

Expression of MHC I and NK ligands on human CD133 + glioma cells: possible targets of immunotherapy

Anhua Wu · Steve Wiesner · Jing Xiao ·
Katya Ericson · Wei Chen · Walter A. Hall ·
Walter C. Low · John R. Ohlfest

Published online: 12 April 2007
© Springer Science+Business Media B.V. 2007

Erratum to: J Neurooncol
DOI 10.1007/s11060-006-9265-3

Unfortunately, an error occurred in the first paragraph of the results section of this article. The paragraph should read:

To obtain human CD133-positive cells, we cultured freshly isolated glioma samples in vitro in stem cell media as described in the methods; under these culture conditions we observed the formation of tumor spheres in all the cultures (tumor sphere formation is a hallmark of BTSCs [15–19]). Immunofluorescent staining

revealed that the tumor spheres were comprised of CD133-positive cells (Fig. 1C). After plating in commitment media to cause adherence and differentiation, tumor spheres differentiated into adherent GFAP-positive (astrocyte marker) and Tuj1-positive (neuronal marker) cells (Fig. 1E, G), which is **consistent** with results of other studies [15, 28] and confirms the existence of multipotent CD133-positive cells in our samples.

The online version of the original article can be found at <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s11060-006-9265-3>

A. Wu · S. Wiesner · J. Xiao · K. Ericson ·
W. A. Hall · W. C. Low · J. R. Ohlfest (✉)
Department of Neurosurgery, University of Minnesota
Medical School, 2001 6th St. SE, 3500B LRB/MTRF,
Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA
e-mail: Ohlfe001@umn.edu

W. Chen
Department of Pediatrics, University of Minnesota Medical
School, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA

W. C. Low · J. R. Ohlfest
Cancer Center, University of Minnesota Medical School,
Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA

W. C. Low · J. R. Ohlfest
Stem Cell Institute, University of Minnesota Medical
School, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA

A. Wu
Department of Neurosurgery, First hospital of China
Medical University, Liaoning 110001, P.R. China