Facial Wrinkles Detection Techniques and its Application

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ABSTRACT
Face recognition is process of identifying or verifying individual person by their face. One of the most important sources of the information is human face which can be intended for personal verification and identification of individual person. Wrinkles play an essential role in age estimation. They have been commonly used in applications, such as face age estimation, facial retouching and facial expression recognition. Facial wrinkles present 3D form of skin and appear as skillful discontinuities or cracks in surrounding skin texture. There are different techniques present for facial wrinkles detection. This paper presents the study and review of various techniques used in wrinkle detection. This paper is motivated by need of fast and robust algorithm for detection and classification of human age and facial retouching.

Keywords
Age Classification, Face Recognition, Face Detection methods, Feature Extraction techniques, Wrinkle Detection.

1. INTRODUCTION
Recently, face recognition is playing a vital role specifically in the field of commercial, banking, and social area. Human face has numerous features hidden in it which can be used for determining the identity of the person, age of the person, gender of the person. Wrinkles and fine lines are important facial features appear in most aging faces. A correct image-based analysis play important role in raised aging applications such as age recognition, age simulation and estimation across aging [1–8]. Numerous techniques are present to determine the human age and it has so many real world applications such as vending machines, entertainment, biometrics, surveillance monitoring and cosmetology.

Realistic facial expression synthesis has been one of the most interesting yet difficult problems in computer graphics. Different approaches are present in past to detect facial expression [9-11] by using wrinkles detection. Recognition of human facial expressions is important in man and machine interface of the systems. Generally emotion recognizing from face is very difficult and complex task because distinction in expressing and observing emotions. Wrinkles play very useful role in facial expression recognition and facial analysis.

Another application of Wrinkles detection is facial retouching. Contrast enhancement Techniques are used for beautifying human images which effects highlighting and shading. A nonlinear digital filter bank system is present, which removes objectionable skin components, such as spots and wrinkles, to make the skin look beautified and smoothed. Edge enhancement being used in this system to clear the skin [12][13].In another paper present, localized wrinkles were removed via a constrained texture synthesis technique in image inpainting [14].

As wrinkles are the most important features of aging, the anti-aging market to treat facial wrinkles is growing fast. Wrinkles and fine lines are important facial features present in most aging faces. An accurate image-based analysis of these features can play an important role in relevant aging applications. In market cosmetic companies produces various anti-wrinkle creams, and dermatological companies invest in wrinkle filler injections.

While the wrinkles are easily distinguishable by the human eyes, it is a challenging task for image processing to detect them automatically. First, the wrinkles reveal distinctive shapes according to ethnic group, gender, age, and personal life style. Moreover, they are observed as subtle features that highly depend on acquisition environment. In this paper, survey various techniques to detect wrinkle from the image.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY
Y. Fu et.al [1] describes that, human age, as an important personal an identifying characteristics, can be directly assumed by separate patterns rising from the facial aspects. Derived from quick advances in machine vision and computer graphics, computer-based age estimation and age synthesis via faces have become specifically preferred topics because of their emerging real-world applications security control and surveillance monitoring, electronic customer relationship management, such as forensic art, entertainment, biometrics, and cosmetology. Because of their complexity and particularity, age synthesis and age estimation are attractive but difficult to computer-based application system designers. Also present models and algorithms designing face aging databases collection, System performances evaluation with valid protocols.

 Sung Eun, et al. [2] present an age estimation method combining a hierarchical classifier and hybrid features. In advance, new hierarchical age estimation methods, as well as feature extraction methods for wrinkles and skin, are present. The wrinkle features are extracted by a region specific Gabor filter set and the LBP method is used for the skin features extraction. The hierarchical age estimation is designed to reduce age classification error of boundary data.

N. Ramanathan et.al [3], proposed a twofold approach for modeling facial aging specifically in adults. In first part, author introduced a shape transformation model which captures the delicate deformations facial features with age. In second part, an image gradient based texture transformation function that characterizes facial wrinkles and other skin artifacts often observed.

K. Luu et.al [6] describes the local and holistic facial features for determining the age of the person based on the characteristics of human craniofacial development. They used combined features that roughly classify a face as young or adult. Features are extracted using two techniques namely AAM and LTP. Active Appearance Model (AAM) linear encoding is used to produce holistic feature and Local Ternary Patterns (LTP) is used to extract local features.

Y.H.Kwon, et.al [8] presents a study of age classification from facial images. In this method input image is distinguished into three age groups such as babies, young and adults. Feature extracted from input images are categorized into two parts. Initial step features are eyes, nose, mouth and chin. Detection and measurement of wrinkles using a wrinkle geography map is secondary step of feature analysis. The problem of varying orientation of the face needs to address. The ratio of computations is easy.

Nazre Batool et.al [14] an algorithm based on the merging of texture orientation fields and Gabor features. Markov field modeling (MRF) is proposed for detect wrinkles and other impurities in the surrounding skin and exemplar-based texture synthesis is proposed to fill the gaps of irregular shapes.

While the wrinkles are easily distinguishable to human eyes, it is a challenging task for computer vision systems to detect them automatically. First, the wrinkles exhibit distinctive shapes according to ethnic group, gender, age, and personal life style. Moreover, they are observed as subtle features that highly depend on acquisition environment. Batool et.al [16] proposed a stochastic wrinkle detection method based on marked point process (MPP). They employed a second derivative linear filter to extract line structures from an image, and penalized an overlap of wrinkle segments. However, their solution strongly depends on the initial condition, and fails to detect complex patterns of wrinkles.

Nazre Batool et.al [17] proposed a method to detect an arbitrary shape of wrinkles, such as a set of line segments, where every segment is distinct by its length and orientation. Also present a probability density of wrinkle model which take advantage of geometric properties and local edge profile of wrinkles. To improve the probability density of wrinkle model, and present reversible jump Markov chain Monte Carlo sampler with delayed rejection.

Ng et.al [18] proposed a new method, a Hybrid Hessian Filter (HHF). As different parts of the face shows different types of wrinkles. It may lead false detection of wrinkles. Vertical lines are present on the forehead, such as lighting effects and hairs. So author proposed new method Hybrid Hessian Filter (HHF) to deal with this problem. HHF composed of Hessian Matrix and the directional gradient. This is simple method, However, It increases the localization result of wrinkles. The results are compared with Cula method (CLM) and Frangi filter, HHF gives the best result compared to JSI. This method is capable to detect the coarse and medium wrinkles, but not suitable for fine wrinkles.

3. APPLICATIONS OF FACIAL WRINKLE DETECTION

Wrinkles detection has been generally used in applications, such as facial expression recognition, face age estimation and facial retouching. (Table 1) shows work done in different applications of wrinkles detection.

Table.1 Applications of Facial Wrinkles Detection

Age Estimation, age Synthesis, Age Simulation	Facial Expression Recognition	Facial Retouching
[1],[2],[3],[4],[5],[6],[7], [8],[20],[22]	[9],[10],[11]	[12],[13],[14]

4. RELATED WORKS

Table.1 Related Works in Wrinkles Detection

Ref No	Algorithm/methods	Advantages	Disadvantages
2	Gabor filter, local binary pattern method.	robust to noise such as shadows, mustache and hair.	The execution result is dependent on AAM fitting result.
4	Author proposed a twofold approach for modeling facial aging specifically in adults.	Advantages offered by proposed model are facial growth statistics, account for gender-based and ethnicity-based facial growth patterns, account for weight loss/gain.	The proposed facial aging model cannot account for facial hair and hence cannot address hair loss.
6	combined the local and holistic facial features for determining the age of the person based on the characteristics of human craniofacial development	The highest accuracy rates and efficacy are achieved by using proposed scheme.	In the holistic approach whole face region is taken into account as input data to the system
16	Marked point process	Representation of wrinkles	depends on the initial

	(MPP), reversible jump Markov chain Monte Carlo sampler(RJMCMC).	as curve patterns.	condition, and fails to detect complex patterns of wrinkles
17	Marked point process	detects facial wrinkles more accurately than [16]	False positive values does not consider here
18	Hybrid Hessian Filter	Increases localization result. And reduces false positive value such as hairs and light effect.	This method able to detect medium and coarse wrinkles but not suitable for fine wrinkles.
19	Hessian Line Tracking(HLT)	Here wrinkles are detected in curve and valley pattern. Fine wrinkles detection are done.	Strongly detector for forehead wrinkles detection. Wrinkles detection is not more accurate in other part of face .
20	Canny edge detector	Detect the boundaries only	Used for detection of boundaries only
22	Digital Template Hough Transform (DTHT)	Extract both longer and shorter wrinkles on the face.	Only boundary detection is done. It is not sufficient to detect wrinkles.

5. CONCLUSION

This paper presents the different techniques for facial wrinkles detection, advantages and disadvantages of existing method/algorithm. Also present the various application of wrinkles detection such as age estimation, age synthesis, age simulation, Facial expression recognition and facial retouching. As per survey, there is strong need of fast and robust algorithm to detect Wrinkles as a curve and improve localization results. And to reduce false positive value caused by very light wrinkles, skin discolorations and bright spots.

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