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## 5-Hydroxy-8-methoxy-3: 7: 4'-tribenzylo.ry-flavone (IV)

The 5:8-dihydroxy comoound (III) ( 0.8 g .) was dissolved in dry acetone ( 25 c.c.) and anhydrous potassium carbonate ( 5.0 g .) and dimethyl sulphate ( $0 \cdot 14$ c.c., 1 mol .) were added. The mixture was refluxed for 6 hours. The potassium salts were filtered off and washed with hot acetone. The filtrate was concentrated over a water-bath to remove acetone. The solid that remained behind was stirred up with water and filtered. It crystallised from a mixture of alcohol and acetone as pale yellow prismatic needles melting at $113-15^{\circ}$ (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 75 \cdot 5 ; \mathrm{H}, 5 \cdot 0 ; \mathrm{C}_{37} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 75 \cdot 8$; $\mathrm{H}, 5 \cdot 1 \%$ ). It gave a green colour with alcoholic ferric chloride and was sparingly soluble in aqueous alkali.

## 8-Methoxy-5:7:3:4'-tetrahydroxt-flavone (V) (Tambuletin)

The above 5 -hydroxy compound ( 0.5 g .) was treated with a mixture of glacial acetic acid ( $5 \cdot 0 \mathrm{c.c}$.) and concentrated hydrochloric acid ( $2 \cdot 5 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{c}$. ) and the mixture was heated at $100^{\circ}$ over a water-bath for one hour. The solution was cooled and diluted with water. A bright yellow solid separated out. It was filtered and crystallised from glacial acetic acid whereby it was obtained as bright yellow short needles melting at $269 \cdots 70^{\circ}$. It gave a dull green colour with alcoholic ferric chloride and was readily soluble in aqueous alkali to give a bright yellow solution. It gave an orange-red precipitate with neutral lead acetate in alcohol. The mixed melting point with a sample of tambuletin isolated from the seeds of Zanthoxylum acanthopodium was not depressed (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 60 \cdot 3 ; \mathrm{H}, 4 \cdot 0 ; \mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ requires $\mathrm{C}, 60 \cdot 7$; $\mathrm{H}, 3 \cdot 8 \%$ ).

## Summary

The synthesis of tambuletin has been effected. Kæmpferol is first benzylated to the tribenzyl-ether which is subjected to oxidation with alkaline persulphate, partial methylation and debenzylation in succession.

## References

1. Balakrishna and Seshadri
.. Proc. Ind. Acad. Sci., A, 1947, 25, 449.
2. 
3. Rao. Rao and Seshadri
.. Ibid., 1947, 26, 72.
.. Ibid., 1947, 26, 13.

## ERRATUM

In Part III, A, 1947, 26, 216 read (VIII), for (XIII) at the bottom of the page.

