

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Foreword by Dr. Hiroharu KATO.....	XIII
Preface.....	XV
Symbols.....	XIX
1. Introduction – The main features of cavitating flows.....	1
1.1. The physical phenomenon	1
1.1.1. Definition.....	1
1.1.2. Vapor pressure	2
1.1.3. The main forms of vapor cavities.....	4
1.2. Cavitation in real liquid flows.....	5
1.2.1. Cavitation regimes.....	5
1.2.2. Typical situations favorable to cavitation	5
1.2.3. The main effects of cavitation in hydraulics	6
1.3. Specific features of cavitating flow	7
1.3.1. Pressure and pressure gradient.....	7
1.3.2. Liquid-vapor interfaces	8
1.3.3. Thermal effects	10
1.3.4. Some typical orders of magnitude.....	10
1.4. Non-dimensional parameters.....	10
1.4.1. Cavitation number σ_v	10
1.4.2. Cavitation number at inception, σ_{vi}	11
1.4.3. Relative underpressure of a cavity, σ_c	12
1.5. Some historical aspects	13
References	14
2. Nuclei and cavitation.....	15
2.1. Introduction	15
2.1.1. Liquid tension.....	15
2.1.2. Cavitation nuclei	15
2.2. Equilibrium of a nucleus.....	17
2.2.1. Equilibrium condition [BLAKE 1949].....	17
2.2.2. Stability and critical pressure of a nucleus.....	18
2.2.3. Nucleus evolution in a low pressure region.....	20
2.3. Heat and mass diffusion	21
2.3.1. The thermal behavior of the gas content	21
2.3.2. Gas diffusion and nucleus stability	23

2.4.	Nucleus population	27
2.4.1.	Measurement methods.....	27
2.4.2.	Conditions for inception of bubble cavitation.....	30
	References	32
3.	The dynamics of spherical bubbles.....	35
3.1.	Basic equations	35
3.1.1.	Introduction	35
3.1.2.	Assumptions	35
3.1.3.	Boundary and initial conditions.....	36
3.1.4.	RAYLEIGH-PLESSET equation	36
3.1.5.	Interpretation of the RAYLEIGH-PLESSET equation in terms of energy balance.....	37
3.2.	The collapse of a vapor bubble.....	38
3.2.1.	Assumptions	38
3.2.2.	The interface velocity	38
3.2.3.	The pressure field.....	40
3.2.4.	Remark on the effect of surface tension.....	41
3.3.	The explosion of a nucleus	42
3.3.1.	The interface velocity	42
3.3.2.	The equilibrium case ($p_{\infty} = p_{\infty 0}$)	43
3.3.3.	The case of nucleus growth ($p_{\infty} < p_{\infty 0}$)	43
3.3.4.	Dynamic criterion	44
3.3.5.	Remark on two particular cases	45
3.4.	The effect of viscosity	46
3.4.1.	Linear oscillations of a bubble	46
3.4.2.	Effect of viscosity on explosion or collapse of bubbles.....	46
3.5.	Non-linear oscillations of a bubble	47
3.6.	Scaling considerations.....	48
3.6.1.	Non-dimensional form of the RAYLEIGH-PLESSET equation	48
3.6.2.	Characteristic time scales of the RAYLEIGH-PLESSET equation.....	49
3.6.3.	Qualitative discussion of the RAYLEIGH-PLESSET equation	50
3.6.4.	Case of a transient bubble near a foil	51
3.7.	Stability of the spherical interface.....	53
	References	55
4.	Bubbles in a non-symmetrical environment.....	57
4.1.	Introduction	57
4.2.	Motion of a spherical bubble in a liquid at rest.....	57
4.2.1.	Translation of a solid sphere in a liquid at rest	57
4.2.2.	Translation with simultaneous volume variations.....	58
4.2.3.	Application to bubbles	59

4.3.	Non-spherical bubble evolution	60
4.3.1.	Principle of PLESSET-CHAPMAN numerical modeling.....	60
4.3.2.	Some general results.....	61
4.3.3.	BLAKE's analytical approach.....	64
4.4.	The path of a spherical bubble.....	67
	References	71
	Appendix to section 4.3.3	72
5.	Further insights into bubble physics.....	77
5.1.	The effect of compressibility	77
5.1.1.	TAIT's equation of state.....	77
5.1.2.	Basic equations	78
5.1.3.	The quasi acoustic solution [HERRING 1941 & TRILLING 1952]	79
5.1.4.	The GILMORE approach (1952)	80
5.2.	Bubble noise	83
5.2.1.	Basic equations	83
5.2.2.	Weak bubble oscillations	84
5.2.3.	Noise of a collapsing bubble	85
5.3.	Some thermal aspects	86
5.3.1.	The idea of thermal delay	86
5.3.2.	BRENNEN's analysis (1973)	89
5.4.	A typical numerical solution.....	92
	References	95
	Appendix to section 5.1.3	96
6.	Supercavitation.....	97
6.1.	Physical aspects of supercavities.....	98
6.1.1.	Cavity pressure.....	98
6.1.2.	Cavity detachment	98
6.1.3.	Cavity closure	101
6.1.4.	Cavity length.....	102
6.2.	Supercavity flow modeling using steady potential flow theory	105
6.2.1.	The main parameters.....	105
6.2.2.	Equations and boundary conditions	106
6.2.3.	Cavity closure models.....	107
6.2.4.	Overview of calculation techniques	108
6.3.	Typical results	110
6.3.1.	Infinite cavity behind a flat plate in an infinite flow field	110
6.3.2.	Finite cavity behind a symmetrical body in an infinite flow field	111
6.3.3.	Finite cavity behind a circular arc in an infinite flow field	112
6.3.4.	Variation of lift and drag coefficients with cavity underpressure.....	113
6.3.5.	Effect of submersion depth on the slope of the curve $C_L(\alpha)$	114

6.4.	Axisymmetric cavities	115
6.4.1.	The GARABEDIAN asymptotic solution for steady supercavities.....	115
6.4.2.	Momentum balance and drag.....	116
6.4.3.	Approximate, analytic solution for steady supercavities	117
6.4.4.	Unsteady axisymmetric supercavities	121
6.5.	Specific problems	124
6.5.1.	Unsteady 2D supercavities.....	124
6.5.2.	Compressible effects in supercavitating flows	125
	References	126
	Appendix: singular behavior at detachment.....	129
7.	Partial cavities	131
7.1.	Partial cavities on two-dimensional foils.....	131
7.1.1.	Main patterns.....	131
7.1.2.	Cavity closure	133
7.1.3.	Cavity length.....	134
7.1.4.	Three-dimensional effects due to an inclination of the closure line	135
7.1.5.	Multiple shedding on 2D hydrofoils	137
7.2.	Partial cavities in internal flows	138
7.3.	The cloud cavitation instability	140
7.3.1.	Conditions for the onset of the cloud cavitation instability	140
7.3.2.	Global behavior	141
7.3.3.	Pulsation frequency	143
7.3.4.	Jet thickness.....	144
7.4.	Wakes of partial cavities	145
7.4.1.	Mean pressure distribution.....	145
7.4.2.	Production of vapor bubbles.....	146
7.4.3.	Pressure fluctuations	147
7.4.4.	Wall pressure pulses at cavity closure	148
7.4.5.	Scaling of pulse spectra.....	150
7.4.6.	Main features of the noise emitted by partial cavities	152
7.5.	Thermal effects in partial cavitation	153
7.5.1.	The STEPANOFF B-factor	153
7.5.2.	The entrainment method	154
7.6.	System instability	159
7.7.	Partial cavity flow modeling.....	161
	References	162
	Appendix: sonic velocity in a liquid/vapor mixture with phase change.....	165
8.	Bubbles and cavities on two-dimensional foils.....	169
8.1.	Attached cavitation.....	169
8.1.1.	Cavitation inception on a circular cylinder.....	169
8.1.2.	Cavity patterns on a two-dimensional foil.....	172

8.1.3.	Boundary layer features on a slender foil	174
8.1.4.	The connection between laminar separation and detachment	176
8.2.	Traveling bubble cavitation	179
8.2.1.	The effect of water quality and nuclei seeding.....	179
8.2.2.	Scaling law for developed bubble cavitation.....	182
8.2.3.	Saturation.....	184
8.3.	Interaction between bubbles and cavities.....	186
8.3.1.	Effect of exploding bubbles on a cavity	186
8.3.2.	Critical nuclei concentration for transition between attached cavitation and traveling bubble cavitation.....	187
8.3.3.	The prediction of cavitation patterns	188
8.4.	Roughness and cavitation inception.....	189
	References	191
9.	Ventilated supercavities	193
9.1.	Two-dimensional ventilated cavities	193
9.1.1.	Ventilated hydrofoils.....	193
9.1.2.	The main parameters.....	194
9.1.3.	Cavity length.....	196
9.1.4.	Air flowrate and cavity pressure.....	199
9.1.5.	Pulsation regimes.....	202
9.1.6.	Pulsation frequency	205
9.1.7.	Concerning the pulsation mechanism.....	206
9.2.	Axisymmetric ventilated supercavities	209
9.2.1.	Different regimes of ventilated cavities	209
9.2.2.	Gas evacuation by toroidal vortices	210
9.2.3.	Deformation of the cavity axis by gravity	210
9.2.4.	Gas evacuation by two hollow tube vortices.....	211
9.3.	Analysis of pulsating ventilated cavities.....	214
9.3.1.	Basic equations	214
9.3.2.	Analysis of the pressure fluctuation equation.....	217
9.3.3.	Comparison with experiments	218
	References	220
10.	Vortex cavitation	223
10.1.	Theoretical results	223
10.1.1.	Basic vorticity theorems	223
10.1.2.	The main effects of cavitation on rotational flows.....	224
10.1.3.	Axisymmetric cavitating vortex	226
10.1.4.	Toroidal cavitating vortex	227
10.2.	The non-cavitating tip vortex	231
10.2.1.	Tip vortex formation	231
10.2.2.	Vortex models in viscous fluids	232
10.2.3.	Tip vortex structure	234

10.3. Cavitation in a tip vortex	239
10.3.1. Scaling laws for cavitation inception.....	239
10.3.2. Correlation of cavitation data with the lift coefficient	240
10.3.3. Effect of nuclei content.....	242
10.3.4. Effect of confinement.....	244
References	245
11. Shear cavitation	247
11.1. Jet cavitation.....	248
11.1.1. Some experimental results	248
11.1.2. Some elements of analysis of jet cavitation.....	251
11.2. Wake cavitation	252
11.2.1. Cavitation inception in the wake of circular discs.....	252
11.2.2. Modeling of wake cavitation inception	253
11.2.3. Cavitation in the wake of a two-dimensional wedge.....	256
References	262
12. Cavitation erosion.....	265
12.1. Empirical methods.....	266
12.2. Some global results	267
12.2.1. Influence of flow velocity	267
12.2.2. Time evolution of mass loss rate.....	267
12.2.3. Miscellaneous comments.....	268
12.3. Basic hydrodynamic mechanisms of energy concentration.....	269
12.3.1. Collapse and rebound of a spherical bubble.....	269
12.3.2. Microjet	269
12.3.3. Collective collapse.....	270
12.3.4. Cavitating vortices	270
12.4. Aggressiveness of a cavitating flow	271
12.4.1. Aggressiveness of a collapsing bubble	271
12.4.2. Pitting tests	273
12.4.3. Force measurements	275
12.4.4. Scaling laws for flow aggressiveness	278
12.4.5. Asymptotic behavior of pitting rate at high velocities.....	280
12.5. Insight into the material response.....	282
12.5.1. Interaction between the liquid flow and a solid wall.....	282
12.5.2. Cavitation erosion and strain rate.....	283
12.5.3. Correlation of volume loss with impact energy	284
12.5.4. Phenomenological model for mass loss prediction	285
References	289
Index.....	293