CORRECTION



Correction to: Efficacy and safety of stress ulcer prophylaxis in critically ill patients: a network meta-analysis of randomized trials

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Owing to an oversight by the authors, all the figures in the last column of Table 2 (upper section: Number needed to treat; lower section: Number needed to harm) in this article were given without the final digit 0 and are thus 10 times too small.

The corrected Table 2 is shown here.

The authors regret any inconvenience caused.

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Clinically important GI bleeding		
Comparison	RD per 1000 patients (95% CI) for ACR 2.1 for placebo% ^a	Number needed to treat
H2RA vs placebo	8 fewer per 1000 (6 more to 14 fewer)	130
PPI vs H2RA	8 fewer per 1000 (from 4 fewer to 10 fewer)	130
H2RA vs sucralfate	3 fewer per 1000 (from 7 more to 9 fewer)	330
PPI vs placebo	16 fewer per 1000 (from 8 fewer to 19 fewer)	60
Sucralfate vs placebo	4 fewer per 1000 (from 13 fewer to 15 more)	250
PPI vs sucralfate	12 fewer per 1000 (from 6 fewer to 15 fewer)	80
Pneumonia outcome		
Comparison	RD per 1000 patients (95% Cl) for ACR 6% in placebo ^b	Number needed to harm
H2RA vs placebo	11 more per 1000 (from 12 fewer to 42 more)	90
PPI vs H2RA	19 more per 1000 (from 3 fewer to 48 more)	50
H2RA vs sucralfate	17 more per 1000 (from 4 more to 32 more)	50
PPI vs placebo	31 more per 1000 (from 3 fewer to 85 more)	30
Placebo vs sucralfate	5 more per 1000 (from 15 fewer to 36 more)	200
PPI vs sucralfate	36 more per 1000 (from 11 more to 70 more)	30

Table 2 Absolute treatment effect for clinically important bleeding and pneumonia outcomes

RD risk difference, ACR assumed control event rate, H2RA histamine-2 receptor antagonists, PPI proton pump inhibitor, GI gastrointestinal

^a The median event rate of clinically important bleeding across all trials in placebo arm was 2.1%

^b The median event rate of pneumonia across all trials in placebo arm was 6%

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