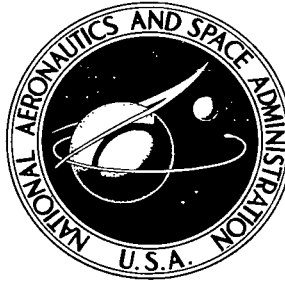


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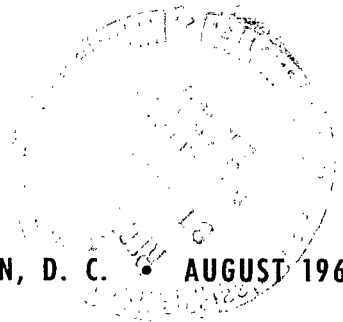
FORTAN IV PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF THERMODYNAMIC DATA

by Bonnie J. McBride and Sanford Gordon

Lewis Research Center

Cleveland, Ohio

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION • WASHINGTON, D. C. • AUGUST 1967





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FORTRAN IV PROGRAM FOR CALCULATION OF THERMODYNAMIC DATA

by Bonnie J. McBride and Sanford Gordon

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SUMMARY

A FORTRAN IV program is described which (1) calculates thermodynamic functions (heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, and free energy), (2) fits these functions to empirical equations, and (3) calculates, as a function of temperature, heats of formation and equilibrium constants.

The program provides several methods for calculating ideal gas properties. For monatomic gases, three methods are given which differ in the technique used for truncating the partition function. For diatomic and polyatomic molecules, five methods are given which differ in the corrections to the rigid-rotator harmonic-oscillator approximation.

In addition the program provides for calculating thermodynamic functions for solids, liquids, and gases from empirical heat capacity equations.

INTRODUCTION

Numerous compilations of thermodynamic data are available (refs. 1 to 12). However, there is a continuing need for additional calculations due to (1) discovery of new species, (2) revision of existing molecular constant data and structural parameters, (3) need for data at temperatures other than already published, (4) availability of new or revised heats of formation, dissociation, or transition, (5) revision of fundamental constants or atomic weights, and (6) preference for thermodynamic data in functional rather than tabular form. Calculations may also be needed to compare the results of assuming various possible forms of the partition function.

For these reasons, a flexible FORTRAN IV program has been prepared for the IBM 7094 which can perform any combination of the following: (1) calculate thermodynamic functions (heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, and free energy) for any set of 1 to

200 temperatures, (2) fit the functions to empirical equations, and (3) calculate, as a function of temperature, heats of formation and equilibrium constants from assigned reference elements and/or from these elements in their atomic gaseous state.

The thermodynamic functions for ideal gases may be calculated from molecular constant data using one of several partition function variations provided by the program. For monatomic gases, (1) one of three partition function cutoff techniques may be selected and (2) unobserved but predicted electronic energy levels may be included by the program. For diatomic and polyatomic gases, (1) one of five partition functions may be selected which differ in the correction factors for nonrigid rotation, anharmonicity, and vibration-rotation interactions and (2) excited electronic states may be included.

For the purpose of additional processing, known thermodynamic functions for solids, liquids, or gases may be (1) calculated from heat capacity equations or (2) read in directly from IBM cards.

Because of the variety of options provided and the resulting variety of input data required, an objective was to provide for a relatively simple procedure for reading input data. This was accomplished by means of a uniform input format.

The program and the equations used are described in detail. Examples of input and output are given for several typical species.

CALCULATION OF IDEAL GAS THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS

For gaseous species, the thermodynamic functions may be calculated from spectroscopic constants. A general discussion of methods of calculation is given in reference 3. Many of the equations will be repeated here for convenience. The properties are expressed as functions of the internal partition function Q ; that is,

$$\frac{C_p^0}{R} = T^2 \frac{d^2(\ln Q)}{dT^2} + 2T \frac{d(\ln Q)}{dT} + \frac{5}{2} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{H_T^0 - H_0^0}{RT} = T \frac{d(\ln Q)}{dT} + \frac{5}{2} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{S_T^0}{R} = T \frac{d(\ln Q)}{dT} + \ln Q + \frac{3}{2} \ln M + \frac{5}{2} \ln T + S_c + \frac{5}{2} \quad (3)$$

$$-\frac{F_T^O - H_0^O}{RT} = \frac{S_T^O}{R} - \frac{H_T^O - H_0^O}{RT} = \ln Q + \frac{3}{2} \ln M + \frac{5}{2} \ln T + S_c \quad (4)$$

where

$$S_c = \ln \left[k \left(\frac{2\pi k}{N_0 h^2} \right)^{3/2} \right] \quad (5)$$

(Symbols are defined in appendix A).

The internal partition function Q in equations (1) to (4) is given by

$$Q = \sum_{m=1}^L Q^m \quad (6)$$

where Q^m is the internal partition function for the m^{th} electronic state and L is the number of electronic states.

Internal Partition Functions for Monatomic Gases

For monatomic molecules, internal energy consists of electronic energy only. Equation (6) then becomes

$$Q = \sum_{m=1}^L Q_e^m = \sum_{m=1}^L (2J_m + 1) e^{-\epsilon_m/kT} = \sum_{m=1}^L g_m e^{-\epsilon_m/kT} \quad (7)$$

where Q_e^m , J_m , ϵ_m , and g_m are the electronic energy partition function, total angular momentum quantum number, electronic excitation energy, and statistical weight, respectively, for the m^{th} electronic state.

Cutoff methods. - An infinite number of bound states exists below the ionization limit for a hypothetical isolated atom ($L = \infty$ in equation (7)). Inasmuch as the partition function diverges and approaches infinity as $L \rightarrow \infty$, the summation must be cut off. A recent review of various cutoff methods is given by reference 13. These cutoff methods may be considered to be of the following types:

- (1) No dependence on temperature or pressure

(2) Dependence on temperature only

(3) Dependence on temperature and pressure (or density) and possibly degree of ionization

In the first of the three types, the summation may include various numbers of levels. For example, only the ground state is used in the Saha equation (see ref. 14). The summation of equation (7) may be over a fixed and usually arbitrary number of levels (such as for lithium in ref. 15 or for all species in ref. 11) or equation (7) may be summed through all observed levels (as in ref. 2, for example).

The second cutoff type is temperature dependent. The ionization potential is reduced by a quantity referred to as the "ionization potential lowering," which in this case is a function of temperature only. The partition function is then permitted to include only those levels below the "lowered" ionization potential. Reference 16 suggested that the ionization potential be lowered by an amount equal to the temperature function kT . This suggested method was used in reference 3. Other temperature functions are summarized in reference 13.

The first two cutoff types are distinguished by the fact that they permit the partition function and related thermodynamic properties to be calculated as functions of temperature only. For the third type, it is not possible to calculate the partition function by specifying temperature only. One cutoff technique of this type relates the highest permitted principal quantum number n to the number of particles per unit volume (number density) such as suggested by Bethe (see discussion in ref. 13). Another technique uses the ionization potential lowering procedure previously described, but in this case the quantity by which the potential is lowered is a function of electron and ionized particle number densities. Several such quantities are summarized in reference 13.

This last technique involves mixtures of species and therefore precludes, for all practical purposes, the possibility of generating tables for individual species as a function of temperature only. This is due to the fact that the cutoff criterion needed to calculate the partition function depends on mixture composition, while the calculation of mixture composition depends on the partition function. Thus an iterative procedure is required where the partition function at a specified temperature may be changing from one iteration to the next. Consequently, only the first two cutoff types are considered in this report.

Inclusion of predicted levels. - In addition to the divergence problem, there is the problem of whether to include observed energy levels only or also to include levels for predicted terms which, so far, have not been observed. From atomic theory, as presented in texts such as reference 17, predicted terms can be derived. Some of these terms are given in tables 10 and 11 in reference 17 and tables 5 to 20 in references 18 to 20. An examination of the tabulated observed terms in references 18 to 20 shows that many predicted terms are missing, especially for the higher quantum numbers.

It has been shown that various series of levels can be represented by formulas such as the Rydberg or the Rydberg-Ritz formulas (e. g., ref. 21). The constants in these formulas can be determined from known levels and used to extrapolate for the unobserved levels. However, the number of observed levels differ from species to species and, therefore, some judgment must be exercised in obtaining these constants. Thus, while in principle this technique of obtaining predicted, but unobserved, levels can be programmed, in practice it amounts to essentially a special program for each species. Therefore, this technique was not considered further for this program.

An alternate, but considerably simpler, technique for filling in unobserved levels, which gives essentially the same results for the partition function for many species as does the use of the Rydberg-Ritz equations, was included in the program. This alternate technique will now be described.

By examining the statistical weights g_i corresponding to predicted terms, it was determined that for at least the first 20 chemical elements, the sum of the statistical weights could be expressed by the following simple function of the principal quantum number n (except for the ground state n of most species)

$$\sum g_i = \sum (2J_i + 1) = bn^2 \quad (8)$$

Equation (8) applies only to terms arising from excitation of the emission electron and does not account for other possible terms. The table at the left lists (1) the derived constants b to be used in equation (8) to obtain $\sum g_i$ for any n above the ground state and (2) $\sum g_i$ values for the ground state.

The usefulness of equation (8) arises from the fact that the inclusion of an unobserved level generally makes considerably more difference than a small error in the estimated energy for this level. Therefore, an option is provided in the program to determine for each n the difference in statistical weight sums between the observed levels which have been read in as input and that given by equation (8). The program then assigns to this difference the

Atomic number	Chemical symbol	Constant in equation (8), b	Sum of statistical weights for ground state, $\sum g_i$
1	Hydrogen	2	2
2	Helium	4	1
3	Lithium	2	8
4	Beryllium	4	13
5	Boron	2	6
6	Carbon	12	15
7	Nitrogen	30	20
8	Oxygen	40	15
9	Fluorine	30	6
10	Neon	12	1
11	Sodium	2	18
12	Magnesium	4	33
13	Aluminum	2	16
14	Silicon	12	75
15	Phosphorus	30	170
16	Sulfur	40	215
17	Chlorine	30	156
18	Argon	12	61
19	Potassium	2	32
20	Calcium	4	61

highest observed level for the corresponding n and includes it with the observed levels.

This method of "filling in" predicted, but unobserved, levels by means of equation (8) was used to calculate the thermodynamic functions of the atomic species in reference 3.

Internal Partition Function for Diatomic and Polyatomic Molecules

For diatomic and polyatomic molecules, Q^m in equation (6) involves vibrational and rotational as well as electronic energy. In this report the following factored form is used to calculate Q^m :

$$Q^m = Q_e^m Q_V^m Q_R^m Q_\rho^m Q_\theta^m Q_W^m Q_C^m$$

or

$$\ln Q^m = \ln Q_e^m + \ln Q_V^m + \ln Q_R^m + \ln Q_\rho^m + \ln Q_\theta^m + \ln Q_W^m + \ln Q_C^m \quad (9)$$

The quantities Q_e^m , Q_V^m , and Q_R^m are the electronic, harmonic-oscillator, and classical-rotation contributions to the partition function, respectively, as given in standard texts (see refs. 22 to 25). The remaining quantities in equation (9) are as follows: rotational stretching Q_ρ^m (ref. 25 or 26), low-temperature rigid rotation Q_θ^m (refs. 25 and 27), Fermi resonance Q_W^m (ref. 28), and both anharmonicity and vibration-rotation interaction Q_C^m (refs. 29 to 31).

The program provides five methods of calculating the partition function which vary in the inclusion of and formulas for the correction terms ($\ln Q_\rho^m$, $\ln Q_\theta^m$, $\ln Q_W^m$, and $\ln Q_C^m$). This provision is made so that the results of the various methods may be compared.

Table I contains detailed formulas for all the $\ln Q^m$ terms and their derivatives except those for $\ln Q_C^m$ which are given in table II. The derivatives of $\ln Q_C^m$ are not given directly as are the derivatives in table I. It was found to be considerably more convenient to express the derivatives of $\ln Q_C^m$ by means of general formulas than to obtain the derivatives directly. These general formulas are given in a footnote of table II.

EMPIRICAL EQUATIONS FOR THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS

Empirical equations for thermodynamic functions are often used for convenience.

These equations are usually based on the following form for heat capacity:

$$C_p^o = \sum_{i=1}^r a_i T^{q_i} \quad (10)$$

Enthalpy and entropy are related thermodynamically to C_p^o as follows:

$$H_T^o = a_{r+1} + \int C_p^o dT \quad (11)$$

$$S_T^o = a_{r+2} + \int \left(\frac{C_p^o}{T} \right) dT \quad (12)$$

where a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} are integration constants.

The program uses equations (10) to (12) in two ways, either in generating the coefficients a_i from a set of thermodynamic data using the least-squares technique given in reference 32, or conversely, in generating the thermodynamic data from the empirical equations. The least squares method differs from the usual least squares treatment in that it simultaneously fits heat capacity, enthalpy, and entropy.

ASSIGNED ENTHALPY VALUES

For some applications (see ref. 33) it is convenient to combine sensible enthalpy and energies of chemical and physical changes into one numerical value. An arbitrary base may be adopted for assigning absolute values to the enthalpy of the various substances, inasmuch as only differences in enthalpy are measurable. For example, the arbitrary base selected in reference 3 was a value of zero at 298.15° K ($H_{298.15}^o = 0$) for a selected set of elements. This selection makes the assigned value, $H_{298.15}^o$, of any substance equal to its heat of formation at 298.15° K from this set of selected elements.

ASSIGNED REFERENCE ELEMENTS

The designation of an element in a particular phase to be a reference element is needed in order that values of heats of formation and equilibrium constants be unambiguously related to specific reactions. Some reference elements which are commonly

found in the literature are the following (see ref. 3): the inert gases, He, Ne, and Ar; the diatomic gases, H₂, N₂, O₂, F₂, and Cl₂; and the condensed elements, Li(c,l), Be(c,l), B(c,l), C(graphite), Na(c,l), Al(c,l), Si(c,l), P(c IV, c III, l), and S(c II, c I, l) where c is a crystal phase and l is a liquid phase. Assigned reference elements used for the examples in this report were taken from this set.

HEATS OF FORMATION AND EQUILIBRIUM CONSTANTS

In the program described in this report, heats of formation and log K for a species are calculated as a function of temperature for two reactions. These reactions are for the formation of the species from the elements in either their assigned reference state discussed previously or in their atomic gaseous state.

The following are examples of how these properties are calculated for CO(g) at 1000° K:

Relative to reference elements,

$$\Delta H_{1000}^0 = (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{CO(g)}} - (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{C(graphite)}} - \frac{1}{2} (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{O}_2(\text{g})} \quad (13)$$

$$\Delta F_{1000}^0 = (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{CO(g)}} - (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{C(graphite)}} - \frac{1}{2} (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{O}_2(\text{g})} \quad (14)$$

or relative to gaseous atoms,

$$\Delta H_{1000}^0 = (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{CO(g)}} - (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{C(g)}} - (H_{1000}^0)_{\text{O(g)}} \quad (15)$$

$$\Delta F_{1000}^0 = (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{CO(g)}} - (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{C(g)}} - (F_{1000}^0)_{\text{O(g)}} \quad (16)$$

By definition,

$$\log_{10} K = \frac{-\Delta F_T^0}{2.3025851 RT} \quad (17)$$

COMPUTER PROGRAM

The computer program was written for an IBM 7094 with 32 thousand core storage

and IBM 1403 printers with 132 print positions. FORTRAN tape 3 is used as a binary scratch tape. Input and output tapes are FORTRAN tapes 5 and 6, respectively.

The program consists of a main routine and 17 subroutines written in FORTRAN IV and, in addition, five Lewis Research Center subroutines written in 7094 MAP assembly language. A listing of the FORTRAN program is given in appendix B and a discussion of the routines is given later.

A listing and brief discussion of the five Lewis subroutines (named SKFILE, BCDUMP, BCREAD, IALS, and IARS) are given in appendix C. These MAP routines require version 13 IBSYS operating system.

Availability to Other Organizations

The source program decks will be made available on written request to the authors. The input data used for the examples in this report will be included for check out purposes. In addition, for use in calculating $\log K$, the enthalpy and free energy data for at least the first 18 elements in their atomic gas as well as their assigned reference state will be included. These data are essentially those of reference 2.

The following sections give a general discussion of the program. Included in this discussion are options, input, output, general flow of the program, and subroutines.

Options

The program provides a choice of several methods for calculating the thermodynamic functions C_p^0 , $H_T^0 - H_0^0$, $H_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0$, S_T^0 , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)$, and $-(F_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0)$. For ideal gases, these functions may be obtained from one of several assumed forms of the partition function or else from empirical equations. For solids and liquids, the thermodynamic functions may be calculated only from empirical equations. In addition, thermodynamic functions for any phase of a species may be read directly from cards for additional processing.

The program also has two other capabilities which are optional: (1) least-squares fitting of the thermodynamic functions to empirical equations (eqs. (10) to (12)) and (2) calculating heats of formation and $\log K$ values for the same temperature range as the functions.

The following is a discussion of these optional features.

Partition functions - monatomic gases. - The partition function for monatomic gases is given by equation (7). The program permits three optional ways of terminating the number of energy levels L to be included in calculating this partition function.

These three options, indicated by their program code names given in capital letters, are: (1) ALLN - inclusion of all electronic levels in the input data, (2) FIXEDN - inclusion of all levels through a specified principal quantum number n , and (3) TEMPER - inclusion of all energy levels that are less than or equal to the ionization potential lowered by an amount kT (see section Cutoff methods).

With any of these three cutoff options, an additional option (FILL) is provided to include predicted but unobserved levels automatically (see discussion in the section Inclusion of predicted levels).

Partition functions - diatomic and polyatomic gases. - For diatomic and polyatomic gases, the program provides for a selection of five methods of calculating the partition function which varies in the inclusion of and formulas for the correction terms ($\ln Q_\rho$, $\ln Q_\theta$, $\ln Q_W$, and $\ln Q_c$) in equation (9). The formulas for the $\ln Q$ terms included in each of the five methods are given in tables I and II. If certain spectroscopic constants are not available as input, the program automatically excludes those $\ln Q$ terms involving them. The methods (with their program code names in parentheses) are as follows:

(1) Rigid-Rotator Harmonic-Oscillator (RRHO) approximation - This method excludes all the correction terms in equation (9) (i. e., $\ln Q_\rho$, $\ln Q_\theta$, $\ln Q_W$, and $\ln Q_c$).

(2) Modified Pennington and Kobe (PANDK) method - The formulas given in table II for $\ln Q_c$ are similar to those given in reference 29. The method in this report is equivalent to the one described in reference 3 except for the formula for $\ln Q_\theta$ (formula 6 in table I). All correction terms in equation (9) are included with the exception of the Fermi resonance $\ln Q_W$ as indicated in table I.

(3) Joint Army Navy Air Force (JANAF) method - This method is described and used in reference 2. For diatomic molecules, it is the same as the PANDK method except for the definitions of a_1 and X_{11} which are used in formulas 9 and 12, respectively, in table II. For polyatomic molecules, the JANAF method is the same as the RRHO method.

(4) Nonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 1 (NRRAO1) - In addition to the $\ln Q_\theta$ and $\ln Q_\rho$ terms, all the $\ln Q_c$ terms given in references 30 and 31 were included which do not contain a $(c_2/T)^2$ or $(c_2/T)^3$ factor.

(5) Nonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 2 (NRRAO2) - This method includes the same $\ln Q_c$ terms as NRRAO1 with the addition of $\ln Q_c$ terms from references 30 and 31 which contain $(c_2/T)^2$ factors.

Thermodynamic functions from empirical equations. - The routine for calculating thermodynamic functions from the empirical equations (eqs. (10), (11), and (12)) has the following features:

(1) The value of r (number of coefficients a_i) may be any number from 1 to 10.

(2) The temperature exponents q_i may be any positive or negative numbers or zero.

(3) Any number of sets of a_i and q_i may be read in for various temperature intervals for a particular species.

(4) The integration constants, a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} may be read in or calculated by the program from the enthalpy and entropy values, respectively, for a specific temperature.

(5) When a phase transition occurs, the integration constants, a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} for the second phase may be read in or calculated by the program from either the enthalpy or entropy of transition.

(6) There is an option to punch on binary cards up to five coefficients and two integration constants for each temperature interval. This option has been included in order to provide thermodynamic data in the form required by reference 33.

Least-squares fit. - The least-squares routine fits the thermodynamic functions to equations (10), (11), and (12). The routine has the following features:

(1) The value of r (number of coefficients a_i) may be any number from 1 to 10.

(2) The temperature exponents q_i may be any positive or negative numbers or zero.

(3) An option is provided to permit the data to be divided into any number of specified intervals from 1 to 9. The purpose in providing for several intervals is to increase the accuracy of the fit.

(4) The equations for each temperature interval are constrained at an endpoint to fit either the original data or the values obtained from fitting an adjacent interval. The purpose of these constraints is to give equal values of the functions at the common point and thus avoid discontinuities between consecutive intervals. However, only one temperature may be specified in the input for which the fitted equations reproduce the original values. (If no temperature is specified, the program assigned 1000° K.)

(5) For two or more phases, the data for each phase is fitted separately and the equations constrained to fit the original data at the transition point.

(6) For each temperature interval, up to five of the coefficients a_i plus the two integration constants will be punched on binary cards. These cards are made in order to provide thermodynamic data in the form required by reference 33.

Heat of formation and log K values. - The program provides an option for calculating heats of formation and log K values as a function of temperature for two reactions. The reactants for these two formation reactions are either monatomic gases or assigned reference elements (see sections Assigned Reference Elements and Heats of Formation and Equilibrium Constants).

Heats of formation and log K values for a particular species can be calculated if the necessary enthalpy and free energy data for the reactants as well as for that species are available. Therefore the monatomic gases and assigned reference elements are processed first. For these reactants, there is an option to reserve the enthalpy and free energy data in two ways: (1) by writing the data on tape and (2) by punching the data on cards. The data on tape are saved only for use with other species being processed

during the same computer run. For later computer runs, the data on the binary cards may be read in as part of the input and, if so, are automatically put on tape.

If there is a temperature in the data for a particular species which is not contained in the data on tape for the required reactants, the reactant data are interpolated using three-point Lagrangian interpolation.

Input

Types of data. - The input data are grouped into two categories; namely, general and specific. General data are read into storage and retained for use with any number of species to be processed in any particular computer run. Physical constants, atomic weights, and reactant enthalpy and free energy values fall into this category of input data. (See previous section.)

On the other hand, a set of specific data cards is required for each species to be processed. The data in each set are read, processed, and cleared before the next set is read. A set of specific data cards for a diatomic gas would contain the chemical formula; the method of calculation, such as PANDK; molecular data such as ω_e , $\omega_e x_e$, B_e , and α_e ; desired options such as a least-squares fit or a special temperature schedule; and finally, a card to indicate the end of the set of specific data.

Identification of cards. - All input cards will be referred to in one of the following three ways:

(1) Most cards will be identified by the code word punched in card columns 1 to 6. For example, the input card containing physical constants has the code CONSTS in these columns. Thus, this card will be referred to as the CONSTS card.

(2) The first card of a set of specific data cards has the chemical formula punched in card columns 1 to 12. This card will be referred to as a formula card. The word "formula" does not appear on the card.

(3) Column binary cards containing enthalpy and free energy data for the reactants will be referred to as binary EF data cards. The word "EF data" does not appear on the card.

Uniform format. - All cards of types (1) and (2) are read with a single format which will be referred to as the uniform format. Format details are given in appendix D.

Contents of individual cards. - A brief description of the contents of the individual cards is given in table III. (Detailed descriptions are given in appendix D.) The right-hand column indicates which cards are optional. Table III indicates that the card code in card columns 1 to 6 is a mnemonic device which does one or more of the following:

- (1) Indicates what data are on the card (i. e., CONSTS, ATOM, EFDATA, TEMP, LSTSQS and DATA)

- (2) Indicates an option discussed in the section Options (i. e. , LOGK, LSTSQS, EFTAPE, and METHOD)
- (3) Identifies the data on the binary cards which follow it (i. e. , EFDATA)
- (4) Calls for some intermediate output (i. e. , LISTEF and INTERM)
- (5) Identifies the input data sources (i. e. , REFNCE) or gives a date (i. e. , DATE)
- (6) Indicates the end of a set of specific data (i. e. , FINISH)

General Flow of Program

The general flow of the program is given in figure 1. For convenience in locating various sections of the FORTRAN program, 79 location numbers, referred to as C10, C20, . . . , C790, were included as comments in the program. Some of these location numbers are also shown in figure 1. Subroutine names are given in parentheses.

From figure 1, the following are evident:

- (1) Each card (except for the binary EF data cards) is read and listed. The flow is directed according to the code in card columns 1 to 6.
- (2) The general data storage is cleared only at the beginning of each computer run. Thus, these data are retained as they are read in.
- (3) The order of the general data is immaterial except for the fact that the EFDATA and binary EF data cards must remain in sets for each reactant.
- (4) The specific data (including options) are cleared at the beginning of the program and after each FINISH card.
- (5) There may be any number of sets of specific data - each having any combination of options.
- (6) The order of the optional cards (EFTAPE, LOGK, LSTSQS, INTERM, DATE, and REFNCE) in the specific data is immaterial.
- (7) The temperature schedule (TEMP cards), if not the standard 100 (100) 6000^o K, must be read before the METHOD card.
- (8) The DATA cards must follow the METHOD cards.
- (9) Any card which is not recognized by the code in card columns 1 to 6 is assumed to be a formula card.
- (10) From the chemical formula, the following items are determined by the program:
 - (a) the molecular weight
 - (b) the phase of the species
 - (c) the number of atoms (i. e. , whether species is monatomic, diatomic, or polyatomic)
- (11) The H_0^O value may be calculated from an assigned value at any temperature or a heat of reaction (see formula card in appendix D). (The H_0^O value is used in calcu-

lating ΔH_T^0 and $\log K$ and the integration constants a_{r+1} (eq. (11)).

(12) Thermodynamic functions are calculated immediately after the DATA cards are read.

(13) After the FINISH card is read, H_0^0 is calculated, the least-squares fit option is checked, tables of thermodynamic functions are listed, and the ΔH_T^0 and $\log K$ option is checked.

(14) General data may be modified or added following any FINISH card. If a second CONSTS card, ATOM card for a particular atom, or a second set of EFDATA and binary EF data cards for a particular reactant is read, the data on these cards will be used for succeeding calculations.

(15) With an EFTAPE option card in a set of specific data, EFDATA and binary EF data cards are punched and the data are put on tape. The data on tape will be available for use with any succeeding calculations in the same computer run.

(16) Any number of sets of METHOD and corresponding DATA cards may be read for a set of specific data. This is useful for species with more than one phase in the temperature range of interest. For example, the thermodynamic functions for the solid may be read in directly while the liquid data may be obtained from empirical equations. The data for both phases will appear in the same listed tables of the thermodynamic properties.

A feature of the program which is not indicated in the flow diagram is that contributions of excited electronic states may be included in the calculation of the thermodynamic functions for diatomic and polyatomic gases. There may be any number of states, each having its own set of molecular constants. This is accomplished by grouping the DATA cards for each state together with a code number in card columns 79 and 80. The values of Q^m , $T dQ^m/dT$, and $T^2 d^2Q^m/dT^2$ are calculated after the DATA cards for each state are read. These values are summed as they are calculated.

Output

A brief description of punched card and listed output is given in this section; a detailed description is given in appendix E.

Punched card output. - Cards are punched with certain options as indicated by the following:

(1) With an EFTAPE specific data card, an EFDATA card and binary EF data cards are punched.

(2) With a LSTSQS card, column binary cards are punched which contain the chemical formula of the species, the temperature intervals, and the least-square coefficients (eqs. (10) to (12)).

(3) With DATA cards which contain coefficients (eqs. (10) to (12)) as well as a TPUNCH code, the coefficients will be punched in the same format as item (2). (The TPUNCH code is described in appendix D and its uses illustrated in example 5, appendix F.)

Listed output. - The following data are always listed:

- (1) The contents of all input cards in the uniform format
- (2) Table of T, C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, $(H_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0)/RT$, S_T^0/R , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, $-(F_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0)/RT$, H_T^0/RT , and $-F_T^0/RT$
- (3) Table of T, C_p^0 , $H_T^0 - H_0^0$, $H_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0$, S_T^0 , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)$, $-(F_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0)$, H_T^0 , and $-F_T^0$

The following data are listed only with the indicated options:

- (1) With a LISTEF card, the contents of the binary EF data cards are listed.
- (2) With an INTERM card included in the specific data of a particular species, intermediate data are listed as detailed in appendix E.
- (3) With a LSTSQS card, the following data are listed for each temperature interval fitted:

- (a) The thermodynamic functions (both the original and those obtained from the least-squares fit
 - (b) The errors between the original and the fitted data
 - (c) The least-squares equation for heat capacity and the integration constants (eqs. (10) to (12))
 - (d) The contents of the punched binary cards (see item (2) in the section Punched card output)
- (4) With a LOGK card, two tables are listed:
- (a) Table of T, C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, S_T^0/R , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, H_T^0/RT , $-F_T^0/RT$, and $\Delta H_T^0/RT$ and $-\Delta F_T^0/RT$ for formation of the species from both assigned reference elements and monatomic gases
 - (b) Table of T, C_p^0 , $H_T^0 - H_0^0$, S_T^0 , $-F_T^0$, and ΔH_T^0 and $\log_{10}K$ for the same reactions as the previous table

Examples

Sample problems with punched card input and listed output are given in appendix F.

Main Routine and Subroutines

The FORTRAN listing in appendix B has a number of comments to indicate the operations of various sections of the program as well as location numbers C10, C20, . . . , C790. A short description of each subroutine follows.

PAC1(C10 to C60). - This is the main routine and directs the general flow of the program as given in figure 1 and discussed in the section General Flow of the Program. Subroutines called by PAC1 are indicated in figure 1 in parenthesis in or near the appropriate boxes.

INPUT(C70). - This routine reads and lists all cards that have been punched in the uniform format. The output format for listing numerical values is varied according to the size of the numbers.

PAGEID(C80). - This routine lists the chemical formula at the bottom of a page in the output listing and skips to a new page. The program allows approximately 55 lines to be printed on a page.

EFTAPE(C90 to C130). - This routine (1) reads binary EF data cards, (2) punches new sets of EFDATA and binary EF data cards, and (3) stores these data on tape.

IDENT(C140 to C160). - This routine analyzes the chemical formula on either the formula card or the EFDATA card. It separates and stores each chemical symbol and corresponding number of atoms in the chemical formula. The chemical symbols are matched in the SYMBOL array and corresponding indexes are stored.

When analyzing a chemical formula from a formula card, the molecular weight is calculated.

TEMPER(C170 to C180). - This routine stores the temperature schedule as given on one or more TEMP cards. It is called from PAC1 after a TEMP card has been read.

RECO(C190 to C250). - This routine processes the METHOD and DATA cards for methods READIN and COEF. The routine is called from PAC1 after a METHOD card has been read with either a COEF or READIN code. The RECO routine calls INPUT to read the DATA cards plus the next card.

For READIN, the thermodynamic functions on each card are simply stored. For COEF, the thermodynamic functions are calculated and stored.

The RECO routine is also used to relate the enthalpy of two phases of the same species by means of an enthalpy or entropy of transition. One of these transition values is given on the METHOD card of the second phase (DELTAH or DELTAS code described in appendix D) and used to calculate the enthalpy of the second phase at the transition temperature. The free energy value of the second phase is taken to be equal to the free energy value of the first phase at the transition temperature.

If a transition is present, the routine calls DELH (discussed in the section DELH (C510 to C530)) to check for the options of least-squares fit or punching coefficients for

the first phase.

ATOM(C260 to C310). - This routine calculates thermodynamic functions for monatomic gases.

The routine calls INPUT to read all DATA plus the next card. The J values, which are read with an alphanumeric format, are changed to floating point numbers and stored.

Energy levels are sorted in order of increasing energy values. The number of levels included in the calculations is determined by the cutoff method (ALLN, FIXEDN, or TEMPER) given on the METHOD card. Predicted but unobserved levels will be included with the FILL option.

POLY(C320 to C410). - This routine calculates thermodynamic functions for diatomic and polyatomic gases.

Subroutine INPUT is called to read the DATA cards plus the next card. Subroutine LINK1 is called to calculate the partition function according to the method specified (RRHO, PANDK, JANAF, NRRAO1, or NRRAO2).

If more than one electronic state is present, the various states are identified by a code in card columns 79 to 80. In this case, DATA cards for only one state at a time are read in and stored. The partition function for each state is calculated prior to processing DATA cards for the next state.

LINK1(C420 to C480). - This routine calculates the partition function for diatomic and polyatomic molecules. The formulas given in tables I and II are evaluated according to the method specified.

The routine is called from subroutine POLY. LINK1 in turn calls two subroutines, DERIV to calculate the derivatives of the partition function and QSUM to keep a running total of the various contributions to the partition function.

KD(C480). - This function subprogram calculates Kronecker delta.

DERIV(C490). - This routine calculates the derivatives of the partition function using the method given in the footnote of table II. The routine is called from a number of places in LINK1.

QSUM(C500). - This routine keeps a running total of all, except translational, contributions to the partition function and its derivative for each electronic state. These contributions are listed if an INTERM card has been included in the input.

QSUM is called from a number of places in LINK1.

DELH(C510 to C530). - This routine calculates the H_0^O value, calls LEAST for the least-squares fit option, and calls PUNCH for the option of punching coefficients read with the COEF method. The information given on the formula card (ΔH_T^O of formation, D_T^O , H_T^O , T) is used in calculating the H_0^O value.

The routine is called from PAC1 after the FINISH card has been read. However, it will also be called from RECO for phase transition points. In this latter case, any

processing (the H_0^O calculation, the least-squares fit, or the punching of coefficients) will be for the species phase coming ahead of the transition point in the input. For example, for a species with input data for the solid followed by the liquid, DELH will process the solid when it has been called from RECO. The liquid will be processed when DELH is called from PAC1.

TABLES(C540 to C570). - This routine lists tables of thermodynamic functions as discussed in appendix E. The output format varies depending on the availability of the following values: (1) the $H_{298.15}^O - H_0^O$ value which is required in obtaining $H_T^O - H_{298.15}^O$ and $-(F_T^O - H_{298.15}^O)$, and (2) the H_0^O value which is required in obtaining H_T^O and $-F_T^O$.

LOGK(C580 to C650). - This routine is called only if a LOGK option card has been included in the input. It calculates $\Delta H_T^O/RT$, ΔH_T^O , $-\Delta F_T^O/RT$, and $\log K$ for the formation of the species from the assigned reference elements and the monatomic gases. The required enthalpy and free-energy data for these reactants have been stored on tape by the EFTAPE subroutine.

The LOGK routine lists two tables of properties as detailed in appendix E. If any reactant species for either of the formation reactions is not on tape, the appropriate columns in these tables are left blank.

LEAST(C660 to C760). - This routine is called from DELH only if one or more LSTSQS cards have been included in the input. It calculates the least-squares coefficients, lists certain information detailed in appendix E, and calls PUNCH to punch the coefficients on cards.

PUNCH(C770 to C790). - This routine punches binary cards containing the coefficients obtained either from a least-squares fit or from the DATA cards associated with method COEF. For these two options, PUNCH is called from subroutines LEAST and DELH, respectively.

The contents of each card are listed in the order they are punched. See output details in appendix E.

Lewis Research Center,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration,
Cleveland, Ohio, February 14, 1967,
129-01-02-01-22

APPENDIX A

SYMBOLS

A_e, B_e, C_e	rotational constants corresponding to equilibrium separation of atoms
A_0, B_0, C_0	rotational constants for lowest vibrational state
a_i	polynomial coefficients used in eqs. (10) to (12)
a_{r+1}	integration constant defined by eq. (11)
a_{r+2}	integration constant defined by eq. (12)
b	constant defined in eq. (8)
C_p^0	heat capacity at constant pressure for standard state
c	velocity of light or crystal phase of chemical substance
c_2	second radiation constant, hc/k
D, D_e	spectroscopic constants for rotational stretching
D_0, D_{000}	rotational stretching constants for lowest vibrational state
D_T^0	dissociation energy at temperature T for standard state
d_i	degeneracy associated with ν_i
F_T^0	$(F_T^0 - H_0^0) + H_0^0$
$F_T^0 - H_0^0$	sensible free energy at temperature T relative to 0°K for standard state
$F_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0$	sensible free energy at temperature T relative to 298.15°K for standard state
g_i, g_m	electronic statistical weight
g_{ii}	anharmonicity constant for doubly degenerate vibrations in linear molecules
H_0^0	chemical energy at 0°K for standard state
H_T^0	$(H_T^0 - H_0^0) + H_0^0$
$H_T^0 - H_0^0$	sensible enthalpy at temperature T relative to 0°K for standard state
$H_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0$	sensible enthalpy at temperature T relative to 298.15°K for standard state
h	Planck's constant

I_A, I_B, I_C	principal moments of inertia
J_i, J_m	total angular momentum quantum number
K	equilibrium constant
k	Boltzmann constant
L	total number of electronic energy states
l	liquid phase of chemical substance
M	molecular weight
N_0	Avogadro's constant
n	number of unique frequencies or principal quantum number
p	partial pressure
Q	internal partition function
Q^m	internal partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_c^m	correction factor to the partition function for anharmonicity and vibration-rotation interaction for m^{th} electronic state
Q_e^m	electronic partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_R^m	classical-rotation partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_V^m	harmonic-oscillator partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_W^m	Fermi resonance correction factor to partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_ρ^m	low temperature rotational correction factor to partition function for m^{th} electronic state
Q_θ^m	rotational-stretching correction factor to partition function for m^{th} electronic state
q_i	temperature exponents in eq. (10)
R	universal gas constant
r	number of coefficients a_i in eq. (10)
S_c	constant defined by eq. (5)
S_T^0	entropy for standard state
T	temperature, $^{\circ}\text{K}$
T_0	electronic excitation energy between lowest vibrational states ($v = 0$) of ground and excited state for diatomic and polyatomic gases

u_i	$c_2 \nu_i / T$
v, v_i	vibrational quantum number
W_0	Fermi resonance constant
x_{ij}, y_{ijk}	anharmonicity constants for polyatomic molecules
α_e, α_i	vibration-rotation interaction constants for diatomic and linear polyatomic molecules
$\alpha_i^A, \alpha_i^B, \alpha_i^C, \alpha_{ij}$	vibration-rotation interaction constants for polyatomic molecules
β_i	rotational-stretching - vibration interaction constant
ϵ_m	energy of m^{th} electronic state
ν_i	observed fundamental frequency
ρ	rotational-stretching spectroscopic constant
σ	symmetry number
ω_e	zero-order vibrational frequency for diatomic molecule
$\omega_e^x, \omega_e^y, \omega_e^z$	anharmonicity constants for diatomic molecules

APPENDIX B

FORTRAN LISTING (FORTRAN ROUTINES)

```

C      MAIN PROGRAM - PAC1                                PAC10001
C      TEST(1) LIST EF DATA                             PAC10002
C      TEST(3) SPECIES IS AN ION.                        PAC10003
C      TEST(4) SPECIES IS A GAS.                         PAC10004
C      TEST(5) SPECIES IS A LIQUID.                     PAC10005
C      TEST(6) SPECIES IS A SOLID.                       PAC10006
C      TEST(7) SUBROUTINE HFTAPE IS CALLING SUBROUTINE IDENT. PAC10007
C      TEST(8) AN ASSIGNED H IS AVAILABLE                PAC10008
C      TEST(9) CP/R,H-HO/RT, AND S/R ARE READY TO BE OUTPUTTED PAC10009
C      TEST(10) SPECIES TO BE REACTANT. PUNCH EF DATA AND WRITE ON TAPE. PAC10010
C      TEST(12) LOG K CALLED FOR                          PAC10011
C      TEST(13) DATA ARE IN THE FORM, H-H298 AND -(F-H298) PAC10012
C      TEST(14) INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT CALLED FOR          PAC10013
C      TEST(15) LEAST SQUARES CALLED FOR                 PAC10014
C      TEST(16) ERRDR IN INPUT. GO TO NEXT SPECIES      PAC10015
C      TEST(17) PUNCH READ-IN COEFFICIENTS              PAC10016
C      TEST(18) ENTHALPY IS ABSOLUTE                    PAC10017
C      TEST(19) SPECH IS SET                              PAC10018
C      TEST(20) TEMPERATURE SCHEDULE HAS BEEN STORED    PAC10019
C
C      COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,NEL ,ICARD,IWORD(5), PAC10021
1      WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70), PAC10022
2      NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202),PAC10023
3      SCONST,NDATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE, PAC10024
4      SPECH,TAPE(606),PTMELT,EXP(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,NKIND, PAC10025
5      NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H298HR,IHEAT,JF(5) PAC10026
C
C10
C
C      COMMON/PCH/LEVEL,NF1,NF2,ANS(9,15),TC(10),NTC,NFP,LDATE,NNN,NLST PAC10030
      INTEGER FORMLA,SYMBL,SYMBOL,ELEMNT                PAC10031
      LOGICAL TEST                                       PAC10032
      EQUIVALENCE (X,IX)                                PAC10033
C
C      INITIALIZE ONCE.                                  PAC10035
C      WRITE(6,3)                                       PAC10036
3      FORMAT(1H1)                                       PAC10037
      TEST(1) = .FALSE.                                  PAC10038
      R = 0                                               PAC10039
      HCK = 0                                             PAC10040
      NEL = 0                                             PAC10041
      REWIND 3                                           PAC10042
      END FILE 3                                         PAC10043
      NATOM = 0                                          PAC10044
      NDFILE = 0                                         PAC10045
      DO 32 I = 1,106                                    PAC10046
      MPLACE(I) = 0                                       PAC10047
      LPLACE(I) = 0                                       PAC10048
      NMLA(I) = 0                                         PAC10049
32
C
C      INITIALIZATION FOR EACH SPECIES. FOLLOWS FINISH CARD . PAC10051
103 DO 101 I=1,10
      EXP(I) = 0.0                                       PAC10052
101 TRANGE(I) = 0.0                                     PAC10053
      TCONST = 0.0                                       PAC10054
      DO 109 I = 3,20                                    PAC10055
109 TEST(I) = .FALSE.                                  PAC10056
      LDATE = 0                                          PAC10057
      NAME(1) = IBLNK                                    PAC10058
      NAME(2) = IBLNK                                    PAC10059
      IHEAT = IBLNK                                      PAC10060
      TINTVL = 0.0                                       PAC10061
      NT = 0                                             PAC10062
      NIT = 1                                            PAC10063
      NTMP = 1                                           PAC10064
      NNN = 1                                            PAC10065
      ASINDT = 0.0                                       PAC10066
      ASINDH = 0.0                                       PAC10067
      SPECH = 0.0                                        PAC10068
      H298HR = 0                                         PAC10069
      LEVEL = 1                                          PAC10070
      NTC = 0                                            PAC10071
      NPR = 0                                            PAC10072
      IFX = 0                                            PAC10073
      ITR = 0                                            PAC10074
      NF = 0                                             PAC10075
      NF1 = 1                                            PAC10076
      DO 102 I=1,202                                     PAC10077

```

102 T(I)=0.0	PAC10079
PI = 0.	PAC10080
PTMELT = 0.0	PAC10081
DATA ITEMP/4HTEMP/,METHOD/6HMETHOD/,IHFTAP/6HHFTAPE/,LSTSQS/6HLSTSPAC10082	
IOS/,ILGK/4HLOGK/,IREF/6HREFNCE/,IFINSH/6HFINISH/,INTERM/6HINTERM/	PAC10083
DATA IATOM/4HATOM/,ICONST/6HCONSTS/,I SCNS/6HSCNST/,IR/1HR/,	PAC10084
DATA IBLNK /1H /,IDATE/4HDATE/,NOLEAS/6HNOLEAS/,IHCK/3HHCK/,	PAC10085
1IHFDAT/6HHFDATA/,IEFDAT/6HEFDATA/,IEFTAP/6HEFTAPE/,LIST/6HLISTEF/	PAC10086
C	PAC10087
C20	PAC10088
C CALL INPUT TO READ AND WRITE CONTENTS OF ONE INPUT CARD	PAC10089
	PAC10090
	PAC10091
C	PAC10092
104 CALL INPUT (LINES)	PAC10093
194 IF(ICARD.EQ.IFINSH)GO TO 111	PAC10094
IF(ICARD.EQ.LIST) GO TO 2	PAC10095
IF(ICARD.EQ.INTERM) GO TO 209	PAC10096
IF(ICARD.EQ.IDATE) GO TO 205	PAC10097
IF(ICARD.EQ.ITEMP) GO TO 105	PAC10098
IF(ICARD.EQ.METHOD) GO TO 107	PAC10099
IF(ICARD.EQ.IHFTAP .OR. ICARD.EQ.IEFTAP) GO TO 110	PAC10100
IF(ICARD.EQ.ILGK) GO TO 319	PAC10101
IF(ICARD.EQ.IREF) GO TO 104	PAC10102
IF (ICARD.EQ.NOLEAS) GO TO 106	PAC10103
IF(ICARD.EQ.LSTSQS) GO TO 180	PAC10104
IF (ICARD.EQ.IATOM) GO TO 13	PAC10105
IF (ICARD.EQ.ICONST) GO TO 5	PAC10106
IF (ICARD.EQ.IHFDAT .OR. ICARD.EQ.IEFDAT) GO TO 147	PAC10107
C	PAC10108
C IF CC 1-6 CONTAIN NO RECOGNIZABLE CODE, ASSUME CARD CONTAINS FORMULA	PAC10109
C CALL IDENT TO ANALYZE FORMULA	PAC10110
CALL IDENT	PAC10111
IF (TEST(16)) GO TO 152	PAC10112
DATA IDELH/6HDELTAH/,IDIS/6HDISSOC/,IASH/6HASINDH/,IHT/1HT/	PAC10113
DATA INVCM/5HINVCM/,KCAL/+HKCAL/,IEV/2HEV/,JOULES/6HJOULES/	PAC10114
DATA ICAL/3HCAL/,IP/2HIP/,IPATOM/6HIPATOM/,IHF298/5HHF298/	PAC10115
C	PAC10116
C STORE HEAT OF REACTION AND ASSIGNED T FROM FORMULA CARD	PAC10117
DO 121 I = 2,4	PAC10118
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IDELH .OR. IWORD(I).EQ.IDIS) GO TO 122	PAC10119
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IASH) GO TO 122	PAC10120
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IHT) ASINDT = WORD(I)	PAC10121
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IHF298) GO TO 125	PAC10122
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IP) PI = WORD(I)	PAC10123
IF (IWORD(I).NE.IPATOM) GO TO 121	PAC10124
IHEAT = IDIS	PAC10125
ASINDH = -WORD(I)	PAC10126
GO TO 121	PAC10127
125 IHEAT = IASH	PAC10128
ASINDT = 298.15	PAC10129
GO TO 126	PAC10130
122 IHEAT = IWORD(I)	PAC10131
126 ASINDH = WORD(I)	PAC10132
121 CONTINUE	PAC10133
IF (IHEAT.NE.IBLNK.AND.ASINDT.EQ.0.) TEST(19)=.TRUE.	PAC10134
IF (IHEAT.EQ.IASH.AND.ASINDT.EQ.0.) TEST(8) = .TRUE.	PAC10135
C	PAC10136
C CONVERT HEAT OF REACTION TO PROPER UNITS IF NECESSARY.	PAC10137
CONV = 1.	PAC10138
DO 123 I = 2,4	PAC10139
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.INVCM) CONV = 2.85927	PAC10140
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.KCAL) CONV = 1000.	PAC10141
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.IEV) CONV = 23063.	PAC10142
IF(R.GT.8.0.AND.(IWORD(I).EQ.ICAL.OR.CONV.NE.1.)) CONV=CONV*4.184	PAC10143
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.JOULES .AND. R.LT.2.) CONV = 1./4.184	PAC10144
123 CONTINUE	PAC10145
ASINDH = ASINDH*CONV	PAC10146
GO TO 104	PAC10147
C	PAC10148
C30	PAC10149
C STORE GENERAL DATA	PAC10150
C	PAC10151
2 TEST(1) = .TRUE.	PAC10152
GO TO 104	PAC10153
DATA LTRON/6H00000E/, MASK/077607777777/	PAC10154
13 X = AND (MASK,IWORD(1))	PAC10155
IF (IX.EQ.IWORD(1))GO TO 20	PAC10156
SYMBL = IARS(24,IWORD(1))	PAC10157
GO TO 21	

52

95

173

20 SYMBL = IARS(30,IWORD(1))	PAC10158	176
IF (NATOM.EQ.0) GO TO 33	PAC10159	
21 DO 30 IND = 1,NATOM	PAC10160	
IF (SYMBL.EQ.SYMBOL(IND)) GO TO 35	PAC10161	
30 CONTINUE	PAC10162	
33 NATOM = NATOM + 1	PAC10163	
IND = NATOM	PAC10164	
SYMBOL(IND) = SYMBL	PAC10165	
35 ATMWT(IND) = WORD(1)	PAC10166	
ELEMNT(IND) = IWORD(2)	PAC10167	
IF (SYMBL.EQ.LTRON) NEL = IND	PAC10168	
AG(IND) = WORD(2)	PAC10169	
GG(IND) = WORD(3)	PAC10170	
GO TO 104	PAC10171	
5 DO 14 I=1,4	PAC10172	
IF(IWORD(1).EQ.IR) R=WORD(I)	PAC10173	
IF(IWORD(1).EQ.IHCK) HCK=WORD(I)	PAC10174	
IF(IWORD(1).EQ.ISCONS) SCONST = WORD(I)	PAC10175	
14 CONTINUE	PAC10176	
GO TO 104	PAC10177	
147 CALL EFTAPE	PAC10178	225
GO TO 104	PAC10179	
C	PAC10180	
C STORE OPTIONS. SEE C60 FOR LSTSQS OPTION.	PAC10181	
205 DO 206 IJ=1,4	PAC10182	
IF(IWORD(IJ).NE.IBLNK) LDATE = IWORD(IJ)	PAC10183	
206 CONTINUE	PAC10184	
GO TO 104	PAC10185	
209 TEST(14) = .TRUE.	PAC10186	
GO TO 104	PAC10187	
110 TEST(10) = .TRUE.	PAC10188	
GO TO 104	PAC10189	
105 CALL TEMPER (NT,TINTVL ,T,IWORD,WORD)	PAC10190	244
TEST(20) = .TRUE.	PAC10191	
GO TO 104	PAC10192	
319 TEST(12) = .TRUE.	PAC10193	
GO TO 104	PAC10194	
106 TEST(15) = .FALSE.	PAC10195	
ITR = 0	PAC10196	
NF = 0	PAC10197	
DO 2106 I=1,10	PAC10198	
EXP(I) = 0.	PAC10199	
2106 TRANGE(I) = 0	PAC10200	
TCONST = 0.	PAC10201	
GO TO 104	PAC10202	
C	PAC10203	
C40	PAC10204	
C METHOD CARD HAS BEEN READ.	PAC10205	
C	PAC10206	
107 DO 2000 I = 1,4	PAC10207	
DATA IREAD/6HREADIN/, ICDEF/4HCOEF/	PAC10208	
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.IREAD.OR. IWORD(I).EQ.ICDEF) ICARD = IWORD(I)	PAC10209	
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.IPI) I = WORD(I)	PAC10210	
2000 CONTINUE	PAC10211	
IF (R.EQ.0.) GO TO 150	PAC10212	
IF(TEST(20) .OR. ICARD.EQ.IREAD) GO TO 130	PAC10213	
C	PAC10214	
C STORE STANDARD T SCHEDULE IF NO TEMP CARDS HAVE BEEN READ.	PAC10215	
T(1) = 100.0	PAC10216	
T(2) = 200.0	PAC10217	
T(3) = 298.15	PAC10218	
T(4) = 300.0	PAC10219	
DO 131 NT = 5,61	PAC10220	
131 T(NT) = T(NT-1) + 100.0	PAC10221	
NT = 61	PAC10222	
C	PAC10223	
C CALL RECO FOR READIN OR COEF METHODS	PAC10224	
C CALL ATOM FOR MONATOMIC GASES	PAC10225	
C CALL POLY FOR DIATOMIC OR POLYATOMIC GASES	PAC10226	
130 IF (ICARD.NE.IRFAD .AND. ICARD.NE.ICDEF) GO TO 235	PAC10227	
2001 CALL RECO	PAC10228	
GO TO 1161	PAC10229	295
235 IF((HCK.EQ.0.) .OR. WEIGHT.EQ.0.) GO TO 150	PAC10230	
IF(NDATMS.EQ.1) GO TO 148	PAC10231	
IF(NDATMS.GE.2) GO TO 149	PAC10232	
	PAC10233	

150 WRITE(6,151)	PAC10234	
C	PAC10235	306
151 FORMAT (50HOERROR IN INPUT. GO TO NEXT SPECIES, C40	JPAC10236	
C	PAC10237	
152 IF (ICARD.EQ.IFINSH) GO TO 88	PAC10238	
READ (5, 1)ICARD	PAC10239	309
1 FORMAT(A6)	PAC10240	
GO TO 152	PAC10241	
88 TEST(16) = .FALSE.	PAC10242	
LINES = LINES + 2	PAC10243	
CALL PAGEID (LINES)	PAC10244	314
GO TO 103	PAC10245	
148 CALL ATOM	PAC10246	317
GO TO 1160	PAC10247	
149 CALL POLY	PAC10248	320
1160 NIT = NT + 1	PAC10249	
1161 IF (TEST(16)) GO TO 152	PAC10250	
161 CALL PAGEID (LINES)	PAC10251	326
GO TO 194	PAC10252	
C	PAC10253	
C50	PAC10254	
C	PAC10255	
111 IF (TEST(9)) GO TO 112	DELH0016	
WRITE (6,163)	DELH0017	330
163 FORMAT(54HOCP/R,(H-HO)/RT,AND S/R ARE NOT READY FOR OUTPUT, C50)	DELH0018	
GO TO 103	DELH0020	
112 NLAST = NT	PAC10257	
C	PAC10258	
C CALL DELH TO CALCULATE HO IF NECESSARY. DELH WILL CALL LEAST FOR	PAC10259	
C LEAST SQUARES FIT IF OPTION HAS BEEN REQUESTED.	PAC10260	
IF(NNN.LT.NLAST) CALL DELH	PAC10261	
C	PAC10262	
C CALL TABLES TO PUNCH FIRST TWO TABLES OF FUNCTIONS.	PAC10263	335
1367 CALL TABLES	PAC10264	
C	PAC10265	
C FOR EFTAPE OPTION, CALL HFTAPE TO PUNCH EF DATA AND PUT DATA ON TAPE.	PAC10266	338
IF (TEST(10)) CALL EFTAPE	PAC10267	
C	PAC10268	
C IF LOGK OPTION, CALL LOGK TO CALCULATE DELTAH AND LOG K AND	PAC10269	
C PRINT TWO TABLES OF PROPERTIES.	PAC10270	341
367 IF (TEST(12)) CALL LOGK	PAC10271	345
GO TO 103	PAC10272	
C	PAC10273	
C60	PAC10274	
C STORE DATA FROM LSTSQS CARD.	PAC10275	
C	PAC10276	
DATA ITCONS/6HTCONST/,IEXP/3HEXP/	PAC10277	
180 TEST (15) = .TRUE.	PAC10278	
DD 185 I = 1,4	PAC10279	
IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHT) GO TO 181	PAC10280	
IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. ITCONS) GO TO 186	PAC10281	
IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IEXP) GO TO 183	PAC10282	
IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IBLNK) GO TO 185	PAC10283	
WRITE (6,187) IWORD(I), WORD(I)	PAC10284	367
187 FORMAT (1H0, A6, 39H IS AN INCORRECT LABEL FOR THE NUMBER--	PAC10285	
1 E12.4, 29H. VALUE IGNORED, C60	PAC10286	
GO TO 185	PAC10287	
186 TCONST = WORD(I)	PAC10288	
GO TO 185	PAC10289	
181 ITR = ITR + 1	PAC10290	
IF(ITR .GT. 10) GO TO 182	PAC10291	
TRANGE(ITR) = WORD(I)	PAC10292	
GO TO 185	PAC10293	
182 WRITE (6,184)	PAC10294	382
184 FORMAT (69HOFIRST 10 T'S ONLY WERE ACCEPTED FOR THE LEAST SQUARES	PAC10295	
ROUTINE, C60	PAC10296	
GO TO 185	PAC10297	
183 NF = NF + 1	PAC10298	
EXP(NF) = WORD(I)	PAC10299	
185 CONTINUE	PAC10300	
GO TO 104	PAC10301	
END	PAC10302	

	SUBROUTINE INPUT(LINES)	INPT0001	
C		INPT0002	
C70		INPT0003	
C	READ AND WRITE INPUT	INPT0004	
C		INPT0005	
	COMMON NAME(2),C(143),ICARD,IWORD(5),WORD(4)	INPT0006	
	DIMENSION FMT(12),WRD(5)	INPT0007	
	DATA (FMT(I),I=1,3)/15H (1H0,A6,6X,A6,/, (FMT(J),J=5,9,21)/3*6H6X,A6	INPT0008	
	1,/,FMT(12)/1H)/,F8/6HF15.8,/,F3/6HF15.3,/,F5/6HF15.5,/,E8/6HE15.8,	INPT0009	
	2/, F12/6H2X,I2,/,F1/6HF15.0,/, IB/1H /,FB/6H9X,A6,/,	INPT0010	
	3 ISTART/ 0 /,B/1H /,A2/6H2X,A2,/,F7/6HF15.7, /	INPT0011	
	IF (NAME(1).EQ.IB.OR.ISTART.NE.0) GO TO 901	INPT0012	
	CALL PAGEID(LINES)	INPT0013	5
	ISTART = 1	INPT0014	
	WRITE (6,FMT) ICARD,(IWORD(I), WRD(I),I=1,4),IWRD	INPT0015	7
901	READ(5,1) ICARD,(IWORD(I),WORD(I),I=1,4),IWORD(5)	INPT0016	15
1	FORMAT (2A6,F12.0,A6,F12.0,A6,F12.0,A6,F12.0,I2)	INPT0017	
	DO 904 I = 1,4	INPT0018	
	J = 2*I+2	INPT0019	
	IF (WRD(I).EQ.0.) GO TO 902	INPT0020	
	WRD(I) = WORD(I)	INPT0021	
	ABSV = ABS(WRD(I))	INPT0022	
	FMT(J) = F8	INPT0023	
	IF (ABSV.GE.1.) FMT(J) = F7	INPT0024	
	IF (ABSV.GE.100.) FMT(J) = F5	INPT0025	
	IF (ABSV.GE.10000.)FMT(J) = F3	INPT0026	
	IF (ABSV.LE.1.0E-3) FMT(J) = E8	INPT0027	
	IF (AMOD(ABSV,1.).EQ.0.) FMT(J) = F1	INPT0028	
	GO TO 904	INPT0029	
902	FMT(J) = FB	INPT0030	
	WRD(I) = B	INPT0031	
904	CONTINUE	INPT0032	
	FMT(11) = A2	INPT0033	
	IWRD = IB	INPT0034	
	IF (IWORD(5) .EQ.0) GO TO 906	INPT0035	
	FMT(11) = F12	INPT0036	
	IWRD = IWORD(5)	INPT0037	
906	WRITE (6,FMT) ICARD,(IWORD(I), WRD(I),I=1,4),IWRD	INPT0038	62
	LINES = LINES + 2	INPT0039	
	IF (LINES.GE.55) CALL PAGEID(LINES)	INPT0040	72
	RETURN	INPT0041	
	END	INPT0042	

<pre> SUBROUTINE PAGEID (LINES) C C80 C PRINTS CHEMICAL FORMULA AT BOTTOM OF PAGE AND SKIPS TO NEXT SHEET. C COMMON NAME(2) DATA SKIP /1H /, ZERO /1H0/ SKP = ZERO 50 IF (LINES .LT. 55) GO TO 400 IF (LINES .GT. 57) SKP = SKIP WRITE (6,100) SKP, NAME(1), NAME(2), NAME(1), NAME(2) 100 FORMAT (A1, 2A6, 95X, 2A6) 200 WRITE (6,300) 300 FORMAT (1H1 ////) LINES = 4 RETURN 400 WRITE (6,500) 500 FORMAT (1H) LINES = LINES + 1 GO TO 50 END </pre>	<pre> PAGE0001 PAGE0002 PAGE0003 PAGE0004 PAGE0005 PAGE0006 PAGE0007 PAGE0008 PAGE0009 PAGE0010 PAGE0011 PAGE0012 PAGE0013 PAGE0014 PAGE0015 PAGE0016 PAGE0017 PAGE0018 PAGE0019 PAGE0020 </pre>	<pre> 6 7 9 </pre>
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SUBROUTINE EFTAPE
C
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,NEL ,ICARD,IWORD(5),
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70),
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202),
3 SCONST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,
4 SPECH,TAPE(606 ),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCNST,NKIND,
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H298HR,IHEAT,JF(5)
C
C90
C EQUIVALENCE (NAM,AME)
LOGICAL TEST
INTEGER SYMBOL, ELEMNT, FORMLA
C
C TEST(10)--PUNCH EF DATA AND PUT DATA ON TAPE FOR REACTANT WITH
C EFTAPE CARD IN SPECIFIC DATA.
IF (.NOT.TEST(10)) GO TO 147
REWIND 3
NDF = NDFILE + 1
CALL SKFILE(3,NDF)
DATA IHO/5HHZERO/, MELTPT/6HMELTPT/,ITNO/6H T NO./
DATA IHFDAT/6HEFDATA/,IBLANK/1H /,IE/6H00000E/
IWORD(1) = NAME(1)
WORD(2) = ASINDH
WORD(3) = PTMELT
WORD(4) = NT
C
C100
C
C PUNCH AND LIST EFDATA CARD.
PUNCH 9, IHFDAT,NAME(1),IHO,ASINDH,MELTPT,PTMELT,ITNO,NT
9 FORMAT ( 2A6,12X,2(A6,F12.4),A6,I12)
WRITE (6,10)IHFDAT,NAME(1),IHO,ASINDH,MELTPT,PTMELT,ITNO,NT
10 FORMAT(1H0,A6,6X,A6,15X,2(6X,A6,F15.4),6X,A6,I15)
NAM = IWORD(1)
KX = 0
C
C ARRANGE DATA FOR PUNCHING BINARY EF DATA CARDS. EACH BINARY CARD
C CONTAINS THE FORMULA (3RD WORD PHYSICALLY) AND 7 SETS OF T,
C {(H-H0)/RT AND -(F-H0)/RT VALUES.
DO 191 I = 1,3
DO 191 LX = 1, NT
KX = KX + 1
IF (MOD(KX,22).NE.1) GO TO 190
TAPE(KX) = AME
KX = KX + 1
190 IF (I.EQ.1) TAPE(KX) = T(LX)
IF (I.EQ.2) TAPE(KX) = HHRT(LX)
IF (I.EQ.3) TAPE(KX) = FHRT(LX)
191 CONTINUE
C
C BCDUMP IS MAP ROUTINE FOR PUNCHING BINARY CARDS.
CALL BCDUMP (TAPE(1),TAPE(KX))
C
C110
C
C READ IN BINARY EF DATA AND PUT ON TAPE 3
C ORDER OF WORDS DN TAPE FOR EACH ELEMENT OR ATOM--
C 1. NAME (IWORD(1) ON EFDATA CARD)
C 2. HZERO (WORD(2) ON EFDATA CARD)
C 3. MELTPT (WORD(3) ON EFDATA CARD)
C 4. T NO. (WORD(4) ON EFDATA CARD)
C 5. TEMPS (NEXT T NO. OF WORDS)
C 6. HHRT (NEXT T NO. OF WORDS)
C 7. FHRT (NEXT T NO. OF WORDS)
C
147 N = 3.0*WORD(4) + 0.1
NX = N + N/21
IF (MOD(N,21).NE.0) NX=NX+1
C
C BCREAD IS MAP ROUTINE FOR READING BINARY CARDS.
IF (.NOT.TEST(10)) CALL BCREAD (TAPE(1), TAPE(NX))
NAM = IWORD(1)
IX = 0
DO 999 IXX=1,NX
IF (TAPE(IXX).EQ.AME) GO TO 999
IX = IX + 1
TAPE(IX) = TAPE(IXX)
999 CONTINUE

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EFTP0001
EFTP0002
EFTP0003
EFTP0004
EFTP0005
EFTP0006
EFTP0007
EFTP0008
EFTP0009
EFTP0010
EFTP0011
EFTP0012
EFTP0013
EFTP0014
EFTP0015
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EFTP0075
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EFTP0078
EFTP0079
EFTP0080
EFTP0081

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48

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IF (N.EQ.IX) GO TO 1100	EFTP0082	
WRITE (6,1105) NAM	EFTP0083	67
1105 FORMAT(10HOERROR IN ,A6.13H EFDATA, C110)	EFTP0084	
RETURN	EFTP0085	
C	EFTP0086	
C120	EFTP0087	
C	EFTP0088	
C WRITE EF DATA ON TAPE.	EFTP0089	
1100 NDFILE = NDFILE + 1	EFTP0090	
WRITE (3) IWORD(1), WORD(2), WORD(3), WORD(4)	EFTP0091	69
WRITE(3) (TAPE(I),I=1,N)	EFTP0092	70
END FILE 3	EFTP0093	
C	EFTP0094	
C TEST(1)--LISTEF CARD HAS BEEN READ. THUS LIST EF BINARY DATA.	EFTP0095	77
IF (.NOT.TEST(1)) GO TO 210	EFTP0096	
WRITE (6,201)	EFTP0097	80
201 FORMAT(11X,1HT,13X,8H H-HO/RT,12X,10H-(F-HO)/RT,19X,1HT,13X,8H H-H	EFTP0098	
10/RT,12X,10H-(F-HO)/RT)	EFTP0099	
LINES = LINES+1	EFTP0100	
N3 = N/3	EFTP0101	
DO 205 I = 1,N3,2	EFTP0102	
J = N3 + I	EFTP0103	
K = 2 * N3 + I	EFTP0104	
LINES = LINES+1		
IF (LINES.GE.55) CALL PAGEID(LINES)	EFTP0105	90
205 WRITE(6,202)TAPE(I),TAPE(J),TAPE(K),TAPE(I+1),TAPE(J+1),TAPE(K+1)	EFTP0106	92
202 FORMAT (F15.3,2F20.8,8X,F15.3,2F20.8)	EFTP0107	
210 INDEX = 1	EFTP0108	
C130	EFTP0109	
IF (TEST(10)) GO TO 146	EFTP0110	
TEST(7) = .TRUE.	EFTP0111	
ICARD = IWORD(1)	EFTP0112	
IWORD(1) = IBLANK	EFTP0113	
C	EFTP0114	
C TEST(7)--SUBROUTINE IDENT IS BEING CALLED FROM EFTAPE.	EFTP0115	
C SUBROUTINE IDENT IS CALLED TO DETERMINE NUMBER OF ATOMS IN REACTANT.	EFTP0116	
C	EFTP0117	
CALL IDENT	EFTP0118	107
NAME(1) = IBLANK	EFTP0119	
146 IF (NOATMS.EQ.1.AND.TEST(4)) GO TO 141	EFTP0120	
C	EFTP0121	
C NATOM = NUMBER OF REACTANT SPECIES ON TAPE AT THIS TIME.	EFTP0122	
C SYMBOL = ATOMIC SYMBOL = FORMLA(1) FROM IDENT.	EFTP0123	
C ELEMNT = ASSIGNED REFERENCE FORM	EFTP0124	
C NMLA = NUMBER OF ATOMS IN ELEMENT.	EFTP0125	
C MPLACE = POSITION OF MONATOMIC REACTANT SPECIES ON TAPE.	EFTP0126	
C LPLACE = POSITION OF ASSIGNED REFERENCE REACTANT ON TAPE.	EFTP0127	
C	EFTP0128	
IF (NATOM.EQ.0) GO TO 142	EFTP0129	
DO 140 INDEX = 1,NATOM	EFTP0130	
IF (ICARD.EQ.ELEMNT(INDEX)) GO TO 151	EFTP0131	
140 CONTINUE	EFTP0132	
DO 150 INDEX = 1,NATOM	EFTP0133	
IF (FORMLA(1).EQ.SYMBOL(INDEX))GO TO 152	EFTP0134	
150 CONTINUE	EFTP0135	
142 NATOM = NATOM + 1	EFTP0136	
INDEX = NATOM	EFTP0137	
151 SYMBOL (INDEX) = FORMLA(1)	EFTP0138	
152 NMLA(INDEX) = MLA(1)	EFTP0139	
LPLACE(INDEX) = NDFILE	EFTP0140	
GO TO 163	EFTP0141	
C	EFTP0142	
C REACTANT SPECIES IS MONATOMIC GAS.	EFTP0143	
141 IF (NATOM.EQ.0) GO TO 161	EFTP0144	
DO 160 INDEX = 1,NATOM	EFTP0145	
IF (FORMLA(1).EQ.SYMBOL(INDEX)) GO TO 162	EFTP0146	
160 CONTINUE	EFTP0147	
161 NATOM = NATOM + 1	EFTP0148	
SYMBOL(NATOM) = FORMLA(1)	EFTP0149	
INDEX = NATOM	EFTP0150	
162 MPLACE(INDEX) = NDFILE	EFTP0151	
C	EFTP0152	
C NEL = INDEX FOR POSITION OF ELECTRON GAS IN ARRAYS OF DATA FOR	EFTP0153	
REACTANT SPECIES.	EFTP0154	
C	EFTP0155	
IF (FORMLA(1).NE.IE) GO TO 163		
NEL = INDEX		
NMLA(NEL) = 1	EFTP0156	
LPLACE(NEL) = MPLACE(NEL)	EFTP0157	
163 IF (TEST(10)) RETURN	EFTP0158	
DO 145 I=3,7	EFTP0159	
145 TEST(I) = .FALSE.	EFTP0160	
RETURN	EFTP0161	
END	EFTP0162	

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SUBROUTINE IDENT IDEN0001
C FROM FORMULA, DETERMINE-- IDEN0002
C 1) PHASE OF SPECIES, IDEN0003
C 2) NUMBER OF ATOMS IN SPECIES, IDEN0004
C 3) MOLECULAR WEIGHT, IDEN0005
C 4) IF ION, NUMBER OF ELECTRONS ADDED OR SUBTRACTED FROM NEUTRAL IDEN0006
C SPECIES. IDEN0007
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,NEL ,ICARD,IWORD(5), IDEN0008
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),NPLUS,ELEMNT(70), IDEN0009
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,7(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202), IDEN0010
3 SCONST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE, IDEN0011
4 SPECH,TAPE(202,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,NKIND, IDEN0012
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI ,H298HR,IHEAT,JF(5) IDEN0013
DATA IBLNK/1H /,IPLUS/6H00000+/,MINUS/6H00000-/,LFTPAR/6H00000/,,IDEN0014
1 IGAS/6H00000G/,LIQ/6H00000L/ IDEN0015
C IDEN0016
C140 IDEN0017
C IDEN0018
INTEGER SYMBOL, ELEMNT, FORMLA IDEN0019
LOGICAL TEST IDEN0020
DIMENSION IA(12),NO(11),NUM(11) IDEN0021
DO 49 I = 1,11 IDEN0022
NO(I) = 0 IDEN0023
49 NUM(I) = 0 IDEN0024
C IDEN0025
C PUTS EACH ALPHANUMERIC CHARACTER OF FORMULA IN IA ARRAY(RT ADJUSTED) IDEN0026
C IDEN0027
NAME(1) = ICARD IDEN0028
NAME(2) = IWORD(1) IDEN0029
J=1 IDEN0030
DO 50 I=1,2 IDEN0031
DO 51 K=1,6 IDEN0032
IA(J)=IARS(30,NAME(I)) IDEN0033
NAME(I) = IALS(6,NAME(I)) IDEN0034
51 J=J+1 IDEN0035
50 CONTINUE IDEN0036
NAME(1) = ICARD IDEN0037
NAME(2) = IWORD(1) IDEN0038
C IDEN0039
C150 IDEN0040
C WHICH CHARACTERS ARE NUMBERS AND WHAT ARE THEY IDEN0041
C IDEN0042
INO=NUMBER OF NUMBERS IDEN0043
NUM(I)= LOCATION OF NUMBERS IN IA ARRAY IDEN0044
NO(I)= NUMBERS IN THESE LOCATIONS IDEN0045
C IDEN0046
WEIGHT=0.0 IDEN0047
INO = 0 IDEN0048
IONNUM = 0 IDEN0049
DO 60 N = 2,12 IDEN0050
IF (IA(N).LE. 9) GO TO 53 IDEN0051
IF (IA(N).EQ.IBLNK) GO TO 54 IDEN0052
IF (IA(N).EQ.IPLUS) IONNUM = IONNUM - 1 IDEN0053
IF (IA(N).EQ.MINUS) IONNUM = IONNUM + 1 IDEN0054
GO TO 60 IDEN0055
53 IF (INO.NE.0.AND.N.GT.NUM(INO)+3) GO TO 55 IDEN0056
INO = INO + 1 IDEN0057
NO(INO) = IA(N) IDEN0058
NUM(INO) = N IDEN0059
60 CONTINUE IDEN0060
C IDEN0061
C IF NO NUMBERS (INO=0) PROBABLY NOT A FORMULA CARD. RETURN TO PAC1. IDEN0062
54 IF (INO.NE.0) GO TO 57 IDEN0063
55 WRITE (6,56) IDEN0064
56 FORMAT (45H0ERROR IN ABOVE CARD, IGNORE CONTENTS, C150 IDEN0065
RETURN IDEN0066
57 IF (IONNUM .EQ.0) GO TO 61 IDEN0067
C IDEN0068
C IONIC SPECIES, CALCULATE CORRECTION TO MOLECULAR WEIGHT. IDEN0069
TEST(3) = .TRUE. IDEN0070
FIONNO = IONNUM IDEN0071
WEIGHT = FIONNO * ATMWT(NEL) IDEN0072
IF (NEL .NE.0) GO TO 66 IDEN0073
WEIGHT = 0 IDEN0074
WRITE (6,700) IDEN0075
700 FORMAT (30HOELECTRON DATA MISSING, C150 IDEN0076
GO TO 66 IDEN0077

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62

70

61 NEXT = NUM(INO) + 1	IDEN0078	
C	IDEN0079	
C DETERMINE PHASE OF SPECIES.	IDEN0080	
IF(IA(NEXT).EQ.IBLNK .OR. IA(NEXT+1).EQ.IGAS) GO TO 66	IDEN0081	
IF(IA(NEXT).EQ.LFTPAR) GO TO 165	IDEN0082	
64 WRITE (6,65)	IDEN0083	
C	IDEN0084	84
65 FORMAT(42H ERROR IN NAME,GO TO NEXT SPECIES, C150)	IDEN0085	
TEST(16) = .TRUE.	IDEN0086	
RETURN	IDEN0087	
165 IF(IA(NEXT+1).EQ.LIQ)TEST(5)=.TRUE.	IDEN0088	
IF(IA(NEXT+1).NE.LIQ)TEST(6)=.TRUE.	IDEN0089	
NPLUS = NEXT + 1	IDEN0090	
GO TO 67	IDEN0091	
66 TEST(4)=.TRUE.	IDEN0092	
C	IDEN0093	
C160	IDEN0094	
C	IDEN0095	
67 I = 1	IDEN0096	
J = 1	IDEN0097	
K = 0	IDEN0098	
DO 100 LMN = 1,5	IDEN0099	
FORMLA(LMN) = 0	IDEN0100	
100 MLA(LMN) = 0	IDEN0101	
NOATMS = 0	IDEN0102	
C	IDEN0103	
C STORE EACH ATOMIC SYMBOL IN FORMLA(J). NUMBER OF ATOMS IN MLA(J).	IDEN0104	
69 IF(NUM(I).EQ.(K+2))GO TO 70	IDEN0105	
IF(NUM(I).NE.(K+3))GO TO 64	IDEN0106	
FORMLA(J)=IALS(6,IA(K+1))+IA(K+2)	IDEN0107	115
GO TO 71	IDEN0108	
70 FORMLA(J)=IA(K+1)	IDEN0109	
71 IF((NUM(I)+1).EQ.NUM(I+1))GO TO 72	IDEN0110	
MLA(J)=NO(I)	IDEN0111	
GO TO 73	IDEN0112	
72 MLA(J)=10*NO(I)+NO(I+1)	IDEN0113	
I=I+1	IDEN0114	
C	IDEN0115	
C NOATMS = TOTAL NUMBER OF ATOMS IN MOLECULE.	IDEN0116	
73 NOATMS=NOATMS + MLA(J)	IDEN0117	
IF(TEST(7)) GO TO 85	IDEN0118	
C	IDEN0119	
C FIND ATOM FORMULA IN SYMBOL TABLE	IDEN0120	
C	IDEN0121	
DO /4 L=1,NATOM	IDEN0122	
IF(FORMLA(J).EQ.SYMBOL(L))GO TO 91	IDEN0123	
74 CONTINUE	IDEN0124	
90 WRITE (6,92)	IDEN0125	151
92 FORMAT (50HATOM CARD MISSING OR FORMULA INCORRECT, C160	IDEN0126	
WEIGHT = 0	IDEN0127	
GO TO 85	IDEN0128	
C	IDEN0129	
C CALCULATE MOLECULAR WEIGHT.	IDEN0130	
C STORE POSITION OF ELEMENT DATA IN JF.	IDEN0131	
91 JF(J) = L	IDEN0132	
IF (ATMWT(L).EQ.0.0) GO TO 90	IDEN0133	
75 WEIGHT=WEIGHT+ATMWT(L)*FLOAT(MLA(J))	IDEN0134	
85 IF(INO.LE.I) GO TO 88	IDEN0135	
K=NUM(I)	IDEN0136	
I=I+1	IDEN0137	
J=J+1	IDEN0138	
GO TO 69	IDEN0139	
88 IF (.NOT.TEST(3) .OR. NEL.EQ.0) GO TO 900	IDEN0140	
J = J + 1	IDEN0141	
JF(J) =NEL	IDEN0142	
FORMLA(J) = SYMBOL(NEL)	IDEN0143	
MLA(J) = IONNUM	IDEN0144	
C	IDEN0145	
C NKIND = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN FORMULA.	IDEN0146	
900 NKIND = J	IDEN0147	
IF (TEST(3) .AND. NEL .EQ. 0) WEIGHT = 0.	IDEN0148	
IF (.NOT.TEST(7)) RETURN	IDEN0149	
NAME(1) = IBLNK	IDEN0150	
RETURN	IDEN0151	
END	IDEN0152	

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SUBROUTINE TEMPER(NT,TINTVL,      T,IWORD,WORD)      TEMPO001
C
C STORES T SCHEDULE IN T ARRAY FROM DATA ON TEMP CARDS.
C NT = NUMBER OF TEMPERATURES
C TINTVL = I VALUE ON TEMP CARD. PRESERVED IF LAST VALUE ON CARD SO
C IT WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR USE WITH DATA ON NEXT TEMP CARD.
C
C170
C      DATA IT/IHT/,I/IHI/,IBLANK/0606060606060/
      DIMENSION      T(202),IWORD(5),WORD(4)
103 DO 120 J=1,4
      IF(IWORD(J).EQ.IBLANK) GO TO 120
      IF(IWORD(J).EQ.IT) GO TO 121
      IF (IWORD(J).EQ.I) GO TO 122
124 WRITE (6,123)
123 FORMAT(35HOERROR IN LABELS ON TEMP CARD, C170)
      GO TO 139
122 IF (NT.GT.0) GO TO 125
      GO TO 124
125 TINTVL = WORD(J)
      GO TO 120
121 IF (NT.EQ.0) GO TO 126
      IF (TINTVL.EQ.0.0) GO TO 127
131 IF (T(NT).GE.(298.15-.0001)) GO TO 128
      IF ((T(NT)+TINTVL).GT.(298.15+.0001)) GO TO 129
128 NT = NT+1
      IF (NT.GT.202) GO TO 1140
      T(NT) = T(NT-1)+TINTVL
130 IF (T(NT).GE.(WORD(J)-.0001)) GO TO 141
      GO TO 131
141 TINTVL = 0.0
      GO TO 120
129 NT = NT+1
      T(NT) = 298.15
      NT = NT+1
      T(NT) = T(NT-2)+TINTVL
      GO TO 130
126 NT = 1
      T (NT) = WORD(J)
      GO TO 120
127 IF (T(NT).GE.(298.15-.0001)) GO TO 132
      IF (WORD(J).GT.(298.15+.0001))GO TO 133
132 NT = NT+1
      IF (NT.GT.202) GO TO 1140
      T(NT) = WORD(J)
      GO TO 120
133 NT = NT+1
      T(NT) = 298.15
      GO TO 132
120 CONTINUE
C
C180
      RETURN
1140 NT = 202
      WRITE (6,140)
140 FORMAT(41HNUMBER OF TEMPERATURES EXCEEDS 202, C180)
      RETURN
C
C TEMP CARD IS BLANK--USE STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE
C
139 IWORD(1) = IT
      WORD(1) = 100.0
      IWORD(2) = I
      WORD(2) = 100.0
      IWORD(3) = IT
      WORD(3) = 6000.0
      GO TO 103
      END

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TEMPO002
TEMPO003
TEMPO004
TEMPO005
TEMPO006
TEMPO011
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TEMPO020
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TEMPO068

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SUBROUTINE RECD                                REC00001
C                                                REC00002
C READIN AND COEF METHODS.                      REC00003
C                                                REC00004
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5), REC00005
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70), REC00006
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(20),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202), REC00007
3 SCNST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NOFILE. REC00008
4 SPECH,TAPE(202,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCNST,NKIND, REC00009
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H298HR REC00010
COMMON /PCH/LEVEL,NF1,NF2,C(9,15),TC(10), NTC,NEX,LOATE,NNN,NLAST REC00011
C                                                REC00012
C190                                             REC00013
C                                                REC00014
DIMENSION EX(15)                               REC00015
LOGICAL TEST,TSTRED,TSTCO                      REC00016
EQUIVALENCE (AN,NN)                           REC00017
DATA IT /2HT /, IBLNK /1H /, IE /6H00000E/, REC00018
1 IC /6H00000C/, IPNCH /6HTPUNCH/, IH1 /6HCHHO/R/, REC00019
2 IH2C /6HCHHO/R/, IHR /4HCH/R/, ISRC /4HCS/R/, REC00020
3 MASK /077607777777/, IREDUC/6HREDUCE/ REC00021
DATA IH1D1 /5HCH-HO/, IH1D2 /5HCH-HO/,ISC/2HCS/, IH/2HCH/ REC00022
DATA ICP, IH0, IH2, IFH0, IFH2, IS, IH0T, IH2T, IFH0T, IFH2T, REC00023
1 ICP, IH0RT, IH2RT, IFH0T, IFH2T, ISR /2HCP, 4HH-HO, REC00024
2 4HH-H2, 5H-F-HO, 5H-F-H2, IHS, 6HH-HO/T, 6HH-H2/T, 6H-FHO/T, REC00025
3 6H-FH2/T, 4HCP/R, 6HH-HORT, 6HH-H2RT, 6H-FH0RT, 6H-FH2RT, 3HS/R/, REC00026
4 IH29HO/6HH298HO/,IH29HO/6HH298HO/,IDELH/6HDELTAH/,IDELS REC00027
5 /6HDELTA S/,ICDEF/4HCOEF/, MP/6HMELTPT/, REC00028
6 IH0/4HH-HO/,IH0T/6HH-HO/T/,IH0RT/6HH-HORT/,IFH0/5H-F-HO/, REC00029
7 IFH0T/6HF-HO/T/,IFH0RT/6H-FH0RT/ REC00030
IF (LEVEL.NE.1) LEVEL=LEVEL+1 REC00031
C                                                REC00032
C INITIALIZE. NIT IS INDEX FOR NEXT T AND CORRESPONDING FUNCTIONS. REC00033
NTT = NIT REC00034
TT = T(NIT-1) REC00035
HHRT(NTT) = 0. REC00036
FHRT(NTT) = -1.0 REC00037
TJ1 = T(NIT) REC00038
TJ2 = T(NT) REC00039
TSTCO = .FALSE. REC00040
H298HO = 0. REC00041
TSTRED = .FALSE. REC00042
C                                                REC00043
C STORE INFORMATION FROM METHOD CARD. REC00044
DO 2200 I = 1,4 REC00045
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IH29HO.OR.IWORD(I).EQ.IH29HO) H298HO = WORD(I) REC00046
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IDELH) GO TO 2155 REC00047
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IDELS) GO TO 2150 REC00048
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.ICDEF) TSTCO = .TRUE. REC00049
C                                                REC00050
C IF REDUCE LABEL, COEFFICIENTS ARE FOR CP/R. REC00051
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IREDUC)TSTRED=.TRUE. REC00052
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.MP) PTMELT = WORD(I) REC00053
GO TO 2200 REC00054
C                                                REC00055
C DELTAH OR DELTAS FOR HEAT OF TRANSITION. CALCULATE H-HO/RT AND REC00056
-(F-HO)/RT FOR NEW PHASE. REC00057
2150 WORD(I) = WORD(I)*TT REC00058
2155 IF (NIT.GT.1) GO TO 2156 REC00059
TEST(16) = .TRUE. REC00060
WRITE(6,2154) REC00061
2154 FORMAT(47HOT FOR TRANSITION UNKNOWN. GO TO NEXT SPECIES. ) REC00062
RETURN REC00063
2156 HHRT(NTT) = HHRT(NIT-1) + WORD(I)/(R*TT) REC00064
FHRT(NTT) = FHRT(NIT-1) REC00065
2200 CONTINUE REC00066
C                                                REC00067
C200                                             REC00068
C                                                REC00069
IF (H298HR.EQ.0.) H298HR = H298HO/R REC00070
IF ((HHRT(NTT).EQ.0.)OR.HHRT(NIT).EQ.HHRT(NIT-1)) GO TO 9 REC00071
NLAST = NIT-1 REC00072
C                                                REC00073
C IF THERE HAS BEEN A HEAT OF TRANSITION, CALL DELH TO CHECK FOR REC00074
LSTSQS OR PUNCHED COEFFICIENTS FOR PREVIOUS PHASE. REC00075
CALL DELH REC00076
MNN = NIT REC00077
NLASt = NT REC00078
C                                                REC00079
LEVEL=1 REC00080
9 DO 10 I = LEVEL,9 REC00081
DO 10 J = 1, 15 REC00082
10 C(I,J) = 0.0 REC00083
NEX = 0 REC00084
NOTS = 0 REC00085
NDT = 0 REC00086
JT = 0 REC00087
NFIRST = 0 REC00088
50 CALL INPUT (LINES) REC00089
NWORD = 1 REC00090
IF (NFIRST .NE. 0) GO TO 100 REC00091
C                                                REC00092
C INITIALIZE FOR FIRST CARD. REC00093
NSUB = ICARD REC00094

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	HCDEF = 0.0	REC00095
	SCDEF = 0.0	REC00096
C		REC00097
C	IF CC 1-6 NOT = TO CC 1-6 PREVIOUS CARD, GO TO 210 (C240).	REC00098
	100 IF (ICARD .NE. NSUB) GO TO 210	REC00099
	102 IF (TSTCO.AND.NFIRST.NE.O) GO TO 3000	REC00100
	NFIRST = NFIRST+1	REC00101
	IOUT = 0	REC00102
	DO 410 I = 1,4	REC00103
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IT) GO TO 15	REC00104
	410 CONTINUE	REC00105
	IOUT = IT	REC00106
	11 WRITE (6,12) IOUT	REC00107
	12 FORMAT (31HODATA CARD WAS SKIPPED BECAUSE A6,24HVALUE WAS MISSING	REC00108
	1, C200)	REC00109
	13 LINES = LINES + 2	REC00110
	GO TO 50	REC00111
C		REC00112
C210		REC00113
C		REC00114
C	IF TWO CONSECUTIVE T LABELS, ASSUME COEFFICIENTS, GO TO 3000 (C230).	REC00115
C		REC00116
	15 IF (IWORD(I+1) .EQ. IT) GO TO 3000	REC00117
	TT = WORD(I)	REC00118
	RT = R*TT	REC00119
	IF (TT .EQ. 0.0 .OR. TSTCO) GO TO 30	REC00120
C		REC00121
C	CHECK FOR CP.	REC00122
	DO 20 I = 1,4	REC00123
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. ICP) GO TO 22	REC00124
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. ICPR) GO TO 24	REC00125
	20 CONTINUE	REC00126
	IOUT = ICP	REC00127
	GO TO 11	REC00128
	22 CPRINTT) = WORD(I)/R	REC00129
	GO TO 30	REC00130
	24 CPRINTT) = WORD(I)	REC00131
C		REC00132
C	CHECK FOR ENTHALPY. SKIP IF CALCULATED FROM DELTAH.	REC00133
	30 IF (IHHRT(NTT) .NE. 0.) .AND. NFIRST .EQ. 1) GO TO 9491	REC00134
	DO 40 I = 1,4	REC00135
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHMO) IWORD(I) = IHMO	REC00136
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHOT) IWORD(I) = IHOT	REC00137
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHORT) IWORD(I) = IHORT	REC00138
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHMO .OR. IWORD(I) .EQ. IHOT .OR. IWORD(I) .EQ.	REC00139
	1 IHORT) GO TO 60	REC00140
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2 .OR. IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2T .OR. IWORD(I) .EQ.	REC00141
	1 IHM2RT) GO TO 850	REC00142
	40 CONTINUE	REC00143
	IOUT = IHMO	REC00144
	GO TO 70	REC00145
	850 IF (TT .NE. 0.0) GO TO 52	REC00146
	IF (H298HO .EQ. 0.0 .AND. IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2) H298HO = -WORD(I)	REC00147
	GO TO 50	REC00148
C		REC00149
C	H-H298 FUNCTIONS.	REC00150
	52 IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2) HHR TT = WORD(I)/RT	REC00151
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2T) HHR TT = WORD(I)/R	REC00152
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHM2RT) HHR TT = WORD(I)	REC00153
	IF (H298HO .EQ. 0.0) TEST(13) = .TRUE.	REC00154
	HHR T(NTT) = HHR TT + H298HO/RT	REC00155
	GO TO 65	REC00156
C		REC00157
C	H-HO FUNCTIONS.	REC00158
	60 IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHMO) HHR T(NTT) = WORD(I)/RT	REC00159
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHOT) HHR T(NTT) = WORD(I)/R	REC00160
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IHORT) HHR T(NTT) = WORD(I)	REC00161
C		REC00162
C	CHECK FOR T= ASINDT ON FORMULA CARD.	REC00163
	65 IF (ABS(TT-ASINDT) .GT. 0.005) GO TO 70	REC00164
	SPECH = HHR T(NTT) * RT	REC00165
	TEST(19) = .TRUE.	REC00166
C		REC00167
C	CHECK FOR FREE ENERGY FUNCTIONS.	REC00168
	70 FHRTT = -1.0	REC00169
	SR = -1.	REC00170
	DO 480 I = 1,4	REC00171
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHO) IWORD(I) = IFHO	REC00172
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHOT) IWORD(I) = IFHOT	REC00173
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHORT) IWORD(I) = IFHORT	REC00174
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHO) FHRTT = WORD(I)/RT	REC00175
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHOT) FHRTT = WORD(I)	REC00176
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFHOT) FHRTT = WORD(I)/R	REC00177
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFH2) FHRTT = (WORD(I) - H298HO) / RT	REC00178
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFH2T) FHRTT = (WORD(I) - H298HO/TT) / R	REC00179
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFH2RT) FHRTT = WORD(I) - H298HO/RT	REC00180
	IF (((IWORD(I) .EQ. IFH2) .OR. (IWORD(I) .EQ. IFH2T) .OR. (IWORD(I) .EQ.	REC00181
	1 IFH2RT) .AND. H298HO .EQ. 0.0) TEST(13) = .TRUE.	REC00182
	IF (IOUT .NE. IHMO) GO TO 9048	REC00183
C		REC00184
C	CHECK FOR ENTROPY FUNCTIONS.	REC00185
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IS) SR = WORD(I)/R	REC00186
	IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. ISR) SR = WORD(I)	REC00187
	GO TO 480	REC00188

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9048 IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IS) FHRTT = WORD(I)/R - HHRT(NTT)          RECO0189
IF (IWORD(I).EQ.ISR) FHRTT = WORD(I) - HHRT(NTT)              RECO0190
480 CONTINUE                                                    RECO0191
IF (FHRTT.EQ.(-1.0)) GO TO 1100                                RECO0192
FHRT(NTT) = FHRTT                                              RECO0193
IF (IDUT.NE.IHMO) GO TO 9491                                   RECO0194
IF (SR.EQ.(-1.)) GO TO 11                                     RECO0195
HHRT(NTT)=SR-FHRTT                                             RECO0196
IF (ABS(TT-ASINDT) .GT. 0.005) GO TO 9491                     RECO0197
SPECH = HHRT(NTT) * RT                                         RECO0198
C TEST(19)--THERE IS AN ENTHALPY FOR THE ASINDT ON THE FORMULA CARD RECO0199
C STORED IN SPECH.                                             RECO0200
TEST(19) = .TRUE.                                              RECO0201
C                                                                RECO0202
C220                                                            RECO0203
C                                                                RECO0204
C TEST(9)--THERE ARE THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS FOR AT LEAST ONE T. RECO0205
9491 TEST(9) = .TRUE.                                          RECO0206
IF (NIT.EQ.NNN) GO TO 94                                       RECO0207
IF(T(NIT-1).LT.PTMELT.AND.TT .GT.PTMELT) GO TO 9493          RECO0208
IF(TT.NE.(NIT-1).OR.ABS(HHRT(NIT)-HHRT(NIT-1)).LT.(.01))GO TO 94 RECO0209
9493 MLAST = NIT - 1                                           RECO0210
CALL DELH                                                       RECO0211
NNN = NIT                                                       RECO0212
MLAST = NT                                                       RECO0213
94 IF (TSTCD) GO TO 50                                          RECO0214
NT = NT + 1                                                     RECO0215
T(NT) = TT                                                       RECO0216
NTT = NT+1                                                      RECO0217
NIT = NTT                                                        RECO0218
GO TO 50                                                         RECO0219
1100 IDUT = IFMO                                               RECO0220
GO TO 11                                                         RECO0221
C                                                                RECO0222
C230 PROCESS COEFFICIENTS                                       RECO0223
C                                                                RECO0224
C C230 TO C240--STORE CONTENTS OF DATA CARD.                  RECO0225
C IF FHRT(NTT) IS NOT = -1 (NTT=0,) CALCULATE INTEGRATION CONSTANTS RECO0226
C FROM THE ENTHALPY AND FREE ENERGY (OR S) WHICH HAVE JUST BEEN READRECO0227
C
3000 IF (FHRT(NTT).EQ.(-1.0)) NTT = 0                          RECO0228
DO 200 ID = NWORD,4                                           RECO0229
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IBLNK) GO TO 200                             RECO0230
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IT) GO TO 110                                RECO0231
NDT = 1                                                         RECO0232
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IPNCH) GO TO 710                             RECO0233
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IHHD1.OR. IWORD(ID) .EQ. IHHD2)GO TO 150    RECO0234
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IHM1 .OR. IWORD(ID) .EQ. IHM2C)GO TO 155    RECO0235
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. ISC) GO TO 160                               RECO0236
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. ISRC)GO TO 165                               RECO0237
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IH ) GO TO 140                               RECO0238
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IHR) GO TO 145                               RECO0239
C                                                                RECO0240
C ANALYZE CI (COEFFICIENTS) AND EI (EXPONENTS) LABELS. USE NUMBFR AS RECO0241
C INOEX TO STORE VALUES IN C AND EX ARRAYS.                  RECO0242
IWD = IALS(6, IWORD(ID))                                       RECO0243
AN = AND(MASK,IWD)                                             RECO0244
IF (NN .EQ. IWD) GO TO 107                                       RECO0245
NN = IARS (24,IWD)                                             RECO0246
GO TO 108                                                       RECO0247
107 NN = IARS (30,IWD)                                          RECO0248
108 IF (NN .GT. 15) GO TO 1018                                   RECO0249
LABEL = IARS(30, IWORD(ID))                                     RECO0250
IF (LABEL .EQ. IE) GO TO 120                                     RECO0251
IF (LABEL .EQ. IC) GO TO 130                                     RECO0252
1018 WRITE (6,1019) IWORD(ID), WORD(ID)                          RECO0253
C                                                                RECO0254
1019 FORMAT (1H0,A6, 39H IS AN INCORRECT LABEL FOR THE NUMBER-- ,E16.8, RECO0255
1 31H. THUS THE VALUE WAS IGNORED. )                            RECO0256
LINES = LINES + 3                                             RECO0257
IF (LINES .GE. 55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)                          RECO0258
GO TO 200                                                       RECO0259
C                                                                RECO0260
C TEST(17)--PUNCH COEFFICIENTS                                 RECO0261
710 TEST(17) = .TRUE.                                          RECO0262
NOTS = NOTS + 1                                               RECO0263
IF (WORD(ID) .LE. TC(NTC)) GO TO 200                             RECO0264
NTC = NTC + 1                                                 RECO0265
TC(NTC) = WORD(ID)                                           RECO0266
GO TO 200                                                       RECO0267
C                                                                RECO0268
C TJ1 TO TJ2 = TEMPERATURE RANGE FOR WHICH COEFFICIENTS ARE GOOD. RECO0269
110 IF ( NDT .EQ. 1) GO TO 114                                   RECO0270
IF (JT.NE.1) TJ1 = WORD(ID)                                    RECO0271
IF (JT.EQ.1) TJ2 = WORD(ID)                                    RECO0272
JT = 1                                                         RECO0273
GO TO 200                                                       RECO0274
114 NWORD = ID                                                 RECO0275
GO TO 210                                                       RECO0276
120 EX(NN) = WORD(ID)                                          RECO0277
NEX = NEX + 1                                                 RECO0278
GO TO 200                                                       RECO0279
C                                                                RECO0280
C DIVIDE COEFFICIENTS BY R IF NO REDUCE LABEL ON METHOD CARD(TSTRED=F). RECO0281
130 IF (.NOT.TSTRED) WORD(ID) = WORD(ID)/R                      RECO0282

```

C		REC00283	
C	TEST(18)--ABSOLUTE VALUES FOR ENTHALPY.	REC00284	
	C(LEVEL,NN) = WORD(ID)	REC00285	
	GO TO 200	REC00286	
140	IF (.NOT.TSTRED) WORD(ID) = WORD(ID)/R	REC00287	
145	TEST(18) = .TRUE.	REC00288	
	IF (ASINDT.NE.O.) WRITE (6,146)	REC00289	452
146	FORMAT (45HENTHALPY IS ABSOLUTE--ASINDT SHOULD = 0.)	REC00290	
	LINES = LINES + 2	REC00291	
155	HCOEF = WORD(ID)	REC00292	
	GO TO 200	REC00293	
150	IF (.NOT.TSTRED) WORD(ID) = WORD(ID)/R	REC00294	
	GO TO 155	REC00295	
160	IF (.NOT.TSTRED) WORD(ID) = WORD(ID)/R	REC00296	
165	SCDEF = WORD(ID)	REC00297	
200	CONTINUE	REC00298	
	GO TO 50	REC00299	
C		REC00300	
C240		REC00301	
C		REC00302	
	210 IF(.NOT.TSTCD) GO TO 601	REC00303	
	NF1 = 6	REC00304	
	NF2 = 7	REC00305	
220	NT1 = NT	REC00306	
	IF ((ASINDT.EQ.O.).OR.TEST(19)) GO TO 240	REC00307	
	IF (ASINDT.GE.TJ1.AND.ASINDT.LE.TJ2) GO TO 230	REC00308	
	IF (ABS(ASINDT-298.15).GT.(.01).OR.H298HR.EQ.O.) GO TO 240	REC00309	
	SPECH = H298HR*R	REC00310	
	TEST(19) = .TRUE.	REC00311	
	GO TO 240	REC00312	
230	NT1 = NT + 1	REC00313	
	T(NT1) = ASINDT	REC00314	
240	I = NIT	REC00315	
241	IF (T(I).LT.TJ1 .OR. T(I).GT.TJ2) GO TO 400	REC00316	
245	CPR(I) = 0.0	REC00317	
	HHRIT = 0.0	REC00318	
	SR = 0.0	REC00319	
C		REC00320	
C	CALCULATE FUNCTIONS FROM EQUATION	REC00321	
	DO 300 J = 1, NEX	REC00322	
	248 TEX = 1.0	REC00323	
C		REC00324	
C	NTT = T IF AN ENTHALPY AND ENTROPY HAS BEEN READ FOR THE PURPOSE OF	REC00325	
C	CALCULATING THE INTEGRATION CONSTANTS. IF THESE VALUES HAVE NOT	REC00326	
C	BEEN READ, NTT = 0.	REC00327	
	IF (NTT.EQ. 0) TT = T(I)	REC00328	
	IF (EX(J).NE. 0.0) TEX = TT **EX(J)	REC00329	511
	IF(EX(J).EQ.(-1.))HHRIT = HHRIT + C(LEVEL,J)*TT *ALOG(TT)	REC00330	515
	IF(EX(J).NE.(-1.))HHRIT = HHRIT + C(LEVEL,J)/(EX(J)+1.0)*TEX	REC00331	
	IF (I .GT. NT) GO TO 300	REC00332	
	CPR(I) = CPR(I) + C(LEVEL,J) * TEX	REC00333	
	IF (TEX .EQ. 1.0) SR = C(LEVEL,J) * ALOG(TT) + SR	REC00334	530
	IF (TEX .NE. 1.0) SR = SR + C(LEVEL,J)/EX(J) * TEX	REC00335	
300	CONTINUE	REC00336	
	IF(NTT.EQ.0) GO TO 350	REC00337	
	HCOEF = (HHRIT(NTT) - HHRIT) *TT	REC00338	
	SCDEF = FHRT(NTT) - SR + HHRIT(NTT)	REC00339	
	NTT = 0	REC00340	
	GO TO 245	REC00341	
350	IF (I .GT. NT) GO TO 450	REC00342	
	HHRIT(I) = HHRIT + HCOEF/T(I)	REC00343	
	FHRT(I) = SR + SCDEF - HHRIT(I)	REC00344	
	IF (I.LE.NT) NIT = I+1	REC00345	
400	IF (I .EQ. NT) GO TO 490	REC00346	
	I = I + 1	REC00347	
	GO TO 241	REC00348	
450	SPECH = (HHRIT * ASINDT + HCOEF) * R	REC00350	
	TEST(19) = .TRUE.	REC00351	
C		REC00352	
C250		REC00353	
C		REC00354	
C	LEVEL = INDEX FOR TEMPERATURE INTERVALS.	REC00355	
490	C(LEVEL,NF1) = HCOEF	REC00356	
	C(LEVEL,NF2) = SCDEF	REC00357	
	NOTS = NOTS - 2	REC00358	
	IF (NOTS.LE.0).OR.LEVEL.EQ.(NTC-1)) GO TO 500	REC00359	
	DO 216 K = 1, NOTS	REC00360	
	LEVEL = LEVEL + 1	REC00361	
	IF (TJ2.LE.TC(LEVEL)) GO TO 216	REC00362	
	DO 214 NN = 1, 7	REC00363	
	C(LEVEL,NN) = C(LEVEL-1,NN)	REC00364	
	IF (TJ1.GE.TC(LEVEL)) C(LEVEL-1,NN) = 0	REC00365	
214	CONTINUE	REC00366	
216	CONTINUE	REC00367	
500	IF (ICARD .NE. NSUB) GO TO 600	REC00368	
	NDT = 0	REC00369	
	JT = 0	REC00370	
	LEVEL = LEVEL +1	REC00371	
	NEX = 0	REC00372	
	NOTS = 0	REC00373	
	GO TO 3000	REC00374	
600	TEST(9) = .TRUE.	REC00375	
601	RETURN	REC00376	
	END	REC00377	

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SUBROUTINE ATOM
C
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5),
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70),
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202),
3 SCONST,NOATHS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,
4 SPECH,TAPE(202,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCNST,NKIND,
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI ,H298HR,IHEAT,JF(5)
C
C260
C
DIMENSION AJ(400),ANU(400),G(400),NN(400),TEMPJ(4),TEMPNU(4)
DIMENSION Q(203),TODDT(203),XTDQDT(203)
DATA NTEMPR/6HTEMPR/,NFIX /6HFIXEDN/, IFILL/4HFILL/,NON/3HNON/
DATA IBLANK/1H /,IP/2HIP/,LG/6HGLABEL/
LOGICAL TEST,TSTFIL,GLABEL
LINES = LINES + 2
C
C INITIALIZE TO NO CUT-OFF AND NO FILL
KUTOFF = NON
TSTFIL = .FALSE.
GLABEL = .FALSE.
C
C CHECK FOR FILL AND CUTOFF(KUTOFF) ON METHOD CARD.
DO 7 I=1,4
IF(IWORD(I).EQ. IFILL)TSTFIL = .TRUE.
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.LG) GLABEL=.TRUE.
IF(IWORD(I).EQ.NTEMPR) KUTOFF = NTEMPR
IF(IWORD(I).NE.NFIX) GO TO 7
NFIXED = WORD(I)
KUTOFF = NFIX
7 CONTINUE
K=0
ALNWT=ALOG(WEIGHT)*1.5
NFIRST = 0
C
C270
C
C CALL INPUT TO READ AND LIST A DATA CARD.
10 CALL INPUT(LINES)
IF (NFIRST.NE.0) GO TO 12
NSUB = ICARD
NFIRST = 1
12 IF (ICARD.NE.NSUB) GO TO 50
DO 40 I=1,4
IF(IWORD(I).NE.IP) GO TO 13
PI = WORD(I)
GO TO 40
13 IF (IWORD(I).EQ.IBLANK) GO TO 40
K = K+1
NN(K) = IWORD(5)
IF (NN(K).EQ.0 .AND. KUTOFF.NE.NON) GO TO 30
C
C J VALUES ARE READ WITH ALPHANUMERIC FORMAT. CHANGE TO NUMBER AND
STORE IN AJ ARRAY.
HALF = 0.
ISFT = 0
DO 14 MLK = 1,6
LOOK = IARS(30,IWORD(I))
IF (HALF.EQ.(.5)) GO TO 16
IWORD(I) = IALS(6,IWORD(I))
IF (LOOK.EQ. 27) HALF = .5
IF (LOOK.LT.10) ISFT = ISFT*10+LOOK
14 CONTINUE
16 AJ(K) = ISFT
IF (LOOK .EQ. 5) AJ(K) = AJ(K) + HALF
IF (GLABEL)AJ(K) = (AJ(K)-1.)/2.
G(K) = 2.*AJ(K) + 1.
ANU(K) = WORD(I)
IF ((WORD(I).EQ.0.) .AND. (K.GT.1))ANU(K) = ANU(K-1)
GO TO 40
30 WRITE(6,31)IWORD(I),NN(K)
31 FORMAT(19HOERROR IN DATA--J = ,A6,6X, 7HLEVEL =,I3 )
LINES = LINES+2
40 CONTINUE
GO TO 10
50 KLAST = K
C
C280
C SORT ENERGY LEVELS IN INCREASING NUMERICAL ORDFR.
75 J=1
76 M=J
77 DO 79 I=J,KLAST
IF(ANU(M)-ANU(I))79,79,78
78 M=I
79 CONTINUE
IF(M-J) 80,81,80
80 TEMPY=ANU(M)
ANU(M)=ANU(J)
ANU(J)=TEMPY
TEMPY=G(M)
G(M)=G(J)

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ATOM0001
ATOM0002
ATOM0003
ATOM0004
ATOM0005
ATOM0006
ATOM0007
ATOM0008
ATOM0009
ATOM0010
ATOM0011
ATOM0012
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ATOM0014
ATOM0040
ATOM0015
ATOM0018
ATOM0019
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ATOM0021
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ATOM0028
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ATOM0030
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ATOM0038
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ATOM0067
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ATOM0069
ATOM0070
ATOM0071
ATOM0074
ATOM0075
ATOM0076
ATOM0077
ATOM0078
ATOM0079
ATOM0080
ATOM0081
ATOM0082
ATOM0083
ATOM0084
ATOM0085

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26
28
59
65
94

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      G(J)=TEMPY
      KTEMPY=NN(M)
      NN(M)=NN(J)
      NN(J)=KTEMPY
      TEMPY = AJ(M)
      AJ(M) = AJ(J)
      AJ(J) = TEMPY
81 J=J+1
      IF (KLAST-J) 82,82,76
82 CONTINUE
      NN(KLAST+1) = 0
      AJ(KLAST+1) = 0.0
      G(KLAST+1) = 0.0
      ANU(KLAST+1) = 0.0
      IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 1087
      WRITE ( 6,1082)
1082 FORMAT (1H0,4X,1HN,6X,1HJ,7X,1HG,5X,13HENRGY LEVEL ,12X,1HN,6X,1
      1HJ,7X,1HG,5X,13HENRGY LEVEL )
      LINES = LINES + 2
      DO 1085 I = 1, KLAST , 2
      INN = I + 1
      WRITE (6,1083)((NN(IN),AJ(IN),G(IN),ANU(IN), IN = I,INN)
1083 FORHAT (2(I6, F8.1,F8.1,F14.3, 10X))
      LINES = LINES + 1
1085 IF (LINES.GE.55) CALL PAGEID(LINES)
1087 IF(KUTOFF.NE.NFIX) GO TO 100
      IF(NFIXED.GE.NN(1)) GO TO 100
      WRITE(6,99)NN(1)
      99 FORMAT(57HOSINCE FIXEDN IS LESS THAN FIRST N, FIXEDN IS SET EQUAL
      1 ,13,5H C280)
      NFIXED = NN(1)
      LINES = LINES+2
100 IF (.NOT.TSTFIL) GO TO 160
C
C290
C ROUTINE FOR ASSIGNING TO LAST LEVEL OF EACH PRINCIPLE QUANTUM NUMBER,
C PQN, THAT WEIGHT WHICH GIVES PQN THE TOTAL SUM OF 2J+1, OBTAINED FROM
C THE FORMULA A*NN. (IGNORES PQN'S LOWER THAN GROUND STATE, AND, WHEN
C NECESSARY, USES SPECIAL NUMBER FOR SUM OF 2J+1 FOR PQN OF GROUND
C STATE.
C
      INDX = JF(1)
1102 WRITE (6,101)
101 FORMAT (7X,1HB,9X,1HN,3X,15HPRED. SUM(2J+1),3X,14HACT. SUM(2J+1),
      13X,4HDIFF,5X,9HMAX LEVEL,3X,16H2J+1, MAX LEVEL )
      LINES = LINES + 1
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      K = 1
      NN1 = NN(1)
102 KUREN = NN(K)
      SUM = 0.0
      L = 1
      DO 150 J=K,KLAST
      IF (NN(J).LT.0) GO TO 150
      IF (NN(J) - KUREN) 110,105,110
105 SUM = SUM+G(J)
      M = J
      NN(J) = -NN(J)
      IF (J.NE.KLAST) GO TO 150
      GO TO 115
110 IF (L .NE. 1) GO TO 114
      L = 0
      K = J
114 IF (J .NE. KLAST) GO TO 150
115 IF (KUREN.EQ.NN 1) GO TO 120
      TEMPY = KUREN*KUREN
      FORM = AG(INDX)*TEMPY
      GO TO 125
120 FORM = GG(INDX)
125 DIFF = FORM -SUM
      IF(KUREN.LT.NN1) DIFF = 0.0
      NNM = -NN(M)
      IF (DIFF.GT.0.0) G(M) = G(M)+DIFF
      WRITE (6,132)AG(INDX),NNM ,FORM ,SUM,DIFF,ANJ(M),G(M)
132 FORHAT (F9.1,19 ,F13.1,F17.1,F12.1,F14.4,F9.1)
      LINES = LINES + 1
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      IF (L .NE. 1) GO TO 102
      GO TO 160
150 CONTINUE
C
C300
C
160 IF (ASINDT.NE.0.0) GO TO 162
      NT1 = NT
      GO TO 200
162 NT1 = NT+1
      T(NT1) = ASINDT
C
C M = INDEX FOR T. K = INDEX FOR ELECTRONIC LEVELS.
200 DO 300 M=NT,NT1
205 I = 0

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ATOM0086
ATOM0087
ATOM0088
ATOM0089
ATDM0090
ATDM0091
ATOM0092
ATDM0093
ATOM0094
ATDM0095
ATOM0096
ATOM0097
ATDM0098
ATOM0099
ATOM0100
144
ATOM0101
ATOM0102
ATOM0103
ATOM0104
ATOM0105
ATOM0106
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ATOM0107
ATOM0108
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ATOM0110
ATOM0111
ATOM0112
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ATOM0113
ATOM0114
ATOM0115
ATOM0116
ATOM0125
ATOM0117
ATOM0118
ATOM0119
ATOM0120
ATOM0121
ATOM0122
ATOM0123
ATOM0124
ATOM0129
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ATOM0130
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ATOM0132
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ATOM0168
ATOM0171
ATOM0172
ATOM0173
ATOM0174
ATDM0175
ATDM0176
ATOM0177
ATOM0178

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      JJ = 1
      ATOM0179
C
C CALCULATE THE PARTITION FUNCTION AND DERIVATIVES FOR EACH ELECTRONIC
C LEVEL AND TEMPERATURE.
      DD 206 K=1,KLAST
      ATOM0180
210 X=(HCK/T(N))*ANU(K)
      ATOM0181
211 IF(X-85.) 214,212,212
      ATOM0182
212 IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 260
      WRITE (6,213)
      ATOM0183 261
213 FORMAT(50HJNOT ALL LEVELS WERE USED. X IS GREATER THEN 85.
      ATOM0184
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0185
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0186 264
      GO TO 260
      ATOM0187
214 IF(KUTOFF.NE.NTEMPR) GO TO 219
      ATOM0188
      IF(PI.NE.0. ) GO TO 215
      ATOM0189
      WRITE(6,1215)
      ATOM0190 272
1215 FORMAT(33HO IONIZATION POTENTIAL IS MISSING)
      ATOM0191
      RETURN
      ATOM0192
215 THERM= PI-T(N)/HCK
      ATOM0193
216 IF(ANU(K) - THERM) 240,240,217
      ATOM0194
217 IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 260
      WRITE(6,218)THERM
      ATOM0195 280
218 FORMAT(58HJALL LEVELS HAVE BEEN USED TO THE THERMAL BINDING ENERGY
      ATOM0196
      1 F12.3)
      ATOM0197
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0198
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0199 283
      GO TO 260
      ATOM0200
219 IF(KUTOFF.NE.NFIX) GO TO 240
      ATOM0201
220 IF(IABS(NN(K)).LE.NFIXED) GO TO 240
      ATOM0202
221 JJ = 0
      ATOM0203
      GO TO 206
      ATOM0204
240 I = I + 1
      ATOM0205
      Q(I)=G(K)*EXP(-1.*X)
      ATOM0206 297
      TDQDT(I)=Q(I)*X
      ATOM0207
      XTDOOT(I)=TDQDT(I)*X
      ATOM0208
245 IF(Q(I)-0.1E-9)246,246,206
      ATOM0209
246 IF(X-2.0) 206,206,247
      ATOM0210
247 IF(XTDQDT(I)-0.1E-9)248,248,206
      ATOM0211
248 IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 260
      WRITE(6,249)
      ATOM0212 314
249 FORMAT(172HJNOT ALL ASSIGNED LEVELS WERE USED. Q AND DERIVATIVES
      ATOM0213
      ARE TOO SMALL
      ATOM0214
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0215
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0216 317
      GO TO 260
      ATOM0217
206 CONTINUE
      ATOM0218
1260 IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 260
      ATOM0219 325
      IF (JJ.EQ.0) WRITE (6,222) NFIXED
      ATOM0220
222 FORMAT(28HJALL LEVELS USED THROUGH N = 15)
      ATOM0221 327
      IF (JJ.NE.0) WRITE (6,1262)
      ATOM0222
1262 FORMAT (50HJALL ASSIGNED LEVELS HAVE BEEN USED
      ATOM0223
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0224
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0225
      ATOM0226
C
C310
C CALCULATE TOTAL Q, DERIVATIVES, AND THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS FOR T.
      ATOM0227 331
C
260 QSUM=0.0
      ATOM0228
      TDQDTS=0.0
      ATOM0229
      XTDQDS=0.0
      ATOM0230
      J=I
      ATOM0231
      DO 261 II=1,J
      ATOM0232
      QSUM=QSUM+Q(II)
      ATOM0233
      TDQDTS= TDQDTS+TDQDT(II)
      ATOM0234
      XTDQDS= XTDQDS+XTDQDT(II)
      ATOM0235
261 I=I-1
      ATOM0236
262 IF (TDQDTS - 0.1 E-9) 263,264,264
      ATOM0237
263 TMP = 0.0
      ATOM0238
      GO TO 265
      ATOM0239
264 TMP=TDQDTS/QSUM
      ATOM0240
265 HHRT(N)=TMP*2.5
      ATOM0241
      IF(M .GT.NT) GO TO 301
      ATOM0242
      CPR(M)=2.5+XTDQDS/QSUM -TMP*TMP
      ATOM0243
      FHRT(M)= ALOG(QSUM)+2.5*ALOG(T(M))+ALNWT +SCONST
      ATOM0244 354 356
      IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 300
      WRITE (6,270) T(M),CPR(M),HHRT(M),FHRT(M)
      ATOM0245 360
270 FORMAT (1X,1HT,F11.2,6X,4HCP/R,F12.6,6X,8HH-HO/RT,F11.6,6X,8HF-HO/
      ATOM0246
      1RT,F12.6)
      ATOM0247
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0248
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0249 367
      WRITE (6,271) X,QSUM,TDQDTS,XTDQDS
      ATOM0250 368
271 FORMAT (1X,1HX,F12.7,6X,4HQSUM,F12.7,6X,9HT(DQ/DT)S,F13.7,6X,10HXT
      ATOM0251
      1(DO/DT)S,F13.7)
      ATOM0252
      LINES = LINES + 1
      ATOM0253
      IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      ATOM0254 371
300 CONTINUE
      ATOM0255
      GO TO 302
      ATOM0256
301 SPECH = HHRT(NTI)*R*ASINDT
      ATOM0257
C
C TEST(19)-- ENTHALPY HAS BEEN CALCULATED FOR T ON FORMULA CARD.
C TEST(9)--FUNCTIONS HAVE BEEN CALCULATED.
      TEST(19) = .TRUE.
      ATOM0258
302 TEST(9) = .TRUE.
      ATOM0259
      RETURN
      ATOM0260
      END

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SUBROUTINE POLY
C          IF TEST IS TRUE--
C          TESTW(1) MOLECULE IS NON-LINEAR
C          TESTW(2) RIGID ROTATOR-HARMONIC OSCILLATOR APPROXIMATION
C          TESTW(3) SECOND ORDER CORRECTIONS ARE CALLED FOR
C          TESTW(4) PENNINGTON AND KOBE APPROXIMATION
C          TESTW(5) JANAF METHOD FOR DIATOMIC MOLECULES
C          TESTW(6) SPECIES HAS EXCITED ELECTRONIC STATES
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),E,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5),
1  WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),ANY,ELEMNT(70),
2  NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202),
3  SCONST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,
4  SPECH,TAPE(202,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,NKIND,
5  NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H298HR,HEAT,J5(5)
COMMON /WCOMM/ V(20),DNT(20),ND(20),X(6,6),Y(6,6,6),NNU,ALFA(6),
1  ALFB(6),ALFC(6),G(6),WX(6),BETA(6),A,B,C,RH,D,WF,W,
2  SYM,STWT,TOO,THETA(5),TESTW(6),R(20,3),S(20,3),QL(3),Q,QLN,DQ,
3  DDO,LABEL,QTOT,QLNTOT,DQTOT,DDQTOT,CORT,AIJ(6,6),AIII,AI(6),NSUB
C          C320
C          DIMENSION IE(5),RI(6)
C          LOGICAL TESTW,TEST
C          EQUIVALENCE (IWD,WD)
C          DATA IRRHO/4HRRHO/,JANAF/5HJANAF/,NRRHO2/6HNRRAO2/
C          DATA IPK/5HPANDK/,BCONV/2.7988898/,BLANK/1H/,NRRAO1/6HNRRAO1/
C          INITIALIZE FOR EACH SET OF METHOD AND DATA CARDS.
C          DO 10 I = 1,NT
C          CPR(I) = 0.0
C          HHRT(I) = 0.0
10  FHRT(I) = 0.0
C          HHRT(NT + 1) = 0.0
C          FHRT(NT + 1) = 0.0
C          SYM = 1.0
C          DO 1005 I = 2,6
1005 TESTW(I) = .FALSE.
C          CHECK METHOD
C          DO 800 I = 1,4
C          IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IRRHO) GO TO 12
C          IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. NRRHO2) GO TO 13
C          IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. IPK) GO TO 14
C          IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. JANAF) GO TO 15
C          IF (IWORD(I) .EQ. NRRAO1) GO TO 21
800 CONTINUE
C          WRITE (6,19)
19  FORMAT(50HMETHOD CODE WAS NOT RECOGNIZED, USED NRRAO1, C320 )
12  TESTW(2) = .TRUE.
C          GO TO 21
13  TESTW(3) = .TRUE.
C          GO TO 21
14  TESTW(4) = .TRUE.
C          GO TO 21
15  TESTW(5) = .TRUE.
C          IF (NOATMS.GT.2) TESTW(2) = .TRUE.
21  WRITE (6,22)WEIGHT
22  FORMAT (15HMOLECULAR WT.=F10.5)
C          NFIRST = 0
C          LINES = LINES + 4
C          C330
C          CALL INPUT TO READ AND PRINT CONTENTS OF INPUT CARD.
C          28 CALL INPUT(LINES)
C          IF (NFIRST .NE. 0) GO TO 1010
C          INITIALIZE FOR FIRST CARD ONLY.
C          NFIRST = 1
C          NSUB = ICARD
C          INITIALIZE FOR EACH ELECTRONIC LEVEL.
1001 STWT = 1.0
C          T00=0.0
C          A=0.0
C          B=0.0
C          C=0.0
C          RH=0.0
C          D=0.0
C          WF=0.0
C          W=0.0
C          THETA(3) = 0.0
C          AIII= 0.0
C          DO 1002 I=1,6

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POLY0001
POLY0002
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POLY0070
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POLY0075
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POLY0077
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POLY0080
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POLY0082
POLY0083

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58

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ALFA(I)=0.0
ALFB(I)=0.0
ALFC(I)=0.0
RI(I) = 0.0
G(I)=0.0
WX(I)=0.0
BETA(I)=0.0
DO 1002 J=1,6
X(I,J)=0.0
AIJ(I,J) = 0.0
1002 CONTINUE
DO 1003 I=1,20
V(I)=0.0
ND(I) = 1
1003 DN(I) = 1.0
DO 1004 I=1,4
DO 1004 J=1,4
DO 1004 K=1,4
1004 Y(I,J,K)=0.0
LEVEL = IWORD(5)
C
C ASSUME LINEAR MOLECULE WITH 3N-5 FREQS. IF THERE IS AN A OR IA
C IN THE INPUT CHANGE TO 3N-6--SEE C350.
NV = 3*NOATMS - 5
TESTW(1) = .FALSE.
GO TO 1015
C
C IF CARD COLUMNS 1-6 OR 79-80 ARE DIFFERENT FROM PREVIOUS CARD, GO
C TO 1051 (C380).
1010 IF(ICARD.NE.NSUB .OR. LEVEL .NE. IWORD(5)) GO TO 1051
C
C340
C
C SOME LABELS FOR DIATOMICS CHECKED AND VALUES STORED IN SECTION C370.
DATA T1/2HTO/, SYMNO/5HSYMNO/, STATWT/6HSTATWT/, IV/6H00000V/,
1 NX/6H00000X/, NY/6H00000Y/, A1/2HAO/, B1/2HBO/, C1/2HCO/,
2 IA/2HIA/, IB/2HIB/, RHO/3HRHO/,IG/6H00000G/, IALPHA/6HOALPHA/,
3 WE/2HWE/, WEXE/4HWEXE/, WEYE/4HWWEYE/, WEZE/4HWWEZE/, DE/2HDE/,
4 IALFAB/6HOALFAB/, W1/2HWO/, T2/2HTO/, A2/2HAO/, B2/2HBO/,
5 C2/2HCO/, D1/2HDO/, D111/4HD000/, D2/2HDO/, D222/4HD000/,
6 WX1/3HWX1/, WX2/3HWX2/, WX3/3HWX3/, WX4/3HWX4/, BETA1/5HBETA1/,
7 BETA2/5HBETA2/, BETA3/5HBETA3/, W2/2HWO/, BE/2HBE/,IC/2HIC/,
8 IALFAA/6HOALFAA/, IALFAC/6HOALFAC/, NAIJ/6H00000A/
C
C IN DO LOOP THRU 1050 (C370) CHECK EACH LABEL ON DATA CARD AND STORE
C DATA.
1015 DO 1050 ID = 1,4
IWD = IWORD(ID)
IF (WD .EQ. BLANK) GO TO 1050
IF (WD .EQ. T1 .OR. WD .EQ. T2) GO TO 100
IF (WD .EQ. STATWT) GO TO 102
IF (WD .EQ. SYMNO) GO TO 104
IF (WD .EQ. B1 .OR. WD .EQ. B2 .OR. WD .EQ. BE) GO TO 106
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IB) GO TO 108
ISHFT1 = IARS(6,IWORD(ID))
IF (ISHFT1.EQ.IALPHA .OR. ISHFT1.EQ.IALFAB .OR. ISHFT1.EQ.IALFAA
1 .OR. ISHFT1.EQ.IALFAC) GO TO 1030
C
IF (NOATMS .EQ. 2) GO TO 1045
IF (WD .EQ. RHO) GO TO 110
IF (WD .EQ. D1 .OR. WD .EQ. D111) GO TO 112
IF (WD .EQ. D2 .OR. WD .EQ. D222) GO TO 112
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IA) GO TO 1020
IF (IWORD(ID) .EQ. IC) GO TO 114
IF (WD .EQ. A1 .OR. WD .EQ. A2) GO TO 1023
IF (WD .EQ. C1 .OR. WD .EQ. C2) GO TO 116
IF (WD .EQ. W1 .OR. WD .EQ. W2) GO TO 118
ISHFT5 = IARS (30, IWORD(ID))
IF (ISHFT5 .EQ. IV) GO TO 1033
IF (ISHFT5 .EQ. NX .OR. ISHFT5.EQ.NAIJ) GO TO 1040
IF (ISHFT5 .EQ. NY) GO TO 1044
IF (ISHFT5 .EQ. IG) GO TO 1025
1018 WRITE (6,1019) IWORD(ID), WORD(ID)
1019 FORMAT (1H0,A6, 39H IS AN INCORRECT LABEL FOR THE NUMBER-- ,E16.8,
1 36H. THUS THE VALUE WAS IGNORED, C340 )
LINES = LINES + 3
IF (LINES .GE. 55) CALL PAGEID (LINES)
GO TO 1050
C
C350
C
100 T00 = WORD(ID)
GO TO 1050

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POLY0084
POLY0085
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POLY0090
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POLY0166

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191

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102	STWT = WORD(ID)	POLY0167
	GO TO 1050	POLY0168
104	SYM = WORD(ID)	POLY0169
	GO TO 1050	POLY0170
106	B = WORD(ID)	POLY0171
	GO TO 1050	POLY0172
108	B = BCONV/WORD(ID)	POLY0173
	GO TO 1050	POLY0174
110	RH = WORD(ID)	POLY0175
	GO TO 1050	POLY0176
112	D = WORD(ID)	POLY0177
	GO TO 1050	POLY0178
114	C = BCONV/WORD(ID)	POLY0179
	GO TO 1050	POLY0180
116	C = WORD(ID)	POLY0181
	GO TO 1050	POLY0182
118	WF = WORD(ID)	POLY0183
	GO TO 1050	POLY0184
C		POLY0185
C	IF IA OR A LABEL, NON-LINEAR MOLECULE.	POLY0186
1020	A = BCONV/WORD(ID)	POLY0187
1021	TESTW(1) = .TRUE.	POLY0188
	NV = 3*NOATHS - 6	POLY0189
	GO TO 1050	POLY0190
1023	A = WORD(ID)	POLY0191
	GO TO 1021	POLY0192
1025	IWD = IALS(12, IWORD(ID))	POLY0193
	IWD = IARS(30, IWD)	POLY0194
	G(IWD) = WORD(ID)	POLY0195
	GO TO 1050	POLY0196
1030	IBACK1 = IALS(6, ISHFT1)	POLY0197
	I = IWORD(ID) - IBACK1	POLY0198
	IF (I .GT. 10) I = 1	POLY0199
	IF (ISHFT1.EQ.IALPHA .OR. ISHFT1 .EQ.IALFAB) ALFB(I) = WORD(ID)	POLY0200
	IF (ISHFT1.EQ.IALFAA) ALFA(I) = WORD(ID)	POLY0201
	IF (ISHFT1.EQ.IALFAC) ALFC(I) = WORD(ID)	POLY0202
	GO TO 1050	POLY0203
C		POLY0204
C360		POLY0205
C	STORE FREQUENCY AND DEGENERACY ACCORDING TO LABEL.	POLY0206
C		POLY0207
1033	J = 1	POLY0208
	DO 1034 I = 1,5	POLY0209
	IWD = IALS (6,IWD)	POLY0210
	IE(J) = IARS(30,IWD)	POLY0211
	IF (IE(J) .EQ. 48) GO TO 1034	POLY0212
	J = J + 1	POLY0213
1034	CONTINUE	POLY0214
	I = 1	POLY0215
	KV = IE(I)	POLY0216
	I = I + 1	POLY0217
	IF (IE(I) .GE. 10) GO TO 1035	POLY0218
	KV = 10 * KV + IE(I)	POLY0219
	IF(KV .GT. NV) GO TO 1038	POLY0220
1035	V(KV) = WORD(ID)	POLY0221
1036	I = I + 1	POLY0222
	IF (I .GT. J) GO TO 1050	POLY0223
	IF (IE(I) .GE. 10) GO TO 1036	POLY0224
	DN(KV) = IE(I)	POLY0225
	ND(KV) = IE(I)	POLY0226
	GO TO 1050	POLY0227
1038	WRITE (6,1019) IWORD(ID), WORD(ID)	POLY0228
	TEST(16) = .TRUE.	POLY0229
	RETURN	POLY0230
C		POLY0231
C	STORE XIJ ACCORDING TO LABEL	POLY0232
1040	IWD = IALS (6,IWORD(ID))	POLY0233
	IX = IARS (30,IWD)	POLY0234
	IWD = IALS (6,IWD)	POLY0235
	JX = IARS(30,IWD)	POLY0236
	IF(ISHFT5.EQ.NX) X(IX,JX) = WORD(ID)	POLY0237
	IF(ISHFT5.EQ.NAIJ) AIJ(IX,JX) = WORD(ID)	POLY0238
	GO TO 1050	POLY0239
C		POLY0240
C	STORE YIJK ACCORDING TO LABEL.	POLY0241
1044	IWD = IALS (6,IWORD(ID))	POLY0242
	IY = IARS (30,IWD)	POLY0243
	IWD = IALS (6,IWD)	POLY0244
	JY = IARS (30,IWD)	POLY0245
	IWD = IALS (6,IWD)	POLY0246
	KY = IARS (30, IWD)	POLY0247
	Y(IY,JY,KY) = WORD(ID)	POLY0248
	GO TO 1050	POLY0249

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C
C370
C SOME INPUT FOR DIATOMIC MOLECULES.
C
1045 IF(WD .EQ. WE) GO TO 300
      IF(WD .EQ. WEKE .OR. WD .EQ. WX1) GO TO 301
      IF(WD .EQ. WEYE .OR. WD .EQ. WX2) GO TO 302
      IF(WD .EQ. WEZE .OR. WD .EQ. WX3) GO TO 303
      IF(WD .EQ. WX4) GO TO 304
      IF(WD .EQ. BETA1) GO TO 305
      IF(WD .EQ. BETA2) GO TO 306
      IF(WD .EQ. BETA3) GO TO 307
      IF(WD .EQ. DE) GO TO 308
      GO TO 1018
300 W = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
301 WX(1) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
302 WX(2) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
303 WX(3) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
304 WX(4) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
305 BETA(1) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
306 BETA(2) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
307 BETA(3) = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
308 D = WORD(ID)
      GO TO 1050
1050 CONTINUE
C
C DATA FOR CARD HAS BEEN STORED. GO TO 28 (C330) TO READ NEXT CARD.
      GO TO 28
C
C380
C
C DATA FOR ELECTRONIC LEVEL HAS BEEN STORED--CALCULATE SOME VARIABLES
REQUIRED IN EQUATIONS.
C
1051 NNU = 0
      IF (ICARD.EQ.NSUB) TESTW(6) = .TRUE.
      I = 0
      IF (NOATMS .NE. 2) GO TO 1052
C
C DIATOMIC MOLECULES--
      V(1) = W - 2.0*WX(1) + 3.25*WX(2) + 5.0*WX(3) + 7.5625*WX(4)
      X(1,1) = -WX(1)+4.5*WX(2)+14.5*WX(3)
      Y(1,1,1) = WX(2) + 8.*WX(3)
      AI(1) = ALFB(1)-ALFB(2)-.75*ALFB(3)
      AIJ(1,1) = -ALFB(2)-1.5*ALFB(3)
C
C CALCULATE AND CHECK NUMBER OF FREQS. (NNU). MAXIMUM 6 FOR NON-RRHO.
1052 NNU = NNU + 1
      I = I + ND(NNU)
      IF (V(NNU) .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 1094
      IF (I .LT. NV) GO TO 1052
      IF (I .GT. NV) GO TO 1094
      IF(B.EQ.0.0) GO TO 1098
      IF (NNU.GT.6) TESTW(2) = .TRUE.
      IF (NOATMS.EQ.2) GO TO 2054
      IF (TESTW(2)) GO TO 1092
      IF(TESTW(1)) GO TO 1053
      GO TO 1056
C
C DIATOMIC MOLECULES.
2054 D=((BETA(3)*0.5+BETA(2))*0.5+BETA(1))*0.5+D
      IF(D.EQ.0.0) D=(4.0*B**3)/W**2
      BEJ = B
      B=((ALFB(3)*0.5+ALFB(2))*0.5-ALFB(1))*0.5+B
      IF (.NOT. TESTW(5)) GO TO 9054
C
C JANAF CORRECTIONS
      AI(1) = AI(1)/BEJ
      X(1,1) = X(1,1)*V(1)/W
      RH = 4.*SORT(D/BEJ)/(HCK*V(1))
      GO TO 1059
C
C IF RRHO, SKIP TO 1090 (C410).
9054 IF (TESTW(2)) GO TO 1090
C
C DIATOMICS--NOT JANAF.

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POLY0250
POLY0251
POLY0252
POLY0253
POLY0254
POLY0255
POLY0256
POLY0257
POLY0258
POLY0259
POLY0260
POLY0261
POLY0262
POLY0263
POLY0264
POLY0265
POLY0266
POLY0267
POLY0268
POLY0269
POLY0270
POLY0271
POLY0272
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POLY0280
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POLY0331

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444

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IF(TESTW(4)) AI(1) =ALFB(1)-2.*ALFB(2)-3.25*ALFB(3)
AI(1) = AI(1)/B
AIJ(1,1) = AIJ(1,1)/B
AII = -ALFB(3)/B
IF (TESTW(4)) AI(1) = (AI(1) + 1.)*AI(1)
GO TO 1059
C
C LINEAR POLYATOMIC MOLECULES--
1056 DO 1058 I = 1, NNU
AI(I) = ALFB(I)/B
DO 1057 J = 1, NNU
CON = DN(J)/2.
IF (I.EQ.J) CON = DN(I)
AIJ(I,J) = -AIJ(I,J)/B
IF (J.LT.I) AIJ(I,J) = AIJ(J,I)
1057 AI(I) = AI(I) + CON*AIJ(I,J)
IF (TESTW(4)) AI(I) = (AI(I) + 1.)*AI(I)
1058 CONTINUE
C
C390
C LINEAR AND DIATOMIC MOLECULES--CALULATE RHO AND THETAS.
C
1059 IF (RH .EQ. 0.0) RH = (2.0*D)/(B**2 * HCK)
THETA(1)=(HCK*B)/3.0
THETA(2)=THETA(1)**2*0.6
THETA(3)=(THETA(1)*THETA(2)*4.0)/7.0
IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 1075
WRITE (6,2053) B, D, RH
2053 FORMAT (5H0B0 = F10.6,5X,4H0D = ,E13.6,5X,5HRHO = ,E13.6 )
DO 2055 I = 1, NNU
WRITE (6,2057) I,AI(I)
2057 FORMAT (4HOAI(I,3H) = , F10.7)
2055 WRITE (6,2056) (I,J,AIJ(I,J),J=1,NNU)
2056 FORMAT(1H0,6(2HA( I1,1H,I1,3H) = F10.7,5X))
GO TO 1075
C
C NON-LINEAR MOLECULES--
1053 IF(C.EQ.0.0) GO TO 1100
IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,3056) A,B,C,RH
3056 FORMAT ( 5H0A0 = F10.6,5X,4H0B = F10.6,5X,4H0C = F10.6 ,5X,5HRHO =POLY0371
1E15.8)
DO 1054 I = 1, NNU
AI(I) = (ALFA(I)/A + ALFB(I)/B + ALFC(I)/C)/2.
IF (TESTW(4)) AII(I) = (.5*AI(I)+1.)*AI(I)+((ALFA(I)/A)**2+(ALFB(I)
2)/B)**2+(ALFC(I)/C)**2)/4.
IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,3055) AI(I),ALFA(I),ALFB(I),ALFC(I),I
3055 FORMAT(5HOAI = F10.7,4X,9HALPHA A = F10.7,4X,9HALPHA B = F10.7,4X,POLY0378
1 9HALPHA C = F10.7,4X,3HI = , I))
1054 CONTINUE
ASQ=A**2
BSQ=B**2
CSQ=C**2
THETA(1) = (2.0*(A+B+C) - A*B/C - A*C/B - B*C/A) * (HCK/12.0)
THETA(2) = (10.0*(ASQ+BSQ+CSQ) + 12.0 * (A*B + B*C + A*C)
1 - 12.0*(ASQ*B/C + A*BSQ/C + B*CSQ/A + B*CSQ/A + ASQ*C/B + A*CSQ/B)POLY0386
2 ) + 7.0*(ASQ*BSQ/CSQ + ASQ*CSQ/BSQ + BSQ*CSQ/ASQ) * HCK**2/480.
THETA(3) = 0.0
1075 IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,3075) (I,THETA(I),I=1,3)
3075 FORMAT (1H0 3(6HTHETA( I1,3H) = , F9.8,4X)/)
C
C400
C
IF(INOATMS.EQ.2) GO TO 1092
C
C POLYATOMIC MOLECULES. MAKE X AND Y MATRICES SYMMETRIC.
DO 8 I = 1, NNU
DO 8 J = I, NNU
X(J,I) = X(I,J)
8 CONTINUE
DO 2 I=1,NNU
DO 2 J=I,NNU
DO 2 L=J,NNU
IF (I.NE.J) GO TO 5
IF(J-L) 4,2,4
5 IF (J-L) 6,4,6
4 Y(J,L,I)=Y(I,J,L)
Y(L,I,J)=Y(I,J,L)
GO TO 2
6 Y(I,L,J)=Y(I,J,L)
Y(J,I,L)=Y(I,J,L)
Y(J,L,I)=Y(I,J,L)
Y(L,I,J)=Y(I,J,L)
Y(L,J,I)=Y(I,J,L)

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2 CONTINUE POLY0415
IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,2004)((I,J,L,Y(I,J,L), L=J,NNU), J=I,NNU), POLY0416
I I=1,NNU POLY0417
2004 FORMAT(5(3H Y(I1,1H,,I1,1H,,I1,3H) =,F7.3,3X)) POLY0418
C POLY0419
C APPLY X CORRECTIONS FOR NRRAD1 AND 2. POLY0420
DO 990 I = 1, NNU POLY0421
DO 990 J = 1, NNU POLY0422
CY = 0.0 POLY0423
DO 910 K = 1, NNU POLY0424
IF((K.NE.I).AND.(K.NE.J))CY=CY+DN(K)*Y(I,J,K)/2. POLY0425
910 CONTINUE POLY0426
IF(I.EQ.J)X(I,I)=X(I,I)+Y(I,I,I)*(1.5*DN(I)+3.)+CY POLY0427
IF(I.NE.J)X(I,J)=X(I,J)+(DN(I)+1.)*Y(I,I,J)+(DN(J)+1.)*Y(I,J,J)+CY POLY0428
990 CONTINUE POLY0429
C POLY0430
C GII CORRECTIONS POLY0431
DO 860 I=1,NNU POLY0432
IF(G(I).EQ.0.) GO TO 860 POLY0433
G(I) = G(I) + B POLY0434
IF (TESTW(4)) X(I,I) = X(I,I)+G(I)/3. POLY0435
IF (.NOT.TESTW(4)) V(I) = V(I) - G(I) POLY0436
860 CONTINUE POLY0437
C POLY0438
C410 POLY0439
C INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT--XIJS AND LEVEL. POLY0440
C POLY0441
1092 IF (.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 1091 POLY0442
WRITE (6,2860) POLY0443
2860 FORMAT (8H0X(I,J) ) POLY0444
DO 2861 I =1,NNU POLY0445
2861 WRITE (6,2862) (X(I,J),J=1,NNU) POLY0446
2862 FORMAT (1H ,6F10.4) POLY0447
WRITE (6,1093) LEVEL POLY0448
1093 FORMAT (8HILEVEL = ,I2) POLY0449
1091 IF (TESTW(5)) TESTW(4) = .TRUE. POLY0450
C POLY0451
C CALL LINK1 TO CALCULATE PARTITION FUNCTION AND DERIVATIVES FOR LEVEL. POLY0452
1090 CALL LINK1 POLY0453
C POLY0454
C IF CC 1-6 = CC1-6 OF PREVIOUS CARD, ASSUME THERE IS ANOTHER ELECTRONIC POLY0455
C LEVEL AND GO TO 1001 (C330). POLY0456
C OTHERWISE CALCULATE FUNCTIONS FROM Q AND DERIVATIVES (VALUES FOR POLY0457
C MULTIPLE ELECTRONIC STATES HAVE BEEN SUMMED). POLY0458
IF (ICARD .EQ. NSUB) GO TO 1001 POLY0459
NT1 = NT
IF (ASINDT.NE.0.) NT1=NT+1
DO 1000 I = NIT,NT1 POLY0460
IF (.NOT.TESTW(6)) GO TO 999
Q = FHRT(I) POLY0461
FHRT(I) = ALOG(Q) POLY0462
DO = HHRT(I)/Q POLY0463
HHRT(I) = DO
CPR(I) = CPR(I)/Q +(2.-DO)*DO
999 FHRT(I) = FHRT(I) + 1.5*ALOG(WEIGHT) + 2.5*ALOG(T(I)) + SCONST POLY0464
HHRT(I) = HHRT(I) + 2.5 POLY0465
1000 CPR(I) = CPR(I) + 2.5 POLY0466
IF (ASINDT.EQ.0.) GO TO 4001 POLY0467
C POLY0468
C CALCULATE ENTHALPY FOR ASSIGNED T ON FORMULA CARD. POLY0469
SPECH = HHRT(NT1)*E*ASINDT POLY0470
TEST(19) = .TRUE. POLY0471
4001 TEST(19) = .TRUE. POLY0472
RETURN POLY0473
1094 WRITE(6,1095) POLY0474
1095 FORMAT (37H0 WRONG NUMBER OF NU-S(V-S), C410 ) POLY0475
GO TO 2000 POLY0476
1098 WRITE(6,1099) POLY0477
1099 FORMAT(35H0 THE VALUE OF B IS MISSING, C410 ) POLY0478
GO TO 2000 POLY0479
1100 WRITE(6,1101) POLY0480
1101 FORMAT(35H0 THE VALUE OF C IS MISSING, C410 ) POLY0481
2000 TEST(16) = .TRUE. POLY0482
RETURN POLY0483
END

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SUBROUTINE LINK1
C
C CALCULATE Q
C TESTW(1) MOLECULE IS NON-LINEAR
C TESTW(2) RIGID ROTATOR-HARMONIC OSCILLATOR APPROXIMATION
C TESTW(3) SECOND ORDER CORRECTIONS ARE CALLED FOR
C TESTW(4) PENNINGTON AND KOBE APPROXIMATION
C TESTW(5) JANAF METHOD FOR DIATOMIC MOLECULES
C TESTW(6) SPECIES HAS EXCITED ELECTRONIC STATES
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),E,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5),
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),ANY ,ELEMNT(70),
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(20),HHRT(20),ASINDH,T(20),ASINDT,FHRT(20),
3 SCNST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,
4 SPECH,TAPE(20,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,NKIND,
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT
C
C420
C
COMMON /WCOMM/ V(20),DN(20),ND(20),X(6,6),Y(6,6,6),NNU,ALFA(6),
1 ALFB(6), ALFC(6), G(6), WX(6), BETA(6), A, B, C, RH, D, WF, W,
2 SYM, STMT, TOG, THETA(5),TESTW(6),R(20,3),S(20,3),QL(3),Q,QLN,DDQ,
3 DDO,LABEL,QTOT,QLNTOT,DQTOT,DDQTOT,CORT,AIJ(6,6),AII,AI(6) ,NSUBLINK0020
LOGICAL TESTW, TEST
DATA LEL/6HELECTR/, LHO/4HH.O./, LRR/4HR.R./,LXIJ/3HXIJ/,LRHO/
1 3HRHO/,LTHETA/5HTHETA/,LYIJK/4HYIJK/,LALPHA/5HALPHA/,LZ/4HWEZE/
C
C TEST(14)--INTERM CARD HAS BEEN READ CALLING FOR INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT
IF(.NOT.TEST(14)) GO TO 6
DO 5 I = 1, NNU
NND=DN(I)
5 WRITE(6,1006) I,V(I),NND,I,I,G(I)
1006 FORMAT(3HOV(,I1,3H) =,F9.4,1H(,I1,1H) 6X,1HG,2I1,2H =,F7.3)
6 IF (.ASINDT .NE. 0.0) GO TO 7
NT1 = NT
GO TO 8
7 NT1 = NT + 1
T(NT1) = ASINDT
C
C DO LOOP THRU 1000(C480) CALCULATES Q AND DERIVATIVES FOR ELECTRONIC
LEVEL. IT = T INDEX.
8 DO 1000 IT = NIT,NT1
QTOT = 1.0
QLNTOT = 0.0
DQTOT = 0.0
DDQTOT = 0.0
Q = 1.0
IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,4) T(IT)
4 FORMAT(4HLT =F9.3)
1008 CT = HCK/T(IT)
DO 10 I=1,NNU
R(I,1) = 0.0
U = CT * V(I)
IF (U.GE.30.) GO TO 9
C
C R(I,1) = RI. S(I,1) = SI. A 2 OR 3 IN THE SECOND SUBSCRIPT
INDICATES FIRST OR SECOND DERIVATIVE RESPECTIVELY OF RI AND SI.
C THESE DERIVATIVES ARE USED TO OBTAIN THE DERIVATIVES OF THE Q
CONTRIBUTIONS IN SUBROUTINE DERIV.
C
R(I,1) = EXP(-U)
9 S(I,1) = 1./.(1.-R(I,1))
R(I,2) = U
R(I,3) = -U
S(I,2) = R(I,1)*S(I,1)*U
S(I,3) = S(I,2)*(S(I,2) + U - 1.)
IF(TEST(14)) WRITE(6,1018) U,R(I,1),S(I,1),I
1018 FDMAT(7HO U = ,E13.7, 6H R = ,E13.7, 6H S = ,E13.7,3X,3HI =
1I2)
10 CONTINUE
IF(TEST(14)) WRITE (6,1005)
1005 FDMAT(13HOCONTRIBUTION,13X,1HQ,15X,4HNL Q,11X,8H H-HO/RT,13X,
14HCP/R)
C
C430
C QLN = LN Q. DO = TDLNQ/DT. DDQ = T2D2(LN Q)/DT2.
C SUBROUTINE QSUM ACCUMULATES CONTRIBUTIONS OF LN Q AND DERIVATIVES.
C
C ELECTRONIC PARTITION FUNCTION--FORMULA 1.
DO = CT*TOG
QLN = ALOG(STWT) - DO
DDQ = -2.0 * DO
LABEL = LEL
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
C
C HARMONIC OSCILLATOR PARTITION FUNCTION--FORMULA 2.
DO 15 I = 1, NNU
QLN = QLN + DN(I) * ALOG(S(I,1))
DO = DO+DN(I) * S(I,2)
15 DDQ = DDQ+DN(I) * S(I,3)

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      DDO = DDO - DQ
      CORT = 0.
      LABEL = LHO
      CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
C
C RIGID ROTATOR PARTITION FUNCTION--FORMULAS 3 AND 4.
      LABEL = LRR
      IF (TESTW(1)) GO TO 20
      Q = 1.0/(SYM * CT * B)
      DQ = 1.0
      DDO = -1.0
      GO TO 30
      20 Q = (1.0/CT**3 * 3.1415927/ (A*B*C)) **0.5*1.0/ SYM
      DQ = 1.5
      DDO = -1.5
      30 QLN = ALOG(Q)
      CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
C
C END RRHO CALCULATIONS. GO TO 900(C480) TO ACCUMULATE Q FOR LEVEL.
      IF (TESTW(2)) GO TO 900
C
C440
C
C ROTATIONAL STRETCHING--FORMULA 5.
      LABEL = LRHO
      QLN = RH*THETA(I)
      DQ = QLN
      DDO = 0.0
      CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
      LABEL = LTHETA
      Q=1.+ ((THETA(3)/T(IIT) + THETA(2))/T(IIT) + THETA(1) / T(IIT)
      QLN = ALOG(Q)
      DQ = -((3.*THETA(3)/T(IIT) + 2.*THETA(2))/T(IIT) + THETA(1) /T(IIT)/QLINK0118
      DDO = ((2.*THETA(3)/T(IIT) + THETA(2)) * 3./T(IIT) + THETA(1)) * 2./LINK0119
      I T(IIT) /Q - DO**2
      CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
C
C VIBRATIONAL-ROTATION INTERACTION USING ALPHA CONSTANTS--FORMULAS 8-10LINK0123
      LABEL = LALPHA
      DD 39 I=1,NNU
      QL(I) = AI(I)* DN(I)
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,0,0,0,0,0)
      IF (TESTW(4)) GO TO 39
      QL(I) = .5*DN(I)*AI(I)**2
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,0,0,0,0)
      QL(I) = DN(I)/6.*AI(I)**3
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      QL(I) = DN(I)/6.*AI(I)**3
      CALL DERIV (I,I,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      IF (TESTW(1)) GO TO 39
      QL(I) = AIJ(I,I) *DN(I)
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      QL(I) = AIJ(I,I)*DN(I)*AI(I)
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      QL(I) = AIJ(I,I)*DN(I)*AI(I)
      CALL DERIV (I,I,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      LINK0141
      DD 37 J = 1,NNU
      QL(I) = AIJ(I,J)*DN(I)*DN(J)
      IF (I.GT.J) GO TO 35
      CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,J,0,0,0,0)
      LINK0145
      35 QL(I) = AI(I)*AIJ(I,J) * DN(I)* DN(J)
      IF (I.EQ.J) QL(I) = QL(I) * 2.
      LINK0147
      37 CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      LINK0148
      IF (NOATMS .GT.2) GO TO 39
      LINK0149
C
C FORMULA 11.
      QL(I) = AIII
      CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      LINK0152
      QL(I) = 4. * AIII
      LINK0153
      CALL DERIV (I,I,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      LINK0154
      QL(I) = AIII
      LINK0155
      CALL DERIV ( I,I,I,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)
      LINK0156
      39 CONTINUE
      LINK0157
C
C450
      LINK0158
C
      IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,40)
      LINK0159
      40 FORMAT(25HOFIRST ORDER CORRECTIONS )
      LINK0160
      CALL QSUM (TEST(14))
      LINK0161
      CORT = 1.0
      LINK0162
C
C FIRST ORDER XIJ--FORMULA 12.
      LABEL = LXIJ
      DD 50 I=1,NNU
      DD 50 J=I,NNU
      CON = DN(I)*DN(J)
      LINK0163
      IF (I.EQ.J) CON=CON+DN(I)
      LINK0164
      44 QL(I) = CON*(I-CT)*X(I,J)
      LINK0165
      50 CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,J,0,0,0,0)
      LINK0166
      LINK0167
      LINK0168
      LINK0169
      LINK0170
      LINK0171
      LINK0172
      LINK0173
      LINK0174

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CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0175			
C	LINK0176			
C END CALCULATIONS FOR PANDK AND JANAF.	LINK0177	202		
IF (TESTW(4)) GO TO 900	LINK0178			
C	LINK0179			
C FIRST ORDER YIJK--FORMULA 13.	LINK0180			
LABEL = LYIJK	LINK0181			
DO 70 I=1,NNU	LINK0182			
DO 70 J=I,NNU	LINK0183			
DO 70 K=J,NNU	LINK0184			
CON = ND(I)*(ND(J)+ KD(I,J))*(ND(K)+ KD(I,K)+ KD(J,K))	LINK0185	214	216	217
QL(1)=CON * (-CT) *Y(I,J,K)	LINK0186			
70 CALL DERIV (I,J,K,0,0,0,I,J,K,0,0,0)	LINK0187	222		
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0188	227		
DATA LAX/4HAXIJ/,LG/4HG+AG/, LX2 /6H(XIJ)2/ ,LXY	LINK0189			
1/2HXY/, LG2/5HG2,GX/,LAX2 /3HAX2/,LFERMI/5HFERMI/	LINK0190			
C	LINK0191			
C FIRST ORDER ALPHA-XIJ INTERACTION--FORMULA 17.	LINK0192			
LABEL = LAX	LINK0193			
DO 100 I=1,NNU	LINK0194			
AL = AI(I)*(-CT)	LINK0195			
DO 100 J=1,NNU	LINK0196			
IF (I.EQ.J)QL(1)=AL*X(I,I)*2.*DN(I)*(DN(I)+1.)	LINK0197			
IF (I.NE.J)QL(1)= AL *X(I,J)*DN(I)*DN(J)	LINK0198			
100 CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,I,J,0,0,0)	LINK0199	246		
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0200			
C	LINK0201			
C460	LINK0202			
C	LINK0203	250		
DO 120 I=1,NNU	LINK0204			
IF(G(I).EQ.0.) GO TO 120	LINK0205			
C	LINK0206			
C GII CORRECTION-- FORMULA 16.	LINK0207			
LABEL = LG	LINK0208			
QL(1)=G(I)*(-CT)*2.	LINK0209			
CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,0,0,0,0)	LINK0210	260		
QL(1) = 4.*G(I)*AI(I)*CT	LINK0211			
CALL DERIV (I,I,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0,0)	LINK0212	264		
120 CONTINUE	LINK0213			
IF(LABEL.EQ.LG) CALL QSUM(TEST(14))	LINK0214	268		
IF (NOATMS .GT.2) GO TO 130	LINK0215			
C	LINK0216			
C WEZE FOR DIATOMIC MOLECULES--FORMULA 15.	LINK0217			
LABEL = LZ	LINK0218			
QL(1) = 24.*WX(3)*(-CT)	LINK0219			
CALL DERIV (1,1,1,1,0,1,1,1,1,0,0)	LINK0220	274		
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0221	276		
130 CTT=CT **2/2.	LINK0222			
IF(WF.EQ.0.0) GO TO 141	LINK0223			
C	LINK0224			
C FERMI RESONANCE--FORMULA 7.	LINK0225			
LABEL = LFERMI	LINK0226			
CORT = 2.	LINK0227			
U = CT*2.*V(2)	LINK0228			
RW = EXP(-U)	LINK0229	282		
SW = 1./{1.-RW}	LINK0230			
CON = WF**2*CTT *RW * SW**2*S(2,1)**2	LINK0231			
QL(1) = CON	LINK0232			
QL(2) = U + 2.*RW*SW*U + 2.*S(2,2)	LINK0233			
QL(3) = -U + 2.*RW*SW*U*(U + RW*SW*U-1.)+ 2.*S(2,3)	LINK0234			
CALL DERIV(0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0)	LINK0235	283		
QL(1) = -CON	LINK0236			
CALL DERIV (1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0)	LINK0237	285		
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0238			
C	LINK0239			
C END CALCULATIONS FOR NRRAD1.	LINK0240	287		
141 IF(.NOT.TESTW(3)) GO TO 900	LINK0241			
IF (TEST(14)) WRITE (6,142)	LINK0242	291		
142 FORMAT (26H0 SECOND ORDER CORRECTIONS)	LINK0243			
C	LINK0244			
C470	LINK0245			
C	LINK0246			
C XIJ - XIJ INTERACTION--FORMULAS 18 AND 19.	LINK0247			
LABEL = LX2	LINK0248			
CORT = 2.0	LINK0249			
DO 200 I=1,NNU	LINK0250			
DO 180 J=I,NNU	LINK0251			
CON = DN(I)*DN(J)	LINK0252			
IF (I.EQ.J) CON = 2.*DN(I)*DN(I)+1.)	LINK0253			
QL(1)=CON*X(I,J)**2*CTT	LINK0254			
180 CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,I,J,J,0,0)	LINK0255	307		
DO 200 J=1,NNU	LINK0256			
DO 200 K=J,NNU	LINK0257			
CON = (2-KD(J,K))*{1+KD(I,J)}*{1+KD(I,K)}*ND(I)*ND(J)+KD(I,J)*	LINK0258			
I*ND(K)+KD(I,K)	LINK0259	314	315	316 317 319
QL(1) = CON * X(I,J)*X(I,K)*CTT	LINK0260			
200 CALL DERIV (I,J,K,0,0,I,I,J,K,0,0)	LINK0261	325		
CALL QSUM (TEST(14))	LINK0262			
C	LINK0263			

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C XIJ - YIJK INTERACTION--FORMULAS 20 AND 21.                                LINK0264 330
  LABEL = LX Y                                                                LINK0265
  DD 300 I=1,NNU                                                                LINK0266
  DD 300 J=1,NNU                                                                LINK0267
  DD 300 K=1,NNU                                                                LINK0268
  CON = 2*(1+KD(I,J))*(1+KD(I,K) + KD(J,K))*ND(I) + KD(I,J)*ND(J)*    LINK0269
  1ND(K) + KD(J,K) + KD(I,K)                                                  LINK0270 339 340 341 342 344 345
  QL(1) = CON*CTT*X(I,J)*Y(I,J,K)                                           LINK0271
300 CALL DERIV (I,J,K,0,0,I,I,J,J,K,0)                                       LINK0272 351
  DD 400 I=1,NNU                                                                LINK0273
  DD 400 J=1,NNU                                                                LINK0274
  DD 400 K=1,NNU                                                                LINK0275
  DD 400 L=K,NNU                                                                LINK0276
  CON = (1+KD(I,J))*(1+KD(I,K)+KD(I,L))*ND(I)*(ND(J)+KD(I,J))*(ND(K)    LINK0277
  1+ KD(I,K))*ND(L) + KD(I,L) + KD(K,L))*2                                   LINK0278 365 366 367 368 370 372 373
  QL(1) = CON*CTT*X(I,J)*Y(I,K,L)                                           LINK0279
400 CALL DERIV (I,J,K,L,0,I,I,J,K,L,0)                                       LINK0280 379
  CALL QSUM (TEST(14))                                                         LINK0281
C                                                                 LINK0282
C480                                                                 LINK0283
C                                                                 LINK0284 385
  DD 500 I=1,NNU                                                                LINK0285
  IF (G(I).EQ.0.) GO TO 500                                                  LINK0286
C                                                                 LINK0287
C GII - GII AND GII - XIJ INTERACTIONS--FORMULAS 22 AND 23.                LINK0288
  LABEL = LG2                                                                    LINK0289
  QL(1) = 2.*G(I)**2*CTT                                                       LINK0290
  CALL DERIV (I,0,0,0,0,I,I,I,0,0)                                           LINK0291 396
  DD 490 J=1,NNU                                                                LINK0292
  CON = 4.*G(I)*X(I,J)*CTT                                                    LINK0293
  IF (I.EQ.J) CON = 16.*G(I)*(G(I) + 2.*X(I,I))*CTT                          LINK0294
  QL(1) = CON                                                                    LINK0295
  CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,I,I,J,0,0)                                         LINK0296 407
  QL(1) = CON                                                                    LINK0297
490 IF (I.EQ.J) QL(1) = CTT*2.*(G(I)+12.*X(I,I))*G(I)                        LINK0298
  CALL DERIV (I,I,J,0,0,0,I,I,I,J,0,0)                                       LINK0299 415
500 CONTINUE                                                                    LINK0300
  IF(LABEL.EQ.LG2) CALL QSUM(TEST(14))                                         LINK0301
C                                                                 LINK0302
C ALPHA - XIJ - XIJ INTERACTION--FORMULAS 24 THRU 27.                       LINK0303 421
  LABEL = LAX2                                                                    LINK0304
  DD 600 I=1,NNU                                                                LINK0305
  AL = A(I)*CTT                                                                  LINK0306
  QL(1) = 4.*AL*(X(I,I)*DN(I)*(DN(I)+1.))**2                                LINK0307
  CALL DERIV (I,I,I,I,I,I,I,I,I,I,0)                                         LINK0308 430
  DD 600 J=1,NNU                                                                LINK0309
  IF (I.EQ.J) CON = 4.*DN(I)*(DN(I)+1.)                                       LINK0310
  IF (I.NE.J) CON = DN(I)*DN(J)                                                LINK0311
  QL(1) = CON*X(I,J)**2*AL                                                    LINK0312
  CALL DERIV (I,J,0,0,0,I,I,I,J,J,0)                                         LINK0313 444
  DD 600 K=1,NNU                                                                LINK0314
  CON = (1+ KD(I,J))*(1+ KD(I,K))*ND(I)*ND(J) + KD(I,J)*(ND(K) + KD(I,    LINK0315
  I,K))                                                                        LINK0316 448 449 450 452
  QL(1) = CON*AL*X(I,J)*X(I,K)                                                LINK0317
  CALL DERIV (I,J,K,0,0,0,I,I,I,J,K,0)                                       LINK0318 457
  QL(1) = CON*AL*X(I,J)*X(I,K)                                                LINK0319
  CALL DERIV (I,J,K,I,0,I,I,I,J,K,0)                                         LINK0320 461
  CON = (1+ KD(I,J))*(1+ KD(J,K))*(2- KD(I,K))*ND(I)*(ND(J) + KD(I,J)    LINK0321
  1)*(1+ KD(I,K))*ND(K) + KD(I,K) + KD(J,K) + KD(I,J)*KD(J,K))            LINK0322 463 464 465 466 468 469 470 471
  472
  QL(1) = CON * AL * X(I,J) * X(I,K)                                         LINK0323
  CALL DERIV (I,J,K,0,0,0,I,I,J,J,K,0)                                       LINK0324 477
600 CONTINUE                                                                    LINK0325
  CALL QSUM(TEST(14))                                                         LINK0326 482
900 IF (TESTW(6)) GO TO 902
C
C CALCULATIONS FOR SPECIES WITH ONE ELECTRONIC STATE
C
  FHRT(IT) = QLNTOT
  HHRT(IT) = DQTOT
  CPR(IT) = DDOQTOT + 2.*DOTOT
  GO TO 1000
C
C CALCULATIONS FOR SPECIES WITH EXCITED ELECTRONIC STATES
C
902 IF (QLNTOT.LE.88.) GO TO 903
  WRITE (6,2)
  2 FORMAT(44H00 TOO LARGE TO INCLUDE EXCITED STATES- C480)
  3 IF (ICARD.NE.NSUB) RETURN
  CALL INPUT(LINES)
  GO TO 3
903 QTOT = EXP(QLNTOT)
  FHRT(IT) = QTOT + FHRT(IT)
  HHRT(IT) = DQTOT*QTOT + HHRT(IT)
  CPR(IT) = (DDOQTOT + .DOTOT**2)*QTOT + CPR(IT)
1000 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
LINK0327
LINK0328
LINK0329
LINK0330
LINK0331
LINK0332

```



```
FUNCTION KD(I,J)
KD = 0
IF (I.EQ.J) KD = 1
RETURN
END
```

```
KDEL0001
KDEL0002
KDEL0003
KDEL0004
KDEL0005
```

```

SUBROUTINE DERIV (I1,I2,I3,I4,I5,J1,J2,J3,J4,J5,J6)
C
C FIND Q DERIVATIVES.
C
COMMON /WCOMM/ V(20),DN(20),ND(20),X(6,6),Y(6,6,6),NNU,ALFA(6),
1 ALFB(6), ALFC(6), G(6), WX(6), BETA(6), A, B, C, RM, D, WF, W,
2 SYM, STMT, TOO, THETA(5),TESTM(6),R(20,3),S(20,3),QL(3),Q,QLN,DQ,
3 DDO,LABEL,QTOT,QLNTOT,DQTOT,DDQTOT,CORT,AIJ(6,6),AIII,AI(6),NSUB
C
C490
C
DIMENSION I(5), J(6)
I(1) = I1
I(2) = I2
I(3) = I3
I(4) = I4
I(5) = I5
J(1) = J1
J(2) = J2
J(3) = J3
J(4) = J4
J(5) = J5
J(6) = J6
DATA IFERMI/5HFERMI/
IF (LABEL.EQ.IFERMI) GO TO 8
QL(2)=0.
QL(3)=0.
8 DO 10 IR=1,5
K = I(IR)
IF(K.EQ.0) GO TO 20
QL(1) = QL(1)*R(K,1)
QL(2) = QL(2)+R(K,2)
10 QL(3) = QL(3)+R(K,3)
20 DO 30 IS =1,6
K = J(IS)
IF (K.EQ.0) GO TO 40
QL(1) = QL(1)*S(K,1)
QL(2) = QL(2)+S(K,2)
30 QL(3) = QL(3)+S(K,3)
40 QLN = QLN + QL(1)
QCORT = QL(2) - CORT
DQ = QCORT*QL(1) + DQ
DDQ = QL(1)*(QL(3)+QCORT**2 - QCORT) + DDO
RETURN
END

```

```

DERI0001
DERI0003
DERI0004
DERI0005
DERI0006
DERI0007
DERI0008
DERI0009
DERI0010
DERI0011
DERI0012
DERI0013
DERI0014
DERI0015
DERI0016
DERI0017
DERI0018
DERI0019
DERI0020
DERI0021
DERI0022
DERI0023
DERI0024
DERI0025
DERI0026
DERI0027
DERI0028
DERI0029
DERI0030
DERI0031
DERI0032
DERI0033
DERI0034
DERI0035
DERI0036
DERI0038
DERI0039
DERI0040
DERI0041
DERI0042
DERI0043

```

```

SUBROUTINE QSUM (TEST)
C
C ACCUMULATE VALUES OF Q AND ITS DERIVATIVES.
C
COMMON /WCOMMN/ V(20),DN(20),ND(20),X(6,6),Y(6,6,6),NNU,ALFA(6), W00L0013
1 ALFB(6), ALFC(6), G(6), WX(6), BETA(6), A, B, C, RH, D, WF, W, QSUM0003
2 SYM, STWT, TOO, THETA(5),TESTM(6),R(20,3),S(20,3),QL(3),Q,QLN,DQ,QSUM0004
3 DDQ,LABEL,QTOT,QLNTOT,DQTOT,DDQTOT,CORT,AIJ(6,6),AIII,AI(6) ,NSUBQSUM0005
C
C500 QSUM0006
C QSUM0007
C LOGICAL TEST QSUM0008
C QSUM0009
IF (.NOT.TEST) GO TO 8
Q = 0.
IF (ABS(QLN).LE.88.) Q=EXP(QLN)
CPROUT = DDQ + 2. * DQ QSUM0016 6
WRITE (6,6) LABEL,Q,QLN,DQ,CPROUT QSUM0017 8
6 FORMAT(4X,A6,E21.4,3F18.8) QSUM0018
8 QLNTOT = QLNTOT + QLN QSUM0020
DQTOT = DQTOT + DQ QSUM0021
DDQTOT = DDQTOT + DDQ QSUM0022
QLN = 0.0 QSUM0024
DQ = 0.0 QSUM0025
DDQ = 0.0 QSUM0026
RETURN QSUM0027
END QSUM0028

```

	SUBROUTINE DELH	DELH0001
	COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5),	DELH0002
1	WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70),	DELH0003
2	NATOM,NT,CPR(20),HVRT(20),ASINDH,T(20),ASINDT,FHRT(20),	DELH0004
3	SCONST,NDATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,	DELH0005
4	SPECH,TAPE(606),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,MKIND,	DELH0006
5	NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H29BHR,IHEAT,JF(5)	DELH0007
	COMMON/PCH/K,NF1,NF2,ANS(9,15),TC(10),NTC,NFP,LDATE,NNN,NLAST	DELH0008
C		DELH0009
C510		DELH0010
C		DELH0011
	EQUIVALENCE (AME,NAH)	DELH0012
	DATA IDELH/6HDELTAH/,IDIS/6HDISSOC/,IASH/6HASINDH/,IB/1H /	DELH0013
	LOGICAL TEST	DELH0014
	INTEGER ELEMNT	DELH0015
	IF (TEST(18)) GO TO 67	DELH0021
12	IF (IHEAT.EQ.IB) GO TO 164	DELH0022
	IF(FTST(13).AND.ASINDT.EQ.298.15) TEST(8)=.TRUE.	DELH0023
	IF (TEST(8)) GO TO 66	DELH0024
	IF (TEST(19)) GO TO 120	DELH0025
	WRITE (6,1064)	DELH0026
1064	FORMAT (42H0INSUFFICIENT DATA FOR AN HO VALUE, C510)	DELH0027
	RETURN	DELH0028
66	IF (.NOT.TEST(17)) GO TO 1066	DELH0029
	CALL PUNCH	DELH0030
	TEST(17) = .FALSE.	DELH0031
1066	IF(TEST(15)) CALL LEAST	DELH0032
	RETURN	DELH0033
67	IF (TEST(8)) GO TO 69	DELH0034
	IF (IHEAT.EQ.IASH .AND. ASINDT.EQ.298.15) GO TO 68	DELH0035
	ASINDH = 0.	DELH0036
	GO TO 66	DELH0037
68	TEST(13) = .TRUE.	DELH0038
	TEST(8) = .TRUE.	DELH0039
69	DO 70 I = 1, NT	DELH0040
	HVRT(I) = HVRT(I) - ASINDH/(R*T(I))	DELH0041
70	FHRT(I) = FHRT(I)+ ASINDH/(R*T(I))	DELH0042
	GO TO 66	DELH0043
C		DELH0044
C520		DELH0045
C		DELH0046
120	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IASH) GO TO 167	DELH0047
	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IDELH) GO TO 166	DELH0048
	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IDIS) GO TO 166	DELH0049
164	WRITE(6,165)	DELH0050
165	FORMAT(92H0EITHER ASINDH,DELTAH,HF298,IPATOM,OR DISSOC WAS NOT FOUND	DELH0051
	ON THE FORMULA CARD, C520)	DELH0052
100	LINES = LINES + 2	DELH0053
184	TEST(8) = .FALSE.	DELH0054
	RETURN	DELH0055
167	ASINDH = ASINDH - SPECH	DELH0056
162	TEST(8) = .TRUE.	DELH0057
	GO TO 66	DELH0058
C		DELH0059
C530		DELH0060
C		DELH0061
166	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IDELH) ASINDH =ASINDH- SPECH	DELH0062
	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IDIS) ASINDH =-ASINDH- SPECH	DELH0063
	DO 180 I = 1,NKIND	DELH0064
	J = JF(I)	DELH0065
	REWIND 3	DELH0066
	IF(IHEAT .EQ. IDELH) N = LPLACE(J)	DELH0067
	IF(IHEAT .EQ. IDIS) N = MPLACE(J)	DELH0068
	IF (N.EQ.0) GO TO 200	DELH0069
	CALL SKFILE (3,N)	DELH0070
	READ(3) NAM,HZERO,PT,TNO	DELH0071
	IF(ASINDT.EQ.0.0) GO TO 185	DELH0072
	NDT = TNO + 0.0000001	DELH0073
	KK = 3*NOT	DELH0074
	READ (3) (TAPE(K), K = 1, KK)	DELH0075
	DO 186 K = 1, NOT	DELH0076
	IF (TAPE(K).GE.ASINDT-0.0000001) GO TO 187	DELH0077
186	CONTINUE	DELH0078
	WRITE (6,188)	DELH0079
188	FORMAT(50H0HVRT FOR ASINDT WAS NOT FOUND ON EF TAPE, C530	DELH0080
	GO TO 100	DELH0081
200	WRITE (6,201) FORMLA(I)	DELH0082
201	FORMAT (1H0,A6, 40HDATA WERE NOT FOUND ON EF TAPE, C530)	DELH0083
	GO TO 100	DELH0084
187	KK = NOT + K	DELH0085
	HA = TAPE(K)*R*TAPE(KK) + HZERO	DELH0086
189	IF(IHEAT .EQ. IDELH)ASINDH=ASINDH+FLOAT(MLA(I))*HA/FLOAT(NMLA(J))	DELH0087
	IF (IHEAT .EQ. IDIS) ASINDH = ASINDH + FLOAT(MLA(I))*HA	DELH0088
	GO TO 180	DELH0089
185	HA = HZERO	DELH0090
	GO TO 189	DELH0091
180	CONTINUE	DELH0092
	GO TO 162	DELH0093
	END	DELH0094

SUBROUTINE TABLES		TABL0001
C	LIST FIRST 2 TABLES OF THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS.	TABL0002
C	COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMWT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5),	TABL0003
1	WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70),	TABL0004
2	NATOM,NT,CPR(202),HHRT(202),ASINDH,T(202),ASINDT,FHRT(202),	TABL0005
3	SCONST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE,	TABL0006
4	SPECH,TAPE(202,3),PTMELT,PEX(10),TRANGE(10),TCNST,NKIND,	TABL0007
5	NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT,PI,H298HR	TABL0008
C		TABL0009
C540		TABL0010
C	LOGICAL TEST	TABL0011
	EQUIVALENCE (IT,II)	TABL0012
	DIMENSION FMT(12),FF(26),HEAD1(22),HEAD2(20)	TABL0013
	DATA FMT(1)/4H 1H /,FMT(3)/6HF12.7./, FMT(11)/1H/,	TABL0014
	1(FF(I),I=1,10)/55HI9.3X,F12.2,F14.7,F14.4,F14.6,A6.8X,F16.7,F16.4,	TABL0015
	2A6, /,(FF(J),J=11,26)/ 96H(H-H29(F-H298)/RT H/RT, 12X,5H-F/RT	TABL0016
	3H-H298-(F-H298) H,14X,2H-F (H-H0)(F-H0)H-H0 -(F-H0)/RT /,	TABL0017
	4(HEAD1(K),K=1,21)/ 126H(1H08X,1HT 8X,4HCP/R8X, 24H(H-H0)/RT	TABL0018
	5 (H-H298)/RT,6X3HS/R8X, 25H-(F-H0)/RT -(F-H298)/RT,8X,4HH/RT,	TABL0019
	612X,5H-F/RT // /,(HEAD2(L),L=1,19)/114H(1H08X,1HT,10X,2HCP,11X,	TABL0020
	7 19H H=0 H-H29810X,1HS,9X, 23H-(F-H0) -(F-H298),	TABL0021
	810X,1HH,14X,2H-F // /	TABL0022
	WRITE(6,11) NAME(1),NAME(2)	TABL0023
	11 FORMAT (1H0,2A6)	TABL0024
C		TABL0025
C550		TABL0032
C	DO 2000 I = 4,8	TABL0033
2000	FMT(I) = FF(3)	TABL0034
	FMT(9) = FF(7)	TABL0036
	DO 2005 K=15,16	TABL0037
	HEAD1(K+3) = FF(K-1)	TABL0038
	HEAD2(K+2) = FF(K+5)	TABL0039
	HEAD1(K) = FF(10)	TABL0040
	HEAD1(K-7) = FF(10)	TABL0041
2005	HEAD2(K-1) = FF(10)	TABL0042
	HEAD1(20) = FF(16)	TABL0043
	HEAD2(8) = FF(10)	TABL0044
	IF(TEST(13)) GO TO 2008	TABL0045
	HEAD1 (6)=FF(22)	TABL0047
	HEAD1 (7)=FF(26)	TABL0048
	HEAD1 (13)=FF(23)	TABL0057
	HEAD1 (14)=FF(26)	
	HEAD2(6) =FF(24)	
	HEAD2(12)=FF(25)	
	HEAD2(13) =FMT(11)	
	DO 25 I=1,NT	TABL0047
	IF(ABS(T(I)-298.15).GT.0.01) GO TO 25	TABL0048
	H298HR = HHRT(I) * T(I)	TABL0057
	GO TO 24	
25	CONTINUE	TABL0059
	IF (H298HR.EQ.0.) GO TO 2009	
24	HEAD1(8) = FF(11)	TABL0050
	HEAD1(9) = FF(13)	TABL0051
	HEAD1(15)= FF(12)	TABL0052
	HEAD1(16)= FF(13)	TABL0053
	HEAD2(8) = FF(17)	TABL0054
	HEAD2(14)= FF(18)	TABL0055
	HEAD2(15)= FF(19)	TABL0056
	GO TO 2010	
C		TABL0060
C560		TABL0061
C		TABL0062
2008	HEAD1(6) =FF(11)	
	HEAD1(7) =FF(13)	
	HEAD1(13) =FF(12)	
	HEAD1(14)=FF(13)	
	HEAD2(6) =FF(17)	
	HEAD2(12) =FF(18)	
	HEAD2(13) =FF(19)	
2009	HH29 = FF(10)	TABL0063
	FH29 = FF(10)	TABL0064
	FMT(5) = FF(6)	TABL0065
	FMT(8) = FMT(5)	TABL0066
2010	IF (TEST(8)) GO TO 2020	TABL0067
	H = FF(10)	TABL0068
	F = FF(10)	TABL0069
	FMT(9) = FF(9)	TABL0070
	DO 2015 KK=18,19	TABL0071
	HEAD1(KK+1) = FF(10)	TABL0072
2015	HEAD2(KK-1) = FF(10)	TABL0073
	HEAD1(18) = FF(10)	TABL0074

1

C		TABLO078	
C570		TABLO079	
C		TABLO080	
2020	DO 3000 NTABLE = 1,2	TABLO081	
	IF(TEST(8)) GO TO 55	TABLO026	
	WRITE (6,51)	TABLO027	62
51	FORMAT (30HONO HZERO VALUE IS AVAILABLE	TABLO028	
	GO TO 22	TABLO029	
55	IF(.NOT.TEST(13))WRITE(6,56) ASINDH	TABLO030	65
56	FORMAT (8HOHZERO = F12.3)	TABLO031	
	IF(TEST(13)) WRITE(6,57) ASINDH		67
57	FORMAT (8HOH298 = F12.3)		70
22	IF(NTABLE.EQ.1) WRITE(6,HEAD1)		72
	IF(NTABLE.EQ.2) WRITE(6,HEAD2)		
	FMT(10) = FMT(9)	TABLO114	
	LINES = LINES + 8	TABLO116	
	DO 399 I = 1, NT	TABLO082	
	IT = Y(I)	TABLO083	
	FMT(2) = FF(1)	TABLO084	
	IF(AMOD(T(I),1.0).EQ.0.) GO TO 2130	TABLO085	
	TI = T(I)	TABLO086	
	FMT(2) = FF(2)	TABLO087	
2130	ART = R*T(I)	TABLO088	
	AR = R	TABLO089	
	IF (NTABLE.EQ.2) GO TO 2135	TABLO090	
	AR = 1.	TABLO091	
	ART = 1.	TABLO092	
2135	CP = CPR(I)*AR	TABLO093	
	HH = HHRT(I) * ART	TABLO094	
	S = (FHRT(I) + HHRT(I)) * AR	TABLO095	
	FH = FHRT(I) * ART	TABLO096	
	IF (.NOT.TEST(8)) GO TO 2120	TABLO097	
	H = (HHRT(I)+ASINDH/R/T(I))*ART	TABLO098	
	F = (FHRT(I)-ASINDH/R/T(I))*ART	TABLO099	
2120	IF (H298HR .EQ. 0.) GO TO 250	TABLO100	
	HH29 = (HHRT(I)-H298HR/T(I))*ART	TABLO101	
	FH29 = (FHRT(I)+H298HR/T(I))*ART	TABLO102	
250	WRITE (6,FMT) TI,CP,HH,HH29,S,FH,FH29,H,F	TABLO103	109
	LINES = LINES + 1	TABLO104	
	IF(LINES.GE.55) CALL PAGEID(LINES)	TABLO105	112
399	CONTINUE	TABLO106	
	CALL PAGEID(LINES)	TABLO107	116
	IF (NTABLE.EQ.2) GO TO 4000	TABLO108	
	DO 2100 I = 4,8	TABLO109	
2100	IF(FMT(I).EQ.FF(3)) FMT(I) = FF(4)	TABLO110	
	FMT(6) = FF(5)	TABLO111	
	IF(TEST(8)) FMT(9) = FF(8)	TABLO113	
3000	CONTINUE	TABLO117	
4000	RETURN	TABLO118	
	END	TABLO119	

```

SUBROUTINE LOGK
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATMNT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IWORD(5), LOGK0001
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70), LOGK0002
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(20),HHRT(20),ASINDH,T(20),ASINDT,FHRT(20), LOGK0003
3 SCONST,NOATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLA(70),NDFILE, LOGK0004
4 SPECH,TAPE(20,3),PTMELT,EXP(10),TRANGE(10),TCNST,NKIND, LOGK0005
5 NF,LINES,ITR,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),MIT,PI,H298HR,IHEAT,JF(5) LOGK0006
C LOGK0007
C580 LOGK0008
C LOGK0009
DIMENSION LMENT(4),PT(4), D(2,2,202),DHO(2),NTX(2),INIT(2),FF(10), LOGK0010
1 MARK(6),TK(3),FMT1(14),FMT2(14),FMT3(16) LOGK0011
EQUIVALENCE (IT,IT) LOGK0012
LOGICAL TEST LOGK0013
INTEGER ELEMNT, FORMLA, SYMBOL LOGK0014
DATA BLK/1H /, ZERO/1HO/, ZERO4/4H 0/, DS1/4H----/,DS2/3H----/ LOGK0015
DATA(FF(I),I=1,7 )/42H(2H ,(2H *,F9.2, 16,3X,6X,A6,7X,A6,F13.4,/, LOGK0016
1 (FMT1(J),J=3,8) /5HF8.4., 3*6HF10.4., 2*6HF12.4./, LOGK0017
2 (FMT2(K),K=3,7) /3OHF8.4, F12.1,F12.4,F12.1,F13.1./, LOGK0018
3 (FMT3(L),L=1,16) /91H(6X,1HO,6X,6H-----,9X,1HO,7X,A4,A3,9X,1HO, LOGK0019
4 F15.1,F13.1,6X,7H-----F13.1,6X,7H-----)/, LOGK0020
5 (FMT1(N),N=12,13)/7H )/, (FMT2(N),N=12,14)/13H )/, LOGK0021
6 FF(9)/6H5X,A6)/,FF(10)'4HF11.1)/ LOGK0022
IK = 0 LOGK0023
FMT3(10) = FMT2(7) LOGK0024
FMT3(13) = FMT2(7) LOGK0025
DO 195 I=1,NT LOGK0026
DO 195 LL=1,2 LOGK0027
D(1L,1,I) = HHRT(I) LOGK0028
D(1L,2,I) = FHRT(I) LOGK0029
INIT(LL) = 1 LOGK0030
NTX(LL) = 0 LOGK0031
195 DHO(LL) = ASINDH LOGK0032
C LOGK0033
C590 LOGK0034
C DO 200 II = 1, NKIND LOGK0035
J = JF(II) LOGK0036
C LOGK0037
C LL=1 FORMATION FROM THE ELEMENTS LOGK0038
C LL=2 FORMATION FROM THE MONATOMIC GASES LOGK0039
C LOGK0040
202 LL = 1 LOGK0041
IF (MPLACE(J) .EQ. 0) DHO(2) = BLK LOGK0042
IF (LPLACE(J) .EQ. 0) DHO(1) = BLK LOGK0043
IF (NAME(1) .EQ. ELEMNT(J)) DHO(1) = ZERO4 LOGK0044
IF (.NOT.TEST(3).AND.TEST(4).AND.NOATMS.EQ.1) DHO(2) = ZERO4 LOGK0045
IF (DHO(1).NE.ZERO4.AND.DHO(1).NE.BLK) GO TO 505 LOGK0046
FMT3(10) = FF(6) LOGK0047
204 LL = 2 LOGK0048
IF (DHO(2).NE.ZERO4.AND.DHO(2).NE.BLK) GO TO 505 LOGK0049
FMT3(13) = FF(6) LOGK0050
GO TO 501 LOGK0051
505 IF (LL.EQ.1) NN = LPLACE(J) LOGK0052
IF (LL.EQ.2) NN = MPLACE(J) LOGK0053
IF (NN.EQ.0) GO TO 501 LOGK0054
REWIND 3 LOGK0055
C LOGK0056
C READ EF DATA FOR REACTANT FROM TAPE LOGK0057
C LOGK0058
CALL SKFILE (3,NN) LOGK0059
READ (3) NAM, HZERO, AMP, TNO LOGK0060
M = TNO LOGK0061
READ (3) ((TAPE(K,L), K=1,M), L=1,3) LOGK0062
SUB = MLA(II) LOGK0063
COEF = NMLA(J) LOGK0064
IF (LL.EQ.2) COEF=1 LOGK0065
DHO(LL)= DHO(LL)-HZERO*SUB/COEF LOGK0066
C LOGK0067
C FIND INDEX(NMP) FOR M.P.(AMP) OF REACTANT LOGK0068
C LOGK0069
IF (AMP.EQ.0.) GO TO 1241 LOGK0070
DO 1505 K=1,M LOGK0071
IF (TAPE(K,1).LT.AMP) GO TO 1505 LOGK0072
NMP = K + 1 LOGK0073
GO TO 1241 LOGK0074
1505 CONTINUE LOGK0075
C LOGK0076
C600 LOGK0077
C 1241 DO 206 I=1,NT LOGK0078
C LOGK0079
C FIND T IN EFDATA LOGK0080
C LOGK0081
IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 241 LOGK0082
IF (T(I).GT.AMP.AND.AMP.GE.T(I-1)) GO TO 308 LOGK0083
241 IF (TAPE(1,1) .LE.T(I)) GO TO 208 LOGK0084
INIT(LL) = INIT(LL) + 1 LOGK0085
GO TO 206 LOGK0086
C LOGK0087
C MP OF REACTANT, PUT * IN MARK FOR FOOTNOTE LOGK0088
C LOGK0089
308 IF (IK.LT.4) IK = IK+1 LOGK0090
MARK(1K) = I LOGK0091
LOGK0092
LOGK0093
LOGK0094

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PT(IK) = AMP
LMENT(IK) = ELEMNT(J)
GO TO 241
208 K1 = 1
IF ((AMP.EQ.0.).OR.INT(TNO).LE.NMP) GO TO 1208
M = NMP
IF (T(I).LT.AMP) GO TO 1208
K1 = NMP
M = TNO
1208 DO 209 K=K1,M
TK(2) = TAPE(K,2)
TK(3) = TAPE(K,3)
IF (ABS(TAPE(K,1))-T(I)) .LT.0.01) GO TO 211
IF (TAPE(K,1).LT.T(I)) GO TO 209
IF ((M-K1).EQ.0) GO TO 209
C
C610
C
C INTERPOLATION OF EF DATA
C
N=4
IF ((M-K1).LT.3) N=M-K1+1
K2=K-2
IF (K.EQ.K1) K2=K
IF (K.EQ.(K1+1)) K2=K-1
NK = K2+N-1
DO 2000 L=2,3
TK(L) = 0.0
DO 2000 JJ=K2,NK
TK(1) = 1.0
DO 1000 JM=1,N
IM=K2+JM-1
IF (TAPE(JJ,1).EQ.TAPE(IM,1)) GO TO 1000
TK(1) = TK(1)*(T(I)-TAPE(IM,1))/(TAPE(JJ,1)-TAPE(IM,1))
1000 CONTINUE
2000 TK(L) = TK(L)+TK(1)*TAPE(JJ,L)
GO TO 211
209 CONTINUE
213 IF((NTX(LL).EQ.0).OR.((I-1).LT.NTX(LL))) NTX(LL)=I-1
GO TO 500
C
C CALCULATE DELTA H AND DELTA F
C
211 D(LL,1,I) = D(LL,1,I)-TK(2)*SUB/COEF
D(LL,2,I) = D(LL,2,I) - TK(3)*SUB/COEF
206 CONTINUE
500 IF (LL.NE.2) GO TO 204
200 CONTINUE
C
C620
C
C LIST HEADING OF FIRST TABLE
C
501 WRITE (6,320) NAME(1), NAME(2)
320 FORMAT (1H 2A6)
'F (.NOT.TEST(8)) GO TO 321
IF (.NOT.TEST(13)) WRITE (6,322) ASINDH
322 FORMAT (8H0HZERO = F12.3)
IF (TEST(13)) WRITE(6,323) ASINDH
323 FORMAT (8H0H298 = F12.3 )
321 WRITE (6,220)
220 FORMAT(1H ,77X, 42HREFERENCE ELEMENTS GASEOUS ATOMS
IF(.NOT.TEST(13)) WRITE(6,205)
205 FORMAT(123H T CP/R (H-H0)/RT S/R -(F-H0)/RT
1H/RT -F/RT DELTA H/RT -DELTA F/RT DELTA H/RT -DELTA F/LOGK0157
2RT )
IF (TEST(13)) WRITE(6,1205)
1205 FORMAT(123H T CP/R (H-H298)/RT S/R -(F-H298)/RT
1H/RT -F/RT DELTA H/RT -DELTA F/RT DELTA H/RT -DELTA F/LOGK
2RT )
LINES = 10
101 DO 229 NTABLE = 1,2
DO 600 I=1,NT
IT = T(I)
FMT1(2) = FF(4)
FMT2(2) = FF(4)
IF (AMOD(T(I),1.0).EQ.0.) GO TO 103
T1 = T(I)
FMT1(2) = FF(3)
FMT2(2) = FF(3)
103 RT = R*T(I)
HOORT = ASINDH / RT
SR = FHRT(I) + HHRT(I)
HRT = HHRT(I) + HOORT
FRT = FHRT(I) - HOORT
IF (NTABLE .EQ.2) GO TO 18
C
C630
C
LD = 9
DO 803 LL=1,2
B2 = ZERO
IF (DHO(LL).EQ.ZERO4) GO TO 26

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LOGK0095
LOGK0096
LOGK0097
LOGK0098
LOGK0099
LOGK0100
LOGK0101
LOGK0102
LOGK0103
LOGK0104
LOGK0105
LOGK0106
LOGK0107
LOGK0108
LOGK0109
LOGK0110
LOGK0111
LOGK0112
LOGK0113
LOGK0114
LOGK0115
LOGK0116
LOGK0117
LOGK0118
LOGK0119
LOGK0120
LOGK0121
LOGK0122
LOGK0123
LOGK0124
LOGK0125
LOGK0126
LOGK0127
LOGK0128
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LOGK0130
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LOGK0132
LOGK0133
LOGK0134
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LOGK0168
LOGK0169
LOGK0170
LOGK0171
LOGK0172
LOGK0173
LOGK0174
LOGK0175
LOGK0176
LOGK0177
LOGK0178
LOGK0179
LOGK0180
LOGK0181

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196
200
202
204
205
207

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      BZ = BLK
      IF(DHO(LL).EQ.BLK) GO TO 26
      IF((I.GT.NTX(LL).AND.NTX(LL).NE.0).OR.I.LT.INIT(LL)) GO TO 26
      D(LL,1,I) = D(LL,1,I) + DHO(LL)/RT
      D(LL,2,I) = D(LL,2,I) - DHO(LL)/RT
      FMT1(LD) = FMT1(7)
      GO TO 803
26   D(LL,1,I) = BZ
      D(LL,2,I) = BZ
      FMT1(LD) = FF(5)
803  LD = 11
      FMT1(10) = FMT1(9)
      FMT1(12) = FMT1(11)
      GO TO 217
C
C640
C
C
C
C   CALCULATE DIMENSIONAL PROPERTIES, DELTAH, AND LOGK
C
18   CP = CPR(I) * R
      HH = HHRT(I) * RT
      S = SR * R
      H = HRT * RT
      FH = FHRT(I) * RT
      F = FRT * RT
      DD 402 JX = 8,11
402  FMT2(JX) = FF(6)
      LD = 8
      DD 404 LL=1,2
      IF(D(LL,1,I).EQ.BLK) GO TO 404
      IF(D(LL,1,I).NE.ZERO) GO TO 403
      D(LL,1,I) = ZERO4
      D(LL,2,I) = ZERO4
      GO TO 404
403  D(LL,2,I) = D(LL,2,I)/2.3025851
      D(LL,1,I) = D(LL,1,I)*RT
      FMT2(LD) = FMT2(7)
      FMT2(LD+1) = FF(7)
404  LD = 10
217  FMT1(11) = FF(1)
      IF (IK.EQ.0) GO TO 2999
      DD 104 IX = 1,IK
      IF (MARK(IX).EQ.1) FMT1(11) = FF(2)
104  CONTINUE
2999 FMT2(1) = FMT1(1)
      IF (NTABLE .EQ.2) GO TO 235
           WRITE(6,FMT1) I,CPR(I),HHRT(I),SR,FHRT(I),
1   HRT, FRT, (D(LL,1,I),D(LL,2,I),LL=1,2)
           GO TO 236
235  WRITE(6,FMT2)I,CP,HH,S,FH,H,(D(LL,KK,I),KK=1,2),LL=1,2)
236  LINES = LINES+1
      IF (AMOD(I,500.0).NE.0.0) GO TO 600
      WRITE (6,237)
237  FORMAT (1H )
      LINES = LINES+1
600  IF(LINES.GE.55) CALL PAGEID(LINES)
C
C650
C
C
C   102 IF (IK.EQ.0) GO TO 601
C
C
C   WRITE FOOTNOTE
C
      WRITE (6,265)
265  FORMAT( 114H0*A CHANGE IN PHASE OF AN ASSIGNED REFERENCE ELEMENT
      IT HAS OCCURRED BETWEEN THIS TEMPERATURE AND THE PRECEDING ONE,
      WRITE (6,267) (LMENT(I), PT(I), I=1,IK)
267  FORMAT (1H A6.3H- F8.3, 4H )
      LINES = LINES + 4
601  CALL PAGEID (LINES)
      IF (NTABLE .EQ.2) RETURN
C
C   WRITE HEADING OF 2ND TABLE AND PROPERTIES FOR 0 DEGREES
C
      LINES = 7
      WRITE (6,320) NAME(1), NAME(2)
      WRITE (6,220)
      IF(.NOT.TEST(13)) GO TO 1221
      WRITE(6,3221)
3221 FORMAT(120H T CP H-H298 S -(F-H298LOGK0260
1) H DELTA H LOG K DELTA H LOG K )LOGK0261
      GO TO 229
1221 WRITE (6,221)
221  FORMAT(120H T CP H-HO S -(F-HO)LOGK0260
1) H DELTA H LOG K DELTA H LOG K )LOGK0261
      S1 = DS1
      S2 = DS2
      IF (TEST(4)) GO TO 1230
      S1 = ZERO4
      S2 = BLK
1230 WRITE (6,FMT3) S1,S2,ASINDH, DHO(1), DHO(2)
229  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
LOGK0182
LOGK0183
LOGK0184
LOGK0185
LOGK0186
LOGK0187
LOGK0188
LOGK0189
LOGK0190
LOGK0191
LOGK0192
LOGK0193
LOGK0194
LOGK0195
LOGK0196
LOGK0197
LOGK0198
LOGK0199
LOGK0200
LOGK0201
LOGK0202
LOGK0203
LOGK0204
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LOGK0227
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LOGK0229
LOGK0230
LOGK0231
LOGK0232
LOGK0233
LOGK0234
LOGK0235
LOGK0236
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LOGK0238
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LOGK0240
LOGK0241
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LOGK0248
LOGK0249
LOGK0250
LOGK0251
LOGK0252
LOGK0253
LOGK0254
LOGK0255
LOGK0256
LOGK0257
LOGK0258
LOGK0259
LOGK0260
LOGK0261
LOGK0262
LOGK0263
LOGK0264
LOGK0265
LOGK0266
LOGK0268
LOGK0269
LOGK0270

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SUBROUTINE LEAST
COMMON NAME(2),SYMBOL(70),ATHWT(70),R,HCK,ELECTR,ICARD,IMORD(5), LEAS0001
1 WORD(4),TEST(20),WEIGHT,FORMLA(5),MLA(5),BLANK,ELEMNT(70), LEAS0002
2 NATOM,NT,CPR(20),HHRT(20),ASINDH,T(20),ASINDT,PHRT(20), LEAS0003
3 SCONST,NDATMS,MPLACE(70),LPLACE(70),NMLAI(70),NOFILE, LEAS0004
4 SPECH,TAPE(20,3),PTMELT,EXP(10),TRANGE(10),TCONST,NKIND, LEAS0005
5 NF,LINES,NTRANG,NTMP,AG(70),GG(70),NIT LEAS0006
COMMON/PCH/LEVEL,NF1,NF2,ANS(9,15),TC(10),NTC,NFP,LDATE,NNN,NLAST LEAS0007
DIMENSION A(15,16), ANSTPY(15),F(4),FC(4),ERR(4), LEAS0009
1TOTERR(4),TOTREL(4),TOTSQ(4), TOTSQR(4),AVERR(4), LEAS0010
2AVREL(4),AVSQ(4),AVSQR(4),MAXERR(4),MAXREL(4),TMAX(4),TMAXRL(4), LEAS0011
3RELERR(4) LEAS0012
C LEAS0013
C660 LEAS0014
C LEAS0015
LOGICAL TEST LEAS0016
REAL MAXERR,MAXREL LEAS0017
WRITE(6,2) LEAS0018
2 FORMAT(1H // 14H LEAST SQUARES ,//) LEAS0019
LINES = 7 LEAS0020
DO 3 I = 1,3 LEAS0021
DO 3 J = 1,15 LEAS0022
3 ANS(I,J) = 0.0 LEAS0023
IF (NF .NE. 0 ) GO TO 6 LEAS0024
NF = 5 LEAS0025
DO 4 I = 1,5 LEAS0026
4 EXP(I) = I - 1 LEAS0027
6 NF1 = NF+1 LEAS0028
NF2 = NF+2 LEAS0029
NF3 = NF+3 LEAS0030
NF4 = NF+4 LEAS0031
NF5 = NF+5 LEAS0032
NF6 = NF+6 LEAS0033
IDONEA = 0 LEAS0034
IDONEB = 0 LEAS0035
IDONET = 0 LEAS0036
IDONES = 0 LEAS0037
ICONST = 0 LEAS0038
IF (TCONST .NE. 0.0) GO TO 7 LEAS0044
TCONST = 1000. LEAS0045
IF (PTMELT .NE. 0.0) TCONST = PTMELT LEAS0046
7 IF (NTRANG.EQ.0) GO TO 1006 LEAS0047
C LEAS0048
C670 LEAS0049
C SORT IN INCREASING ORDER TEMPERATURES SPECIFYING INTERVALS LEAS0050
C LEAS0051
8 J = 1 LEAS0052
9 M = J LEAS0053
10 DO 12 I=J,NTRANG LEAS0054
IF (TRANGE (M)-TRANGE(I)) 12,12,11 LEAS0055
11 M = I LEAS0056
12 CONTINUE LEAS0057
IF (M-J) 13,14,13 LEAS0058
13 TEMPY = TRANGE(M) LEAS0059
TRANGE(M) = TRANGE(J) LEAS0060
TRANGE(J) = TEMPY LEAS0061
GO TO 10 LEAS0062
14 J = J+1 LEAS0063
IF (NTRANG-J) 1007,1007,9 LEAS0064
1006 TRANGE(1) = 300.0 LEAS0040
TRANGE(2) = 1000. LEAS0041
TRANGE(3) = 5000.0 LEAS0042
NTRANG = 3 LEAS0043
1007 DO 24 I = 1, NTRANG LEAS0066
24 TC(I) = TRANGE(I) LEAS0065
NTC = NTRANG LEAS0066
SAVEC = TCONST LEAS0067
IF(TCONST.GT.T(NLAST))TCONST =T(NLAST)
IF (NNN.EQ.1) GO TO 1023
IF (T(NNN-1).EQ.T(NNN).OR.TCONST.LT.T(NNN)) TCONST=T(NNN)
C LEAS0088
C680 LEAS0089
C LEAS0090
1023 K = NTRANG - 1 LEAS0104
IF ((TRANGE(1).GE.T(NNN)-.00001).AND.(TRANGE(NTC).LE.T(NLAST)+
1 .00001)) GO TO 1021
LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0110
DO 1028 I = 1,K LEAS0111
IF (TRANGE(I).GE.T(NNN)-.00001)GO TO 1035 LEAS0112
IF (T(NNN).LT.TRANGE(I + 1) -.00001) GO TO 1032
IDONES = IDONES + 1 LEAS0114
1028 CONTINUE LEAS0115
1032 TRANGE(I) = T(NNN) LEAS0116
1035 DO 1038 I = 1,K LEAS0117
IK = K + 2 - I LEAS0118
IF (TRANGE(IK).LE.T(NLAST) +.00001) GO TO 1021
IF (T(NLAST) .GT. TRANGE(IK-1) +.00001) GO TO 1042
NTRANG = NTRANG - 1 LEAS0121
1038 CONTINUE LEAS0122

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GO TO 1021	LEAS0123	
1042 TRANGE(IK) = T(NLAST)	LEAS0124	
C	LEAS0092	
C LOCATE TEMPERATURE CONSTRAINTS		
1021 DO 17 I=1,NTRANG		
IF (ABS(TRANGE(I)-TCONST).LT.0.00001) GO TO 1017	LEAS0094	
IF (TRANGE(I).GT.TCONST) GO TO 18	LEAS	
17 CONTINUE	LEAS0095	
GO TO 1018		
18 I = I - 1		
1018 TRANGE(I) = TCONST		
1017 ICONST = I	LEAS0100	
C		
C ADJUST TEMPERATURE INTERVALS, IF NECESSARY		
C		
DO 21 I=NNN,NLAST	LEAS0127	
21 IF (ABS(T(I)-TCONST).LT.0.00001) GO TO 23	LEAS0128	
23 CPRCON = CPR(I)	LEAS0133	
HHRTCN = HHRT(I)	LEAS0134	
SRCON = FHRT(I) + HHRT(I)	LEAS0135	
C	LEAS0136	
C690	LEAS0137	
C	LEAS0138	
C IF ALL INTERVALS ARE COMPLETE, RETURN TO MAIN. OTHERWISE LOCATE	LEAS0139	
C CONSTRAINT TEMPERATURE AND CURRENT INTERVAL END POINTS.	LEAS0140	
C	LEAS0141	
25 ILOW = ICONST-IDONEB-1	LEAS0142	
IF ((ILOW-IDONES).EQ.0) GO TO 27	LEAS0143	
TFIX = TRANGE (ILOW+1)	LEAS0144	
GO TO 28	LEAS0145	
27 ILOW = ICONST+IDONEA	LEAS0146	
IF (ILOW.EQ.NTRANG) GO TO 900	LEAS0147	
TFIX = TRANGE(ILOW)	LEAS0148	
28 IF (ABS(TFIX-TCONST).GT.0.00001) GO TO 40	LEAS0149	
CPRFIX = CPRCON	LEAS0150	
HHRTFX = HHRTCN	LEAS0151	
SRFIX = SRCON	LEAS0152	
40 DO 41 I=NNN,NLAST	LEAS0153	
IF (ABS(T(I)-TRANGE(ILOW)).LT.0.00001) GO TO 44	LEAS0154	
41 CONTINUE	LEAS0155	
WRITE (6,42)	LEAS0156	203
42 FORMAT (95H LEAST SQUARES NOT COMPLETED. INTERVAL TEMPERATURES NOT	LEAS0157	
1 FOUND IN TEMPERATURE SCHEDULE, C690)	LEAS0158	
GO TO 1000	LEAS0159	
44 NBEGIN = I	LEAS0160	
DO 46 I=NBEGIN,NLAST	LEAS0161	
IF (ABS(T(I)-TRANGE(ILOW+1)).LT.0.00001) GO TO 48	LEAS0162	
46 CONTINUE	LEAS0163	
WRITE (6,42)	LEAS0164	217
48 NEND = I	LEAS0165	
C	LEAS0166	
C700	LEAS0167	
C	LEAS0168	
C CLEAR MATRIX REGION	LEAS0169	
C	LEAS0170	
50 DO 51 I=1,NF5	LEAS0171	
DO 51 J=1,NF6	LEAS0172	
51 A(I,J) = 0.0	LEAS0173	
C	LEAS0174	
C SET UP MATRIX ELEMENTS FOR DIAGONAL AND ABOVE FOR FIRST NF ROWS	LEAS0175	
C	LEAS0176	
K = 1	LEAS0177	
DO 500 I=1,NF	LEAS0178	
80 IF (EXP(I).NE.(-1.0)) GO TO 85	LEAS0179	
A(I,NF3) = 1.0/TFIX	LEAS0180	
A(I,NF4) = ALOG(TFIX)/TFIX	LEAS0181	239
A(I,NF5) = -1.0/TFIX	LEAS0182	
DO 83 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0183	
A(I,NF1) = A(I,NF1)+ALOG(T(L))/(T(L)*T(L))	LEAS0184	245
A(I,NF2) = A(I,NF2)-1.0/T(L)	LEAS0185	
SR = FHRT(L) + HHRT(L)	LEAS0186	
83 A(I,NF6) = A(I,NF6) + (CPR(L)+HHRT(L)*ALOG(T(L))-SR)/T(L)	LEAS0187	257
GO TO 99	LEAS0188	
C	LEAS0189	
85 IF (EXP(I).NE.0.0) GO TO 90	LEAS0190	
A(I,NF3) = 1.0	LEAS0191	
A(I,NF4) = 1.0	LEAS0192	
A(I,NF5) = ALOG(TFIX)	LEAS0193	271
DO 89 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0194	
A(I,NF1) = A(I,NF1) + 1.0/T(L)	LEAS0195	
A(I,NF2) = A(I,NF2) + ALOG(T(L))	LEAS0196	279
SR = FHRT(L) + HHRT(L)	LEAS0197	
89 A(I,NF6) = A(I,NF6) + CPR(L)+HHRT(L)+SR *ALOG(T(L))	LEAS0198	286
GO TO 99	LEAS0199	
C	LEAS0200	
90 A(I,NF3) = TFIX**EXP(I)	LEAS0201	295
A(I,NF4) = A(I,NF3)/(EXP(I)+1.0)	LEAS0202	
A(I,NF5) = A(I,NF3)/EXP(I)	LEAS0203	

DO 92 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0204	
A(I,NF1) = A(I,NF1)+T(L)**(EXP(I)-1.0)/(EXP(I)+1.0)	LEAS0205	308
A(I,NF2) = A(I,NF2)+(T(L)**EXP(I))/EXP(I)	LEAS0206	312
SR = FHRT(L) + HHRT(L)	LEAS0207	
92 A(I,NF6) = A(I,NF6)+(CPR(L)+HHRT(L)/(EXP(I)+1.0)+SR /EXP(I)	LEAS0208	
1*(T(L)**EXP(I))	LEAS0209	
C	LEAS0210	
C710	LEAS0211	
C	LEAS0212	325
99 DO 400 J=K,NF	LEAS0213	
100 IF (EXP(I)+1.0) 130,105,130	LEAS0214	
105 IF (EXP(J)+1.0) 115,110,115	LEAS0215	
110 DO 112 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0216	
112 A(I,J) = A(I,J)+(2.0+ALOG(T(L))*ALOG(T(L)))/(T(L)*T(L))	LEAS0217	344 346
GO TO 400	LEAS0218	
C	LEAS0219	
115 IF (EXP(J)) 125,120,125	LEAS0220	
120 DO 122 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0221	
122 A(I,J) = A(I,J) + 1.0/T(L)	LEAS0222	
GO TO 400	LEAS0223	
C	LEAS0224	
125 EXPIJ = EXP(J)	LEAS0225	
126 DO 127 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0226	
127 A(I,J) = A(I,J) + ((EXPIJ-1.0)/EXPIJ+ALOG(T(L))/(EXPIJ+1.0))/	LEAS0227	
1*(L)**(EXPIJ-1.0)	LEAS0228	372 374
GO TO 400	LEAS0229	
C	LEAS0230	
130 IF (EXP(J) + 1.0) 145,135,145	LEAS0231	
135 IF (EXP(I)) 140,120,140	LEAS0232	
140 EXPIJ = EXP(I)	LEAS0233	
GO TO 126	LEAS0234	
C	LEAS0235	
145 IF (EXP(J)) 165,150,165	LEAS0236	
150 IF (EXP(I)) 160,155,160	LEAS0237	
155 DO 157 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0238	
157 A(I,J) = A(I,J) + 2.0+ALOG(T(L))**2	LEAS0239	399
GO TO 400	LEAS0240	
C	LEAS0241	
160 EXPIJ = EXP(I)	LEAS0242	
161 DO 163 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0243	
163 A(I,J) = A(I,J) + ((EXPIJ+2.0)/(EXPIJ+1.0)+ALOG(T(L))/EXPIJ)	LEAS0244	
1 *T(L)**EXPIJ	LEAS0245	411 413
GO TO 400	LEAS0246	
C	LEAS0247	
165 IF (EXP(I)) 175,170,175	LEAS0248	
170 EXPIJ = EXP(J)	LEAS0249	
GO TO 161	LEAS0250	
175 DO 177 L = NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0251	
177 A(I,J) = A(I,J)+(1.0+1.0/((EXP(I)+1.0)*(EXP(J)+1.0))	LEAS0252	
1 + 1.0/(EXP(I)*EXP(J)))*T(L)**(EXP(I)+EXP(J))	LEAS0253	
C	LEAS0254	435
400 CONTINUE	LEAS0255	
500 K = K+1	LEAS0256	
C	LEAS0257	
C SET UP MATRIX FOR DIAGONAL AND ABOVE FOR REMAINING ROWS	LEAS0258	
C	LEAS0259	
DO 510 L=NBEGIN,NEND	LEAS0260	
A(NF1,NF1) = A(NF1,NF1) + 1.0/(T(L)*T(L))	LEAS0261	
A(NF1,NF6) = A(NF1,NF6) + HHRT(L)/T(L)	LEAS0262	
A(NF2,NF2) = A(NF2,NF2) + 1.0	LEAS0263	
510 A(NF2,NF6) = A(NF2,NF6) + FHRT(L) + HHRT(L)	LEAS0264	
A(NF1,NF4) = 1.0/TFIX	LEAS0265	
A(NF2,NF5) = 1.0	LEAS0266	
A(NF3,NF6) = CPRFIX	LEAS0267	
A(NF4,NF6) = HHRTFX	LEAS0268	
A(NF5,NF6) = SRFIX	LEAS0269	
C	LEAS0270	
C720	LEAS0271	
C	LEAS0272	
C COMPLETE THE MATRIX BY REFLECTING SYMMETRICAL ELEMENTS ABOVE DIAGONAL	LEAS0273	
C	LEAS0274	
K = 2	LEAS0275	
DO 520 I=1,NF4	LEAS0276	
DO 518 J=K,NF5	LEAS0277	
518 A(J,I) = A(I,J)	LEAS0278	
520 K = K+1	LEAS0279	
C	LEAS0280	
C SOLVE THE MATRIX.	LEAS0281	
C	LEAS0282	
N=NF5	LEAS0283	
DO 551 I=1,N	LEAS0284	
551 ANSTPY(I) = 0.0	LEAS0285	
DO 560 I=1,N	LEAS0286	
DO 557 J=I,N	LEAS0287	
A(I,J+1) = A(I,J+1)/A(I,I)	LEAS0288	
IF (I-N) 557,570,557	LEAS0289	
557 CONTINUE	LEAS0290	
K=I+1	LEAS0291	


```

619 RELERR(I) = ERR(I)/F(I) LEAS0368
    ABSREL = ABS(RELERR(I)) LEAS0369
    TOTREL(I) = TOTREL(I)+ABSREL LEAS0370
    TOTSQR(I) = TOTSQR(I) + ABSREL*ABSREL LEAS0371
    IF (ABSERR.LT.MAXERR(I)) GO TO 620 LEAS0372
    MAXERR(I) = ABSERR LEAS0373
    TMAX(I) = T(L) LEAS0374
620 IF (ABSREL .LT. MAXREL(I)) GO TO 622 LEAS0375
    MAXREL(I) = ABSREL LEAS0376
    TMAXRL(I) = T(L) LEAS0377
622 CONTINUE LEAS0378
C LEAS0379
    WRITE (6,625) T(L),CPR(L),FC(1),HHRT(L),FC(2),F(3),FC(3),F(4), LEAS0380
    IFC(4) LEAS0381 662
625 FORMAT (F12.2,2F13.7,2X,2F13.7,2X,2F14.7,2X,2F14.7) LEAS0382
    WRITE (6,627)(ERR(I),RELERR(I),I=1,4) LEAS0383 666
627 FORMAT ( 12X ,2F13.7,2X,2F13.7,2X,2F14.7,2X,2F14.7) LEAS0384
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0385
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0386 674
635 CONTINUE LEAS0387
C LEAS0388
C750 LEAS0389
C LEAS0390
    POINTS = NEND-NBEGIN + 1 LEAS0391
    DO 640 I=1,4 LEAS0392
    AVERR(I) = TOTERR(I)/POINTS LEAS0393
    AVREL(I) = TOTREL(I)/POINTS LEAS0394
    AVSQ(I) = SQRT(TOTSQ(I)/POINTS) LEAS0395 687
640 AVSQR(I) = SQRT(TOTSQR(I)/POINTS) LEAS0396
C LEAS0397
C LEAS0398 691
    WRITE (6,641) MAXREL(1),TMAXRL(1),AVREL(1),AVSQR(1) LEAS0399 694
641 FORMAT (3X,19HMAX-REL ERR CP/R =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,6X,20HAVELEAS0400
    1R REL ERR CP/R =,F10.6,6X,22HREL LST SQ ERR CP/R =,F10.6) LEAS0401
    WRITE (6,642) MAXREL(2),TMAXRL(2),AVREL(2),AVSQR(2) LEAS0402 695
642 FORMAT (3X,19HMAX REL ERR HH/RT =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,6X,20HAVELEAS0403
    1R REL ERR HH/RT =,F10.6,6X,22HREL LST SQ ERR HH/RT =,F10.6) LEAS0404
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0405
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0406 698
    WRITE (6,643) MAXREL(3),TMAXRL(3),AVREL(3),AVSQR(3) LEAS0407 699
643 FDRMAT (3X,19HMAX REL ERR S/R =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,6X,20HAVELEAS0408
    1R REL ERR S/R =,F10.6,6X,22HREL LST SQ ERR S/R =,F10.6) LEAS0409
    WRITE (6,644) MAXREL(4),TMAXRL(4),AVREL(4),AVSQR(4) LEAS0410 700
644 FORMAT (3X,19HMAX REL ERR FH/RT =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,6X,20HAVELEAS0411
    1R REL ERR FH/RT =,F10.6,6X,22HREL LST SQ ERR FH/RT =,F10.6 ) LEAS0412
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0413
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0414 703
    WRITE (6,645) MAXERR(1),TMAX(1),AVERR(1),AVSQ(1) LEAS0415 704
645 FORMAT (7X,15HMAX ERR CP/R =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,10X,16HAVER ELEAS0416
    1RR CP/R =,F10.6,10X,18HLST SQ ERR CP/R =,F10.6) LEAS0417
    WRITE (6,646) MAXERR(2),TMAX(2),AVERR(2),AVSQ(2) LEAS0418 705
646 FORMAT (7X,15HMAX ERR HH/RT =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,10X,16HAVER ELEAS0419
    1RR HH/RT =,F10.6,10X,18HLST SQ ERR HH/RT =,F10.6) LEAS0420
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0421
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0422 708
    WRITE (6,647) MAXERR(3),TMAX(3),AVERR(3),AVSQ(3) LEAS0423 709
647 FORMAT (7X,15HMAX ERR S/R =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,10X,16HAVER ELEAS0424
    1RR S/R =,F10.6,10X,18HLST SQ ERR S/R =,F10.6) LEAS0425
    WRITE (6,648) MAXERR(4),TMAX(4),AVERR(4),AVSQ(4) LEAS0426 710
648 FORMAT (7X,15HMAX ERR FH/RT =,F10.6,4X,6HTEMP =,F7.0,10X,16HAVER ELEAS0427
    1RR FH/RT =,F10.6,10X,18HLST SQ ERR FH/RT =,F10.6 ) LEAS0428
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0429
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0430 713
    WRITE (6,650) (ANSTPY(I),EXP(I),I=1,NF) LEAS0431 714
650 FORMAT ( 8H CP/R = ,5(1PE16.7,3HT**,OPF4.1)/8X,5(1PE16.7,3HT**,OPFLEAS0432
    14.1)) LEAS0433
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0434
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0435 724
    HRTC = ANSTPY(NF1) + ASINDH/R LEAS0436
    WRITE (6,660) ANSTPY(NF1), HRTC, ANSTPY(NF2) LEAS0437 727
660 FORMAT (21H (H-H0)/R CONSTANT = ,E15.8, 20H, H/R(A6) CONSTANT = LEAS0438
    1 E15.8, 16H, S/R CONSTANT = E15.8 ) LEAS0439
    LINES = LINES + 2 LEAS0440
    IF (LINES .GE.55) CALL PAGEID (LINES) LEAS0441 732
    GO TO 25 LEAS0442
C LEAS0443
C760 LEAS0444
C LEAS0445
    900 SAVEL = LEVEL LEAS0446
    LEVEL = NTC-1 LEAS0447
    NFP = NF LEAS0457
    CALL PUNCH LEAS0458 738
    LEVEL = SAVEL
1000 DO 980 I = 1,NTC
980 TRANGE(I) = TC(I) LEAS0463
    NTRANG = NTC LEAS0464
    TCONST = SAVEL LEAS0465
    RETURN
    END LEAS0471

```


APPENDIX C

MAP ROUTINES (DESCRIPTION AND LISTING)

SKFILE(N, M)

This routine causes M end-of-file marks to be skipped over on tape unit N. This routine is called for in the FORTRAN program sections C90, C530, and C590; it is as follows:

```

$IBLDR SKFILE
$TEXT SKFILE

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00000 1 00000 0 00004 10001 SKFILE SAVE (4,2)
00001 0774 00 2 00000 10000
00002 0774 00 4 00000 10000
00003 0020 00 4 00001 10000
00004 0634 00 4 05000 10011
00005 0634 00 4 00061 10001
00006 0634 00 4 00002 10001
00007 0634 00 2 00001 10001
00010 0500 00 4 00001 10000
00011 4734 00 2 00000 10000
00012 7 00001 2 01004 10011
00013 0500 60 4 00004 10000
00014 0734 00 2 00000 10000
00015 7 00000 2 00052 10001
00016 0500 60 4 00003 10000
00017 0621 00 0 00057 10001
00020 0634 00 2 00050 10001
00021 000000000000 00010 CALL ..FVIO(PAT,UNITAD)
00021 0074 00 4 03000 10011

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00022 1 00002 0 01004 10011
00023 0 00061 0 00013 10100
00024 0 00000 0 00057 10001
00025 0 00000 0 00056 10001
00026 0500 60 0 00056 10001
00027 0734 00 4 00000 10000
00030 1 00001 4 01001 10011
00031 0634 00 4 00045 10001
00032 0074 00 4 06000 10011
00033 4774 00 4 00052 10001
00034 0634 00 4 05000 10011
00035 000000000000 00010
00035 0074 00 4 04000 10011
00036 1 00000 0 01002 10011
00037 0 00061 0 00023 10100
00040 0074 00 4 07000 10011 REED TSX ..FIOC,4
00041 0074 00 4 10000 10011 TSX ..FBCK,4
00042 0020 00 0 00045 10001 TRA HOLD
00043 0020 00 0 00050 10001 TRA EOF

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00044 0020 00 0 00045 10001 HOLD TRA HOLD
00045 0520 00 0 00000 10000 HOLD ZET **
00046 0020 00 0 41001 10011 TRA *-1
00047 0020 00 0 00040 10001 TRA REED
00050 0774 00 2 00000 10000 EOF AXT **,2
00051 2 00001 2 01002 10011 TIX **2,2,1
00052 00052 OUT RETURN SKFILE
00053 0634 00 2 00050 10001 SXA EOF,2
00054 0020 00 0 00045 10001 TRA HOLD
00055 0 00000 0 00056 10001 DUM PZE UNITAD
00056 0 00000 0 00000 10000 UNITAD PZE
00057 0 00000 0 00000 10000 PAT PZE
00060 0 00000 0 00000 10000 EOF PZE
00061 000000000000 10000 *LDIR
00062 624226314325 10000
00000 01111 END

```


\$CDICT SKFILE

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

000063000000	PREFACE	START=0,LENGTH=51,TYPE=7094,CMPLX=5
000004000005		
624726314325	SKFILE DECK	LOC=0,LENGTH=51
000063000000		
624226314325	SKFILE REAL	LOC=0,LENGTH=0
000000000000		
333326653146	..FVIO VIRTUAL	SECT. 3,CALL
200000100000		
332262263360	.BSF. VIRTUAL	SECT. 4,CALL
200000100000		
627062434623	SYSLOC VIRTUAL	SECT. 5
200000000000		
333326632342	..FTCK VIRTUAL	SECT. 6
200000000000		
333326314623	..FIUC VIRTUAL	SECT. 7
200000000000		
333326222342	..FBCK VIRTUAL	SECT. 8
200000000000		

\$DKEND SKFILE

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REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	DUM	00055	33
	EQB	00060	
	ENF	00050	20,43,53
	HOLD	00045	31,42,44,54
	..0001	00002	6,7
	..0002	00003	
	..0003	00004	0
	OUT	00052	15
	PAT	00057	17,24
	REED	00040	47
LCTR	BLCTR		
QUAL	UNOS		
LCTR	//		
	SKFILF	00000	52
	UNITAD	00056	25,26,55

REFERENCES TO VIRTUAL SYMBOLS.

.BSF.	4	35
..FRCK	8	41
..FIUC	7	40
..FTCK	6	32
..FVIO	3	21
SYSLOC	5	4,34

\$IBLDR .BSF.

\$TEXT .BSF.

	00003	SIZE	ENTRY SFT	.BSF. 3
BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)				
00000	0500 00 0 00010	10001	.BSF. CLA	PON
00001	0634 00 4 00014	10001	SXA	LK.DR,4
00002	000000000000	00010	CALL	..FIOS(SEL)
00002	0074 00 4 03000	10011		
00003	1 00001 0 01003	10011		
00004	0 00014 0 00005	10100		
00005	0 00000 0 00005	10001		
00005	400005041001	00001	ORG	*-1
00005	3 00003 0 00011	10001	SEL IORT	..BSF.,,SIZE
00006	0534 00 4 00014	10001	LXA	LK.DR,4
00007	0020 00 4 00001	10000	TRA	1,4
00010	1 00000 0 00000	10000	PON PON	0,,0
00011	200000000003	00001	..BSF. BSS	SIZE
00014	000000000000	10000	LK.DR LDIR	
00015	332262263360	10000		
	00000 01111		END	
	\$CDICT .BSF.			

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)				
000016000000			PREFACE	START=0,LENGTH=14,TYPE=7094,CML X=5
000004000005				
332262263360	.BSF.	DECK		LOC=0,LENGTH=14
000016000000				
332262263360	.BSF.	REAL		LOC=0,LENGTH=0
000000000000				
333326314662	..FIOS	VIRTUAL		SECT. 3,CALL
200000100000				

\$DKEND .BSF.

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REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	.BSF.	00000	
	..BSF.	00011	5
	LK.DR	00014	1,6
	PON	00010	0
ICTR	BLCTR		
QUAL	UNQS		
LC.TR	//		
	SEL	00005	5
SET	STZF	00003	5,11

REFERENCES TO VIRTUAL SYMBOLS.

..FIOS	3	2
--------	---	---

BCDUMP(A, B)

This routine causes data to be punched out in absolute binary cards (up to 22 words per card). The arguments A and B are the first and last words to be dumped, respectively. The routine is called for in the FORTRAN program sections C100 and C790; it is as follows:

```

$IBLDR BCDUMP
$TEXT BCDUMP
ENTRY BCDUMP

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00000 1 00000 0 00005 10001 BCDUMP SAVE 1,2,4
00001 0774 00 2 00000 10000
00002 0774 00 1 00000 10000
00003 0774 00 4 00000 10000
00004 0070 00 4 00001 10000
00005 0634 00 4 05000 10011
00006 0634 00 4 00143 10001
00007 0634 00 4 00003 10001
00010 0634 00 1 00002 10001
00011 0634 00 2 00001 10001
00012 0500 00 4 00001 10000
00013 4734 00 2 00000 10000
00014 7 00002 2 C1002 10011
00015 4520 60 4 00005 10000
00016 0634 00 0 00056 10001
00017 0443 00 4 00003 10000
00020 0040 00 0 01002 10011
00021 0131 00 0 00000 10000
00022 4600 00 0 06000 10011
                                CLA 1,4 IS THERE A
                                PDX 0,2 THIRD
                                TXL **2,2,2 ARGUMENT
                                NZT* 5,4 YES, IS IT = 0
                                SXA CNUM,0 YES
                                DLD 3,4 010466 TS
                                TLO **2
                                XCA
                                STO ..BRDB ..BRDB HAS THE FIRST ADDRESS 010466 TS

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00023 0534 00 1 06000 10011 LXA ..BRDB,1 PUT FIRST LOC. IN IX1 010466 TS
00024 0402 00 0 06000 10011 SUB ..BRDB
00025 0734 00 2 00000 10000 PAX 0,2 THE NO. OF WORDS OUTPUTED IN INDEX 2
00026 1 00001 2 01001 10011 TXI **1,2,1 TRUE WORD COUNT
00027 0634 00 1 00031 10001 SXA IX1,1
00030 0634 00 2 00032 10001 SXA IX2,2
00031 0774 00 1 00000 10000 IX1 AXT **,1
00032 0774 00 2 00000 10000 IX2 AXT **,2
00033 0074 00 4 07000 10011 TSX ..FTCK,4 010666 TS
00034 6 00026 2 00130 10001 TEST TNX LASTC,2,22 011066 TS
00035 0634 00 2 00032 10001 SXA IX2,2
00036 0774 00 2 00026 10000 AXT 22,2
00037 1 00500 2 01001 10011 TEST4 TXI **1,2,320
00040 4634 00 2 06000 10011 SXD ..BRDB,2 010566 TS
00041 2 00500 2 01001 10011 TIX **1,2,320
00042 0634 00 1 00052 10001 SXA CLA,1
00043 0634 00 1 06000 10011 SXA ..BRDB,1 010466 TS
00044 1 00026 1 01001 10011 LOOP TXI **1,1,22
00045 0634 00 1 00031 10001 SXA IX1,1

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00046 0774 00 4 00033 10000 AXT 27,4 010466 TS
00047 0600 00 4 06034 10011 CLEAR STZ ..BRDB+28,4 CLEAR THE BUFFER. 010466 TS
00050 2 00001 4 41001 10011 TIX *-1,4,1
00051 0774 00 4 00000 10000 AXT 0,4
00052 0500 00 4 00000 10000 CLA CLA **,4 FILL THE BUFFER WITH
00053 0601 00 4 06002 10011 STO ..BRDB+2,4 010466 TS
00054 1 77777 4 01001 10011 TXI **1,4,-1
00055 2 00001 2 41003 10011 TIX *-3,2,1
00056 0774 00 1 00000 10000 CNUM AXT **,1 CONSECUTIVELY
00057 0500 00 0 00137 10001 CLA HUNBIT NUMBER
00060 0771 00 0 00001 10000 ARS 1 THE
00061 7 00143 1 01002 10011 TXL **2,1,99 BCDUMP
00062 1 77634 1 41002 10011 TXI *-2,1,-100 CARDS
00063 0621 00 0 00134 10001 STA GP+1 FROM
00064 0500 00 0 00141 10001 CLA BITT 7ERO
00065 0771 00 0 00001 10000 ARS 1 TO
00066 7 00011 1 01002 10011 TXL **2,1,9 999
00067 1 77766 1 41002 10011 TXI *-2,1,-10
00070 0601 00 0 00135 10001 STO WORD3

```

```

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00071 0500 00 0 00140 10001 CLA BITU
00072 0771 00 0 00001 10000 ARS 1
00073 7 00000 1 01002 10011 TXL **2,1,0
00074 1 77777 1 41002 10011 TXI *-2,1,-1
00075 4602 00 0 06135 10001 ORS WORD3
00076 0534 00 1 00056 10001 LXA CNUM,1
00077 1 00001 1 01001 10011 TXI **1,1,1
00100 7 01747 1 01002 10011 TXL **2,1.999
00101 0774 00 1 00000 10000 AXT 0,1
00102 0634 00 1 00056 10001 SXA CNUM,1
00103 0443 00 0 00133 10001 DLD GP 010466 TS
00104 4603 00 0 06030 10011 DST ..BRDB+24 010466 TS
00105 0443 00 0 00135 10001 DLD GP+2 010466 TS
00106 4603 00 0 06032 10011 DST ..BRDB+26 010466 TS
00107 0774 00 1 00026 10000 AXT 22,1
00110 4500 00 0 06000 10011 CAL COMPUTE
00111 0361 00 0 06030 10011 ACL THE
00112 2 00001 1 41001 10011 TIX CHECK SUM
00113 0602 00 0 06001 10011 SLW ..BRDB+1 010466 TS

```

```

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00114 4774 00 1 00137 10001 AXC OUT-3,1 010566 TS
00115 0634 00 1 05000 10011 SXA SYSLOC,1 010566 TS
00116 000000000000 00010 CALL ..BCWD 010466 TS
00116 0074 00 4 04000 10011
00117 1 00000 0 01002 10011
00120 0 00143 0 00110 10100
00121 0074 00 4 10000 10011 TSX ..FIOC,4 010666 TS
00122 0020 00 0 00031 10001 TRA IX1
00123 0020 00 0 01001 10011 RETURN TRA **1
00124 0774 00 1 00031 10001 AXT IX1,1
00125 0634 00 1 00122 10001 SXA RETURN-1,1
00126 0074 00 4 07000 10011 TSX ..FTCK,4 5/4/66 TS861
00127 00127 RETURN BCDUMP
00130 0500 00 0 00123 10001 LASTC CLA RETURN
00131 0601 00 0 00122 10001 STD RETURN-1
00132 0020 00 0 00037 10001 TRA TEST4
00133 420041004040 10000 GP OCT 420041004040
00134 104020400000 10000 OCT 104020400000
00135 0 00000 0 00000 10000 WORD3 PZE

```

```

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00136 0 00000 0 00000 10000 PZE
00137 000000002000 10000 HUNBIT OCT 2000
00140 000020000000 10000 BITU OCT 20000000
00141 200000000000 10000 BITT OCT 200000000000
00142 0 00000 0 11000 10011 OUT PZE .PCH.
00143 000000000000 10000 *LDIR
00144 222324644447 10000
00000 01111 END

```

SCDICT BCDUMP

```

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
000145000000 PREFACE START=0,LENGTH=101,TYPE=7094,CMPLX=5
000004000005
222324644447 BCDUMP DECK LOC=0,LENGTH=101
000145000000
222324644447 BCDUMP REAL LOC=0,LENGTH=0
000000000000
222324644447 BCDUMP REAL LOC=0,LENGTH=0
000000000000
333322736624 ..BCWD VIRTUAL SECT. 4,CALL
200000100000
627062434623 SYSLOC VIRTUAL SECT. 5
200000000000
333322512422 ..BRDB VIRTUAL SECT. 6
200000000000
333326632342 ..FTCK VIRTUAL SECT. 7
200000000000
333326314623 ..FIOC VIRTUAL SECT. 8
200000000000
334723303360 .PCH. VIRTUAL SECT. 9
200000000000

```

SDKFND BCDUMP

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REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	BCDUMP	00000	127
	BITT	00141	64
	BITU	00140	71
	CL.A	00052	47
	CL.FAR	00047	
	CNUM	00056	16,76,102
	GP	00133	63,103,105
	HUNBIT	00137	57
	IX1	00031	27,45,122,124
	IX2	00032	30,35
	..0001	00003	7,10,11
	..0002	00004	
	..0003	00005	0
	LASTC	00130	34
	LOOP	00044	
	OUT	00142	114
	RFTURN	00123	125,130,131
LCRTR	RLCTR		
QUAI	UNOS		
ICTR	//		
	TFST4	00037	132
	TEST	00034	
	WORD3	00135	70,75

REFERENCES TO VIRTUAL SYMBOLS.

..BCWD	4	116
..BRDB	6	22,23,24,40,43,47,53,104,106,110,111,113
..FI0C	8	121
..FTCK	7	33,126
.PCH.	9	142
SYSLOC	5	5,115

\$IBLDR .BCRWD .BCR0000
 \$TFXT .BCRWD .BCR0001

		ENTRY	..BRDB	11/1/65	JMLR
		ENTRY	..BCRD	11/1/65	JMLR
		ENTRY	..BCWD	11/1/65	JMLR
00034	SIZE	SET	28	RECORD SIZE	11/1/65 JMLR
BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)					
00000	0500 00 0 00012	10001	..RCRD CLA	PON	READ ENTRY FOR BCREAD 11/1/65 JMLR
00001	0C20 00 0 01002	10011		TRA **2	GET CORRECT ARG FOR .FI0S 11/1/65 JMLR
00002	4500 00 0 00013	10001	..BCWD CAL	PTH	WRITE ENTRY FOR BCDUMP 11/1/65 JMLR
00003	0634 00 4 00050	10001		SXA LK.DR,4	SAVE IR4 11/1/65 JMLR
00004	0C00000C0000	00010		CALL ..FI0S(SEL)	SET UP READ OR WRITE 11/1/65 JMLR
00004	0C74 00 4 05000	10011			
00005	1 00001 0 01003	10011			
00006	0 00050 0 00011	10100			
00007	0 00000 0 00007	10001			
00007	400007041001	00001		ORG *-1	11/1/65 JMLR
00007	3 00034 0 04000	10011	SEL	IORT	..BRDB,SIZE I/O COMMAND 11/1/65 JMLR
00010	0534 00 4 00050	10001		LXA LK.DR,4	RESTORE 4 11/1/65 JMLR
00011	0C2C 00 4 00001	10000		TRA 1,4	11/1/65 JMLR
00012	1 00000 0 00000	10000	PON	PON 0,0	11/1/65 JMLR
00013	3 00000 0 00000	10000		PTH PTH 0,0	11/1/65 JMLR
00014	2C0000000034	00001	..BRDB	BSS	SIZE I/O BUFFER 11/1/65 JMLR
00050	0C00000C0000	10000	LK.DR	LDIR	11/1/65 JMLR
00051	32223516624	10000			
	00000	01111		END	11/1/65 JMLR

\$CDICT .BCRWD

.BCR0002

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

0000520C0000	PREFACE	START=0,LENGTH=42,TYPE=7094,CMPLX=5
000004000005		
32223516624	.BCRWD DECK	LOC=0,LENGTH=42
0000520C0000		
333322735124	..BCRD REAL	LOC=0,LENGTH=0
0C00000C0000		
33332236674	..BCWD REAL	LOC=2,LENGTH=0
0C0000000007		
333322512422	..BRDB REAL	LOC=14,LENGTH=0
0C0000000014		
333326314662	..FIOS VIRTUAL	SECT. 5,CALL
2C0000100000		

\$DKEND .BCRWD

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.BCR0003

REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	..BCRD	000C0	
	..BCWD	00002	
	..BRDB	00014	7
	LK,DR	00050	3,10
	PDN	00012	0
	PTH	00013	2
LCTR	BLCTR		
QUAL	UNQS		
LCTR	//		
	SFL	00007	7
SET	SIZE	00034	7,14

REFERENCES TO VIRTUAL SYMBOLS.

..FIOS	5	4	
\$IBLDR	.PCH.		.PCH0000
\$FILE	.PCH.	*PCH	*.PP,READY,OUTPUT,BLK=28,MULTIREEL,BIN,NOLIST
\$FDICT	.PCH.		.PCH0002

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

205C02000034	PCH	FILE	*PCH	BIN,OUTPUT,NOHCVN,BLK=28
0C0C000C0000				
4723306C6060				
6C60606C6060				
606C606C6060				
\$TEXT	.PCH.			.PCH0003

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

00000	0	00000	0	04001	10010	.PCH.	PZE	PCH	ENTRY	.PCH.
						PCH	FILE	.PP,READY,OUTPUT,BLK=28,MULTIREEL,BIN,NOLIST		
				00000	01111		END			
\$CDICT	.PCH.									.PCH0004

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

0000010C0000	PREFACE	START=0,LENGTH=1,TYPE=7094,CMPLX=5
000004000005		
334723303360	.PCH. DECK	LOC=0,LENGTH=1
0C0001000000		
334723303360	.PCH. REAL	LOC=0,LENGTH=0
0C0000000000		

\$DKEND .PCH.

001938

.PCH0005

REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	.PCH.	000C0	
FILE	PCH	1	0
LCTR	BLCTR		
QUAL	UNQS		
LCTR	//		

BCREAD(A, B)

This routine causes absolute binary data cards as punched by the BCDUMP routine described previously to be read. Arguments A and B are first and last storage locations of the data being read. The routine is called for in the FORTRAN program section C110 and is as follows:

		\$IBLDR .BCREA			.BCR0000				
		\$TEXT .BCREA			.BCR0001				
				ENTRY	BCREAD	11/1/65	JMLR		
BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)									
00000	1	00C00	0	00004	10001	BCREAD SAVE	1,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00001	0774	00	1	00000	10000				
00002	0774	00	4	0000C	10000				
00003	0C20	00	4	00001	10000				
00004	0634	00	4	05000	10011				
00005	0634	00	4	00056	10001				
00006	0634	00	4	00002	10001				
00007	0634	00	1	00001	10001				
00010	0500	00	4	00003	10000	CLA	3,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00011	0560	00	4	00004	10000	LDO	4,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00012	0C40	00	0	01002	10011	TLO	*+2	11/1/65	JMLR
00013	0131	00	0	00C00	10000	XCA		11/1/65	JMLR
00014	4600	00	0	00055	10001	STO	TEMP	11/1/65	JMLR
00015	0400	00	0	06000	10011	ADD	SYNONE	11/1/65	JMLR
00016	0621	00	0	00034	10001	STA	STO	11/1/65	JMLR
00017	04C2	00	0	00055	10001	SUB	TFMP	11/1/65	JMLR
00020	0621	00	0	00030	10001	STA	IX1	11/1/65	JMLR
00021	4774	00	4	00051	10001	AXC	UNC-3,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00022	0634	00	4	05000	10011	SXA	SYSL0C,4	11/1/65	JMLR
BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)									
00023	0C0000000000			00010		CALL	..BCRD	11/1/65	JMLR
00023	0074	00	4	04000	10011				
00024	1	00000	0	01002	10011				
00025	0	00056	0	00016	10100				
00026	0C74	00	4	07000	10011	READ	TSX	11/1/65	JMLR
00027	0C74	00	4	10000	10011	TSX	..FIOC,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00030	0774	00	1	0000C	10000	IX1	AXT	11/1/65	JMLR
00031	7	00026	1	00042	10001	TXL	**1	11/1/65	JMLR
00032	0774	00	4	0000C	10000	IX4	AXT	11/1/65	JMLR
00033	0500	00	4	11002	10011	CLA	LASTC,1,22	11/1/65	JMLR
00034	0601	00	1	00000	10000	STO	0,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00035	2	00001	1	01001	10011	STO	..BRDB+2,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00036	1	77777	4	01001	10011	TXI	**1	11/1/65	JMLR
00037	3	77752	4	00033	10001	CKIR4	TO STORE	11/1/65	JMLR
00040	0634	00	1	00030	10001	SXA	*+1,1,1	11/1/65	JMLR
00041	0020	00	0	00026	10001	TRA	*+1,4,-1	11/1/65	JMLR
00042	7	00000	1	00047	10001	LASTC	STO-1,4,-22	11/1/65	JMLR
00043	0774	00	4	00047	10001	AXT	IX1,1	11/1/65	JMLR
00044	0634	00	4	00041	10001	SXA	NO SAVE REMAINING COUNT	11/1/65	JMLR
BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)									
00045	4636	00	1	00037	10001	SCD	GO READ NEXT RECORD	11/1/65	JMLR
00046	0020	00	0	00032	10001	IX4	ANY MORE WORDS	11/1/65	JMLR
00047	0774	00	4	00026	10001	DONE	READ,4	11/1/65	JMLR
00050	0634	00	4	00041	10001	SXA	RESTORE EXIT	11/1/65	JMLR
00051	0774	00	4	77752	10000	AXT	RESTORE RFC CNT	11/1/65	JMLR
00052	4634	00	4	00037	10001	SXD	RESTORE RFC CNT	11/1/65	JMLR
00054	0	00000	0	12000	10011	UNC	RETURN	11/1/65	JMLR
00055	0	00000	0	00000	10000	TEMP	BCREAD	11/1/65	JMLR
00056	0C0000000000			00000	10000	*LDIR	.UN05.	11/1/65	JMLR
00057	332223512521			00000	01111	END	ADD OF UNIT 5	11/1/65	JMLR

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)

000060000000
 000004000005
 33223512521
 000060000000
 227351252124
 000000000000
 222351252124
 000000000000
 333322235124
 200000100000
 627062434623
 700000000000
 627062464525
 700000000000
 333326314623
 200000000000
 333326632342
 200000000000
 333327512422
 700000000000
 336445000533
 200000000000

	PREFACE	START=0,LENGTH=48,TYPE=7094,CMPLX=5
.BCREA	DECK	LOC=0,LENGTH=48
BCREAD	REAL	LOC=0,LENGTH=0
BCREAD	REAL	LOC=0,LENGTH=0
..BCRD	VIRTUAL	SECT. 4,CALL
SYSLOC	VIRTUAL	SECT. 5
SYSONE	VIRTUAL	SECT. 6
..FI0C	VIRTUAL	SECT. 7
..FTCK	VIRTUAL	SECT. 8
..BRDB	VIRTUAL	SECT. 9
.UN05.	VIRTUAL	SECT. 10

SDKEND .BCREA

REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.

CLASS	SYMBOL	VALUE	REFERENCES
	BCRFAD	00000	53
	CKIR4	00037	45,52
	DONE	00047	42,43
	IX1	00030	20,40
	IX4	00032	46
	..0001	00002	6,7
	..0002	00003	
	..0003	00004	0
	IASC	00042	31,44,50
	READ	00026	41,47
LCTR	HLCTR		
QUAL	UNQS		
LCTR	//		
	STO	00034	16,37
	TEMP	00055	14,17
	UNC	00054	21

REFERENCES TO VIRTUAL SYMBOLS.

..BCRD	4	23
..BRDB	9	33
..FI0C	7	26
..FTCK	8	27
.UN05.	10	54
SYSLOC	5	4,22
SYSONE	6	15

IALS(N, M)

This function shifts the fixed point variable M left N places in the accumulator. The function is used in the FORTRAN program sections C140 and C160.

IARS(N, M)

This function shifts the fixed point variable M right N places in the accumulator. The function is used in the FORTRAN program sections C30 (twice), C140, and C770. The two shift functions are as follows:

```

7094 RFLMOD ASSEMBLY.

        $IBLDR .SHIFT                      .SHI0000
        $TEXT  .SHIFT                      .SHI0001

                                ENTRY  IALS
                                ENTRY  IARS

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
00000 0500 60 4 00003 10000 IALS  CLA*  3.4
00001 0621 00 0 01002 10011      STA  **2
00002 4500 60 4 00004 10000      CAL*  4.4
00003 0767 00 0 00000 10000      ALS   **
00004 4130 00 0 00000 10000      XCL
00005 0131 00 0 00000 10000      XCA
00006 0020 00 4 00001 10000      TRA  1.4
00007 0500 60 4 00003 10000 IARS  CLA*  3.4
00010 0621 00 0 01002 10011      STA  **2
00011 4500 60 4 00004 10000      CAL*  4.4
00012 0771 00 0 00000 10000      ARS   **
00013 4130 00 0 00000 10000      XCL
00014 0131 00 0 00000 10000      XCA
00015 0020 00 4 00001 10000      TRA  1.4
                                00000 01111  END

        $CDICT .SHIFT                      .SHI0002

BINARY CARD (NOT PUNCHED)
000016000000                                PREFACE  START=0,LENGTH=14,TYPE=7094,CMPLEX=5
000004000005
336230312663                                .SHIFT DECK  LOC=0,LENGTH=14
000C16000000                                IALS  REAL  LOC=0,LENGTH=0
312143626060                                IARS  REAL  LOC=7,LENGTH=0
000000000000
312151626060
000000000007

        $DKEND .SHIFT                      001938  .SHI0003

REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS.
CLASS  SYMBOL  VALUE  REFERENCES
      IALS  00000
      IARS  00007
LCTR   BLCTR
QUAL   UNOS
ICTR   //

```

APPENDIX D

DETAILS IN PREPARING INPUT

Uniform Format

Except for binary EF data cards, all input cards are read in with a uniform format, namely A6, 4(A6, F12.0), I2. The sections of the card will be referred to as follows:

	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4		
Card columns	1 to 6	7 to 12	13 to 24	25 to 30	31 to 42	43 to 48	49 to 60	61 to 66	67 to 78	79 to 80
Format	A6	A6	F12.0	A6	F12.0	A6	F12.0	A6	F12.0	I2

The labels (label 1, label 2, . . .) are codes on all types of input cards except one. (The exception, described in the section Data cards for FIXEDN, ALLN, or TEMPER methods, is the card containing spectroscopic data for atoms). These codes serve two purposes. One purpose is to specify an option in the program. For example, the label RRHO specifies a method of calculation. The second purpose is to identify the number which follows it. For example, the label R on the CONSTS card precedes the numerical value of the universal gas constant.

The last two columns (79 and 80) are used only with molecular constant data. For atomic gases, the principal quantum numbers are punched in these columns if needed with the method being specified. For diatomic and polyatomic gases, the electronic level identification is punched in these columns if excited states are included.

Some general rules in keypunching the input cards are given as follows:

(1) With one exception, card columns 1 to 6 and labels are alphanumeric and must be left-adjusted. The exception is that the labels on the DATA cards which contain spectroscopic constants for monatomic gases are numbers and do not need to be left-adjusted. (See DATA cards.)

(2) All blank labels are ignored by the program.

(3) For the specific data, each numerical value must be immediately preceded by its label. However, the order of values is usually immaterial. Exceptions are noted in the details for the individual cards.

(4) The numerical values may be the following:

(a) A right-adjusted integer

(b) A floating-point number without exponent (e. g., 0.00021), anywhere in the field

- (c) A right-adjusted floating-point number with exponent indicating decimal place (e.g., 2.1-4 is 2.1×10^{-4})
- (5) The last two columns (79 and 80) are right-adjusted integers.

Order of Input Cards

Some discussion on the order of the input cards is given in the section General Flow of the Program. Specific instructions for placement of the individual cards are given in the details for making up the cards.

Ordinarily the general data cards should precede the specific data cards. However, general data cards may be inserted after the specific data for one or more species. The information on these cards, however, will be available only for the calculations called for by specific data which follow it. If a second CONST card, ATOM card for a particular atom, or set of EFDATA and binary EF data cards for a particular reactant is inserted, the data on the second card(s) are used for the succeeding calculations.

Otherwise, the general data may be read in any order as long as the EFDATA and binary EF data cards remain in an ordered set for each reactant, namely EFDATA card followed by binary EF data cards as numbered in card columns 79 to 80.

For a single computer run, there may be any number of species processed where each species requires its own set of specific data. The set of specific data cards for each species should be in the following order:

- (1) Formula card
 - (2) Optional cards (REFNCE, EFTAPE, LOGK, LSTSQS, INTERM, or DATE) in any order
 - (3) TEMP card(s), if any
 - (4) METHOD card
 - (5) DATA card(s)
 - (6) FINISH card
- } There may be more than one set of these cards for a single species.

General Data Cards

Examples of the individual cards discussed in this section are given in appendix F.

CONSTS card. - This card, which contains physical constants, is not optional. An example of the necessary labels and one possible set of numerical values is as follows:

Label	Description	Value (ref. 3)
HCK	hc/k, second radiation constant	1.4388
R	Universal gas constant	1.98726
SCONST	Entropy constant S_c (see eqs. (4) and (5))	3.66511

A more recent set of physical constants is given in reference 35.

ATOM cards. - The order of the labels and information on each of these cards must be as follows:

Card section	Contents
Columns 1 to 6	ATOM
Label 1	Left-adjusted atomic symbol, for example, H, HE, LI
Numerical value 1	Atomic weight
Label 2	Left-adjusted formula of assigned reference element. The formula must give the atomic symbol, the number of atoms (even if just one), a left parenthesis, G or S depending on whether the elemental form is gas or solid, respectively, and finally a right parenthesis. Examples: P1(S), O2(G), LI1(S)
Numerical value 2	Coefficient, b, in equation (8)
Numerical value 3	Sum of the statistical weights $\sum g_i$ (eq. (8)) for the ground electronic state

Numerical values 2 and 3 are needed only with the FILL option on the METHOD card for monatomic gases. These values were included for Mg(g) in example 5 in appendix F.

EFDATA and binary EF data cards. - A set of these cards contains enthalpy and free energy data for either a monatomic gas or an assigned reference element. The data will be put on FORTRAN tape number 3 and used for ΔH_T^0 and log K calculations. There may be any number of sets, or none, of these cards in the general data. These cards are not keypunched, but rather are part of the punched card output of a previous run. In order to obtain these punched cards, the previous run required an EFTAPE option card in the species input data for either an assigned reference element or a monatomic gas. For example, a set of these cards were punched in example 2, appendix F, for F₂(g) and used as input in example 3.

LISTEF card. - The LISTEF card is optional and contains the card columns 1 to 6 code only. The data on any binary EF data cards which follow the LISTEF card will be listed. The binary EF data cards for each reactant must still be immediately preceded by an EFDATA card. (See example 5 in appendix F.)

Specific Input Cards

Examples of the individual cards discussed in this section are given in appendix F.

Formula card. - This card is the first card for each species and is reserved for two pieces of information. First, the species formula, as detailed below, is always

required. Second, either an assigned enthalpy or a heat of reaction value with the corresponding units and temperature is required only when calling for either of the following two options:

- (1) log K and ΔH calculations, or
- (2) Least-squares fit of the thermodynamic functions

The first 12 columns are reserved for the formula of the species. Even when the formula takes less than 7 columns, columns 7 to 12 (label 1) should never be used for any code as is done on other types of cards. The formula should be left-adjusted and contain no blanks. It should be punched in the following order:

- (1) Each atomic symbol followed by the number of atoms even if the number is 1; these atomic symbols should correspond to the symbols on the ATOM card in the general input
- (2) For ionic species, the proper number of pluses or minuses should be punched
- (3) A left parenthesis
- (4) A G for a gas, an L for a liquid, or an S for solid
- (5) A right parenthesis

The following are examples for ionized species:

Species	Columns 1 to 12
F ⁻	F1-(G)
N ⁺	N1+(G)
O ⁺⁺	O1++(G)
O ₂ ⁻	O2-(G)

The remainder of the card is reserved for a heat of reaction, the energy units for the reaction, and the temperature of the reaction. There are five forms in which the heat of reaction may be expressed and five choices of units. These are summarized in table IV.

REFNCE card. - The only purpose of this card is to identify sources of input data. The labels and numerical values are arbitrary. (See MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

EFTAPE card. - This option card is used either with an atomic gas or an assigned reference element whose data are needed for succeeding ΔH_T^0 and log K calculations. The card has only the letters EFTAPE punched in card columns 1 to 6. Inclusion of the card causes the H_0^0 and the $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$ and $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$ data for this species to be (1) put on the end of FORTRAN tape 3 where they are available for use with succeeding calculations during the same computer run and (2) punched on cards to be included with other general data during future computer runs. (See example 2 and Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

LOGK card. - Inclusion of this option card causes tables of thermodynamic prop-

erties including $\log K$ and ΔH to be listed. It simply has the code **LOGK** punched in card columns 1 to 4. The $\log K$ and ΔH calculations will be for reactions involving either the assigned reference elements or the monatomic gases or both depending on what data are available on FORTRAN tape 3. If there is no matching temperature in the appropriate atomic gas or assigned reference element data on FORTRAN tape 3, the data that are there will be interpolated by three-point Lagrangian interpolation. (See example 3 and $Mg(s)$ in example 5, appendix F.)

LSTSQS card(s). - Inclusion of one or more of these cards calls for a least-squares fit of the functions to equations (10) to (12) as discussed in the section on Least-squares fit. The **LSTSQS** card(s) may contain three possible labels, **T**, **EXP**, and **TCONST**, and their corresponding values. In table V, desired temperature intervals are given by using **T** labels, and exponents (q_i in eqs. (10) to (12)) are given by using **EXP** labels. The fit will be constrained in two ways, (1) to fit the data at one temperature which must be an endpoint of an interval (**TCONST** label) and (2) to give equal values of the thermodynamic functions at common endpoints of the intervals. The numerical values associated with the **T** and **TCONST** codes must be equal to some temperature in the temperature schedule for the thermodynamic functions. (See $Mg(g)$ in example 5, appendix F.)

If any of the three possible labels are omitted on the **LSTSQS** card(s), values will be assigned by the program. If no **TCONST** is given, it will be assigned to be either $1000^\circ K$ or, if a phase transition takes place, the temperature of transition (each phase will be fitted separately). If no **EXP** is given, the q_i values will be assigned to be 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4. If no **T**'s are given, the temperature intervals will be assigned to be 300° to $1000^\circ K$ and 1000° to $5000^\circ K$. (See example 4, appendix F.)

INTERM card. - This card calls for intermediate output to be printed out when thermodynamic functions are being calculated from molecular constants. (See $H_2O(g)$ in example 5, appendix F.)

DATE card. - The purpose of the **DATE** card is to punch a date or code on the binary least squares coefficient cards. The card should contain only one label which will be punched as the last word on the last least squares coefficient card punched for each species. (See $Mg(g)$ in example 5, appendix F.)

TEMP card(s). - These cards give a temperature schedule for which thermodynamic functions are to be calculated. The program allows for a maximum of 201 temperatures per species.

Each temperature in the desired temperature schedule may be specified individually with a **T** label. (See table V.) However, if there are several temperatures incremented by a fixed amount, this part of the temperature schedule may be specified by punching in order: the lowest temperature labeled **T**, the increment labeled **I**, and the highest temperature labeled **T**. For example, the temperature schedule, 100, 200,

298.15, 300, 400, 500, 600, 688.2, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 962.3, and 1000, could be keypunched as follows:

Card col- umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numeri- cal value 4
TEMP	T	100.	I	100.	T	600.	T	688.2
TEMP	T	700.	I	50.	T	900.	T	962.3
TEMP	T	1000.						

The temperature, 298.15° K, is always inserted in the temperature schedule when there are temperature values below and above 298.15° K. (See examples 1 and 3, and Ar(g), H₂O(g), Mg(s), and MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

If there are no TEMP cards in a set of data where the thermodynamic functions are to be calculated, the program (section C40) assumes the standard temperature schedule used in reference 3, namely, every 100° from 100° to 6000° K with 298.15° inserted between 200° and 300° K. (See example 2 and Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

The only option for which TEMP cards must not be used is READIN (see METHOD card). For this option, the temperatures are read in on DATA cards together with the thermodynamic functions to which they correspond. (See example 4 and Mg(s) in example 5, appendix F.)

METHOD card. - This card follows the option cards and must be included for any calculations to take place. It specifies the technique for obtaining the thermodynamic functions (see section Options) and immediately precedes the data required by the method (DATA cards). The card has the code word METHOD in card columns 1 to 6. The possible codes in the label and numerical value columns are summarized in table VI. The functions may be (1) calculated from molecular constants for ideal gases (labels FIXEDN, ALLN, or TEMPER for monatomic molecules and labels RRHO, PANDK, JANAF, NRRHO1, or NRRHO2 for diatomic and polyatomic molecules) (see examples 1 to 3 and H₂O(g), Mg(g), and MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F), (2) calculated from coefficients and exponents using equations (10) to (12) (label COEF), (see Ar(g) and Mg(l) in example 5, appendix F), or (3) read in directly (label READIN) (see example 4 and Mg(s) in example 5, appendix F). These calculation techniques are discussed in the section CALCULATION OF IDEAL GAS THERMODYNAMIC FUNCTIONS.

In conjunction with these method codes, the METHOD card may contain some additional codes and information as indicated in table VI.

Occasionally, a single method may not apply to the entire desired temperature range for a species. In this case the following cards must be included for each temperature

interval, in order: (1) TEMP card(s) for the desired temperature interval (if the method is not READIN), (2) a METHOD card for this temperature interval, and (3) the associated DATA cards. The sets should be in order of increasing temperature. (See Mg(s, ℓ) in example 5, appendix F.)

DATA cards. - These cards follow the METHOD card and contain the input data required by the method. Except for the spectroscopic data of monatomic gases (see example 2 and Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F), the labels are codes identifying the numerical values that follow them. Table VII is a summary of the labels and numerical values to be used on DATA cards for the various methods given in table VI. A further description of the DATA cards for the various methods follows:

DATA cards for READIN method: Each card must contain four labels with the four corresponding numerical values as indicated in table VII. The four labels correspond to temperature, heat capacity, enthalpy, and either entropy or free energy. Temperature always has the label T; however, the other three have several options as given in table VII depending on the data to which they correspond. If enthalpy and free energy are referred to $H_{298.15}^0$ rather than H_0^0 , the $H_{298.15}^0 - H_0^0$ value must be included on the METHOD card (label H298H0) if $H_T^0 - H_0^0$ values are desired in the final tables. (See example 4 and Mg(s) in example 5, appendix F.)

DATA cards for COEF method: The coefficient and exponent values for each set of empirical equations (eqs. (10) to (12)) must be preceded by the values of the temperature limits (T labels in table VII) for which the equation applies (see Ar(g) and Mg(s) in example 5, appendix F). The lower T value must be the first numerical value.

Occasionally, the coefficients a_i ($i = 1, r$) are available while the integration constants for enthalpy and entropy a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} are not. For this case, a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} values may be calculated by the program in one of the following ways:

(1) Reading in an enthalpy and an entropy or free energy value with the corresponding temperature on the first card. The labels and values should be the same as for the DATA cards for the READIN method except that C_p^0 or C_p^0/R may be omitted.

(2) Using the value of enthalpy or entropy of transition (DELTAH or DELTAS on the METHOD card (see table VI)). This method may be used only when the two phases related by the transition value are being processed in the same run. The reason is that the transition value is combined with the enthalpy or entropy value for the last temperature of the preceding phase. (See Mg(s, ℓ) in example 5, appendix F.)

With COEF method there is an option to punch these coefficients on binary cards in the form required for use with the IBM program described in reference 33. (With LSTSQS option, similar binary cards are always made and are not optional.) For each set of coefficients the temperature intervals to be punched are indicated with TPUNCH

labels and corresponding values which give the endpoints of the intervals. These TPUNCH values may or may not be the same as the T values for the set. For reference 33, coefficients for two temperature intervals are required. In the event there is only one set of coefficients available, the same set can be used in two intervals by using three TPUNCH values. (See Ar(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

DATA cards for FIXEDN, ALLN, or TEMPER methods: In contrast to all other types of cards using the universal format, these cards use the label columns as well as the numerical columns for numbers. The labels contain the total angular momentum quantum number J_m (eq. (7), and the numerical values contain the excitation energy ϵ_m/hc (eq. (7)) in centimeters⁻¹. For either the FILL option or the FIXEDN method, the principal quantum numbers must be punched in card columns 79 to 80, right-adjusted. The data on the remaining portion of the card must correspond to that principal quantum number.

DATA cards for RRHO, PANDK, JANAF, NRRHO1, or NRRHO2 methods: The equations for the partition function of the various methods are given in tables I and II. The input data must always contain at least the following quantities for each electronic state:

- (1) The fundamental vibrational frequencies of the molecule (ω_e or ν_i)
- (2) Either the rotational constant(s) (B_0 for linear; A_0 , B_0 , and C_0 for nonlinear molecules) or the moment(s) of inertia (I_B for linear; I_A , I_B , and I_C for nonlinear molecules)
- (3) The symmetry number
- (4) The statistical weight

Other spectroscopic constants such as anharmonicity or rotation-vibration interaction constants are optional. If these optional constants are not included, correction terms involving them are automatically excluded from the partition function. (See example 1 (RRHO), example 3 (PANDK), and H₂O(g) (NRRHO2) and MgO(g) (PANDK) in example 5, appendix F.)

When excited electronic states are involved, the data for each state are read and processed separately. Therefore, the data cards must be grouped together with an identifying number in card columns 79 to 80. For example, the data for the three electronic states included for MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F, are distinguished by 1, 2, or 3 punches in card column 80.

FINISH card. - This card is the last card in the specific input cards for each species. It contains only the code in card columns 1 to 6.

APPENDIX E

DETAILS IN OUTPUT

Punched Cards

Certain options in the specific data cause cards to be punched. A description of these punched cards follows.

EFDATA and binary EF data. - A set of EFDATA and binary EF data cards is punched when an EFTAPE card has been included in the specific data for either an assigned reference element or a monatomic gas.

The first card is the EFDATA card and is punched in the uniform format. It contains the formula, the H_0^0 value, the melting point, and the number of temperatures for which enthalpy and free energy data are available on succeeding binary cards.

The remaining cards are binary EF data cards and are punched in column binary. Each binary card contains the chemical formula and seven temperatures with corresponding $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$ and $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$ values (except possibly the last card which may have seven or less).

These cards are punched so that they may be used as general input for subsequent computer runs and be available for ΔH_T^0 and $\log K$ calculations. (See the general input in examples 3 and 5 in appendix F.)

Coefficients for empirical equations. - Coefficients for empirical equations (eqs. (10) to (12)) will be punched on column binary cards if one of the following is true:

- (1) A LSTSQS option card is included in the specific data for a particular species. The coefficients are obtained from a least-squares fit of the functions.
- (2) Predetermined coefficients are read in directly (method COEF), and TPUNCH codes are on the DATA cards.

The format used for punching these coefficient cards was selected to be consistent with that used in reference 33. The following information is punched on these cards:

- (1) The formula of the species as given on the formula card
- (2) The ionization potential if there is one
- (3) The entire temperature range
- (4) The temperature ranges of the intervals
- (5) Seven coefficients (a_1, \dots, a_5 in eq. (10), a_{r+1} in eq. (11), and a_{r+2} in eq. (12)); if there are fewer than 5 coefficients in equation (10), zeros will be inserted but if there are more than 5 coefficients, only the first 5 will be punched

Note the exponents (q_i in eqs. (10) to (12)) are not punched. However, they are listed together with the a_i following the intermediate data associated with the least-squares fit for each temperature interval. (See output listings for example 4 and Mg(g))

in example 5, appendix F.) For reference 33, $q_1 = 0$, $q_2 = 1$, . . . , $q_5 = 4$.

There are 24 binary words on a card. Table VIII shows the contents of these cards for up to the nine interval limit. Only as much data are punched as required by the temperature intervals. The temperature intervals are the values following T labels on the LSTSQS cards or TPUNCH labels on the DATA cards following a METHOD COEF card. When no T labels are punched on the LSTSQS card(s), two intervals are assumed, $T = 300^{\circ}$ to $T = 1000^{\circ}$ K and $T = 1000^{\circ}$ to $T = 5000^{\circ}$ K. The contents of these cards are listed as they are punched. (See output listings for examples 4 and Ar(g) and Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

Listed Output

Input data cards in the uniform format as well as tables of thermodynamic functions resulting from each set of specific data are always listed. Other data will be listed with certain options.

Input data. - All input data cards in the uniform format are listed immediately after they are read. The output format is similar to the uniform input format with spacing between the labels and values. Numerical values which are zero are left blank. (See examples in appendix F.)

The data on the binary EF data cards which are read in as input will be listed only when an LISTEF card precedes the EFDATA card somewhere in the deck. (See the general input and output data in example 5, appendix F; only the O₂ data are listed.)

Punched card output. - The contents of all cards punched by the program will be listed except for the binary EF data cards. For this latter case, the punched data will be listed only when a LISTEF card precedes the specific data somewhere in the deck. In example 3, appendix F, the punched binary EF data are not listed while for Mg(g) in example 5, they are. This is because of the LISTEF card in the general data of example 5.

Tables of thermodynamic properties. - Two tables of thermodynamic functions are always listed with each set of specific data. These tables are the following:

(1) Table of dimensionless properties as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} T, C_p^{\circ}/R, (H_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/RT, (H_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/RT \text{ (if } T = 298.15 \text{ is in } T \text{ range),} \\ S_T^{\circ}/R, -(F_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/RT, -(F_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/RT \text{ (if } T = 298.15 \text{ is in } T \text{ range),} \\ H_T^{\circ}/RT \text{ (if an } H_0^{\circ} \text{ value is available), and } -F_T^{\circ}/RT \text{ (if an } H_0^{\circ} \text{ value is} \\ \text{available)} \end{aligned}$$

(2) Table of dimensioned properties as follows:

T , C_p^0 , $H_T^0 - H_0^0$, $H_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0$ (if $T = 298.15$ is in T range), S_T^0 , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)$, $-(F_T^0 - H_{298.15}^0)$ (if $T = 298.15$ is in T range), H_T^0 (if an H_0^0 value is available) and $-F_T^0$ (if an H_0^0 value is available)

See output for the examples in appendix F.

When a LOG K option card is included in a set of specific data, two additional tables are listed for that particular species. (See example 3 and Mg(s) and MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F.) These two tables are the following:

(1) Table of dimensionless properties as follows:

T , C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, S^0/R , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, H_T^0/RT , F_T^0/RT , and $\Delta H_T^0/RT$ and $-\Delta F_T^0/RT$ for reactions from the assigned reference elements, and $\Delta H_T^0/RT$ and $-\Delta F_T^0/RT$ for reactions from the monatomic gases

(2) Table of dimensional properties as follows:

T , C_p^0 , $H_T^0 - H_0^0$, S_T^0 , $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)$, H_T^0 , and ΔH_T^0 and $\log_{10}K$ for formation from the assigned reference elements, and ΔH_T^0 and $\log_{10}K$ for formation from monatomic gases

These tables will have an asterisk and a footnote indicating where a melting point has occurred in an assigned reference element. (See MgO(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

Least squares polynomial and errors. - A least-squares fit of the functions, C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, and S_T^0/R , results when LSTSQS card is included in a set of specific data. (See example 4 and Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F.)

For each temperature interval, the following information is listed:

(1) For each T within the interval,

(a) C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, and $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$

(b) Functions in (1a) as calculated from least-square coefficients and equations (10) to (12)

(c) Differences in (1a and b); these values are referred to as errors hereinafter

(d) Values in (1c) divided by original values in (1a); these values are referred to as relative errors hereinafter

(2) For errors in entire interval for each function in (1a):

(a) Maximum relative error (MAX REL ERR) and corresponding temperature - see (1d)

(b) Average relative error (AVER REL ERR) - see (1d)

(c) Root mean square of relative errors (REL LST SQ ERR) - see (1d)

(d) Maximum error (MAX ERR) and corresponding temperature - see (1c)

(e) Average error (AVER ERR) - see (1c)

(f) Root mean square of errors (LST SQ ERR) - see (1c)

(g) C_p^0/R equation (see eq. (10)) for coefficients a_i/R

(h) Integration constants in equations (11) and (12) as follows:

$$(H - H_0)/R \text{ CONSTANT} = (a_{r+1} - H_0^0)/R$$

$$H/R(\text{A6}) \text{ CONSTANT} = a_{r+1}/R$$

$$S/R \text{ CONSTANT} = a_{r+2}/R$$

Finally, the contents of the punched binary coefficient cards are listed. See the section Punched card output.

Intermediate data with FILL option for monatomic gases. - Unobserved but predicted energy levels for monatomic gases will be included in the partition function (eq. (7)) if the FILL code is punched on the METHOD card. See the section Inclusion of predicted levels for the method of predicting the levels.

In Mg(g) in example 5, appendix F, the following data are listed in columns from left to right:

- (1) b value from ATOM card (see eq. (8))
- (2) Principal quantum number n
- (3) bn^2 [predicted $\sum (2J + 1)$]
- (4) $\sum (2J + 1)$ from input data
- (5) Column (3) minus column (4)
- (6) Highest energy level for principal quantum number
- (7) Sum of column (5) and $2J + 1$ for level of column (6)

Intermediate data with INTERM card. - Intermediate data are listed for ideal gas calculations if an INTERM card is included in the specific data for a particular species.

Monatomic gases: For monatomic gases several items are listed. The input data are listed in order of increasing energy level values. The data include, from left to right, values for the principal quantum number, J, $2J + 1$, and the energy level.

For each temperature, three lines of data are listed as follows:

- (1) A statement indicating where the energy levels were cut off; five possible statements are the following:
 - (a) NOT ALL LEVELS WERE USED. X IS GREATER THAN 85. - This statement indicates that not all atomic energy levels were used because $\epsilon/kT > 85$ in equation (7).
 - (b) ALL LEVELS USED THROUGH N = (FIXEDN value) - This statement indicates all atomic levels were used through a fixed principal quantum number (method FIXEDN).
 - (c) ALL ASSIGNED LEVELS HAVE BEEN USED - This statement indicates all

atomic levels in input were used (method ALLN)

(d) NOT ALL ASSIGNED LEVELS WERE USED, Q AND DERIVATIVES ARE TOO SMALL - This statement indicates not all atomic levels were used because the following conditions occurred:

$$Q^m \leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$$

and

$$(\epsilon_m/kT)^2 Q^m \leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$$

when $\epsilon_m/kT > 2$.

(e) ALL LEVELS HAVE BEEN USED TO THE THERMAL BINDING ENERGY (lowered IP value). - This statement gives the lowered ionization potential value (i. e., ionization potential - Tk/hc) where levels have been cut off.

(2) Values of T , C_p^0/R , $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, and $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$

(3) Values of ϵ/kT , Q , $T dQ/dT$, $T^2 d^2Q/dT^2 + 2T dQ/dT$ (eq. (7))

Diatomic and polyatomic gases: Intermediate results are listed when an INTERM card is included with the specific input data cards for a diatomic or polyatomic gas and the method of calculation is RRHO, JANAF, PANDK, NRRAO1, or NRRAO2. These results include values for the formulas and variables defined in tables I and II. Although the molecular constants are always listed as they are punched on the DATA cards with an INTERM card, many of them are listed again.

The following data are listed (see tables I and II for definitions and $H_2O(g)$ in example 5, appendix F):

- (1) A_0 , B_0 , C_0 , ρ
- (2) a_i , α_i^A , α_i^B , α_i^C where $i = 1$ to the number of unique frequencies
- (3) θ_1 , θ_2 , θ_3
- (4) y_{ijk}
- (5) x_{ij}
- (6) LEVEL = (value in card columns 79 to 80 which is used to identify the electronic levels)
- (7) ν_i , d_i , g_{ii}
- (8) T
- (9) u_i , r_i , s_i , i
- (10) As required by the method of calculation, values for the formulas in tables I and II are listed for Q , $\ln Q$, $T d(\ln Q)/dT$, and $T^2 d^2(\ln Q)/dT^2 +$

$2T d(\ln Q)/dT$. The latter three values are additive contributions to $-(F_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT$, and C_p^0/R , respectively, when only the ground electronic state is considered. These values are identified in the listing by codes which correspond to the formula numbers as follows:

Code on listing	Formula numbers in tables I and II
ELECTR	1
H.O.	2
R.R.	3 or 4
RHO	5
THETA	6
FERMI	7
ALPHA	8 to 11
XIJ	12 or 14
YJK	13
G+AG	16
WEZE	15
AXIJ	17
(XIJ)2	18 and 19
XY	20 and 21
G2, GX	22 and 23
AX2	24 to 27

APPENDIX F

EXAMPLES

The punched card input and listed output are given for several sample problems. The first four examples are simple problems with minimal input. Each of these examples is for a particular species with only as much general data shown as required. These four problems may be run individually, or they may be run together in a single computer run. For this latter case, the general data may be combined. A listing of input cards is given with the combined general data of these first four species.

The fifth example includes specific input cards for five species and general input cards which accommodate a much larger variety of problems. It has, for example, ATOM cards for the first 20 elements. Such a set of ATOM cards may be considered a permanent part of the operating deck.

All input data are the same as the data used in reference 3. Format details for keypunching input cards are described in appendix D.

Example 1 (MgF₂(g) with RRHO Method)

Problem. - Calculate the thermodynamic functions for MgF₂(gas) from 100^o to 500^o K at 100^o intervals assuming a rigid-rotator harmonic-oscillator approximation and using the following data:

- (1) Physical constants: $hc/k = 1.4388$ (centimeters)(degrees), $R = 1.98726$ calories per mole per ^oK, and $S_c = -3.66511$ calories per mole per ^oK
- (2) Atomic weights: $F = 19.00$ grams per mole and $Mg = 24.32$ grams per mole
- (3) Molecular constants: statistical weight = 1, $\nu_1 = 540$ centimeter⁻¹, $\nu_2 = 500(2)$ centimeter⁻¹, $\nu_3 = 820$ centimeter⁻¹, $I_B = 19.77 \times 10^{-39}$ (grams)(centimeters²), and symmetry number = 2

Punched card input. - The punched card input is as follows:

Card col- umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4
CONSTS			HCK	1.4388	R	1.98726	SCONST	-3.66511
ATOM F		19.0000	F2(G)					
ATOM MG		24.3200	MG1(S)					
MG1F2(G)								
TEMP T		100.	I	100.	T	500.		
METHODRRHO								
DATA STATWT		1.	V1	540.	V2(2)	500.	V3	820.
DATA IB		19.77	SYMNO	2.				
FINISH								

Listed output. - The listed output is as follows:

```

CONSTS                HCK                1.4388000      R                1.9872600      SCNST          -3.6651100
ATOM      F                19.          F2(G)
ATOM      MG             24.3199999      MG1(S)
MG1F2(G)
TEMP      T                100.          I                100.          T                500.
METHOD    RRHO
MOLECULAR WT.= 62.32000
DATA      STATWT          1.          V1                540.          V2(2)          500.          V3                820.
DATA      IB             19.7700000      SYMNO                2.
FINISH
MG1F2(G)
EITHER ASINDH,DELTAH,HF298,IPATOM,OR DISSOC WAS NOT FOUND ON THE FORMULA CARD, C520
MG1F2(G)
NO HZERO VALUE IS AVAILABLE
      T          CP/R          (H-H0)/RT      (H-H298)/RT      S/R          -(F-H0)/RT      -(F-H298)/RT
      100        3.6044264        3.5141867      -9.1857179      23.0655146    19.5513279    32.2512326
      200        4.6689711        3.8004504      -2.5495019      25.8549500    22.0544996    28.4044518
      298.15      5.6537278        4.2595689      0.0000001      27.9161122    23.6565433    27.9161119
      300        5.6683680        4.2682114      0.0349098      27.9511299    23.6829185    27.9162199
      400        6.2824038        4.7016582      1.5266821      29.6735663    24.9719081    28.1468842
      500        6.6502306        5.0576122      2.5176313      31.1183319    26.0607197    28.6007006
MG1F2(G)
      T          CP          H-H0          H-H298          S          -(F-H0)          -(F-H298)
      100        7.1629324        698.3603      -1825.4410     45.837174     3885.3572     6409.1584
      200        9.2784594        1510.4966     -1013.3046     51.380507     8765.6049    11289.4061
      298.15     11.2354270        2523.8013           0.0000     55.476573    14016.5389    16540.3401
      300        11.2645209        2544.6137          20.8125     55.546162    14119.2349    16643.0359
      400        12.4847697        3737.3669        1213.5657     58.969091    19850.2695    22374.0708
      500        13.2157372        5025.3952        2501.5940     61.840216    25894.7126    28418.5139
MG1F2(G)

```

Example 2 (F₂(g) with PANDK Method and EFTAPE Option)

Problem. - Calculate the thermodynamic functions for the reference element, F₂(g), where the standard temperature schedule is assumed. Prepare a set of EFDATA and binary EF data cards for future ΔH_T^0 and log K calculations. Use the PANDK method and the following data:

- (1) Physical constants and atomic weights: Same as for example 1
- (2) Heat of formation: $\Delta H_f^0(298.15^\circ \text{K})$ (assigned enthalpy at 298.15°K) = 0
- (3) Molecular constants: statistical weight = 1, $\omega_e = 923 \text{ centimeter}^{-1}$, $\omega_e x_e = 15.6 \text{ centimeter}^{-1}$, $B_e = 0.8909 \text{ centimeter}^{-1}$, $\alpha_e = 0.0162 \text{ centimeter}^{-1}$, and symmetry number = 2

Punched card input. - The punched card input is as follows:

Card col- umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4
CONSTS			HCK	1.4388	R	1.98726	SCONST	-3.66511
ATOM	F	19.	F2(G) HF298	0.				
EFTAPE								
METHOD	PANDK							
DATA	STATWT	1.	WE	923.	WEXE	15.6	BE	.8909
DATA	ALPHAE	.0162	SYMNO	2.				
FINISH								

Listed output. - The listed output is as follows:

```

CONSTS                                HCK          1.4388000    R          1.9872600    SCONST      -3.6651100
ATOM      F              19.          F2(G)
F2(G)                                HF298
EFTAPE
METHOD      PANDK
MOLECULAR WT.= 38.00000
DATA      STATWT          1.          WE          923.          WEXE          15.6000000    BE          0.890900000
DATA      ALPHAE          0.01620000    SYMNO          2.
FINISH
F2(G)                                F2(G)

```

HZERD = -2109.693

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
100	3.5016367	3.4963896	-7.1197225	20.4782846	16.9818952	27.5980072	-7.1197224	27.5980072
200	3.5712715	3.5097823	-1.7982737	22.9178321	19.4080498	24.7161057	-1.7982737	24.7161057
298.15	3.7674544	3.5606615	0.0000000	24.3783007	20.8176394	24.3783007	0.0000001	24.3783007
300	3.7714767	3.5619491	0.0232451	24.4016178	20.8396688	24.3783727	0.0232451	24.3783727
400	3.9723299	3.6402861	0.9862581	25.5150812	21.8747952	24.5288231	0.9862581	24.5288231
500	4.1255408	3.7228256	1.5996032	26.4188421	22.6600166	24.8192389	1.5996032	24.8192389
600	4.2362054	3.7996674	2.0303153	27.1813467	23.3816793	25.1510313	2.0303153	25.1510313
700	4.3168867	3.8680834	2.3514960	27.8407331	23.9726498	25.4892371	2.3514960	25.4892371
800	4.3774085	3.9281369	2.6011229	28.4213059	24.4931691	25.8201830	2.6011229	25.8201830
900	4.4243385	3.9807662	2.8011982	28.9397089	24.9589429	26.1385107	2.8011982	26.1385107
1000	4.4619371	4.0270678	2.9654565	29.4078734	25.3808057	26.4424169	2.9654566	26.4424169
1100	4.4929844	4.0680542	3.1029531	29.8346412	25.7665870	26.7316880	3.1029531	26.7316880
1200	4.5193276	4.1045904	3.2199144	30.2267406	26.1221502	27.0068262	3.2199144	27.0068262
1300	4.5422208	4.1373928	3.3207687	30.5894034	26.4520106	27.2686346	3.3207687	27.2686346
1400	4.5625337	4.1670478	3.4087541	30.9267755	26.7597277	27.5180213	3.4087541	27.5180213
1500	4.5808824	4.1940346	3.4862938	31.2421932	27.0481586	27.7558994	3.4862938	27.7558994
1600	4.5977121	4.2187455	3.5552385	31.5383811	27.3196356	27.9831426	3.5552385	27.9831426
1700	4.6133497	4.2415028	3.6170256	31.8175902	27.5760875	28.2005646	3.6170256	28.2005646
1800	4.6280400	4.2625729	3.6727889	32.0817013	27.8191288	28.4089127	3.6727889	28.4089127
1900	4.6419680	4.2821776	3.7234348	32.3323030	28.0501258	28.6088684	3.7234348	28.6088684
2000	4.6552764	4.3005022	3.7696966	32.5707455	28.2702436	28.8010492	3.7696966	28.8010492
2100	4.6680759	4.3177027	3.8121735	32.7981887	28.4804864	28.9860153	3.8121735	28.9860153
2200	4.6804542	4.3339116	3.8513610	33.0156350	28.6817236	29.1642740	3.8513610	29.1642740
2300	4.6924804	4.3492413	3.8876711	33.2239561	28.8747149	29.3362849	3.8876711	29.3362849
2400	4.7042105	4.3637882	3.9214502	33.4239154	29.0601273	29.5024652	3.9214502	29.5024652
2500	4.7156897	4.3776355	3.9529910	33.6161838	29.2385483	29.6631927	3.9529910	29.6631927
2600	4.7269547	4.3908548	3.9825428	33.8013563	29.4105020	29.8188138	3.9825428	29.8188138
2700	4.7380363	4.4035087	4.0103194	33.9799619	29.5764532	29.9696424	4.0103194	29.9696424
2800	4.7489594	4.4156516	4.0365047	34.1524711	29.7368197	30.1159666	4.0365047	30.1159666
2900	4.7597451	4.4273313	4.0612585	34.3193064	29.8919754	30.2580481	4.0612585	30.2580481
3000	4.7704111	4.4385898	4.0847194	34.4808493	30.0422597	30.3961301	4.0847194	30.3961301
3100	4.7809725	4.4494644	4.1070091	34.6374431	30.1879787	30.5304339	4.1070091	30.5304339
3200	4.7914417	4.4599878	4.1282343	34.7893977	30.3294101	30.6611636	4.1282343	30.6611636
3300	4.8018298	4.4701895	4.1484891	34.9369979	30.4668088	30.7885091	4.1484891	30.7885091
3400	4.8121458	4.4800954	4.1678568	35.0805006	30.6004052	30.9126437	4.1678568	30.9126437
3500	4.8223977	4.4897292	4.1864116	35.2201405	30.7304115	31.0337288	4.1864117	31.0337288
3600	4.8325928	4.4991117	4.2042197	35.3561349	30.8570232	31.1519151	4.2042197	31.1519151
3700	4.8427367	4.5082619	4.2213399	35.4886808	30.9804192	31.2673409	4.2213399	31.2673409
3800	4.8528348	4.5171968	4.2378255	35.6179628	31.1007662	31.3801374	4.2378255	31.3801374
3900	4.8628918	4.5259320	4.2537239	35.7441478	31.2182159	31.4904239	4.2537239	31.4904239
4000	4.8729115	4.5344812	4.2690784	35.8673916	31.3329105	31.5983133	4.2690784	31.5983133
4100	4.8828976	4.5428575	4.2839279	35.9878392	31.4449821	31.7039115	4.2839279	31.7039115
4200	4.8928531	4.5510722	4.2983077	36.1056252	31.5545530	31.8073175	4.2983077	31.8073175
4300	4.9027809	4.5591362	4.3122498	36.2208724	31.66117365	31.9086227	4.3122498	31.9086227
4400	4.9126835	4.5670589	4.3257836	36.3336983	31.7666397	32.0079145	4.3257836	32.0079145
4500	4.9225630	4.5748492	4.3389356	36.4442115	31.8693674	32.1052756	4.3389356	32.1052756
4600	4.9324214	4.5825154	4.3517303	36.5525117	31.9699965	32.2007813	4.3517303	32.2007813
4700	4.9422605	4.5900649	4.3641901	36.6586943	32.0686297	32.2945042	4.3641901	32.2945042
4800	4.9520819	4.5975047	4.3763356	36.7628493	32.1653447	32.3865137	4.3763356	32.3865137
4900	4.9618869	4.6048410	4.3881856	36.8650584	32.2602177	32.4768729	4.3881856	32.4768729
5000	4.9716768	4.6120798	4.3997575	36.9654007	32.3533211	32.5656433	4.3997575	32.5656433
5100	4.9814530	4.6192266	4.4110675	37.0639491	32.4447227	32.6528816	4.4110675	32.6528816
5200	4.9912161	4.6262864	4.4221303	37.1607738	32.5344877	32.7386436	4.4221303	32.7386436
5300	5.0009676	4.6332639	4.4329599	37.2559404	32.6226768	32.8229804	4.4329599	32.8229804
5400	5.0107090	4.6401635	4.4435688	37.3495102	32.7093468	32.9059410	4.4435688	32.9059410
5500	5.0204380	4.6469890	4.4539688	37.4415412	32.7945523	32.9875722	4.4539688	32.9875722
5600	5.0301589	4.6537446	4.4641712	37.5320892	32.8783450	33.0679183	4.4641712	33.0679183
5700	5.0398707	4.6604336	4.4741860	37.6212068	32.9607735	33.1470208	4.4741860	33.1470208
5800	5.0495740	4.6670592	4.4840228	37.7088929	33.0418839	33.2249203	4.4840228	33.2249203
5900	5.0592706	4.6736248	4.4936906	37.7953453	33.1217208	33.3016548	4.4936906	33.3016548
6000	5.0689586	4.6801329	4.5031976	37.8804584	33.2003255	33.3772607	4.5031976	33.3772607

F2(G)

F2(G)

HZERO = -2109.698

T	CP	H-H0	H-H298	S	-(F-H0)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
100	6.9586626	694.8235	-1414.8740	40.695675	3374.7441	5484.4415	-1414.8739	5484.4415
200	7.0970451	1394.9700	-714.7275	45.543691	7713.7682	9823.4656	-714.7275	9823.4655
298.15	7.4469113	2109.6975	0.0000	48.446072	12334.4840	14444.1814	0.0001	14444.1814
300	7.4949048	2123.5557	13.9582	48.492359	12424.1519	14533.8492	13.8582	14533.8492
400	7.8940524	2893.6779	783.9805	50.705100	17388.3621	19498.0596	783.9805	19498.0596
500	8.1985221	3699.1112	1589.4137	52.501108	22551.4426	24661.1401	1589.4137	24661.1401
600	8.4184415	4530.5561	2420.8586	54.016403	27879.2852	29988.9827	2420.8586	29988.9827
700	8.5787762	5380.8211	3271.1236	55.326775	33347.9209	35457.6182	3271.1237	35457.6182
800	8.6990488	6244.9834	4135.2859	56.480524	38939.4360	41049.1333	4135.2859	41049.1333
900	8.7923110	7119.7356	5010.0381	57.510725	44639.9175	46749.6147	5010.0381	46749.6147
1000	8.8670291	8002.8307	5893.1331	58.441090	50438.2598	52547.9570	5893.1332	52547.9570
1100	8.9287281	8892.7095	6783.0119	59.289189	56325.3979	58435.0952	6783.0170	58435.0952
1200	8.9810790	9788.2659	7678.5684	60.068392	62293.8042	64403.5015	7678.5684	64403.5015
1300	9.0265737	10688.6975	8579.0001	60.789097	68337.1289	70446.8262	8579.0001	70446.8262
1400	9.0669407	11593.4102	9483.7176	61.459544	74449.9502	76559.6475	9483.7128	76559.6475
1500	9.1034043	12501.9558	10392.7583	62.086360	80627.5850	82737.2822	10392.2583	82737.2822
1600	9.1368493	13413.9907	11304.2932	62.674963	86865.9502	88975.6475	11304.2932	88975.6475
1700	9.1679254	14329.2469	12219.5494	63.229824	93161.4531	95271.1504	12219.5496	95271.1504
1800	9.1971188	15247.5132	13137.8157	63.754682	99510.9150	101620.6113	13137.8157	101620.6113
1900	9.2247971	16168.6702	14058.9226	64.252692	105911.4961	108021.1924	14058.9226	108021.1924
2000	9.2512444	17092.4316	14982.7343	64.726539	112360.6484	114470.3457	14982.7343	114470.3457
2100	9.2766805	18018.8352	15909.1378	65.178528	118856.0742	120965.7715	15909.1378	120965.7715
2200	9.3012793	18947.7400	16838.0425	65.610650	125395.6914	127505.3887	16838.0425	127505.3887
2300	9.3251786	19879.0679	17769.3704	66.024638	131977.5977	134087.2949	17769.3704	134087.2949
2400	9.3484893	20812.7559	18703.0583	66.422009	138600.0664	140709.7637	18703.0583	140709.7637
2500	9.3713015	21748.7495	19639.0518	66.804097	145261.4922	147371.1895	19639.0518	147371.1895
2600	9.3936880	22687.0020	20577.3044	67.172083	151960.4160	154070.1113	20577.3044	154070.1113
2700	9.4157100	23627.4751	21517.7773	67.527019	158695.4746	160805.1719	21517.7773	160805.1719
2800	9.4374169	24570.1335	22460.4360	67.869839	165465.4160	167575.1133	22460.4360	167575.1133
2900	9.4588509	25514.9492	23405.2517	68.201385	172269.0664	174378.7617	23405.2517	174378.7617
3000	9.4800870	26461.8958	24352.1980	68.522412	179105.3418	181215.0391	24352.1980	181215.0391
3100	9.5010355	27410.9519	25301.2542	68.833605	185973.2227	188082.9199	25301.2542	188082.9199
3200	9.5218403	28362.0972	26252.3994	69.135578	192871.7539	194981.4512	26252.3994	194981.4512
3300	9.5424842	29315.3142	27205.6167	69.428898	199800.0508	201909.7480	27205.6167	201909.7480
3400	9.5629847	30270.5889	28160.8911	69.714075	206757.2656	208866.9629	28160.8911	208866.9629
3500	9.5833580	31227.9070	29118.2090	69.991576	213742.6094	215852.3066	29118.2095	215852.3066
3600	9.6036183	32187.2568	30077.5593	70.261832	220755.3398	222865.0352	30077.5593	222865.0352
3700	9.6237769	33148.6274	31038.9297	70.525235	227794.7441	229904.4395	31038.9297	229904.4395
3800	9.6438445	34112.0088	32002.3115	70.782152	234860.1699	236969.8672	32002.3115	236969.8672
3900	9.6638303	35077.3936	32967.6958	71.032914	241950.9746	244060.6719	32967.6958	244060.6719
4000	9.6837419	36044.7725	33935.0742	71.277832	249066.5566	251176.2559	33935.0742	251176.2559
4100	9.7035869	37014.1396	34904.4419	71.517193	256206.3535	258316.0508	34904.4419	258316.0508
4200	9.7233711	37985.4873	35875.7900	71.751265	263369.8203	265479.5156	35875.7900	265479.5156
4300	9.7431003	38958.8115	36849.1138	71.980290	270556.4336	272666.1328	36849.1138	272666.1328
4400	9.7627795	39934.1064	37824.4087	72.204505	277765.7148	279875.4102	37824.4087	279875.4102
4500	9.7824125	40911.3662	38801.6685	72.424123	284997.1875	287106.8789	38801.6685	287106.8789
4600	9.8020037	41890.5874	39780.8896	72.639344	292250.3906	294360.0859	39780.8896	294360.0859
4700	9.8215566	42871.7656	40762.0674	72.850356	299524.9102	301634.6055	40762.0674	301634.6055
4800	9.8410742	43854.8975	41745.1997	73.057340	306820.3281	308930.0273	41745.1997	308930.0273
4900	9.8605593	44839.9795	42730.2817	73.260455	314136.2539	316245.9492	42730.2817	316245.9492
5000	9.8800143	45827.0078	43717.3101	73.459862	321472.3008	323581.9961	43717.3101	323581.9961
5100	9.8994422	46815.9814	44706.2837	73.655703	328828.1016	330937.7969	44706.2837	330937.7969
5200	9.9188444	47806.8955	45697.1978	73.848119	336203.3242	338313.0195	45697.1978	338313.0195
5300	9.9382229	48799.7490	46690.0513	74.037240	343597.6211	345707.3125	46690.0513	345707.3125
5400	9.9575796	49794.5405	47684.8428	74.223187	351010.6719	353120.3633	47684.8428	353120.3633
5500	9.9769156	50791.2646	48681.5669	74.406076	358442.1563	360551.8516	48681.5669	360551.8516
5600	9.9962335	51789.9224	49680.2246	74.586020	365891.7852	368001.4805	49680.2246	368001.4805
5700	10.0155333	52790.5112	50680.8135	74.763119	373359.2695	375468.9648	50680.8135	375468.9648
5800	10.0348164	53793.0283	51683.3306	74.937473	380844.3164	382954.0156	51683.3306	382954.0156
5900	10.0540849	54797.4741	52687.7764	75.109178	388346.6758	390456.3711	52687.7764	390456.3711
6000	10.0733386	55803.8447	53694.1465	75.278319	395866.0703	397975.7656	53694.1465	397975.7656

F2(G)

F2(G)

Example 3 (F(g) with LOGK Option)

Problem. - In addition to calculating thermodynamic functions, calculate the heat of formation and equilibrium constant values for F(g) from F₂(g) for the temperatures, 298.15⁰, 1000⁰, 2156⁰, 3000⁰, and 5000⁰ K. Use the enthalpy and free energy values for F₂ calculated in example 2 (i. e. , the EFDATA and binary EF data cards for F₂). For F(g), use the following data:

- (1) Physical constants and atomic weight: same as example 1
- (2) Heat of formation: $\Delta H_f^0(298.15) = 18\,858.2$ calories per mole
- (3) Spectroscopic data: $J_1 = 3/2$, $\epsilon_1 = 0$ and $J_2 = 1/2$, $\epsilon_2/hc = 404.1$ centimeter⁻¹

Punched card input. - The punched card input is as follows:

Card col- umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4	Card col- umns 79 to 80
CONSTS ATOM F FFDATA F2(G)		19. 0.	HCK F2(G) HZERO	1.4388 -2109.6975	R MELTPT	1.98726 0.	SCONST T NO.	-3.66511 61.0000	
Binary EF data for F ₂ (g)									BCDUM000 BCDUM001 BCDUM002 BCDUM003 BCDUM004 BCDUM005 BCDUM006 BCDUM007 BCDUM008
F1(G) LOGK TEMP TEMP METHOD DATA FINISH	T T T ALLN 1.5	298.15 5000.	HF298 T	18858.2 1000.	T	2156.	T	3000.	

Listed output. - The listed output is as follows:

```

CONSTS          HCK          1.4388000      R          1.9872600      SCONST      -3.6651100
ATOM           F           19.          F2(G)
FFDATA        F2(G)          HZERO      -2109.69751      MELTPT          T NO.          61.
F1(G)          HF298          18858.200
LOGK
TEMP          T           298.15000      T           1000.          T           2156.          T           3000.
TEMP          T           5000.
METHOD        ALLN
DATA          1.5           .5           404.10000
FINISH
F1(G)
HZERO =      17300.217
F1(G)
    
```

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
298.15	2.7357659	2.6294998	0.0000000	19.0800488	16.4505491	19.0800488	31.8281004	-12.7480516
1000	2.5577199	2.6270264	1.8430411	22.2807670	19.6537406	20.4377258	11.3325893	10.9481778
2156	2.5145423	2.5745148	2.2108852	24.2257791	21.6512644	22.0148938	6.6123454	17.6134338
3000	2.5077611	2.5565408	2.2952124	25.0552444	22.4987037	22.7600319	5.4583951	19.5968494
5000	2.5028820	2.5358168	2.3790197	26.3348284	23.7990117	23.9558086	4.2762993	22.0578990

HZERO = 17300.217

T	CP	H-H0	H-H298	S	-(F-H0)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
298.15	5.4366781	1557.9827	0.0000	37.917017	9746.9762	11304.9589	18858.1995	-7553.2406
1000	5.0828543	5220.5845	3662.6018	44.277677	39057.0923	40615.0747	22520.8013	21755.8757
2156	4.9970493	11030.5924	9472.6096	48.142921	92765.5459	94323.5283	28330.8088	75465.3301
3000	4.9835732	15241.5339	13683.5511	49.791285	134132.3203	135690.3008	32541.7505	116832.1035
5000	4.9738773	25196.6357	23638.6528	52.334151	236474.1172	238032.0996	42496.8521	219173.8984

FL(G)

FL(G)

HZERO = 17300.217

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT	REFERENCE ELEMENTS		GASEOUS ATOMS	
							DELTA H/RT	-DELTA F/RT	DELTA H/RT	-DELTA F/RT
298.15	2.7358	2.6295	19.0800	16.4505	31.8281	-12.7481	31.8281	-24.9372	0	0
1000	2.5577	2.6270	22.2808	19.6537	11.3326	10.9482	9.8499	-2.2730	0	0
2156	2.5145	2.5745	24.2258	21.6513	6.6123	17.6134	4.6951	3.0701	0	0
3000	2.5078	2.5565	25.0552	22.4987	5.4584	19.5968	3.4160	4.3988	0	0
5000	2.5029	2.5358	26.3348	23.7990	4.2769	22.0579	2.0771	5.7751	0	0

T	CP	H-H0	S	-(F-H0)	H	REFERENCE ELEMENTS		GASEOUS ATOMS	
						DELTA H	LOG K	DELTA H	LOG K
0	-----	0	-----	0	17300.2	18355.1	-----	-----	-----
298.15	5.4367	1558.0	37.9170	9747.0	18858.2	18858.2	-10.8301	0	0
1000	5.0829	5220.6	44.2777	39057.1	22520.8	19574.2	-0.9872	0	0
2156	4.9970	11030.6	48.1429	92765.5	28330.8	20116.3	1.3333	0	0
3000	4.9836	15241.5	49.7913	134132.3	32541.8	20365.7	1.9104	0	0
5000	4.9739	25196.6	52.3342	236474.1	42496.9	20638.2	2.5081	0	0

FL(G)

FL(G)

Example 4 (P(s) with Least-Squares Fit)

Problem. - Use the data for P(solid) given in reference 3 to calculate the least-squares coefficients and punch them on cards as required for use with the program described in reference 33. Use functional form given in equations (10) to (12) with $q_i = 1, 2, 3, 4,$ and 5 . The data are normally fitted in two temperature intervals, 300° to 1000° K and 1000° to 5000° K. However, since P(solid) melts at 317.3° K, there will be only one set of coefficients for this case.

Punched card input. - The punched card input is as follows:

Card col-umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4
CONSTS			R	1.98726				
P1(S)			HF298	0.				
LSTSQS								
METHOD	READIN		MELTPT	317.3				
DATA	T	298.15	CP	5.694	H-H0	1282.3	S	9.981
DATA	T	300.	CP	5.705	H-H0	1292.8	S	10.016
DATA	T	317.3	CP	5.798	H-H0	1392.3	S	10.338
FINISH								

Listed output. - The listed output is as follows:

```

CONSTS                                R          1.9872600
P1(S)                                HF298
ATOM CARD MISSING OR FORMULA INCORRECT, C160
LSTSQS
METHOD  READIN                        MFLTPT    317.30000
DATA    T          298.15000          CP          5.6940000      H-HO        1282.30000      S          9.9809999
DATA    T          300.                CP          5.7050000      H-HO        1292.80000      S          10.0160000
DATA    T          317.30000          CP          5.7980000      H-HO        1392.30000      S          10.3380001
FINISH
LEAST SQUARES

      T      CP/R INPUT      CP/R CALC      HH/RT INPUT      HH/RT CALC      S/R INPUT      S/R CALC      -FH/RT INPUT      -FH/RT CALC
      INPJT-CALC      FRACTION      INPUT-CALC      FRACTION      INPUT-CALC      FRACTION      INPUT-CALC      FRACTION
300.00      2.8707869      2.8707715      2.1684799      2.1684747      5.0401055      5.0398830      2.8716256      2.8714083
      0.0000154      0.0000053      0.0000052      0.0000024      0.0002225      0.0000441      0.0002173      0.0000757
317.30      2.9175850      2.9175850      2.2080457      2.2080456      5.2021376      5.2021372      2.9940919      2.9940915
      0.                0.                0.0000001      0.0000000      0.0000005      0.0000001      0.0000004      0.0000001
MAX-REL ERR CP/R = 0.000005      TEMP = 300.      AVER REL ERR CP/R = 0.000003      REL LST SQ ERR CP/R = 0.000004
MAX REL ERR HH/RT = 0.000002      TEMP = 300.      AVER REL ERR HH/RT = 0.000001      REL LST SQ FRR H/RT = 0.000002
MAX REL ERR S/R = 0.000044      TEMP = 300.      AVER REL ERR S/R = 0.000022      REL LST SQ FRR S/R = 0.000031
MAX REL ERR FH/RT = 0.000076      TEMP = 300.      AVER REL ERR FH/RT = 0.000038      RFL LST SQ ERR F/RT = 0.000054
MAX ERR CP/R = 0.000015      TEMP = 300.      AVER ERR CP/R = 0.000008      LST SQ ERR CP/R = 0.000011
MAX ERR HH/RT = 0.000005      TEMP = 300.      AVER ERR HH/RT = 0.000003      LST SQ ERR HH/RT = 0.000004
MAX ERR S/R = 0.000223      TEMP = 300.      AVER ERR S/R = 0.000111      LST SQ FRR S/R = 0.000157
MAX ERR FH/RT = 0.000217      TFMP = 300.      AVER ERR FH/RT = 0.000109      LST SQ ERR F/RT = 0.000154
CP/R = 2.7877384E 00T** 0.      -2.1253577E-03T** 1.0      -3.5459652E-07T** 2.0      5.5271664E-08T** 3.0      -9.1330942E-11T** 4.0

{H-HO}/R CONSTANT = -0.15448489E 03, H/R(A6) CONSTANT =-0.79974519E 03, S/R CONSTANT =-0.10519705E 02
PUNCHED BINARY CARDS--
P1(S)          0.          0.30000000E 03      0.31730000E 03      0.10000000E 04      0.50000000E 04      0.
0.          0.          0.          0.          0.          0.          0.30000000E 03
0.10000000E 04      0.27877383E 01      -0.21253577E-02      -0.35459652E-06      0.55271665E-07      -0.91330943E-10      -0.79974519E 03

P1(S)          0.          -0.10519705E 02      0.          0.          0.          0.
0.          0.          0.          0.          0.          0.
0.          0.          0.          0.          0.          0.          000000

P1(S)
HZERO = -1282.300

      T      CP/R      {H-HO}/RT      {H-H298}/RT      S/R      -(F-HO)/RT      -(F-H298)/RT      H/RT      -F/RT
298.15      2.8652516      2.1642137      0.0000000      5.0224932      2.8582796      5.0224932      0.0000000      5.0224932
300          2.8707869      2.1684799      0.0176122      5.0401955      2.8716256      5.0224932      0.0176122      5.0224932
317.30      2.9175850      2.2080457      0.1744488      5.2021376      2.9940919      5.0276888      0.1744488      5.0276888

HZERO = -1282.300

      T      CP      H-HO      H-H298      S      -(F-HO)      -(F-H298)      H      -F
298.15      5.6939999      1282.3000      0.0000      9.981000      1693.5351      2975.8351      0.0000      2975.8351
300          5.7049999      1292.8000      10.5000      10.016000      1712.0000      2994.2999      10.5000      2994.2999
317.30      5.7979999      1392.3000      110.0000      10.338000      1887.9474      3170.2473      110.0000      3170.2473

P1(S)                                                    P1(S)

```

Punched Card Input for Examples 1 to 4 Combined

Examples 1 to 4 may be all run in a single machine pass as well as individually. In this case, however, the general data may be combined. Thus the punched card input is as follows:

Card col- umns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4
CONSTS			HCK	1.4388	R	1.98726	SCONST	-3.66511
ATOM F		19.0000	F2(G)					
ATOM MG		24.3200	MG1(S)					
MG1F2(G)								
TEMP T		100.	I	100.	T	500.		
METHODRRHO								
DATA STATWT		1.	V1	540.	V2(2)	500.	V3	820.
DATA IB		19.77	SYMNO	2.				
FINISH F2(G)			HF298	0.				
EFTAPE								
METHODPANDK								
DATA STATWT		1.	WE	923.	WEXE	15.6	BE	.8909
DATA ALPHAE		.0162	SYMNO	2.				
FINISH F1(G)			HF298	18858.2				
LOGK								
TEMP T		298.15	T	1000.	T	2156.	T	3000.
TEMP T		5000.						
METHODALLN								
DATA 1.5		0.	.5	404.1				
FINISH P1(S)			HF298	0.				
LSTSQS								
METHODREADIN			MELTPT	317.3				
DATA T		298.15	CP	5.694	H-HO	1282.3	S	9.981
DATA T		300.	CP	5.705	H-HO	1292.8	S	10.016
DATA T		317.3	CP	5.798	H-HO	1392.3	S	10.338
FINISH								

Example 5 (Ar(g), H₂O(g), Mg(g), Mg(s, l), and MgO(g))

Description of problems. - This example is a combination of several problems. The input includes a more complete set of general input data and specific data for five species, Ar(g), H₂O(g), Mg(g), Mg(s, l), and MgO(g).

The general data include ATOM cards for the first 20 elements. For simplicity, however, only five sets of EFDATA and binary EF data were included for three assigned reference elements and two monatomic gases, namely, Mg(s, l), H₂(g), O₂(g), H(g), and O(g). A LISTEF card is inserted before the O₂ EFDATA, and so the data on the binary EF data cards for O₂ will be listed in the output.

The specific input data cards are for solving the following problems:

(1) Ar(g) - Calculate thermodynamic functions from the following empirical equations (method COEF): $C_p^0/R = 2.5$, $(H_T^0 - H_0^0)/RT = 2.5$, and $S_T^0/R = 2.5 \ln T + 4.3661076$. Punch these coefficients for use with reference 33. Assume $H_{298.15}^0 = \Delta H_f^0(298.15) = 0$.

(2) H₂O(g) - Calculate the thermodynamic functions for $T = 5000^0$ K using the NRRAO₂ method. List intermediate results. Use $H_0^0 = 57\,103.5$ calories per mole.

(3) Mg(g) - Perform the following options in the calculations:

(a) Calculate the thermodynamic functions using the lowered ionization potential cutoff technique (method TEMPER).

(b) Include unobserved but predicted electronic levels (FILL option).

(c) Include option for punching EFDATA and binary EF data cards and putting data on tape (EFTAPE card).

(d) Do a least-squares fit of the functions from 1000° to 5000° K assuming the following C_p° equation: $a_1 + a_2T + a_3T^2 + a_4T^3$. Constrain the curve fit to fit the functions exactly at 1000° K.

(e) Include DATE cards so 4/63 will be punched on coefficient cards.

(4) Mg(s, l) - Perform the following options in the calculations:

(a) Calculate ΔH_T° and log K, and tabulate the values with the thermodynamic functions (LOGK card).

(b) Read in data directly for the solid. (Note that DATA cards have several examples of various possible labels as given in table VIII.

(c) Assume $C_p^{\circ} = 8$ calories per mole per $^{\circ}$ K for the liquid.

(d) Calculate the integration constants (eqs. (11) and (12)) using a heat of melting value of 2140 calories at the melting point, 923° K.

(5) MgO(g) - Calculate thermodynamic functions using PANDK method and including two excited electronic states. (Note that columns 79 to 80 identify to which of the three states the data belong). Calculate and list tables which include ΔH_T° and log K values. Use a dissociation energy of 90 kilocalories per mole at 0° K.

Punched card input. - The punched card input is as follows:

Card columns 1 to 6	Label 1	Numerical value 1	Label 2	Numerical value 2	Label 3	Numerical value 3	Label 4	Numerical value 4	Card columns 79 to 80
CONST	SHCK	1.4388	R	1.98726	SCONST	-3.66511			
ATOM	AL	26.9800	AL1(S)		2		16		
ATOM	AR	39.9440	AR1(G)		12		61		
ATOM	B	10.8200	B1(S)		2		6		
ATOM	BE	9.013	BE1(S)		4		13		
ATOM	C	12.0110	C1(S)		12		15		
ATOM	CA	40.0800	CA1(S)		4		61		
ATOM	CL	35.4570	CL2(G)		30		156		
ATOM	CS	132.9100	CS1(S)		2		72		
ATOM	E	.000548613	E1(G)		2		2		
ATOM	F	19.0000	F2(G)		30		6		
ATOM	H	1.008	H2(G)		2		2		
ATOM	HE	4.003	HE1(G)		4		1		
ATOM	K	39.1000	K1(S)		2		32		
ATOM	LI	6.940	LI1(S)		2		8		
ATOM	Mg	24.3200	Mg1(S)		4		33		
ATOM	N	14.0080	N2(G)		30		20		
ATOM	NA	22.9910	NA1(S)		2		18		
ATOM	NE	20.1830	NE1(G)		12		1		
ATOM	O	16.0000	O2(G)		40		15		
ATOM	P	30.9750	P1(S)		30		170		
ATOM	S	32.0660	S1(S)		40		215		
ATOM	SI	28.0900	SI1(S)		12		75		
EFDATA	Mg1(S)	0.	HZERO	-1190.3000	MELTPT	923.0000	T NO.	28.0000	
Binary EF data for Mg(s)									BCDUM000 BCDUM001 BCDUM002 BCDUM003

ARI(G)			ASINDH		298.15			
TEMP	T	298.15	T	1000.	T	1000.	T	6000.
METHOD	COEF				REDUCE		H298HO	1481.254
DATA	T	100.	T	6000.				
DATA	C1	2.5	E1	0	CH-HO	0.	CS	4.3661076
ARI(G)	TPUNCH		300TPUNCH		1000TPUNCH		5000	
FINISH								
H201(G)			ASINDH	-57103.5	T	0.		
TEMP	T	5000.						
INTERM								
METHOD			NRRAD2					
DATA	V1	3656.65	V2	1594.78	V3	3755.79	X11	-45.18
DATA	X12	-15.14	X33	-44.62	X13	-165.48	X22	-17.04
DATA	Y233	-.81	Y333	-.45	X23	-19.99		
DATA	Y111	.47	Y112	-.10	Y113	.68	Y122	-0.1
DATA	Y123	-1.72	Y133	1.17	Y222	-.60	Y223	1.55
DATA	AO	27.848	BO	14.5064	CO	9.28285	SYMNO	2.
DATA	ALFAA1	-.750	ALFAA2	-2.941	ALFAA3	1.253	ALFAB1	-.238
DATA	ALFAB2	-.160	ALFAB3	.078	ALFAC1	.2018	ALFAC2	.1392
DATA	ALFAC3	.1445	RHO	.0000213	STATWT	1.		
FINISH								
MG1(G)			DELTAH	35.6	KCAL		T	298.15
EFTAPE								
LSTSQST		1000.	T	5000.	TCONST	1000.	EXP	0.
LSTSQEXP		1.	EXP	2.	EXP	3.		
DATE	4/63							
METHOD	TEMPER		FILL					
DATA	0	0.	0	21850.368	1	21870.426	2	21911.140
DATA	1	35051.36	2	46403.14	3	47957.035	2	47957.018
DATA	1	41197.37	0	43503.34	0	47841.20	1	47844.44
DATA	2	47851.14	1	49346.71	2	53134.70	7	54192.43
DATA	1	47957.047	0	57812.72	1	57833.28	2	57873.89
DATA	1	51872.36	0	52556.37	4	54252.6	1	54699.4
DATA	2	54676.76	3		4		3	54676.66
DATA	2	55891.83	0	56187.03	1.5	57018.8	2	57020.1
DATA	2	56308.43	7	56968.31	10	57204.22	3	57204.22
DATA	1	57853.5	0	58009.46	4	58478.4		
DATA	1	58023.27	7	58442.62	10	58575.54	3	58575.54
DATA	1	58962.49	2	59690.02	7	59880.3	13.5	59935.38
DATA	2	59041.09	7	59317.4	10	59400.77	3	
DATA	1	59648.2	2	60127.31	7	60263.0	13.5	60301.30
DATA	1	60103.5	2	60435.15	7	60534.5	13.5	60562.64
DATA	1	60420.2	2	60658.37	7	60734.0	13.5	60755.78
DATA	1	60649.2	2	60826.6	7	60884.8	13.5	60902.53
DATA	1	60820.9	2	60955.8	7	61002.2	3	61016.42
DATA	1	60952.0	7	61094.6	3	61106.98	IP	61669.14
FINISH								
MG1(S)			ASINDH	0.	T	298.15		
LOGK								
METHOD	READIN		MELTPT	923.				
DATA	T	100.	CP	3.753	H-HO/T	1.529	S	2.263
DATA	T	200.	CP	5.418	H-HO	630.9	S	5.511
DATA	T	298.15	CP	5.929	H-HO	1190.3	S	7.780
DATA	T	300.	CP	5.937	H-HO	1201.3	S	7.817
DATA	T	400.	CP	6.241	H-HO	1811.3	S	9.569
DATA	T	500.	CP	6.493	H-HO	2447.7	S	10.989
DATA	T	600.	CP/R	3.4047	H-HDRT	2.608	-FHORT	3.5286
DATA	T	700.	CP	7.084	H-HO	3802.0	S/R	6.6730
DATA	T	800.	CP	7.426	H-HO	4527.3	-FH0/T	8.569875
DATA	T	900.	CP	7.792	H-HO	5288.0	S	15.125
DATA	T	923.	CP	7.880	H-HO	5468.2	S	15.322
METHOD	COEF		DELTAH	2140.				
DATA	T	923.	T	5000.	C1	8.0	E1	0.
FINISH								
MG10(G)			DISSOC		90KCAL			
TEMP	T	298.15	T	1000.	I	1000.	T	6000.
REFNCS	SPECTR		23DISSOC		319			
LOGK								
METHOD	PANDK		WEXE	5.15	BE	.5713	ALPHA1	.0050
DATA	WE	782.99	BETA1	.02-06				
DATA	DE	1.21-06	TO	3503.28	WE	662.69	WEXE	3.89
DATA	STATWT	2.	ALPHA1	.0046	DE	1.172-06	BETA1	-.05-06
DATA	BE	.5029	TO	20003.57	WE	821.91	WEXE	4.74
DATA	STATWT	1.0	ALPHA1	.0045	DE	1.13-06	BETA1	.025-06
DATA	BE	.5791						
FINISH								

Listed output. - The listed output is as follows:

CONSTS			HCK	1.4388000	R	1.9872600	SCONST	-3.6651100
ATOM	AL	26.9800000	AL1(S)	2.		16.		
ATOM	AR	39.9439998	AR1(G)	12.		61.		
ATOM	B	10.8200001	B1(S)	2.		6.		
ATOM	BF	9.0130000	BE1(S)	4.		13.		
ATOM	C	12.0110000	C1(S)	12.		15.		
ATOM	CA	40.0799999	CA1(S)	4.		61.		
ATOM	CL	35.4569998	CL2(G)	30.		156.		
ATOM	CS	132.91000	CS1(S)	2.		72.		
ATOM	F	0.54861300F-03	F1(G)	2.		2.		
ATOM	F	19.	F2(G)	30.		6.		
ATOM	H	1.0080000	H2(G)	2.		2.		
ATOM	HE	4.0030000	HE1(G)	4.		1.		
ATOM	K	39.0999999	K1(S)	2.		32.		
ATOM	LI	6.9400000	LI1(S)	2.		8.		
ATOM	MG	24.3199999	MG1(S)	4.		33.		
ATOM	N	14.0080000	N2(G)	30.		20.		
ATOM	NA	22.9909999	NA1(S)	2.		18.		
ATOM	NF	20.1830001	NF1(G)	12.		1.		
ATOM	O	16.	O2(G)	40.		15.		
ATOM	P	30.9749999	P1(S)	30.		170.		
ATOM	S	32.0660000	S1(S)	40.		215.		
ATOM	SI	28.0899999	SI1(S)	12.		75.		
FFDATA	MG1(S)		HZERO	-1190.30000	MELTPT	923.	T NO.	28.
FFDATA	H2(G)		HZERO	-2023.80000	MELTPT		T NO.	61.
FFDATA	HI(G)		HZERO	50616.500	MELTPT		T NO.	61.
FFDATA	O1(G)		HZERO	57949.150	MELTPT		T NO.	61.
LISTFF								
FFDATA	O2(G)		HZERO	-2074.73901	MELTPT		T NO.	61.
	T	H-HO/RT		-(F-HO)/RT	T	H-HO/RT		-(F-HO)/RT
100.000		3.48991537		17.34113860	200.000	3.49561310		19.76229215
298.150		3.50165999		21.15892196	300.000	3.50185835		21.18058252
400.000		3.51979873		22.19011092	500.000	3.55167121		22.97872639
600.000		3.59312224		23.62983251	700.000	3.63907662		24.18713498
800.000		3.68591803		24.67612839	900.000	3.73153207		25.11291909
1000.000		3.77485391		25.50834012	1100.000	3.81546095		25.87004900
1200.000		3.85329697		26.20367932	1300.000	3.88850057		26.51351452
1400.000		3.92130366		26.80289793	1500.000	3.95197189		27.07449675
1600.000		3.98077118		27.33048058	1700.000	4.00794911		27.57263613
1800.000		4.03377759		27.80245972	1900.000	4.05829930		28.02121544
2000.000		4.08182836		28.22998142	2100.000	4.10445231		28.42968559
2200.000		4.12628472		28.62113166	2300.000	4.14741892		28.80502057
2400.000		4.16793066		28.98196840	2500.000	4.18788111		29.15251803
2600.000		4.20731878		29.31714988	2700.000	4.22628319		29.47629261
2800.000		4.24480504		29.63032866	2900.000	4.26290929		29.77960134
3000.000		4.28061569		29.92442012	3100.000	4.29794002		30.06506443
3200.000		4.31489480		30.20178723	3300.000	4.33149058		30.33481860
3400.000		4.34773630		30.46436810	3500.000	4.36363965		30.59062862
3600.000		4.37920725		30.71377516	3700.000	4.39444572		30.83396959
3800.000		4.40936083		30.95136023	3900.000	4.42395830		31.06608510
4000.000		4.43824393		31.17827082	4100.000	4.45222443		31.28803492
4200.000		4.46590537		31.39548731	4300.000	4.47929311		31.50073051
4400.000		4.49239421		31.60385752	4500.000	4.50521505		31.70495868
4600.000		4.51776236		31.80411649	4700.000	4.53004336		31.90140796
4800.000		4.54206461		31.99690747	4900.000	4.55383325		32.09068251
5000.000		4.56535631		32.18279886	5100.000	4.57664078		32.27331686
5200.000		4.58769345		32.36229420	5300.000	4.59852165		32.44978428
5400.000		4.60913157		32.53583956	5500.000	4.61953032		32.62050772
5600.000		4.62972367		32.70383739	5700.000	4.63971829		32.78586960
5800.000		4.64952016		32.86664820	5900.000	4.65913516		32.94621086
6000.000		4.66856867		33.02459717				

```

AR1(G)                               ASINDH                               T                               298.15000
TEMP      T           298.15000      T           1000.      I           1000.      T           6000.
METHOD    COEF                               REDUCE                               H298H0      1481.25400
DATA      T           100.      T           6000.
DATA      C1           2.5000000      E1                               CH-H0                               CS           4.3661076
DATA      TPUNCH      300.      TPUNCH      1000.      TPUNCH      5000.

```

FINISH

PUNCHED BINARY CARDS--

```

AR1(G)      0.      0.30000000E 03      0.50000000E 04      0.10000000E 04      0.50000000E 04      0.25000000E 01
0.      0.      0.      0.      -0.74537499E 03      0.43661076E 01      0.30000000E 03
0.10000000E 04      0.25000000E 01      0.      0.      0.      0.      -0.74537499E 03

AR1(G)      0.      0.      0.43661076E 01      0.      0.      0.      0.
0.      0.      0.      0.      0.      0.      0.
0.      0.      0.      0.      0.      0.      0.000000

AR1(G)

```

AR1(G)

HZERD = -1481.254

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
298.15	2.5000000	2.5000000	0.0000000	18.6100993	16.1100993	18.6100991	0.0000001	18.6100991
1000	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.7546250	21.6354954	19.1354954	19.8808703	1.7546250	19.8808703
2000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1273125	23.3683634	20.8683634	21.2410507	2.1273125	21.2410507
3000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2515416	24.3820262	21.8820262	22.1304843	2.2515416	22.1304843
4000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3136562	25.1012313	22.6012313	22.7875750	2.3136562	22.7875750
5000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3509250	25.6590903	23.1590903	23.3081651	2.3509250	23.3081651
6000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3757708	26.1148942	23.6148942	23.7391231	2.3757708	23.7391231

HZERD = -1481.254

T	CP	H-H0	H-H298	S	-(F-H0)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
298.15	4.9681500	1481.2539	0.0000	36.983106	9545.2592	11026.5129	0.0000	11026.5129
1000	4.9681500	4968.1500	3486.8950	42.995354	38027.2041	39508.4580	3486.8961	39508.4580
2000	4.9681500	9936.2999	8455.0459	46.439013	82941.7266	84422.9805	8455.0459	84422.9805
3000	4.9681500	14904.4498	13423.1958	48.453425	130455.8252	131937.0781	13423.1958	131937.0781
4000	4.9681500	19872.5999	18391.3459	49.882673	179658.0898	181139.3438	18391.3459	181139.3438
5000	4.9681500	24840.7498	23359.4958	50.991283	230115.6660	231596.9180	23359.4958	231596.9180
6000	4.9681500	29808.8997	28327.6455	51.897084	281573.6055	283054.8555	28327.6455	283054.8555

```

H2D1(G)      I                               ASINDH      -57103.500      T
TEMP      T           5000.

```

INTERM

METHOD NRRAD2

MOLECULAR WT. = 18.01600

```

DATA      V1           3656.64999      V2           1594.78000      V3           3755.79001      X11           -45.1799998
DATA      X12           -15.1400000      X33           -44.6199999      X13           -165.48000      X22           -17.0400000
DATA      Y233           -0.81000000      Y333           -0.45000000      X23           -19.9900000
DATA      Y111           0.47000000      Y112           -0.09999999      Y113           0.68000000      Y122           -0.09999999
DATA      Y173           -1.72000000      Y133           1.17000000      Y222           -0.60000000      Y223           1.5500000
DATA      A0           27.8480000      B0           14.5064000      C0           9.2828500      SYMND           2.
DATA      ALFAA1           0.75000000      ALFAA2           -2.9410000      ALFAA3           1.2530000      ALFAB1           0.23800000
DATA      ALFAB2           -0.16000000      ALFAB3           0.07799999      ALFAC1           0.20180000      ALFAC2           0.13919999
DATA      ALFAC3           0.14449999      RHD           0.21300000E-04      STATWT           1.

```

FINISH

AO = 27.848000 90 = 14.506400 CO = 9.282850 RHO = 0.21300000E-04
 AI = 0.0325387 ALPHA A = 0.7500000 ALPHA B = 0.2380000 ALPHA C = 0.2018000 I =1
 AI = -0.0508216 ALPHA A = -2.9410000 ALPHA B = -0.1600000 ALPHA C = 0.1392000 I =2
 AI = 0.0329688 ALPHA A = 1.2530000 ALPHA B = 0.0780000 ALPHA C = 0.1445000 I =3
 THETA(1) = .44832730 THETA(2) = .37102938 THETA(3) = .
 Y(1,1,1) = 0.470 Y(1,1,2) = -0.100 Y(1,1,3) = 0.680 Y(1,2,2) = -0.100 Y(1,2,3) = -1.720
 Y(1,3,3) = 1.170 Y(2,2,2) = -0.600 Y(2,2,3) = 1.550 Y(2,3,3) = -0.810 Y(3,3,3) = -0.450

X(I,J)
 -47.7750 -16.4000 -167.6400
 -16.4000 -19.0150 -19.3700
 -162.6400 -19.3700 -46.4650

LFVEL = -0

V(1) = 3656.6500(1) G11 = 0.

V(2) = 1594.7800(1) G22 = 0.

V(3) = 3755.7900(1) G33 = 0.

T = 5000.000

U = 1.0522376 R = 0.3491556 S = 1.5364656 I = 1

U = 0.4589139 R = 0.6319697 S = 2.7171673 I = 2

U = 1.0807661 R = 0.3393355 S = 1.5136275 I = 3

CONTRIBUTION	Q	LN Q	H-H0/RT	CP/R
EFCTR	1.0000	0.	0.	0.
H0	6.3191	1.84358367	1.90763232	2.80335173
R0R	2964.7072	7.99453354	1.50000000	1.50000000
RHO	1.1124	0.10650000	0.10650000	0.21300000
THETA	1.0009	0.00099003	-0.00089042	0.00000075

FIRST ORDER CORRECTIONS				
ALPHA	0.9546	-0.04642865	-0.04005801	-0.06193407
XIJ	1.0710	0.06856769	0.12646388	0.30333602
YJK	1.0043	0.00428596	0.01142752	0.03873087
AXIJ	0.9930	-0.00702780	-0.01502021	-0.04561825

SECOND ORDER CORRECTIONS				
(XIJ) ²	1.0098	0.00975028	0.02659192	0.09221710
XY	1.0027	0.00264834	0.00939342	0.04116510
AX2	0.9977	-0.00226218	-0.00755046	-0.03202735

HZ01(G)

HZERO = -57103.500

T	CP/P	(H-H0)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
5000	7.3522221	6.1244898	38.0642924	31.9398026	0.3775317	37.6867604

HZERO = -57103.500

T	CP	H-H0	S	-(F-H0)	H	-F
5000	14.6107768	60854.7671	75.643645	317363.4570	3751.2682	374466.9531

MG1(G)			DELTAH	35.5999999	KCAL		T	298.15000
EFTAPE								
LSTSOS	T	1000.	T	5000.	TCONST	1000.	EXP	
LSTSOS	EXP	1.	EXP	2.	EXP	3.		
DATE	4/63							
METHOD	TEMPER		FILL					
DATA	0		0	21850.368	1	21870.426	2	21911.140 3
DATA	1	35051.360	2	46403.140	3	47957.035	2	47957.018 3
DATA	1	41197.370	0	43503.340	0	47841.200	1	47844.440 4
DATA	2	47851.140	1	49346.710	2	53134.700	7	54192.430 4
DATA	1	47957.047	0	57812.720	1	57833.280	2	57873.890 3
DATA	1	51872.360	0	52556.370	4	54252.600	1	54699.400 5
DATA	2	54676.760	3		4		3	54676.660 4
DATA	2	55891.830	0	56187.030	1.5	57018.800	2	57020.100 6
DATA	2	56308.430	7	56968.310	10	57204.220	3	57204.220 5
DATA	1	57853.500	0	58009.460	4	58478.400		7
DATA	1	58023.270	7	58442.620	10	58575.540	3	58575.540 6
DATA	1	58962.490	2	59690.020	7	59880.300	13.5	59935.380 8
DATA	2	59041.090	7	59317.400	10	59400.770	3	7
DATA	1	59648.200	2	60127.310	7	60263.	13.5	60301.300 9
DATA	1	60103.500	2	60435.150	7	60534.500	13.5	60562.640 10
DATA	1	60420.200	2	60658.370	7	60734.	13.5	60755.780 11
DATA	1	60649.200	2	60826.600	7	60884.800	13.5	60902.530 12
DATA	1	60820.900	2	60955.800	7	61002.200	3	61016.420 13
DATA	1	60952.	7	61094.600	3	61106.980	IP	61669.140 14

MG1(G)

MG1(G)

FINISH

B	N	PRED. SUM(2J+1)	ACT. SUM(2J+1)	DIFF	MAX LEVEL	2J+1, MAX LEVEL
4.0	3	36.0	42.0	-6.0	57873.8901	5.0
4.0	4	64.0	64.0	0.	54676.7598	9.0
4.0	5	100.0	64.0	36.0	57204.2202	43.0
4.0	6	144.0	61.0	83.0	58575.5400	90.0
4.0	7	196.0	61.0	135.0	59400.7700	142.0
4.0	8	256.0	51.0	205.0	59935.3799	233.0
4.0	9	324.0	51.0	273.0	60301.2998	301.0
4.0	10	400.0	51.0	349.0	60562.6401	377.0
4.0	11	484.0	51.0	433.0	60755.7798	461.0
4.0	12	576.0	51.0	525.0	60902.5298	553.0
4.0	13	676.0	30.0	646.0	61016.4199	653.0
4.0	14	784.0	25.0	759.0	61106.9800	766.0

LEAST SQUARES

T	CP/R INPUT INPUT-CALC	CP/R CALC FRACTION	HH/RT INPUT INPUT-CALC	HH/RT CALC FRACTION	S/R INPUT INPUT-CALC	S/R CALC FRACTION	-FH/RT INPUT INPUT-CALC	-FH/RT CALC FRACTION
1000.00	2.50000000	2.49999999	2.50000000	2.49999999	20.8912263	20.8912261	18.3912263	18.3912261
1100.00	0.00000001	0.00000000	0.00000001	0.00000000	0.00000002	0.00000000	0.00000002	0.00000000
1200.00	2.50000000	2.5016205	2.50000000	2.5000796	21.1295018	21.1295836	18.6295018	18.6295040
1300.00	-0.0016205	-0.0006482	-0.0000796	-0.0000318	-0.00000818	-0.00000039	-0.00000021	-0.00000001
1400.00	2.50000000	2.5025073	2.50000000	2.5002497	21.3470304	21.3472960	18.8470304	18.8470461
1500.00	-0.0025073	-0.0010029	-0.0002497	-0.0000999	-0.0002656	-0.0000124	-0.0000157	-0.0000308
1600.00	2.50000001	2.5027796	2.50000000	2.5004374	21.5471370	21.5476179	19.0471370	19.0471804
1700.00	-0.0027796	-0.0011118	-0.0004374	-0.0001749	-0.0004809	-0.0000223	-0.0000434	-0.0000223
1800.00	2.50000007	2.5025565	2.50000000	2.5005993	21.7324071	21.7330883	19.2324071	19.2324889
1900.00	-0.0025565	-0.0010223	-0.0005993	-0.0002397	-0.0006812	-0.0000313	-0.0000818	-0.0000042
2000.00	2.50000000	2.5019571	2.50000001	2.5007115	21.9048891	21.9057286	19.4048891	19.4050169
2100.00	-0.0019571	-0.0007817	-0.0007114	-0.0002846	-0.0008395	-0.0000383	-0.0001278	-0.0000066
2200.00	2.50000098	2.5011006	2.50000005	2.5007637	22.0662360	22.0671749	19.5662355	19.5664113
2300.00	-0.0010908	-0.0004363	-0.0007632	-0.0003053	-0.0009389	-0.0000425	-0.0001757	-0.0000090
2400.00	2.50000277	2.5001061	2.5000015	2.5007546	22.2177985	22.2187736	19.7177970	19.7180190
2500.00	-0.0002777	-0.0000313	-0.0007531	-0.0003012	-0.0009751	-0.0000439	-0.0002200	-0.0000113
2600.00	2.50000693	2.4999997	2.5000039	2.5006903	22.3606968	22.3616467	19.8606930	19.8609562
2700.00	0.0009766	0.0003906	-0.0006863	-0.0002745	-0.0009499	-0.0000425	-0.0002672	-0.0000132
2800.00	2.5001563	2.4981796	2.5000094	2.5005814	22.4958711	22.4967408	19.9958618	19.9961593
2900.00	0.0019766	0.0007906	-0.0005720	-0.0002288	-0.0008698	-0.0000387	-0.0002975	-0.0000149
3000.00	2.5003231	2.4974859	2.5000205	2.5004428	22.6241159	22.6248617	20.1240954	20.1244187
3100.00	0.0028372	0.0011347	-0.0004223	-0.0001689	-0.0007458	-0.0000330	-0.0003233	-0.0000161
3200.00	2.5006204	2.4971308	2.5000414	2.5002920	22.7461135	22.7467041	20.2460723	20.2464120
3300.00	-0.0034897	0.0013955	-0.0025066	-0.0010020	-0.0005906	-0.0000260	-0.0003397	-0.0000168
3400.00	2.5011179	2.4972333	2.5000781	2.5001487	22.8624530	22.8628712	20.3623750	20.3627224
3500.00	0.0038846	0.0015531	-0.0020706	-0.0002822	-0.0004182	-0.0000183	-0.0003474	-0.0000171
3600.00	2.5019061	2.4979127	2.5001392	2.5003344	22.9736483	22.9738898	20.4735093	20.4738553
3700.00	0.0039934	0.0015961	0.0001048	0.0000419	-0.0002415	-0.0000105	-0.0003459	-0.0000169
3800.00	2.5030976	2.4992880	2.5002360	2.4999720	23.0801520	23.0802267	20.5799162	20.5802546
3900.00	0.0038096	0.0015220	0.0002640	0.0001056	-0.0000746	-0.0000032	-0.0003383	-0.0000164
4000.00	2.5048260	2.5014784	2.5003830	2.4999855	23.1823664	23.1822941	20.6819835	20.6823084
4100.00	0.0033476	0.0013365	0.0003974	0.0001590	0.0000722	0.0000031	-0.0003250	-0.0000157
4200.00	2.5072446	2.5046031	2.5005979	2.5000999	23.2806518	23.2804615	20.7800541	20.7803617
4300.00	0.0026415	0.0010536	0.0004981	0.0001992	0.0001903	0.0000082	-0.0003076	-0.0000148
4400.00	2.5105232	2.5087810	2.5009019	2.5003406	23.3753347	23.3750608	20.8744330	20.8747201
4500.00	0.0017422	0.0006940	0.0005613	0.0002244	0.0002739	0.0000117	-0.0002724	-0.0000137
4600.00	2.5148447	2.5141315	2.5013193	2.5007339	23.4667113	23.4663923	20.9653921	20.9656582
4700.00	0.0007131	0.0002836	0.0005854	0.0002340	0.0003190	0.0000136	-0.0002631	-0.0000127
4800.00	2.5204001	2.5207737	2.5018776	2.5013065	23.5550535	23.5547283	21.0531759	21.0534217
4900.00	-0.0003736	-0.0001482	0.0005711	0.0002283	0.0003252	0.0000138	-0.0002528	-0.0000117
5000.00	2.5273846	2.5288266	2.5206272	2.5202855	23.6406124	23.6403184	21.1380053	21.1382327
5100.00	-0.0014420	-0.0005706	0.0005217	0.0002084	0.0002940	0.0000124	-0.0002705	-0.0000108
5200.00	2.5359925	2.5384095	2.5305347	2.5303984	23.7236207	23.7233899	21.2200801	21.2202914
5300.00	-0.0024170	-0.0009531	0.0004423	0.0001767	0.0002308	0.0000097	-0.0002112	-0.0000100
5400.00	2.5464129	2.5496141	2.5407127	2.5404370	23.8042943	23.8041537	21.2995818	21.2997806
5500.00	-0.0032285	-0.0012679	0.0003397	0.0001356	0.0001407	0.0000059	-0.0001988	-0.0000093
5600.00	2.5588248	2.5626415	2.5606191	2.5605971	23.8828366	23.8828049	21.3766775	21.3768678
5700.00	-0.0038167	-0.0014916	0.0002220	0.0000886	0.0000317	0.0000013	-0.0001903	-0.0000089
5800.00	2.5733955	2.5775290	2.5709169	2.5707819	23.9594359	23.9595237	21.4515193	21.4517045
5900.00	-0.0041336	-0.0016063	0.0003978	0.0000390	-0.0000877	-0.0000037	-0.0001853	-0.0000086
6000.00	2.5902756	2.5944228	2.5100232	2.5100471	24.0342700	24.0344784	21.5242469	21.5244312
6100.00	-0.0041473	-0.0016011	-0.0000240	-0.0000095	-0.0002084	-0.0000087	-0.0001843	-0.0000086
6200.00	2.6095974	2.6134423	2.5125150	2.5126500	24.1075051	24.1078269	21.5949903	21.5951767
6300.00	-0.0038449	-0.0014734	-0.0001351	-0.0000538	-0.0003219	-0.0000133	-0.0001864	-0.0000086
6400.00	2.6314733	2.6347066	2.5154286	2.5156563	24.1792979	24.1797173	21.6638694	21.6640608
6500.00	-0.0032332	-0.0012287	-0.0002277	-0.0000905	-0.0004194	-0.0000173	-0.0001915	-0.0000088
6600.00	2.6559945	2.6583347	2.5187992	2.5190948	24.2497945	24.2502890	21.7309954	21.7311940
6700.00	-0.0023402	-0.0008811	-0.0002957	-0.0001174	-0.0004945	-0.0000204	-0.0001986	-0.0000091
6800.00	2.6832317	2.6844458	2.5226603	2.5229944	24.3191314	24.3196726	21.7964711	21.7966781
6900.00	-0.0021246	-0.0004527	-0.0003341	-0.0001325	-0.0005412	-0.0000222	-0.0002069	-0.0000095
7000.00	2.7132329	2.7131589	2.5270438	2.5273840	24.3874369	24.3879931	21.8603933	21.8606091
7100.00	0.0000740	0.0000273	-0.0003402	-0.0001346	-0.0005562	-0.0000228	-0.0002158	-0.0000099
7200.00	2.7460277	2.7445937	2.5319792	2.5322928	24.4548316	24.4553690	21.9228525	21.9230762
7300.00	0.0014340	0.0005222	-0.0003136	-0.0001239	-0.0005374	-0.0000220	-0.0002236	-0.0000102
7400.00	2.7816251	2.7788685	2.5374938	2.5377499	24.5214257	24.5219123	21.9839320	21.9841623
7500.00	0.0027567	0.0009910	-0.0002561	-0.0001009	-0.0004866	-0.0000198	-0.0002303	-0.0000105
7600.00	2.8200166	2.8161030	2.5436123	2.5437844	24.5873232	24.5877309	22.0437109	22.0439465
7700.00	0.0039136	0.0013878	-0.0001720	-0.0000676	-0.0004077	-0.0000166	-0.0002356	-0.0000107
7800.00	2.8611778	2.8564162	2.5503568	2.5504256	24.6526198	24.6529274	22.1022632	22.1025016
7900.00	0.0047617	0.0016642	-0.0000688	-0.0000270	-0.0003076	-0.0000125	-0.0002384	-0.0000108
8000.00	2.9047892	2.8999273	2.5577315	2.5577028	24.7173891	24.7176003	22.1595677	22.1598973
8100.00	0.0048620	0.0016738	0.0000286	0.0000112	-0.0002112	-0.0000085	-0.0002396	-0.0000108
8200.00	2.9512089	2.9467552	2.5657746	2.5656453	24.7817349	24.7818439	22.2159605	22.2161984
8300.00	0.0044537	0.0015091	0.0001292	0.0000504	-0.0001090	-0.0000044	-0.0002379	-0.0000107
8400.00	3.0001490	2.9970195	2.5744878	2.5742826	24.8457201	24.8457499	22.2712324	22.2714672
8500.00	0.0031295	0.0010431	0.0002051	0.0000797	-0.0000298	-0.0000012	-0.0002348	-0.0000105
8600.00	3.0516366	3.0508386	2.5838878	2.5836439	24.9094193	24.9094052	22.3255317	22.3257611
8700.00	0.0007980	0.0002615	0.0002438	0.0000944	0.0000141	0.0000006	-0.0002294	-0.0000103
8800.00	3.1055283	3.1083326	2.5939796	2.5937589	24.9728916	24.9728959	22.3789120	22.3791368
8900.00	-0.0028043	-0.0009030	0.0002207	0.0000851	-0.0000043	-0.0000002	-0.0002248	-0.0000100
9000.00	3.1617320	3.1696197	2.6047688	2.6046568	25.0361936	25.0363030	22.4314249	22.4316461
9100.00	-0.0078878	-0.0024948	0.0001120	0.0000430	-0.0001094	-0.0000044	-0.0002213	-0.0000099

MAX-RFL FRR CP/R = 0.002495 TEMP = 5000. AVER RFL ERR CP/R = 0.000998 REL LST SQ ERR CP/R = 0.001141
 MAX RFL FRR HH/RT = 0.000305 TEMP = 1600. AVER RFL ERR HH/RT = 0.000129 REL LST SQ ERR HH/RT = 0.000155
 MAX REL ERR S/R = 0.000044 TEMP = 1700. AVER REL ERR S/R = 0.000016 REL LST SQ ERR S/R = 0.000020
 MAX REL FRR FH/RT = 0.000017 TEMP = 2200. AVER REL ERR FH/RT = 0.000010 REL LST SQ ERR FH/RT = 0.000011
 MAX FRR CP/R = 0.007888 TEMP = 5000. AVER ERR CP/R = 0.002660 LST SQ ERR CP/R = 0.003091
 MAX FRR HH/RT = 0.000763 TEMP = 1600. AVER ERR HH/RT = 0.000325 LST SQ ERR HH/RT = 0.000389
 MAX ERR S/R = 0.000975 TEMP = 1700. AVER ERR S/R = 0.000363 LST SQ ERR S/R = 0.000459
 MAX FRR FH/RT = 0.000347 TEMP = 2200. AVER ERR FH/RT = 0.000216 LST SQ ERR FH/RT = 0.000233

CP/R = 2.4172320E 00T** 0. 1.6512134E-04T** 1.0 -1.0220946E-07T** 2.0 1.9856143E-11T** 3.0
 (H-H0)/R CONSTANT = 0.2931314E 02. H/R (A6) CONSTANT = 0.17198050E 05, S/R CONSTANT = 0.40729443E 01

PUNCHED BINARY CARDS--

MG1(G) 61669.14C 0.10000000E 04 0.50000000E 04 U.10000000E 04 C.53000000E 04 0.24172320E 01
 0.16512134E-03 -0.10220946E-06 0.19856143E-10 0. 0. 0.17198050E 05 C.40729443E 01 0.
 0. 0. MG1(G) 4/63

H7FR0 = 34118.745

T	C/R	(H-H0)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
100	2.5000000	2.5000000	-4.9537500	15.1347638	12.6347638	20.0885136	174.1873722	-159.0526066
200	2.5000000	2.5000000	-1.2268750	16.8676317	14.3676318	18.0945067	88.3436861	-71.4760542
298.15	2.5000000	2.5000000	0.0000000	17.8658302	15.3658303	17.8658302	60.0842266	-42.2183962
300	2.5000000	2.5000000	0.0154167	17.8812945	15.3812946	17.8658779	59.7291241	-41.8678293
400	2.5000000	2.5000000	0.6365625	18.6004996	16.1004996	17.9639370	45.4218431	-26.8213434
500	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.0092500	19.1583586	16.6583586	18.1491084	36.8374743	-17.6791158
600	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.2577083	19.6141624	17.1141624	18.3564539	31.1145620	-11.5003996
700	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.4351786	19.9995391	17.4995391	18.5643604	27.0267675	-7.0272284
800	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.5682812	20.3333676	17.8333676	18.7650662	23.9609215	-3.5275539
900	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.6718056	20.6278250	18.1278250	18.9560194	21.5763748	-0.9485497
1000	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.7546250	20.8912263	18.3912263	19.1366012	19.6687972	1.2224891
1100	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.8223864	21.1295018	18.6295018	19.3071153	18.1079428	3.0215589
1200	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.8788542	21.3470304	18.8470304	19.4681761	16.8072810	4.5397494
1300	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.9266346	21.5471370	19.0471370	19.6205022	15.7067209	5.8404161
1400	2.5000000	2.5000000	1.9675893	21.7324071	19.2324071	19.7648177	14.7633837	6.9690233
1500	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.0030834	21.9048891	19.4048891	19.9018056	13.9458250	7.9590642
1600	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.0341411	22.0662360	19.5662360	20.0320947	13.2304612	8.8357748
1700	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.0615456	22.2177985	19.7177985	20.1562529	12.5992587	9.6185398
1800	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.0859067	22.3606968	19.8606968	20.2747900	12.0381913	10.3225056
1900	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1077068	22.4958711	19.9958618	20.3881643	11.5361869	10.9596843
2000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1273330	22.6241159	20.1240954	20.4967828	11.0843891	11.5397269
2100	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1451009	22.7461135	20.2460723	20.6010127	10.6756305	12.0704832
2200	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1612712	22.8624530	20.3623750	20.7011817	10.3040495	12.5584035
2300	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1760631	22.9736483	20.4735093	20.7975852	9.9648075	13.0088409
2400	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.1896631	23.0801520	20.5799162	20.8904891	9.6538764	13.4262757
2500	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2022330	23.1823664	20.6819835	20.9801333	9.3678778	13.8144885
2600	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2139152	23.2806518	20.7800541	21.0667367	9.1039584	14.1766936
2700	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2248371	23.3753347	20.8744330	21.1504977	8.8596934	14.5156415
2800	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2351139	23.4667113	20.9653921	21.2315974	8.6330111	14.8337002
2900	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2448518	23.5550535	21.0531759	21.3102016	8.4221318	15.1329217
3000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2541488	23.6406124	21.1380053	21.3864634	8.2551595	15.4150928
3100	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2630971	23.7236207	21.2200801	21.4605236	8.0418429	15.6817778
3200	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2717830	23.8042943	21.2995818	21.5325112	7.8699430	15.9343513
3300	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2802879	23.8828366	21.3766775	21.6025486	7.7088068	16.1740298
3400	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2886890	23.9594359	21.4515193	21.6707470	7.5575455	16.4018905
3500	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.2970539	24.0342700	21.5242469	21.7372110	7.4153767	16.6188934
3600	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3054664	24.1075051	21.5949903	21.8020387	7.2816086	16.8258965
3700	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3139759	24.1792979	21.6638694	21.8653219	7.1556278	17.0236700
3800	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3226478	24.2497945	21.7309954	21.9271467	7.0368879	17.2192066
3900	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3315385	24.3191314	21.7964711	21.9875927	6.9249005	17.3962308
4000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3407330	24.3874369	21.8603933	22.0467370	6.8192281	17.5682089
4100	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3501804	24.4548316	21.9228525	22.1046512	6.7194761	17.7353556
4200	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3600236	24.5214257	21.9839320	22.1614022	6.6252884	17.8961375
4300	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3702693	24.5873232	22.0437109	22.2170539	6.5363419	18.0509813
4400	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3809533	24.6526198	22.1022632	22.2716665	6.4523425	18.2002773
4500	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.3920926	24.7173891	22.1596577	22.3252964	6.3730064	18.3443828
4600	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4037365	24.7817349	22.2159605	22.3779984	6.2981088	18.4836261
4700	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4158973	24.8457201	22.2712324	22.4298227	6.2274106	18.6183095
4800	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4286013	24.9094193	22.3255317	22.4808180	6.1607080	18.7487113
4900	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4418622	24.9728916	22.3789120	22.5310292	6.0978035	18.8750880
5000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4556938	25.0361936	22.4314249	22.5804996	6.0385163	18.9976773
5100	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4701069	25.0993772	22.4831183	22.6292701	5.9826779	19.1166992
5200	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.4851097	25.1624889	22.5340381	22.6773794	5.9301313	19.2325577
5300	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5006990	25.2255619	22.5842261	22.7248628	5.8807202	19.3448417
5400	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5168934	25.2886493	22.6337237	22.7717559	5.8343216	19.4543278
5500	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5336566	25.3517461	22.6825669	22.8180895	5.7976769	19.5609782
5600	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5510216	25.4149179	22.7307937	22.8638964	5.7499702	19.6649477
5700	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5689771	25.4782031	22.7784386	22.9092059	5.7118238	19.7663794
5800	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.5875638	25.5416093	22.8255327	22.9540455	5.6762039	19.8654056
5900	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.6067172	25.6051579	22.8721061	22.9984407	5.6430075	19.9621506
6000	2.5000000	2.5000000	2.6264516	25.6688683	22.9181876	23.0424166	5.6121370	20.0567312

HF FRD = 3411A.745

T	CP	H-H0	H-H298	S	-(F-H0)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
100	4.9681500	496.8150	-984.4389	30.076711	2510.8560	3992.1099	34615.5596	-31607.8882
200	4.9681500	993.6300	-487.6239	33.520370	5710.4440	7191.6979	35112.3745	-28408.3005
298.15	4.9681500	1481.2539	0.0000	35.504049	9104.2786	10585.5323	35595.9985	-25014.4661
300	4.9681500	1490.4450	9.1911	35.534781	9169.9893	10651.2432	35609.1890	-24948.7549
400	4.9681500	1987.2600	506.0061	36.964029	12798.3514	14279.6053	36106.0044	-21320.3931
500	4.9681500	2484.0750	1002.8211	38.072639	16552.2446	18033.4985	36602.8193	-17566.4998
600	4.9681500	2980.8900	1499.6361	38.978440	20406.1738	21887.4275	37099.6343	-13712.5702
700	4.9681500	3477.7050	1996.4511	39.744284	24343.2935	25824.5471	37596.4492	-9775.4507
800	4.9681500	3974.5200	2493.2661	40.407688	28351.6304	29832.8840	38093.2646	-5767.1143
900	4.9681500	4471.3350	2990.0811	40.992851	32422.2312	33903.4849	38590.0796	-1696.5135
1000	4.9681500	4968.1500	3486.8960	41.516298	36548.1479	38029.4019	39086.8940	2429.4037
1100	4.9681500	5464.9650	3983.7111	41.989813	40723.8296	42205.0835	39583.7090	6605.0854
1200	4.9681500	5961.7799	4480.5260	42.422100	44944.7388	46425.9927	40080.5239	10825.9946
1300	4.9681503	6458.5950	4977.3410	42.819763	49207.0972	50688.3506	40577.3394	15088.3527
1400	4.9681514	6955.4100	5474.1561	43.187943	53507.7100	54988.9634	41074.1543	19388.9656
1500	4.9681559	7452.2253	5970.9713	43.530710	57843.8394	59325.0928	41570.9697	23725.0947
1600	4.9681695	7949.0415	6467.7875	43.851348	62213.1152	63694.3687	42067.7861	28094.3706
1700	4.9682050	8445.8599	6964.6061	44.152542	66611.4609	68094.7148	42564.6040	32494.7168
1800	4.9682876	8942.6840	7461.4301	44.436518	71043.0488	72524.3018	43061.4287	36924.3042
1900	4.9684605	9439.5204	7958.2665	44.705144	75500.2539	76981.5078	43558.2646	41381.5098
2000	4.9687921	9936.3813	8455.1274	44.960001	79983.6191	81464.8721	44055.1260	45864.8750
2100	4.9693829	10433.2875	8952.0336	45.202441	84491.8389	85973.0928	44552.0317	50370.0952
2200	4.9703715	10930.2711	9449.0171	45.433638	89023.7324	90504.9854	45049.0156	54904.9878
2300	4.9719379	11427.3809	9946.1271	45.654612	93578.2266	95059.4795	45546.1250	59459.4806
2400	4.9743056	11924.6854	10443.4315	45.866262	98154.3447	99635.5986	46043.4292	64035.6019
2500	4.9777405	12422.2776	10941.0237	46.069389	102751.1953	104232.4482	46541.0215	68632.4502
2600	4.9825449	12920.2793	11439.0254	46.264708	107367.9619	108849.2148	47039.0234	73249.2168
2700	4.9890624	13418.8440	11937.5901	46.452868	112003.8994	113485.1523	47537.9884	77855.1543
2800	4.9976501	13918.1608	12436.9067	46.634457	116658.3164	118139.5703	48036.9048	82539.5723
2900	5.0086902	14418.4557	12937.2018	46.810015	121330.5879	122811.8418	48537.1997	87211.8438
3000	5.0225703	14919.9934	13438.7394	46.980043	126020.1357	127501.3887	49038.7373	91901.3916
3100	5.0396764	15423.0774	13941.8234	47.145302	130726.4297	132207.6836	49541.8213	96607.6855
3200	5.0600844	15928.0690	14446.7946	47.305322	135448.9805	136930.2324	50046.7935	101330.2363
3300	5.0855011	16435.2861	14954.0320	47.461406	140187.3516	141668.6035	50554.4303	106068.6074
3400	5.1140058	16945.2017	15463.9479	47.613628	144941.1348	146422.3887	51063.9663	110822.3896
3500	5.1475509	17458.7402	15976.9862	47.762343	149709.9609	151191.2129	51576.9844	115591.2158
3600	5.1859485	17974.8738	16493.6196	47.907880	154493.4961	155974.7480	52093.6182	120374.7510
3700	5.2294217	18495.5991	17014.3452	48.050551	159291.4395	160772.6914	52614.3433	125172.6943
3800	5.2781516	19020.9333	17539.6792	48.190646	164103.5215	165584.7754	53139.6777	129984.7773
3900	5.3322781	19551.4092	18070.1550	48.328437	168929.4941	170410.7461	53670.1528	134810.7500
4000	5.3918991	20087.5720	18606.3181	48.464178	173769.1387	175250.3926	54206.3164	139650.3945
4100	5.4570711	20629.9741	19148.7202	48.598108	178622.2715	180103.5254	54748.7188	144503.5254
4200	5.5278123	21179.1716	19697.9177	48.730448	183488.7109	184969.9648	55297.9155	149369.9668
4300	5.6041061	21735.7214	20254.4675	48.861403	188368.3125	189849.5664	55854.4658	154249.5664
4400	5.6859042	22300.1765	20818.9226	48.991165	193260.9492	194742.2031	56418.9209	159142.2051
4500	5.7725714	22872.9682	21391.6543	49.119878	198164.5039	199647.7659	56991.6924	164047.7598
4600	5.8648193	23454.7667	21973.5068	49.247750	203094.8887	204566.1406	57573.5054	168966.1426
4700	5.9620759	24046.0295	22564.7756	49.374906	208016.0254	209497.2773	58164.7739	173897.2793
4800	6.0643953	24647.3125	23166.0586	49.501493	212959.8466	214441.1035	58766.0566	178841.1055
4900	6.1714921	25259.0681	23777.8140	49.627628	217916.3105	219397.5625	59377.8125	183797.5645
5000	6.2831895	25881.7644	24400.5105	49.753426	222885.3633	224366.6152	60000.5088	188766.6191
5100	6.3992893	26515.8513	25034.5974	49.878988	227866.9844	229348.2363	60634.5957	193748.2402
5200	6.5195912	27161.7610	25680.5071	50.004407	232861.1582	234342.4121	61280.5054	198742.4115
5300	6.6436529	27819.8110	26338.5569	50.129750	237867.8613	239349.1152	61938.5552	203749.1152
5400	6.7717451	28490.5500	27009.2961	50.255121	242887.1055	244368.3574	62609.2944	208768.3574
5500	6.9025561	29173.9429	27692.6887	50.380511	247918.8652	249400.1191	63292.6870	213800.1191
5600	7.0369283	29870.6951	28389.4412	50.506050	252963.1797	254444.4336	63984.4355	218844.4355
5700	7.1749851	30581.2649	29103.0107	50.631814	258020.0723	259501.3242	64700.0093	223901.3281
5800	7.3169463	31305.7939	29824.5409	50.757818	263089.5508	264570.8047	65424.5866	228970.8066
5900	7.4601051	32044.5806	30563.3267	50.884106	268171.6445	269652.8984	66163.3252	234052.9004
6000	7.6088648	32797.9067	31316.6528	51.010715	273266.3828	274747.6328	66916.6514	239147.6367

FFDATA	MG1(G)	H-H0/R T	H-ZERO	3411B.7451	MELTPT	0.	T NO.	61
T		-(F-H0)/RT		-(F-H0)/RT	T		H-H0/R T	-(F-H0)/RT
100.000		2.50000000	12.63476384	200.000		2.50000000	14.36763179	
298.150		2.50000000	15.36583030	300.000		2.50000000	15.38129461	
400.000		2.50000000	16.10049963	500.000		2.50000000	16.65835857	
600.000		2.50000000	17.11416745	700.000		2.50000000	17.49953914	
800.000		2.50000000	17.83336759	900.000		2.50000000	18.12782502	
1000.000		2.50000000	18.39122629	1100.000		2.50000000	18.62950182	
1200.000		2.50000000	18.84703040	1300.000		2.50000000	19.04713702	
1400.000		2.50000003	19.23240709	1500.000		2.50000012	19.40488911	
1600.000		2.50000048	19.56623554	1700.000		2.500000149	19.71779704	
1800.000		2.50000093	19.86069298	1900.000		2.500000942	19.99586177	
2000.000		2.50002050	20.12409544	2100.000		2.500004137	20.24607229	
2200.000		2.50007805	20.36237502	2300.000		2.50013918	20.47350931	
2400.000		2.50023600	20.57991624	2500.000		2.50038299	20.68198347	
2600.000		2.50059792	20.78005409	2700.000		2.50090188	20.87443304	
2800.000		2.50131929	20.96539211	2900.000		2.50187764	21.0517593	
3000.000		2.50260720	21.13800526	3100.000		2.50354069	21.22008014	
3200.000		2.50471267	21.29958177	3300.000		2.50615913	21.37667751	
3400.000		2.50791690	21.45151925	3500.000		2.51002318	21.52424693	
3600.000		2.51251498	21.59499025	3700.000		2.51542860	21.66386938	
3800.000		2.51879916	21.73099542	3900.000		2.52266029	21.79647112	
4000.000		2.52704379	21.86039329	4100.000		2.53197923	21.92285252	
4200.000		2.53749382	21.98393202	4300.000		2.54361233	22.04371095	
4400.000		2.55035678	22.10226321	4500.000		2.55773148	22.15965772	
4600.000		2.56577456	22.21596050	4700.000		2.57448778	22.27123237	
4800.000		2.58388779	22.32553172	4900.000		2.59397960	22.3789179	
5000.000		2.60476884	22.43142486	5100.000		2.61625889	22.48311830	
5200.000		2.62845105	22.53403807	5300.000		2.64133582	22.58422613	
5400.000		2.65492579	22.63372374	5500.000		2.66917932	22.68256888	
5600.000		2.68424262	22.73079371	5700.000		2.69976461	22.77843857	
5800.000		2.71607679	22.82553267	5900.000		2.73305199	22.87210608	
6000.000		2.75068077	22.91818762					

MGL(S)	ASTNDH	T	298.15000
LOGK			
METHOD	READIN	MELTPT	923.
DATA	T	100.	CP 3.7530000 H-HO/T 1.5290000 S 2.2630000
DATA	T	200.	CP 5.4180000 H-HO 630.90000 S 5.5110000
DATA	T	298.15000	CP 5.9290000 H-HO 1190.30000 S 7.7800000
DATA	T	300.	CP 5.9370000 H-HO 1201.30000 S 7.8170000
DATA	T	400.	CP 6.2410000 H-HO 1811.30000 S 9.5690000
DATA	T	500.	CP 6.4930000 H-HO 2447.70001 S 10.9890000
DATA	T	600.	CP/R 3.4047000 H-HO/RT 2.6080000 -FHORT 3.5286000
DATA	T	700.	CP 7.0840000 H-HO 3802. S/R 6.6730000
DATA	T	800.	CP 7.4260000 H-HO 4527.29999 -FH0/T 8.5698750
DATA	T	900.	CP 7.7920000 H-HO 5288. S 15.1250000
DATA	T	923.	CP 7.8800000 H-HO 5468.20001 S 15.3220000
TEMP	T	923.	T 1000. I 100. T 2500.
METHOD	COFF	DELTAH	2140.
DATA	T	923.	T 6000. CI 8. EI

FINISH

MGL(S)

HZERO = -1190.300

T	CP/R	(H-HO)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-HO)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
100	1.8885299	0.7694011	-5.2202529	1.1387539	0.3693528	6.3590068	-5.2202529	6.3590068
200	2.7263669	1.5873615	-1.4074655	2.7731650	1.1858036	4.1806306	-1.4074655	4.1806306
298.15	2.9835049	2.0089398	0.0000000	3.9149381	1.9059983	3.9149381	0.0000000	3.9149381
300	2.9875306	2.0150023	0.0184509	3.9335567	1.9185545	3.9151058	0.0184509	3.9151058
400	3.1405050	2.2786390	0.7812264	4.8151726	2.5365327	4.0339462	0.7812264	4.0339462
500	3.2673128	2.4633918	1.2654610	5.5297243	3.0663325	4.2642633	1.2654610	4.2642633
600	3.4047000	2.6080000	1.6097243	6.1366000	3.5286000	4.5268757	1.6097243	4.5268757
700	3.5647077	2.7331743	1.8774595	6.6730000	3.9398757	4.7955405	1.8774595	4.7955405
800	3.7368034	2.8477024	2.0989956	7.1601098	4.3124075	5.0611142	2.0989956	5.0611142
900	3.9209766	2.9566114	2.2910943	7.6109819	4.6543705	5.3198876	2.2910943	5.3198876
923	3.9652587	2.9811786	2.3322454	7.7101134	4.7289348	5.3778680	2.3322454	5.3778680
923	4.0256433	4.1478737	3.4989404	8.8768086	4.7289348	5.3778682	3.4989404	5.3778682
1000	4.0256433	4.1384620	3.5394966	9.1993675	5.0690055	5.6598709	3.5394966	5.6598709
1100	4.0256433	4.1282057	3.5836917	9.5830524	5.4548467	5.9993607	3.5836917	5.9993607
1200	4.0256433	4.1196589	3.6205210	9.9332933	5.8136705	6.3128083	3.6205210	6.3128083
1300	4.0256433	4.1124269	3.6516843	10.2555525	6.1431256	6.6038682	3.6516843	6.6038682
1400	4.0256433	4.1062281	3.6783956	10.5538850	6.4476569	6.8754894	3.6783956	6.8754894
1500	4.0256433	4.1008558	3.7015455	10.8316255	6.7307697	7.1300799	3.7015455	7.1300799
1600	4.0256433	4.0961550	3.7218016	11.0914347	6.9952797	7.3696331	3.7218016	7.3696331
1700	4.0256433	4.0920072	3.7396746	11.3354876	7.2434804	7.5958129	3.7396746	7.5958129
1800	4.0256433	4.0883204	3.7555618	11.5655870	7.4772667	7.8100252	3.7555618	7.8100252
1900	4.0256433	4.0850216	3.7697766	11.7832425	7.6982209	8.0134658	3.7697766	8.0134658
2000	4.0256433	4.0820526	3.7825699	11.9897308	7.9076782	8.2071608	3.7825699	8.2071608
2100	4.0256433	4.0793665	3.7941449	12.1861426	8.1067761	8.3919977	3.7941449	8.3919977
2200	4.0256433	4.0769245	3.8046675	12.3734156	8.2964911	8.5687481	3.8046675	8.5687481
2300	4.0256433	4.0746949	3.8142752	12.5523626	8.4776677	8.7380874	3.8142752	8.7380874
2400	4.0256433	4.0726511	3.8230821	12.7236925	8.6510415	8.9006103	3.8230821	8.9006103
2500	4.0256433	4.0707708	3.8311846	12.8880273	8.8172566	9.0568427	3.8311846	9.0568427

HZERO = -1190.300

T	CP	H-HO	H-H298	S	-(F-HO)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
100	3.7530000	152.9000	-1037.4000	2.263000	73.4000	1263.7000	-1037.4000	1263.7000
200	5.4179999	630.9000	-559.4000	5.511000	471.3000	1661.6000	-559.4000	1661.6000
298.15	5.9290000	1190.3000	0.0000	7.780000	1129.3070	2319.6070	0.0000	2319.6070
300	5.9369999	1201.3000	11.0000	7.817000	1143.8000	2334.0999	11.0000	2334.0999
400	6.2409999	1811.3000	621.0000	9.569000	2016.3000	3206.5999	621.0000	3206.5999
500	6.4929999	2447.7000	1257.4000	10.989000	3046.7999	4237.0999	1257.4000	4237.0999
600	6.7660241	3109.6644	1919.3645	12.195020	4207.3473	5397.6473	1919.3645	5397.6473
700	7.0839999	3802.0000	2611.7000	13.260986	5480.6900	6670.9900	2611.7000	6670.9900
800	7.4259999	4527.2999	3337.0000	14.229000	6855.8999	8046.1998	3337.0000	8046.1998
900	7.7919999	5287.9999	4097.7000	15.125000	8324.4999	9514.7998	4097.7000	9514.7998
923	7.8799999	5468.2000	4277.9000	15.322000	8674.0059	9864.3058	4277.9000	9864.3058
923	7.9999999	7608.1998	6417.8998	17.640527	8674.0061	9864.3060	6417.8998	9864.3060
1000	7.9999999	8224.2000	7033.9000	18.281535	10057.3350	11247.6349	7033.9000	11247.6349
1100	7.9999999	9024.1998	7833.8998	19.044017	11924.2184	13114.5183	7833.8998	13114.5183
1200	7.9999999	9824.1998	8533.8998	19.740108	13863.9294	15054.2294	8533.8998	15054.2294
1300	7.9999999	10624.2000	9433.8999	20.380449	15870.3839	17060.6838	9433.8999	17060.6838
1400	7.9999999	11424.1997	10233.8997	20.973313	17938.4387	19128.7385	10233.8997	19128.7385
1500	7.9999999	12224.1998	11033.8998	21.525256	20063.6838	21253.9836	11033.8998	21253.9836
1600	7.9999999	13024.1998	11833.8999	22.041564	22242.3032	23432.6030	11833.8999	23432.6030
1700	7.9999999	13824.1997	12633.8998	22.526561	24470.9539	25661.2534	12633.8998	25661.2534
1800	7.9999999	14624.2000	13433.8999	22.983828	26746.6912	27936.9912	13433.8999	27936.9912
1900	7.9999999	15424.1997	14233.8997	23.416366	29066.8960	30257.1956	14233.8997	30257.1956
2000	7.9999999	16224.1998	15033.8998	23.826712	31429.2249	32619.5247	15033.8998	32619.5247
2100	7.9999999	17024.1997	15833.8998	24.217034	33831.5703	35021.8701	15833.8998	35021.8701
2200	7.9999999	17824.1997	16633.8997	24.589194	36272.0269	37462.3267	16633.8997	37462.3267
2300	7.9999999	18624.1997	17433.8997	24.944808	38748.8579	39939.1577	17433.8997	39939.1577
2400	7.9999999	19424.1995	18233.8994	25.285285	41260.4844	42450.7837	18233.8994	42450.7837
2500	7.9999999	20224.1997	19033.8997	25.611861	43805.4526	44995.7524	19033.8997	44995.7524

MG1(S)

H/FRO = -1190.300

T	CP/R	H-H0/R/T	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT	REFERENCE ELEMENTS		GASEOUS ATOMS	
							DELTA H/RT	-DELTA F/RT	DELTA H/RT	-DELTA F/RT
100	1.9885	0.7694	1.1388	0.3694	-5.2203	6.3590	0	0	-179.4076	165.4116
200	2.7264	1.5874	2.7732	1.1858	-1.4075	4.1806	0	0	-89.7512	75.6567
298.15	2.9835	2.0089	3.9149	1.9060	0.0000	3.9149	0	0	-60.0842	46.1333
300	2.9875	2.0150	3.9336	1.9186	0.0185	3.9151	0	0	-59.7107	45.7629
400	3.1405	2.2786	4.8152	2.5365	0.7812	4.0339	0	0	-44.6406	30.8553
500	3.2673	2.4634	5.5297	3.0663	1.2655	4.2643	0	0	-35.5720	21.9434
600	3.4047	2.6080	6.1366	3.5286	1.6097	4.5269	0	0	-29.5048	16.0273
700	3.5647	2.7331	6.6730	3.9399	1.8775	4.7955	0	0	-25.1493	11.8228
800	3.7368	2.8477	7.1601	4.3124	2.0990	5.0611	0	0	-21.8619	8.6887
900	3.9210	2.9566	7.6110	4.6544	2.2911	5.3199	0	0	-19.2853	6.2684
923	3.9653	2.9812	7.7101	4.7289	2.3322	5.3779	0	0	-18.7688	5.7879
923	4.0256	4.1479	8.8768	4.7289	3.4989	5.3779	0	0	-17.6021	5.7879
1000	4.0256	4.1385	9.1994	5.0609	3.5395	5.6599	0	0	-16.1292	4.4374
1100	4.0256	4.1282	9.5831	5.4548	3.5837	5.9994	0	0	-14.5243	2.9778
1200	4.0256	4.1197	9.9333	5.8137	3.6205	6.3128	0	0	-13.1868	1.7731
1300	4.0256	4.1174	10.2556	6.1431	3.6517	6.6039	0	0	-12.0550	0.7635
1400	4.0256	4.1062	10.5539	6.4477	3.6784	6.8755	0	0	-11.0850	-0.0935
1500	4.0256	4.1009	10.8316	6.7308	3.7015	7.1301	0	0	-10.2443	-0.8290
1600	4.0256	4.0962	11.0914	6.9953	3.7218	7.3696	0	0	-9.5087	-1.4661
1700	4.0256	4.0920	11.3355	7.2435	3.7397	7.5958	0	0	-8.8596	-2.0227
1800	4.0256	4.0883	11.5656	7.4773	3.7556	7.8100	0	0	-8.2826	-2.5125
1900	4.0256	4.0850	11.7832	7.6982	3.7698	8.0135	0	0	-7.7664	-2.9462
2000	4.0256	4.0821	11.9897	7.9077	3.7826	8.2072	0	0	-7.3018	-3.3326
2100	4.0256	4.0794	12.1861	8.1068	3.7941	8.3920	0	0	-6.8815	-3.6785
2200	4.0256	4.0769	12.3734	8.2965	3.8047	8.5687	0	0	-6.4994	-3.9897
2300	4.0256	4.0747	12.5524	8.4777	3.8143	8.7381	0	0	-6.1505	-4.2708
2400	4.0256	4.0727	12.7237	8.6510	3.8231	8.9006	0	0	-5.8308	-4.5257
2500	4.0256	4.0708	12.8880	8.8173	3.8312	9.0568	0	0	-5.5367	-4.7576

MG1(S)

T	CP	H-H0	S	-(F-H0)	H	REFERENCE ELEMENTS		GASEOUS ATOMS	
						DELTA H	LOG K	DELTA H	LOG K
0	-----	0	0	0	-1190.3	0	0	-35309.0	-----
100	3.7530	152.9	2.2630	73.4	-1037.4	0	0	-35653.0	71.8374
200	5.4180	630.9	5.5110	471.3	-559.4	0	0	-35671.8	32.8573
298.15	5.9290	1190.3	7.7800	1129.3	0.0	0	0	-35600.0	20.0355
300	5.9370	1201.3	7.8170	1143.8	11.0	0	0	-35598.2	19.8746
400	6.2410	1811.3	9.5690	2016.3	621.0	0	0	-35485.0	13.4003
500	6.4930	2447.7	10.9890	3046.8	1257.4	0	0	-35345.4	9.5299
600	6.7660	3199.7	12.1950	4207.3	1919.4	0	0	-35180.3	6.9606
700	7.0840	3802.0	13.2610	5480.7	2611.7	0	0	-34984.7	5.1346
800	7.4260	4527.3	14.2290	6855.9	3337.0	0	0	-34756.3	3.7734
900	7.7920	5288.0	15.1250	8324.5	4097.7	0	0	-34492.4	2.7223
923	7.8800	5468.2	15.3220	8674.0	4277.9	0	0	-34426.4	2.5137
923	8.0000	7608.2	17.6405	8674.0	6417.9	0	0	-32286.4	2.5137
1000	8.0000	8224.2	18.2815	10057.3	7033.9	0	0	-32053.0	1.9271
1100	8.0000	9024.2	19.0440	11924.2	7833.9	0	0	-31749.8	1.2932
1200	8.0000	9824.2	19.7401	13863.9	8633.9	0	0	-31446.6	0.7700
1300	8.0000	10624.2	20.3804	15870.4	9433.9	0	0	-31143.4	0.3316
1400	8.0000	11424.2	20.9733	17938.4	10233.9	0	0	-30840.3	-0.0406
1500	8.0000	12224.2	21.5253	20063.7	11033.9	0	0	-30537.1	-0.3600
1600	8.0000	13024.2	22.0416	22242.3	11833.9	0	0	-30233.9	-0.6367
1700	8.0000	13824.2	22.5256	24471.0	12633.9	0	0	-29930.7	-0.8785
1800	8.0000	14624.2	22.9838	26746.7	13433.9	0	0	-29627.5	-1.0912
1900	8.0000	15424.2	23.4164	29066.9	14233.9	0	0	-29324.4	-1.2795
2000	8.0000	16224.2	23.8267	31429.2	15033.9	0	0	-29021.2	-1.4473
2100	8.0000	17024.2	24.2170	33931.6	15833.9	0	0	-28718.1	-1.5975
2200	8.0000	17824.2	24.5892	36272.0	16633.9	0	0	-28415.1	-1.7327
2300	8.0000	18624.2	24.9448	38748.9	17433.9	0	0	-28112.2	-1.8548
2400	8.0000	19424.2	25.2853	41260.5	18233.9	0	0	-27809.5	-1.9655
2500	8.0000	20224.2	25.6119	43805.5	19033.9	0	0	-27507.1	-2.0662

MGINTE G) DISSOC 90. KCAL
 TFMP T 298.15000 T 1000. I 1000. T 6000.
 REFNCF SPFCR 23. DISSOC 319.
 LOGK
 METHOD PANCK
 MOLECULAR WT. = 40.32000
 DATA WF 782.99000 WFXE 5.1500000 BE 0.57130000 ALPHA1 0.00500000 1
 DATA DE 0.12100000E-05 BETA1 0.20000000E-07 1
 DATA STATWT 2. T0 3503.28000 WE 662.69000 WEXE 3.8900000 2
 DATA RF 0.50290000 ALPHA1 0.00460000 DE 0.11720000E-05 BETA1 -0.50000000E-07 2
 DATA STATWT 1. T0 20003.570 WE 821.91000 WEXE 4.7400000 3
 DATA RF 0.57910000 ALPHA1 0.00449999 DE 0.11300000E-05 BETA1 0.25000000E-07 3

FINISH

HZFRD = 2067.896

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	(H-H298)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	-(F-H298)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT
298.15	3.6583739	3.5934587	0.0000000	25.6426661	22.0492074	25.6426661	7.0835684	18.5590975
1000	4.8608449	4.1469393	3.0755496	30.8331439	26.6862047	27.7575943	5.1875155	25.6456285
2000	5.5183770	4.7383821	4.2026872	34.5002456	29.7618637	30.2975585	5.2586702	29.2415755
3000	5.3024821	4.9661335	4.6090036	36.7016397	31.7355065	32.0926361	5.3129922	31.3886478
4000	5.1362751	5.0267534	4.7589059	38.2012162	33.1744628	33.4423099	5.2868974	32.9143186
5000	5.0775057	5.0414273	4.8271493	39.3395185	34.2980914	34.5123692	5.2495425	34.0899758
6000	5.0772868	5.0468796	4.8683147	40.2646432	35.2177639	35.3963284	5.2203090	35.0443344

HZFRD = 2067.896

T	CP	H-H0	H-H298	S	-(F-H0)	-(F-H298)	H	-F
298.15	7.6675920	2129.1299	0.0000	50.958644	13064.1901	15193.3199	4197.0254	10996.2944
1000	9.6597626	8241.0466	5111.9167	61.273473	53032.4268	55161.5566	10308.9420	50964.5313
2000	10.9664499	18832.7342	16703.6641	68.560958	118289.1221	120418.2520	20900.6895	116221.2256
3000	10.5374106	29606.9954	27477.8652	72.935699	189200.1055	191329.2344	31674.8904	187132.2109
4000	10.2071140	39957.8638	37828.7334	75.915749	263705.1289	265834.2578	42025.7588	261637.2324
5000	10.0903239	50093.1328	47964.0029	78.177851	340796.1211	342925.2500	52161.0283	338728.2227
6000	10.0898889	60176.7720	58047.6416	80.016315	419921.1172	422050.2422	62244.6665	417853.2188

MGINTE(G)

HZFRD = 2067.896

T	CP/R	(H-H0)/RT	S/R	-(F-H0)/RT	H/RT	-F/RT	REFERENCE DELTA H/RT	ELEMENTS -DELTA F/RT	GASEOUS ATOMS DELTA H/RT	-DELTA F/RT
298.15	3.8584	3.5935	25.6427	22.0492	7.0836	18.5591	7.0836	2.3139	-153.5179	141.9372
* 1000	4.8608	4.1469	30.8331	26.6862	5.1875	25.6456	0.2826	6.7096	-46.2377	33.7272
2000	5.5184	4.7384	34.5002	29.7619	5.2587	29.2416	-0.3038	6.6584	-22.9580	10.6428
3000	5.3025	4.9661	36.7016	31.7355	5.3130	31.3886			-15.1704	3.0230
4000	5.1363	5.0268	38.2012	33.1745	5.2869	32.9143			-11.3602	-0.7643
5000	5.0775	5.0414	39.3395	34.2981	5.2495	34.0900			-9.1696	-3.0434
6000	5.0773	5.0469	40.2646	35.2178	5.2203	35.0443			-7.8175	-4.5862

*A CHANGE IN PHASE OF AN ASSIGNED REFERENCE ELEMENT HAS OCCURRED BETWEEN THIS TEMPERATURE AND THE PRECEDING ONE, MGINTE-- 923.000

MGINTE(G)

T	CP	H-H0	S	-(F-H0)	H	REFERENCE DELTA H	ELEMENTS LOG K	GASEOUS ATOMS DELTA H	-LOG K
0	-----	0	-----	0	2067.9	4295.6	-----	-90000.0	-----
298.15	7.6676	2129.1	50.9586	13064.2	4197.0	4197.0	1.0049	-90959.6	61.6425
* 1000	9.6598	8241.0	61.2735	53032.4	10308.9	561.6	2.9139	-91886.4	14.6475
2000	10.9664	18832.8	68.5610	118289.1	20900.7	-1207.5	2.8917	-91247.0	4.6221
3000	10.5374	29607.0	72.9357	189200.1	31674.9			-90442.5	1.3129
4000	10.2071	39957.9	75.9157	263705.1	42025.8			-90302.7	-0.3319
5000	10.0903	50093.1	78.1779	340796.1	52161.0			-91111.6	-1.3217
6000	10.0899	60176.8	80.0163	419921.1	62244.7			-93212.5	-1.9918

*A CHANGE IN PHASE OF AN ASSIGNED REFERENCE ELEMENT HAS OCCURRED BETWEEN THIS TEMPERATURE AND THE PRECEDING ONE, MGINTE-- 923.000

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TABLE I. - SOME TERMS IN

Formula number	Method				Subscript in equation (9)	ln Q ^m terms	T $\frac{d(\ln Q^m)}{dT}$ terms
	RRHO ^a	PANDK ^b and JANAF ^c	NRRAO1 ^d	NRRAO2 ^e			
1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	e	$\ln g_m - \frac{c_2 T_0}{T}$	$\frac{c_2 T_0}{T}$
2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	V	$\sum_{i=1}^n d_i \ln(s_i)$	$\sum_{i=1}^n d_i u_i r_i s_i$
3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	R	For diatomic and linear molecules, $-\ln \frac{c_2 B_0 \sigma}{T}$	1
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	R	For nonlinear molecules, $\frac{1}{2} \ln \left[\frac{\pi}{\sigma^2 A_0 B_0 C_0} \left(\frac{T}{c_2} \right)^3 \right]$	$\frac{3}{2}$
5	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	ρ	ρT	ρT
6	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	θ	$\ln \left(1 + \frac{\theta_1}{T} + \frac{\theta_2}{T^2} + \frac{\theta_3}{T^3} \right)$	$-\left(\frac{\theta_1}{T} + \frac{2\theta_2}{T^2} + \frac{3\theta_3}{T^3} \right) \frac{1}{Q_\theta}$
7	No	No	Yes	Yes	W	Triatomic linear molecules where Fermi resonance occurs $\left(\frac{c_2}{T} \right)^2 \frac{W_0^2}{2} r_W s_W s_2^2 (1 - r_1)$	$\ln Q_W \left(S - \frac{r_1 u_1}{1 - r_1} \right)$

^aRigid-Rotator Harmonic-Oscillator approximation.^bModified Pennington and Kobe method.^cJoint Army Navy Air Force method.

ln Q AND THEIR DERIVATIVES

$T^2 \frac{d^2(\ln Q^m)}{dT^2}$ terms	Type of molecule			Remarks
	Dia- tomic	Linear poly- atomic	Non- linear	Definitions
$\frac{-2c_2 T_0}{T}$				$c_2 = hc/k$ $g_m =$ statistical weight $T_0 =$ electronic excitation energy
$\sum_{i=1}^n d_i u_i r_i s_i (u_i s_i - 2)$				$d_i =$ degeneracy $n =$ number of unique frequencies $u_i = c_2 \nu_i / T$ $r_i = e^{-u_i}$ $s_i = 1/(1 - r_i)$ $\nu_1 = \omega_e - 2\omega_e x_e + 3.25 \omega_e y_e + 5\omega_e z_e$
-1	Yes	No	No	$\sigma =$ symmetry number
	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	Yes	Yes	No	$B_0 = B_e - \frac{\alpha_1}{2} + \frac{\alpha_2}{4} + \frac{\alpha_3}{8}$
-3/2	No	No	Yes	$A_0 = A_e - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i \alpha_i^A$
	No	No	Yes	$B_0 = B_e - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i \alpha_i^B$
	No	No	Yes	$C_0 = C_e - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i \alpha_i^C$
0	Yes	Yes	No	For PANDK, $\rho = \frac{2D}{c_2 B_0^2}$ and for JANAF, $\rho = 4 \left(\frac{D}{B_e} \right)^{1/2} \nu_1 c_2$
	No	No	Yes	ρ is given
	Yes	No	No	$D = D_e + \frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{\beta_2}{4} + \frac{\beta_3}{8}$; if not given, $D_e = \frac{4B_e^3}{\omega_e^2}$
	No	Yes	No	$D = D_{000}$
$\left(\frac{2\theta_1}{T} + \frac{6\theta_2}{T_2} + \frac{12\theta_3}{T_3} \right) \frac{1}{Q_\theta} - \left[\frac{d(\ln Q_\theta)}{dT} \right]^2$	Yes	Yes	No	$\theta_1 = \frac{c_2 B_0}{3}$, $\theta_2 = \frac{(c_2 B_0)^2}{15}$, $\theta_3 = \frac{4(c_2 B_0)^3}{315}$
	No	No	Yes	$\theta_1 = \frac{c_2}{12} \left[2(A_0 + B_0 + C_0) - \frac{A_0 B_0}{C_0} - \frac{A_0 C_0}{B_0} - \frac{B_0 C_0}{A_0} \right]$
	No	No	Yes	$\theta_2 = \frac{c_2^2}{480} \left[10(A_0^2 + B_0^2 + C_0^2) + 12(A_0 B_0 + A_0 C_0 + B_0 C_0) - 12 \left(\frac{A_0^2 B_0}{C_0} + \frac{A_0 B_0^2}{A_0} + \frac{B_0^2 C_0}{B_0} + \frac{B_0 C_0^2}{A_0} + \frac{A_0^2 C_0}{B_0} + \frac{A_0 C_0^2}{B_0} \right) + 7 \left(\frac{A_0^2 B_0^2}{C_0^2} + \frac{A_0^2 C_0^2}{B_0^2} + \frac{B_0^2 C_0^2}{A_0^2} \right) \right]$
	No	No	Yes	$\theta_3 = 0$
$\ln Q_W \left[2u_W^2 r_W s_W (1 + r_W s_W) + 2u_2^2 r_2 s_2 (1 + r_2 s_2) + S^2 - 2S - 2 \frac{r_1 u_1 (u_1 + 2S - 2)}{1 - r_1} \right]$	No	Yes	No	$W_0 =$ Fermi resonance constant $u_W = 2c_2 \nu_2 / T$ $r_W = e^{-u_W}$ $s_W = 1/(1 - r_W)$ $S = (1 + 2r_W s_W) u_W + 2(r_2 u_2 s_2 - 1)$

^dNonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 1.

^eNonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 2.

TABLE II. -

Formula number	Method			ln Q_c^m terms ^e
	PANDK ^a or JANAF ^b	NRRAO1 ^c	NRRAO2 ^d	
8	No	Yes	Yes	$\sum_{i=1}^n d_i a_i r_i s_i \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} a_i s_i + \frac{1}{6} a_i^2 s_i^2 (1 + r_i) \right]$
9	Yes	No	No	$\sum_{i=1}^n d_i P_i r_i s_i$
10	No	Yes	Yes	$\sum_{i=1}^n \left[d_i a_i r_i s_i^2 (a_i s_i + a_i r_i s_i + 1) + \sum_{j=1}^n d_j a_j r_j s_j s_i \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{j=1}^n d_i d_j a_i a_{ij} (1 + \delta_{ij}) r_i r_j s_i^2 s_j \right]$
11	No	Yes	Yes	$a_{111} r_1 s_1^3 (1 + 4r_1 + r_1^2)$ (diatomics only)
12	No	Yes	Yes	$-\frac{c_2}{T} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i (d_j + \delta_{ij}) X_{ij} r_i r_j s_i s_j$
13	No	Yes	Yes	$-\frac{c_2}{T} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i (d_j + \delta_{ij}) (d_k + \delta_{ik} + \delta_{jk}) Y_{ijk} r_i r_j r_k s_i s_j s_k$
14	Yes	No	No	$-\frac{c_2}{T} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i (d_j + \delta_{ij}) (X_{ij} + G_i) r_i r_j s_i s_j$

^aRigid-Rotator Harmonic-Oscillator approximation.^bModified Pennington and Kobe method.^cNonrigid-Rotor Anharmonic-Oscillator 1.^dNonrigid-Rotor Anharmonic-Oscillator 2.

TERMS IN $\ln Q_c^m$

Type of molecule			Remarks
Dia-tomic	Linear poly atomic	Non-linear	Definitions
			$d_i = \text{degeneracy}$ $r_i = e^{-\beta \epsilon_i}$ $u_i = c_2 \nu_i / T$ $s_i = 1 / (1 - r_i)$ $n = \text{number of unique frequencies}$ $\nu_1 = \omega_e - 2\omega_e x_e + 3.25 \omega_e y_e + 5\omega_e z_e$
Yes	No	No	$a_1 = (\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 - 0.75 \alpha_3) / B_0$
Yes	No	No	$a_1 = \frac{\alpha_1^B}{B_0} - \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{(1 + \delta_{ij}) \alpha_{ij}}{2B_0}$
No	Yes	No	$a_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\alpha_i^A}{A_0} + \frac{\alpha_i^B}{B_0} + \frac{\alpha_i^C}{C_0} \right)$
Yes	Yes	No	$P_i = a_i(a_i + 1)$
Yes	No	No	For PANDK, $a_1 = (\alpha_1 - 2\alpha_2 - 3.25 \alpha_3) / B_0$ and for JANAF, $a_1 = (\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 - 0.75 \alpha_3) / B_e$
No	No	Yes	$P_i = a_i \left(\frac{a_i}{2} + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left[\left(\frac{\alpha_i^A}{A_0} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\alpha_i^B}{B_0} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\alpha_i^C}{C_0} \right)^2 \right]$
Yes	No	No	$a_{11} = (-\alpha_2 - \frac{3}{2} \alpha_3) / B_0$
No	Yes	No	$a_{ij} = \alpha_{ij} / B_0$
No	No	Yes	$a_{ij} = 0$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\delta_{ij} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } i \neq j \\ 1 & \text{for } i = j \end{cases}$
Yes	No	No	$a_{111} = -\alpha_3 / B_0$
Yes	No	No	For PANDK, $X_{11} = -\omega_e x_e + 4.5 \omega_e y_e + 14.5 \omega_e z_e$ and for JANAF, $X_{11} = (-\omega_e x_e + 4.5 \omega_e y_e + 14.5 \omega_e z_e) \nu_1 / \omega_e$
No	Yes	Yes	$X_{ii} = x_{ii} + (1.5 d_i + 3) y_{iii} + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{d_k}{2} y_{iik}$ $k \neq i$
No	Yes	Yes	$X_{ij} = x_{ij} + (d_i + 1) y_{iij} + (d_j + 1) y_{ijj} + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{d_k}{2} y_{ijk}$ $k \neq i$
Yes	No	No	$Y_{111} = \omega_e y_e + 8\omega_e z_e$
No	Yes	Yes	$Y_{ijk} = y_{ijk}$
Yes	No	No	$G_i = 0$
No	Yes	Yes	$G_i = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i \neq j \\ (\epsilon_{ii} + B_0) / 3 & \text{if } i = j \end{cases}$

e Derivatives: $T \left[\frac{d(\ln Q_c^m)}{dT} \right] = \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j} S_j$ and $T^2 \left[\frac{d^2(\ln Q_c^m)}{dT^2} \right]$
 $= \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j} \left[\sum_i m_i u_i^2 r_{h_i} s_{h_i} (r_{h_i} s_{h_i} + 1) - 2S_j + S_j^2 - p_j \right]$ where $\ln Q_c^m = \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j}$ and $\ln Q_{c_j}$ is
any term in formulas 8 to 27 which has the formula $\ln Q_{c_j} = (c_2/T)^{p_j} C_j \prod_i r_{h_i}^{n_i} s_{h_i}^{m_i}$ where
 $p_j = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2$; C_j is a constant; n_i and m_i are integer exponents; and h_i is an integer
subscript, and where $S_j = \sum_i u_{h_i} (n_i + m_i r_{h_i} s_{h_i}) - p_j$.

TABLE II. - Concluded.

Formula number	Method			In Q_c^m terms ^e
	PANDK ^a or JANAF ^b	NRRAO1 ^c	NRRAO2 ^d	
15	No	Yes	Yes	$-\frac{24c_2}{T} \omega_e z_e r_1^4 s_1^4$ (diatomics only)
16	No	Yes	Yes	$-\frac{c_2}{T} \sum_{i=1}^n 2g_{ii} r_i s_i^2 (1 - 2a_i r_i s_i)$
17	No	Yes	Yes	$-\frac{c_2}{T} \sum_{i=1}^n d_i (d_j + \delta_{ij}) (1 + \delta_{ij}) a_{ij} X_{ij} r_i r_j s_i^2 s_j$
18	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n d_i (d_j + \delta_{ij}) (1 + \delta_{ij}) X_{ij}^2 r_i r_j s_i^2 s_j^2$
19	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ijk} X_{ij} X_{ik} r_i r_j r_k s_i^2 s_j s_k$
20	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ijk} X_{ij} Y_{ijk} r_i r_j r_k s_i^2 s_j^2 s_k$
21	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ijk\ell} X_{ij} Y_{ik\ell} r_i r_j r_k r_\ell s_i^2 s_j s_k s_\ell$
22	No	No	Yes	$\left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n g_{ii}^2 r_i s_i^4 (1 + 8r_i + r_i^2)$
23	No	No	Yes	$\left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n 2g_{ii} X_{ij} r_i r_j s_i^3 s_j [1 + 7\delta_{ij} + r_i (1 + 5\delta_{ij})]$
24	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n 4a_i [X_{ii} d_i (d_i + 1)]^2 r_i^5 s_i^5$
25	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ij} a_i X_{ij}^2 r_i r_j s_i^3 s_j^2$
26	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ijk} a_i X_{ij} X_{ik} r_i r_j r_k s_i^3 s_j s_k (1 + r_i)$
27	No	No	Yes	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{c_2}{T}\right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \mathcal{D}_{ijk} a_i X_{ij} X_{jk} r_i r_j r_k s_i^2 s_j s_k$

^aRigid-Rotator Harmonic-Oscillator approximation.^bModified Pennington and Kobe method.^cNonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 1.^dNonrigid-Rotator Anharmonic-Oscillator 2.

TERMS IN $\ln Q_c^m$

Type of molecule			Remarks
Dia-tomic	Linear poly-atomic	Non-linear	Definitions
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ijk} = (2 - \delta_{jk})(1 + \delta_{ij})(1 + \delta_{ik})d_i(d_j + \delta_{ij})(d_k + \delta_{ik})$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ijk} = 2(1 + \delta_{ij})(1 + \delta_{ik} + \delta_{jk})(d_i + \delta_{ij})d_j(d_k + \delta_{ik} + \delta_{jk})$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ijk\ell} = 2(1 + \delta_{ij})(1 + \delta_{ik} + \delta_{i\ell})d_i(d_j + \delta_{ij})(d_k + \delta_{ik})(d_\ell + \delta_{i\ell} + \delta_{k\ell})$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ij} = (1 + \delta_{ij})^2 d_i(d_j + \delta_{ij})$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ijk} = (1 + \delta_{ij})(1 + \delta_{ik})d_i(d_j + \delta_{ij})(d_k + \delta_{ik})$
Yes	Yes	Yes	$\mathcal{D}_{ijk} = (1 + \delta_{ij})(1 + \delta_{jk})(2 - \delta_{ik})d_i(d_j + \delta_{ij}) [(1 + \delta_{ik})d_k + \delta_{ik} + \delta_{jk} + \delta_{ij}\delta_{jk}]$

^eDerivatives: $T \left[d \left(\ln Q_c^m \right) / dT \right] = \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j} S_j$ and $T^2 \left[d^2 \left(\ln Q_c^m \right) / dT^2 \right]$
 $= \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j} \left[\sum_i m_i u_{h_i}^2 r_{h_i} s_{h_i} (r_{h_i} s_{h_i} + 1) - 2S_j + S_j^2 - p_j \right]$ where $\ln Q_c^m = \sum_j \ln Q_{c_j}$ and $\ln Q_{c_j}$ is any term in formulas 8 to 27 which has the formula $\ln Q_{c_j} = (c_2/T)^{p_j} C_j \prod_i r_{h_i}^{n_i} s_{h_i}^{m_i}$ where $p_j = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2$; C_j is a constant; n_i and m_i are integer exponents; and h_i is an integer subscript, and where $S_j = \sum_i u_{h_i} (n_i + m_i r_{h_i} s_{h_i}) - p_j$.

TABLE III. - BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS OF INPUT CARDS

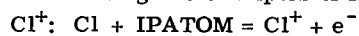
Type of card	Contents	Is card optional?
General data		
CONSTS	Physical constants, hc/k , R , and S_c (eqs. (4) and (5))	No
ATOM	Chemical symbol, atomic weight, and reference form of each element. (If FILL option is used, also include the coefficient b in equation (8) and $\sum g_i$ in equation (8) for the ground state).	No
LISTEF	Code in card columns 1 to 6 only which calls for listing the contents of the binary EF data cards that are processed after the LISTEF card	Yes
EFDATA	Chemical formula for reactant (monatomic gas or element in its reference form), the H_0^0 value, the melting point if any, and the number of temperatures for which there are binary EF data following this card	Yes
Binary EF data	Enthalpy and free energy data for the reactants. These data for each reactant consist of a set of column binary cards; the number of cards depends on the amount of data. Each set must be preceded by the EFDATA card which identifies it (see previous card).	Yes
Specific data		
Formula	Chemical formula of species (This card may also contain a heat of formation and its corresponding temperature)	No
TEMP	Temperature schedule	Yes
REFNCE	Numbers to identify input data sources	Yes
EFTAPE	Code in card columns 1 to 6 only which calls for EFDATA and corresponding binary EF data cards to be punched and for the data to be put on tape	Yes
LOGK	Code in card columns 1 to 4 only which calls for tables of thermodynamic properties including ΔH_T^0 and $\log K$	Yes
LSTSQS	Temperature intervals for a least-squares fit, temperature exponents in the polynomial, and a temperature where the data are to be constrained	Yes
INTERM	Code in card columns 1 to 6 only which calls for intermediate output	Yes
DATE	Date which will be punched with least-squares coefficients	Yes
METHOD	A method code which specifies the method for obtaining thermodynamic functions; for example, RRHO or PANDK for diatomic or polyatomic gases, or READIN for reading in the functions directly	No
DATA	Data required by method given on METHOD card	No
FINISH	Code in card columns 1 to 6 only which indicates the end of a set of specific data	No

TABLE IV. - CONTENTS OF FORMULA CARDS

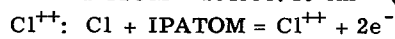
Labels 2, 3, or 4	Numerical value	Comments
HF298	An assigned enthalpy $H_{298.15}^{\circ}$	Numerically equal to heat of formation at 298.15° K
ASINDH	An assigned enthalpy, H_T°	-----
DISSOC	Dissociation energy (D_T° or $-\Delta H_T^{\circ}$)	-----
DELTAH	Heat of formation from the assigned reference elements (ΔH_T°)	-----
IPATOM ^b (ions only)	Heat of ionization from the electron and neutral atom	-----
INVCM	(blank)	Units are cm ⁻¹ /mole
CAL	(blank)	Units are cal/mole
KCAL	(blank)	Units are kcal/mole
EV	(blank)	Units are eV/mole
JOULES	(blank)	Units are J/mole
T	Temperature	Not required with HF298

^aUse only one.

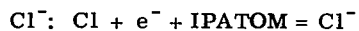
^bThe following are examples of IPATOM:



$$\text{IPATOM} = 104995.46 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ (refs. 18 and 20)}$$



$$\text{IPATOM} = 296995.46 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ (refs. 18 and 20)}$$



$$\text{IPATOM} = -3.613 \text{ eV (ref. 34).}$$

TABLE V. - CONTENTS OF OPTIONAL SPECIFIC DATA CARDS

Card columns 1 to 6	Labels 1, 2, 3, or 4	Numerical value	Comments
REFNCE	Any alpha-numeric characters	Any numbers within the machine capabilities	-----
EFTAPE	(blank)	(blank)	Code calling for the H_0^0 value and the $\frac{H_T^0 - H_0^0}{RT}$ and $-\frac{(F_T^0 - H_0^0)}{RT}$ data to be put on tape and punched for future log K and ΔH_T^0 calculations
LOGK	(blank)	(blank)	Code calling for ΔH_T^0 and log K calculations
LSTSQS	T	Temperature (0K) at the beginning or end of interval to be fit	Card calls for a least-squares fit
	EXP	Temperature exponent	q_i values in equation (10)
	TCONST	Temperature constraint, 0K	Calls for the data at this temperature to be fitted exactly. Numerical value of T must be the same as some value in the T interval schedule. If omitted, it is assumed to be the melting point, if there is one; otherwise, $1000^0 K$.
INTERM	(blank)	(blank)	Calls for intermediate output data
DATE	(any six optional characters)	(blank)	Punches the label as the last word on the binary least-squares coefficient cards
TEMP	T	Temperature, 0K	This may be a single value or the beginning or end of an interval
	I	Temperature increment, 0K	This must be preceded by a lower and followed by a higher T value. (See section <u>TEMP</u> card(s).)

TABLE VI. - CONTENTS OF METHOD CARDS

Method code (any label)	Type of species	Labels 1, 2, 3, or 4	Numerical value	Comments
READIN	All species		(blank)	Read in functions directly.
		H298H0	$H_{298.15}^O - H_0^O$	Used in obtaining $H_T^O - H_0^O$ values when $H_T^O - H_{298.15}^O$ values are given on DATA cards
		MELTPT	Melting point	Should be included when a set of specific data has both solid and liquid phases
COEF	All species		(blank)	Calculate functions from empirical equations.
		REDUCE	(blank)	Coefficients on DATA cards are those of equations (10) to (12) divided by R.
		MELTPT	Melting point	See MELTPT under READIN.
		DELTAH	Heat of transition	Used between two phases of the same species; code is on METHOD card of second phase
		DELTAS	Entropy of transition	May be used in lieu of a heat of transition (see label DELTAH)
FIXEDN	Monatomic gases		Highest principal quantum number to be included in calculations	All energy levels whose principal quantum number is less than or equal to this number will be included
		FILL	(blank)	Missing energy levels will be estimated and included as discussed in the section <u>Inclusion of predicted levels</u>
ALLN	Monatomic gases		(blank)	Include all levels given in input.
		FILL	(blank)	See FILL option under FIXEDN.
TEMPER	Monatomic gases		(blank)	Cut off all levels above "reduced" ionization potential (See section <u>Internal Partition Function for Monatomic Gases.</u>)
		FILL	(blank)	See FILL option under FIXEDN.
RRHO	Diatomic and polyatomic gases		(blank)	Rigid-rotator harmonic-oscillator approximation (See table I.)
PANDK	Diatomic and polyatomic gases	-	(blank)	Calculation method of reference 3 (See tables I and II.)
JANAF	Diatomic and polyatomic gases		(blank)	Calculation method of reference 2 (See tables I and II.)
NRRAO1	Diatomic and polyatomic gases		(blank)	Calculation method of references 30 and 31 (See tables I and II.)
NRRAO2	Diatomic and polyatomic gases		(blank)	Same as NRRHO1 with some higher order corrections (See tables I and II.)

TABLE VII. - CONTENTS OF DATA CARDS

Method	Labels 1, 2, 3, or 4	Numerical value	Comments
READIN	T	Temperature in $^{\circ}\text{K}$	One value on each card
	CP	C_p°	} Either one of these values on each card
	CP/R	C_p°/R	
	H-H0	$H_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ}$	} Any one of these values on each card
	H-H2	$H_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ}$	
	H-H0/T	$(H_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/T$	
	H-H2/T	$(H_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/T$	
	H-H0RT	$(H_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/RT$	
	H-H2RT	$(H_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/RT$	
	S	S_T°	} Any one of these values on each card
	S/R	S_T°/R	
	-F-H0	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})$	
	-F-H2	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})$	
	-FH0/T	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/T$	
-FH2/T	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/T$		
-FH0RT	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_0^{\circ})/RT$		
-FH2RT	$-(F_T^{\circ} - H_{298.15}^{\circ})/RT$		
COEF	See comments -----	First card may be the same as aforementioned READIN card with C_p° or C_p°/R value omitted. The data will be used in obtaining the integration constants, a_{r+1} and a_{r+2} , in equations (10) to (12).	

T	Temperature at beginning or end of temperature range	Two T labels must precede exponents and coefficients for the temperature range.
Ei(i = 1, 2, ..., or 10)	q_i in equation (10)	-----
Ci(i = 1, 2, ..., or 10)	a_i or a_i/R in equation (10)	a_i/R with REDUCE code in METHOD card
CH	a_{r+1} (eq. (11))	} Use one if a_{r+1} has not been set by previous enthalpy value.
CH/R	a_{r+1}/R (eq. (11))	
CH-H0	$a_{r+1} - H_0^0$ (eq. (11))	
CHH0/R	$(a_{r+1} - H_0^0)/R$ (eq. (11))	
CS	a_{r+2} (eq. (12))	} Use one if a_{r+2} has not been set by previous entropy value.
CS/R	a_{r+2}/R (eq. (12))	
TPUNCH	Temperature value to be punched on coefficient cards	Calls for cards to be punched (See appendix E)

FIXEDN, ALLN, or TEMPER ^a	IP	Ionization potential in cm^{-1}	Required only with TEMPER
	J_m value	ϵ_m/hc in cm^{-1} (eq. (7))	J_m value (1) does not have to be right- or left-adjusted (2) may be integer, 0, or decimal number (if decimal, it can have only 5 or 0 to right of decimal point) (3) must be punched if 0

^aFor FILL option (METHOD card) or FIXEDN, the principal quantum number for the data on each card must be in card columns 79 to 80, right-adjusted.

TABLE VII. - Concluded. CONTENTS OF DATA CARDS

Method	Labels 1, 2, 3, or 4	Numerical value	Comments
RRHO, PANDK, JANAF, NRRHO1, or NRRHO2 ^b	SYMNO	Symmetry number	Taken to be 1 if omitted
	STATWT	Statistical weight	Taken to be 1 if omitted
	T0	T_0	Use with excited electronic state.
	B0	B_0	B_e , B_0 , or I_B value must be included for all molecules.
	BE	B_e	See comments for label B_0 . Use only for linear molecules.
	WE	ω_e	Diatomics only
	WEXE	$\omega_e x_e$	
	WEYE	$\omega_e y_e$	
	WEZE	$\omega_e z_e$	
	WX4	Anharmonic constant one order higher than $\omega_e z_e$	
ALPHAE	α_e		
ALPHAI, ($i \leq 3$)	α_i (See comments for definition.)	Diatomics only. $B_v = B_e - \alpha_1 \left(v + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \alpha_2 \left(v + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \alpha_3 \left(v + \frac{1}{2}\right)^3$	
ALFABi ($i \leq 6$) ALFAij ($i, j \leq 6$)	α_i α_{ij}	Linear polyatomics only. $B_{[v]} = B_e - \sum_{i=1}^{n \leq 6} \left[\alpha_i \left(v_i + \frac{d_i}{2}\right) + \sum_{j \geq i}^{n \leq 6} \alpha_{ij} \left(v_i + \frac{d_i}{2}\right) \left(v_j + \frac{d_j}{2}\right) \right]$	
ALFAAi ($i \leq 6$)	α_i^A	Nonlinear molecules only. $A_{[v]} = A_e - \sum_{i=1}^{n \leq 6} \alpha_i^A \left(v_i + \frac{d_i}{2}\right)$ where v_i and d_i are the vibrational quantum number and degeneracy respectively for the i^{th} fundamental frequency	
ALFABi ($i \leq 6$)	α_i^B	Nonlinear molecules only. $B_{[v]} = B_e - \sum_{i=1}^{n \leq 6} \alpha_i^B \left(v_i + \frac{d_i}{2}\right)$	

ALFACi (i ≤ 6)	α_i^C	Nonlinear molecules only. $C_{[v]} = C_e - \sum_{i=1}^{n \leq 6} \alpha_i^C \left(v_i + \frac{d_i}{2} \right)$
DE	D_e	Diatomics only
BETAi (i ≤ 3)	β_i	Diatomics only, where $D_v = D_e - \sum_{i=1}^{n \leq 3} \beta_i (v + 1/2)^i$
$\nu_i(d_i)$ or ν_i (i ≤ 20)	$\nu_i(d_i)$ or ν_i	d_i is degeneracy (an integer) of ν_i and may be omitted when $d_i = 1$
Xij (i ≤ 6, j ≤ 6)	x_{ij}	Polyatomics only
Yijk (i ≤ 6, j ≤ 6, k ≤ 6)	y_{ijk}	Polyatomics only
W0	W_0 (Fermi resonance constant)	Linear polyatomics only
Gii (i ≤ 6)	g_{ii}	Linear polyatomics only
D0 or D000	D_0 or D_{000}	Polyatomics only
RHO	$\rho, \text{ } ^\circ\text{K}^{-1}$	Polyatomics only
A0	A_0	An I_A or A_0 must be included for all nonlinear polyatomics.
C0	C_0	An I_C or C_0 must be included for all nonlinear polyatomics.
IB	$I_B \times 10^{39}, (g)(\text{cm}^2)$	See comments for label B_0 .
IA	$I_A \times 10^{39}, (g)(\text{cm}^2)$	See comments for label A_0 .
IC	$I_C \times 10^{39}, (g)(\text{cm}^2)$	See comments for label C_0 .

^bFor excited electronic states, the data for each state should be put on separate cards with an identifying number in card columns 79 to 80. Data cards for each state must be grouped together.

TABLE VIII. - PUNCHED COEFFICIENT CARDS

Binary word number	Card 1	Card 2 (2 or more intervals)	Cards 3 to 5 as required (5 to 9 intervals)	
1	Machine assigned storage	} Same as card 1	} Same as card 1	
2	Machine assigned storage			
3	First 6 characters of formula			
4	Second 6 characters of formula			
5	Ionization potential, if any			
6	Lowest T in intervals or melting point if liquid	a_{r+2} (Second interval)	Lowest T in interval	
7	Highest T in intervals or melting point if solid	Fourth highest T	Highest T in interval	
8	Second highest T	Third highest T	} Next interval, if any	
9	Highest T in interval	a_1		
10	} First interval	a_2		
11		a_3		
12		a_4		
13		a_5		
14		a_{r+1}		
15	a_{r+1} (eq. 11)	a_{r+2}		
16	a_{r+2} (eq. 12)	Fifth highest T		Lowest T in interval
17	Third highest T	Fourth highest T		Highest T in interval
18	Second highest T	a_1	} Next interval	
19	} Second interval, if any	a_2		
20		a_3		
21		a_4		
22		a_5		
23		a_{r+1}		
24		a_{r+1}		a_{r+2}

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