

# Design of Dual-band SIW Cavity Backed Slot Antenna for X-band Applications

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**Abstract:** In this article, a novel design for the bandwidth improvement of a substrate integrated waveguide (SIW) cavity-backed slot antenna (CBSA) is presented. The introduced structure utilizes an inverted L-shaped slot and unbalanced metalized vias. The proposed antenna is of low height and holds a planar geometry while sustaining lower losses and lightweight. The inverted L-shaped slot at the bottom plate is responsible for radiation. The quality factor of the SIW cavity is significantly reduced by the inverted L-shaped slot which leads to attaining a wideband response. The proposed antenna resonates at two frequencies 9.4025 GHz and 10.0075 GHz in the first band from the range 9.27 GHz to 10.13 GHz with the fractional bandwidth of 8.915% and at 12.07 GHz in the second band from the range 11.96 GHz to 12.2 GHz with fractional bandwidth of 1.9%.

Index Terms: Cavity backed slot antenna, Substrate Integrated Waveguide (SIW), Metalized vias, Quality factor, Wideband.

## **1. Introduction**

At microwave & UHF frequencies at which wavelengths are small, the slot antenna plays a major role because of its size, low cost, convenient adaption when using waveguide or PC board technology. However, the radiation efficiency of the slot antenna is less because of its bi-directional radiation. By using different shapes of slots, the efficiency of the antenna can be improved. To prevent back-radiation, the slot antenna is backed with SIW cavity [1]. In [2], for wideband applications, a non-resonant cavity is used along with dumbbell slot antenna. A broadband slot is used instead of a planar rectangular structure to increase the bandwidth of the slot antenna in [3]. To improve impedance matching at the input port and bandwidth an offset feeding technique has been introduced in [4]. For polarization diversity and wideband applications, SIW cavity-backed slot antennas are designed in [5,6].

To achieve a low cross-polarisation level, a cross slot structure is used as the radiating element in [7]. To create dual resonance, a via hole is placed along with the slot [8]. Without changing the first resonance, wideband operation can be achieved by selecting the proper location of the via-hole. Also, high gain and wider bandwidth can be achieved. In [9], unbalanced metallic vias are placed at the slot to achieve quad-mode excitation of the cavity. Bandwidth enhancement can also be achieved by simultaneously exciting 2 hybrid modes and merging them within the frequency range [10,11]. In [12], the rectangular slots are inclined at an angle of 24° and 2 metallic vias are introduced to produce alternative inductive and capacitive loads. Since capacitance is inversely proportional to the bandwidth of the antenna, a substrate under slot is removed to decrease the capacitance of slot in [13]. Dual-band [14], size-reduction [15], wideband [16] cavity-backed slot antennas using SIW technology are reported in the literature. However, very few articles have been reported on dual-band response. In this paper, a low-profile SIW cavity-backed slot antenna for dual-band response is studied using unbalanced vias.

# 2. Antenna Configuration and Performance

Configuration of the proposed SIW cavity-backed inverted L-shaped slot antenna is shown in Fig.1. The proposed antenna has been designed with Rogers/RT Duroid 5880 substrate having relative permittivity 2.2 and thickness of 1.6 mm and loss tangent 0.001. The leakage losses between vias can be reduced by following conditions  $p \le 2d$  and  $d \le 0.1\lambda_0$ . In an inverted L-shaped slot, the vertical slot length is approximately a half wavelength at the operating frequency. The sidewalls of the cavity are realized using metallized via holes. The via-holes are placed unsymmetrically on both sides of the slot. The frequency of resonance is mainly determined by the size of the cavity [14]. The dimensions of the cavity have been calculated from equations (1). The antenna is fed with 50 microstrip line and the geometrical parameters of the antenna are listed in Table 1. The simulation of the proposed antenna is conducted with the help of

Ansoft HFSS. The length of the vertical slot is half the wavelength at the operating frequency. The antenna is simulated for X-band (8 GHz-12 GHz). The operating frequency is considered here as 10 GHz to excite at  $TE_{210}$  mode. The working is observed by changing different parameters like length of the vertical slot, the position of horizontal slot and unsymmetrical vias.

$$f_{mnp\prime} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\mu_0\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_r}} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{L_{eff}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{W_{eff}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{p\prime}{h}\right)^2} \tag{1}$$

where m,n and p are half field variations in x,y and z directions,  $\varepsilon_r$  – dielectric constant, d is the diameter of each via and p is the distance between centres of two vias.



#### Fig. 1. Proposed antenna design.

#### Table 1. Dimensions of the antenna at 10 GHz

Dimensions	Value (mm)	Dimensions	Value (mm)
Lc	23.2	Ws2	1.1
Wc	20.5	g <sub>m</sub>	1.1
d	1	d1	11.45
Р	1.5	d2	12.25
Ls1	1.1	Lms	4.5
Ws1	8	Wms	3.45
Ls2	14	h	1.6

# 2.1. Effect of length of Vertical Slot

By changing the length of the vertical slot, its effect on the return loss of proposed antenna observed and is shown in Fig.2.The vertical slot length is responsible for the resonance at second band. Since length and frequency are inversely proportional, as the length is increased resonating frequency will be decreased. So, the length of vertical slot is kept approximately half of the wavelength at operating frequency.



Fig. 2. Return loss of the proposed antenna by varying length of the vertical slot.

#### 2.2. Effect of position of horizontal slot

The horizontal slot position is changed by changing 'a' shown in Fig.1. By observing the Fig.3 we can say that when the horizontal slot is changing towards right side, at the first band there is no impedance matching which means maximum power will not be delivered.



Fig. 3. Return loss of the proposed antenna by varying horizontal slot position.

## 2.3. Effect of position of unsymmetrical vias

By changing  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  shown in Fig.1, the effect of vias on return loss of the proposed antenna is observed and shown in Fig.4 and Fig.5.From Fig.5.The left via is placed such that there will be good impedance matching. By placing right via hole at the proper location resonance at first band can be achieved with good impedance matching. However the right via is not effecting the second band.



Fig. 4. Return loss of the proposed antenna by varying left via position.



Fig. 5. Return loss of the proposed antenna by varying right via position.

# **3. Simulation Results**

The return loss characteristics, gain and VSWR of the proposed antenna are computed. From the return loss characteristics shown in Fig.6, the proposed antenna resonates at two frequencies 9.4025 GHz and 10.0075 GHz in the first band with fractional bandwidth of 9.3%. In the second band, the antenna is resonating at 12.07 GHz with fractional bandwidth of 1.9%. The return loss of -17.9 dB at 9.4025 GHz, -18.5 dB at 10.0075 GHz, and -25.7 dB at 12.07 GHz. From Fig.7 VSWR is observed < 1 at all the three resonating frequencies. The gain at all the resonating frequencies is shown in Fig. [8], [9] and [10]. The 3D-gain plot is symmetrical and maximum gain of 6.1 dBi at 9.4025 GHz, 6.6 dBi at 10.0075 GHz, and 7.1 dBi at 12.07 GHz is achieved in the boresight direction.



Fig. 6. Return loss characteristics of proposed antenna



Fig. 7. VSWR of proposed antenna



Fig. 8. Gain at frequency 9.4025 GHz



Fig. 9. Gain at frequency 10.0075 GHz



Fig. 10. Gain at frequency 12.07 GHz

# 4. Conclusions

An extensive study of dual band response is discussed. In the proposed antenna the length of the vertical slot is responsible for first band and the position of horizontal slot is responsible for the second band. The vias on both sides of the slot improve the fractional bandwidth. The proposed antenna retains advantages such as low profile, light weight. The proposed antenna resonates at two frequencies 9.4025 GHz and 10.0075 GHz in the first band with fractional bandwidth of 8.915%, and at 12.07 GHz in the second band.

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