a range from 0 to 0.6%. Details of the analytical conditions are reported in Tables S1-2. The plant isotope results reported are corrected for the minor effect of charring on $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values (Nitsch et al. 2015), except where otherwise indicated.

For plants, absolute δ^{13} C values are converted to carbon discrimination values for the purposes of comparing them with values of modern crops grown under known watering conditions (e.g. Wallace et al. 2013) as follows (Farquhar et al., 1982, 1989):

$$\Delta^{13}C = \frac{\delta^{-13}C_{air} - \delta^{-13}C_{plant}}{1 + \delta^{13}C_{plant}/1000}$$

Values for $\delta^{13}C_{air}$ are obtained from reference tables provided by Ferrio et al. (2005), calculated based on the absolute (cal BC) date range of each individual sample.

Plant, faunal and human values from Thessaloniki Toumba were used to model different human dietary scenarios. The modelling parameters used are summarised in Table S3. The uncertainty of each trophic level offset (Table S3) was pooled with the calculated standard deviation from each of the measured food groups, creating a normally distributed estimate of human values for each dietary combination. A distribution of hypothetical human $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values was calculated for each dietary scenario using a resampling technique, drawing 10,000 normally distributed replicates from each calculated endpoint, weighting the mixture by the proportions from the relevant dietary scenario and correcting the proportions for differences in the ratio of digestible C and N.

Results

Crop results from Archontiko

Full results of the archaeobotanical analysis from Archontiko are reported in supplementary Table S4. The δ^{13} C values of cereals from EBA Archontiko range from -24.3 to -21.8%, while δ^{15} N values range from 1.7 to 6.9%; both ranges are similar to results reported elsewhere in the region (Wallace et al 2015; Vaiglova et al. 2014a) (Fig. 4). The five free-threshing wheat samples (all from House A – see Fig. 2 for architectural plan) produced similar values, with relatively low δ^{13} C (~ -23.5%) and relatively low $\delta^{15}N$ (~2.0%) values. Glume wheats (emmer, einkorn, spelt) had a wider range of δ^{13} C (~ -23.9 to -21.8‰) and δ^{15} N values (2.3-4.5‰). Six of the 11 barley samples produced relatively high δ^{15} N values (5.4-6.8%). δ^{13} C values for barley range from ~ -24.2 to -22% but barley discriminates against atmospheric CO₂ differently than other cereals (Wallace et al. 2013) and so yields 1-2% lower than wheat grown under the same conditions. The barley was therefore probably growing in drier conditions than the free-threshing wheat. The range of δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values for House A is broad, implying multiple distinct sets of growing conditions, and is consistent with values from other contexts. The standard deviation for cereal δ^{13} C values is 0.7% and for cereal δ^{15} N values is 1.6%, figures which are c. three times the size of the typical standard deviation measured in replicates of 10 crushed grains from the same set of growing conditions (Nitsch et al. 2015). The single flax sample has the lowest δ^{13} C and highest δ^{15} N value measured from this phase: -24.3 and 7.2‰.

Similar patterns are observed in the LBA samples from Archontiko (Fig. 4b). Barley has relatively low $\delta^{13}C$ (-23.9 ± 0.2%) and high $\delta^{15}N$ values (4.0 ± 1.2%), while other cereals (emmer, einkorn, spelt and free-threshing wheat) have higher $\delta^{13}C$ (-23.1 ± 0.5%) and lower $\delta^{15}N$ values (2.5 ± 0.9%). Pulses were recovered from LBA contexts and have low $\delta^{15}N$ values consistent with nitrogen fixers (0.5 ± 0.4%), while $\delta^{13}C$ values are more variable than in cereals (-23.9 ± 0.8%). The low and relatively uniform $\delta^{13}C$ values of the seven millet samples (~ -10.4%) is typical of C₄ plants, while their $\delta^{15}N$ values are high and relatively variable (ranging from 1.6 to 7.4%).

Crop results from Thessaloniki Toumba

Fig. 5 shows the archaeobotanical isotope results from Thessaloniki Toumba, with full data reported in supplementary Table S5. All of the MBA crop remains derive from Building M (see Fig. 3 for architectural plan). Barley has relatively low $\delta^{13}C$ values (-24.4 \pm 0.7%), as expected given its differential physiology in comparison with wheat, but also high $\delta^{15}N$ values (6.1 \pm 1.3%) compared to other cereals (emmer and einkorn), which have higher $\delta^{13}C$ (-23.9 \pm 0.5%) and lower $\delta^{15}N$ values (4.7 \pm 0.49%). Pulses have more variable $\delta^{13}C$ (-24 \pm 1.3%) and lower $\delta^{15}N$ values than cereals (2.5 \pm 0.6%) but not as close to zero as expected for pulses obtaining all their nitrogen directly from nitrogen fixation. Among pulses, grass pea has the highest average $\delta^{13}C$ value (-22.3%), lentils have intermediate $\delta^{13}C$ values (-23.8%), and two of the four bitter vetch samples have very low $\delta^{13}C$ values (<-25.0%).

All of the crop remains from the LBA phases at Toumba were associated with Building A. Barley again had relatively low $\delta^{13}C$ (-24 ± 0.5‰) and high $\delta^{15}N$ values (8.6 ± 2.6‰) compared to emmer and einkorn ($\delta^{13}C$: -22.5 ± 0.5‰, $\delta^{15}N$: 5.5 ± 1.5‰). Millet's $\delta^{13}C$ value is about -10.7‰, while its $\delta^{15}N$ value is relatively high (8.9 ± 1.9‰).

Faunal results from Archontiko

Animal remains from the two EBA and one MBA occupation phases (4, 3, and 2) and the LBA horizon (1) show similar patterns (Fig. 6, Table S6). Non-domesticates (deer, hare, wild boar and aurochs) mostly have low $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ ratios averaging - $21.0 \pm 1.1\%$ and $5.2 \pm 1.3\%$, respectively (Fig. 6). By comparison mean $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values for ovicaprids and pigs were -19.7 \pm 1.4% and 6.4 \pm 1.3%, respectively. Among domesticates, cattle are notable for their wide range of $\delta^{13}C$ values compared to other fauna, ranging as high as -12%. Pigs generally have higher $\delta^{15}N$ values than sheep or goat, while not enough sheep and goats were identified to species level to allow comparison.

Faunal results from Thessaloniki Toumba

Similar inter-species differences in $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values were observed at Thessaloniki Toumba (Fig. 7, Table S7). Deer generally have low $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ ratios (averaging -20.6 \pm 0.5% and 5.0 \pm 1.0%, respectively), while the specimen identified as wild boar has isotopic ratios similar to domestic pigs. Among domesticates, pigs have relatively high $\delta^{15}N$ ratios (7.6 \pm 1.0%). The separation of more specimens of sheep and goats at Thessaloniki Toumba allows us to observe that

sheep in general have higher $\delta^{15}N$ values than goats, with some overlap between the higher goat and lower sheep values. While late LBA cattle have ratios comparable to other domesticates, only $\delta^{15}N$ ratios of MBA-early LBA cattle are comparable to other domesticates. Most of the earlier examples have higher $\delta^{13}C$ ratios, ranging from -17‰ to -10‰.

Human results

For EBA Archontiko, three human samples were available, from one adult and two neonates (Fig. 8 Table S8). The infant $\delta^{13}C$ values are higher (-19.0 and -19.3‰) than the single adult value (-19.6‰), while the infant $\delta^{15}N$ values (8.7 and 10.7‰) are ~0.6-2‰ higher than the adult value (8.1‰); the latter is consistent with the trophic level effect due to the consumption of human breast milk, while the former may be a younger individual (up to a few weeks old) in equilibrium with the mother's diet (Nitsch et al., 2012). The adult human collagen has a $\delta^{15}N$ value 1.6-2.0‰ higher than the average ovicaprid, pig and cattle ratios from EBA-MBA phases. The adult $\delta^{13}C$ value is similar to that of ovicaprids and pigs, but 2‰ lower than the mean cattle value.

Human remains from Thessaloniki Toumba have mean δ^{13} C values of $-18.2 \pm 0.4\%$ and mean δ^{15} N values of $9.2 \pm 0.7\%$ (Fig. 9 Table S8). The human δ^{13} C values are all lower than those for Archontiko. The five subadult humans from Thessaloniki Toumba have δ^{13} C values 0.5% higher than the nine adults from Toumba (t[12]= 3.657, p = 0.003) (see Fig. 9, inset), while there are no significant differences between adult males and females. Adults have δ^{13} C values similar to cattle from late LBA Thessaloniki Toumba, and $\sim 1\%$ higher than ovicaprids and pigs from the same period. Adult human δ^{15} N ratios are 2.5-3% higher than ovicaprids, pigs and cattle.

Discussion

Crop husbandry

Fig. 10 compares crop Δ^{13} C values from all phases at Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba with available data from Neolithic Kouphovouno, near Sparta (Vaiglova et al. 2014a) and modern bands for poorly to well watered crops (Wallace et al. 2013). Wheats, barley and pulses have Δ^{13} C values similar to reference values for moderately to well watered crops. Wheat Δ^{13} C values from MBA Thessaloniki Toumba are significantly higher than from other sites and phases (pairwise comparisons with Tukey HSD post-hoc corrected p all < 0.003), suggesting particularly well watered conditions. Barley Δ^{13} C values from EBA Archontiko are significantly lower than barley from other sites and phases (pairwise comparisons with Tukey HSD post-hoc corrected p all < 0.002001); wheat samples in the 'poorly watered' band also occur in this phase. At EBA-LBA Archontiko, and MBA-LBA Thessaloniki Toumba, wheats appear to be better watered than barley, assuming a difference of 1.5% in Δ^{13} C values between wheat and barley grown in the same conditions. This pattern was also recently noted at LBA Assiros Toumba (Wallace et al. 2015). If a difference of only 1.0% is assumed, however, the difference between wheat and barley is only significant at EBA Archontiko. That the physiological offset between six-row barley and wheat may have been smaller in prehistoric varieties than in modern ones is suggested by recent results from late Neolithic Hornstaad-Hörnle IA, Germany, where the Δ^{13} C values of six-row naked barley grain samples (n = 59) were found to be c.

1.1% higher than those of wheat grain samples (naked wheat and einkorn; n = 120) grown in the same year (Styring et al. 2016, in press). All pairwise comparisons were made with Tukey HSD post-hoc corrections, with p < 0.002 where significant.

Modern studies have shown that *well* watered pulses tend to have slightly higher values than wheat grown under similar watering conditions (Wallace et al. 2013: Fig. 2). The fact that the pulses at MBA Thessaloniki Toumba and LBA Archontiko have relatively high Δ^{13} C values compared with contemporary wheats therefore suggests that they grew under similar conditions to the better watered end of the cereal spectrum.

Fig. 11 shows crop δ^{15} N values from all phases at Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba with published data from Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014a) and estimated baseline values of local unmanured vegetation derived from wild herbivore collagen values at each site. Despite similar baselines across the assemblages, cereal δ^{15} N values and potential manuring levels varied considerably, as observed also within individual house assemblages (above, Figs 4-5), Comparison of Kouphovouno with Archontiko reveals a clear contrast in the relative values of barley and free-threshing wheat, with higher values in barley than wheat in the latter assemblage. Barley δ^{15} N values also tend to be elevated above those of hulled wheats at MBA-LBA Thessaloniki Toumba. Thus, while barley was sometimes grown under drier conditions than wheats, at least at EBA Archontiko (above, Fig. 10), it tended to be a *more* intensively manured crop. (Similarly, at Neolithic Kouphovouno, the more manured crop, free-threshing wheat, was of more variable water status than hulled barley.) In some landscapes it is plausible that more water retentive/better watered soils were not the most accessible for manuring; manure is heavy to transport and tends to be applied most intensively near penning/stabling areas. It may also be the case that barley was grown on drier (though still moderately to well watered) soils in some contexts not because it was a low status crop but because it was better able to tolerate drought due to an earlier harvest date/shorter photosynthetic period (Riehl et al. 2009). Whatever the specific affordances of different crops and landscapes, it appears that preferential manuring of barley was practised at both Bronze Age northern sites, perhaps reflecting a particular importance of barley for human consumption, as suggested by deposits of ground barley grains in multiple houses at EBA Archontiko (Valamoti et al. 2008a). Equally, barley may have been manured to ensure availability of 'early bite' pasture, a strategy practised in the region in the recent past (Halstead 2006a). LBA millet at both sites has similar δ^{15} N values to barley, perhaps because they were grown in rotation; millet could even be sown immediately after the barley harvest if there was summer rain, a multi-cropping strategy more feasible for barley than wheat due to the earlier harvest date of the latter (Halstead 2014: 72). This interpretation assumes that barley and millet δ^{15} N values can be compared directly; a priority for future work is to establish the effect of charring and manuring on broomcorn millet δ^{15} N values (cf. Lightfoot et al. 2016).

Despite similar unmanured baselines, cereal $\delta^{15}N$ values are generally *higher* at Thessaloniki Toumba than at Archontiko (Fig.11). For cereals, pairwise comparison of MBA and LBA Thessaloniki Toumba with EBA and LBA Archontiko, normalized by subtracting the mean wild herbivore $\delta^{15}N$ value at each site and phase, showed significantly higher $\delta^{15}N$ values (p < 0.001) at Thessaloniki Toumba. The implication is that manuring tended to be more intensive at Toumba, with remarkably high cereal

values particularly in the LBA. Pulses at MBA Toumba map onto those expected under intensive manuring, while those at Archontiko correspond with lower levels (Fig. 12). The fact that pulses and cereals track each other at both sites is also consistent with the inference from δ^{13} C values that cereals and pulses experienced similar conditions, suggesting integrated production through mixed cropping or rotation. Thus, while Archontiko and Toumba converge in a number of aspects of crop husbandry – preferential manuring of barley, association (rotation?) of barley and millet and plausibly integrated cereal and pulse production – differential manuring rates suggest divergent long-term strategies for crop production, with more intensive management at Toumba. Factors potentially contributing to this divergence include availability of traction animals – evidenced at Thessaloniki Toumba (Nikolaidou 2010, 113; Vasileiadou et al. 2010) but not confirmed at Archontiko (Creuzieux 2013; Gardeisen, personal observations); community size – LBA Toumba was crowded but very small (c. 0.408 ha with 70% of the area occupied by buildings), minimising frictions of distance (e.g. transport costs of hauling manure) between housing and arable fields (cf. Jones et al. 1999; Jones 2005; Isaakidou 2008), while the size of BA Archontiko is unknown; and available labour within large coresidential groups at Toumba, compared with smaller units at Archontiko.

Crop diversification in Bronze Age northern Greece included the addition of spelt and, in the LBA, broomcorn millet. $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values suggest that these crops were grown or rotated with others: spelt with free-threshing wheat at Archontiko, and millet with barley at both sites (Figs 10-11). Diversification thus not only spread labour costs (e.g. short-season millet could be sown after barley) but also diversified multiple crop 'niches'.

Animal husbandry

Intensive sampling of the faunal assemblages, combined with protocols to avoid multiple measurements of the same individual, opens up the opportunity to compare animal feeding ecology and the effects of management in detail. Both assemblages exhibit contrasts between wild and domestic herbivores; the former tend to have low δ^{13} C values, potentially due to canopy effect (shade), although it should be noted that these are generally higher than those reported in studies of modern deer populations (e.g. Drucker et al. 2008), perhaps reflecting more open woodland and forays into anthropogenic landscapes. The higher $\delta^{15}N$ values of sheep and pigs are compatible with feeding on the more open and fertile anthropogenic agricultural landscapes, suggesting greater integration of sheep with arable farming (cf. Halstead 2006a) and perhaps also pigs with arable fields. Many goats at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba (the species were seldom distinguished at Archontiko), however, tend to have lower values, closer to those of deer, probably reflecting more browsing of rough pasture. Pigs and especially dogs have higher values than domestic herbivores at Archontiko, dogs overlapping with the few human values (Fig. 8). The increase in crop δ^{15} N values at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba is seen also in the domestic fauna (overall difference = 0.5% p = 0.003). These patterns suggest a peak of intensive, integrated management of crops and livestock at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba, including sheep grazing of manured cereals, to control lodging and/or for access to early-bite pasture (cf. Halstead 2006a).

Both assemblages include cattle with high δ^{13} C values indicative of significant C₄ plant consumption (Fig. 13, values >-16% suggesting >35% C₄ plants). At EBA

Archontiko this occurs *before* the introduction of broomcorn millet – a phenomenon also observed at late Neolithic Makriyalos (Styring et al. 2015) – and includes two red deer with high δ^{13} C values, suggesting that millet consumption/foddering does not explain the pattern. A more plausible explanation is grazing in C₄-rich coastal salt marsh and associated habitats, available within a few km of both sites (Sage and Monson 1999: 121). Cattle grazing of coastal marsh is common in the region today (Halstead and Valamoti personal observations, cf. Valamoti 2004: 124). The occurrence of C₄ cattle diets thus suggests grazing several kilometres from the settlement, with associated 'loss' of manure. It is notable that this feeding strategy is absent at late LBA Thessaloniki Toumba (Fig. 13), where the most intensive crop manuring levels are observed. An absence of C₄ cattle is also observed at LBA Assiros Toumba (Wardle et al. 2014: Table S1), where large-scale destruction preserved crop stores with weeds indicative of intensive management (Jones 1992). Cattle may have been kept locally both for traction/transport and to conserve manure. A long-term tradition of coastal cattle grazing at EBA-LBA Archontiko coincides with that of bulk cockle harvesting in this same landscape zone (Veropoulidou 2014).

Human diet

Making quantitative palaeodietary estimates of protein sources on the basis of only δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values is complicated by several factors: a) the variety of dietary components, b) the isotopic variability within each component, c) the uncertainty of the assumptions that must be made about $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ discrimination factors (O'Connell et al. 2012; Phillips 2012); and d) differences in the ratio of digestible C and N in different sources (Phillips and Koch 2002; Hopkins et al., 2012). While it would be unwise to make dietary estimates on the basis of such large variability and uncertainties, here we explore the types of diets that are plausible and implausible by comparing hypothetical δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values for different dietary scenarios to the actual δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values measured in humans. Since only one adult human value is available from Archontiko, we focus on Thessaloniki Toumba. Eight different isotopic food groups were created, based on the results reported here and (for fish) by Vika and Theodoropoulou (2012) (Fig. 14). At Thessaloniki Toumba there were significant differences in crops between MBA and LBA phases: no pulses were recovered from the LBA phase, cereal δ^{15} N values were generally higher in the LBA than the MBA, and cattle had significantly lower (more C_3) δ^{13} C ratios. Here we use LBA data with the addition of MBA pulses, since the humans date to the LBA. The single freshwater fish measurement from Thessaloniki Toumba was excluded, and only marine/estuarine fish (δ^{13} C> -13‰) were considered.

For Thessaloniki Toumba we report twelve different proportional combinations of the eight food groups (Table S9) and compare their *estimated* human collagen $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ ratios to the *actual* human collagen $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values (Fig. 15). These include three scenarios that achieve excellent overlap between hypothetical and actual human isotope ratios (models A-C), five with good overlap (D-H) and four others (I-L) with poor overlap representing implausible dietary combinations (Fig. 15). Plausible diets include four based solely on crops (A-D), of which A (wheats) and B (wheats and pulses) are particularly broad due to isotopic variability in these taxa. Other diets considered contain small (E) and larger (F) amounts of livestock protein, plus wild game and marine fish (G-H). Though no concentrations of pulses were recovered from LBA Building A, some plausible scenarios are mathematically reliant on a contribution of low $\delta^{15}N$ -value pulses. Similarly, a contribution of some high

 δ^{13} C-value food source (marine fish or millet) is a small component of some plausible scenarios. Implausible diets include those with 50% fish (model I), 50% cattle (model J) and 30% millet (model K). Since Thessaloniki Toumba's human δ^{15} N ratios are relatively low compared to the barley δ^{15} N values from Building A, 30% barley input is also implausible (model K). Either barley was not a major human food crop, or the very high barley δ^{15} N values from this structure were exceptional and not representative of the average cereals consumed by the humans analysed.

This heuristic exercise suggests that C₃ crops (cereals and pulses) represent the only plausible staple source for the majority of protein in the human diet at Thessaloniki Toumba. Millet may have played a particular role in the subadult diet (above, Fig. 9) but was a minor food overall. While mammals and fish probably made a contribution to dietary protein, they were not the major source.

Conclusions

The stable isotope data from Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba offer a unique means of linking agropastoral strategies to the human diet. While management strategies *per se* have implications for how intensively these communities worked to ensure their food supply, human palaeodietary reconstruction constrains assumptions about the relative importance of different resources, and hence their wider economic and political significance as (intermittently) surplus foods.

Human dietary reconstruction at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba suggests that crops were the major source of protein; the single adult and dogs from Archontiko hint at a similar situation. It is thus entirely plausible that the aim of producing a 'normal surplus' of crops in good years was crucial for ensuring a mainstay of the diet. Crops including any surpluses could be stored (e.g. in the large storage jars (*pithoi*) and dedicated storage spaces of residential blocks such as Building A) for a year or more, depending on storage conditions (Halstead 1990).

Management strategies for crops shed light on how households aimed to produce 'normal' surpluses of highly storable food to buffer against future harvest failure. The results from both Archontiko and Toumba indicate varying levels of management intensity in the form of manuring, with particular investment in barley, which may have played a dual role as 'early-bite' pasture as well as human food (i.e. the milled preparation in final EBA Archontiko houses). Variation amongst crop taxa, and between crop stores within burned houses (at final EBA Archontiko), plausibly reflects strategic decision-making by farmers juggling limited manure, differing crop requirements/schedules and available labour. Both sites present evidence of relatively intensive approaches to crop production, but they diverge in the absolute level of manuring, which escalated at LBA Toumba in association with locally tended cattle (including draught animals) and probable integration of sheep and pigs with arable land. At Archontiko, by contrast, manuring levels were more moderate into the LBA, together with a continuation of cattle herding in C₄-rich environments, probably coastal salt marsh.

While livestock and deer appear to have played a secondary role as a human dietary protein source, their consumption plausibly lent itself to social storage through suprahousehold sharing and displays of hospitality (cf. Halstead 2007). The production of Mycenaean-style tableware at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba suggests particular

emphasis on formality and display on such occasions, underlining the political importance of food and drink for maintaining alliances beyond the immediate household. The concentration of clay structures relating to food preparation in each of the 'row houses' at final EBA Archontiko, on the other hand, suggests a general emphasis on modular cooking by each small-scale household.

Particularly intensive arable land management at LBA Thessaloniki Toumba involved close integration of crop and livestock production, such that crops supplemented the diet of especially sheep and pigs. In this way, crops were stored not only directly but also 'indirectly' in livestock, linking normal surplus and 'social storage' surplus production strategies. Intensive, integrated production of crops and livestock at LBA Toumba, including stabling on the tell itself, served not only to ensure adequate stores of crop staples (risk buffering) but also a political economy of solidarity in large residential blocks and a wider community proud of its height and evident ancestry as a tell community. Integration of livestock with arable management may have served to underline household ownership of these animals and hence their ability to 'host' supra-household consumption of the carcasses. Emphasis on the production of large cattle carcasses in the late LBA (Vasileiadou et al. 2010) is consistent with this inference.

The situation at Archontiko suggests a different, somewhat lower degree of integration between crop and livestock husbandry, and hence a different inflection on the relationship between 'normal surplus' strategies for crops and 'social storage' of meat. Continued extensive grazing of cattle in C₄-rich habitats, probably coastal salt marsh, indicates dedication of labour to herding beyond the immediate vicinity of the settlement and the arable sector. The benefits of fattening cattle without provision of fodder plausibly outweighed the losses of manure and capacity to transport it. Intensive cockle harvesting through to the LBA (Veropoulidou 2014) was probably a complementary strategy.

By combining reconstruction of agropastoral strategies with diet using stable isotope analysis of associated plants, fauna and humans, we can thus achieve rare archaeological insight into linkages between differing forms of storage (direct and indirect) and aspects of food surplus (normal versus social storage). While theoretical discussion of surplus often opposes 'economic' and 'political' accounts (e.g. Morehart and De Lucia 2015), evidence of *actual* farming and dietary practices at Archontiko and Toumba dissolves this dichotomy and suggests a variety of ways in which different communities planned for and exploited food surpluses serving complementary nutritional *and* political roles.

Acknowledgements

This paper is an outcome of many years' excavation and bioarchaeological investigation at Archontiko and Toumba, combined with stable isotope analysis as part of the European Research Council-funded AGRICURB project (grant no. 312785; PI Bogaard): AB conceived the study; EN carried out all stable isotope laboratory work and data analysis; SA and AP directed excavations and advised on archaeological contexts and chronology; AC, AG, PH, VI, EN, DK, DN, CP, AV, ST, SV and AK conducted sampling and/or bioarchaeological analysis; SA, AB, PH, VI, EN, ST and SV wrote the paper. Domna Isaakidou and Evi Papadopoulou kindly

provided architectural plans for Archontiko. We are very grateful to the Greek archaeological service for processing the sampling applications and for issuing the permits for analysis and export. Finally, we thank Petra Vaiglova for assistance with bone sampling at Archontiko, and Elizabeth Stroud, Amy Styring, Rena Veropoulidou and two anonymous reviewers for insightful criticism of the manuscript.

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Figure captions

- Figure 1. Map of central Macedonian lowlands showing the study sites (stars) and other key sites mentioned in the text. Dark grey shading with horizontal lines indicates the lagoon zone and coastline in the Early Bronze Age (after Ghilardi et al. 2008); light grey shading with horizontal lines shows the present-day plain and coastline.
- Figure 2. Plans of Archontiko: a. final EBA horizon 4, LBA horizon 1 (both redrawn from a plan provided by D. Isaakidou and E. Papadopoulou (pers. comm.) by Alison Wilkins).
- Figure 3. Plan of Thessaloniki Toumba showing the excavated part of the Late Bronze Age settlement. Early LBA architectural remains (with MBA directly underneath) on the western side of the mound (drawn by G. Vlahodimos and provided by the Thessaloniki Toumba excavation archive).
- Figure 4. Crop δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values for a. EBA and b. LBA contexts at Archontiko. Shaded samples are those found within House A (see Fig. 2a).
- Figure 5. Crop δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values for a. MBA and b. LBA contexts at Thessaloniki Toumba. Shaded samples are those found within Building M and Building A (see Fig. 3).
- Figure 6. δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values of faunal collagen from EBA and LBA Archontiko.
- Figure 7. δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values of faunal collagen from MBA, MBA-early LBA and late LBA Thessaloniki Toumba.
- Figure 8. δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values of human and faunal bone collagen from Archontiko. The inset shows differences between the adult and subadults (neonates).
- Figure 9. δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values of human and faunal bone collagen from Thessaloniki Toumba. The inset shows differences between males, females and subadults.
- Figure 10. Beeswarm plot comparing Δ^{13} C from EBA and LBA Archontiko, MBA and LBA Thessaloniki Toumba and Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014). Dashed horizontal lines represent "well-watered", "moderately-watered" and "poorly-watered" reference lines based on studies of modern crops in different agronomic conditions (Wallace et al. 2013). The reference lines for barley assume a mixture of two- and six-row varieties.
- Figure 11. Beeswarm plot comparing $\delta^{15}N$ values from EBA and LBA Archontiko, MBA and LBA Thessaloniki Toumba and Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014). Shaded regions represent the 1 sd range of the estimated herbivore forage values, calculated from the mean \pm 1 sd range collagen d15N values of wild herbivores (deer and aurochs), subtracting 4‰ to approximate the trophic level effect for collagen. For Kouphovouno, single values based on one wild goat and one wild boar are shown as dashed lines.

Figure 12. Pulse Δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N values from a. MBA Thessaloniki Toumba and b. LBA Archontiko. The shaded region shows the 50% confidence region of modern pulses grown under different conditions in Evvia, Greece (Fraser et al. 2011; Wallace et al. 2013).

Figure 13. Distribution of $\delta^{13}C$ values for domesticated fauna from Archontiko and Toumba, with cattle values highlighted.

Figure 14. 1sd δ^{13} C and δ^{15} N range of the seven selected food groups.

Figure 15. Examples of different dietary combinations (barplot inset) and their estimated human collagen $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values (shaded region) compared to the actual human collagen $\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{15}N$ values from Thessaloniki Toumba. Models A-C achieve excellent overlap between hypothetical and actual human isotope ratios, models D-H have good overlap, while models I-L are examples of implausible dietary combinations with poor overlap.



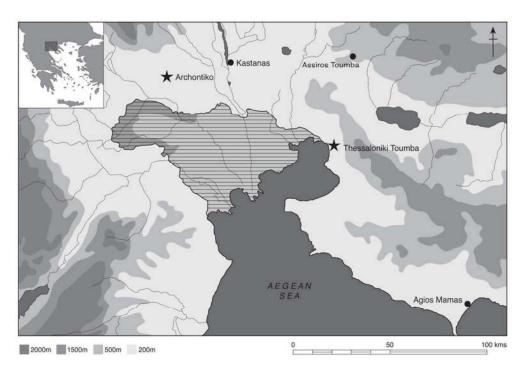


Figure 1. Map of central Macedonian lowlands showing the study sites (stars) and other key sites mentioned in the text. Dark grey shading with horizontal lines indicates the lagoon zone and coastline in the Early Bronze Age (after Ghilardi et al. 2008); light grey shading with horizontal lines shows the present-day plain and coastline.

99x67mm (300 x 300 DPI)



Figure 2. Plans of Archontiko: a. final EBA horizon 4, LBA horizon 1 (both redrawn from a plan provided by D. Isaakidou and E. Papadopoulou (pers. comm.) by Alison Wilkins).

99x103mm (300 x 300 DPI)



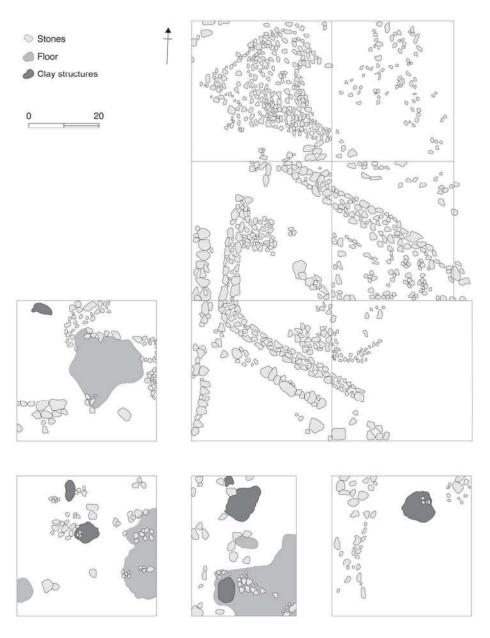


Figure 2. Plans of Archontiko: a. final EBA horizon 4, LBA horizon 1 (both redrawn from a plan provided by D. Isaakidou and E. Papadopoulou (pers. comm.) by Alison Wilkins).

99x130mm (300 x 300 DPI)

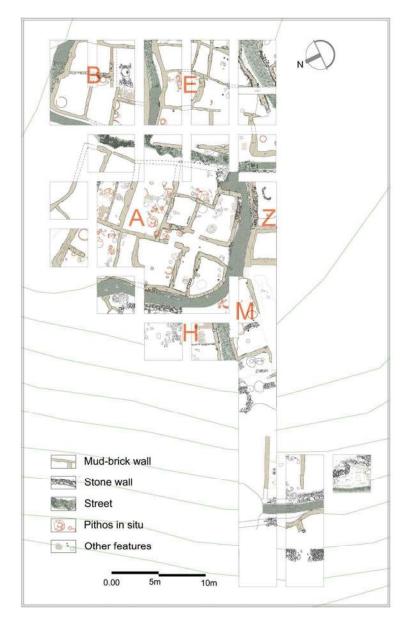


Figure 3. Plan of Thessaloniki Toumba showing the excavated part of the Late Bronze Age settlement. Early LBA architectural remains (with MBA directly underneath) on the western side of the mound (drawn by G. Vlahodimos and provided by the Thessaloniki Toumba excavation archive).

99x156mm (300 x 300 DPI)

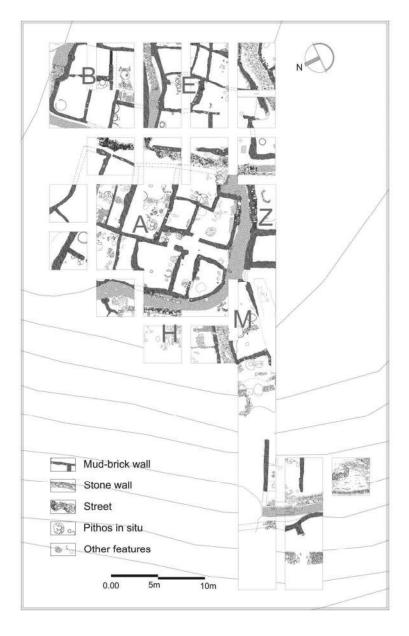


Figure 3. Plan of Thessaloniki Toumba showing the excavated part of the Late Bronze Age settlement. Early LBA architectural remains (with MBA directly underneath) on the western side of the mound (drawn by G. Vlahodimos and provided by the Thessaloniki Toumba excavation archive).

99x156mm (300 x 300 DPI)

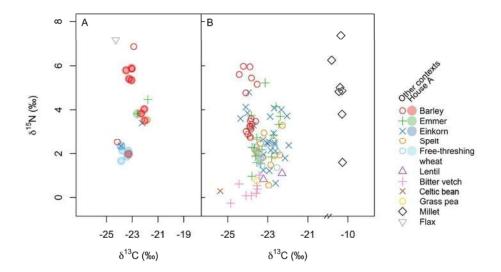


Figure 4. Crop δ 13C and δ 15N values for a. EBA and b. LBA contexts at Archontiko. Shaded samples are those found within House A (see Fig. 2a).

119x70mm (300 x 300 DPI)

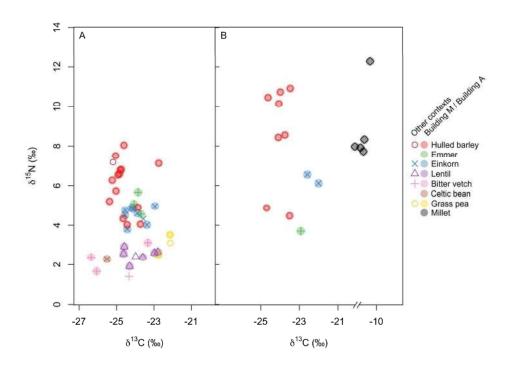


Figure 5. Crop $\delta 13C$ and $\delta 15N$ values for a. MBA and b. LBA contexts at Thessaloniki Toumba. Shaded samples are those found within Building M and Building A (see Fig. 3).

158x113mm (300 x 300 DPI)

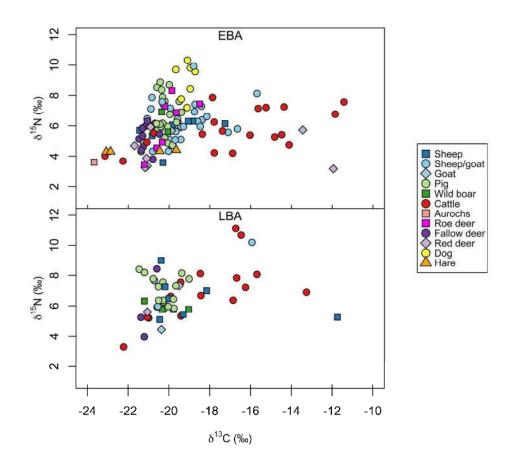
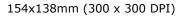


Figure 6. $\delta 13 C$ and $\delta 15 N$ values of faunal collagen from EBA and LBA Archontiko.



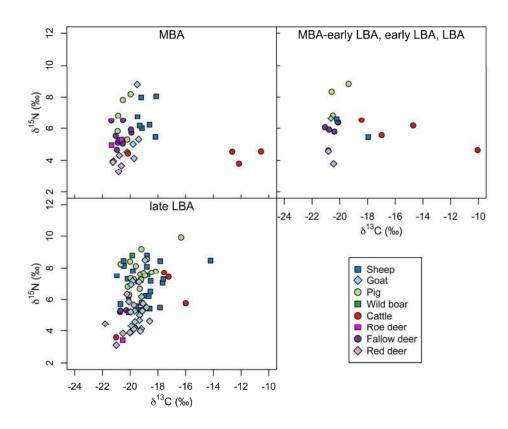


Figure 7. δ 13C and δ 15N values of faunal collagen from MBA, MBA-early LBA and late LBA Thessaloniki Toumba.

148x122mm (300 x 300 DPI)

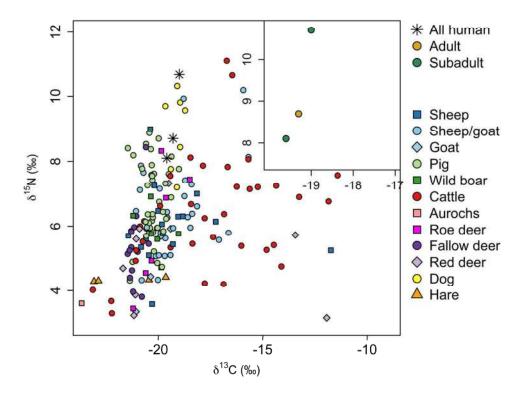


Figure 8. $\delta 13C$ and $\delta 15N$ values of human and faunal bone collagen from Archontiko. The inset shows differences between the adult and subadults (neonates).

126x104mm (300 x 300 DPI)

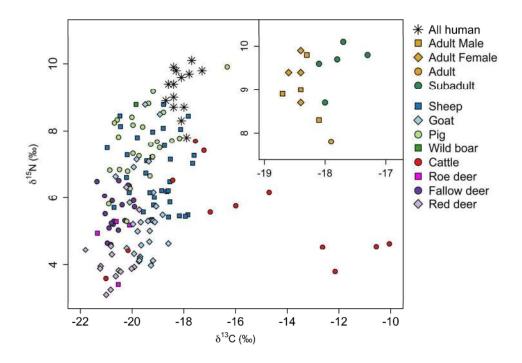


Figure 9. δ 13C and δ 15N values of human and faunal bone collagen from Thessaloniki Toumba. The inset shows differences between males, females and subadults.

134x100mm (300 x 300 DPI)

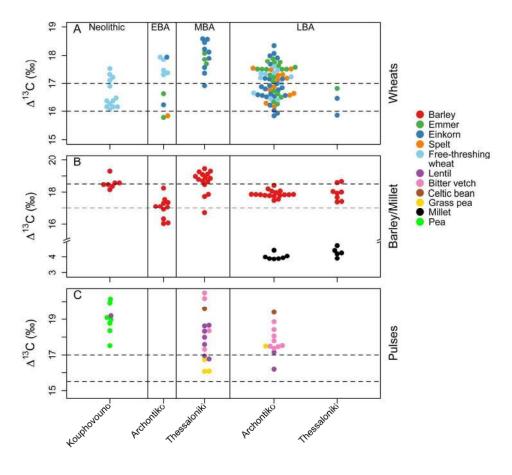


Figure 10. Beeswarm plot comparing Δ13C from EBA and LBA Archontiko, MBA and LBA Thessaloniki Toumba and Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014). Dashed horizontal lines represent "well-watered", "moderately-watered" and "poorly-watered" reference lines based on studies of modern crops in different agronomic conditions (Wallace et al. 2013). The reference lines for barley assume a mixture of two- and six-row varieties.

158x140mm (300 x 300 DPI)



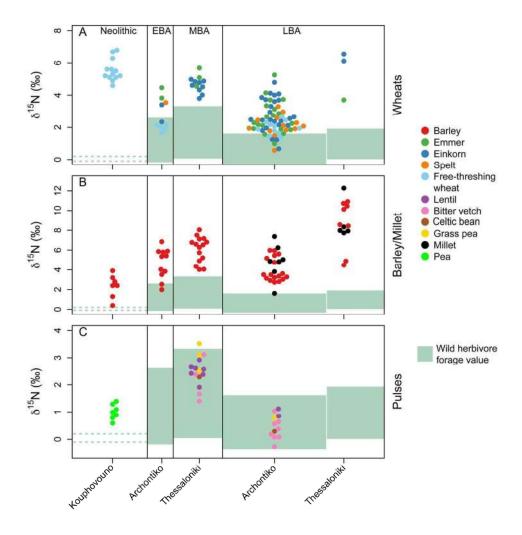


Figure 11. Beeswarm plot comparing $\delta15N$ values from EBA and LBA Archontiko, MBA and LBA Thessaloniki Toumba and Neolithic Kouphovouno (Vaiglova et al. 2014). Shaded regions represent the 1 sd range of the estimated herbivore forage values, calculated from the mean ± 1 sd range collagen d15N values of wild herbivores (deer and aurochs), subtracting 4% to approximate the trophic level effect for collagen. For Kouphovouno, single values based on one wild goat and one wild boar are shown as dashed lines.

177x177mm (300 x 300 DPI)

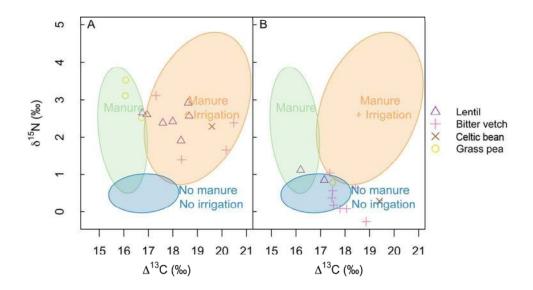


Figure 12. Pulse $\Delta 13C$ and $\delta 15N$ values from a. MBA Thessaloniki Toumba and b. LBA Archontiko. The shaded region shows the 50% confidence region of modern pulses grown under different conditions in Evvia, Greece (Fraser et al. 2011; Wallace et al. 2013).

116x76mm (300 x 300 DPI)

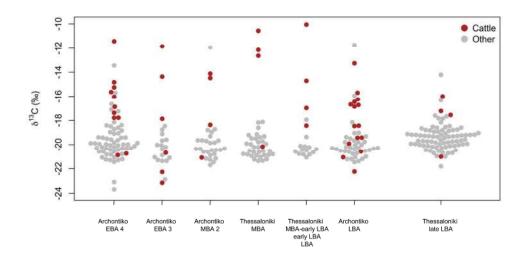


Figure 13. Distribution of $\delta 13C$ values for domesticated fauna from Archontiko and Toumba, with cattle values highlighted.

121x62mm (300 x 300 DPI)

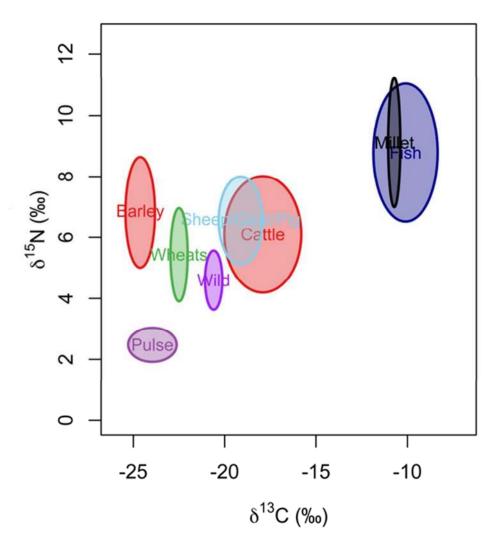


Figure 14. 1sd δ 13C and δ 15N range of the seven selected food groups.

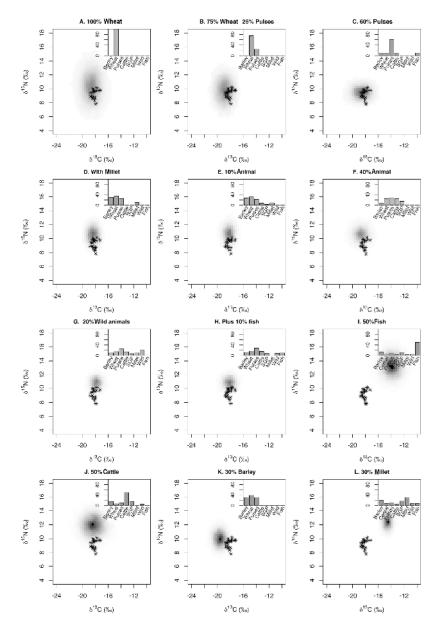


Figure 15. Examples of different dietary combinations (barplot inset) and their estimated human collagen δ 13C and δ 15N values (shaded region) compared to the actual human collagen δ 13C and δ 15N values from Thessaloniki Toumba. Models A-C achieve excellent overlap between hypothetical and actual human isotope ratios, models D-H have good overlap, while models I-L are examples of implausible dietary combinations with poor overlap.

199x290mm (300 x 300 DPI)

Supplementary Table S1. $\delta^{13}C$ values of standards in each carbon isotope run.

Runfile	Alanine	sd1	CAFF	CAFFsd	CAFF2	CAFF2sd	СН6	CH6sd	CH7	CH7sd	SEAL	SEALsd	USGS40	USGS40sd
130909	-26.91	0.03		CITIES	0.11.12	01111204	0110	CITODA	CII,	011784	-13.26	0.01	-26.03	0.03
140617	-26.90	0.08	-34.45	0.44							-13.28	0.30		
140918	-26.89	0.03	-34.63	0.06							-13.17	0.03		
140922	-26.91	0.03	-34.72	0.04							-13.19	0.02		
140924	-26.89	0.03	-34.67	0.02							-13.18	0.04		
140925	-26.88	0.08	-34.68	0.02							-13.18	0.01		
140926	-26.92	0.03					-10.42	0.03	-31.95	0.05				
140929	-26.89	0.06			5)		-10.31	0.08	-31.91	0.01				
141002	-26.58	0.73	-34.60	0.12	•									
141120	-26.84	0.18					-10.40	0.20	-32.02	0.20				
150713	-26.90	0.05	-34.73	0.08							-13.22	0.04		
150714	-26.89	0.07	-34.70	0.03							-13.19	0.04		
150715	-27.00	0.33	-34.71	0.46							-13.44	0.46		
150722	-26.91	0.10			-27.42	0.12					-12.94	0.28		
150723	-26.76	0.40	-32.51	3.21							-13.27	0.41		
140610A	-26.91	0.05	-34.66	0.11							-13.16	0.07		
140610B	-26.90	0.04	-34.47	0.18							-13.07	0.02		
140611A	-26.88	0.04	-34.72	0.19							-13.03	0.26		
140611B	-26.87	0.06	-34.45	0.14							-12.98	0.14		
140929B	-26.91	0.03					-10.41	0.02	-31.90	0.03		>		
140930A	-26.83	0.07	-34.56	0.46										
140930B	-26.88	0.03					-10.45	0.03	-31.91	0.08				
140930C	-26.82	0.36	-34.64	0.23										
141001B	-26.83	0.11	-33.59	1.76										
150108B	-26.87	0.05					-10.21	0.15	-31.71	0.09				

150121C	-26.95	0.06	-34.75	0.03							-13.25	0.07		
150206B	-26.91	0.09					-10.18	0.06	-31.70	0.13				
150209A	-26.85	0.12	-34.62	0.18							-13.26	0.19		
150209B	-26.93	0.10	-34.69	0.09							-13.23	0.07		
150211A	-26.53	0.31	-34.15	0.69										
160210B	-27.08	0.05			-27.68	0.04					-12.36	0.04		
					-27.68									

Supplementary Table S2. $\delta^{15}N$ values of standards in each nitrogen isotope run.

Runfile	Alanine	sd1	CAFF	CAFFsd	CAFF2	CAFF2sd	N2	N2sd	SEAL	SEALsd	SEAL2	SEAL2sd	USGS40	USGS40sd
130909	-1.53	0.06							17.49	0.08			-4.48	0.08
140617	-1.63	0.15	-2.74	0.44					17.02	0.43				
140918	-1.55	0.12	-2.88	0.02					17.18	0.04				
140922	-1.48	0.08	-2.87	0.11					17.07	0.07				
140924	-1.55	0.06	-2.86	0.05					17.07	0.04				
140925	-1.47	0.18	-2.94	0.11					17.02	0.02				
140926	-1.81	0.13												
140929	-1.84	0.12												
141002	-1.44	0.38	-2.41	0.06			21.03	0.27						
141120	-0.70	2.64												
150713	-1.60	0.07	-3.22	0.05		46			17.29	0.10				
150714	-1.68	0.14	-3.20	0.03					17.24	0.05				
150715	-1.81	0.43	-3.43	0.32					16.87	0.74				
150722	-1.57	0.09			0.92	0.12			17.59	0.33				
150723	-1.50	0.61	-1.84	1.59					17.14	0.71				
140610A	-1.68	0.13	-2.97	0.04					17.01	0.10				
140610B	-1.64	0.12	-2.65	0.23					17.23	0.09				
140611A	-1.57	0.09	-2.84	0.15					17.24	0.14				
140611B	-1.50	0.05	-2.61	0.14					17.51	0.33				
140929B	-1.83	0.11												
140930A	-1.63	0.19	-2.18	0.16			20.60	0.08						
140930B	-1.87	0.14												
140930C	-1.54	0.25	-2.82	0.21			20.53	0.17						
141001B	-1.73	0.35	-2.34	0.20			20.54	0.15						
150110B	-1.70	0.24	-3.24	0.18			20.22	0.24						

150121C	-1.60	0.12	-3.00	0.07					17.26	0.06			
150206B	-1.88	0.26											
150209A	-1.69	0.20	-2.66	0.28					16.89	0.21			
150209B	-1.59	0.15	-2.65	0.09					16.97	0.25			
150211A	-1.60	0.27	-2.87	0.18			20.69	0.31					
150211B	-1.78	0.20	-3.28	0.47			20.34	0.21					
160210B	-1.53	0.05			1.14	0.05					16.35	0.03	

Supplementary Table S3. Modelling parameters based on those reported for large omnivores (bears, pigs, humans in wild and captive studies – e.g. Hopkins et al. 2012; O'Connell et al. 2012). Digestible C and N is from Phillips and Koch 2002, as is %C and %N for animals. %C and %N for cereals and pulses is from modern fresh measurements as reported by Fraser et al. (2013) and Nitsch et al. (2015).

Parameters	Δ^{13} C	Δ^{13} Csd	$\Delta^{15}N$	Δ^{15} Nsd	%C	%N	DigestC	DigestN
Cereals	4	1	5	1	45	1.6	47	3.5
Pulses	4	1	5	1	40	4	42	8
Animals	1	1.5	6.5	1.5	20	12	51	12

Supplementary Table S4. Results of stable isotope analysis of archaeobotanical samples from Archontiko.

³г																					
0			Flot					No.			d13C	d13C	d13C	d13C	Runfile	%	d15N	d15N	d15N	d15N	
	ID	SU	no.	House	Date	Phase	Species	seeds	Runfile C	%C	raw	(VPDB)	(-0.11%)	sd	N	N	raw	(AIR)	(-0.31‰)	sd	CN
1	ARB001	27012	1026	G	EBA	4	Flax	20	140926	61.3	-24.0	-24.2	-24.3	0.1	140930A	5.1	8.0	7.5	7.2	0.2	14.1
2							Free- threshing														
3 4	ARB002	6020	648	Α	EBA	4	wheat	10	140926	60.1	-23.0	-23.1	-23.3	0.0	140930A	3.9	2.9	2.3	2.0	0.2	18.0
٠.							Free-														
5 6	ARB003	6017	631	A	EBA	4	threshing wheat	10	140926	67.5	-23.2	-23.3	-23.4	0.0	140930A	3.4	2.8	2.2	1.9	0.2	23.2
7	AKD003	0017	031	A	EDA	4	Free-	10	140920	07.3	-23.2	-23.3	-23.4	0.0	140930A	3.4	2.0	2.2	1.9	0.2	23.2
8							threshing	4.0	1,000						4.400.00						
9	ARB004	6020	647	A	EBA	4	wheat Free-	10	140926	65.2	-23.1	-23.2	-23.3	0.0	140930A	3.5	3.1	2.4	2.1	0.2	22.0
0							threshing														
1	ARB005	6031	685	A	EBA	4	wheat	10	140926	59.3	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.1	140930A	3.3	3.1	2.4	2.1	0.2	20.9
2							Free- threshing														
3	ARB006	6031	684	A	EBA	4	wheat	10	140930B	59.4	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.1	141002	3.2	2.5	2.0	1.7	0.4	21.8
4	ARB007	23102	1031	Е	EBA	4	Barley	15	140926	59.8	-22.7	-22.8	-22.9	0.0	140930A	3.9	7.7	7.2	6.9	0.2	17.7
	ARB008	30023	1256	ST	EBA	4	Emmer	15	140926	57.7	-21.6	-21.7	-21.8	0.0	140930A	2.8	5.4	4.8	4.5	0.2	23.8
	ARB009	6020	649	A	EBA	4	Emmer	10	140926	67.7	-22.4	-22.5	-22.6	0.0	140930A	3.4	4.7	4.1	3.8	0.2	23.6
7	ARB010	30023	1256	ST	EBA	4	Einkorn	20	140926	61.9	-22.0	-22.1	-22.2	0.0	140930A	3.1	4.3	3.7	3.4	0.2	23.0
8	ARB011	6031	684	A	EBA	4	Einkorn	10	140926	58.5	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.1	140930A	3.5	3.3	2.7	2.3	0.2	19.5
	ARB012	24211	1813	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	62.1	-23.2	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	140930A	3.4	6.7	6.1	5.8	0.2	21.1
0	ARB013		2101		EBA		Barley	10	140926	60.5	-22.8	-22.9	-23.0	0.0	140930A	4.6	6.7	6.2	5.9	0.2	15.3
1	ARB014	6017	631	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	68.5	-23.0	-23.1	-23.3	0.0	140930A	4.5	6.3	5.7	5.4	0.2	17.8
2	ARB015	6020	649	Α	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	66.4	-23.1	-23.2	-23.3	0.0	140930A	3.8	2.9	2.3	2.0	0.2	20.6
3	ARB016	6019	645	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	61.3	-22.8	-22.9	-23.1	0.0	140930A	3.7	6.8	6.2	5.9	0.2	19.6
4	ARB017	6016	627	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	62.8	-22.1	-22.2	-22.3	0.0	140930A	3.6	4.7	4.1	3.8	0.2	20.4
5	ARB018	6019	641	A	EBA	4	Barley	20	140926	63.8	-22.8	-23.0	-23.1	0.0	140930A	3.6	6.2	5.7	5.4	0.2	20.8
6	ARB019	6016	625	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	61.1	-21.8	-22.0	-22.1	0.0	140930A	3.6	4.9	4.3	4.0	0.2	19.8
7	ARB020	6020	650	A	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	61.4	-21.8	-21.9	-22.0	0.0	140930A	3.5	4.4	3.8	3.5	0.2	20.3
8_	ARB021	30023	1255	ST	EBA	4	Barley	10	140926	58.4	-23.9	-24.1	-24.2	0.1	140930A	1.9	3.5	2.8	2.5	0.2	35.1
~ _F	ARB022	30023	1256	ST	EBA	4	Spelt	15	140926	62.3	-21.6	-21.7	-21.8	0.0	140930A	2.9	4.5	3.9	3.6	0.2	25.3
0	ARB023		2029		LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	58.8	-22.2	-22.3	-22.4	0.0	140930A	3.3	2.9	2.3	1.9	0.2	20.8
1																					

6									T .		1	I	ı			1	I	ı		
7	ARB024		2044	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	64.3	-22.6	-22.7	-22.9	0.0	140930A	3.2	2.4	1.8	1.5	0.2	23.4
8	ARB025		2001	LBA	1	Spelt		140926	57.3	-22.7	-22.8	-23.0	0.0	140930A	4.9	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.2	13.6
9	ARB026		2039	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	60.6	-23.1	-23.2	-23.3	0.0	140930A	2.8	2.7	2.1	1.8	0.2	25.6
10	ARB027		2035	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	55.3	-23.3	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	140930A	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.1	0.2	20.7
11	ARB028		2045	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	58.2	-22.5	-22.6	-22.7	0.0	140930A	2.9	3.5	2.9	2.6	0.2	23.9
12	ARB029		2042	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	57.0	-23.0	-23.1	-23.2	0.0	140930A	3.0	2.8	2.1	1.8	0.2	22.0
13	ARB030		2034	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	64.3	-23.3	-23.5	-23.6	0.1	140930A	3.0	3.1	2.4	2.1	0.2	25.1
14	ARB031		2048	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	56.8	-23.0	-23.1	-23.2	0.0	140930A	2.6	3.9	3.3	3.0	0.2	25.6
15	ARB032		2052	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	69.5	-23.1	-23.3	-23.4	0.0	140930A	3.0	3.4	2.8	2.5	0.2	27.4
16	ARB033		2030	LBA	1	Spelt	5	140926	63.9	-22.0	-22.2	-22.3	0.0	140930A	4.0	4.2	3.6	3.3	0.2	18.6
17	ARB034		2043	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140926	66.9	-23.3	-23.5	-23.6	0.1	140930A	2.7	3.2	2.6	2.3	0.2	29.5
18	ARB035		2024	LBA	1	Spelt	10	140929	58.0	-22.4	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	140930A	3.1	2.9	2.2	1.9	0.2	21.6
19	ARB036	5029	1601	LBA?	1	Einkorn	5	140929	65.3	-23.4	-23.6	-23.7	0.1	140930C	4.2	3.7	3.6	3.3	0.3	18.2
20	ARB037	6028	1717	LBA?	1	Einkorn	10	140929	71.3	-21.7	-21.9	-22.0	0.1	140930C	3.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	0.3	25.1
21	ARB038		2034	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	57.8	-22.9	-23.1	-23.2	0.1	140930C	3.0	2.4	2.3	2.0	0.3	22.1
22	ARB039		2030	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	57.0	-22.6	-22.8	-22.9	0.1	140930C	5.0	1.7	1.5	1.2	0.3	13.3
23	ARB040	6028	1714	LBA?	1	Einkorn	8	140929	60.1	-23.7	-23.9	-24.0	0.1	140930C	3.4	4.3	4.2	3.9	0.3	20.5
24	ARB041		2029	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	57.4	-21.7	-21.8	-22.0	0.1	140930C	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.4	0.3	19.6
25	ARB042		2038	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	58.7	-22.5	-22.7	-22.9	0.1	140930C	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.2	0.3	22.7
26	ARB043		2044	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.6	-22.8	-23.0	-23.1	0.1	140930C	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	0.3	20.1
27	ARB044		2045	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.1	-22.6	-22.8	-22.9	0.1	140930C	3.3	4.1	4.0	3.7	0.3	21.5
28	ARB045		2035	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	60.6	-22.4	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	140930C	3.8	2.8	2.7	2.4	0.3	18.4
29	ARB046	6020	1702	LBA?	1	Einkorn	10	140929	62.2	-23.8	-24.0	-24.1	0.1	140930C	3.3	4.6	4.4	4.1	0.3	22.2
30	ARB047		2024	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.7	-22.4	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	140930C	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.5	0.3	25.4
31	ARB048		2048	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.2	-22.4	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	140930C	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.0	0.3	20.4
32	ARB049	6028	1719	LBA?	1	Einkorn	5	140929	55.1	-23.6	-23.8	-24.0	0.1	140930C	2.9	5.2	5.1	4.8	0.3	22.0
33	ARB050		2028	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	58.2	-22.3	-22.5	-22.6	0.1	140930C	6.0	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.3	11.3
34	ARB051	6024	1709	LBA?	1	Einkorn	10	140929	62.4	-22.9	-23.1	-23.2	0.1	140930C	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.7	0.3	21.7
35	ARB052	6019	1700	LBA?	1	Einkorn	10	140929	62.1	-24.1	-24.3	-24.4	0.1	140930C	3.1	4.0	3.9	3.6	0.3	23.6
36	ARB053		2042	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	60.6	-22.7	-22.8	-23.0	0.1	140930C	3.4	3.0	2.9	2.5	0.3	20.7
37	ARB054		2032	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	59.7	-22.4	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	140930C	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.1	0.3	16.2
38	ARB055		2052	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.4	-22.7	-22.9	-23.0	0.1	140930C	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.5	0.3	22.5
39	ARB056		2001	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	61.3	-21.8	-22.0	-22.1	0.1	140930C	3.5	2.2	2.1	1.8	0.3	20.7
40	ARB057		2039	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	64.0	-22.3	-22.5	-22.6	0.1	140930C	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.1	0.3	25.5
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7	ARB058		2043	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	63.0	-22.9	-23.1	-23.2	0.1	140930C	5.9	1.7	1.6	1.3	0.3	12.5
8	ARB059		2014	LBA	1	Einkorn	10	140929	62.1	-22.0	-22.2	-22.3	0.1	140930C	3.1	4.4	4.3	4.0	0.3	23.5
9	ARB060	6028	1719	LBA?	1	Emmer	7	140929	61.4	-22.8	-23.0	-23.1	0.1	140930C	3.4	5.7	5.6	5.2	0.3	21.1
10	ARB061		2052	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	60.6	-23.4	-23.6	-23.7	0.1	140930C	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.3	0.3	22.9
11	ARB062	6019	1700	LBA?	1	Emmer	10	140929	61.1	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.1	140930C	3.1	4.2	4.1	3.7	0.3	23.1
12	ARB063	6028	1717	LBA?	1	Emmer	10	140929	60.5	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.1	140930C	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.1	0.3	18.7
13	ARB064		2042	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	61.0	-23.2	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	140930C	2.8	2.0	1.9	1.6	0.3	25.6
14	ARB065		2044	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	63.2	-23.2	-23.4	-23.6	0.1	140930C	3.0	2.4	2.2	1.9	0.3	24.8
15	ARB066		2048	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	62.7	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.1	140930C	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3	0.3	25.3
16	ARB067		2045	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	61.4	-23.2	-23.4	-23.6	0.1	140930C	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.7	0.3	23.5
17	ARB068		2001	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929	60.2	-22.5	-22.7	-22.8	0.1	140930C	4.2	2.3	2.2	1.9	0.3	16.7
18	ARB069		2030	LBA	1	Emmer	5	140929B	63.9	-22.3	-22.5	-22.6	0.0	140930C	3.1	4.6	4.5	4.1	0.3	23.9
19	ARB070		2038	LBA	1	Emmer	6	140929B	61.5	-23.1	-23.2	-23.4	0.0	141001B	2.7	2.4	1.9	1.6	0.4	26.2
20	ARB071		2034	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	62.1	-23.3	-23.5	-23.6	0.0	141001B	1.8	2.7	2.2	1.9	0.4	39.6
21	ARB072		2024	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	77.8	-22.5	-22.6	-22.7	0.0	141001B	1.1	3.7	3.2	2.9	0.4	84.0
22	ARB073		2043	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	62.4	-23.0	-23.2	-23.3	0.0	141001B	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.2	0.4	24.3
23	ARB074		2035	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	63.4	-23.3	-23.4	-23.6	0.0	141001B	1.4	2.9	2.4	2.1	0.4	51.8
24	ARB075	6020	1702	LBA?	1	Emmer	6	140929B	70.5	-23.3	-23.4	-23.6	0.0	141001B	2.7	3.5	3.1	2.8	0.4	30.9
25	ARB076		2029	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	60.4	-22.1	-22.3	-22.4	0.0	141001B	3.2	4.5	4.0	3.7	0.4	22.0
26	ARB077		2014	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	76.8	-22.2	-22.3	-22.4	0.0	141002	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.4	0.4	31.8
27	ARB078		2039	LBA	1	Emmer	10	140929B	60.5	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.0	141001B	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.4	42.5
28	ARB079		2024	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	79.8	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.0	141001B	3.2	6.2	5.8	5.5	0.4	28.8
29	ARB080	6028	1719	LBA?	1	Barley	10	140929B	73.5	-24.2	-24.3	-24.4	0.0	141001B	3.2	6.4	5.9	5.6	0.4	26.7
30	ARB081		2031	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	62.0	-23.6	-23.7	-23.8	0.0	141001B	3.4	3.9	3.5	3.1	0.4	21.4
31	ARB082		2034	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	62.2	-23.3	-23.5	-23.6	0.0	141001B	3.2	4.3	3.8	3.5	0.4	23.0
32	ARB083	6022	1706	LBA?	1	Barley	10	140929B	76.1	-23.7	-23.9	-24.0	0.0	141001B	2.7	3.7	3.2	2.9	0.4	32.5
33	ARB084		2042	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	61.9	-23.8	-24.0	-24.1	0.0	141001B	2.9	3.8	3.3	3.0	0.4	25.2
34	ARB085		2028	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	65.5	-23.8	-24.0	-24.1	0.0	141001B	3.4	5.5	5.1	4.8	0.4	22.4
35	ARB086		2045	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	60.5	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.0	141001B	3.2	4.3	3.8	3.5	0.4	22.1
36	ARB087		2032	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	63.4	-23.9	-24.1	-24.2	0.0	141001B	3.2	6.7	6.3	6.0	0.4	23.0
37	ARB088		2048	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	70.8	-23.5	-23.7	-23.8	0.0	141001B	1.3	4.1	3.7	3.4	0.4	62.0
38	ARB089		2039	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	70.1	-23.6	-23.7	-23.8	0.0	141001B	2.9	4.4	3.9	3.6	0.4	28.0
39	ARB090		2043	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	62.4	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.0	141001B	1.0	3.6	3.1	2.8	0.4	75.5
40	ARB091		2044	LBA	1	Barley	10	140930B	62.7	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.1	141002	2.9	4.1	3.5	3.2	0.4	25.5
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7	ARB092		2035	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	60.0	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.0	141001B	3.3	4.1	3.6	3.3	0.4	21.1
8	ARB093		2052	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	58.6	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.0	141001B	2.8	3.5	3.0	2.7	0.4	24.5
9	ARB094		2029	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	58.6	-23.3	-23.4	-23.5	0.0	141001B	3.1	5.9	5.5	5.2	0.4	21.9
10	ARB095		2030	LBA	1	Barley	10	140929B	62.2	-23.6	-23.8	-23.9	0.0	141001B	3.3	6.7	6.3	6.0	0.4	22.3
11	ARB096	6019	1700	LBA?	1	Grass pea	5	140930B	60.9	-23.3	-23.4	-23.6	0.1	141002	5.8	1.6	1.1	0.8	0.4	12.2
12	ARB097	5029	1600	LBA?	1	Lentil	6	140929B	59.7	-23.0	-23.1	-23.2	0.0	141001B	7.0	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.4	9.9
13	ARB098		2030	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140929B	61.6	-23.3	-23.4	-23.5	0.0	141001B	5.1	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.4	14.0
14	ARB099		2001	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140929B	63.3	-24.6	-24.7	-24.9	0.0	141001B	3.1	0.6	0.1	-0.3	0.4	24.2
15	ARB100		2029	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140929B	72.9	-23.2	-23.3	-23.4	0.0	141001B	5.1	1.9	1.4	1.0	0.4	16.7
16	ARB101	6019	1700	LBA?	1	Broad bean	5	140929B	63.2	-25.1	-25.3	-25.4	0.0	141001B	2.4	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.4	30.6
17	ARB102	6019	1700	LBA?	1	Lentil	10	140929B	61.2	-22.0	-22.2	-22.3	0.0	141001B	6.3	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.4	11.3
18	ARB103		2014	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140930B	60.6	-23.3	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	141001B	6.2	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	11.5
19	ARB104		2045	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140930B	59.3	-23.6	-23.7	-23.8	0.1	141001B	5.9	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.4	11.8
20	ARB105		2009	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140930B	59.8	-23.3	-23.5	-23.6	0.1	141001B	6.4	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.4	10.9
21	ARB106		2043	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	5	140930B	60.9	-23.8	-24.0	-24.1	0.1	141001B	5.5	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.4	12.9
22	ARB107		2052	LBA	1	Bitter vetch	10	140930B	62.1	-24.2	-24.3	-24.4	0.1	141002	6.0	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.4	12.2
23						Free- threshing														
24	ARB108		2034	LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	61.5	-23.0	-23.1	-23.3	0.1	141002	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.9	0.4	24.0
25						Free-														
26	ARB109		2030	LBA	1	threshing wheat	5	140930B	60.7	-22.5	-22.6	-22.7	0.1	141002	2.5	3.5	3.0	2.7	0.4	28.0
27	AKDIO)		2030	LDA	1	Free-	3	140/30D	00.7	-22.3	-22.0	-22.1	0.1	141002	2.5	3.3	5.0	2.1	0.4	20.0
28						threshing														
29	ARB110		2048	LBA	1	wheat Free-	10	140930B	62.4	-23.4	-23.5	-23.6	0.1	141002	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.3	0.4	26.3
30						threshing														
31	ARB111		2039	LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	60.0	-23.1	-23.3	-23.4	0.1	141002	3.0	2.8	2.3	1.9	0.4	23.6
32						Free- threshing														
33	ARB112		2043	 LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	61.7	-23.2	-23.3	-23.4	0.1	141002	2.9	2.6	2.1	1.8	0.4	24.5
34						Free-														
35	ARB113		2024	LBA	1	threshing wheat	10	140930B	63.1	-22.3	-22.4	-22.5	0.1	141002	3.1	2.9	2.4	2.1	0.4	24.2
36			202.			Free-		2.00000	00.1	5		22.0	0.1				1			
37	ADD114		2045	I D A	1	threshing	10	1400200	(1.5	22.0	22.2	22.2	0.1	141002	22	2.2	1.0	1.5	0.4	22.4
38	ARB114		2045	LBA	1	wheat Free-	10	140930B	61.5	-23.0	-23.2	-23.3	0.1	141002	3.2	2.3	1.8	1.5	0.4	22.4
39						threshing														
-	ARB115		2048	LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	61.6	-23.1	-23.3	-23.4	0.1	141002	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.6	0.4	23.4
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6 7					Free- threshing														
8	ARB116	2035	LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	60.8	-23.3	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	141002	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.2	0.4	25.9
9					Free-														
	ARB117	2001	LBA	1	threshing wheat		140930B	58.5	22.2	-22.4	-22.6	0.1	141002	1.1	2.2	1.7	1.4	0.4	15.6
10 11	ARBII/	2001	LBA	1	Free-		140930B	38.3	-22.3	-22.4	-22.0	0.1	141002	4.4	2.2	1./	1.4	0.4	13.0
12					threshing														
12 13	ARB118	2052	LBA	1	wheat	10	140930B	60.8	-22.8	-23.0	-23.1	0.1	141002		3.3	2.8	2.4	0.4	22.9
14	ARB119	2014	LBA	1	Millet	10	150108B	60.0	-10.5	-10.7	-10.8	0.2	150110B	3.4	6.3	6.6	6.3	0.3	20.6
14 15	ARB120	2024	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	55.2	-10.2	-10.2	-10.3	0.0	141002	4.8	4.7	4.1	3.8	0.4	13.3
16	ARB121	2032	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	60.4	-10.2	-10.2	-10.3	0.0	141002	3.2	5.7	5.2	4.9	0.4	22.4
17	ARB122	2022	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	58.8	-10.2	-10.2	-10.3	0.0	141002	3.4	2.5	1.9	1.6	0.4	20.2
16 17 18	ARB123	2029	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	61.0	-10.2	-10.2	-10.3	0.0	141002	3.2	8.3	7.7	7.4	0.4	22.1
10	ARB124	2030	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	61.7	-10.3	-10.3	-10.4	0.0	141002	2.6	5.9	5.3	5.0	0.4	27.9
20	ARB125	2028	LBA	1	Millet	10	140930B	61.8	-10.3	-10.3	-10.5	0.0	141002	3.0	5.7	5.1	4.8	0.4	24.3
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36							140930B 140930B												

Supplementary Table S5. Results of stable isotope analysis of archaeobotanical samples from Thessaloniki Toumba.

3 [ID	SU	Flot	Building	A	Date	Species	No. seeds	Runfile C	%C	d13C	d13C (VPDB)	d13C (- 0.11‰)	d13C sd	Runfile N	%N	d15N	d15N (AIR)	d15N (- 0.31‰)	d15N sd	CN
0	ID	30	no.	Building	Area internal	Date	Species	seeus	C	70C	raw	(VIDD)	0.11700)	Su	IN	701N	raw	(AIK)	0.51/00)	su	CIN
1	TOB001	32197	1432	Building M	space	MBA	Emmer	3	141120	57.9	-23.5	-23.6	-23.7	0.2	150211B	3.7	4.6	4.9	4.6	0.4	18.3
2	TOB004	32343	1889	Building M	internal space	MBA	Emmer	5	141120	60.3	-23.6	-23.7	-23.9	0.2	150211B	3.1	5.8	6.0	5.7	0.4	22.6
2	TOB006	32393	1971	Building M	space	MBA	Emmer	. 7	141120	61.9	-23.9	-24.0	-24.1	0.2	150211B	3.2	5.2	5.4	5.1	0.4	22.8
4	TOB007	32197	1432	Building M	internal space	MBA	Einkorn	6	141120	61.2	-24.0	-24.1	-24.2	0.2	150211B	3.5	5.0	5.2	4.9	0.4	20.5
5	TOB008	32231	1444	Building M	internal space	MBA	Einkorn	5	141120	59.6	-24.3	-24.4	-24.5	0.2	150211B	3.8	4.9	5.1	4.8	0.4	18.5
6	TOB009	32260	1511	Building M	internal space	MBA	Einkorn	5	141120	58.3	-23.7	-23.8	-23.9	0.2	150211B	3.7	4.7	4.9	4.6	0.4	18.4
1	TOB010	32261	1512	Building M	space	MBA	Einkorn	3	141120	57.6	-24.2	-24.3	-24.4	0.2	150211B	3.2	3.9	4.1	3.8	0.4	21.4
8	TOB011	32268	1515	Building M		MBA	Einkorn	6	141120	59.1	-23.9	-24.0	-24.1	0.2	150211B	3.8	4.9	5.1	4.8	0.4	18.3
9	TOB012	32288	1520	Building M	internal space	MBA	Einkorn	6	141120	58.0	-23.2	-23.3	-23.4	0.2	150211B	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.0	0.4	15.5
21	TOB013	33253	1601	area west of Building M		MBA	Einkorn	5	141120	57.9	-23.4	-23.5	-23.6	0.2	150211B	3.8	4.4	4.6	4.3	0.4	18.0
22	TOB015	32343	1889	Building M	internal space	MBA	Einkorn	5	141120	60.2	-24.3	-24.4	-24.6	0.2	150211B	3.7	4.6	4.8	4.5	0.4	19.2
23 24	TOB017	53289	1892	Building M	external space	MBA	Einkorn	5	141120	60.9	-22.8	-22.8	-23.0	0.2	150211B	4.3	5.1	5.3	5.0	0.4	16.4
25	TOB019	71135	380	Building A	A6	LBA	Einkorn	6	141120	54.6	-22.4	-22.5	-22.6	0.2	150211B	7.5	6.7	6.9	6.6	0.4	8.5
26	TOB020	71085	687	Building A	A6	LBA	Einkorn	7	141120	58.0	-21.8	-21.9	-22.0	0.2	150211B	7.2	6.2	6.4	6.1	0.4	9.4
7	TOB021	71101	689	Building A	A6	LBA	Emmer	5	141120	62.4	-22.7	-22.8	-22.9	0.2	150211B	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.7	0.4	18.1
-/	TOB022	242083	756	Building A	A10	LBA	Millet	26	141120	58.2	-10.5	-10.5	-10.6	0.3	150211B	5.3	8.5	8.6	8.3	0.3	12.8
8	TOB025	242118	779	Building A	A10	LBA	Millet	13	141120	58.6	-10.7	-10.7	-10.8	0.3	150211B	4.2	8.1	8.2	7.9	0.3	16.2
29	TOB026	244102	416	Building A	A5	LBA	Millet	15	141120	58.0	-11.0	-11.0 -10.2	-11.1	0.3	150211B	4.5 7.9	8.1	8.3	8.0 12.3	0.3	15.1
30	TOB035	74084	40	Building A	A6	LBA	Millet Grass	20	141120	56.4	-10.2	-10.2	-10.3	0.3	150211B	7.9	12.5	12.6	12.3	0.3	8.3
31	TOB036	32383	1938	Building M		MBA	pea	4	141120	55.9	-21.9	-22.0	-22.1	0.2	150211B	8.1	3.6	3.8	3.5	0.4	8.0
32				area west of			Grass														
33	TOB037	33253	1601	Building M		MBA	pea	3	141120	54.5	-21.9	-22.0	-22.1	0.2	150211B	7.0	3.2	3.4	3.1	0.4	9.2
34	TOB038	32197	1432	Building M	internal space	MBA	Grass pea	3	141120	54.6	-22.6	-22.7	-22.8	0.2	150211B	6.0	2.6	2.8	2.5	0.4	10.6
35 36	TOB039	32351	1932	Building M	internal space	MBA	Broad bean	2	141120	60.0	-25.3	-25.4	-25.5	0.2	150211B	5.7	2.3	2.6	2.3	0.4	12.2
37	TOB043	32268	1515	Building M		MBA	Bitter vetch	5	141120	58.2	-23.1	-23.2	-23.3	0.2	150211B	6.7	3.2	3.4	3.1	0.4	10.2
88				area west of			Bitter														
39	TOB044	33253	1601	Building M		MBA	vetch	3	141120	56.9	-24.1	-24.2	-24.3	0.2	150211B	5.1	1.4	1.7	1.4	0.4	13.1
Ю	TOB045	32191	1121	Building M	internal	MBA	Bitter	10	141120	58.2	-26.1	-26.3	-26.4	0.2	150211B	6.0	2.4	2.7	2.4	0.4	11.4

6						1	_		T				1		1						
7					space		vetch														
8	TOB047	32260	1511	Building M	internal space	MBA	Bitter vetch	6	141120	57.7	-25.9	-26.0	-26.1	0.2	150211B	5.3	1.7	2.0	1.7	0.4	12.7
9	TOB050	32268	1515	Building M		MBA	Lentil	5	141120	59.4	-24.4	-24.5	-24.6	0.2	150211B	6.5	2.6	2.9	2.6	0.4	10.7
10	TOB051	32343	1889	Building M	internal space	MBA	Lentil	5	141120	59.0	-23.4	-23.5	-23.6	0.2	150211B	6.7	2.4	2.7	2.4	0.4	10.3
11	TOB052	32189	1120	Building M	internal space	MBA	Lentil	5	141120	59.3	-24.4	-24.5	-24.6	0.2	150211B	6.2	3.0	3.2	2.9	0.4	11.2
12	TOB054	32393	1971	Building M	- op	MBA	Lentil	5	141120	57.5	-24.1	-24.2	-24.3	0.2	150211B	5.7	1.9	2.2	1.9	0.4	11.9
13 14	TOB055	32197	1432	Building M	internal space	MBA	Lentil	6	141120	59.6	-22.8	-22.9	-23.0	0.2	150211B	5.8	2.7	2.9	2.6	0.4	12.1
15	TOB059	32288	1520	Building M	internal	MBA	Lentil	10	141120	56.9	-22.6	-22.7	-22.8	0.2	150211B	6.0	2.7	3.0	2.7	0.4	11.1
16				area west of	space																
17	TOB060	33253	1601	Building M		MBA	Lentil	6	141120	57.4	-23.8	-23.9	-24.0	0.2	150211A	6.6	2.8	2.7	2.4	0.3	10.1
18	TOB061	242118	779	Building A	A10	LBA	Hulled barley	4	150108B	60.6	-24.1	-24.5	-24.6	0.1	150211A	3.7	11.0	10.8	10.5	0.3	19.2
19	TOB062	244102	416	Building A	A5	LBA	Hulled barley	6	150206B	61.4	-23.6	-24.0	-24.1	0.1	150211A	3.7	9.0	8.8	8.4	0.3	19.4
20	100002	244102	410	Dunding 11	AJ	LDA	Hulled		130200B	01.4	-23.0	-24.0	-24.1	0.1	13021171	3.7	7.0	0.0	0.4	0.5	17.4
21 22	TOB064	221119	1262	Building A	A3	LBA	barley		150206B	58.2	-23.6	-24.0	-24.1	0.1	150211A	4.2	10.7	10.5	10.2	0.3	16.2
23	TOB065	221131	1358	Building A	A3	LBA	Hulled barley	5	150206B	63.0	-23.0	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	150211A	2.9	4.9	4.8	4.5	0.3	25.1
24	TOB066	241146	1282	Building A	A11	LBA	Hulled barley		150206B	60.0	-24.2	-24.6	-24.7	0.1	150211A	3.0	5.3	5.2	4.9	0.3	23.5
25							Hulled									3.3					
26	TOB067	241144	1281	Building A	A11	LBA	barley Hulled	6	150206B	64.2	-23.3	-23.6	-23.8	0.1	150211A	3.3	9.1	8.9	8.6	0.3	22.8
27	TOB068	71196	521	Building A	A6	LBA	barley		150206B	61.5	-23.0	-23.4	-23.5	0.1	150211A	4.8	11.5	11.2	10.9	0.3	15.1
28 29	TOB069	71102	690	Building A	A6	LBA	Hulled barley		150206B	59.5	-23.5	-23.9	-24.0	0.1	150211A	4.6	11.3	11.1	10.7	0.3	15.2
30	TOB070	32114	429	Building M		MBA	Hulled barley	6	150206B	61.2	-23.9	-24.3	-24.4	0.1	150211A	4.1	4.5	4.3	4.0	0.3	17.2
31	100070	32114	72)	Dunding W	internal	WIDI	Hulled	0	130200B	01.2	-23.7	-24.5	-24.4	0.1	13021171	7.1	7.3	7.3	4.0	0.5	17.2
32	TOB071	32288	1520	Building M	space	MBA	barley	9	150206B	59.8	-23.2	-23.6	-23.7	0.1	150211A	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.1	0.3	14.5
33	TOB072	32121	458	Building M	internal space	MBA	Hulled barley	5	150206B	58.2	-24.4	-24.8	-24.9	0.1	150211A	2.8	7.0	6.8	6.5	0.3	24.3
34 35	TOB073	32197	1432	Building M	internal space	MBA	Hulled barley	5	150206B	66.2	-23.4	-23.7	-23.9	0.1	150211A	3.0	5.4	5.2	4.9	0.3	25.4
36		32231	-		internal	MBA	Hulled	8	150206B	61.9	-24.3	-24.7		0.1	150211A	2.9	7.1	6.9		0.3	
37	TOB074	34431	1444	Building M	space	WIDA	barley Hulled	8	130200B	01.9	-24.3	-24./	-24.8	0.1	130211A	2.9	7.1	0.9	6.6	0.3	25.0
38	TOB075	32268	1515	Building M		MBA	barley Hulled	4	150206B	62.1	-24.3	-24.7	-24.8	0.1	150211A	2.8	7.3	7.1	6.8	0.3	25.7
39 40	TOB076	32393	1971	Building M		MBA	barley	10	150206B	63.6	-24.9	-25.3	-25.4	0.1	150211A	2.4	5.7	5.5	5.2	0.3	31.1
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TOB078	32331	1884	Building M	internal space	MBA	Hulled barley	5	150206B	61.9	-24.3	-24.6	-24.8	0.1	150211A	3.1	7.3	7.1	6.8	0.3	23.4
TOR079	32189	1120	Building M	internal	MBA		4	150206B	62.7	-22 3	-22 6	-22.8	0.1	150211A	29	7.6	7.4	7.1	0.3	25.0
			<u> </u>	space		Hulled														
TOB080	32261	1512	Building M	internal	MBA		5	150206B	58.6	-24.2	-24.5	-24.7	0.1	150211A	3.4	4.8	4.7	4.3	0.3	20.1
TOB081	32343	1889	Building M	space	MBA	barley	8	150206B	55.6	-24.7	-25.1	-25.2	0.1	150211A	2.8	6.8	6.6	6.3	0.3	23.0
TOB082	32191	1121	Building M	internal space	MBA	barley	6	150206B	60.4	-24.5	-24.9	-25.0	0.1	150211A	2.8	6.2	6.1	5.7	0.3	25.0
TOB083	33253	1601	area west of		MBA	Hulled	5	150206B	63.7	-24.7	-25.1	-25.2	0.1	150211A	3.2	77	7.5	7.2	0.3	23.3
			<u> </u>	internal		Hulled														
TOB084	32260	1511	Building M	space	MBA		5	150206B	59.5	-24.6	-24.9	-25.1	0.1	150211A	3.0	8.0	7.8	7.5	0.3	23.5
	32345	1890	Building M	space	MBA	barley	8	150206B	62.1	-24.1	-24.5	-24.6	0.1	150211A	3.2	8.6	8.4	8.0	0.3	22.7
TOB100	244102	416	Building A	A5	LBA	Millet		150206B	58.2	-10.3	-10.6	-10.7	0.1	150211A	5.2	8.2	8.0	7.7	0.3	13.0
	TOB079 TOB080 TOB081 TOB082 TOB083 TOB084 TOB085 TOB100	TOB079 32189 TOB080 32261 TOB081 32343 TOB082 32191 TOB083 33253 TOB084 32260 TOB085 32345 TOB100 244102	TOB079 32189 1120 TOB080 32261 1512 TOB081 32343 1889 TOB082 32191 1121 TOB083 33253 1601 TOB084 32260 1511 TOB085 32345 1890 TOB100 244102 416	TOB079 32189 1120 Building M TOB080 32261 1512 Building M TOB081 32343 1889 Building M TOB082 32191 1121 Building M TOB083 33253 1601 Building M TOB084 32260 1511 Building M TOB085 32345 1890 Building M TOB100 244102 416 Building A	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space TOB079 32189 1120 Building M internal space TOB080 32261 1512 Building M internal space internal space TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space TOB082 32191 1121 Building M internal space internal space internal space TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space internal space internal space TOB085 32345 1890 Building M space internal space TOB100 244102 416 Building A A5	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA TOB079 32189 1120 Building M MBA TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space space MBA TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space space MBA TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space internal space MBA TOB085 32345 1890 Building M space internal space MBA TOB100 244102 416 Building A A5 LBA	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley Hulled Hulled barley Hulled Hulled barley Hulled Building M Barley Hulled Hulled Building M Barley Hulled Hulled Building M Barley Hulled Hulled Hulled Hulled Building M Hulled Hul	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B TOB079 32189 1120 Building M internal space MBA barley 4 150206B TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B TOB084 32260 1511 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M mode of the park of	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M Internal space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M Internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M Space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M Internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M Internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 <td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M internal space</td> <td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 <td< td=""><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A TOB081 32343 1889 Building M internal internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 <</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 15021IA 3.1 7.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 15021IA 2.9 7.6 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 15021IA 3.4 4.8 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 15021IA 2.8 6.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 15021IA 3.2 7.7 TOB083</td><td> TOBO78 32331 1884 Building M Space MBA Burley S 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 </td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 0.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 0.3 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 0.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 0.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 0.3 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 0.3 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5 0.3</td></td<></td>	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M internal space	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 <td< td=""><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A TOB081 32343 1889 Building M internal internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 <</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 15021IA 3.1 7.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 15021IA 2.9 7.6 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 15021IA 3.4 4.8 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 15021IA 2.8 6.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 15021IA 3.2 7.7 TOB083</td><td> TOBO78 32331 1884 Building M Space MBA Burley S 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 </td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5</td><td>TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 0.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 0.3 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 0.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 0.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 0.3 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 0.3 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5 0.3</td></td<>	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A TOB081 32343 1889 Building M internal internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 <	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space internal space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space internal space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 15021IA 3.1 7.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 15021IA 2.9 7.6 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 15021IA 3.4 4.8 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 15021IA 2.8 6.8 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 15021IA 3.2 7.7 TOB083	TOBO78 32331 1884 Building M Space MBA Burley S 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5	TOB078 32331 1884 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 61.9 -24.3 -24.6 -24.8 0.1 150211A 3.1 7.3 7.1 6.8 0.3 TOB079 32189 1120 Building M space MBA barley 4 150206B 62.7 -22.3 -22.6 -22.8 0.1 150211A 2.9 7.6 7.4 7.1 0.3 TOB080 32261 1512 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 58.6 -24.2 -24.5 -24.7 0.1 150211A 3.4 4.8 4.7 4.3 0.3 TOB081 32343 1889 Building M space MBA barley 8 150206B 55.6 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.8 6.6 6.3 0.3 TOB082 32191 1121 Building M space MBA barley 6 150206B 60.4 -24.5 -24.9 -25.0 0.1 150211A 2.8 6.2 6.1 5.7 0.3 TOB083 33253 1601 Building M MBA barley 5 150206B 63.7 -24.7 -25.1 -25.2 0.1 150211A 3.2 7.7 7.5 7.2 0.3 TOB084 32260 1511 Building M space MBA barley 5 150206B 59.5 -24.6 -24.9 -25.1 0.1 150211A 3.0 8.0 7.8 7.5 0.3

Supplementary Table S6. Results of stable isotope analysis of faunal bone collagen from Archontiko.

Name									d13C	d13C	d13C		d15N	d15N	d15N		%
ARC002 19068 T	ID		Area	Phase	Species	Element							raw				collagen
ARC003 30030	ARC001	25039	О	4	Sheep/goat	metatarsal	140918	45.5	-18.2		0.1	16.4					9.2
ARC005 19087 T 4 Sheep'goat metatarsal 140918 41.9 -1.97 -1.99 0.1 14.9 5.8 5.8 0.2 3.3	ARC002	19068	T	4	Sheep/goat	metatarsal	140918	43.6	-18.4	-18.6	0.1	15.8			0.2		10.0
ARC006 19087 T	ARC003	30030		4	Sheep/goat	metatarsal	140918	41.6	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	15.0	5.7	5.8	0.2		13.2
ARC006 19076 T	ARC004	3072	G	4	Sheep/goat	metatarsal	140918	41.9	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	14.9	5.8	5.8	0.2	3.3	9.8
ARC007 25037 O	ARC005		T	4	Sheep/goat												12.7
ARC008 25035 O	ARC006	19076	T	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	45.4	-20.6	-20.8	0.1	16.5	7.8	7.9	0.2	3.2	12.3
ARC010 Control Contr	ARC007		О	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	46.4			0.1	17.0					15.0
ARC010	ARC008	25035	О	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	45.3	-18.2	-18.4	0.1	16.3	7.2				12.9
ARC011 19081 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -19.8 -20.0 0.1 16.3 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC012 30019 M 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.3 -15.5 -15.7 0.1 15.1 8.1 8.1 0.2 3.2 ARC014 25029 O 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -16.9 -17.1 0.1 15.8 5.5 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC015 19081 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 45.1 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.4 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.5 -18.5 -18.7 0.1 16.2 7.4 7.4 0.2 3.2 ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918	ARC009	25035	О	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	44.7	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	16.4	7.1		0.2	3.2	6.2
ARC012 30019 M 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.3 -15.5 -15.7 0.1 15.1 8.1 8.1 0.2 3.3 ARC013 19076 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -20.8 -21.1 0.1 16.2 6.4 6.5 0.2 3.2 ARC014 25029 O 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -16.9 -17.1 0.1 15.2 6.4 6.5 0.2 3.2 ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 45.1 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.4 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.5 -18.5 -18.7 0.1 16.2 7.4 7.4 0.2 3.2 ARC017 6033 M2 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918	ARC010	6033	ST	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	43.5	-16.5	-16.6	0.1	15.8	5.8		0.2	3.2	13.0
ARC013 19076 T	ARC011	19081	T	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	44.8	-19.8	-20.0	0.1	16.3	5.1	5.1	0.2	3.2	7.9
ARC014 25029 O 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -16.9 -17.1 0.1 15.8 5.5 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC015 19081 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 45.1 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.4 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.5 -18.7 0.1 16.2 7.4 7.4 0.2 3.2 ARC017 6033 M2 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.2 -17.9 -18.1 0.1 16.0 6.6 6.6 0.2 3.2 ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.4 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 16.1 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC019 21058 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.9	ARC012	30019	M	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	42.3	-15.5	-15.7	0.1	15.1	8.1		0.2		8.5
ARC015 19081 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 45.1 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.4 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.5 -18.5 -18.7 0.1 16.2 7.4 7.4 0.2 3.2 ARC017 6033 M2 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.2 -17.9 -18.1 0.1 16.0 6.6 6.6 0.2 3.2 ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.4 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 16.1 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC019 21055 F 3 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 42.6 -19.8 -20.0 0.1 15.1 4.3 4.3 0.2 3.3 ARC021 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2	ARC013	19076	T	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	44.8	-20.8	-21.1	0.1	16.2		6.5	0.2		14.4
ARC016 19085 T 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.5 -18.5 -18.7 0.1 16.2 7.4 7.4 0.2 3.2 ARC017 6033 M2 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.2 -17.9 -18.1 0.1 16.0 6.6 6.6 0.2 3.2 ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.4 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 16.1 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC019 21055 F 3 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 42.6 -19.8 -20.0 0.1 15.1 4.3 4.3 0.2 3.3 ARC021 19048 T 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1	ARC014	25029	О	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	43.4	-16.9	-17.1	0.1	15.8					13.9
ARC017 6033 M2 4 Sheep/goat mandible mandible 140918 44.2 -17.9 -18.1 0.1 16.0 6.6 6.6 0.2 3.2 ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.4 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 16.1 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC019 21055 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.9 -19.4 -19.7 0.1 15.1 4.3 4.3 0.2 3.3 ARC021 19048 T 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.6 6.9 6.9 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1	ARC015	19081	T	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	45.1	-19.4	-19.6	0.1	16.4	6.2	6.3	0.2		11.7
ARC018 3048 G 4 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 44.4 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 16.1 5.1 5.1 0.2 3.2 ARC019 21055 F 3 Sheep/goat mandible 140918 42.6 -19.8 -20.0 0.1 15.1 4.3 4.3 0.2 3.3 ARC020 19048 T 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.9 -19.4 -19.7 0.1 15.2 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.3 ARC021 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918	ARC016	19085	T	4	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	44.5	-18.5	-18.7	0.1	16.2	7.4	7.4	0.2	3.2	14.0
ARC019 21055 F 3 Sheep/goat bibia 140918 42.6 -19.8 -20.0 0.1 15.1 4.3 4.3 0.2 3.3 ARC020 19048 T 3 Sheep/goat bibia 140918 42.9 -19.4 -19.7 0.1 15.2 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.3 ARC021 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat bibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat bibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.6 6.9 6.9 0.2 3.2 ARC023 21037 F 3 Sheep/goat bibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat bibia 140918 44.8 -18.3 -18.5 0.1 16.4<	ARC017	6033	M2	4	Sheep/goat	mandible	140918	44.2	-17.9	-18.1	0.1	16.0	6.6	6.6	0.2	3.2	11.9
ARC020 19048 T 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 42.9 -19.4 -19.7 0.1 15.2 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.3 ARC021 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.6 6.9 6.9 0.2 3.2 ARC023 21037 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -18.5 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6	ARC018	3048	G	4	Sheep/goat	mandible	140918	44.4	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	16.1	5.1	5.1	0.2	3.2	12.4
ARC021 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 150121C 41.2 -20.8 -20.9 0.1 14.9 7.0 7.1 0.2 3.2 ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.6 6.9 6.9 0.2 3.2 ARC023 21037 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -18.3 -18.5 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -20.6 -20.8 0.1 15.6 5.3 5.3 0.2 3.2 ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC019	21055	F	3	Sheep/goat	mandible	140918	42.6	-19.8	-20.0	0.1	15.1	4.3	4.3	0.2	3.3	5.1
ARC022 21031 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.4 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.6 6.9 6.9 0.2 3.2 ARC023 21037 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -18.3 -18.5 0.1 16.4 5.9 6.0 0.2 3.2 ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -20.6 -20.8 0.1 15.6 5.3 5.3 0.2 3.2 ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 43.8 -21.2 -21.4 0.1 15.9 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2 ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC020	19048	T	3	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	42.9	-19.4	-19.7	0.1	15.2	5.6	5.6	0.2	3.3	3.7
ARC023 21037 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 43.7 -19.4 -19.6 0.1 16.0 6.4 6.4 0.2 3.2 ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -18.3 -18.5 0.1 16.4 5.9 6.0 0.2 3.2 ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -20.6 -20.8 0.1 15.6 5.3 5.3 0.2 3.2 ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 43.8 -21.2 -21.4 0.1 15.9 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2 ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.4 -17.1 -17.3 0.1 15.3 6.1 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC021	21028	F	3	Sheep/goat	tibia	150121C	41.2	-20.8	-20.9	0.1	14.9	7.0	7.1	0.2	3.2	14.5
ARC024 21028 F 3 Sheep/goat tibia 140918 44.8 -18.3 -18.5 0.1 16.4 5.9 6.0 0.2 3.2 ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -20.6 -20.8 0.1 15.6 5.3 5.3 0.2 3.2 ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 43.8 -21.2 -21.4 0.1 15.9 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2 ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.4 -17.1 -17.3 0.1 15.3 6.1 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.4 6.3 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC022	21031	F	3	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	43.4	-18.6	-18.8	0.1	15.6	6.9	6.9	0.2	3.2	8.0
ARC025 25033 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -20.6 -20.8 0.1 15.6 5.3 5.3 0.2 3.2 ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 43.8 -21.2 -21.4 0.1 15.9 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2 ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.4 -17.1 -17.3 0.1 15.3 6.1 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.4 6.3 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC029 25037 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 15.7 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC023	21037	F	3	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	43.7	-19.4	-19.6	0.1	16.0		6.4	0.2		11.9
ARC026 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 43.8 -21.2 -21.4 0.1 15.9 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2 ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.4 -17.1 -17.3 0.1 15.3 6.1 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.4 6.3 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC029 25037 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 15.7 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC024	21028	F	3	Sheep/goat	tibia	140918	44.8	-18.3	-18.5	0.1	16.4	5.9		0.2		11.8
ARC027 25031 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.4 -17.1 -17.3 0.1 15.3 6.1 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.4 6.3 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC029 25037 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 15.7 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.9 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 16.4 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC025	25033	О	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	42.6	-20.6	-20.8	0.1	15.6			0.2		11.6
ARC028 6028 ST 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.6 -18.6 -18.8 0.1 15.4 6.3 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC029 25037 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 15.7 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.9 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 16.4 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140925 42.4 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 15.3 4.6 4.7 0.2 3.2 ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918	ARC026	23107	PSI	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	43.8	-21.2	-21.4	0.1	15.9	5.7	5.7	0.2		3.9
ARC029 25037 O 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 15.7 5.6 5.6 5.6 0.2 3.2 ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.9 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 16.4 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140925 42.4 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 15.3 4.6 4.7 0.2 3.2 ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.6 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 16.2 3.5 3.6 0.2 3.2 ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal	ARC027	25031	О	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	42.4	-17.1	-17.3	0.1	15.3	6.1	6.1	0.2	3.2	14.5
ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.9 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 16.4 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140925 42.4 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 15.3 4.6 4.7 0.2 3.2 ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.6 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 16.2 3.5 3.6 0.2 3.2 ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal 140918 44.5 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 16.1 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2	ARC028	6028	ST	4		metacarpal	140918	42.6	-18.6	-18.8	0.1	15.4					12.2
ARC030 19083 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 42.5 -18.9 -19.1 0.1 15.5 6.2 6.3 0.2 3.2 ARC031 23107 PSI 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.9 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 16.4 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.2 ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140925 42.4 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 15.3 4.6 4.7 0.2 3.2 ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.6 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 16.2 3.5 3.6 0.2 3.2 ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal 140918 44.5 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 16.1 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2	ARC029	25037	О	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	42.9	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	15.7	5.6	5.6	0.2	3.2	14.0
ARC032 19085 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140925 42.4 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 15.3 4.6 4.7 0.2 3.2 ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.6 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 16.2 3.5 3.6 0.2 3.2 ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal 140918 44.5 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 16.1 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2	ARC030		_	4		metacarpal	140918		-18.9	-19.1	0.1		6.2				8.0
ARC033 3027 T 4 Sheep metacarpal 140918 44.6 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 16.2 3.5 3.6 0.2 3.2 ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal 140918 44.5 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 16.1 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2	ARC031	23107	PSI	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	44.9	-19.6	-19.8	0.1	16.4	6.0	6.1	0.2	3.2	10.0
ARC034 19074 T 4 Goat metacarpal 140918 44.5 -19.7 -19.9 0.1 16.1 5.7 5.7 0.2 3.2	ARC032	19085	T	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140925	42.4	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	15.3	4.6	4.7	0.2	3.2	10.2
	ARC033	3027	T	4	Sheep	metacarpal	140918	44.6	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	16.2	3.5		0.2		14.7
	ARC034	19074	T	4	Goat	metacarpal	140918	44.5	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	16.1	5.7	5.7	0.2	3.2	12.7
ARC035 25034 O 4 Goat metacarpal 140922 43.2 -20.9 -21.1 0.1 15.7 3.3 3.4 0.2 3.2	ARC035	25034	О	4	Goat	metacarpal	140922	43.2	-20.9	-21.1	0.1	15.7	3.3	3.4	0.2	3.2	4.7
ARC036 25031 O 4 Goat metacarpal 140922 42.7 -19.2 -19.4 0.1 15.3 5.8 5.9 0.2 3.3	ARC036	25031	О	4	Goat	metacarpal	140922	42.7	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	15.3	5.8	5.9	0.2	3.3	9.7

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ARC039	19076	T	4	Pig	humerus	140922	44.0	-19.9	-20.1	0.1	15.9	5.9	6.0	0.2	3.2	12.1
ARC041	6033	ST	4	Pig	humerus	140922	44.4	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	16.1	5.6	5.7	0.2	3.2	11.4
ARC042	3035	T	4	Pig	humerus	140922	44.4	-19.8	-20.0	0.1	16.0	8.6	8.7	0.2	3.2	11.7
ARC043	24113	X	4	Pig	humerus	140922	45.6	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	16.7	6.1	6.2	0.2	3.2	11.5
ARC044	19090	T	4	Pig	humerus	140922	46.8	-20.0	-20.2	0.1	17.0	7.5	7.6	0.2	3.2	9.0
ARC045	25036	O	4	Pig	humerus	140922	45.7	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	16.6	6.8	6.9	0.2	3.2	9.7
ARC046	30027	M	4	Pig	humerus	140922	46.9	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	16.9	7.3	7.4	0.2	3.2	12.9
ARC047	25039	O	4	Pig	humerus	140922	42.6	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	15.5	8.4	8.5	0.2	3.2	3.2
ARC048	19088	T	4	Pig	humerus	140922	43.2	-19.4	-19.6	0.1	15.6	6.1	6.2	0.2	3.2	7.4
ARC049	23100	PSI	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	44.8	-21.1	-21.2	0.1	16.3	4.8	4.9	0.2	3.2	12.0
ARC050	24105	X	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	43.8	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	15.6	7.8	7.9	0.2	3.3	8.0
ARC051	6019	IG	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	39.1	-21.1	-21.3	0.1	14.1	5.8	5.8	0.2	3.2	11.9
ARC052	6028	ST	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	43.2	-19.3	-19.5	0.1	15.5	7.5	7.6	0.2	3.3	9.2
ARC053	22012	X	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	41.9	-20.0	-20.2	0.1	15.2	5.1	5.2	0.2	3.2	10.5
ARC054	3011	M2	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	40.3	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	14.1	8.8	8.9	0.2	3.3	6.5
ARC055	6031	ST	4	Pig	maxilla	140922	42.6	-19.8	-20.0	0.1	15.4	6.7	6.8	0.2	3.2	11.6
ARC056	23019	PSI	3	Pig	radius	140922	41.4	-19.9	-20.1	0.1	14.9	4.8	4.9	0.2	3.2	13.0
ARC057	21058	F	3	Pig	radius	140922	21.2	-21.2	-21.4	0.1	7.3	4.2	4.3	0.2	3.4	3.4
ARC058	30015	M	3	Pig	radius	140922	44.2	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	16.1	5.9	6.0	0.2	3.2	12.4
ARC059	23102	PSI	4	Cattle	tibia	140922	44.9	-14.7	-14.8	0.1	16.5	5.2	5.3	0.2	3.2	12.8
ARC060	25035	O	4	Cattle	tibia	140922	44.3	-17.6	-17.8	0.1	16.2	4.2	4.2	0.2	3.2	8.1
ARC061	23106	PSI	4	Cattle	tibia	140922	43.7	-11.3	-11.4	0.1	16.0	7.5	7.6	0.2	3.2	12.2
ARC062	5034	E'	4	Cattle	tibia	140922	43.6	-20.6	-20.8	0.1	15.8	5.4	5.5	0.2	3.2	9.9
ARC063	6033	ST	4	Cattle	tibia	140922	44.1	-20.7	-20.9	0.1	16.0	5.9	6.0	0.2	3.2	10.7
ARC064	19090	T	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	44.5	-15.1	-15.2	0.1	16.4	7.1	7.2	0.2	3.2	10.3
ARC065	24105	X	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	46.3	-17.2	-17.4	0.1	16.8	5.6	5.7	0.2	3.2	10.4
ARC066	19068	T	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	43.7	-15.5	-15.6	0.1	16.1	7.0	7.2	0.2	3.2	10.1
ARC067	6027	ST	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	42.6	-16.7	-16.9	0.1	15.6	4.1	4.2	0.2	3.2	9.5
ARC068	4017	IA	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	44.7	-17.6	-17.8	0.1	16.3	6.2	6.2	0.2	3.2	9.3
		MT														
ARC069	22011	G	4	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	41.4	-15.9	-16.0	0.1	15.0	5.3	5.4	0.2	3.2	13.0
ARC070	21035	F	3	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	45.0	-20.5	-20.7	0.1	16.1	6.1	6.2	0.2	3.3	11.9
ARC071	23019	PSI	3	Cattle	metatarsal	140922	43.6	-22.9	-23.1	0.1	15.8	4.0	4.0	0.2	3.2	13.6
ARC072	21050	F	3	Cattle	metatarsal	140924	43.5	-17.7	-17.9	0.1	15.8	7.8	7.9	0.2	3.2	14.4
ARC073	21035	F	3	Cattle	tibia	140924	39.0	-22.0	-22.3	0.1	14.1	3.6	3.7	0.1	3.2	5.0
ARC074	21034	F	3	Cattle	tibia	140924	43.4	-14.2	-14.4	0.1	15.8	7.2	7.2	0.2	3.2	4.3
ARC075	19054	T	3	Cattle	tibia	140924	42.4	-11.8	-11.8	0.1	15.3	6.7	6.8	0.2	3.2	8.3
ARC076	24104	X	4	Wild boar	humerus	140924	40.8	-19.9	-20.1	0.1	14.7	5.5	5.6	0.1	3.2	11.0
A D C077	10044	T	_	Fallow	43.1.	140024	20.7	20.2	20.5	0.1	12.0	- A		0.1	, ,	0.0
ARC077	19044	T	2	deer	tibia	140924	38.7	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	13.9	5.4	5.5	0.1	3.3	8.0
ARC078	21020	G	2	Fallow	tibia	140924	38.4	-20.9	-21.2	0.1	13.8	5.9	6.0	0.2	3.3	8.1

IO T F T M F T O PSI PSI O ST' T	2 2 4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 3 2 4 4 4 4	deer Fallow deer Fallow deer Fallow deer Fallow deer Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia tibia metacarpal tibia ulna ulna tibia	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	42.4 43.5 42.2 45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8 42.2	-21.3 -20.6 -23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1 -21.0	-21.5 -21.3 -20.8 -23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.4 15.9 15.2 16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	5.1 4.6 3.8 3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3 4.9	5.1 4.6 3.8 3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5 4.9	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	9.6 9.6 5.4 7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9 8.1
T F T M F T O PSI PSI O ST' T	2 4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4	deer Fallow deer Fallow deer Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia metacarpal tibia ulna ulna tibia	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	43.5 42.2 45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 41.1 42.8	-21.1 -20.6 -23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-21.3 -20.8 -23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.9 15.2 16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 15.9	4.6 3.8 3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	4.6 3.8 3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	9.6 5.4 7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
F T M F T O PSI PSI O ST'	2 4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	deer Fallow deer Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia metacarpal tibia ulna ulna ulna tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	42.2 45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-20.6 -23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-20.8 -23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.2 16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	3.8 3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.8 3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	5.4 7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6
F T M F T O PSI PSI O ST'	2 4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Fallow deer Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia metacarpal tibia ulna ulna ulna tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	42.2 45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-20.6 -23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-20.8 -23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.2 16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	3.8 3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.8 3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	5.4 7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6
T M F T O PSI PSI O ST'	4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	deer Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	metacarpal tibia ulna ulna ulna tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3	-23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6
T M F T O PSI PSI O ST'	4 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Aurochs Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	metacarpal tibia ulna ulna ulna tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	45.2 43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-23.4 -20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-23.7 -20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	16.2 15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	3.6 7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.6 7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	7.7 10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6
M F T O PSI PSI O ST'	3 4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Roe deer Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia ulna ulna ulna tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	43.1 43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-20.0 -19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3	-20.2 -19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.5 15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	7.2 7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	7.3 7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	10.7 11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
F T O PSI PSI O ST'	4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4	Dog Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	ulna ulna ulna tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	43.2 41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-19.2 -18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3	-19.4 -19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.9 15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	7.7 8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	7.8 8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.3	11.5 8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
T O PSI PSI PSI O ST' T	4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Dog Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	ulna ulna tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	41.8 43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-18.8 -18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-19.0 -19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.3 15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7	8.3 10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	8.4 10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3 3.3	8.4 7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
O PSI PSI PSI O ST'	4 3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Dog Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	ulna tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	43.0 40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-18.9 -20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-19.1 -21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.5 14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	10.2 3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	10.3 3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.3	7.7 3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
PSI PSI O ST' T	3 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	40.0 46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-20.9 -21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-21.1 -21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	14.4 16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	3.8 4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.9 4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3	3.3 5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
PSI PSI O ST'	2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Red deer Red deer Red deer Red deer Red deer Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	46.3 42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-21.5 -11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-21.7 -11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	16.8 15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	4.6 3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	4.7 3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3	5.9 7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
PSI O ST'	2 2 2 4 4 4 4	Red deer Red deer Red deer Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	42.0 43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-11.8 -20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-11.9 -20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.2 15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	3.1 5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	3.2 5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3	7.2 6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
O ST' T	2 2 4 4 4 4	Red deer Red deer Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924 140924	43.6 43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-20.7 -21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-20.9 -21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	15.9 15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	5.8 3.2 5.6 7.3	5.9 3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3	6.2 2.7 12.6 7.9
ST'	2 4 4 4 4	Red deer Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924 140924	43.5 43.5 41.1 42.8	-21.0 -13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-21.2 -13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1 0.1 0.1	15.5 15.9 14.7 15.5	3.2 5.6 7.3	3.2 5.7 7.5	0.1 0.1 0.2	3.3 3.2 3.3	2.7 12.6 7.9
T	4 4 4 4	Red deer Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	tibia ulna radius	140924 140924 140924	43.5 41.1 42.8	-13.3 -18.3 -20.1	-13.4 -18.5 -20.3	0.1	15.9 14.7 15.5	5.6 7.3	5.7 7.5	0.1	3.2 3.3	12.6 7.9
T	4 4 4	Roe deer Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	ulna radius	140924 140924	41.1 42.8	-18.3 -20.1	-18.5 -20.3	0.1	14.7 15.5	7.3	7.5	0.2	3.3	7.9
	4	Roe deer Roe deer Fallow	radius	140924	42.8	-20.1	-20.3		15.5			*		
	4	Roe deer Fallow						0.1		4.9	49	0.1	3.2	Q 1
		Fallow	radius	140924	42.2	-21.0					1.7			0.1
F	3						-21.2	0.1	15.0	3.4	3.5	0.1	3.3	0.7
F	3			1										
		deer	tibia	140924	43.2	-21.1	-21.4	0.1	15.6	4.3	4.4	0.1	3.2	9.9
Б	2	Fallow	, n :	1.4002.4	40.7	20.0	21.1	0.1	15.5	6.0	6.3	0.2	2.2	11.4
F	3	deer Fallow	tibia	140924	42.7	-20.9	-21.1	0.1	15.5	6.2	6.3	0.2	3.2	11.4
ī	3	deer	tibia	140924	41.7	-21.1	-21.3	0.1	15.2	5.3	5.3	0.1	3.2	7.9
1	3	Fallow	tioia	140924	41.7	-21.1	-21.3	0.1	13.2	3.3	3.3	0.1	3.2	1.9
PY	4	deer	tibia	140924	43.7	-21.1	-21.3	0.1	16.1	5.7	5.8	0.1	3.2	9.6
IO	2	Dog	ulna	140924	40.7	-18.5	-18.7	0.1	14.7	9.4	9.6	0.2	3.2	6.3
Ю	2	Dog	ulna	140924	45.4	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	16.5		9.7	0.2	3.2	0.0
F	2	Dog	ulna	140924	40.5	-18.8	-19.0	0.1	14.6	9.7	9.8	0.2	3.2	4.5
T	4	Hare	tibia	140924	41.7	-22.9	-23.1	0.1	15.1	4.2	4.3	0.1	3.2	11.9
T	2	Pig	ulna	140924	37.2	-19.6	-19.8	0.1	13.3	4.7	4.7	0.1	3.3	12.0
T	2	Pig	ulna	140925	41.4	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	14.8	8.2	8.4	0.3	3.3	9.3
F	2	Pig	ulna	140925	40.8	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	14.7	6.0	6.1	0.2	3.3	9.9
О	2	Pig	ulna	140925	40.9	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	14.7	6.0	6.1	0.2	3.3	6.3
Ю	2	Sheep/goat	tibia	140925	42.0	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	15.0	4.9	5.1	0.2	3.3	1.2
T	2	Sheep/goat	tibia	140925	41.0	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	14.7	7.4	7.6	0.2	3.3	8.2
0	2	10	tibia	140925	30.1	-19.1	-19.3	0.1	10.6		5.9	0.2	3.3	11.3
F	2		tibia	140925	43.0	-18.6	-18.8	0.1	15.6	9.7	9.9	0.3	3.2	10.5
														10.9
	F T T T F O IO T O F	IO 2 F 2 T 4 T 2 T 2 F 2 O 2 IO 2 T 2 O 2 F 2	Dog F 2 Dog T 4 Hare T 2 Pig T 2 Pig F 2 Pig O 2 Pig IO 2 Sheep/goat T 2 Sheep/goat O 2 Sheep/goat O 2 Sheep/goat O 2 Sheep/goat O Control Con	IO 2 Dog ulna F 2 Dog ulna T 4 Hare tibia T 2 Pig ulna T 2 Pig ulna F 2 Pig ulna O 2 Pig ulna IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia T 2 Sheep/goat tibia O 2 Sheep/goat tibia F 2 Sheep/goat tibia	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 F 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 30.1 F 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 43.0	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0 -20.1 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 30.1 -19.1 F 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 43.0 -18.6	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0 -20.1 -20.3 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 30.1 -19.1 -19.3 F 2 Sheep/goat tibia <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia <</td> <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 15.0 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0</td> <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 15.0 4.9</td> <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia</td> <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 0.2 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 0.2 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 0.3 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 0.2 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0</td> <td>IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 0.2 3.2 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 0.2 3.2 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 0.1 3.2 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 0.1 3.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 0.3 3.3 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.3 IO 2 Pig ulna 140925</td>	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0 -20.1 -20.3 0.1 O 2 Sheep/goat tibia <	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 15.0 T 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 41.0	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia 140925 42.0 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 15.0 4.9	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 IO 2 Sheep/goat tibia	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 0.2 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 0.2 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 0.1 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 0.3 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 0.2 O 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.9 -20.4 -20.6 0.1 14.7 6.0	IO 2 Dog ulna 140924 45.4 -19.5 -19.7 0.1 16.5 9.6 9.7 0.2 3.2 F 2 Dog ulna 140924 40.5 -18.8 -19.0 0.1 14.6 9.7 9.8 0.2 3.2 T 4 Hare tibia 140924 41.7 -22.9 -23.1 0.1 15.1 4.2 4.3 0.1 3.2 T 2 Pig ulna 140924 37.2 -19.6 -19.8 0.1 13.3 4.7 4.7 0.1 3.3 T 2 Pig ulna 140925 41.4 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.8 8.2 8.4 0.3 3.3 F 2 Pig ulna 140925 40.8 -20.2 -20.4 0.1 14.7 6.0 6.1 0.2 3.3 IO 2 Pig ulna 140925

ARC115	23007	PSI	2	Roe deer	mandible	140925	40.9	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	14.6	4.4	4.5	0.2	3.3	8.8
ARC116	25016	0	2	Roe deer	tibia	140925	42.7	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	15.4	8.2	8.3	0.2	3.2	7.0
ARC117	19034	T	2	Roe deer	tibia	140925	40.6	-19.4	-19.6	0.1	14.5	6.7	6.9	0.2	3.3	1.9
ARC118	30005	G	2	Cattle	metacarpal	140925	41.4	-14.0	-14.1	0.1	15.0	4.6	4.8	0.2	3.2	8.5
ARC119	25012	0	2	Cattle	metacarpal	140925	43.9	-18.2	-18.4	0.1	15.9	5.3	5.5	0.2	3.2	6.8
ARC120	21026	F	2	Cattle	metacarpal	140925	45.4	-14.3	-14.5	0.1	16.5	5.3	5.4	0.2	3.2	10.2
ARC121	19026	Т	2	Cattle	metacarpal	140925	38.0	-20.9	-21.1	0.1	13.6	4.8	4.9	0.2	3.3	6.4
ARC122	21059	F	3	Dog	ulna	140925	42.2	-18.9	-19.1	0.1	15.5	7.0	7.2	0.2	3.2	12.8
		M-														
ARC123	31003	IA	3	Hare	tibia	140925	43.8	-22.6	-22.9	0.1	15.8	4.2	4.3	0.2	3.2	9.9
ARC124	21029	F	2	Hare	tibia	140925	41.0	-19.5	-19.6	0.1	14.6	4.3	4.4	0.2	3.3	10.9
ARC125	21017	F	2	Hare	tibia	140925	42.8	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	15.5	4.2	4.3	0.2	3.2	8.0
ARC201	21007	PHI	1	Pig	femur	150713	36.1	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	13.0	6.1	6.3	0.2	3.2	13.2
ARC202	21007	PHI	1	Sheep	radius	150713	17.5	-11.7	-11.7	0.1	6.0	5.0	5.2	0.1	3.4	3.9
ARC203	21007	PHI	1	Pig	tibia	150713	37.7	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	13.7	6.2	6.4	0.2	3.2	11.9
ARC204	18004	S'	1	Wild boar	phalanx I	150713	35.5	-18.9	-19.0	0.1	12.6	5.6	5.8	0.2	3.3	8.5
A D C205	10004	G!		Fallow	1	150712	41.4	20.0	21.0	0.1	147	5.0	5.2	0.1	2.2	12.2
ARC205	18004	S'	1	deer	humerus	150713	41.4	-20.8	-21.0	0.1	14.7	5.0	5.2	0.1	3.3	12.3
ARC206	18003	S'	1	Cattle	carpal	150713	35.2	-16.7	-16.9	0.1	12.7	6.2	6.4	0.2	3.2	10.5
ARC207	18003	S' S	1	Pig	cranial	150713 150713	32.0 23.2	-18.9	-19.0 -19.9	0.1	11.2 8.2	7.6 6.5	7.8	0.2	3.3	4.3
ARC208 ARC209	18007 18007	S	1	Cattle	cranial	150713	42.6	-19.8 -20.3	-19.9	0.1	15.2	4.9	6.6 5.1	0.2	3.3	8.4
ARC210	18007	S'	1	Sheep Cattle	humerus phalanx I	150713	17.7	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	6.0	5.7	5.9	0.1	3.4	3.6
ARC210	18008	S	1	Cattle	phalanx II	150713	43.5	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	15.5	3.1	3.9	0.2	3.4	1.9
ARC211	18009	S	1	Cattle	rib	150713	32.8	-16.1	-16.2	0.1	11.8	7.0	7.2	0.1	3.3	8.4
ARC212 ARC213	18009	S	1	Pig	calcaneus	150713	42.2	-20.1	-10.2	0.1	15.4	5.6	5.8	0.2	3.2	11.1
ARC214	18009	S	1	Sheep	humerus	150713	43.8	-19.6	-19.8	0.1	15.4	5.6	5.8	0.2	3.2	13.1
ARC215	19003	T	1	Cattle	tibia	150713	38.5	-15.6	-15.7	0.1	14.0	7.9	8.1	0.2	3.2	10.8
ARC216	19004	T	1	Cattle	phalanx I	150713	42.9	-19.3	-19.4	0.1	15.2	7.4	7.6	0.2	3.3	2.8
ARC217	19005	T	1	Cattle	talus	150713	41.6	-16.6	-16.7	0.1	15.1	11.0	11.1	0.2	3.2	8.7
ARC218	19005	Т	1	Cattle	vertebra	150713	37.4	-19.3	-19.4	0.1	13.4	5.1	5.3	0.2	3.3	10.5
ARC219	3010	G	1	Cattle	humerus	150713	29.6	-18.3	-18.5	0.1	10.5	8.0	8.1	0.2	3.3	9.8
ARC220	3010	G	1	Cattle	carpal	150713	49.7	-16.4	-16.5	0.1	18.0	10.6	10.7	0.2	3.2	10.8
ARC221	3010	G	1	Pig	tibia	150713	38.0	-19.6	-19.8	0.1	13.5	5.7	5.8	0.2	3.3	12.8
ARC222	3010	G	1	Goat	pelvis	150713	32.5	-19.4	-19.5	0.1	11.6	7.2	7.3	0.2	3.3	6.2
ARC223	3010	G	1	Sheep/goat	mandible	150713	42.2	-15.8	-15.9	0.1	15.3	10.1	10.2	0.2	3.2	16.5
ARC224*	2022	В	1	Cattle	phalanx III	150713	1.1	-24.0	-24.2	0.1	0.2	6.6	6.7	0.2	8.7	1.8
ARC225*	2013	В	1	Aurochs	humerus	150713	1.8	-23.1	-23.3	0.1	0.2	4.2	4.4	0.1	10.2	0.9
ARC226*	2013	В	1	Cattle	tibia	150713	1.2	-23.4	-23.6	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.4	0.1	9.2	1.4
ARC228*	2002	В	1	Roe deer	tibia	150713	2.3	-23.0	-23.2	0.1	0.4	5.2	5.4	0.2	7.1	1.2
ARC229	2025	В	1	Cattle	talus	150713	24.4	-13.2	-13.3	0.1	8.6	6.7	6.9	0.2	3.3	4.6

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ARC230	2017	В	1	Goat	phalanx I	150713	41.9	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	15.2	4.2	4.4	0.1	3.2	11.8
ARC231*	5015	E'	1	Sheep	phalanx II	150713	43.8	-20.7	-20.8	0.1	13.4	6.8	7.0	0.2	3.8	0.6
ARC232	3003	G'	1	Wild boar	talus	150713	34.6	-20.2	-20.3	0.1	12.1	5.6	5.8	0.2	3.3	4.7
				Fallow												
ARC233	3003	G'	1	deer	tibia	150713	36.5	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	13.0	8.3	8.4	0.2	3.3	6.2
ARC234	3003	G'	1	Pig	metapodial	150713	31.3	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	10.7	8.0	8.2	0.2	3.4	4.8
ARC235	1002	A	1	Cattle	humerus	150714	41.0	-18.3	-18.4	0.1	15.0	6.5	6.7	0.2	3.2	17.0
ARC237	1002	Α	1	Sheep	ulna	150714	41.2	-20.2	-20.4	0.1	14.9	8.8	9.0	0.2	3.2	5.4
ARC238	3004	G'	1	Cattle	calcaneus	150714	35.3	-20.9	-21.1	0.1	11.6	5.0	5.2	0.2	3.6	0.6
ARC239	3004	G'	1	Sheep	vertebra	150713	30.6	-19.9	-20.0	0.1	10.7	6.3	6.5	0.2	3.4	3.0
ARC240	1006	A'	1	Pig	maxilla	150714	36.1	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	13.0	7.1	7.3	0.2	3.2	8.2
				Fallow												
ARC241	1006	A'	1	deer	phalanx II	150714	39.0	-21.0	-21.2	0.1	14.2	3.8	4.0	0.2	3.2	10.1
ARC242	1006	A'	1	Sheep/goat	tibia	150714	43.8	-20.5	-20.7	0.1	15.8	7.5	7.7	0.2	3.2	14.9
ARC243	3002	G'	1	Sheep	humerus	150714	40.1	-18.0	-18.2	0.1	14.4	6.8	7.0	0.2	3.3	8.9
ARC244	1007	A	1	Sheep	metatarsal	150714	43.8	-19.1	-19.3	0.1	14.5	5.2	5.4	0.2	3.5	0.5
ARC245	1003	A	1	Pig	talus	150714	36.2	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	12.6	7.4	7.6	0.2	3.4	1.4
		PSI														
ARC246	23119	0	1	Sheep/goat	metacarpal	150714	34.8	-20.4	-20.6	0.1	12.5	5.8	6.0	0.2	3.2	11.3
4 D CO 45	22110	PSI		D.		150514	20.7	21.2	21.5	0.1	1.4.2	0.2	0.4	0.0	2.2	7 0
ARC247	23119	0	1	Pig	femur	150714	39.7	-21.3	-21.5	0.1	14.3	8.2	8.4	0.2	3.2	7.8
ARC248	13003	IH	1	Pig	humerus	150714	41.2	-19.6	-19.8	0.1	14.8	6.3	6.4	0.2	3.3	9.2
ARC249	21008	PHI	1	Pig	humerus	150714	38.8	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	13.9	6.2	6.4	0.2	3.3	8.2
ARC250*	21008	PHI	1	Cattle	talus	150714	7.6	-17.7	-17.9	0.1	2.4	6.6	6.8	0.2	3.8	0.8
ARC251	21008	PHI	1	Pig	maxilla	150714	42.6	-20.6	-20.8	0.1	15.5	7.6	7.8	0.2	3.2	9.5
ARC252	21009	PHI	1	Cattle	talus	150714	13.6	-16.5	-16.7	0.1	4.7	7.7	7.8	0.2	3.4	2.6
ARC253	21009	PHI	1	Red deer	calcaneus	150714	17.9	-20.9	-21.1	0.1	6.2	5.4	5.6	0.2	3.4	1.6
1 D CO 5 1	21000	DITT		Fallow	,	150514	20.5	21.2	21.4	0.1	12.0	5 0	5.0	0.0	2.2	2.5
ARC254	21009	PHI	1	deer	humerus	150714	38.5	-21.2	-21.4	0.1	13.8	5.0	5.2	0.2	3.3	3.5
ARC255	21009	PHI	1	Wild boar	metacarpal	150714	43.3	-21.0	-21.2	0.1	15.5	6.1	6.3	0.2	3.3	6.4
ARC256	21009	PHI	1	Pig	scapula	150714	32.8	-21.0	-21.2	0.1	11.7	8.0	8.2	0.2	3.3	7.5
ARC257	21009	PHI	1	Sheep	metatarsal	150714	43.4	-20.0	-20.2	0.1	15.8	7.1	7.3	0.2	3.2	13.9
ARC258	21009	PHI	1	Pig	scapula	150714	43.4	-19.9	-20.0	0.1	15.7	5.8	6.0	0.2	3.2	10.0
ARC259	21009	PHI	1	Pig	scapula	150714	23.0	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	8.0	7.1	7.3	0.2	3.4	2.9

^{*} Excluded due to poor collagen preservation

Supplementary Table S7. Results of stable isotope analysis of faunal bone collagen from Thessaloniki Toumba.

ID	SU	Building	Room	Date	Species	Element	Side	Runfile	%C	d13C raw	d13C (VPDB)	d13C sd	%N	δ15N	δ15N (AIR)	δ15N sd	CN	% collagen
TOU001	264044	Building A	A17	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	40.3	-20.0	-20.5	0.2	14.5	raw 8.4	8.1	0.3	3.2	9.7
TOU003	242141	Building A	A7	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	27.8	-20.3	-20.7	0.1	9.7	6.0	5.7	0.2	3.3	8.0
TOU004	241076	Building A	A11	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140617	40.3	-20.0	-20.7	0.3	14.4	7.2	7.3	0.4	3.3	3.8
TOU005	51097	Building A	A1	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	42.2	-18.8	-19.2	0.2	15.1	7.5	7.2	0.2	3.3	12.4
TOU006	241110	Building A	A10	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	33.2	-20.6	-21.0	0.1	11.8	7.7	7.5	0.2	3.3	15.6
TOU007	72080	Building Z	Z1	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140617	40.7	-19.0	-19.2	0.3	14.7	5.8	5.8	0.4	3.2	9.0
TOU008	71046	Building A	A8	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140617	40.3	-18.4	-18.5	0.3	14.5	6.4	6.5	0.4	3.2	19.2
TOU009	244106	Building A	A5	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	33.8	-18.2	-18.6	0.2	12.1	5.7	5.4	0.2	3.3	9.7
TOU010	242153	Building A	A8	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	36.3	-18.8	-19.2	0.2	13.0	5.6	5.3	0.2	3.3	11.9
TOU011	51087	Building A	A1	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140617	41.3	-18.7	-18.9	0.3	14.7	6.2	6.2	0.4	3.3	10.9
TOU012	243094	Building A	A3	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	43.7	-17.5	-17.8	0.2	15.9	5.7	5.5	0.2	3.2	14.8
TOU013	74078	Building A	A6	late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	40.6	-18.3	-18.7	0.2	14.4	6.5	6.2	0.2	3.3	11.1
TOU014	221131	Building A	A3	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	40.3	-17.5	-17.8	0.2	14.5	8.7	8.4	0.3	3.2	14.9
TOU016	74009	Building A	A6	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140617	43.1	-18.6	-18.8	0.3	15.5	7.5	7.6	0.4	3.2	11.3
TOU017	241081	Building A	A11	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140617	30.4	-19.6	-19.8	0.3	10.6	7.7	7.8	0.4	3.4	3.3
TOU018	233154	Building A	A13	late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	39.8	-18.1	-18.5	0.2	14.3	7.4	7.2	0.2	3.2	6.1
TOU019	244101	Building A	A5	late LBA	sheep	radius	R	140617	38.3	-19.9	-20.1	0.3	13.8	6.1	6.2	0.4	3.2	4.0
TOU020	233233	Building A	A5	late LBA	sheep	radius	R	140617	39.0	-19.4	-19.6	0.3	14.2	5.6	5.6	0.4	3.2	4.4
TOU021	241022-23	Building A	A11	late LBA	sheep	radius	L	140617	43.1	-19.1	-19.3	0.3	15.3	5.3	5.3	0.4	3.3	1.2
TOU023	241144	Building A	A11	late LBA	sheep	radius	R	140617	40.7	-19.3	-19.4	0.3	14.3	7.1	7.1	0.4	3.3	1.2
TOU024	221148	Building A	A3	late LBA	sheep	radius	L	140617	37.0	-18.6	-18.8	0.3	13.3	8.7	8.8	0.4	3.2	5.4
TOU025	233063	Building A	A5	late LBA	sheep	radius	R	140611B	39.8	-17.3	-17.7	0.2	14.2	7.3	7.0	0.2	3.3	5.2
TOU026	233139	Building A	A5	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140617	41.4	-19.1	-19.3	0.3	14.9	6.6	6.7	0.4	3.2	3.3
TOU027	242079	Building A	A10	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140617	44.5	-20.0	-20.2	0.3	15.6	6.7	6.8	0.4	3.3	1.7
TOU028	73109	Building Z	Z2	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140617	41.9	-19.9	-20.1	0.3	15.2	6.2	6.3	0.4	3.2	11.1
TOU029	74126	Building A	A1	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140610.1	40.0	-19.1	-19.3	0.1	14.2	7.4	7.6	0.2	3.3	4.1
TOU030	51068	Building A	A1	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140610.2	40.9	-18.7	-19.0	0.1	14.1	7.8	7.7	0.2	3.4	0.8
TOU032	243061	Building A	A3	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140610.1	39.2	-18.0	-18.2	0.1	13.6	7.6	7.8	0.2	3.4	1.5
TOU033	71028	Building A	A8	late LBA	pig	radius	L	140610.1	38.5	-18.7	-18.9	0.1	13.6	7.3	7.5	0.2	3.3	2.4
TOU034	242038	Building A	A10	late LBA	pig	radius	L	140610.1	36.2	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	12.8	7.1	7.3	0.2	3.3	7.0
TOU036	71193	Building A	A6	late LBA	pig	radius	R	140611A	39.7	-18.5	-18.8	0.2	14.0	8.5	8.6	0.2	3.3	1.4
TOU037	74120	Building A	A1	late LBA	pig	radius	L	140617	37.4	-19.8	-20.0	0.3	13.1	7.3	7.3	0.4	3.3	3.9
TOU038	51037	Building A	A1	late LBA	pig	radius	L	140617	35.7	-19.4	-19.6	0.3	12.7	8.0	8.1	0.4	3.3	8.8
TOU039	241064	Building A	A10	late LBA	pig	radius	L	140611A	42.7	-20.4	-20.7	0.2	15.4	8.2	8.2	0.2	3.2	11.8
TOU040	71059	Building A	A6	late LBA	pig	humerus	R	140611A	39.9	-19.7	-20.0	0.2	14.0	8.4	8.4	0.2	3.3	2.0

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TOU041	71059	Building A	A6	late LBA	pig	humerus	L	140617	47.6	-18.3	-18.5	0.3	17.3	7.6	7.7	0.4	3.2	10.2
TOU042	241076	Building A	A11	late LBA	pig	humerus	L	140610.1	41.9	-19.0	-19.2	0.1	15.0	9.0	9.2	0.2	3.2	6.5
TOU043	241076	Building A	A11	late LBA	red deer	ulna	R	140610.1	26.2	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	9.0	3.8	3.9	0.2	3.4	5.3
TOU044	73031	Building Z	Z2	late LBA	red deer	humerus	L	140617	41.0	-19.8	-20.0	0.3	14.8	3.9	3.9	0.4	3.2	13.6
TOU045	233133	Building A	A5	late LBA	red deer	phalanx 2	-	140610.1	39.9	-20.8	-21.0	0.1	14.2	3.0	3.1	0.2	3.3	4.2
TO 1046	242075	D 1111 A	4.2	1. IDA	fallow			140610.2	40.2	20.4	20.7	0.1	146	5.2	5.0	0.2	2.2	5.0
TOU046	243075	Building A	A3	late LBA	deer	scapula	L	140610.2	40.3	-20.4	-20.7	0.1	14.6	5.3	5.2	0.2	3.2	5.9
TOU048	71088	Building A	A6	late LBA	roe deer	metatarsal	R	140610.1	40.4	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	14.3	3.3	3.4	0.2	3.3	7.4
TOU049	241023	Building A	A11	late LBA	red deer	humerus	R	140611A	40.3	-21.5	-21.8	0.2	14.3	4.5	4.4	0.2	3.3	6.4
TOU051	243057	Building A	A3	late LBA	fallow deer	humarua	L	140610.2	38.2	-20.4	-20.7	0.1	13.1	5.4	5.3	0.2	3.4	1.3
100031	264044/264	Building A	A3	iate LDA	deei	humerus	L	140010.2	36.2	-20.4	-20.7	0.1	13.1	3.4	3.3	0.2	3.4	1.5
TOU052	048	Building A	A17	late LBA	red deer	humerus	R	140610.2	38.3	-19.4	-19.7	0.1	13.5	5.8	5.6	0.2	3.3	1.9
TOU056	241144	Building A	A11	late LBA	red deer	calcaneum	L	140610.1	33.7	-20.3	-20.5	0.1	11.8	3.7	3.8	0.2	3.3	2.6
TOU057	73077	Building Z	Z2	late LBA	boar	metacarpal	R	140610.2	40.8	-19.5	-19.9	0.1	14.8	8.9	8.8	0.2	3.2	12.0
10000,	,30,,	Durang 2		into EBIT	fallow	includui pui		1.0010.2	10.0	17.0	17.7	0.1	1 1.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	5.2	12.0
TOU058	71100	Building A	A6	late LBA	deer	humerus	R	140610.1	39.3	-20.1	-20.3	0.1	14.1	5.2	5.3	0.2	3.2	11.9
TOU059	51033	Building A	A1	late LBA	red deer	astragalus	L	140617	34.9	-20.0	-20.2	0.3	12.5	6.3	6.3	0.4	3.3	7.5
TOU060	244016	Building A	A4-A5	late LBA	roe deer	humerus	R	140610.1	40.3	-19.9	-20.1	0.1	14.3	5.0	5.2	0.2	3.3	5.7
TOU061	53215	Building M		LBA	sheep	radius	L	140611B	43.1	-17.6	-17.9	0.2	15.8	5.7	5.4	0.2	3.2	18.3
TOU062	52130	Building M		LBA	sheep	radius	L	140611A	40.5	-19.9	-20.2	0.2	14.7	6.6	6.6	0.2	3.2	13.1
TOU063	52117	Building M		late LBA	sheep	radius	L	140611A	43.5	-18.5	-18.8	0.2	15.9	8.1	8.1	0.2	3.2	5.4
TOU064	32369	Building M		MBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	40.4	-17.8	-18.2	0.2	14.7	5.7	5.5	0.2	3.2	13.0
TOU065	53057	Building M		late LBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	44.9	-20.1	-20.5	0.2	16.2	8.7	8.4	0.3	3.2	8.7
TOU066	53105	Building M		late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611A	41.7	-13.9	-14.2	0.3	15.1	8.5	8.5	0.2	3.2	6.4
TOU067	53085	Building M		late LBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611A	40.5	-17.3	-17.6	0.2	14.7	7.3	7.3	0.2	3.2	10.4
TOU068	761481			MBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	41.9	-18.2	-18.6	0.2	15.1	6.5	6.2	0.2	3.2	9.8
TOU069	761371			MBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611A	42.1	-17.8	-18.1	0.2	15.2	8.0	8.0	0.2	3.2	13.4
TOU070	761312			MBA	sheep	humerus	L	140611B	43.3	-18.8	-19.2	0.2	15.7	8.2	8.0	0.3	3.2	11.5
TOU071	761194				sheep	humerus	R	140611B	41.9	-18.2	-18.5	0.2	15.0	6.1	5.9	0.2	3.3	11.3
TOU072	761450			MBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611B	39.8	-18.8	-19.1	0.2	14.4	6.3	6.0	0.2	3.2	13.9
TOU073	761388			MBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611A	44.1	-19.2	-19.5	0.2	15.9	6.7	6.7	0.2	3.2	13.8
TOU074	761198			MBA	sheep	humerus	R	140611A	43.8	-19.0	-19.3	0.2	15.8	6.2	6.2	0.2	3.2	11.2
TOU075	761322			MBA	pig	humerus	R	140611A	41.2	-20.6	-20.9	0.2	14.7	5.8	5.8	0.2	3.3	10.4
TOU076	53114	Building M		late LBA	pig	humerus	L	140611B	40.0	-16.0	-16.3	0.2	14.4	10.1	9.9	0.3	3.2	4.1
TOU077	32191	Building M		MBA	pig	humerus	L	140611B	41.2	-19.6	-20.0	0.2	14.7	8.4	8.2	0.3	3.3	2.3
TOU078	761150			early LBA	pig	humerus	L	140611B	39.7	-20.1	-20.5	0.2	14.3	7.1	6.8	0.2	3.2	12.1
TOU079	761414			MBA	pig	radius	L	140611A	20.7	-19.9	-20.2	0.2	6.9	5.3	5.3	0.2	3.5	2.1
TOU080	761175			MBA	pig	radius	L	140611B	43.6	-20.5	-20.9	0.1	15.4	7.1	6.8	0.2	3.3	1.9
TOU081	52130	Building M		LBA	pig	radius	R	140611A	37.6	-19.1	-19.4	0.2	13.4	8.8	8.8	0.2	3.3	3.5
TOU082	53243	Building M		early LBA	pig	radius	R	140611A	39.7	-20.3	-20.6	0.2	14.3	8.3	8.3	0.2	3.2	5.7
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TOU083	52107	Building M		late LBA	pig	radius	R	140611B	37.6	-18.8	-19.2	0.2	12.9	7.5	7.2	0.2	3.4	1.2
TOU083	53303	Building M		MBA	pig	radius	I	140611B	42.5	-20.1	-20.5	0.2	15.2	8.1	7.8	0.2	3.3	13.1
TOU084	761355	Building M		MBA	goat	radius	L	140617	40.2	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	14.6	5.3	5.3	0.3	3.2	15.1
TOU085	761333			MBA	goat	radius	I	140617	43.7	-19.2	-19.4	0.3	15.9	5.0	5.0	0.4	3.2	12.9
TOU080	761312			MBA	goat	radius	L	140617	36.9	-19.3	-19.5	0.3	13.0	8.6	8.8	0.4	3.3	3.2
TOU087	761108			MBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.1	42.1	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	15.0	4.0	4.1	0.2	3.3	7.1
TOU088	761200			MBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	41.8	-19.5	-20.2	0.1	14.9	4.4	4.5	0.2	3.3	12.2
TOU099	761200			early LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1 140611A	41.8	-20.4	-20.2	0.1	15.0	6.6	6.6	0.2	3.2	9.5
TOU091	244025	Building A	A5	late LBA	cow	humerus	L	140610.1	38.2	-17.4	-17.6	0.2	13.5	7.5	7.7	0.2	3.3	6.9
TOU092	244063	Building A	A4	late LBA	cow	humerus	L	140617	32.4	-20.8	-21.0	0.3	11.5	3.6	3.6	0.4	3.3	11.3
TOU093	244069	Building A	A5	late LBA	cow	humerus	R	140617	41.8	-15.9	-16.0	0.3	15.1	5.7	5.8	0.4	3.2	17.4
TOU094	244137	Building A	A11	late LBA	cow	humerus	R	140610.1	41.5	-17.0	-17.2	0.1	14.8	7.2	7.4	0.4	3.3	14.9
100074	244137	Duriding 11	7111	MBA-early	COW	numerus	IX.	140010.1	71.3	-17.0	-17.2	0.1	14.0	7.2	7.4	0.2	3.3	14.7
TOU095	53337	Building M		LBA	cow	radius	L	140610.2	28.1	-18.1	-18.4	0.1	9.9	6.6	6.5	0.2	3.3	14.1
TOU096	761356			MBA	cow	radius	R	140610.1	29.7	-12.0	-12.2	0.1	10.3	3.7	3.8	0.2	3.4	12.7
TOU097	761388			MBA	cow	humerus	Ĺ	140617	27.8	-10.6	-10.6	0.4	9.8	4.6	4.6	0.4	3.3	8.1
TOU098	761096			early LBA	cow	humerus	L	140617	46.7	-14.6	-14.7	0.3	17.0	6.1	6.2	0.4	3.2	15.5
TOU100	32341	Building M		MBA	cow	humerus	R	140610.1	40.9	-19.9	-20.2	0.1	14.7	4.3	4.4	0.2	3.2	8.0
TOU101	761334			MBA	cow	humerus	L	140611A	39.9	-12.4	-12.6	0.3	14.5	4.6	4.5	0.2	3.2	16.4
TOU102	761073			early LBA	cow	humerus	L	140610.1	38.9	-16.8	-17.0	0.1	13.8	5.4	5.6	0.2	3.3	18.8
				MBA-early														
TOU103	32260	Building M		LBA	cow	humerus	L	140617	41.9	-10.1	-10.1	0.4	15.1	4.6	4.6	0.4	3.2	14.4
TOU104	72101	Building Z	Z1	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.1	42.9	-18.9	-19.1	0.1	15.4	5.6	5.7	0.2	3.2	11.7
TOU105	241052	Building A	A11	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	37.3	-19.1	-19.3	0.1	13.3	4.9	5.0	0.2	3.3	7.7
TOU106	221107	Building A	A3	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.1	38.7	-19.0	-19.2	0.1	13.6	4.0	4.1	0.2	3.3	8.2
TOU107	221067	Building A	A3	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140617	46.1	-19.0	-19.2	0.3	16.7	6.1	6.2	0.4	3.2	13.8
TOU108	233133	Building A	A5	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140617	40.2	-19.2	-19.3	0.3	14.5	4.7	4.7	0.4	3.2	13.8
TOU109	243093	Building A	A3	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.1	40.1	-18.4	-18.6	0.1	14.3	4.5	4.6	0.2	3.3	14.2
TOU110	243083	Building A	A10	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	36.1	-19.0	-19.2	0.1	12.8	5.2	5.3	0.2	3.3	11.6
TOU111	244069	Building A	A5	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140611B	35.2	-19.3	-19.7	0.2	12.5	4.5	4.2	0.2	3.3	11.3
TOU112	221136	Building A	A3	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140617	32.5	-19.1	-19.3	0.3	11.7	4.0	4.0	0.4	3.3	18.0
TOU113	94113	Building A	A8	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	41.3	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	14.8	4.0	4.2	0.2	3.3	14.2
TOU114	221123	Building A	A2	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	31.8	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	11.1	4.0	4.1	0.2	3.4	7.4
TOU115	241081	Building A	A11	late LBA	goat	humerus	R	140610.1	32.8	-19.5	-19.7	0.1	11.5	5.1	5.3	0.2	3.3	12.9
TOU116	233158	Building A	A13	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.1	32.4	-19.4	-19.7	0.1	11.3	4.4	4.6	0.2	3.3	7.6
TOU117	241076	Building A	A11	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140617	38.8	-18.9	-19.1	0.3	13.6	5.3	5.3	0.4	3.3	3.0
TOU118	94108	Building A	A8	late LBA	goat	humerus	L	140610.2	40.8	-19.5	-19.8	0.1	14.4	7.2	7.2	0.2	3.3	13.8
TOU119	73018	Building Z	Z2	late LBA	goat	radius	R	140610.1	42.4	-19.9	-20.1	0.1	15.2	5.7	5.9	0.2	3.3	13.5
TOU120	244021	Building A	A4-A5	late LBA	goat	radius	L	140610.1	31.2	-19.2	-19.4	0.1	10.9	6.9	7.1	0.2	3.4	14.6
TOU122	244129	Building A	A3	late LBA	goat	radius	L	140610.1	33.0	-19.7	-19.9	0.1	11.7	4.2	4.3	0.2	3.3	13.7
TOU123	241027	Building A	A11	late LBA	goat	radius	L	140617	31.6	-18.7	-18.8	0.3	10.6	5.5	5.5	0.4	3.5	0.8

TOU124	51100	Building A	A1	late LBA	goat	radius	R	140610.1	40.9	-18.7	-18.9	0.1	14.7	8.3	8.5	0.2	3.2	7.4
TOU125	233162	Building A	A5	late LBA	goat	radius	R	140617	32.2	-19.8	-20.0	0.3	11.4	5.2	5.2	0.4	3.3	16.0
TOU126	233226	Building A	A5	late LBA	goat	radius	R	140611A	39.4	-19.7	-19.9	0.2	14.2	6.9	6.9	0.2	3.2	9.8
					fallow													
TOU127	761127			early LBA	deer	metacarpal	-	140611B	45.7	-20.4	-20.8	0.1	16.7	6.2	5.9	0.2	3.2	11.0
					fallow													
TOU128	761139			MBA	deer	phalanx 1	-	140611A	44.0	-21.1	-21.4	0.2	16.0	6.5	6.5	0.2	3.2	6.9
morran					fallow		_			400	• • •							
TOU129	761058			early LBA	deer	metatarsal	R	140611A	27.2	-19.8	-20.1	0.2	9.4	6.4	6.4	0.2	3.4	2.8
TOU130	53352	Building M		MBA-early	fallow deer	no divo	R	140611A	39.6	-20.5	-20.8	0.2	14.2	4.6	4.6	0.2	2.2	11.1
100130	33332	Building M		LBA	fallow	radius	K	140011A	39.0	-20.3	-20.8	0.2	14.2	4.0	4.0	0.2	3.3	11.1
TOU131	32319	Building M		MBA	deer	metacarpal	L	140611B	39.9	-20.6	-21.0	0.1	14.3	5.8	5.5	0.2	3.2	5.1
100131	32317	Buruing W		WIDI	fallow	metacarpar	L	110011B	37.7	20.0	21.0	0.1	11.5	3.0	3.3	0.2	3.2	3.1
TOU132	53303	Building M		MBA	deer	scapula	R	140611A	42.7	-20.2	-20.5	0.2	15.2	6.5	6.5	0.2	3.3	2.5
					fallow													
TOU133	32200	Building M		MBA	deer	metatarsal	-	140611A	42.0	-19.6	-19.9	0.2	15.2	5.7	5.7	0.2	3.2	12.5
					fallow													
TOU134	32193	Building M		MBA	deer	humerus	L	140611A	41.4	-19.7	-19.9	0.2	14.9	5.9	5.9	0.2	3.2	6.8
morres					fallow					• • • •			4.50					
TOU135	761120		1	early LBA	deer	phalanx	-	140611A	43.3	-20.8	-21.1	0.2	15.8	6.1	6.1	0.2	3.2	13.3
TOU136	761096			early LBA	fallow deer	astragalus	L	140611A	43.8	-19.9	-20.2	0.2	15.9	6.4	6.4	0.2	3.2	8.8
100130	701090			earry LBA	fallow	astragatus	L	140011A	43.6	-19.9	-20.2	0.2	13.9	0.4	0.4	0.2	3.2	0.0
TOU137	52135	Building M		early LBA	deer	metatarsal	L	140611B	31.9	-20.0	-20.4	0.2	11.2	6.0	5.8	0.2	3.3	4.3
100137	02100	Burumg		varij EBIT	fallow	THE CACALITY OF THE CACALITY O		1100112	31.3	20.0	20	0.2	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	
TOU138	32369	Building M		MBA	deer	radius	R	140611A	44.5	-20.2	-20.5	0.2	16.3	5.1	5.0	0.2	3.2	13.3
					fallow													
TOU139	761284			MBA	deer	radius	L	140611A	36.6	-20.6	-20.9	0.2	13.0	5.1	5.1	0.2	3.3	12.0
					fallow													
TOU140	761454			MBA	deer	radius	L	140611A	39.0	-20.7	-21.0	0.2	14.1	4.7	4.7	0.2	3.2	12.2
TOUTAL	761204			MDA	fallow			1406114	26.2	20.5	20.0	0.2	12.0			0.2	2.2	12.2
TOU141	761204	D 3.5		MBA	deer	phalanx 1	-	140611A	36.2	-20.5	-20.8	0.2	12.9	5.3	5.2	0.2	3.3	13.3
TOU142	53329	Building M		MBA	roe deer	metatarsal	- D	140611A	38.7	-21.1	-21.3	0.2	13.8	5.0	5.0	0.2	3.3	11.6
TOU143	761414			MBA	roe deer	humerus	R	140611A	40.2	-20.3	-20.6	0.2	14.5	5.3	5.3	0.2	3.2	12.2
TOU144	761458			MBA	red deer	radius	R	140611B	42.9	-20.8	-21.2	0.1	15.7	4.2	4.0	0.2	3.2	13.6
TOU145	53301	Building M		MBA-early	rad daar	mataaama1		140611B	40.4	-20.4	-20.8	0.1	14.6	4.8	4.6	0.2	3.2	12.7
TOU145		Building M		LBA	red deer	metacarpal	- D								3.9	0.2	3.2	
TOU146	761483			MBA	red deer	humerus	R	140611B	41.9	-20.8	-21.2	0.1	15.2	4.1		0.2		10.8
TOU147	761321	Desilding M		MBA	red deer	humerus	L	140611A	34.4	-20.3	-20.6	0.2	12.3	3.7	3.7		3.3	5.4
TOU148	32193	Building M		MBA	red deer	metatarsal	- T	140611B	38.2	-20.4	-20.8	0.1	13.7	4.6	4.3	0.2	3.3	12.3
TOU149	761355			MBA	red deer	radius	L	140611B	36.9	-20.4	-20.8	0.1	13.2	3.5	3.3	0.2	3.3	15.8
TOU150	53343	Building M		MBA-early LBA	red deer	metacarnol	L	140611A	43.3	-20.2	-20.4	0.2	15.9	3.8	3.8	0.2	3.2	12.4
100130	33343	Dullullig M	I	LDA	rea acei	metacarpal	L	140011A	43.3	-20.2	-20.4	0.2	13.9	3.6	3.8	0.2	3.2	12.4

Supplementary Table S8. Results of stable isotope analysis of human bone collagen from Archontiko and Thessaloniki Toumba.

8	1					1			1	1	1120	1120	1120		11.5XI	11.5NI	J15NI		%
9	ID	Site	Context	SU	Age	Sex	Phase	Element	Runfile	%C	d13C raw	d13C (VPDB)	d13C sd	%N	d15N raw	d15N (AIR)	d15N sd	CN	% collagen
10	ARX01	ARX	Undetermined	6025	Neonate		EBA	Long bone	150209A	19.8	-19.1	-19.3	0.2	6.7	8.6	8.7	0.3	3.5	14.4
11	ARX02	ARX	Undetermined	16007, 16013	Neonate		EBA	Long bone	150209A	36.6	-18.8	-19.0	0.2	13.1	10.5	10.7	0.3	3.3	5.5
12 13	ARX03	ARX	Undetermined	30014	Adult	A	EBA	L humerus - dist 1/3	150209A	33.6	-19.4	-19.6	0.2	11.9	7.9	8.1	0.3	3.3	13.7
14	TOS001	TOS	X3-Burial 1	262133, 262134	8	?	4A	L femur - distal 1/3	130909	41.4	-17.6	-17.8	0.1	14.9	9.6	9.7	0.1	3.2	6.2
15	TOS002	TOS	X3-Burial 2	262133, 261134	Adult	?	4A	L fibula - prox 1/3	130909	26.9	-17.7	-17.9	0.1	9.3	7.8	7.8	0.1	3.4	7.6
16 17	TOS003	TOS	B2-B3-Burial A	261253	3	?	4A	R femur - distal 1/3	130909	41.9	-17.1	-17.3	0.1	15.3	9.7	9.8	0.1	3.2	7.6
18	TOS004	TOS	B2-B3-Burial	261259	Adult	Female	4A	R femur - distal 1/3	130909	38.8	-18.2	-18.4	0.1	14.0	9.3	9.4	0.1	3.2	14.4
19	TOS005	TOS	7-Burial 6	273160, 273178	7	?	3	L femur- prox 1/3	130909	44.2	-17.9	-18.1	0.1	16.1	9.5	9.6	0.1	3.2	11.7
20	TOS006	TOS	_7-Burial 7	273237	2	?	3	L femur - distal 1/3	130909	41.0	-17.5	-17.7	0.1	14.8	10.1	10.1	0.1	3.2	13.3
21 22	TOS007	TOS	_7-Burial 8	273259, 273262	9	?	3	5 L ribs	130909	28.5	-17.8	-18.0	0.1	10.1	8.7	8.7	0.1	3.3	13.5
23	TOS008	TOS	_7-Burial 9	273264	40-50	Male	3	4 R ribs	130909	42.0	-18.2	-18.4	0.1	15.2	8.9	9.0	0.1	3.2	11.9
24	TOS009	TOS	A5-disturbed burial	233138, 233139, 233140	40-50	Male	3B-4A	Femoral fragment	130909	18.9	-17.9	-18.1	0.1	6.3	8.3	8.3	0.1	3.5	12.0
25 26	TOS010	TOS	A6-disturbed burial	74101, 74104	18-20	Female	4B-4G	L femur - prox 1/3	130909	40.1	-18.4	-18.6	0.1	13.8	9.4	9.4	0.1	3.4	5.4
27	TOS011	TOS	A7-disturbed burial	242144	Adult	Male?	4	3 Hand phalanges	130909	44.8	-18.5	-18.7	0.1	16.2	8.9	8.9	0.1	3.2	5.5
28	TOS011	TOS	A13	233080	16-18	Female	3	3 Hand phalanges	130909	40.8	-18.1	-18.4	0.1	14.7	9.9	9.9	0.1	3.2	6.8
29 30	TOS013	TOS	A8	94127	Adult	Female?	study not complete	L humerus - proximal 1/3	130909	31.5	-18.2	-18.4	0.1	11.1	8.6	8.7	0.1	3.3	9.4
31 32	TOS014	TOS	X Street 3	73058	Adult	Male?	4C-4D?	R femur - proximal	130909	44.5	-18.1	-18.3	0.1	16.3	9.8	9.8	0.1	3.2	15.2
ა∠ լ ვვ	105014	105	A birect_5	13030	nunt	iviaio!	TC-TD:	1/3	150707	-17.3	-10.1	-10.3	0.1	10.5	7.0	7.0	0.1	3.2	13.2

Supplementary Table S9. Twelve dietary scenarios for LBA Thessaloniki Toumba. Each row is a different model, with the columns listing the different percentages contributed from each of the seven dietary groups.

Model Name	Barley	Wheats	Pulses	Cattle	Ovicaprids +pig	Millet	Wild Fauna	Marine fish
A. 100% wheats	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. 75% wheats 25% pulses	0	75	25	0	0	0	0	0
C. 60% pulses	10	10	60	10	0	0	0	10
D. With millet	30	35	25	0	0	10	0	0
E. 10% animal	27	31.5	22.5	7.5	2.5	9	0	0
F. 40% animal	7	25	28	25	15	0	0	0
G. 20% wild animals	10	15	25	14	6	10	20	0
H. Plus 10% fish	12	17	28	16	8	0	9	10
I. 50% fish	14.1	5.1	7.8	3	12	3	5	50
J. 50% cattle	15	6	9	50	15	0	5	0
K. 30% barley	30	40	30	0	0	0	0	0
L. 30% millet	18.8	6.8	10.4	4.0	6.0	30	6.7	7.4