GenoPri'17: International Workshop on Genome Privacy and Security

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Over the past several decades, genome sequencing technologies have evolved from slow and expensive systems that were limited in access to a select few scientists and forensics investigators to high-throughput, relatively low-cost tools that are available to consumers. A consequence of such technical progress is that genomics has become one of the next major challenges for privacy and security [1] because (i) genetic diseases can be unveiled, (ii) the propensity to develop specific diseases (such as Alzheimer's) can be revealed, (iii) a volunteer, accepting to have his genomic code made public, can leak substantial information about his ethnic heritage and the genomic data of his relatives (possibly against their will) [2], [3], and (iv) complex privacy issues can arise if DNA analysis is used for criminal investigations and medical purposes [4].

As genomics is increasingly integrated into healthcare [5] and "recreational" services (e.g., ancestry testing) [6], the risk of DNA data leakage is serious for both individuals and their relatives. Failure to adequately protect such information could lead to a serious backlash, impeding genomic research, that could affect the well-being of our society as a whole. This prompts the need for research and innovation in all aspects of genome privacy and security.

To foster research in understanding and addressing privacy and security issues in genomics, we organized the 4th International Workshop on Genome Privacy and Security (GenoPri) in 2017. This workshop aimed to bring together a highly interdisciplinary community involved in all aspects of genome privacy and security research. This workshop built on its three predecessors, GenoPri'14, GenoPri'15, and GenoPri'16 which were collocated with the Privacy Enhancing Technologies Symposium (PETS), IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy, and American Medical Informatics Association Annual Fall Symposium (AMIA), respectively.

Following the success of GenoPri'16, expanding its reach to medical community, GenoPri'17 was collocated with the GA4GH Security Working Group (SWG) and the American Society of Human Genetics (ASHG) Annual Meeting. The number of participants during the day exceeded 75 and the workshop included technical sessions (featuring peerreviewed papers), a panel, and two invited talks.

The themes of the technical sessions were (i) risks of genomic data sharing—attacks and threats, (ii) future in pharmacogenomics—protection techniques for the genomic pipeline, and (iii) privacy-preserving solutions for processing genomic data. In total, eight technical papers were presented during these sessions.

The panel, moderated by Paul Flicek—EMBL-EBI, focused on "current challenges in genome privacy and security" and the participants were Dixie Baker (Martin, Blanck, and Associates), Knox Carey (Genecloud), Kristin Lauter (Microsoft), and Laura Lyman Rodriguez (National Human Genome Research). Finally, the two invited talks were delivered by Bartha Knoppers (McGill University) and Kristin Lauter (Microsoft).

The four papers selected to appear in this special section of the *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Computational Biology and Bioinformatics* were drawn from the set of accepted peer-reviewed technical papers. The papers that were accepted cover prominent perspectives of genomic privacy, including secure genomic analytics, privacy-preserving data sharing, and user studies. We have ordered the papers to illustrate the progression of privacy and security with respect to genomic data.

The first paper, "End-to-End Security for Local and Remote Human Genetic Data Applications at the EGA" describes how. The European Genome-phenome archive (EGA) provides secured access (considering storage, access, transfer, and data usage) to large genomic datasets for many users across the world. The authors also touch on points of integration with emerging standards in the GA4GH.

The second paper also provides practical solutions as the first one. The paper, "MedCo: Enabling Secure and Privacy-Preserving Exploration of Distributed Clinical and Genomic Data" describes an implementation of the UnLynx protocols (for privacy-preserving sharing of medical data across independent clinical sites) in the MedCo system between several Swiss universities.

The third paper, "Privacy-Preserving Linkage of Genomic and Clinical Data Sets," addresses a key challenge faced by the Global Alliance for Genomics and Health (GA4GH): linking datasets of the same individual. This paper reports the findings and recommendations of the GA4GH Privacy-Preserving Record Linkage Task Force for addressing this challenge.

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The fourth paper, "On Sharing Intentions, and Personal and Interdependent Privacy Considerations for Genetic Data: A Vignette Study," conducts a factorial vignette study to understand how ethnicity, age, genetic markers, and association of data with the individual's name affect data sharing with different organizations.

We are highly encouraged by the increased participation and witnessed the growing of an interdisciplinary research community. The joint meeting with the GA4GH Security Working Group has been fruitful and many participants benefited from the cross-fertilization from each other. We are planning to continue the momentum in 2018 to work closely with the biomedical informatics community and push the fronts of genomic privacy technology to address the real world challenges. Thus, GenoPri'18 again will be collocated with the GA4GH Security Working Group (SWG).

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