A History of the Balkans 1804–1945

Stevan K. Pavlowitch



LONGMAN London and New York

Contents

_

	List of maps	viii
1	Introduction	1
	From the Roman to the Ottoman Empire	1
	Ottoman and Habsburg rule	6
	The transition of the eighteenth century	14
2	The awakening of nationalities, 1804–30	23
	From Phanariot Byzantinism to revolution	23
	The 'Serbian revolution'	27
	The end of Phanariot rule in the Principalities	31
	The Greek War of Independence	35
	Empires connected across peripheries	40
3	Self-rule, constitutions and revolutions, 1830–56	45
	The Principalities under Organic Statutes	47
	Autonomous Serbia	53
	Otho's Greek kingdom	58
	Tanzimat and revolution in the empires	64
4	The Balkan states under loosened power control,	
	1856–78	72
	The fall of Otho and the advent of George I	75
	From Alexander Karadjordjević to Michael Obrenović	79
	The union of the Principalities	86
5	The imperial Balkans through crises and reforms,	
	1856–78	95
	Habsburg compromises: Ausgleich and Nagodba	95
	Ottoman reforms: renewed Tanzimat and exarchate	101
	The Eastern crisis and the Congress of Berlin	108

v

A History of the Balkans 1804–1945

6	From the Congress of Berlin to 1900 - Part 1	115
	Southern Slavs and Romanians under the Dual Monarchy Serbia of the progressives and radicals Romania of the liberals and conservatives	116 122 129
7	From the Congress of Berlin to 1900 – Part 2	137
	Bulgaria's difficult beginnings	137
	Turkey-in-Europe	144
	Greece between Trikoupis and Deligiannis Unmixing, building and inventing nations	150 155
_		155
8	The tail end of the nineteenth century, 1900–14	4.00
	– Part 1	162
	The foundations of the Ausgleich undermined	162
	The Young Turks behind the Porte	167 173
	A 'golden age'? Serbia under King Peter, and Montenegro Independence and Macedonia: Bulgaria under King Ferdinand	173
9	The tail end of the nineteenth century, 1900–14	
7	- Part 2	186
	Self-confidence restored: Greece under King George	186
	Towards electoral and agrarian reform: Romania under	
	King Charles	190
	The Balkan Wars and their aftermath	196
	National states, peasants and development	202
10	The First World War and the Paris peace	
	settlement, 1914–20	208
	From Sarajevo to Salonika	209
	Confusion, division and occupation	215
	The sudden end	220
	The peace settlements	224
11	The 1920s – Part 1: The losers	230
	The newcomer: Albania	232
	The loser in victory: Greece	237
	The loser in defeat: Bulgaria	242
12	The 1920s – Part 2: The winners	249
	Greater Romania	249
	The Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes	257
	Recovery and precarious stability	266
vi		
1 * - 1	「ない」「金融経験的の主义」	

Contents

13	The 1930s – Part 1 Out of Depression into <i>Groβraum</i>	269 269
	Yugoslavia under King Alexander and Prince Paul Bulgaria under King Boris	274 282
14	The 1930s – Part 2	288
	Greece under Venizelos and Metaxas	288
	Romania under King Charles II	293
	Albania under King Zog	299
15	The Second World War, 1939–45	307
	From the Nazi–Soviet Pact to the Nazi–Soviet clash	307
	The Balkans in the shadow of the other fronts	313
	From Stalingrad to the capitulation of Italy	319
	The end	323
16	Conclusion	331
	Just a toponym	331
	Why 1804–1945?	333
	The history of the Balkans	335
	Explanations, apologies, acknowledgements	338
	Guide to further reading	340
	General histories and other general works on the Balkans	340
	Albania	341
	Bulgaria	341
	Greece	342
	Romania The Manual and	343
	The Yugoslav lands	345
	Glossary	347
	Maps	351
	Index	357