# Analytical Results of the 1997 R-Reactor Disassembly Basin Sampling Program

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# FDD-ENG-98-0029

# ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF THE 1997 R-REACTOR DISASSEMBLY BASIN SAMPLING PROGRAM

Prepared by J. B. Pickett Facilities Decommissioning Division (FDD) Engineering Department

## **ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF THE 1997 R-REACTOR DISASSEMBLY BASIN** SAMPLING PROGRAM

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-4/92 11/18 Date

## **R-REACTOR DISASSEMBLY BASIN ANALYSICAL SAMPLING RESULTS**

## **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of this document (FDD-ENG-98-0029) is to provide the analytical results of the sampling program conducted in 1997 in the R-Reactor Disassembly Basin. The key conclusions on the analytical results are summarized, and the current results are compared to previous sampling campaign results. One of the key objectives of this program was to conclusively define whether the sediment layer at the bottom of the basin is a PCB/TSCA waste (i.e., a material containing greater than 50 mg/km Polychlorinated Biphenyl compounds). It was determined that the sediment layer is NOT a PCB hazardous waste.

The radiation survey conducted as a part of this program and the sampling techniques and sampling locations sampled during this study are described in a companion report (FDD-ENG-98-0019).

## BACKGROUND

Fuel and target assemblies were discharged from R-Reactor into the water filled disassembly basin. The reactor assemblies were initially stored in the Vertical Tube Storage (VTS), or Temporary Tube Storage, where the short-lived radionuclides decayed. The assemblies were then disassembled in the "Machine Basin" (MB), with the disassembled pieces stored in the "Bucket Storage" (BKS) and/or "Dry Cave Section (DCS) areas. Two other smaller areas, the "Monitor Pin Basin" (MPB) and the "Transfer Bay" (TB) are also included in the R-Reactor Disassembly Basin. The Emergency Disassembly Basin (EB) was the location of a 1957 experiment involving a fuel assembly inside a calorimeter, which ruptured during testing. In 1964 the EB was drained of water, backfilled with clay, and topped with a concrete cap.

The sampling conducted in this campaign determined that there is a sediment layer at the bottom of the basin which is  $\sim 1/4$  to 3/8 inch deep. The sediment is approximately 6 wt. % solids and is composed primarily of fine particles of iron hydroxide, or iron oxide (rust), aluminum hydroxide, and sand.

## **Previous Sampling Study Results**

The previous sampling campaigns in 1994 and 1996 were conducted to meet the objective of the Reactor Division Disassembly Management Plan, which was to transition the reactor basin to a Safe Storage Condition. The sediment and the water in the basin were sampled and analyzed in three previous sampling episodes, and the results were summarized in Ref. 1. Two composite samples were measured in 1994 by an off-site laboratory for a full suite of inorganic and organic constituents. The only constituent of concern detected in those programs was Aroclor 1254, a Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) compound, at concentrations of 15.2 and 99.2 mg PCB/kg of sediment. The 99.2 mg/kg (ppm) analysis exceeded the PCB regulatory limit of 50 ppm.

## 1997 ANALYSIS SUMMARY

## Chemical and Radionuclide Analytical Results Summary

The 1997 analytical results indicate that the sediment is not a PCB waste. Aroclor 1260 was detected at a mean concentration of 1.87 ppm, well below the regulatory limit of 50 ppm. A statistical analysis of the PCB concentration data indicates that the PCB concentration in the sediment is less than 2.86 ppm., at a 99% confidence level (Table 7). This is far below the limit of 50 ppm.

FDD Engineering R-Disassembly Basin Analytical Results on 1997 Sampling Program

A thin film was observed to be present on the surface of the basin liquid. The film is estimated to be  $\sim 1/16$  to 1/8" thick. The film itself is  $\sim 1000$  ppm wt. % solids, and is believed to be primarily calcium carbonate, with some oil and grease (400-500 ppm). Since the majority of the  $\sim 5,000,000$  gallons of liquid is supersaturated with calcium (vs. precipitation of calcium carbonate) the film is believed to be similar to a hard water "bath tub ring", i.e., calcium and magnesium carbonates, with some low density oils and greases. One PCB (Aroclor 1260) was detected in the film portion, at less than 0.07 ppm; Table 2.

The primary chemical constituents present in the liquid portion are Ca, K, and Na hydroxides, at an almost neutral pH of 7.6. PCB concentrations in the liquid portion were determined to be less than 0.1  $\mu$ g/L (ppb).

The primary radionuclides detected in the film and liquid portions were Cs-137 (~90,000 pCi/L), Sr-90, (~25,000 pCi/L), and tritium (~38,000 pCi/ml). Carbon 14 was detected at a 25-200 pCi/L level, while all other radionuclides were less that 50-100 pCi/L. The film and liquid radionuclide data is given in Tables 3 and 5.

The primary radionuclides detected in the sediment portion were: Cs-137 (21,000 pCi/gm), Sr-90 (3,000 pCi/gm), Co-60 (48,000 pCi/gm), Pu-241 (22,600 pCi/gm), C-14 (6,000 pCi/gm), and tritium (397,000 pCi/gm). The sediment radionuclide data is given in Table 8.

The primary chemical constituents in the sediment are Al, Fe, Ca, Mn, Zn, and silica. At the sediment pH of 8.1, the metals are believed to be primarily present as hydroxides, although the visual appearance of the sediment (a dark reddish brown), indicates that the Fe is probably present as ferrous or ferric oxide.

There were no major differences between the current (1997) results and those conducted by SRTC and Rust Engineering Lab. in 1994, with two exceptions; the Cs-137 and Co-60 results in the sediment were approximately 10x higher in the 1997 study vs. the 1994 SRTC results.

## DISCUSSION

#### Surface Film

The surface film was sampled by drawing an open mouth container across the surface of the water. This obtained mostly the liquid below the film, and only a slight amount of film. The film chemical and radionuclide analyses of film and liquid are very similar. Tables 1 and 3 compare the film's liquid chemical and radionuclide analytical results.

Only one of the four film samples that was collected contained a significant amount of film material (VTS-1; Table 2). This is evidenced by the higher total wt. % solids (194 ppm) vs. the other film samples and the liquid samples; ~145 ppm. The VTS-1 sample was also the only film sample to have any measured suspended solids (~72 ppm).

Based on the results for VTS-1, it was calculated that the film comprised approximately 7% of the overall VTS-1 sample. The oil and grease was then calculated to be  $\sim$ 500 ppm in the film portion itself (Table 2). The only chemical constituent that was elevated in the VTS-1 sample (vs. the other film samples) was calculated. Calcium was calculated to be approximately 660 mg/L in the film vs. 12-13 mg/L in the liquid.

The calcium is believed to be present as calcium carbonate, since the concentration of Ca in the basin liquid exceeds the solubility product  $(k_{sp})$  of CaCO<sub>3</sub>. The  $k_{sp}$  of CaCO<sub>3</sub> is 9 x 10<sup>-9</sup>, and the Ca concentration needed to precipitate CaCO<sub>3</sub> is 3.8 mg/L. The calcium in the liquid is 12-13 mg/L, so the liquid is super-saturated with respect to CaCO<sub>3</sub> precipitation.

FDD Engineering R-Disassembly Basin Analytical Results on 1997 Sampling Program.

This explains the field observation that the film appeared to be thicker, or denser (more opaque) at the conclusion of the sampling program vs. the beginning. The agitation of the radiation survey instrument and submersible pump probably created small crystals, or dispersed small crystals into the liquid, which initiated precipitation of the carbonate. This can be expected to occur during the eventual treatment of the liquid or sediment, and should be considered when designing the filtration equipment. Sodium carbonate or bicarbonate could be added to the liquid prior to the initial roughing filtration, which should remove most of the calcium and magnesium. This would prevent fouling of the subsequent Sr-90 and Cs-137 removal systems.

## Liquid Portion

The chemical and radionuclide results for the liquid portion in the Disassembly Basin are given in Tables 4 and 5. The current, 1997 analyses are compared to the results of the 1994 sampling program. The only significant difference is that Sr-90 was detected in the 1997 campaign, whereas it was not requested to be analyzed in the 1994 program. The chemical analysis conducted by Clemson Technical Center (CTC) - Rust Engineering Lab., on one sample of liquid in 1994 are quite different in most constituents from the 1997 results. Since the 1994 SRTC and 1997 GEL results agree well on most chemical constituents, the Rust results will not be further utilized.

#### Sediment Results

The sediment results are believed to be a fairly accurate representation of the layer at the bottom of the basin, due to the setting characteristics of the material. The sediment settled very quickly in the sample collection carboys (usually overnight), resulting in a dense layer and a clear supernate. As described in the companion report, 50 to 60 gallons of sediment/water mixture were collected, which was then allowed to settle out - in some cases for 1 to 2 weeks. The resulting 4 to 6 inch deep sediment layer in the collection bottle (15 gallon carboy) was fairly homogeneous, as observed during the transfer of the sediment to the laboratory sample bottles. The weight % solids (~6%) in the R-Basin sediment is also similar to that measured in the L-Basin Settler tank, and is what might be expected of a hydroxide precipitate in contact with a large volume of liquid.

The chemical and radionuclide results (Tables 6 & 8) from the 1997 study agree reasonably well with the 1994 results, except for Cs-137 and Co-60. Since the GEL analyses had significantly lower detection limits (pCi/gm) than the 1994 SRTC analyses ( $\mu$ Ci/gm), the higher GEL values are preferred.

One of the main objectives of this study was to determine if the sediment layer contained significant concentration of PCB's. The PCB analyses are given in Table 7, and are quite consistent. The standard deviation for the 11 composites, and one split sample, is 1.26 mg/Kg (ppm). The upper limit for the PCB concentration is 2.86, at a 99 % confidence level. This is based on a "one-tailed t-statistic" probability calculation (Ref. 2), given below:

The upper limit for the PCB concentration = mean + t  $_{(0.99, n-1)}$  s/n<sup>1/2</sup>. The t statistic at the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile for 12-1 = 11 values; is 2.718. The mean is 1.87, the standard deviation (s) is 1.26, n = 12.

Therefore, 1.87 ppm + (2.718 x 1.26/3.464) = 1.87 + 0.99 = 2.86 ppm.

This 99<sup>th</sup> % value of 2.86 ppm is far below the regulatory limit of 50 ppm, so it is concluded that the R-Basin sediment is not a PCB/TSCA waste.

#### FDD Engineering R-Disassembly Basin Analytical Results on 1997 Sampling Program

## Radionuclide Summary

Radionuclide	Curies in Liquid	Curies in Sediment	Total Ci
Tritium	714	0.45	714
Sr-90	0.44	0.004	0.44
Cs-137	1.74	0.02	1.76
Co-60	-	0.05	0.05

Where  $T^3$  in liquid = 38,000 pCi/L x 5,000,000 gallons liquid x 3.75 L/Gal., and  $10^{12}$  pCi/Ci

 $T^3$  in sediment = <u>397,000 pCi/gm x 5,000 gallons sediment x 3.75 L/Gal. x 6 % solids</u>.  $10^{12} pCi/Ci$ 

## Definitions and Acronyms

Sediment For this study, the sediment is defined as the  $\sim 1/4$  to 3/8 inch deep layer of material at the bottom of the Disassembly Basin. The analyses indicated  $\sim 5-10$  % total solids.

Supernate This is defined as the liquid in direct contact with the sediment solids, and that liquid which can be separated from the sediment by filtration or decanting.

Basin Liquid The majority of the liquid in the basin, above the sediment layer to the surface.

Basin Surface This top layer of liquid in the basin, which has an "oil sheen" and a surface film. The film layer is  $\sim 1/32$  to  $\sim 1/8$  inch thick. The surface layer was sampled to a depth of 2-3 inches.

- BOD Biological Oxygen Demand
- BETX Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, and Xylene
- COD Chemical Oxygen Demand
- CTC Clemson Technical Center, Rust Engineering Laboratory, Clemson, SC
- EPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
- GEL General Engineering Laboratory, Charleston, SC
- PCB's Polychlorinated Biphenyl compounds
- PPE Personal Protective Equipment
- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride
- TDS Total Dissolved Solids
- TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
- TSS Total Suspended Solids
- SRTC Savannah River Technology Center
- TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act

## Sample Areas

- VTS Vertical Tube Storage
- MB Machine Basin
- BKS Bucket Storage Section
- DCS Dry Cave Section
- MPB Monitor Pin Basin
- TB Transfer Basin

## REFERENCES

- 1. J. B. Pickett, "R-Reactor Disassembly Basin Radiation Survey and Sampling Plan", FDD-ENG-97-0044, Rev. 1, August 13, 1997 (Rev. 1 is dated 4/8/98).
- 2. U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, "Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance", PB-89151047, February, 1989, Washington, DC.

# ATTACHMENTS

- J. D. C. Crawford to B. Nora, "Job 97047F (50 Day TAT)", January 30, 1998. GEL Laboratory results (metals and radionuclides) for film samples collected 8/27/97.
- J. D. C. Crawford to J. B. Pickett, "Job 97344 Attached are the results from General Engineering Laboratory for Job 97344", February 5,1998. GEL Laboratory results (organics and anions) for film samples collected 12/03/97.
- 3 J. D. C. Crawford to B. Nora, "Job 97293F", February 20, 1998. GEL Laboratory results (metals, organics, and radionuclides) for liquid samples collected 12/08/97.
- 4 J. D. C. Crawford to J. B. Pickett, "Job 97428F Attached are the results from General Engineering Laboratory for Job 97428F", March 31,1998. GEL Laboratory results (metals, organics, and radionuclides) for sediment samples collected 1/14/98.

Note, the Attachments are only attached to the author's copy and the FDD/TIS file copies

## 1997 R-DISASSEMBLY ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SURFACE LAYER, METALS

Sample Location Sample ID Laboratory Lab. ID Date Sampled % Solids, mg/L (ppm) % Film in Sample*		VTS 97047-1 GEL 9711581-01 8/27/97 164 0.0018	MB 97047-2 GEL 9711581-02 8/27/97 147 0.0001	DCS 97047-3 GEL 9711581-03 8/27/97 143 Neg.'	BKS/MPB 97047-4 GEL 9711581-04 8/27/97 143 Neg.'	Average, Surface GEL 8/97 149	Average, Liquid GEL (Table 4) 12/97 146
201 Intran Oampie		0.0010	0.0001	Neg.	Neg.		:
		Total Constitue	ent Concentrat	tion, μg/L (ppb)			
Total Metals				•			
Aluminum	μg/L	99.3	46.9	121	59.5	81.7	103.7
Antimony	μg/L	0.44	0.39	0.43	0.37	0.41	0.6
Arsenic	μg/L	16.6	16.2	16.1	17.1	16.5	21
Barium	μg/L	8.1	4.71	4.52	4.6	5.48	5.53
Beryllium	μg/L	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.03
Boron	μg/L	21.1	20.7	20.5	20.5	20.7	28.9
Cadmium	μg/L	2.06	0.086	0.019	0.062	0.56	0.08
Calcium	μg/L	13,500	12,400	12,400	12,200	12,625	12,275
Calcium, in film**	mg/L	660	-	-	-	-	
Cesium	μg/L	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.28
Chromium	μg/L	2.78	2.23	2.35	2.03	2.35	1.65
Cobalt	μg/L	0.16	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.10	0.07
Copper	μġ/L	7.13	1.05	1.72	0.82	2.68	0.84
Iron	μg/L	630	200	297	137	316	116
Lead	μg/L	3.97	0.39	2.08	0.69	1.78	0.06
Magnesium	μg/L	504	475	483	451	478	486
Manganese	μg/L	1.57	1.54	2.32	1.16	1.65	27.4
Molydenum	μg/L	7.76	1.01	0.89	0.89	2.64	1.01
Nickel	μg/L	3.93	1.64	1.75	1.38	2.18	0.59
Potassium	μg/L	32,200	31,400	30,600	31,800	31,500	27,575
Selenium	μg/L	69.3	68.5	65,1	65.1	67	93
Silver	μg/L	0.18	0.02	0.006	0.003	0.05	0.06
Sodium	μg/L	16,100	16,500	15,500	15,200	15,825	16,475
Strontium	μ <b>g/L</b>	163	153	155	153	156	150
Thallium	μg/L	0.11	0.07	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.05
Tin	μg/L	0.32	0.15	0.14	0.70	0.33	0.71
Titanium	μg/L	5.64	4.94	3.88	3.1	4.39	1.49
Uranium	μg/L	2,72	1.9	1.87	1.89	2.10	1.76
Vandium	μg/L	12.8	17.3	13.2	12.6	14.0	32.7
Zinc	μg/L	682??	16.1	15.5	16.5	12.0	14.7

VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Basin; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; BKS/MPB = Open area between Bucket Storage Section and Monitor Pin Basin

% Film in sample; assume film is 1000 mg/L total solids (same as Table 3),

and average % solids in liquid portion is 146 mg/L (Table 4)

Then, for the VTS, 164 mg/- 146 mg/L = 18 mg/L from the film, at 1000 mg/L, this equates to 18 ml in one Liter, or 0.0018 % \*\*Ca, mg/L in film: The difference between the VTS Ca concentration (13.5 mg/L) and the average liquid Ca (12.3 mg/L) is 1.2 mg/L. Therefore, 18 ml (in 1 liter of sample) accounts for 1.2 mg of Ca, or

0.0018 L \* x mg/L Ca = 1.2 mg Ca; = 1.2 mg Ca/0.0018 L = ~660 mg/L Ca in the film

#### TABLE 2

#### SURFACE LAYER; ORGANICS/PCB's/ANIONS

Sample Location Sample ID Laboratory Lab. ID Date Sampled	. *	VTS 97344-4 GEL 9712179-04 12/3/97	MB 97344-2 GEL 9712179-02 12/3/97	DCS 97344-1 GEL 9712179-01 12/3/97	BKS/MPB 97344-3 GEL 9712179-03 12/3/97
Total wt % Solids (Measured)	mg/L	194	151	142	145
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L mg/L	143 71.6	145 4.8	144 2.4	138 5.4
Wt % Film in Sample (Calculated)* Total wt % Solids; (Calcuated**)	% mg/L	7.2 204	0.48 150	0.24 146	0.54 143
pH		7.84	8.23	-	8.20
Oil and Grease (measured) Oil and Grease (calculated in film portion) Total Organic Carbon (TOC) Total Organic Carbon (calculated in film portion)	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	30.8 428 1.35 19	0.73 152 0.14 29	1.47 613 <0.145	3.4 630 0.13 24
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	mg/L mg/L	7.0 42.7	6.0 5.3	8.0 6.0	6.0 1.9
Volatile Organics Diesel Range Gasoline Range BETX (ppb)	mg/L μg/L	0.19 <100	0.021 <100	0.015 <100	0.016 <100
Benzene Toluene Ethyl-Benzene Xylenes	μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L	<1 <1 <1 <1	<1 <1 <1 <1	<1 <1 <1 <1	<1 <1 <1 <1
Extractable Organics (ppb) PCB-1016 PCB-1221 PCB-1232 PCB-1242 PCB-1248 PCB-1254 PCB-1254 PCB-1260 PCB-1260 (calculated in film portion)	μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/Kg	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 1.98 28	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 0.088 18	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 0.17 71	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 0.058 11
Bromide Chloride Fluoride Nitrite (as N) Nitrate (as N) SO4 Total PO4	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	28.2 12.7 <0.035 <0.01 0.46 3.19 <0.02	27.8 12.7 <0.035 <0.01 0.43 3.29 0.05	27.4 12.3 <0.035 <0.01 0.42 3.06 <0.023	27.5 12.6 <0.035 <0.01 0.43 3.14 0.10

VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Basin; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; BKS/MPB = Open area between Bucket Storage Section and Monitor Pin Basin

\*Wt % Film Calculation:

ASSUME film wt. % solids is 1000 mg/L, or 1 mg/mL (0.1 Wt %) solids Example; for the VTS sample, where TSS = 71.6 mg/L, TDS=143 mg/L, and Total solids = 194 mg/L, and if all the suspended solids are associated with the film.

\*\*Then the calculated total Wt. % solids = xml film x 1mg/ml = 71.6 mg; Film volume =~72 mls (in 1 liter) Then, 928 ml x 0.143 mg/ml = 132 mgs in liquid portion 72 mgs in film + 132 mgs in liquid = 204 mgs/L total solids calculated, vs. 194 mg/L total measured

.

Note, data analy	sis indicate		TABLE 3 AYER - RAD sample" was		id, with very little		ENG-98-0029 age 9 of 14
Sample Location Sample ID Laboratory Lab. ID		VTS 97047-1 GEL 9711581-05	MB 970472 GEL 9711581-06	DCS 97047-3 GEL 9711581-07	BKS/MPB 970474 GEL 9711581-08	Average, Surface GEL	Average, Liquid GEL (Table 5)
Date Sampled		8/27/97	8/27/97	8/27/97	8/27/97	8/97	12/97
Gross Alpha Non-volatile Gross Beta	pCi/L pCi/L	<5.16 109,000	<4,94 95500	<3.12 91 <del>6</del> 00	<4.42 109000	<5.0 101,275	171 56,125
Alpha Spectroscopy, Nu	clides Det	ected					
U-233/234	pCi/L	0.83	0.51	0.53	0.66	0.63	23.0
U-238	pCi/L	0.65	0.67	0.54	0.51	0.59	8.7
Pu-239/240	pCi/L	1.94	0.04	* 0.38	* 1.7 • 3.08	1.02	0.22
Ami-241	pCi/L	0.05	* < Det. Lim.	0.07	• 3.08	1.07	
Gamma PHA Scan - Rad		Detected 92900	90300	91800	92400	01.850	00.000
Cesium 137	pCi/L	92900	90300	81000	92400	91,850	92,800
Other Radionuclides De							•
Strontium 90	pCi/L	24800	26700	23700	27900	25,775	23,500
Tritium	pCi/ml	37900	36300	36200	37100	36,875	38,075
Alpha Spectroscopy, Nu							
U-235	pCi/L	0.06	* 0.08 * 8.2	• 0.03	• 0.1	0.07	10
Np-237	pCi/L −Ci/l		0.2	<11.3 <ul> <li>10.1</li> </ul>	5.61 * 10.7	* 7.0	0.53
Pu-241 Pu-242	pCi/L pCi/L	7.7 0.3	* 16.9 * 0.16	<ul> <li>10.1</li> <li>0.17</li> </ul>	* 10.7 • 0.05	* 11 * 0,17	- 0.18
	•				0.00	0.11	0.10
Gamma PHA Scan - Rad							
Actinium 228	pCi/L	1.77	* 8.56	14.9	* <17	8.4	3.5
Antimony 124	pCi/L	<143	18.3 * <178	* 22.2	* 5.11	10	-
Antimony 125 Barium 133	pCi/L pCi/L	1.91	* <178 * <64	78.2 <59	* 46 40	* 42	3.9
Californium 249	pCi/L		* <63	<57	20	•	-
Californium 251	pCi/L	<163	<153	<143	<155		-
Cerium 141	pCi/L	<981	<872	<827	9.8	* -	14.9
Cerium 144	pCi/L	<367	157	* <298	<357	-	
Cesium 134	pCi/L	<35	0.0	* 0.67	* 1.7	* 3.0	-
Cesium 135	pCi/L	<203	01	* <188	<195	-	-
Cobalt 57	pCi/L	<48	<39 * 2.9	16.8	<b>\4</b> /	-	-
Cobalt 58 Cobalt 60	pCi/L pCi/L	0.88 6.67	* 1.2	* 3 * 0.89	* <18 * 5.44	2.3 * 3.6	0.15 2.7
Europium 152	pCi/L		* 5.2	* <129	13	• 16	-
Europium 154	pCi/L		* <13	0.45	* 0.4	* 0.72	-
Europium 155	pCi/L	21.4	* 5	* <106	<152	-	-
Lead 212	pCi/L	<38	<81	36.6	* 30	*	9.4
Manganese 54	pCi/L	0.91	* <7.2	<6.7	1.4	* -	•
Neptunium 239	pCi/L	9.89		* 32.8	* <262 * <5.8	45	-
Niobium 94 Potasium 40	pCi/L	1.71	* 0.2 * 72	* 4.1 35.4	-0.0	1.9 * 32	-
Promethium 144	pCi/L pCi/L		* <8.6	<7.4	*. 0,5 <8,1	3Z	48
Promethium 146	pCi/L	39.8	• 43	• 9	* 0.09	• 23	-
Ruthenium 103	pCi/L		* <485	44	* <471	-	-
Ruthenium 106	pCi/L	104	* 23	• 48	* <394	58	37
Sodium 22	pCi/L	0.5	* <5	0.19	* 0.14	* 0.28	-
Tin 113	pCi/L	9.91	* 6.5	• 67	* 23	* 27	-
Tin 126	pCi/L	1.5	* 0.6	* <5.8 * 1.9	1.2 * <8.7		1.5
Yttrium 88 Zinc 65	pCi/L pCi/L	<8.33 <10.4	0.7 <14	* 1.9 0.08	* <8.7 * <12	-	0.8
Zirconium 95	pCi/L	29.1	• <38	<40	0.57	• -	2.4
Other Bedienvelides Be			limit				
Other Radionuclides Be Nickel 59	pCi/L	340	* 207	* <274	<340		
Carbon 14	pCi/L	40	* 18	• 22.8	* 14.7	• 24	207
lodine 129	pCi/L	2.12	* 2.3	* 1.13	* 3.79	2.7	2.8
Selenium 79	pCi/L	<45.3	<49	<46	<48	-	-
Technicium 99	pCi/L	<18.4	5.9	* 3.2	* <20	-	29

\* Analytical result, but less than analytical Detection Limit A "<" indicates that the analysis was less than that detection limit, given as a negative number VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Basin; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; BKS/MPB = Open area between Bucket Storage Section and Monitor Pin Basin

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## 1997 R-DISASSEMBLY ANALYTICAL RESULTS: LIQUID PORTION, METALS, PCB's, ANIONS

Sample Location		VTS	MB	DCS	BKS/MPB	Average	1	Drevieve	Desults
Sample Locatior Sample ID	I					Average,		Previous	
•		97293-1	97293-2	97293-3	97293-4	97 Liquid		mate	Liquid
Laboratory		GEL	GEL	GEL	GEL	GEL	SRTC	стс	CTC
Lab. ID		9712279-01	9712279-02	9712279-03	9712279-04				
Date Sampled		12/8/97	12/8/97	12/8/97	12/8/97	12/97	8/94	7/94	7/94
% Solids, mg/L (	(ppm)	148	<b>14</b> 6	147	144	146			
рН		8.02	7,74	6.77	7.95	7.62	7.35		
Total Metals (pp	b)								
Aluminum	μg/L	52.7	54.9	45.1	262	103.7	410	2500	<60
Antimony	μg/L	0.60	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.60	-	<50	<60
Arsenic	μg/L	21.5	20.4	21.1	21	21	<200	<2	<3
Barium	μĝ/L	4:98	4.68	4.68	7.78	5.53	32	600	-
Beryllium	μg/L	0.05		* 0.03	* 0.02	* 0.030 *		<0.3	<5
Boron	⊩s.– µg/L	23.6	22.7	21.3	48	28.9	106	140	-
Cadmium	μ <b>g/L</b>			* 0.01	* 0,19	0.08	11	12	<6
Calcium	μg/L	12,700	12,200	12,000	12,200	12,275	18,100	21,100	340
Cesium	μg/L	0.29	0.27	0.21	0.33	0.28	10,100	21,100	040
Chromium	μg/L μg/L	0.25	0.82	0.21	4.12	1.65	57	10	<9
Cobalt	μg/L	0.073	0.04	0.02	* 0.15	0.07	44	<5	
	μg/L	0.84	0.76	0.53	1,24	0.84	47	~5 15	- <4
Copper			95.6	92.6	1.24	116	20	900	110
Iron	μ <b>g/L</b>	96.1							
Lead	μ <b>g/L</b>	0.05	0.00	0.06	0.05	0.00	330	20	<42
Magnesium	μ <b>g/L</b>	444	452	439	610	486	1,190	900	<50
Manganese	μ <b>g/L</b>	1.57	0.56	0.49	107	27.4	10	450	9
Molydenum	μg/L	0.82	0.75	0.66	1.81	1.01			-
Nickel	μg/L	0.5	0.21	0.25	1.41	0.59	59	7	<20
Potassium	µg/L	28,500	27,400	27,000	27,400	27,575	N.A.	24,000	<1400
Selenium	μg/L	94.2	92	93.4	92.3	93.0	- 1	<1	<3
Silver	μg/L	0.08	0.00	* 0.02	* 0.07	0.06	40	4	<5
Sodium	μ <b>g/</b> L	14,400	15,000	14,700	21,800	16,475	12,850	14,000	890
Strontium	μ <b>g/L</b>	154	152	149	144	150			-
Thallium	μ <b>g/L</b>	0.05	0.05	* 0.05	* 0.05	* 0.05	1		-
Tin	μg/L	0.43	0.36	0.68	1.37	0.71			-
Titanium	μ <b>g/</b> Ľ	0.82	0.72	* 0.72	* 3.71	1.49	70		+
Uranium	μg/L	1.86	1.81	1.72	1.65	1.76			-
Vandium	μ <b>g</b> /L	20.1	20.4	21.3	68.9	32.7			-
Zinc	μg/L	11.2	11.7	11.5	24.4	14.7	80	10,500	53
Silica	μ <b>g/</b> L	1240	1250	1260	1520	1318			
Extractable Org	anics (pr	(dc	·				1		
PCB-1016	<u>μ</u> g/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></det.>			
PCB-1221	μg/L	<0.1	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></det.>			
PCB-1232	μg/L	<0.1	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></det.>			
PCB-1232	μg/L	<0.1	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></det.>			
PCB-1242 PCB-1248	μg/∟ μg/L	<0.1	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></det.>			
PCB-1254	μց/⊑ μg/Լ	<0.1	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td>(</td><td></td><td>&lt;0.2</td></det.>	(		<0.2
PCB-1260	μg/L	0.096	<0.11	<0.105	<0.104	<det. lim.<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td><b>\U.Z</b></td></det.>			<b>\U.Z</b>
Anions (ppm)		~~							
Bromide	mg/L	27	26.2	26.9	27.2	26.8			
Chloride	mġ/L	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2			
Fluoride	mg/L	0.35	0.28	0.32	0.27	0.31			
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.15	0.18	0.24	0.33	0.23			
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	0.99	1.78	0.71	1.01	1.1			
SÓ4	mg/L	3.31	3.32	3.27	3.26	3.3			
Total PO4	mg/L	0.02	• 0.02	* 0.02	* 0.02	• 0.02 *	1		

VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Basin; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; BKS/MPB = Open area between Bucket Storage Section and Monitor Pin Basin

\* = Less than anlytical Detection Limit, N. A. = Not analyzed

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LIQUID PORTION	RADIONUCLIDES

						-		
Sample Location		VTS	MB	DCS	BKS/MPB	Average	Previous Re:	sults
Sample ID		97293-1	97293-2	97293-3	97293-4	Liquid	Supernate	Liguíd
Laboratory		GEL	GEL	GEL	GEL	GEL	SRTC	SRTC
Lab. ID		9712279-05	9712279-06	97122791-07	97122791-08	Vel	0.010	onto
Date Sampled		12/8/97	12/8/97	12/8/97	12/8/97	12/97	7/94	12/96
Bute battipled		120007	1210131	1210/51	12/0/87	12/9/	1194	12/90
Gross Alpha	-C11	203	-127	247	00.4	474		
•	pCi/L		137	317	26.4	171		
Non-volatile Gross Beta	pCi/L	56,700	57,500	55,600	54,700	56,125		
Alpha Spectroscopy, Nu				· ····			8	
U-233/234	pCi/L	3.07	• 23.8	28.6	34.7	23		
Gamma PHA Scan - Rad	ionuclides l	Detected						
Cesium 137	pCi/L	36,100	92,900	92,500	93,000	92,800	80,000	110,000
	•							
Other Radionuclides Det	tected							
Strontium 90	pCi/L	18,800	23,100	25,300	26,800	23,500		
Tritium	pCi/ml	37,700	38,900	38,600	37,100	38,075	41,000	39,000
Carbon-14	pCi/L	233	:246	191	159	207	,	
Technicium 99	pCi/L	<24.1	24.9	30.9	30.1	29		
	P							
Alpha Spectroscopy, Nu	clides Relo	w Analytical F	etection Limi	+				
U-235	pCi/L	1.54	• 4.47	* 14.4	* 19.7	* 10		
U-238	pCi/L		<ul> <li>&lt;16.4</li> </ul>	6.38	• 16.6			
			-10.4			* 8.68		
Np-237	pCi/L	0.40	0.01	0.01	0.14	0.53		
Pu-238	pCi/L	<0.86	<1.1	<0.91	<1.1		ſ	
Pu-239/240	pCi/L	0.11	0.11	* 0.23	• 0.41	* 0.22		
Pu-241	pCi/L	<113	<126	<137	6.19	• -		
Pu-242	pCi/L	0.12	* 0.08	* 0.27	• 0.24	* 0.18		
Am-241	pCi/L	<67.1	<105	.40.8	* <119			
							ļ	
Gamma PHA Scan - Rad	ionuclides	Below Analyti	cal Detection	Limit				
Actinium 228	pCi/L	2.22	* 6.14	• 5.19	• 0.61	* 3.5		
Antimony 124	pCi/L	<13.8	<33	12.2	* 12.8	*		
Antimony 125	pCi/L		* 26.2	• <163	<168			
Barium 133	pCi/L		* <58.2	5	* 1.82	• 3.9		
Californium 249	pCi/L	-	* _	-	-	*		
Californium 251	pCi/L	-	-	_	-			
Cerium 141	pCi/L		* 18.3	* 22.1	* <97	14.9		
Cerium 144	pCi/L	<89	10.0	* <279	109	± 14.0		
				-210				
Cesium- 134	pCi/L	<11	1.02	0.1	* <33 * <214		1	
Cesium 135	pCi/L	7.2		11.0	-214			
Cobalt 57	pCi/L	<11	<28	18.5	* <38			
Cobalt 58	pCi/L	<2.5	12.02	* 2.1	* 2.29	* 0.15		
Cobalt 60	pCi/L	0.40	* 4,94	* 1.81	* 3.51	* 2.7		
Europium 152	pCi/L	<49	56.3	* 66.4	* <144		1	
Europium 154	pCi/L	1.5	* <11	<11	<11			
Europium 155	pCi/L	<44	<102	20.5	* <155			
Lead 212	pCi/L	6.76	* 7.93	* <74	13.6	* 9.4		
Manganese 54	pCi/L	<2.1	4.16	* <5.4	1.52	*	ł	
Neptunium 239	pCi/L	34.1	* 109	* <267	<283			
Niobium 94	pCi/L	0.16	• <5.8	<5.9	0.98	<b>*</b> '		
Potasium 40	pCi/L	16	* B8.1	20.1	* 69.6	48		
Promethium 144	pCi/L	0.36	* <5.9	0.13	* 2.34	*		
Promethium 146	pCi/L	5.04	* <79	<85	44.4	*		
Ruthenium 103	pCi/L	<23	<61	16.1	* <70			
Ruthenium 106	pCi/L	27.6	* 54.2	* 27.8	* <328	37	1	
Sodium 22	pCi/L	0.55	* <3.8	<4.1	<3.9	01	Į	
			-0.0					
Tin 113 Tin 126	pCi/L	14.2	20.0	-10	<75 * 1.9	* 15	1	
	pCi/L	0.31	0.00	0.+2	* 1.8	* 1.5		
Yttrium 88	pCi/L	0.59		0.42	* 1.35	* 0.8		
Zinc 65	pCi/L	<4.3	<9.1	5.71	* <9.1			
Zirconium 95	pCi/L	1.25	• 5.86	* <12.1	0.023	• 2.4		
04								
Other Radionuclides Be							1	
Nickel 59	pCi/Ł	<469	381	• <355	83.7	*		
lodine 129	pCi/L	<3.04	6:77	0.47	• - <u></u> !	* 2.8		
Selenium 79	рСі/L	2.55	• <47	<45	<47			

 Analytical result reported, but less than analytical Detection Limit, and the Reporting Limit A "<" indicates that the analysis was less than that detection limit; reported as a negative number VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Basin; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; BKS/MPB = Open area between Bucket Storage Section and Monitor Pin Basin

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TABLE 6 1997 R-DISASSEMBLY ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SEDIMENT PORTION; METALS

Sam <b>ple Locati</b> Composite #	ion	VTS COMP 1 97428-VTS1	VTS COMP 2- 97428-VTS2	MB COMP 1 97428-M81	MB COMP 2 97428-MB2	Dry Cave COMP 1 97428DCS-1	Dry Cave COMP 2 97428-DCS-2	Bucket St. COMP 1	Bucket St. Duplicate 97428BKS-3	Bucket St. COMP 2	MPB COMP 97428-MPB	TB COMP 97428•TB	Average, 11 Comp's	TOTAL COMP 97428-TBC	Previous Da	ta
Sample ID Laboratory Lab, ID		GEL 9801375-03	GEL 9801375-04	GEL 9801375-01	GEL 9801375-02	GEL 9801375-05	GEL 9801375-06	GEL 9801375-07	GEL 9801375-09	GEL 9801375-08	GEL	GEL 9801375-11		GEL 9801375-12	SRTC	
Date Sampled	I	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98	1/14/98		1/14/98	8/94	
Dry Wt. % Sol pH	ids, 105°	10.7 7.97	7.75 7.93	7.54 8.24	5.18 8.11	3.64 8.16	3.98 8.26	6.80 -	7.29	8.4	3.36 -	4.18 -	5.88 8.11	7.79 8.21	0,71	
<u>Total Metals (p</u>											<u>.</u>					
Aluminum	mg/kg	35,900	83,200	75,000	61,300	18,700	23,100	27,200	23,400	67,500	11,600	35,600	38,809	35,300	39,700	Al
Antimony	mg/kg	7.20	12.6	5.7	6,7	2.7	2.4	4.9	4.2	16.2	4.5	4.1	6.1	4.8		
Arsenic	mg/kg	39.8	84.7	37.4	34	28.8	35.7	32.6	28.7	91.9	19	48.3	39	37.6		
Barium	mg/kg	137	215	175	226	72.9 <0.25	156 <0.3	244 0.12	223	560	36,4	178	186	166	285	Ba
Beryllium	mg/kg	0.17	0.83 36.3	0.77 15	0.48 10,8	11.4	<0.3 18.8	12.1	0,11 10.8	0.42 15.4	<0.17 7,7	0.1 15.5	-0.2	0.2	05	
Boron	mg/kg	10.5 37.4	53,6	67	64.3	36.8	86.6	56.7	51.3	134	11.1	78.5	14 54	22 49.5	65 <30	В
Cadmium Calcium	mg/kg mg/kg	57.4 6.270	7,290	12,900	5,800	2.950	7,130	7.300	6,970	13,000	1.290	6.090	54 6,445	49.5 5,490	10,600	Cd Ca
Cesium	mg/kg	0,270	0,49	0.45	0.13	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.23	0.04	0.07	0.16	0,490	10,000	Ca
Chromium	mg/kg	312	572	290	181	55.6	38.5	121	131	349	84.2	122	209	166	175	Сг
Cobalt	mg/kg	12.8	22.5	15	20.9	15.4	14.9	15	13.1	41	9.1	21	16	12.5	170	C.
Copper	mg/kg	270	411	309	574	143	292	219	195	504	99.9	384	274	224	80	Cu
Iron	mg/kg	402,000	755,000	283,000	454,000	250,000	220,000	352,000	306,000	658,000	235,000	256,000	355,909	289,000	347,200	Fe
Lead	mg/kg	424	933	422	454	419	756	506	534	994	217	265	514	380	<220	Pb
Magnesium	mg/kg	668	2,380	5,310	1,300	455	676	990	900	1830	240	895	1,341	1,300	2,500	Mg
Manganese	mg/kg	5,060	5,950	4,830	6,960	6,160	6,230	6,030	5,240	13,400	3,490	7.450	5,759	4,710	4,000	Mn
Molydenum	mg/kg	<b>41</b> .1	82.6	20.6	22.1	8.2	5.6	15.8	14.5	35	18,4	19	24	18.8	4,000	(*)1)
Nickel	mg/kg	74.6	103	99	136	46.3	79.7	87.1	78.5	163	26.6	274	81	78.6	245	Ni
Potassium	mg/kg	588	1,350	1,330	753	695	830	665	615	1360	363	812	768	586		ĸ
Selenium	mg/kg	<1.7	<4,3	<1.7	<2.4	<2.7	<3.2	<2.1	<2.0	<4.2	<1.9	<2,9	<3.0	<1.7		
Silver	mg/kg	2.4	5	3.5	3.3	1.7	2.3	2.2	2.1	4.5	1.4	1.9	3	1.9	<20	Ag
Sodium	mg/kg	190	462	243	248	251	318	218	209	432	152	289	248	189	<110	Na
Strontium	mg/kg	140	168	158	141	66,6	162	221	211	355	36.7	145	151	117	1	Sr
Thallium	mg/kg	<243	<0.59	<0.24	< 0.33	<0.38	<0.45	<0.3	<0.3	<0.5	<0.3	<0.4	<0.3	<0.2		•
Tin	mg/kg	73	142	56,2	33.3	10.4	14,2	31.2	30.2	78.5	25.6	22.1	45.0	40.7	<75	Sn
Titanium	mg/kg	369	1,390	589	154	7.5	<6.5	71.9	69.3	288	52.3	76.9	-	236		Ti
Uranium*	mg/kg	54.9/41.6	132/64	128/95	171/107	71.5/96.1	84.4/98.6	85.8/84.4	74.4/68.8	137/66.3	39.8/144	113/126	~100	87.6/90.1	73.8#	ΰ
Vandium	mg/kg	77.3	172	65	39.2	15.6	18.4	1.9	4.6	44.9	4.5	13.7	40	27		-
Zinc	mg/kg	30,300	30,200	45,100	70,000	37,600	99,700	72,000	66,000	108,000	6,250	81,900	51,377	43,700	20,800	Zn
Silica	mg/kg	13,800	25,900	26,300	47,500	27,400	35,800	41,100	33,600	70,800	14,200	36,900	30,582	21,500	56,600	SI
*ICP/Chem Ch					·				·							
Tatal DO4	n n the	7.05	40.0		10.0			4.0	4.0	40.7		F =1		. I		
Total PO4	mg/kg	7.95	19.8	3.3	19.8	8.3	8.8	4.2	4.8	12.7	10,3	5.7	9,1	5.3		

VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Area; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; MPB = Monitor Pin Basin; TB = Transfer Bay

# Note, 90 micrograms U/gm solid x 10-6 gms U/microgm U x 3.4 x 10-7 Ci/gm U = 300 x 10-13 Ci/gm solid = 30 pCi/gm

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#### TABLE 7 1997 R-DISASSEMBLY ANALYTICAL RESULTS: SEDIMENT PORTION; PCB's, PESTICIDES, & ANIONS

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								,,.	•,• =• •• •• == •,						
Sample Location Composite # Sample ID Laboratory Lab. ID Date Sampled		VTS COMP 1 97428-VTS1 GEL 9801375-03 1/14/98	VTS COMP 2 97428-VTS2 GEL 9801375-04 1/14/98	MB COMP 1 97428-MB1 GEL 9801375-01 1/14/98	MB COMP 2 97428-MB2 GEL 9801375-02 1/14/98	Dry Cave COMP 1 97428DCS-1 GEL 9801375-05 1/14/98	Dry Cave COMP 2 97428-DCS-2 GEL 9801375-06 1/14/98	Bucket St. COMP 1 97428BKS-1 GEL 9801375-07 1/14/98	Bucket St. Duplicate 97428BKS-3 GEL 9801375-09 1/14/98	Bucket St. COMP 2 97428BKS-2 GEL 9801375-08 1/14/98	MPB COMP 97428-MPB GEL 9801375-10 1/14/98	TB COMP 97428-TB GEL 9801375-11 1/14/98	Average, 11 Comp's	TOTAL COMP 97428-TCB GEL 9801375-12 1/14/98	стс
Dry Wt. % Solids, pH	105°	10.7 7,97	7.75 7.93	7.54 8.24	5.18 8.11	3.64 8.16	3.98 8.26	6.80 8.50	7.29 8.60	8.40 8.22	3.36 8.03	4.18 8.90	6.18 8.18	7.79 8.21	
PCB's (mg/kg, dry	wt, ppm)														
PCB-1016	mg/kg	<0.13	<0.34	<0.25	<0.16	<0,11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	< 0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0.13	-
PCB-1221	mg/kg	<0.13	<0.34	<0.25	<0.18	<0.11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	<0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0.13	•
PCB-1232	mg/kg	<0.13	< 0.34	<0.25	<0.18	<0.11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	<0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0,13	-
PCB-1242	mg/kg	<0.13	<0.34	<0.25	<0.18	<0.11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	<0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0.13	-
PCB-1248	mg/kg	<0.13	<0.34	< 0.25	<0.18	<0.11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	<0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0.13	-
PCB-1254	mg/kg	0.88	2.75	1.71	1.53	0.92	0.62	2.26	2.18	2.57	0.91	5.12	1.87	1.00	15 & 99
PCB-1260	mg/kg	<0.13	<0.34	<0.25	<0.18	<0.11	<0.13	<0.32	<0.17	<0.33	<0.07	<0.55	-	<0.13	•
Pesticides, mg/kg	mg/kg														
4,4'-DDD	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0,11	-	<0.026	
4,4-DDE	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0,11	• `	<0.026	
4,4'-DDT	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	•	<0.026	
Aldrin	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<d.051< td=""><td>&lt;0.037</td><td>&lt;0.022</td><td>&lt;0.026</td><td>&lt;0,064</td><td>&lt;<b>0</b>.034</td><td>&lt;0.085</td><td>&lt;0.015</td><td>&lt;0,11</td><td>-</td><td>&lt;0.026</td><td></td></d.051<>	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0,064	< <b>0</b> .034	<0.085	<0.015	<0,11	-	<0.026	
Dieldrin	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	٠	<0.026	
Endosulfan I	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	•	<0.026	
Endosufan II	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0,065	<0.015	<0.11	•	<0.026	
Endosulfan sulfale	mg/kg	<0.025	<0,067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	< 0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	-	<0.026	
Heplachior	mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0,026	<0.064	<0.034	<0,065	<0.015	<0.11		<0.026	· · ·
Heptachlor epoxide	a mg/kg	<0.025	<0.067	<0.051	<0.037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	•	<0.026	
Methoxychior	mg/kĝ	< 0.025	<0.067	<0,051	<0,037	<0.022	<0.026	<0.064	<0.034	<0.065	<0.015	<0.11	-	<0.026	
Toxaphene	mg/kg	<0.63	<1.68	<1.27	<0.92	<0.55	<0.66	<1,60	<0.84	<1.63	<0,36	<2.78	-	<0.65	•
Alpha-BHC	mg/kg	<0.013	<0.034	<0.025	<0.018	<0.011	<0.013	<0.032	<0,017	<0.033	<0.007	<0.055	-	<0.013	
Alpha-Chlordane	mg/kg	<0.013	<0.034	<0.025	<0.018	<0.011	<0.013	< 0.032	<0.017	<0,033	<0.007	<0.055	-	<0.013	
Beta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.013	<0,034	<0.025	<0:018	<0.011	<0,013	<0.032	<0,017	<0,033	<0.007	<0.055	-	<0.013	
Delta-BHC	mg/kg	<0.013	< 0.034	<0.025	<0.018	<0.011	<0.013	<0.032	<0.017	<0.033	<0.007	<0.055 ~	-	<0.013	
Gamma-BHC	mg/kg	<0.013	< 0.034	<0.025	<0.018	<0,011	<0.013	<0.032	<0.017	<0.033	<0.007	<0.055	-	<0.013	
gamma-chlordane	mg/kg	<0.013	< 0.034	<0.025	<0.018	<0,011	<0.013	<0.032	<0.017	<0.033	<0.007	<0.055	-	<0.013	

Anions (ppm)					· · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Bromide	mg/kg													22	
Chloride	mg/kg						•							10	
Fluoride	mg/kg													4.	
Nitrite (as N)	mg/kg													<3	.0
Nitrate (as N)	mg/kg									•				7.	1
SO4	mg/kg													10	6
Total PO4	mg/kg	7950	19800	3300	1810	8320	8870	4170	4820	12700	1030	5730	6,615	53;	20
	· · · .														

VTS=Vertical Tube Storage Area; MB = Machine Basin; DCS = Dry Cave Section; MPB = Monitor Pin Basin; TB = Transfer Bay

1.26 Standard Deviation of 1997/98 PCB results

#### TABLE 8 SEDIMENT LAYER - RADIONUCLIDES

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•				P	revious Result	8
Sample Location	Total	Basin Composite (				
Sample ID		97428-TCB	Liquid Ave.	Sediment	Liquid	Liquid
Laboratory		GEL	GEL	SRTC	SRTC	SRTC
Lab. ID		9801375-13	1			
Date Sampled		1/14/98	12/97	7/94	7/94	12/96
Analyses reported as pCi/	'gm, dry wt.					
Gross Alpha	pCi/gm	12,500	0.17			
Non-volatile Gross Beta	pCi/gm	96,500	56			
Alpha Spectroscopy, Nu	clides					
U-233/234	pCi/gm	1.4	* 0.023			
U-235	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.(3.0)	0.01	0.9	N.D.	N.D.
U-238	pCi/gm	0.91 (30 ##)	* 0.008	25 ###	N.D.	N,D.
Np-237	pCi/gm	1.4	* 0.0005			
Pu-238	pCi/gm	20	-			
Pu-239/240	pCi/gm	162	0.0002			
Pu-241	pCi/gm	22,600@	-			
Pu-242	pCi/gm	7.0	0.0002			
Am-241	pCi/gm	103	-	270	N.D.	N.D.
Courses DUA Cook Dad						
Gamma PHA Scan - Rad Actinium 228	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.004		·	
Antimony 124	pCi/gm	2.0	* _			
Antimony 125	pCi/gm	12	• _			
Barium 133	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.004			
Californium 249	pCi/gm	4.4	+			
Californium 251	pCi/gm	3.6	* _			
Cerium 141	pCi/gm	14	• 0.015			
Cerium 144	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.010			
Cesium 134	pCi/gm	< Det, Lim.	_			
Cesium 135	pCi/gm	6,4	*			
Cesium 137	pCi/gm	20,500	92	2,550	80	110
Cobait 57	pCi/gm	4.0	-	2,000	00	110
Cobalt 58	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.0002			
Cobalt 60	pCi/gm	47,900	0.003	1,760	N.D.	N.D.
Europium 152	pCi/gm	46	-	1,700	11.0.	N.O.
Europium 154	pCi/gm	367	- 1			
Europium 155	pCi/gm	44				
Lead 212	pCi/gm	3,5	* 0.009			
Manganese 54	pCi/gm	7.3	*			
Neptunium 239	pCi/gm	14	* _			
Niobium 94	pCi/gm	6.58	*			
Potasium 40	pCi/gm	< Det, Lim.	0,048			
Promethium 144	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	-			
Promethium 146	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	-			
Ruthenium 103	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	-			
Ruthenium 106	pCi/gm	0.71	• 0.037			
Sodium 22	pCi/gm	135	0.007			
Tin 113	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	_			
Tin 126	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.002			
Yttrium 88	pCi/gm	41	0.0008			
Zinc 65	pCi/gm	78	-			
Zirconium 95	pCi/gm	46	0.002			
Other Radionuclides						
Nickel 59	pCi/gm	287				
Strontium-90	pCi/gm	3,160	23.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Siromum-90 Tritium	pCi/gm pCi/gm	397,000	23.5 38,075	345,000	41,000	39,000
Carbon 14			0.21	0-10,000	41,000	39,000
	pCi/gm	6,170				
lodine 129 Selonium 79	pCi/gm pCi/gm	11 ∠ Dot Lim	0.003			
Selenium 79	pCi/gm	< Det. Lim.	0.020			
Technicium 99	pCi/gm	25	0.029	1		

\* Analytical result reported, but it was less than analytical detection Limit

A "< Det. Lim." indicates that the analysis was less than the detection limit, given as a negative number

The Total Basin Composite sample was collected from 9 separate locations throughout the basin;

the residues (after PCB samples were taken) from the other 11 composite samples were also added to the TBC @ "TRU limit for Pu-241 is 3,500,000 pCi/gm (3500 nCi/gm). ## 30 pCi/gm based on GEL's ICP analyses vs. alpha spectroscopy; ### is based on SRTC's ICP-MS result N. D. = Not Detected; N. A. = not Analyzed