

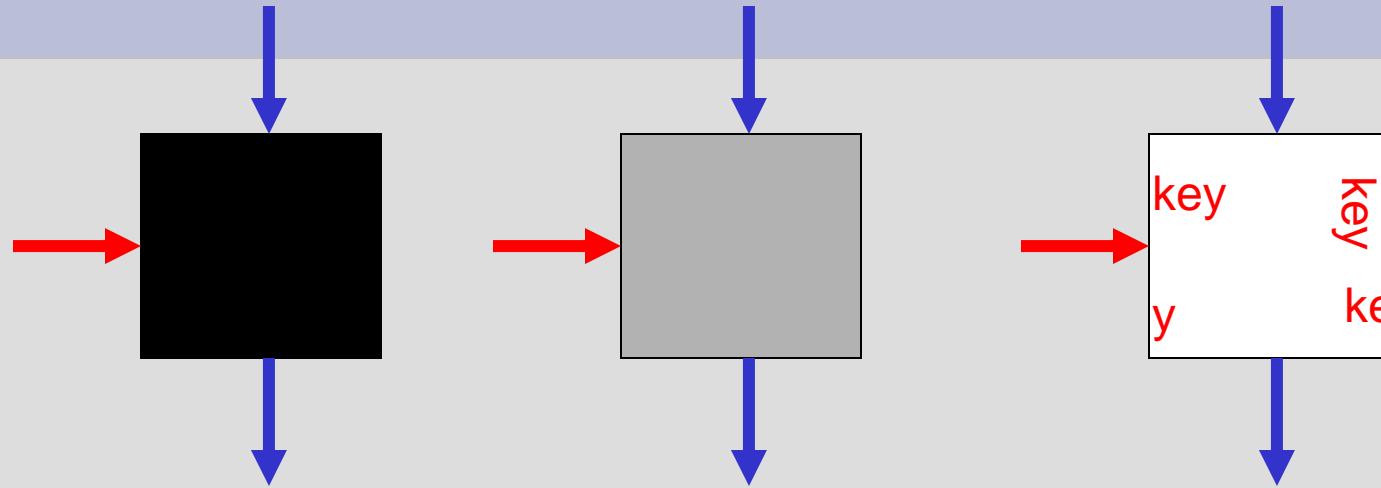
Cryptanalysis of White-Box DES Implementations **with** **Arbitrary External Encodings**

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COSIC – K.U.Leuven and Philips Research

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White-Box Attack Context



- Software running on host
- Dynamic execution can be observed
- Internal details both completely visible and alterable at will

Attacker's goal: extract the embedded **secret key**

State-of-the-art

WB DES

Chow et al. 2002

WB AES

Chow et al. 2002

Naked variant

Encoded variant

Fault injection attack

Jacob et al. 2002

Statistical attack

Link et al. 2005

Condensed impl.

Wyseur et al. 2005

Improved variant

Cryptanalysis

Billet et al. 2004

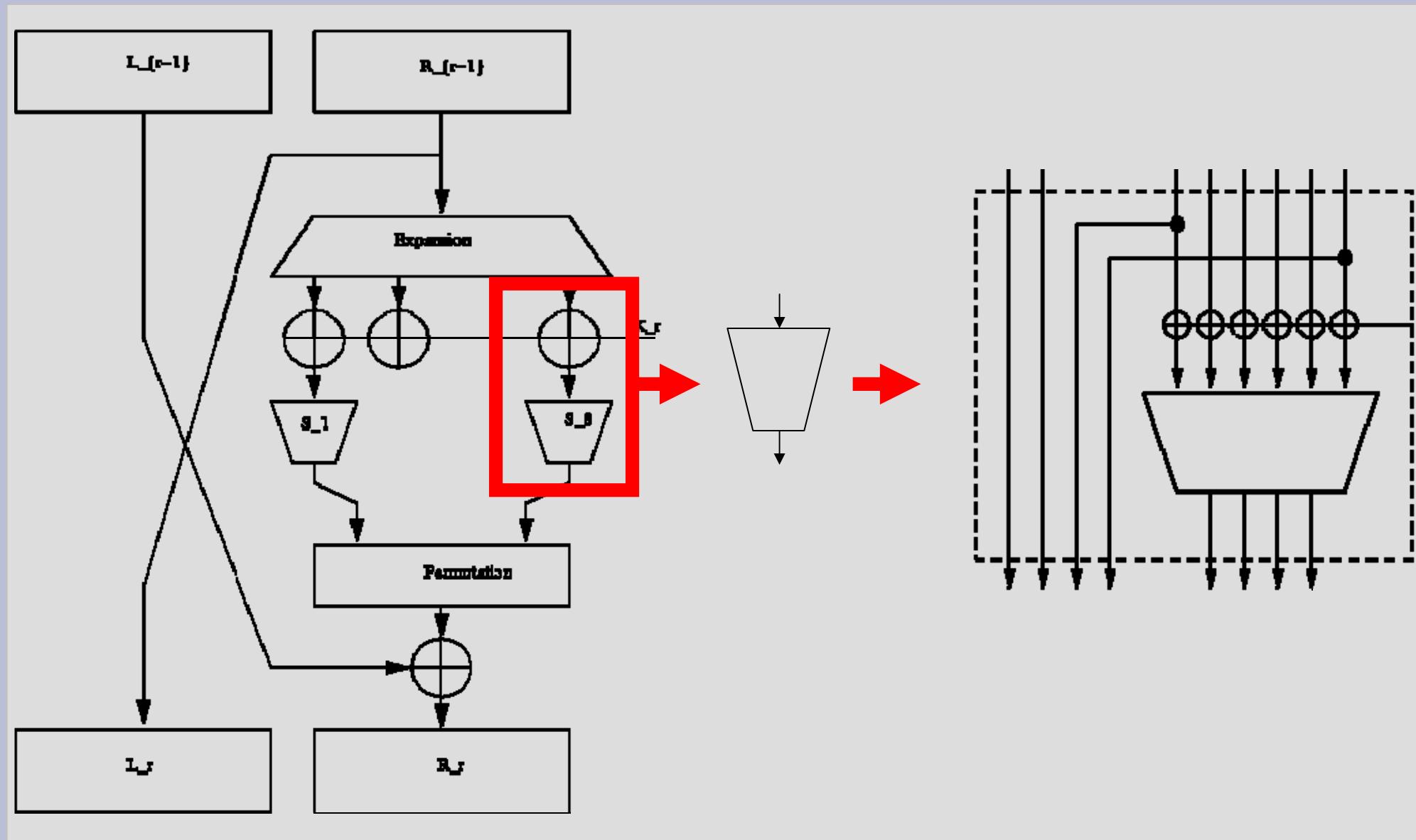
Cryptanalysis

Goubin et al. 2007

Cryptanalysis

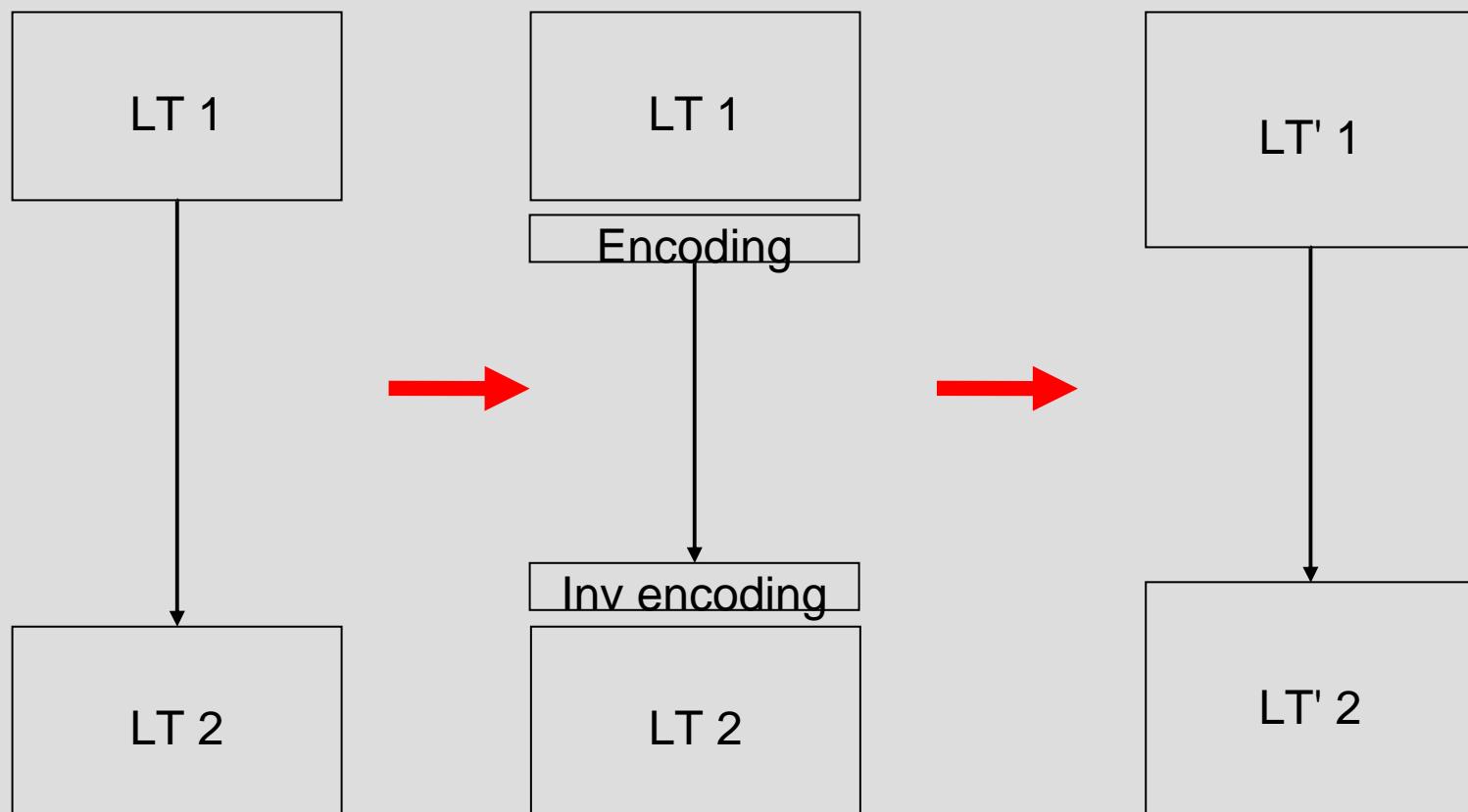
Wyseur et al. 2007

White-box transformation

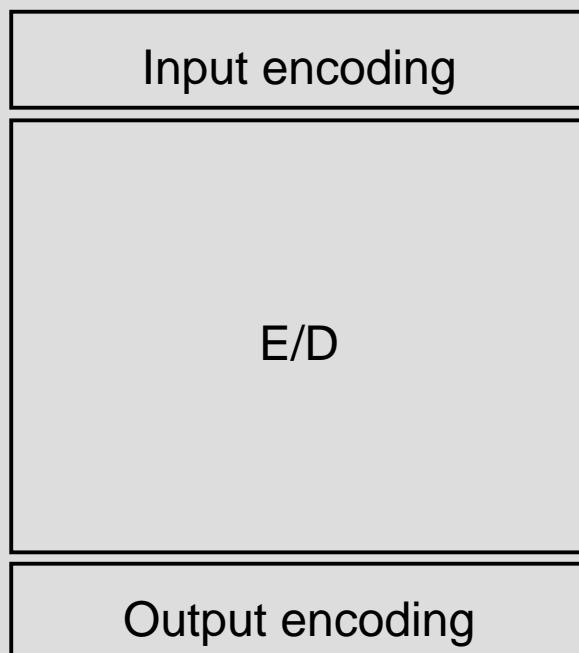


White-box transformations

- Internal encodings



White-box transformations

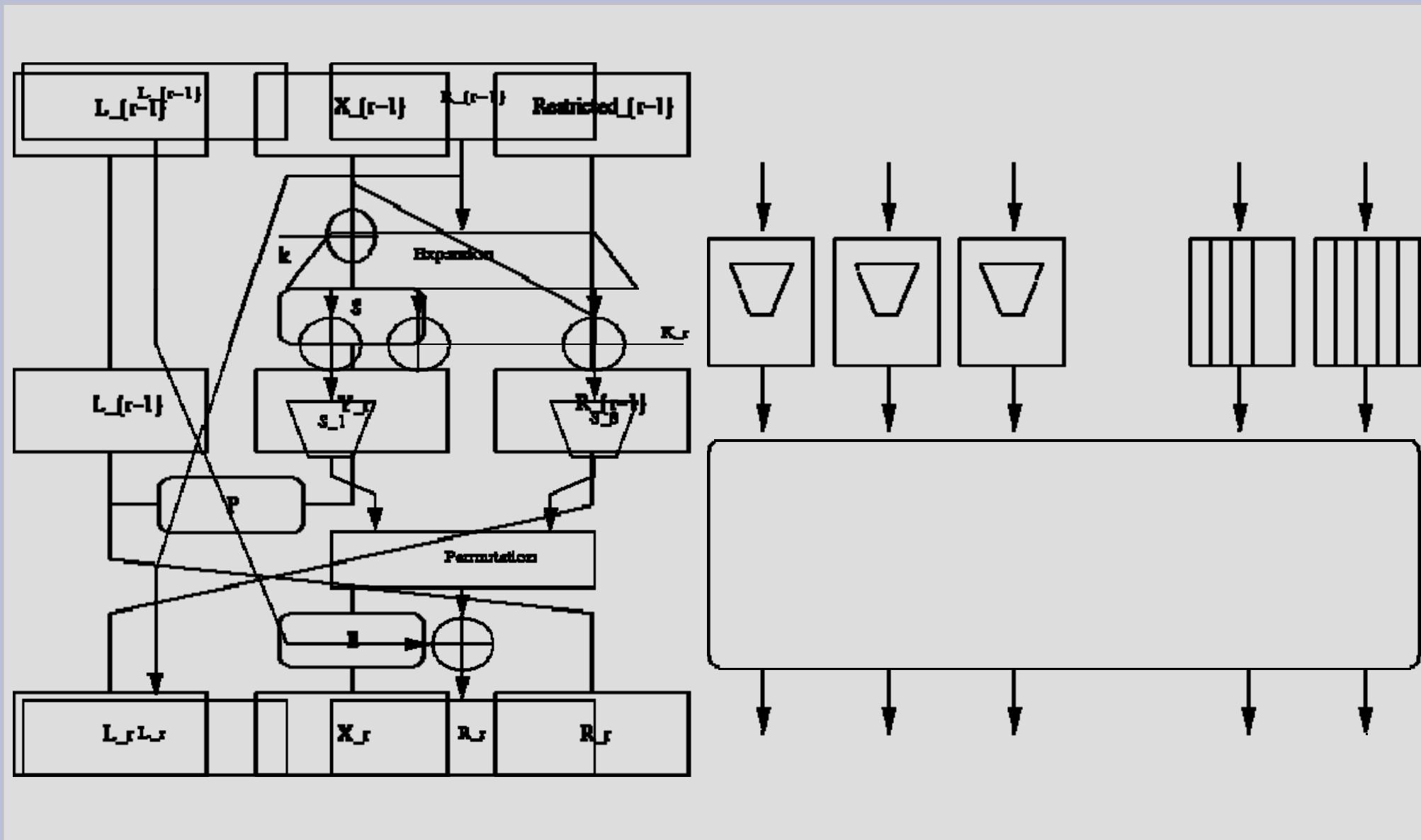


External encodings

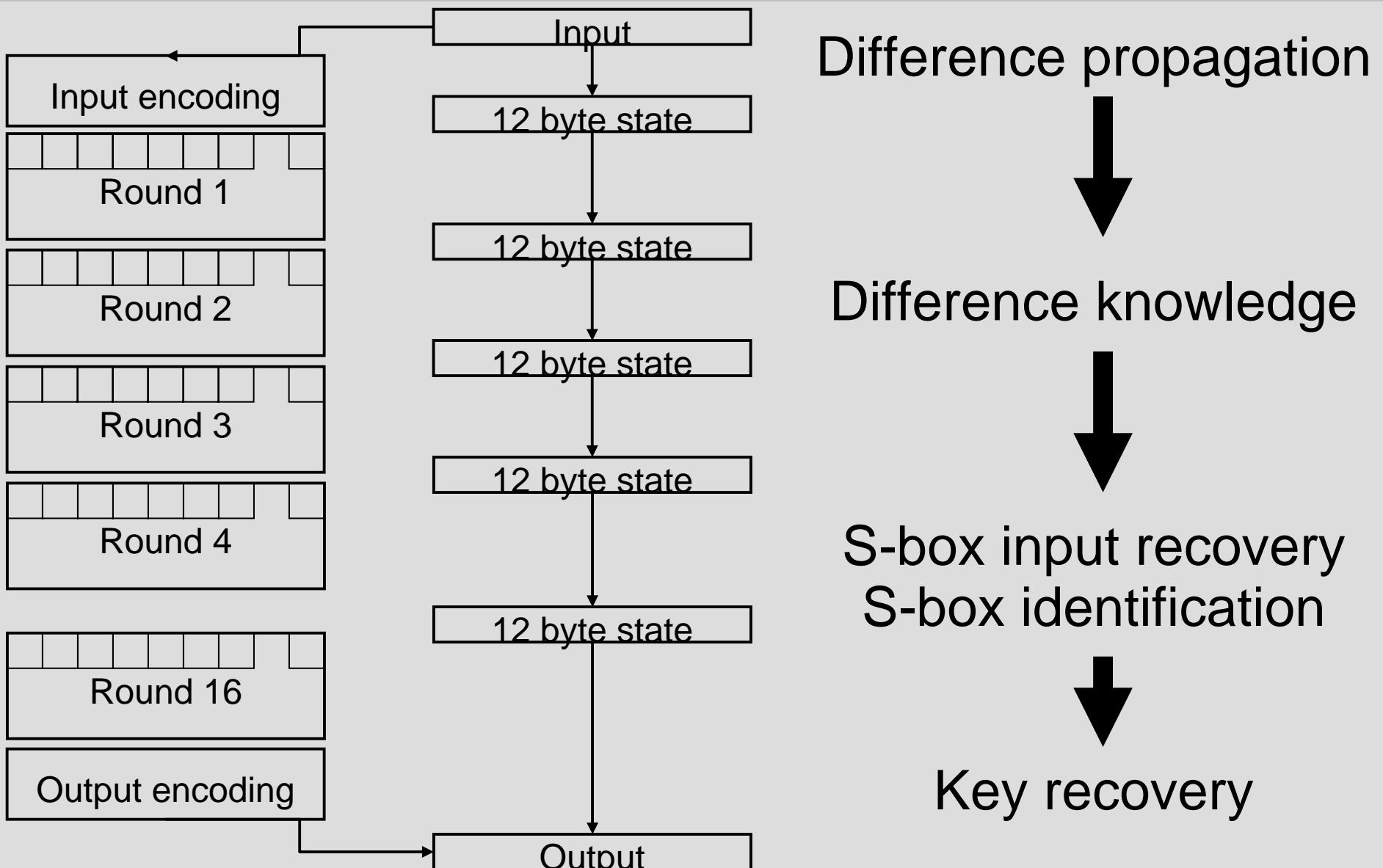
- Protection against implementation extraction
- Protection against first and last round attacks

“Encoded variant”

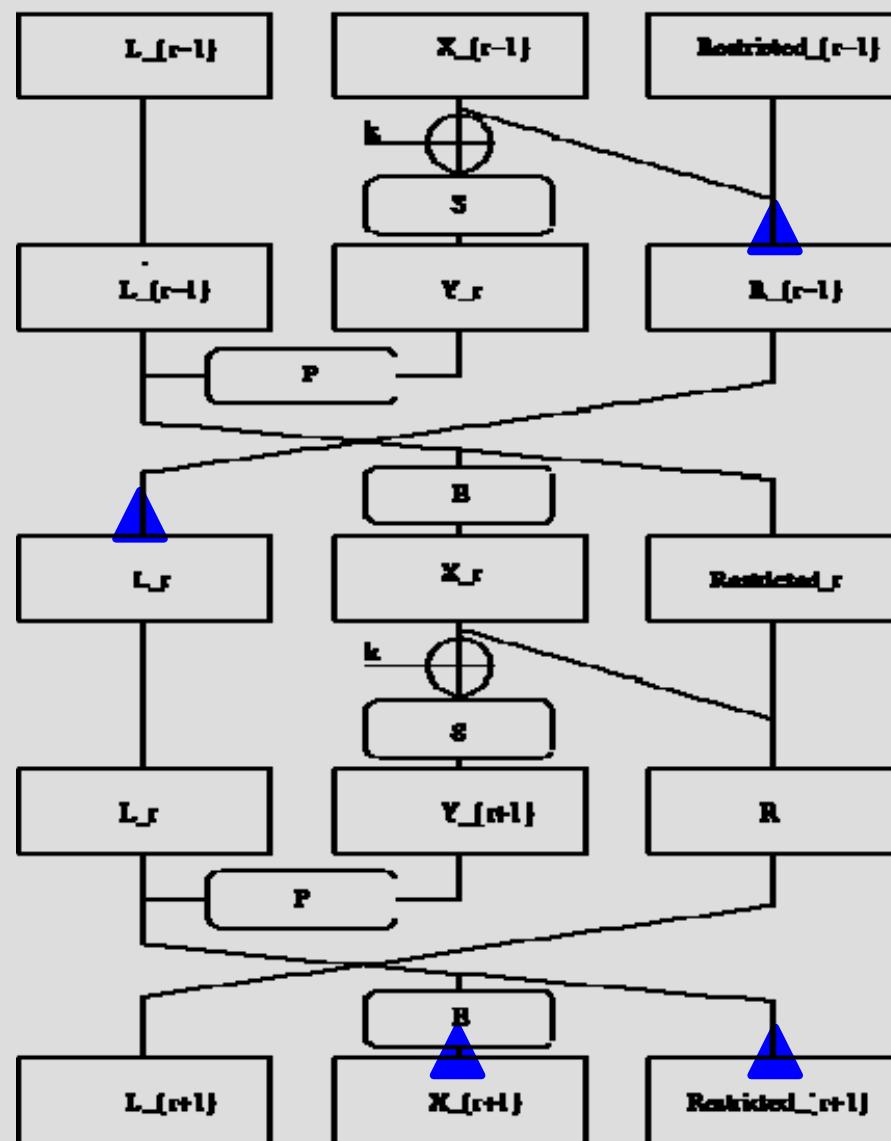
White-box transformation



Differential Cryptanalysis



Differential Cryptanalysis



- Detect single R-bit flips
- Change the input to a T-box in round 1
 - Observe difference propagation at the input of round 3

Observe: 2 different T-boxes affected

Conclusion

- Attack with time complexity: 2^{14} independent of the external encodings
- Design choices that make DES “strong” in a black-box environment, make it weak in a black-box environment
- Paper at <http://eprint.iacr.org>