

# Contents

## Chapter 1

### **Wastewater Treatment Development** 1

M. Henze, M.C.M. van Loosdrecht, G.A. Ekama and D. Brdjanovic

- 1.1. Global drivers for sanitation
- 1.2. History of wastewater treatment

## Chapter 2

### **Microbial Metabolism** 9

Y. Comeau

- 2.1. Introduction
- 2.2. Elements of microbiology
- 2.3. Stoichiometry and energetics
- 2.4. Kinetics

## Chapter 3

### **Wastewater Characterization** 33

M. Henze and Y. Comeau

- 3.1. The origin of wastewater
- 3.2. Wastewater constituents
- 3.3. BOD and COD
- 3.4. Person equivalents and person load
- 3.5. Important components
- 3.6. Special components
- 3.7. Microorganisms
- 3.8. Special wastewaters and internal plant recycle streams
- 3.9. Ratios
- 3.10. Variations
- 3.11. Wastewater flows
- 3.12. Traditional waste from households
- 3.13. Wastewater design for households
- 3.14. Wastewater and biomass fractionation
- 3.15. Symbols list of state variables for selected models
- 3.16. Characterization protocols
- 3.17. Example composition of influent, bioreactor and effluent
- 3.18. Wastewater fingerprint

## Chapter 4

### **Organic Matter Removal** 53

G.A. Ekama and M.C. Wentzel

- 4.1. Introduction
- 4.2. Activated sludge system constraints
- 4.3. Some model simplifications
- 4.4. Steady-state system equations
- 4.5. Design example
- 4.6. Reactor volume requirements
- 4.7. Determination of reactor TSS concentration
- 4.8. Carbonaceous oxygen demand
- 4.9. Daily sludge production
- 4.10. System design and control
- 4.11. Selection of sludge age

## Chapter 5

### **Nitrogen Removal** 87

G.A. Ekama and M.C. Wentzel

- 5.1. Introduction to nitrification
- 5.2. Biological kinetics
- 5.3. Process kinetics
- 5.4. Factors influencing nitrification
- 5.5. Nutrient requirements for sludge production
- 5.6. Design considerations

- 5.7. Nitrification design example
- 5.8. Biological N removal
- 5.9. Development and demonstration of design procedure
- 5.10. System volume and oxygen demand
- 5.11. System design, operation and control

## Chapter 6

### **Innovative Nitrogen Removal**

**139**

M.C.M. van Loosdrecht

- 6.1. Introduction
- 6.2. Impact of side stream processes
- 6.3. The nitrogen cycle
- 6.4. Nitrite based N-removal
- 6.5. Anaerobic ammonia oxidation
- 6.6. Bio-augmentation
- 6.7. Conclusions

## Chapter 7

### **Phosphorus Removal**

**155**

M.C. Wentzel, Y. Comeau, G.A. Ekama, M.C.M. van Loosdrecht and D. Brdjanovic

- 7.1. Introduction
- 7.2. Principle of enhanced biological phosphorus removal (EBPR)
- 7.3. Mechanism of EBPR
- 7.4. Optimization and development of EBPR systems
- 7.5. Model development for EBPR
- 7.6. Mixed culture steady state model
- 7.7. Design example
- 7.8. Influence of EBPR on the system
- 7.9. Factors influencing the magnitude of P removal
- 7.10. Denitrification in NDEBPR systems
- 7.11. Glycogen accumulating organisms
- 7.12. Conclusion and perspectives

## Chapter 8

### **Pathogen Removal**

**221**

C.P. Gerba

- 8.1. Introduction
- 8.2. Types of enteric pathogens
- 8.3. Occurrence of pathogens in sewage
- 8.4. Removal of pathogens and indicators by wastewater treatment
- 8.5. Conclusions

## Chapter 9

### **Aeration and Mixing**

**245**

M.K. Stenstrom and D. Rosso

- 9.1. Aeration technology
- 9.2. Air blower systems
- 9.3. Converting manufacturers' data to process conditions
- 9.4. Sustainable aeration practices
- 9.5. Aeration requirements

## Chapter 10

### **Toxicity**

**273**

J.H.G. Orozco

- 10.1. Introduction
- 10.2. Measures of toxicity
- 10.3. Kinetic models for toxic substrates
- 10.4. Dealing with toxicity
- 10.5. Concluding remarks

## **Bulking Sludge**

291

M.C.M. van Loosdrecht, A.M. Martins and G.A. Ekama

- 11.1. Introduction
- 11.2. Historical aspects
- 11.3. Relationship between morphology and ecophysiology
- 11.4. Filamentous bacteria identification and characterization
- 11.5. Current general theories to explain bulking sludge
- 11.6. Remedial actions
- 11.7. Mathematic modelling
- 11.8. Granular sludge
- 11.9. Conclusions

## **Final Settling**

309

I. Takacs and G.A. Ekama

- 12.1 Introduction
- 12.2 Settling tank configuration in practice
- 12.3 Measures of sludge settleability
- 12.4 Flux theory for estimation of settling tank capacity
- 12.5 Overview of the use of flux theory and other methods for design and operation
- 12.6 Modelling of secondary settlers
- 12.7 Design examples

## **Membrane Bio-reactors**

335

S. Judd, B. Kim and G. Amy

- 13.1 Membrane separation principles
- 13.2 The membrane bioreactor process (MBR)
- 13.3 MBR plant design
- 13.4 Commercial membrane technologies
- 13.5 iMBR case studies

## **Modelling Activated Sludge Processes**

361

M.C.M. van Loosdrecht, G.A. Ekama, M.C. Wentzel, D. Brdjanovic and C.M. Hooijmans

- 14.1 What is a model?
- 14.2 Why modelling?
- 14.3 Modelling basics
- 14.4 Stepwise development of biokinetic model: ASM1
- 14.5 ASM3
- 14.6 Metabolic model
- 14.7 Activated sludge model development history
- 14.8 Simulator environments
- 14.9 Conclusions

G. Olsson

- 15.1 Driving forces and motivations
- 15.2 Disturbances into wastewater treatment systems
- 15.3 The role of control and automation
- 15.4 Instrumentation and monitoring
- 15.5 The importance of dynamics
- 15.6 Manipulated variables and actuators
- 15.7 Basic control concepts
- 15.8 Examples of feedback in wastewater treatment systems
- 15.9 Operating cost savings due to control
- 15.10 Integration and plant wide control
- 15.11 Concluding remarks

J.B. van Lier, N. Mahmoud and G. Zeeman

- 16.1 Sustainability in wastewater treatment
- 16.2 Microbiology of anaerobic conversions
- 16.3 Predicting the CH<sub>4</sub> production
- 16.4 Impact of alternative electron acceptors
- 16.5 Working with the COD balance
- 16.6 Immobilization and sludge granulation
- 16.7 Anaerobic reactor systems
- 16.8 Upflow anaerobic sludge blanket (UASB) reactor
- 16.9 Anaerobic process kinetics
- 16.10 Anaerobic treatment of domestic and municipal sewage

E. Morgenroth

- 17.1 What are biofilms?
- 17.2 Motivation for modeling biofilms and how to choose appropriate mathematical modelling approaches?
- 17.3 Modelling approach for a biofilm assuming a single limiting substrate and neglecting external mass transfer resistance
- 17.4 Example of how  $J_{LF} = F(C_{LF})$  can be used to predict biofilm reactor performance
- 17.5 Effects of external mass transfer resistance
- 17.6 Combining growth and decay with detachment
- 17.7 Derived parameters
- 17.8 Multi-component diffusion
- 17.9 Implications of substrate availability on limiting substrates, microbial competition, and reactor performance
- 17.10 How does 2D/3D structure influence biofilm performance?
- 17.11 Model parameters
- 17.12 Modelling tools

E. Morgenroth

- 18.1 Biofilm reactors
- 18.2 Design parameters
- 18.3 How to determine maximum design fluxes or design loading rates?
- 18.4 Other design considerations