

# TABLES

Table I The fauna of the Vegamián Formation.<sup>1)</sup>

	loc.: 3	W1162	Tourn.	Viséan			Nam.
				Pe	Go	Aprath	
RADIOLARIA	×						
OSTRACODA		×					
CONODONTA		×					
TRILOBITA		×					
CEPHALOPODA							
<i>Ammonellites?</i> ( <i>Pericyclus</i> ) sp.		×					
LAMELLIBRANCHIATA							
<i>Euchondria</i> cf. <i>densistria</i> (Sandb.)		×					
<i>Posidonia?</i> sp.		×					
BRACHIOPODA							
INARTICULATA							
<i>Lingula mytilloides</i> Sow.		×					
<i>L. squamiformis</i> Phill.		×					
<i>Orbiculoidea</i> sp.		×					
ARTICULATA							
Spiriferidina							
<i>Cruithyris</i> e.g. <i>urii</i> (Fleming)		×	×	×	×		×
Productidina							
<i>Irboskites?</i> <i>culmica</i> (Nicolaus) <sup>2)</sup>		×		×	×		
<i>Chonetipustula plicata</i> (S., em. K.)		×		×	×	×	
<i>C. concentrica</i> (S., em. K.)		×		×	×	×	
<i>C. carringtoniana</i> (Davidson)		×			×	×	
Chonetidina							
<i>Tornquistia polita</i> (McCoy)		×	×	×	×	×	?
<i>T. schmiereri</i> Paeck.		×			×	×	
<i>Rugosochonetes laguessianus angustus</i> (Paeck.)		×	×	×	×	×	
<i>Plicochonetes kayserianus</i> (Gallwitz)		×	×	×	×	×	
<i>P. tricornis?</i> (v. Smenov)		×			×	×	
<i>P. waldschmidtii</i> (Paeck.)		×			×	×	
PISCES		×					

<sup>1)</sup> The fauna from loc. W1162 has been provisionally described by Wagner (1963, p. 54). The data for comparison are from the works of Paeckelmann (1930, 1931), Gallwitz, (1932) and Nicolaus (1963).

<sup>2)</sup> *Leptaenisca culmica* Nicolaus, 1963 certainly does not belong to the genus *Leptaenisca*, as defined in the Treatise (Muir-Wood & Williams, 1965, p.H391), and is here provisionally assigned to the genus *Irboskites*. Johnson (1967) convincingly showed that the genus *Irboskites* should be placed in the family Strophalosiidae of the suborder Productidina, notwithstanding its lack of spines. It is also less strange that a Lower Carboniferous species would belong to an Upper Devonian genus, than to the Lower Devonian genus *Leptaenisca*.

Table II Fauna of the Alba Formation

	Gete Mbr.				La Venta Mbr.								
			W1162	9	Bed A				Bed B				
	4	8			1	2	4	8	1	2	18	W1069	
CONODONTA			x								x		x
CRINOIDEA	x	x	x	x							x		x
TRILOBITA <sup>3)</sup>													
<i>Griffithides</i> sp.				x									
<i>Liobole castroi</i> (Barrois)		x	x	x									
ANTHOZOA <sup>4)</sup>													
<i>Rotiphyllum</i> e.g. <i>axiferum</i> Hudson		x		x									
<i>Amplexocarinia</i> sp.		x											
<i>Cryptophyllum</i> sp.				x									
<i>Plerophyllum</i> ( <i>Ufimia</i> ) sp.		x		x	x								+
<i>Cyathaxonia</i> sp.		x		x									
<i>Pseudofavosites?</i> sp.	x												
GASTROPODA				x									x
CEPHALOPODA <sup>5)</sup>													
<i>Goniatites</i> ( <i>G.</i> ) <i>granofalcatus</i> Kullm.									x				
<i>G.</i> ( <i>G.</i> ) e.g. <i>granosus</i> Portlock						x							
<i>G.</i> ( <i>G.</i> ) <i>stenumbilicatus stenumbilicatus</i> Kullm.						x	x	?					
<i>Muensteroceras hispanicum</i> Delépine			x										
<i>M. sphaeroidale</i> (McCoy)				x									
<i>Proshumardites delepinei</i> Schindew.													+
<i>Prionoceras</i> ( <i>Irinoceras</i> ) <i>schulzei</i> Kullm.						x							+
<i>Delepinoceras thalassoide</i> (Delépine)											x		+
<i>Tympanoceras getinoi</i> Wagner-Gentis													+
<i>Eoasianites</i> ( <i>E.</i> ) cf. <i>ibericus</i> Kullm.											x		
<i>Eoasianites</i> ( <i>Zephyroceras</i> ) <i>asturicus</i> Kullm.											x	x	
<i>E. cadiconiformis</i> Wagner-Gentis													+
<i>Kazakhoceras hawkinsi</i> (Moore)											x		
<i>Merocanites subhenslowi</i> Wagner-Gentis			x	x									
<i>Katacanites quadratoides</i> Kullm.						x	x						
<i>Metacanites primitivus</i> Kullm.						x							
<i>Praedaraelites culmiensis</i> (Kobold)							x						
<i>Stenopronorites uralensis</i> (Karpinsky)													+
<i>S. arkansensis</i> (Smith)													+
<i>Orthoceras</i> sp.		x		x				x					x
BRACHIOPODA													
Spiriferidina							x						x
<i>Crurithyris</i> e.g. <i>urii</i> (Fleming)				x									
Chonetidina													
<i>Rugosochonetes laguessianus laguessianus</i> (de Koninck)		x	x	x									

<sup>3</sup> The trilobites have been identified by Dr. G. Hahn (pers. com.).

<sup>4</sup> The corals have been identified by Dr. G. E. de Groot (pers. com.).

<sup>5</sup> The cephalopods have been identified by Dr. J. Kullmann (1962, 1963; pers. com.). The fossils from literature (Wagner-Gentis, 1963) are marked with a plus sign.





## BRACHIOPODA

<i>Spiriferidina</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
<i>Rhynchonellidae</i>																	
<i>Rhynchopora nikitini</i> Tschern.																	
<i>Productidina</i>																	
<i>Plicatifera cf. plicatilis</i> (Sow.)																	
<i>Productina pectinoides</i> (Phill.)																	
<i>Avonia (Quastanonia) aculeata</i> (Sow.)							x										
<i>Krotovia spinulosa</i> (Sow.)																	
<i>Alitaria frechi</i> (Paeck.)																	
<i>Eomarginifera praecursor</i> (M.-W.)																	
<i>E. setosa</i> (Phill.)																	
<i>Productus carbonarius</i> de Kon.																	
<i>P. concinnus</i> Sow.																	
<i>Echinoconchus punctatus</i> (Sow.)																	
<i>E. defensus</i> (Thomas)																	
<i>E. elegans</i> (McCoy)																	
<i>E. venustus</i> (Thomas)																	
<i>Dicylostus? inflatiformis</i> Ivanov																	
<i>Antiquatonia costata</i> (Sow.)																	
<i>A. khiminkovi</i> Sar.																	
<i>A. insculpta</i> (M.-W.)																	
<i>Chaotella gruenevaldii</i> (Krotov)																	
<i>Reticulatia huacoensis</i> (King)																	
<i>R. moelleri</i> (Stuck.)																	
<i>Linoproductus continentalis</i> (Tornquist)																	
<i>Fluctuaria undata</i> (Defrance)																	
<i>Ovatia ovata</i> (Hall)																	

\*) The algae have been identified by Dr. L. Rácz (pers. com., 1964) and Mr. G. J. P. Gierms (pers. com.).



Table VI Bashkirian Productidina and Chonetidina.<sup>1)</sup>

	Formations:	Esc.	Mudá	S.M.	S.E.	Per.		Cer.	Vis.	Nam. Westf.		Mosc.		Desm.
						A	B			C	L.	U.		
<i>Plicatifera</i> cf. <i>plicatilis</i> (Sow.)	35	x							x					
<i>Productina pectinoides</i> (Phill.)	x								x					
<i>Avonia (Quastavonia) aculeata</i> (Sow.)	x	x	x						x					
<i>Krotovia spinulosa</i> (Sow.)	x	x							x					
<i>K. granulosa</i> (Phill.)									x					
<i>Alitaria frechi</i> (Paeck.)									x					
<i>A. nasuta</i> (Paeck.)									x					
<i>Euomarginifera lobata</i> (Sow.)	x	x							x					
<i>E. praecursor</i> (M.-W.)	x	x							x					
<i>E. setosa</i> (Phill.)	x	x							x					
<i>Productus carbonarius</i> de Kon.	x	x							x					
<i>P. concinnus</i> Sow.	x		x						x					
<i>Echinoconchus punctatus</i> (Sow.)	x	x							x					
<i>E. defensus</i> (Thomas)	x	x							x					
<i>E. elegans</i> (McCoy)	x	x							x					
<i>E. venustus</i> (Thomas)	x	x							x					
<i>Karavankina wagneri</i> sp. nov.									x					
<i>Dicyoclostus? inflatiformis</i> Ivanov	x	x							x					
<i>Antiquatonia costata</i> (Sow.)	?	x							x					
<i>A. hindi</i> (M.-W.)	?	x							x					
<i>A. insculpta</i> (M.-W.)	x	x							x					
<i>A. khimenkovi</i> Sar.	x	x							x					
<i>Chaoiella gruenewaldti</i> (Krotow)	x	x							x					
<i>Reticularia</i> cf. <i>huocoensis</i> (King)	x	x							x					
<i>R. moelleri</i> (Stuck.)	x	x							x					
<i>Linoproductus continentalis</i> (Tornquist)	x	x							x					
<i>Fluctuaria undata</i> (DeFrance)	x	x							x					
<i>Ovatia ovata</i> (Hall)	x	x							x					
<i>Proboscidella proboscidea</i> (de Vern.)	x	x							x					
<i>Chonetinella flemingi crassiradiata</i> (D. & C.)									x					
<i>Neochonetes acanthophorus</i> (Girty)									x					

<sup>1)</sup> Esc. = Escapa Fm.

S.M. = Santa Maria Fm.

S.E. = San Emiliano Fm.

Per. = Perapertú Fm.: A = lower part, B = upper part.

Vis. = Viséan, Nam. = Namurian, Mosc. = Moscovian, Desm. = Desmoinesian. With Westf. C are the occurrences in the marine bands of a Westfalian B/C age and in the Westfalian C deposits of Hungary indicated.

Table VII Lower Moscovian Productidina and Chonetidina. <sup>2)</sup>

	Formations:										
	La Cam.	Cur.	Lena	Escalada	Pando	Vis. Nam.	Westf.	Mosc.	Kasim.	Desm.	
Members:	T. 10							A. C. L. U.			
<i>Avonia (Quasavonia) echidniformis</i> (Chao)			×	×	×			×			
<i>Kozlouskia aberbaidensis</i> (Ramsbottom)					×		×				
<i>K. pusilla</i> (Schellwien)			×		×			×			
<i>Productus carbonarius</i> de Kon.		×			×	×	×				
<i>Echinaria</i> e.g. <i>semipunctata knighti</i> (D. & C.)		×		×	×					×	
<i>Leipusula breimeri</i> sp. nov.				×	×				×		
<i>Juresania juresanensis</i> (Tschern.)			×					×	×		
<i>Karavankina dobsinensis</i> (Rakusz)					×		×				
<i>K. rakuzi</i> sp. nov.			×	×	×						
<i>K. wagneri</i> sp. nov.		×						?			
<i>Dicyoclostus? aegiranus</i> (B. & F.)		×		×	×				×		
<i>Antiquatonia hindi</i> (M.-W.)	×				×	×					
<i>A. khimenkovi</i> Sar.				×		×					
<i>A. gallatinensis</i> (Girty)					×		×			×	
<i>Chaoviella gruenevaldti</i> (Krotow)			×						×		
<i>Reticulatia huocoensis</i> (King)					×					×	
<i>R. cf. uralica</i> (Tschern.)			×						×		
<i>Linoproductus cora</i> (d'Orb.)			×					×	×	×	
<i>L. latiplanus</i> Ivanov					×					×	
<i>Cancrinella craigmartensis</i> (M.-W.)				×				×			
<i>C. retiformis</i> (M.-W.)	×							×			
<i>Tornquistia diminuta</i> (Demanet)	×							×			
<i>Rugosochonetes acutus</i> (Demanet)	×			×				×			
<i>R. skipseyi</i> (Currie)				×	×			×			
<i>Neochonetes acanthophorus</i> (Girty)			×							×	

<sup>2)</sup> La Cam. = La Camocha Fm.

Cur. = Curavacas Fm.; A = Albas Lst. Mbr., E.V. = El Vez Lst. Mbr.

R. = "Calizas" Mbr. of the Riosa area.

Kasim. = Kasimovian.



Table VIII Upper Moscovian Productida and Chonetidina. <sup>3)</sup>

	Formations:		S.C.	S.C.	V.	?	C	L. U.	Mosc. Kas. Desm.						
	Sama Fm.	Corisa Fm.													
Members:	S.A.	Sot.	Sor.	Mod.	S.C.	Soc.	Cas.	V.	?	Cr. F.	Vis. Nam.	Westf.	Mosc.	Kas.	Desm.
<i>Avonia (Quasiavonia) echidniformis</i> (Chao)						X							X		X
<i>Juresania mosquensis</i> (Ivanov)										X			X		X
<i>J. subpunctata</i> (Nikitin)							X								X
<i>Karavankina praespermica</i> Ramovš										X					?
<i>K. rakuszi</i> sp. nov.												X			
<i>Antiquatonia gallatinensis</i> (Girty)												X			X
<i>Reticulatia</i> cf. <i>uralica</i> (Tschern.)										X					X
<i>Linoproductus cora</i> (d'Orb.)										X					X
<i>Cancrinella craignarkensis</i> (M.-W.)										X					X
<i>Fluctuaria</i> cf. <i>undata</i> (Defrance)													X		
<i>Rugosochonetes acutus</i> (Demanet)										X					
<i>Lissochonetes? obtusus</i> (Schellwien)													X		X
<i>Mesolobus sinuosus</i> (Schellwien)														X	X

<sup>3)</sup> S.A. = San Antonio Mbr., Sot. = Soton Mbr., Sor. = Sorriego Mbr.

Mod. = Modesto Mbr.

S.C. = Sierra Corisa Lst. Mbr., Soc. = Socavón Lst. Mbr.

Cas. = Casavegas Lst. Mbr., V. = Verdiana Lst. Mbr.

## PLATES

PLATE I

- Figs. 1-5. *Chonetipustula plicata* (Sarres, em. Kayser) p. 73  
 Fig. 1. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. WP. 014001,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. W1162, Vega-  
 mián Fm.  
 Fig. 2. Incomplete mould of the exterior of a pedicle valve, WP. 014009,  $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 3. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. WP. 014008,  $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 4. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve showing the pedicle sheath and groove.  
 WP. 014016,  $\times 20$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 5. Detail of a mould of the exterior of a pedicle valve showing the groove and spines.  
 WP. 014009,  $\times 20$ , same loc.  
 Figs. 6-8. *Chonetipustula concentrica* (Sarres, em. Kayser) p. 74  
 Fig. 6. Incomplete mould of the interior of a brachial valve showing the cardinal process and  
 brevisseptum. WP. 014031,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 7. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. Wa. 116502A,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 8. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. WP. 014041,  $\times 3$ , same loc.  
 Figs. 9-12. *Plicatifera* cf. *plicatilis* (Sowerby) p. 75  
 Fig. 9. Decorticated pedicle valve. Br. L 1407,  $\times 1$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr.  
 Fig. 10. Decorticated pedicle valve showing triangular muscle scars. Br. L 1406,  $\times 1$ , same  
 loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.  
 Fig. 11. Incomplete pedicle valve showing row of curved spines along the hinge, postero-  
 ventral view. Br. L 1401,  $\times 1$ , same loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride for a better view  
 of the spines.  
 Fig. 12. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. Br. L 1405,  $\times 1$ , same loc. Uncoated  
 with ammonium chloride.  
 Figs. 13, 14. *Productina pectinoides* (Phillips) p. 75  
 Fig. 13. Decorticated pedicle valve. D.7,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 14. Interior mould of a pedicle valve with some shell remains. D.8,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 14a  
 posterior view; 14b anterior view.  
 Figs. 15-20. *Avonia (Quasiavonia) aculeata* (Sowerby) p. 77  
 Fig. 15. Pedicle valve. D. 1,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 15a posterior view; 15b anterior view.  
 Fig. 16. Pedicle valve. Br. L 1033,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 17. Decorticated interior of a pedicle valve. WP. 16401,  $\times 4$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.  
 Fig. 18. Exterior mould of a brachial valve with some shell remains. Br. L 1055,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$   
 loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr.  
 Fig. 19. Pedicle valve. Br. L 1001,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 20a. Incomplete mould of the interior of a brachial valve with the umbo of the pedicle  
 valve. Br. L 1038A,  $\times 3$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 20b. Incomplete interior of a brachial valve with remains of the trail of the pedicle  
 valve. Br. L 1038B,  $\times 2$ , same loc.  
 Figs. 21, 22. *Avonia (Quasiavonia) echidniformis* (Chao) p. 78  
 Fig. 21. Incomplete mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. Br. M 821,  $\times 2$ , loc. M8, Esca-  
 lada Fm.  
 Fig. 22. Mould of the exterior of a pedicle valve. Br. 1602,  $\times 1$ , loc. 50, Sicra Corisa Mbr.  
 Figs. 23, 24. *Krotovia spinulosa* (Sowerby) p. 79  
 Fig. 23. Incomplete pedicle valve with a part of the brachial valve interior. WP. 13101,  $\times$   
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 10, Valdeteja Mbr.  
 Fig. 24. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. WP 13104,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Figs. 25-30. *Krotovia granulosa* (Phillips) p. 80  
 Fig. 25. Brachial valve interior. Sc. 101,  $\times 1$ , San Emiliano Fm.  
 Fig. 26. Incomplete pedicle valve. Wa. 32301,  $\times 1$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm. 26a ventral view;  
 26b lateral view.  
 Fig. 27. Incomplete pedicle valve. WP. 34903,  $\times 1$ , loc. 24, San Emiliano Fm. 27a ventral  
 view; 27b lateral view.  
 Fig. 28. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. WP. 36501,  $\times 1$ , loc. 30, San Emiliano Fm.  
 Fig. 29. Pedicle valve, posterior view. WP. 33902,  $\times 1$ , loc. 25', San Emiliano Fm.  
 Fig. 30. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. Wa. 32305,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm.

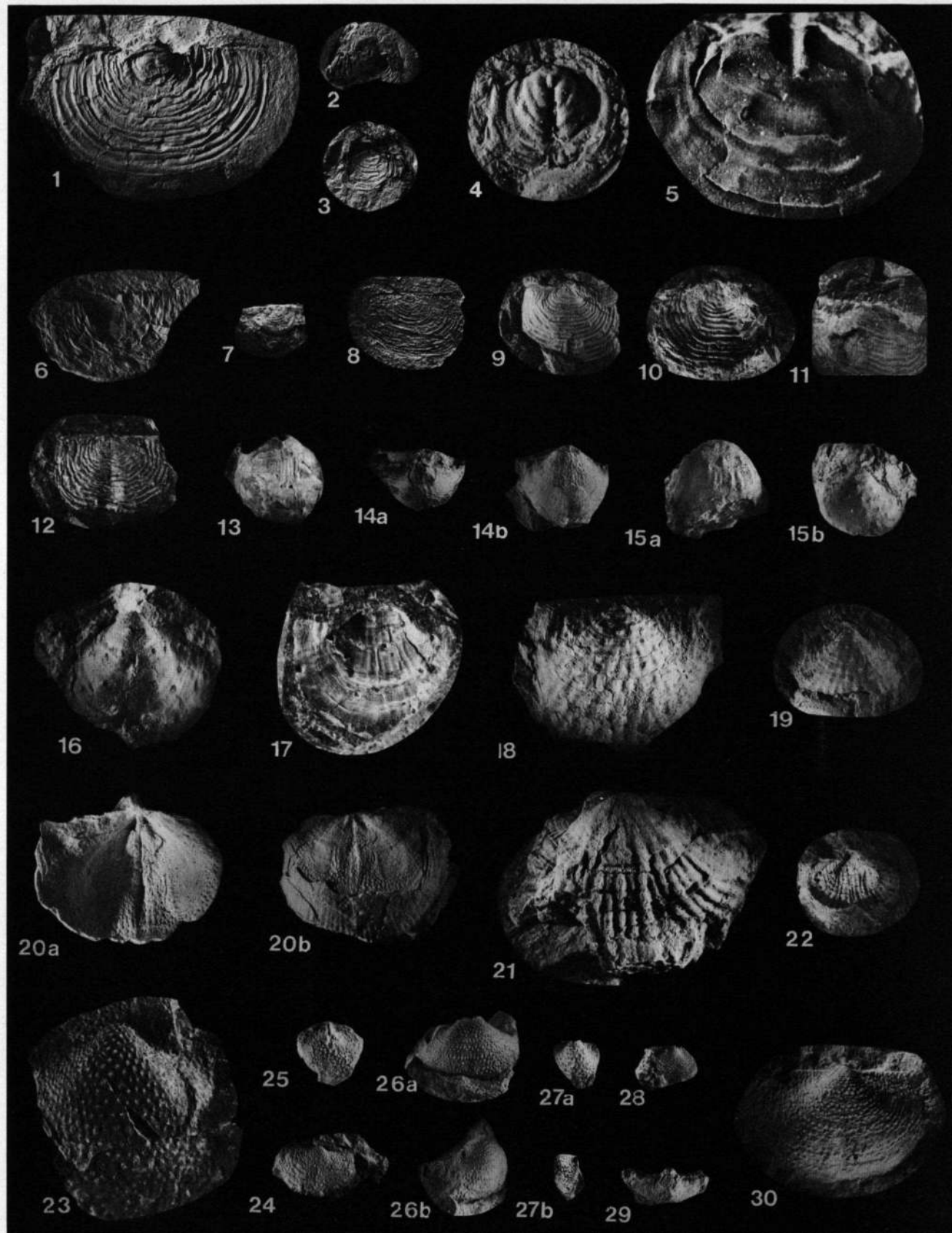


PLATE II

- Figs. 1, 2. *Eomarginifera praecursor* (Muir-Wood) p. 83  
 Fig. 1. Decorticated specimen with a V-shaped antero-median extension. Br. L 1260,  $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr. 1a lateral view of the pedicle valve; 1b anterior view of the pedicle valve; 1c dorsal view showing the brachial valve with a broad marginal rim.  
 Fig. 2. Pedicle valve of a more geniculated specimen, lateral view, D. 13,  $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 3-6. *Eomarginifera lobata* (Sowerby) p. 83  
 Fig. 3. Pedicle valve showing the 8 halteroid spines and several small spines. Sc. 121, loc. 21, San Emiliano Fm. 3a posterior view,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ ; 3b anterior view,  $\times 1$ .  
 Fig. 4. Pedicle valve. WP. 32802,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 5. Pedicle valve. Sc. 123,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 5a posterior view; 5b anterior view.  
 Fig. 6. Pedicle valve with an extremely deep median sulcus. WP. 32801,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 6a anterior view; 6b posterior view.
- Figs. 7, 8. *Eomarginifera setosa* (Phillips) p. 84  
 Fig. 7. Interior of a brachial valve. WP. 14101,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 10', Valdeteja Mbr.  
 Fig. 8. Interior of a brachial valve. WP. 14102,  $\times 2$ , same loc.
- Figs. 9-13. *Alitaria frechi* (Paeckelmann) p. 81  
 Fig. 9. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve with the shell posteriorly preserved. Wa. 32320,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm. 9a posterior view; 9b anterior view.  
 Fig. 10. Decorticated pedicle valve showing the "cincture" on the decorticated part but not on the right-hand side where the shell is preserved. Br. L 1204, loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr. 10a lateral view,  $\times 2$ ; 10b anterior view,  $\times 2$ ; 10c posterior view,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ .  
 Fig. 11. Pedicle valve with a distinct triangular outline showing the two diverging halteroid spines at the hinge and the marginal rim. Br. L 1223,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.  
 Fig. 12. Interior mould of the brachial valve showing the crenulated marginal ridge curving along the interior side of the ears, as well as other internal features. Br. L 1247,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.  
 Fig. 13. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. Br. L 1202,  $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 14-19. *Alitaria nasuta* (Paeckelmann) p. 82  
 Fig. 14. Pedicle valve showing the cincture and the antero-median fold, anterior view. WP. 32862,  $\times 1$ , loc. 21, San Emiliano Fm.  
 Fig. 15. Pedicle valve, WP. 32865,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 16. Pedicle valve, posterior view. WP. 32863,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 17. Pedicle valve, posterior view. WP. 36522,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 18. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. WP. 32866,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 19. Pedicle valve, anterior view, WP. 32864,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Figs. 20, 21. *Kozlowskia aberbaidenensis* (Ramsbottom) p. 85  
 Fig. 20. A transverse specimen. Si. P 825,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm. 20a mould of the interior of the pedicle valve, posterior view; 20b interior mould of the pedicle valve, anterior view; 20c interior mould of the brachial valve showing a rim around the visceral disc.  
 Fig. 21. Mould of the interior of a complete specimen showing the posterior part of the pedicle valve with muscle scars and a long spine on the right and the anterior half of the brachial valve showing prominent brachial ridges and endospines. Si. P 521,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.

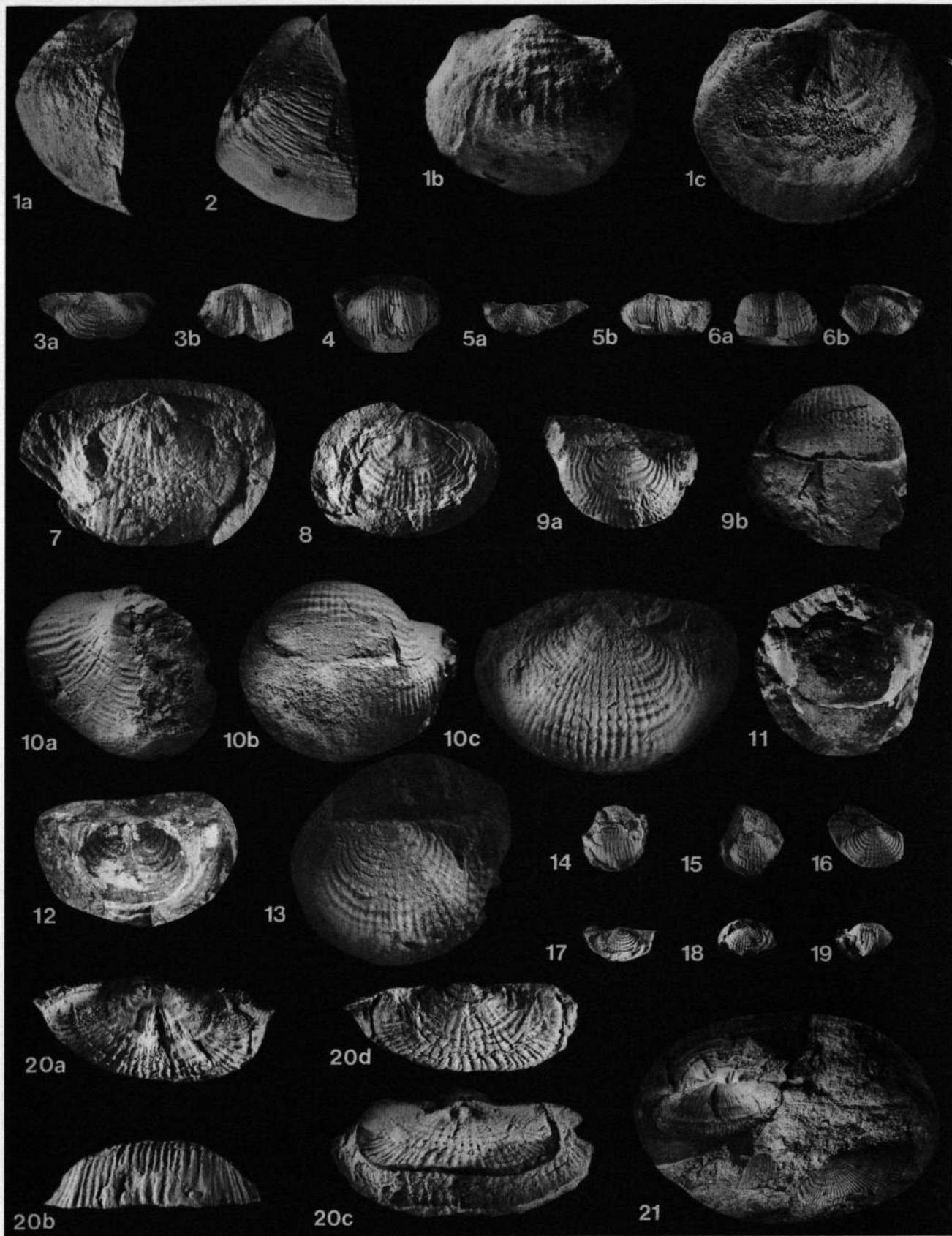


PLATE III

- Figs. 1, 2. *Kozlowskia aberbaidensis* (Ramsbottom) p. 85
- Fig. 1. A sub-quadrate specimen. Si. 1124,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc. 1a mould of the interior of the pedicle valve, posterior view; 1b interior mould of the brachial valve; 1c exterior mould of the brachial valve showing the marginal rim and cardinal process.
- Fig. 2. Mould of the interior of a brachial valve with part of the trail preserved, antero-dorsal view. Si. 1121,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 3-6. *Kozlowskia pusilla* (Schellwien) p. 86
- Fig. 3. Incomplete mould of the interior of a pedicle valve showing the halteroid spines, posterior view. Si. M 101,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 4. Interior mould of a pedicle valve. Si. 1126A,  $\times 2$ , same loc. 4a posterior view; 4b antero-lateral view.
- Fig. 5. Interior mould of a pedicle valve. Si. P 822,  $\times 3$ , same loc.
- Fig. 6. Interior mould of a pedicle valve, posterior view. Si. M 1421,  $\times 3$ , same loc.
- Figs. 7-11. *Productus carbonarius* de Koninck p. 87
- Fig. 7. Pedicle valve. WP. 14406, loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.; 7a posterior view showing the pointed ears with spines,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ ; 7b anterior view,  $\times 2$ .
- Fig. 8. Incomplete pedicle valve, posterior view. WP. 16440,  $\times 4$ , same loc.
- Fig. 9. Incomplete interior of a brachial valve. WP. 16436,  $\times 7$ , same loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.
- Fig. 10. Mould of the interior of a brachial valve. WP. 16434,  $\times 3$ , same loc.
- Fig. 11. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve with the posterior part of the brachial valve interior preserved. WP. 16430,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 12-14. *Echinoconchus punctatus* (Sowerby) p. 89
- Fig. 12. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. D. 17,  $\times 1$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr.
- Fig. 13. Brachial valve. D. 16,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Fig. 14. Detail of a brachial valve showing the spine arrangement. WP. 16411A,  $\times 2$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.
- Figs. 15, 16. *Echinoconchus defensus* (Thomas) p. 90
- Fig. 15. Detail of a pedicle valve. WP. 1201,  $\times 1$ , loc. 17, Valdeteja Mbr.
- Fig. 16. Decorticated pedicle valve. Br. L 1120,  $\times 1$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr. 16a posterior view; 16b lateral view; 16c anterior view.

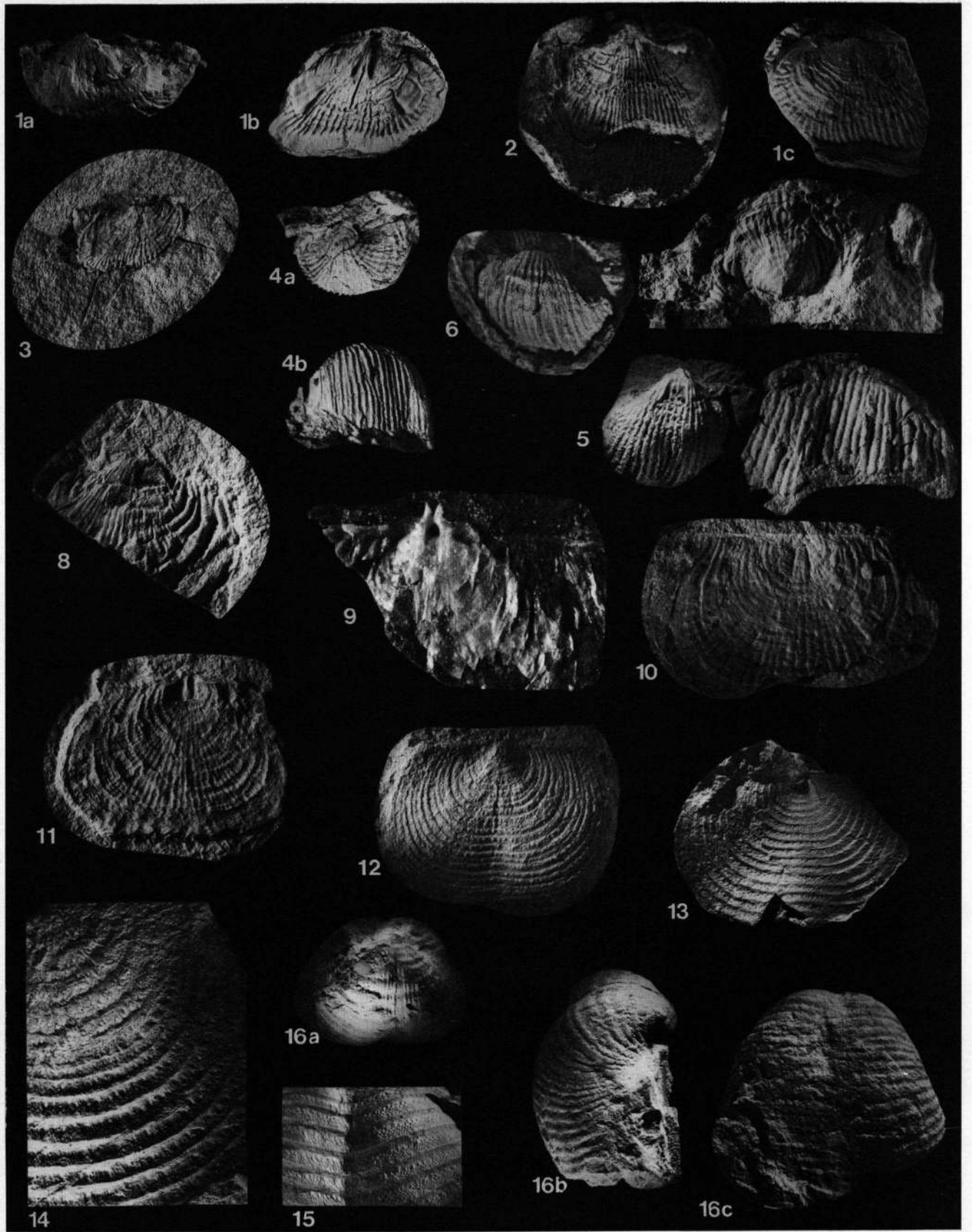




PLATE IV

- Figs. 1-3. *Echinoconchus elegans* (McCoy) p. 90
- Fig. 1. Pedicle valve. D. 21,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc. 1a ventral view; 1b lateral view.
- Fig. 2. Incomplete specimen. Br. L 1131,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 2a lateral view of the pedicle valve; 2b dorsal view showing the brachial valve; 2c ventral view of the pedicle valve.
- Fig. 3. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. Br. L 1004,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 4. *Echinaria* sp. p. 92
- Fragmentary mould of the exterior of the pedicle valve. Br. 1601B,  $\times 1$ , loc. 50, Sierra Corisa Lst. Mbr.
- Figs. 5-7, 9. *Karavankina wagneri* sp. nov. p. 99
- Fig. 5. Pedicle valve. Ka. 7110,  $\times 1$ , loc. 42, Cervera Fm.
- Fig. 6. Incomplete specimen. Holotype, Wa. 32314,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm. Uncoated with ammonium chloride. 6a pedicle valve, ventral view; 6b dorsal view showing the umbo of the pedicle valve and the brachial valve etched with hydrochloric acid to show the internal features; 6c lateral view of the pedicle valve.
- Fig. 7. Incomplete pedicle valve. Wa. 32312,  $\times 1$ , same loc. 7a lateral view; 7b anterior view; 7c posterior view showing an interior mould of the adductor scars.
- Fig. 9. Incomplete brachial valve etched with hydrochloric acid to show the internal features. Wa. 32315,  $\times 10$ , same loc. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.
- Figs. 8, 10. *Karavankina praepermica* Ramovs p. 97
- Fig. 8. Pedicle valve. Wa. 7501,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 46, Verdiana Lst. Mbr. 8a lateral view; 8b ventral view.
- Fig. 10. Pedicle valve, lateral view. Wa. 7505,  $\times 2$ , same loc.
- Figs. 11-16, 18, 20. *Karavankina rakuszi* sp. nov. p. 97
- Fig. 11. Rubber replica of a mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. Br. M 808,  $\times 4$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 12. Incomplete brachial valve. Br. G 102,  $\times 6$ , loc. 48, Casavegas Lst. Mbr.
- Fig. 13. Interior mould of a pedicle valve showing a group of spines around the anterior margin. Br. M 804,  $\times 4$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 14. Brachial valve. 14a interior mould, Br. 1601B,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 50, Sierra Corisa Lst. Mbr.; 14b exterior mould, Br. 1601A,  $\times 2$ , same loc.
- Fig. 15. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve with a group of long slender spines around the anterior margin. Cotype, Br. M 807,  $\times 3$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 16. Incomplete exterior mould of a pedicle valve. Si. P 202.2,  $\times 3$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.
- Fig. 18. Interior mould of a brachial valve. Holotype, Br. M 801,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 20. Mould of the interior of a brachial valve. Br. M 811,  $\times 5$ , same loc.
- Figs. 17, 19. *Karavankina* cf. *dobsinensis* (Rakusz) p. 96
- Fig. 17. Fragmentary mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. Si. P 201,  $\times 4$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.
- Fig. 19. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. Si. P 202. 1,  $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.

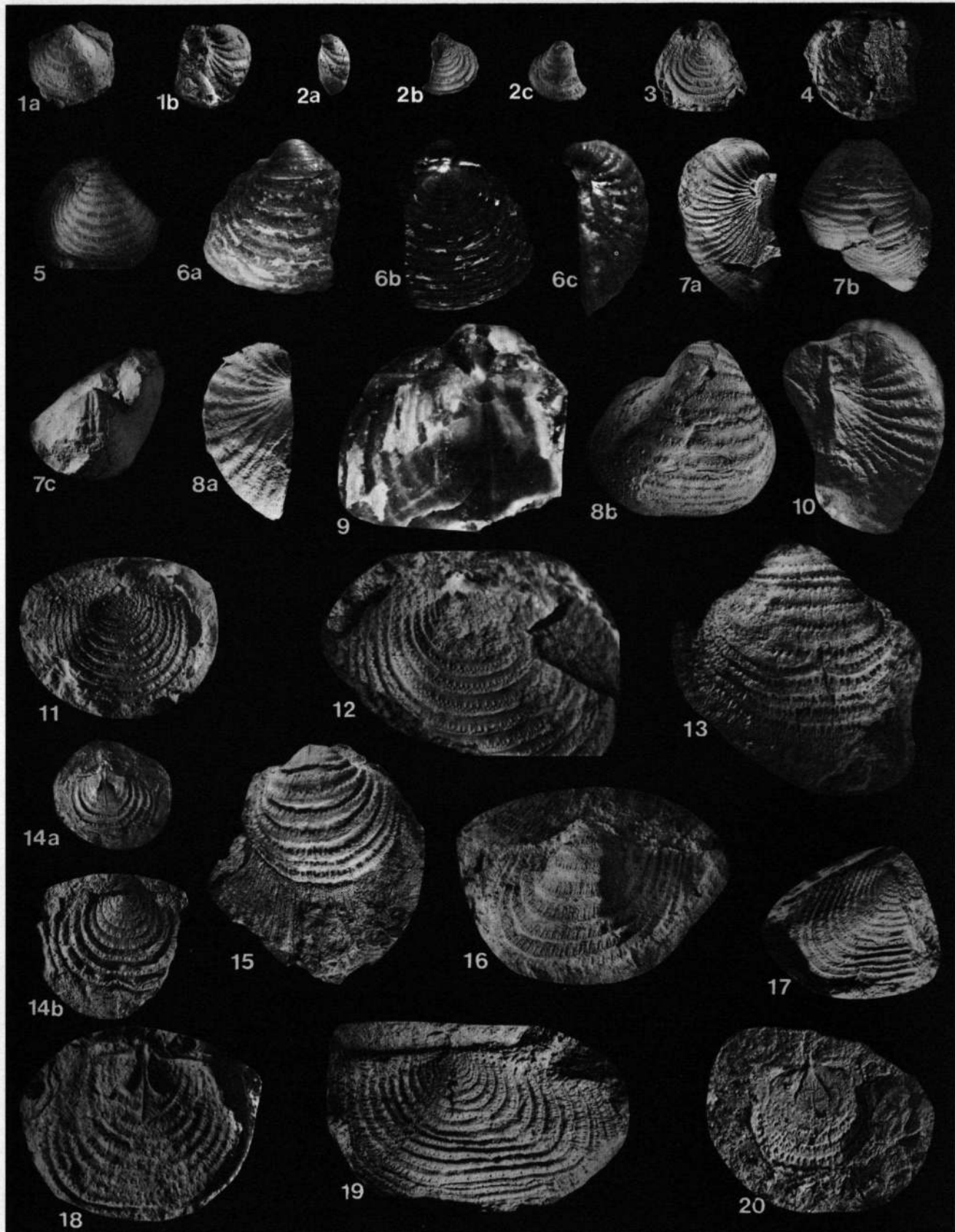


PLATE V

- Figs. 1, 2. *Levipustula breimeri* sp. nov. p. 92
- Fig. 1. Pedicle valve, anterior view. Holotype, Br. M 711,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. M 7, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 2. Interior mould of a pedicle valve, anterior view. Br. M 701,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 3-8. *Juresania juresanensis* (Tschernyschew) p. 93
- Fig. 3. Completely flattened specimen. Bl. Fe. 12, loc. 32, Calizas Inferiores Mbr. 3a pedicle valve with the anterior part of the brachial valve interior,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ ; 3b brachial valve with the umbo of the pedicle valve,  $\times 2$ .
- Fig. 4. Interior of a small brachial valve showing indistinct muscle scars. Bl. Fe 11,  $\times 2$ , same loc.
- Fig. 5. Interior of a large brachial valve with prominent internal features and a short geniculated trail. Bl. Fe 2,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 6. Pedicle valve with spines, anterior view. Bl. Fe 5,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 7. Pedicle valve. Bl. Fe 1,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 8. Pedicle valve with some spines. Bl. Fe 6,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Fig. 9. *Juresania subpunctata* (Nikitin) p. 95
- Specimen dG. 901,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 52, Socavón Lst. Mbr. 9a brachial valve; 9b pedicle valve.
- Fig. 11. *Juresania mosquensis* (Ivanov) p. 94
- Fragmentary pedicle valve. Br. 101,  $\times 1$ , loc. 45, Cristóbal Fm. 11a posterior view; 11b ventral view.
- Fig. 12. *Dictyoclostus? inflatiformis* Ivanov p. 100
- Pedicle valve. Br. L 1535,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr. 12a lateral view; 12b posterior view.
- Fig. 10, 13, 14. *Dictyoclostus? aegiranus* Böger & Fiebig p. 100
- Fig. 10. Brachial valve interior. Br. M 322,  $\times 2$ , loc. M 3, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 13. Mould of a brachial valve exterior. Si. M 323,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.
- Fig. 14. Mould of a pedicle valve exterior. Si. M 322,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.

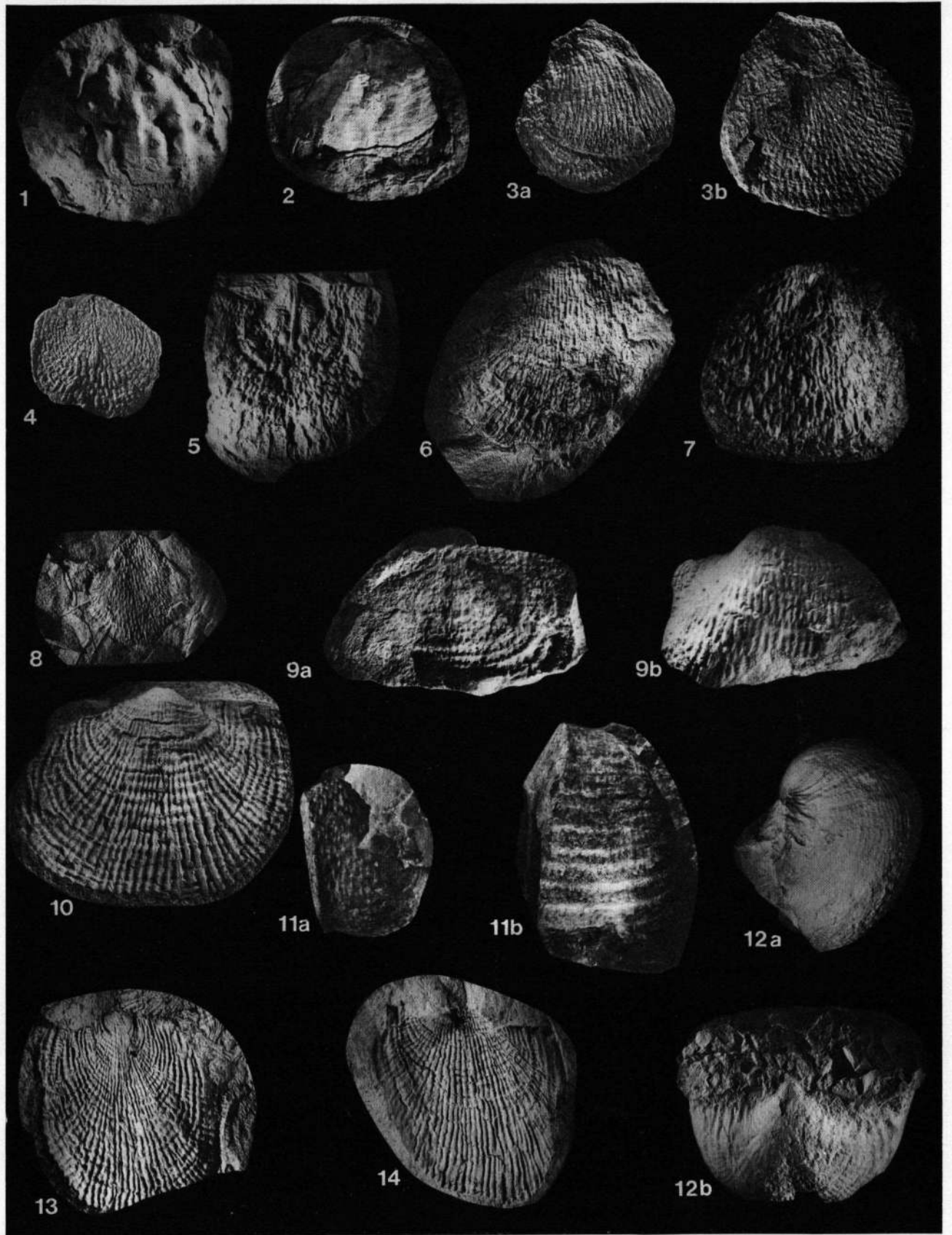


PLATE VI

- Fig. 1. *Antiquatonia costata* (Sowerby) p. 101  
Pedicle valve, anterior view. WP 15445,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.
- Fig. 2, 3. *Antiquatonia hindi* (Muir-Wood) p. 102  
Fig. 2. Incomplete pedicle valve with a distinct preaural ridge preserved on the left side. dG. 501,  $\times 1$ , loc. 50, Perapertú Fm. 2a lateral view; 2b postero-ventral view.  
Fig. 3. Pedicle valve. B1. T 1010,  $\times 1$ , loc. 39, La Camocha Fm.
- Fig. 4-7, 9. *Antiquatonia khimenkovi* Sarycheva p. 103  
Fig. 4. Pedicle valve. Br. L 1501,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , loc. 35, Valdeteja Mbr. 4a posterior view; 4b ventral view; 4c lateral view.  
Fig. 5. Pedicle valve, posterior view. D. 25,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , same loc.  
Fig. 6. Incomplete specimen. D. 26, same loc. 6a brachial valve,  $\times 2$ ; 6b pedicle valve  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ .  
Fig. 7. Mould of the interior of an incomplete specimen. Br. M 830,  $\times 3$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm. 7a brachial valve; 7b pedicle valve.  
Fig. 9. Pedicle valve Br. M 832,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 8, 10. *Antiquatonia insculpta* (Muir-Wood) p. 103  
Fig. 8. Mould of the brachial valve exterior. Br. L 1551, loc. 35,  $\times 2$ , Valdeteja Mbr.  
Fig. 10. Pedicle valve, posterior view. D. 35,  $\times 2$ , same loc.
- Figs. 11-15. *Chaoiella gruenewaldti* (Krotow) p. 104  
Fig. 11. Pedicle valve showing left ear with spines, posterior view. In the upper left-hand corner is a specimen of *Avonia (Quasiavonia) aculeata* (Sow.) WP. 14433,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.  
Fig. 12. Interior of a brachial valve showing brachial ridges, anterior view. Wa. R 10010,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , loc. 38, Lena Fm.  
Fig. 13. Decorticated pedicle valve showing the termination of the costae near the anterior margin, anterior view. WP. 14420,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.  
Fig. 14. Decorticated pedicle valve showing the adductor scars, posterior view. WP. 14421,  $\times 2$ , same loc.  
Fig. 15. Interior of a brachial valve. WP. 14425,  $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ , same loc.



PLATE VII

- Figs. 1, 2. *Chaoiella gruenewaldti* (Krotow) p. 104  
Fig. 1. Pedicle valve showing longitudinal folds below spine bases, anterior view. WP. 14430,  $\times 1$ , same loc.  
Fig. 2. Brachial valve. WP. 14423A,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.
- Figs. 3-6. *Reticulatia huecoensis* (King) p. 105  
Fig. 3. Fragmentary interior of a brachial valve showing the cardinal process (in dorsal view), lateral ridges and median septum. dG. 11,  $\times \frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm.  
Fig. 4. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve and the posterior part of the pedicle valve. Si. P 801,  $\times 1$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.  
Fig. 5. Decorticated interior of a brachial valve showing the external ornamentation. Wa. 32340,  $\times \frac{3}{4}$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm.  
Fig. 6. Brachial valve. Si. 1121, loc. 40, Pando Fm. 6a interior mould,  $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ ; 6b exterior mould,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ .
- Figs. 7, 8. *Reticulatia moelleri* (Stuckenberg) p. 106  
Fig. 7. Interior mould. Br. 1201,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 32, Lena Fm. 7a pedicle valve showing the muscle scars; 7b brachial valve.  
Fig. 8. Incomplete specimen. Br. L 001,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 35?, Valdeteja Mbr.? 8a pedicle valve, posterior view; 8b brachial valve.
- Fig. 9. *Reticulatia cf. uralica* (Tschernyschew) p. 106  
Incomplete specimen. Wa 7511,  $\times 1$ , loc. 46, Verdiana Lst. Mbr. 9a decorticated pedicle valve, posterior view; 9b decorticated interior of the brachial valve (same as in fig. 9a, but with the visceral disc of the pedicle valve removed). †
- Figs. 10-12. *Linoproductus cora* (d'Orbigny) p. 107  
Fig. 10. Pedicle valve. dM. 62181, loc. 34, Lena Fm. 10a lateral view,  $\times 2$ ; 10b ventral view,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ .  
Fig. 11. Interior mould of a pedicle valve. Si. M 100,  $\times 2$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.  
Fig. 12. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. Br. 901,  $\times 2$ , loc. 50, Sierra Corisa Lst. Mbr.

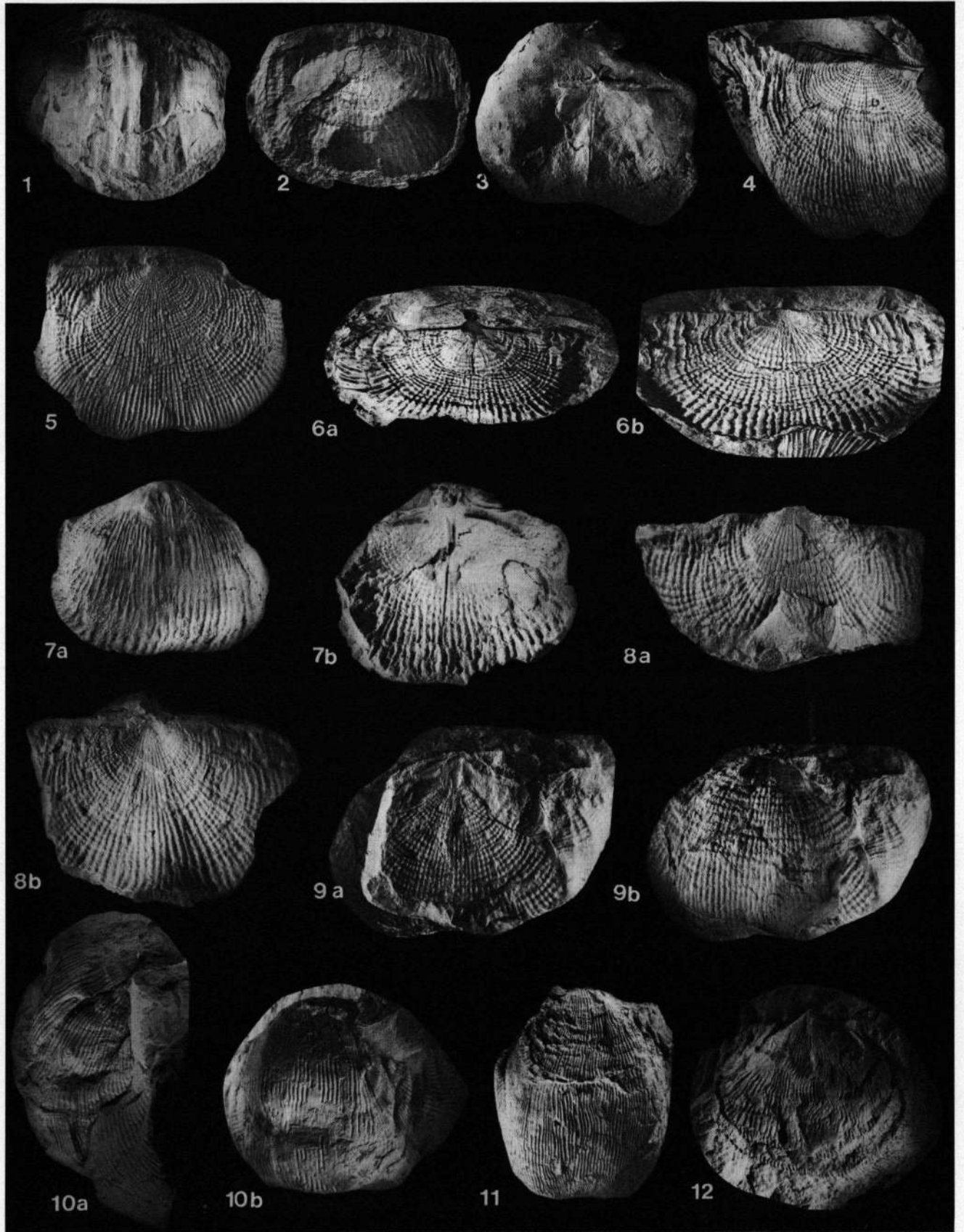




PLATE VIII

- Figs. 1-3. *Linoproductus cora* (d'Orbigny) p. 107
- Fig. 1. Incomplete interior of a brachial valve showing dendritic adductor scars. dM. 62182,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 34, Lena Fm.
- Fig. 2. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. Br. 902,  $\times 2$ , loc. 50, Sierra Corisa Lst. Mbr. 2a posterior view; 2b lateral view.
- Fig. 3. Incomplete interior of a brachial valve with indistinct adductor scars showing a shallow alveolus and endospines at the anterior margin of the visceral disc. Bl. Fe 342,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 36, Soton Mbr.
- Figs. 4-6. *Linoproductus continentalis* (Tornquist) p. 108
- Fig. 4. Incomplete pedicle valve showing irregular costation in the lower left-hand corner. WP. 16453,  $\times 1$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr.
- Fig. 5. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. WP. 16455,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Fig. 6. Incomplete pedicle valve showing numerous small spine bases. WP. 16450,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Figs. 7, 8. *Linoproductus latiplanus* Ivanov p. 108
- Fig. 7. Interior mould of a pedicle valve showing a row of spines on the left ear. Si. M 002,  $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 40, Pando Fm.
- Fig. 8. Exterior mould of a brachial valve. Si. M 001,  $\times 1$ , same loc.
- Fig. 9. *Ovatia ovata* (Hall) p. 110
- Flattened pedicle valve showing row of spine bases along the hinge and irregular costation anteriorly, lateral view. WP 16461,  $\times 2$ , loc. 3, Valdeteja Mbr. Uncoated with ammonium chloride.
- Figs. 10, 11. *Cancrinella craigmarkensis* (Muir-Wood) p. 102
- Fig. 10. Pedicle valve. Bl. Fe 45352,  $\times 4$ , loc. 34, Soton Bajo Mbr.
- Fig. 11. Incomplete pedicle valve. Br. M 711,  $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. M 7, Escalada Fm.
- Fig. 12. *Fluctuaria undata* (Defrance) p. 110
- Pedicle valve. Ra. 17,  $\times 1$ , loc. 10?, Valdeteja Mbr. 12a posterior view; 12b antero-lateral view.
- Fig. 13. *Proboscidea proboscidea* (de Verneuil) p. 111
- Incomplete specimen. dG. 511,  $\times 2$ , loc. 54, Perapertú Fm. 13a pedicle valve, lateral view; 13b postero-ventral view showing the pedicle valve and anterior part of the brachial valve.
- Fig. 14. *Proboscidea* sp. p. 111
- Pedicle valve. Ka. 7142,  $\times 1$ , loc. 42, Cervera Fm.

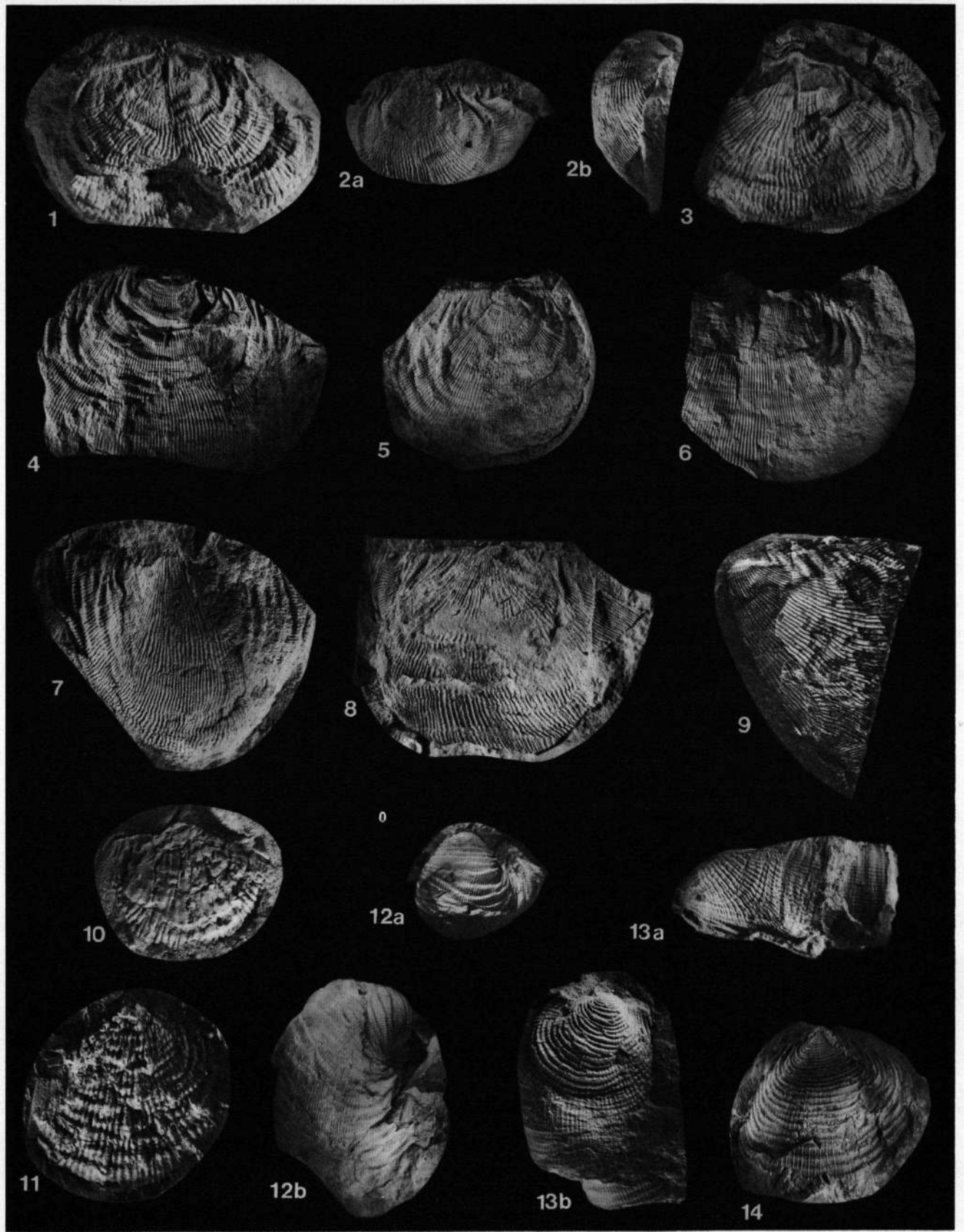
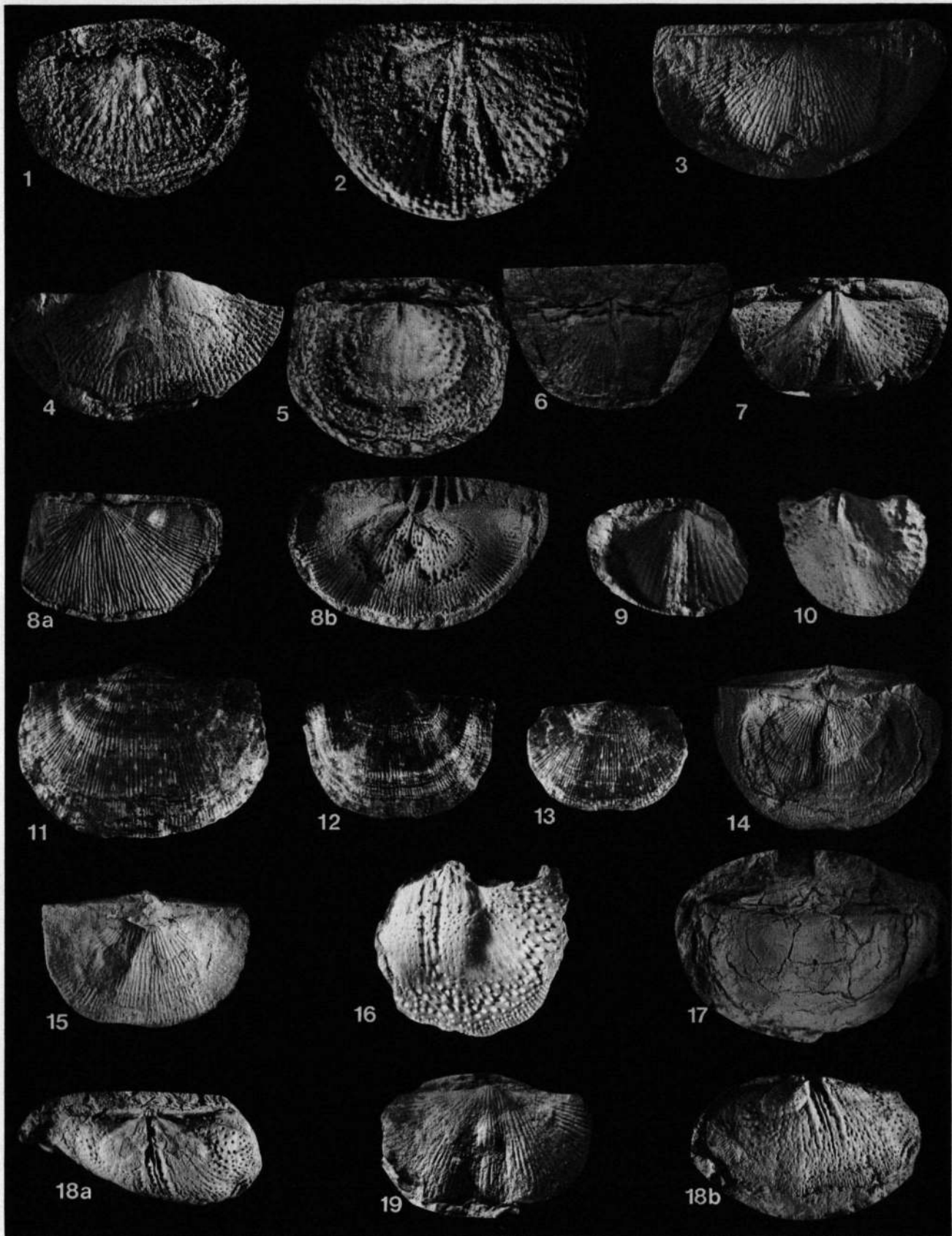
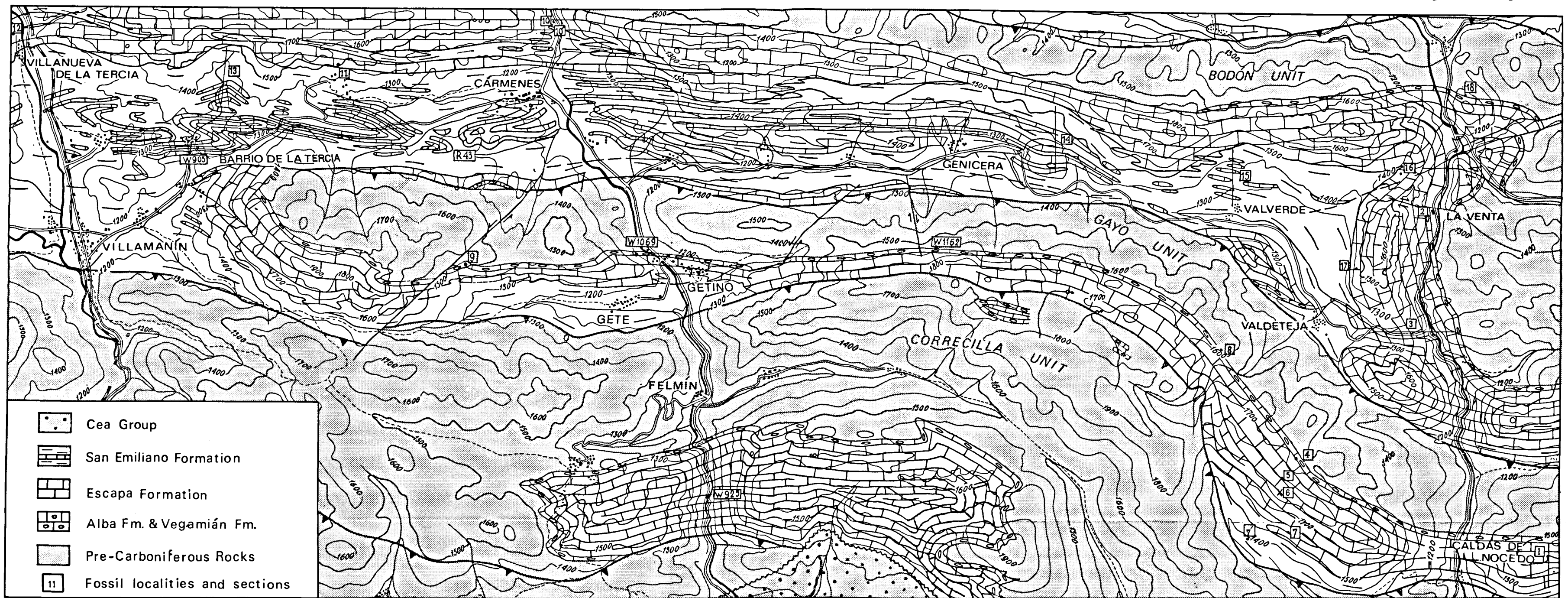


PLATE IX

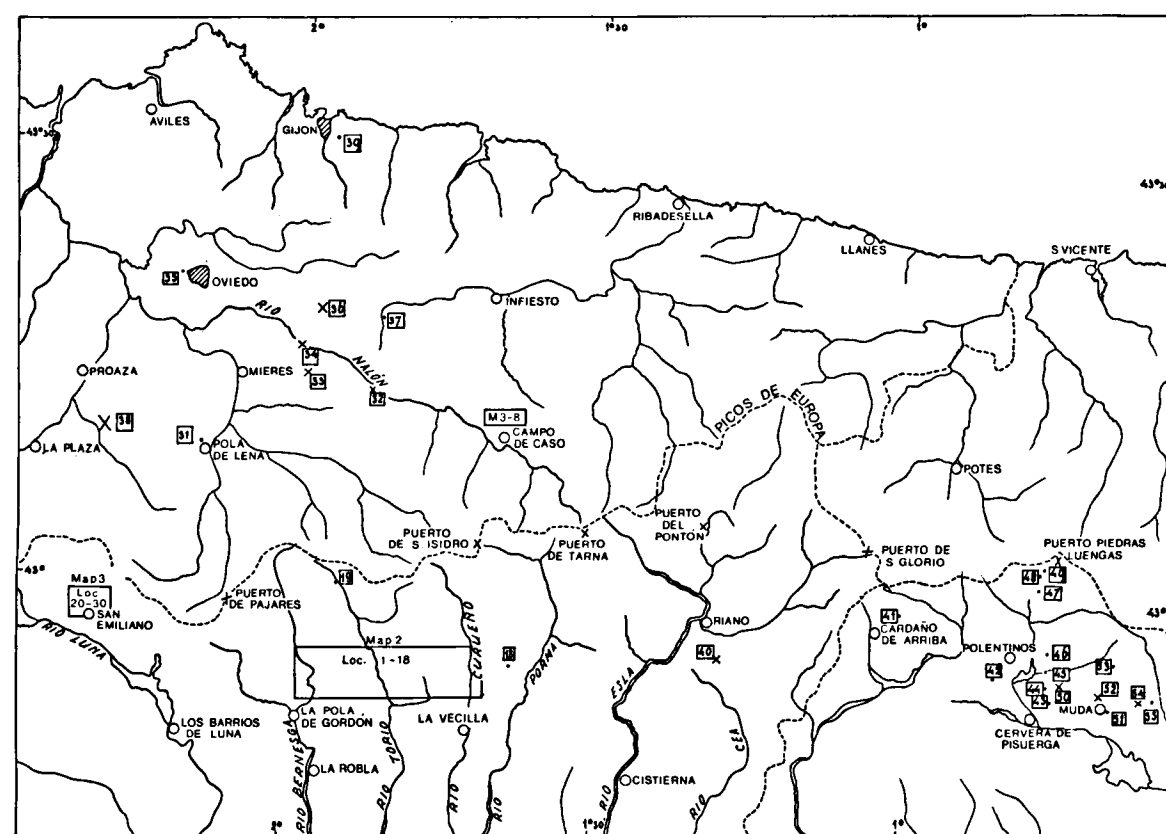
- Figs. 1, 2. *Plicochonetes waldschmidtii* Paeckelmann p. 118  
 Fig. 1. Mould of the interior of a pedicle valve. WP. 014250,  $\times 20$ , loc. W 1162, Vegamián Fm.  
 Fig. 2. Interior mould of a brachial valve showing the large diverging septa, alveolus and socket ridges. WP. 014230,  $\times 20$ , same loc.
- Figs. 3, 4. *Plicochonetes kayserianus* Gallwitz p. 117  
 Fig. 3. Mould of the exterior of a brachial valve. WP. 014263,  $\times 5$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 4. Mould of the exterior of a pedicle valve with the exterior mould of a small brachial valve of *P. waldschmidtii* adhering. WP. 014272,  $\times 5$ , same loc.
- Fig. 5. *Rugosochonetes laguessianus angustus* (Paeckelmann) p. 115  
 Interior mould of a pedicle valve. WP. 014305,  $\times 12\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 6, 7. *Rugosochonetes skipseyi* (Currie) p. 115  
 Fig. 6. Mould of a brachial valve exterior and a small part of the pedicle valve interior showing a row of spines along the hinge. Br. M 857,  $\times 5$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.  
 Fig. 7. Interior mould of a pedicle valve showing the median septum and the spine canals in the area. The median sulcus is shown exaggerated. Bl. 49230,  $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 37, Calizas Inferiores Mbr.
- Fig. 8. *Rugosochonetes acutus* (Demanet) p. 114  
 8a Incomplete exterior mould of a brachial valve. Br. M 851B,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. M 8, Escalada Fm.;  
 8b Interior mould of the same brachial valve. Br. M 851A, idem.
- Figs. 9, 10. *Chonetinella flemingi crassiradiata* (Dunbar & Condra) p. 119  
 Fig. 9. Incomplete pedicle valve. WP. 33301,  $\times 7$ , loc. 28, San Emiliano Fm.  
 Fig. 10. Incomplete interior mould of a pedicle valve. WP. 33850,  $\times 6\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 20, San Emiliano Fm.
- Figs. 11-16, 18. *Neochonetes acanthophorus* (Girty) p. 119  
 Fig. 11. Pedicle valve. WP. 33808,  $\times 2\frac{3}{4}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 12. Pedicle valve. WP. 33806,  $\times 2\frac{3}{4}$ , same loc.  
 Fig. 13. Pedicle valve. WP. 33803,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , same loc.  
 Figures 11-13 are not whitened with ammonium chloride to show the lamellose surface and the spinule apertures as white bands and spots, respectively.
- Fig. 14. Brachial valve and interarea of the pedicle valve showing the reflexed interarea and the cardinal process. WP. 33817,  $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ , same loc.
- Fig. 15. Brachial valve showing spinule apertures. Note also the crushing of the brachial valves in this and the foregoing figure. WP. 33805,  $\times 3$ , same loc.
- Fig. 16. Interior of a fragmentary pedicle valve showing the papillae, the median septum and the vascular trunks. WP. 33840,  $\times 3$ , same loc.
- Fig. 18. Interior mould of a pedicle valve. Wa. R 97,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , Lena Fm. 18a posterior view; 18b anterior view.
- Fig. 17. *Lissochonetes? obtusus* (Schellwien) p. 116  
 Decorticated interior of a brachial valve showing the socket ridges, the teeth of the pedicle valve and a weak radial lineation of the surface. Wa. 7529,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , loc. 46, Verdiana Lst. Mbr.
- Fig. 19. *Mesolobus sinuosus* (Schellwien) p. 116  
 Pedicle valve. Br. 2101,  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ , unknown loc., probably Cristobál Fm. or else Corisa Fm.





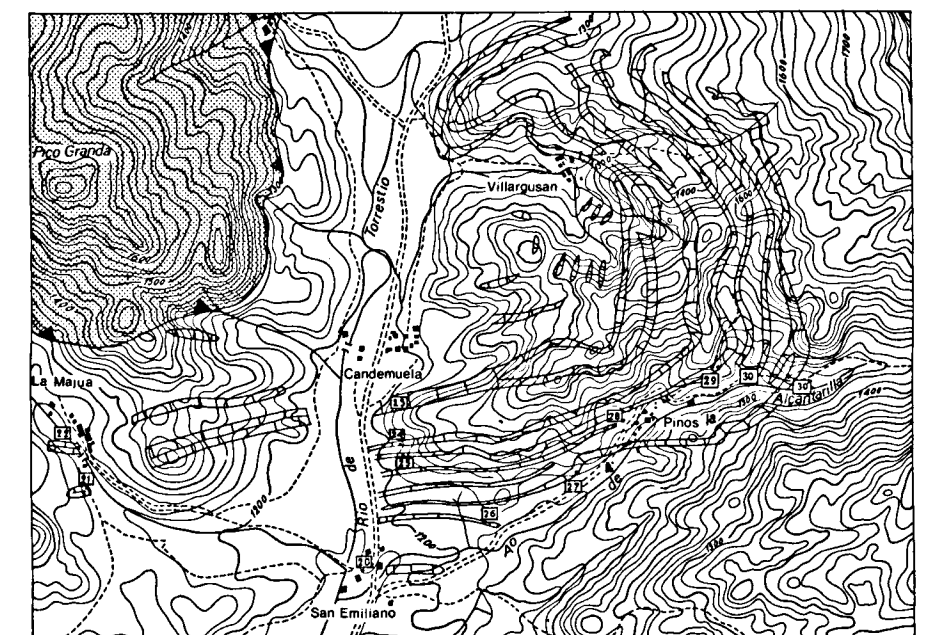
Map 2. Part of the Bernesga - Torío - Curueña - Porma Sheet prepared by H. J. Evers (1966)

Scale 1 : 50.000



Map 1. Locality map prepared from the Firestone Map

Scale 1 : 1.000.000



Map 3. San Emiliano Region

Scale 1 : 50.000