## Anti-Cancer and Immunostimulatory Activity of Chromones and Other Constituents from *Cassia petersiana*

Amira M. Gamal-Eldeen<sup>a,\*</sup>, Pierre C. Djemgou<sup>b</sup>, Marguérite Tchuendem<sup>b</sup>, Bonaventure T. Ngadjui<sup>c</sup>, Pierre Tane<sup>b</sup>, and Hirata Toshifumi<sup>d</sup>

- Cancer Biology Laboratory, Nobel Project, Department of Biochemistry, National Research Centre, Dokki 12622, Cairo, Egypt. Fax: +2023370931.
   E-mail: aeldeen7@yahoo.com
- Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Dschang, Box 67, Dschang, Cameroon
   Department of Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Yaoundé I, Box 812,
- Yaoundé, Cameroon <sup>d</sup> Department of Mathematical and Life Sciences, Graduate School of Science,
- Hiroshima University, 1-3-1 Kagmiyama-Hiroshima 739-8526, Japan

  \* Author for correspondence and reprint requests
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Phytochemical investigation of *Cassia petersiana* Bolle leaves afforded four new compounds, including two chromone derivatives, 7-acetonyl-5-hydroxy-2-methylchromone (petersinone 1, 1) and 7-(propan-2'-ol-1'-yl)-5-hydroxy-2-methylchromone (petersinone 2, 2), two benzoic acid derivatives, 5-methyl-3-(propan-2'-on-1'-yl) benzoic acid (petersinone 3, 3) and 5-(methoxymethyl)-3-(propan-2'-ol-1'-yl) benzoic acid (petersinone 4, 4), and glyceryl-1-tetracosanoate (6), in addition to the known compound sistosterol-3-β-D-glycoside (5). The structures of these compounds were determined by comprehensive NMR studies, including DEPT, COSY, HMQC, HMBC, MS and IR.

Compounds 1, 2, 5 and 6 were tested for antioxidant, anti-cancer and immunostimulatory properties. The biological investigations indicated that compound 6, among others, possessed the highest anti-cancer activity against hepatocellular carcinoma, immunoproliferative activity via induction of T-lymphocytes and macrophage proliferation, anti-inflammatory activity as indicated by NO inhibition, and antioxidant activity against DPPH radicals. Moreover, compound 5 was the most effective cytotoxic compound against breast carcinoma and stimulated a consistent immunoproliferative effect on lymphocytes and macrophages combined with strong NO inhibitory activity, while compound 1 was promising as immunoproliferative agent and may act as anti-inflammatory agent as a consequence of its NO inhibitory activity.

Key words: Cassia petersiana, Anti-Cancer, Immunostimulatory