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EPR, magnetization, and resistivity studies in doped (4-f or 3-d ions) and undoped RBa2Cu3Oy high TC superconductors (R=Y,Pr,Nd,Eu,Gd,Ho,Er, or Yb) (abstract)

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## EPR, magnetization, and resistivity studies in doped (4-f or 3-d ions) and undoped RBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>y</sub> high $T_c$ superconductors (R=Y,Pr,Nd,Eu,Gd,Ho,Er, or Yb) (abstract)<sup>a)</sup>

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We have measured electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR), resistivity, and dc susceptibility from 2 to 300 K for the oxide high  $T_c$  superconductors (R)Ba<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>y</sub> (R = Y,Pr,Nd,Eu,Gd,Ho,Er,Tm, or Yb). Selected systems were doped with 3-d ions (Cr,Mn,Fe,Ni,Co, or Zn) or 4-f ions (Gd or Er) which presumably substitute for the Cu or R site, respectively. In the systems studied we have observed an EPR line at low temperatures (T < 40 K), which exhibits an increase in intensity and decrease in field for resonance as the temperature is lowered. The ESR linewidth is also temperature dependent and exhibits a minimum at about 15 K. An additional EPR line that can be associated with a Gd<sup>3+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup> or Er<sup>3+</sup> ion was observed for those samples where these ions were present as dilute impurities. In some of the samples another EPR signal is observed with properties that depend on sample preparation conditions. The behavior and origin of all lines will be discussed. The variation of  $T_c$  with concentration of the added impurities over the range (1%-15%) will also be presented, and compared with previous studies in other superconducting systems.

# Magnetic ordering and crystal field effects in $REBa_2Cu_3O_{7-x}$ (RE=Gd, Dy, Ho, Er)<sup>a)</sup> (abstract)

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Heat capacity, resistivity and magnetic susceptibility data have been used to study electronic and magnetic properties of REBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7 x</sub> compounds. Neutron diffraction on the Ho compound shows identical crystal structure to YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>6.8</sub>. All the compounds are superconducting at  $T_c = (93 \pm 2)$  K. Magnetic transitions are observed in the heat capacity data at  $T_m = 2.2, 0.95, 0.17$ , and 0.59 K for RE = Gd, Dy, Ho, and Er, respectively, and the magnetically ordered state is found to coexist with superconductivity. Estimates have been obtained for the magnetic moment in the crystal field ground state and the energy splitting of the first excited state crystal field level.

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