#### Lecture

#### **Information Retrieval for Music and Motion**

Meinard Müller

Summer Term 2008

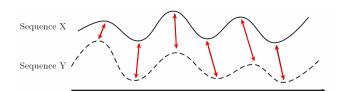
# **Dynamic Time Warping**





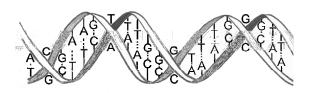


# Alignment



,

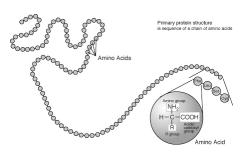
## Alignment



DNA = Sequence of Nucleotids

3

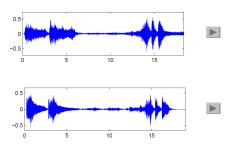
## Alignment



Protein = Sequence of Amino Acids

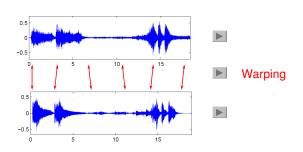
4

# Alignment



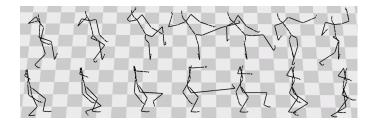
Music = Sequence of Audio Samples

# Alignment



Music = Sequence of Audio Samples

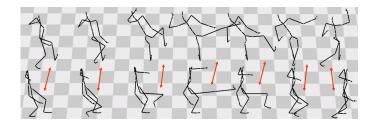
# Alignment



Motion = Sequence of Poses

11

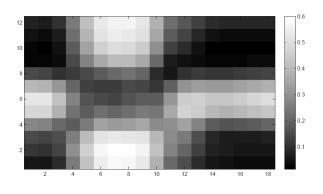
# Alignment



Motion = Sequence of Poses

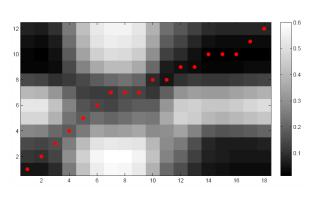
3

#### **Cost Matrix**



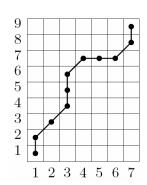
#### **Cost Matrix**

#### Cost-minimizing warping path

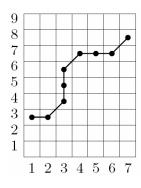


10

# Warping Path

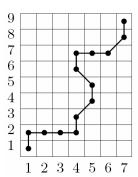


# Warping Path



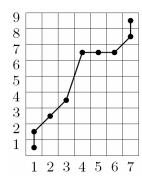
Violation of Boundary Condition

# Warping Path



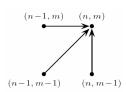
Violation of Monotonicity Condition

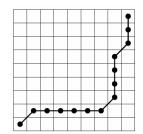
# Warping Path



Violation of Step Size Condition

# Variation of Step Size Condition

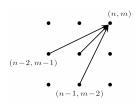




13

15

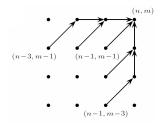
Variation of Step Size Condition

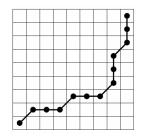




16

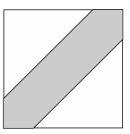
# Variation of Step Size Condition



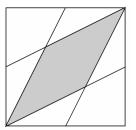


## Strategy: Global Constraints

Sakoe-Chiba band



Itakura parallelogram

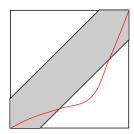


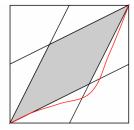
17

## Strategy: Global Constraints

Sakoe-Chiba band

Itakura parallelogram



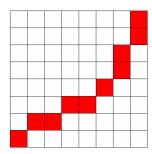


Problem: Optimal warping path not in constraint region

19

21

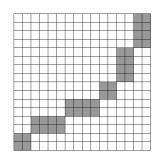
## Strategy: Multiscale Approach



Compute optimal warping path on coarse level

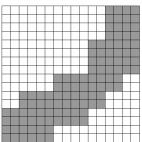
20

#### Strategy: Multiscale Approach



Project on fine level

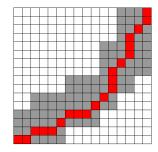
Strategy: Multiscale Approach



Specify constraint region

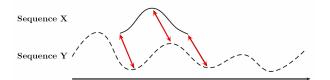
22

# Strategy: Multiscale Approach



Compute constrained optimal warping path

#### Subsequence DTW



23