Handbook of Software Reliability Engineering

Handbook of Software Reliability Engineering

Michael R. Lyu Editor in Chief

IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY PRESS

Los Alamitos, California Washington Brussels Tokyo

McGraw-Hill

New York San Francisco Washington, D.C. Auckland Bogota Caracas Lisbon London Madrid Mexico City Milan Montreal New Delhi San Juan Singapore Sydney Tokyo Toronto

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Handbook of software reliability engineering/ Michael R. Lyu, editor in chief. p. cm. Includes index. ISBN 0-07-039400-8 (alk.paper) 1. Computer software—Reliability—Handbooks, manuals, etc. I. Lyu, Michael R. QA76.76.R44H361995 005.1 —dc20 95 -46468 CIP

McGraw-Hill

A Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies

Copyright © 1996 by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America. Except as permitted under the United States Copyright Act of 1976, no part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a data base or retrieval system, without the prior written per mission of the publisher.

1234567890 BKP/BKP 9009876

P/N 039401-6 PART OF ISBN 0-07-039400-8

The sponsoring editor for this book was Marjorie Spencer, the editing supervisor was Christine H. Furry, and the production supervisor was Suzanne W. B. Rapcavage. This book was set in Century Schoolbook by North Market Street Graphics. Printed and bound by Quebecor/Book Press. This

book is printed on acid-freepaper.

LIMITSOF LIABILITYAND DISCLAIMEROF WARRANTY

The author and publisher have exercised care in preparing this book and the programs con tained in it. They make no representation, however, that the programs are error-free or suitable for every application to which a reader may attempt to apply them. The author and publisher make no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, including the warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, with regard to these programs or the documentation or theory contained in this book, all of which are provided "as is." The author and publisher shall not be liable for damages in an amount greater than the purchase price of this book, or in any event for incidental or consequential damages in connection with, or arising out of the furnishing, performance, or use of these programs or the associated descriptions or discussions.

Readers should test any program on their own systems and compare results with those presented in this book. They should then construct their own test programs to verify that they fully understand the requisite calling conventions and data formats for each of the programs. Then they should test the specific application thoroughly To my wife C. Felicia Lyu, for her love, understanding, and support throughout this project

Contents

Contributors xviii Foreword by Alfred V. Aho xix Foreword by Richard A. DeMillo xxi Preface xxiii

Part1TechnicalFoundations

apter1 . Introduction	3
1.1 The Need for Reliable Software	3
1.2 Software Reliability Engineering Concepts	5
1.3 Book Overview	8
1.4 Basic Definitions	12
1.5 Technical Areas Related to the Book	19
1.5.1 Fault Prevention	19
1.5.2 Fault Removal	20
1.5.3 Fault Tolerance	20
1.5.4 Fault/Failure Forecasting	21
1.5.5 Scope of This Handbook	21
1.6 Summary	22
Problems	22

Chapter 2. Software Reliability and System Reliability 27

2.1 Introduction	27
2.2 The Dependability Concept	28
2.2.1 Basic Definitions	28
2.2.2 On the Impairments to Dependability	28
2.2.3 On the Attributes of Dependability	32
2.2.4 On the Means for Dependability	33
2.3 Failure Behavior of an X-ware System	35
2.3.1 Atomic Systems	35
2.3.2 Systems Made Up of Components	41
2.4 Failure Behavior of an X-ware System with Service Restoration 49	
2.4.1 Characterization of System Behavior	50
2.4.2 Maintenance Policies	51

vii

viii Contents

- 2.4.3 Reliability Modeling
- 2.4.4 Availability Modeling
- 2.5 Situation with Respect to the State of the Art in Reliability Evaluation
- 2.6 Summary Problems

Chapter 3. Software Reliability Modeling Survey

- 3.1 Introduction3.2 Historical Perspective and Implementation
 - 3.2.1 Historical Background
 - 3.2.2 Model Classification Scheme
 - 3.2.3 Model Limitations and Implementation Issues
- 3.3 Exponential Failure Time Class of Models
 - 3.3.1 Jelinski-Moranda De-eutrophication Model
 - 3.3.2 Nonhomogeneous Poisson Process (NHPP) Model
 - 3.3.3 Schneidewind's Model
 - 3.3.4 Musa's Basic Execution Time Model
 - 3.3.5 Hyperexponential Model
 - 3.3.6 Others
- 3.4 Weibull and Gamma Failure Time Class of Models 3.4.1 Weibull Model
 - 3.4.2 S-Shaped Reliability Growth Model
- 3.5 Infinite Failure Category Models
 - 3.5.1 Duane's Model
 - 3.5.2 Geometric Model
 - 3.5.3 Musa-Okumoto Logarithmic Poisson
- 3.6 Bayesian Models
 - 3.6.1 Littlewood-Verrall Reliability Growth Model
- 3.6.2 Other Bayesian Models
- 3.7 Model Relationships
 - 3.7.1 Generalized Exponential Model Class
 - 3.7.2 Exponential Order Statistic Model Class
- 3.8 Software Reliability Prediction in Early Phases of the Life Cycle 3.8.1 Phase-Based Model
 - 3.8.2 Predicting Software Defects from Ada Designs
 - 3.8.3 Rome Laboratory Work
- 3.9 Summary Problems

Chapter 4. Techniques for Prediction Analysis and Recalibration

- 4.1 Introduction
- 4.2 Examples of Model Disagreement and Inaccuracy
 - 4.2.1 Simple Short-Term Predictions
 - 4.2.2 Longer-Term Predictions
 - 4.2.3 Model Accuracy Varies from Data Source to Data Source
 - 4.2.4 Why We Cannot Select the Best Model a Priori
- 4.2.5 Discussion: A Possible Way Forward
- 4.3 Methods of Analyzing Predictive Accuracy
 - 4.3.1 Basic Ideas: Recursive Comparison of Predictions with Eventual Outcomes

Contents ix

4.3.2 The Prequen 4.3.3	tial Likelihood Ratio (PLR) The	131 U-Plot
135 4.3.4	The	V-Plot
Can Detec 4.4	The Likely Nature of Prediction Erro t Inaccuracy	rs, and How We 141 Recalibration
4.4.2 The Recalibrat	s a Means of Detecting Bias ion Technique he Power of Recalibration	145 146 147 150
4.6 156		Discussion
4.6.1 Summary of t	he Good News: Where We Are Now ations of Present	156 Techniques
	nues for Improvement of Methods p Potential Users	160 162 163 164

Chapter	5.	The	Operational	Profile	
7					16
5.1 Introduction					167
	1				167
5.2 Concepts	nt Drocoduro				170
5.3 Developme		int			170
	stomer Type Li	151			173
	er Type List stem Mode Lis	+			173
	nctional Profile				174
	erational Profil				183
5.4 Test Select		e			194
	ecting Operation	005			194
	gression Test	0113			195
5.5 Special Issu					197
	rect Input Vari	iables			197
	dating the Ope		e		197
	tributed Syster				198
5.6 Other Uses	, 				199
5.7 Application	toDEFINITY	R			200
5.7.1 Pro	ject Descriptio	on			200
5.7.2 Dev	velopment Pro	cess Descript	ion		200
	scribing Operat				201
	lementing Ope	erational Profi	les		203
5.7.5 Cor	nclusion				204
			mated Restoration) 204		
	stem Descriptio				204
	STAR: SREIm				206
	STAR: SRE B				210
			urce System (PQRS)210		
	oject Descriptio				210
	veloping the C	perational Pro	ofile		211
5.9.3 Tes					213
5.9.4 Co					214
5.10 Sun					215
Problems	,				215

Part2Practices and Experiences

Chapter 6. Best Current Practice of SRE	219
6.1 Introduction	219
6.2 Benefits and Approaches to SRE	220
6.2.1 Importance and Benefits	221
6.2.2 An SRE Success Story	221
6.2.3 SRE Costs	222
6.2.4 SRE Activities	223
6.2.5 Implementing SRE Incrementally	223
6.2.6 Implementing SRE on Existing Projects	224
6.2.7 Implementing SRE on Short-Cycle Projects	226
6.3 SRE During the Feasibility and Requirements Phase	226
6.3.1 Feasibility Stage	226
6.3.2 Requirements Stage	228
6.4 SRE During Design and Implementation Phase	232
6.4.1 Design Stage	232
6.4.2 Implementation Stage	233
6.5 SRE During the System Test and Field Trial Phase	235
6.5.1 Determine Operational Profile	236
6.5.2 System Test Stage	237
6.5.3 Field Trial Stage	241
6.6 SRE During the Postdeliveryand Maintenance Phase 6.6.1 ProjectPostreleaseStaff Needs	242 242
6.6.2 Monitor Field Reliability versus Objectives	243
6.6.3 Track Customer Satisfaction	245
6.6.4 Time New Feature Introduction by Monitoring Reliability 245	
6.6.5 Guide Produce and Process Improvement with Reliability Measures 246	
6.7 Getting Started with SRE	246
6.7.1 Prepare Your Organization for SRE	247
6.7.2 Find More Information or Support	250
6.7.3 Do an SRE Self-Assessment	250
6.8 Summary	252
Problems	253
Chapter 7. Software Reliability Measurement Experience 255	
Shaptor 1. Software Kenability measurement Experience 200	
7.1 Introduction	255
7.2 Measurement Framework	256
7.2.1 Establishing Software Reliability Requirements	259
7.2.2 Setting Up a Data Collection Process	266
7.2.3 Defining Data to Be Collected	267

7.2.3 Defining Data to be conected
7.2.4 Choosing a Preliminary Set of Software Reliability Models 272
7.2.5 Choosing Reliability Modeling Tools
7.2.6 Model Application and Application Issues
7.2.7 Dealing with Evolving Software
7.2.8 Practical Limits in Modeling Ultrareliability

7.3 Project Investigation at JPL
7.3.1 Project Selection and Characterization
7.3.2 Characterization of Available Data
7.3.3 Experimental Results

7.4 Investigation at Bellcore 7.4.1 Project Characteristics

281 281

Contents xi

7.4.2 Data Collection	284
7.4.3 Application Results	285
7.5 Linear Combination of Model Results	289
7.5.1 Statically Weighted Linear Combinations	290
7.5.2 Weight Determination Based on Ranking Model Results 290	
7.5.3 Weight Determination Based on Changes in Prequential Likelihood 291	
7.5.4 Modeling Results	291
7.5.5 Overall Project Results	292
7.5.6 Extensions and Alternatives	295
7.5.7 Long-Term Prediction Capability	298
7.6 Summary	299
Problems	300

Chapter 8. Measurement-Based Analysis of Software Reliability 303

8.1 Introduction	303
8.2 Framework	304
8.2.1 Overview	304
8.2.2 Operational versus Development Phase Evaluation 306	
8.2.3 Past Work	306
8.3 Measurement Techniques	307
8.3.1 On-Line Machine Logging	308
8.3.2 Manual Reporting	310
8.4 Preliminary Analysis of Data	312
8.4.1 Data Processing	312
8.4.2 Fault and Error Classification	314
8.4.3 Error Propagation	317
8.4.4 Error and Recovery Distributions	320
8.5 Detailed Analysis of Data	323
8.5.1 Dependency Analysis	324
8.5.2 Hardware-Related Software Errors	327
8.5.3 Evaluation of Software Fault Tolerance	328
8.5.4 Recurrences	329
8.6 Model Identification and Analysis of Models	333
8.6.1 Impact of Failures on Performance	333
8.6.2 Reliability Modeling in the Operational Phase 335	
8.6.3 Error/Failure/Recovery Model	339
8.6.4 Multiple-Error Model	344
8.7 Impact of System Activity	345
8.7.1 Statistical Models from Measurements	345
8.7.2 Overall System Behavior Model	348
8.8 Summary	352
Problems	353
Chapter 9. Orthogonal Defect Classification	359
9.1 Introduction	359
9.2 Measurement and Software	360
9.2.1 Software Defects	361
9.2.2 The Spectrum of Defect Analysis	364
9.3 Principles of ODC	367
9.3.1 The Intuition	367
9.3.2 The Design of Orthogonal Defect Classification 370	
5 5	

- 9.3.3 Necessary Condition
- 9.3.4 Sufficient Conditions
- 9.4 The Defect-Type Attribute
- 9.5 Relative Risk Assessment Using Defect Types 9.5.1 Subjective Aspects of Growth Curves
 - 9.5.2 Combining ODC and Growth Modeling
- 9.6 The Defect Trigger Attribute
 - 9.6.1 The Trigger Concept
 - 9.6.2 System Test Triggers 9.6.3 Review and Inspection Triggers
 - 9.6.4 Function Test Triggers
 - 9.6.5 The Use of Triggers
- 9.7 Multidimensional Analysis
- 9.8 Deploying ODC
- 9.9 Summary Problems

Chapter 10. Trend Analysis

- 10.1 Introduction
- 10.2 Reliability Growth Characterization
 - 10.2.1 Definitions of Reliability Growth
 - 10.2.2 Graphical Interpretation of the SubadditiveProperty
 - 10.2.3 Subadditive Property Analysis
 - 10.2.4 Subadditive Property and Trend Change
 - 10.2.5 Some Particular Situations
 - 10.2.6 Summary
- 10.3 Trend Analysis
 - 10.3.1 Trend Tests
 - 10.3.2 Example
 - 10.3.3 Typical Results That Can Be Drawn from Trend Analyses
- 10.3.4 Summary 10.4 Application to Real Systems
 - - 10.4.1 Software of System SS4 10.4.2 Software of System S27
 - 10.4.3 Software of System SS1
 - 10.4.4 Software of System SS2
 - 10.4.5 SAV
- 10.5 Extension to Static Analysis
 - 10.5.1 Static Analysis Conduct
 - 10.5.2 Application
- 10.6 Summary Problems

Chapter 11. Field Data Analysis

- 11.1 Introduction
- 11.2 Data Collection Principles
 - 11.2.1 Introduction 11.2.2 Failures, Faults, and Related Data
 - 11.2.3 Time
 - 11.2.4 Usage
 - 11.2.5 Data Granularity
 - 11.2.6 Data Maintenance and Validation

11.2.7 Analysis Environment	448
11.3 Data Analysis Principles	449
11.3.1 Plots and Graphs	450
11.3.2 Data Modeling and Diagnostics	454
11.3.3 Diagnostics for Model Determination	455
11.3.4 Data Transformations	458
11.4 Important Topics in Analysis of Field Data	459
11.4.1 Calendar Time	461
11.4.2 Usage Time	461
11.4.3 An Example	462
11.5 Calendar-Time Reliability Analysis	463
11.5.1 Case Study (IBM Corporation)	464
11.5.2 Case Studý (Hitachi Software Engineering Company)	466
11.5.3 Further Examples	468
11.6 Usage-Based Reliability Analysis	469
11.6.1 Case Study (Nortel Telecommunication Systems)	469
11.6.2 Further Examples	470
11.7 Special Events	472
11.7.1 RareEvent Models	473
11.7.2 Case Study (Space Shuttle Flight Software)	476
11.8 Availability	479
11.8.1 Introduction	479
11.8.2 Measuring Availability	480
11.8.3 Empirical Unavailability	481
11.8.4 Models	483
11.9 Summary Problems	486
	487
	107

Part3EmergingTechniques

493
493
495
495
496
497
499
500
502
504
505
505
507
509
510
510
512
514
518
523
526

xiv Contents

12.6 Summary Problems

Chapter 13. Software Testing and Reliability

13.1 Introduction

- 13.2 Overview of Software Testing
 - 13.2.1 Kinds of Software Testing
 - 13.2.2 Concepts from White-Box and Black-Box Testing
- 13.3 Operational Profiles
 - 13.3.1 Difficulties in Estimating the Operational Profile
 - 13.3.2 Estimating Reliability with Inaccurate Operational Profiles
- 13.4 Time/Structure Based Software Reliability Estimation 13.4.1 Definitions and Terminology
 - 13.4.2 Basic Assumptions

 - 13.4.3 Testing Methods and Saturation Effect
 - 13.4.4 Testing Effort
 - 13.4.5 Limits of Testing Methods
 - 13.4.6 Empirical Basis of the Saturation Effect 13.4.7 Reliability Overestimation due to Saturation

 - 13.4.8 Incorporating Coverage in Reliability Estimation
 - 13.4.9 Filtering Failure Data Using Coverage Information
 - 13.4.10 Selecting the Compression Ratio 13.4.11 Handling Rare Events
- 13.5 A Microscopic Model of Software Risk
 - 13.5.1 A Testing-Based Model of Risk Decay 13.5.2 Risk Assessment: An Example
 - 13.5.3 A Simple Risk Computation
 - 13.5.4 A Risk Browser
 - 13.5.5 The Risk Model and Software Reliability
- 13.6 Summary Problems

Chapter 14. Fault -Tolerant Software Reliability Engineering

- 14.1 Introduction
- 14.2 Present Status
- 14.3 Principles and Terminology
- 14.3.1 Result Verification
 - 14.3.2 Redundancy
 - 14.3.3 Failures and Faults
 - 14.3.4 Adjudication by Voting
 - 14.3.5 Tolerance
- 14.4 Basic Techniques
- 14.4.1 Recovery Blocks 14.4.2 N -Version Programming
- 14.5 Advanced Techniques
 - 14.5.1 Consensus Recovery Block
 - 14.5.2 Acceptance Voting
 - 14.5.3 N Self-Checking Programming
- 14.6 Reliability Modeling
 - 14.6.1 Diversity and Dependence of Failures
 - 14.6.2 Data Domain Modeling
 - 14.6.3 Time-Domain Modeling

14.7 Reliability in the Presence of Interversion Failure Correlation	596
14.7.1 An Experiment	596
14.7.2 Failure Correlation	598
14.7.3 Consensus Voting	599
14.7.4 Consensus Recovery Block	601
14.7.5 Acceptance Voting 14.8 Development and Testing of Multiversion Fault-Tolerant Software 604	603
14.8.1 Requirements and Design	605
14.8.2 Verification, Validation, and Testing	606
14.8.2 Vernication, Validation, and Testing 14.8.3 Cost of Fault-Tolerant Software	607
14.9 Summary	609
Problems	609
	000
Chapter 15. Software System Analysis Using Fault Trees	615
15.1 Introduction	615
15.2 Fault Tree Modeling	615
15.2.1 Cutset Generation	617
15.2.2 Fault Tree Analysis	619
15.3 Fault Trees as a Design Aid for Software Systems	622
15.4 Safety Validation Using Fault Trees	623
15.5 Analysis of Fault-Tolerant Software Systems	627
15.5.1 Fault Tree Model for Recovery Block System	629
15.5.2 Fault Tree Model for N-Version Programming System	630
15.5.3 Fault Tree Model for N Self-Checking Programming System 632	
15.6 Quantitative Analysis of Fault-Tolerant Software	635
15.6.1 Methodology for Parameter Estimation from Experimental Data 635	
15.6.2 A Case Study in Parameter Estimation	639
15.6.3 Comparative Analysis of Three Software-Fault-Tolerant Systems 642	
15.7 System-Level Analysis of Hardware and Software System	645
15.7.1 System Reliability and Safety Model for DRB	647
15.7.2 System Reliability and Safety Model for NVP 15.7.3 System Reliability and Safety Model for NSCP	648 650
15.7.4 A Case Study in System-Level Analysis	651
15.8 Summary	657
Problems	657
	001
Chapter 16. Software Reliability Simulation	661
	004
16.1 Introduction	661
16.2 Reliability Simulation 16.2.1 The Need for Dynamic Simulation	662 663
16.2.2 Dynamic Simulation Approaches	664
16.3 The Reliability Process	665
16.3.1 The Nature of the Process	666
16.3.2 Structures and Flows	667
16.3.3 Interdependencies Among Elements	668
16.3.4 Software Environment Characteristics	669
16.4 Artifact-Based Simulation	669
16.4.1 Simulator Architecture	670
16.4.2 Results	675
16.5 Rate-Based Simulation Algorithms	676
16.5.1 Event Process Statistics	677
16.5.2 Single-Event Process Simulation	678

Contributors

Sarah Brocklehurst *City University*, *London*(CHAP. 4) Ram Chillarege IBM Watson Research (CHAP. 9) Mary Donnelly AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP. 6) Joanne Bechta Dugan University of Virginia (CHAP. 15) Bill Everett AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP. 6) William Farr Naval Surface Warfare Center (CHAP. 3) Gene Fuoco AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP. 5) Joseph R. Horgan Bellcore (CHAP. 13) **Nancy Irving** AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP. 5) Ravi K. lyer University of Illinois (CHAP. 8) Wendell Jones BNR Incorporated (CHAP. 11) Bruce Juhlin U S West (CHAP. 5) KaramaKanoun LAAS-CNRS, Toulouse, France (CHAPS. 2,10) Nachimuthu Karunanithi Bellcore (CHAP. 17) Taghi Khoshgoftaar Florida Atlantic University (CHAP. 12) Diane Kropfl AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP.5) Jean-Claude Laprie LAAS-CNRS, Toulouse. France(CHAPS. 2,10) Inhwan Lee Tandem Computers, Inc. (CHAP. 8) **BevLittlewood** *City University*, *London* (CHAP. 4) Michael R. Lyu AT&T Bell Laboratories, Editor (CHAPS. 1, 7, 16, APP. B) Yashwant Malaiya Colorado State University (CHAP. 17) Aditya P. Mathur Purdue University (CHAP. 13) David McAllister North Carolina State University (CHAP. 14) John Munson University of Idaho (CHAP. 12) John Musa AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAPS. 5, 6) Alien Nikora Jet Propulsion Laboratory (CHAP. 7) GeorgeStark Mitre Corporation (APP. A)

- 16.5.3 Recurrent Event Statistics 16.5.4 Recurrent Event Simulation
- 16.5.5 Secondary Event Simulation
- 16.5.6 Limited Growth Simulation
- 16.5.7 The General Simulation Algorithm
- 16.6 Rate-Based Reliability Simulation
 - 16.6.1 Rate Functions of Conventional Models
 - 16.6.2 Simulator Architecture
 - 16.6.3 Display of Results
- 16.7 The Galileo Project Application
 - 16.7.1 Simulation Experiments and Results
 - 16.7.2 Comparisons with Other Software Reliability Models
- 16.8 Summary Problems

Chapter 17. Neural Networks for Software Reliability Engineering

17.1 Introduction 17.2 Neural Networks 17.2.1 Processing Unit 17.2.2 Architecture 17.2.3 Learning Algorithms 17.2.4 Back-Propagation Learning Algorithm 17.2.5 Cascade-Correlation Learning Architecture 17.3 Application of Neural Networks for Software Reliability 17.3.1 Dynamic Reliability Growth Modeling 17.3.2 Identifying Fault-Prone Modules 17.4 Software Reliability Growth Modeling 17.4.1 Training Regimes 17.4.2 Data Representation Issue 17.4.3 A Prediction Experiment 17.4.4 Analysis of Neural Network Models 17.5 Identification of Fault-Prone Software Modules 17.5.1 Identification of Fault-Prone Modules Using Software Metrics 17.5.2 Data Set Used 17.5.3 Classifiers Compared 17.5.4 Data Representation 17.5.5 Training Data Selection 17.5.6 Experimental Approach 17.5.7 Results 17.6 Summary Problems

Appendix A. Software Reliability Tools

Appendix B. Review of Reliability Theory, Analytical Techniques, and Basic Statistics

781 References Index 821 xviii Contributors

Robert Tausworthe Jet Propulsion Laboratory (CHAP. 16) MIaden

Vouk North Carolina State University (CHAPS. 11, 14) Geoff Wilson

AT&T Bell Laboratories (CHAP. 6)

Foreword

Alfred V.Aho ColumbiaUniversity

In complex software systems, reliability is the most important aspect of software quality, but one that has often been the most elusive to achieve. Since more and more of the world's activities and systems are dependent on software, achieving the appropriate level of software reliability consistently and economically is crucial. Software failures make newspaper headlines because at best they inconvenience people and in extreme cases kill them.

It is refreshing to see a book that has the potential to make a significant improvement to software reliability. The *Handbook of Software Reliability Engineering* is an important milestone in the history of software reliability engineering. Michael R. Lyu has assembled a team of leading experts to document the best current practices in the field. The coverage is comprehensive, including material on fault prevention, fault removal, fault tolerance, and failure forecasting. Theory, models, metrics, measurements, processes, analysis, and estimation techniques are presented. The book is filled with proven methods, illustrative examples, and representative test results from working systems in the field. An important component of the book is a set of reliability tools that can be used to apply the techniques presented.

The subject is treated with the rigor that is characteristic of a mature engineering discipline. The book stresses mathematical models for evaluating reliability trade-offs, and shows how these models can be applied to the development of software systems.

With the publication of this Handbook, the field of software reliability engineering has come of age. This book is must reading for all software engineers concerned with software reliability.

Alfred V.Aho

Foreword

Richard A. DeMillo Purdue University and Bellcore

Early in this exhaustive treatment of what may be the single most critical aspect of modern software development, the editor says "Mature engineering fields classify and organize proven solutions in handbooks so that most engineers can consistently handle complicated but routine designs." The reliability engineering of software has become mature with the appearance of this Handbook.

In my graduate software engineering course, I motivate the importance of early test planning with reliability requirement setting examples. It is, in my experience an issue about which success or failure of major systems projects revolve. In the early 1980s I led the DOD's software testing and reliability analysis team for the final operational tests of the now-famous Patriot Missile System. The questions? What was the required system reliability? Was the operational test data consistent with these requirements? Not many people know how close Patriot came to being rejected as a viable weapons system—not because the system itself was bad, but rather because the reliability engineering was so flawed that developers could not determine how reliable it really was. This crisis could have been avoided had software reliability engineering practice been systematized and applied in the manner advocated by this Handbook.

Reliability theory and engineering statistics textbooks ignore soft ware, for the most part. Software engineering textbooks generally ignore reliability theory. Classroom teachers of the subject are forced to the kind of anecdotal material mentioned above, perhaps augmented by special-purpose supplementary readings Even worse, software reliability theory has a reputation for facileness that has been encouraged by the many contributors who try to apply hardware reliability models mutatis mutandis to the very different (and more difficult) problems of software reliability.

So, when I was asked by the editor to review this Handbook, I agreed eagerly. On the one hand, a "real" handbook would be of inestimable

xxi

xxii Foreword

help to practitioners, decision makers, teachers, and students. On the other hand, a spotty or imbalanced treatment would only make matters worse. I said I would offer my comments only after reading the entire book.

The first thing I did when I received the manuscript was to check it against my classroom "staples." There for the first time in book form was a coherent approach to developing reliability requirements. There also was a discussion of the relationship between software test and reliability estimation, the impact of software architecture on reliability, error studies and software fault classification, tools and methods extracted from best-practice benchmarks of the best reliability labs in the world, actual data. It was all there—and in pretty much the same form in which I would have presented it myself. The editor even included exercises to make it suitable for classroom use.

Encouraged, I read the manuscript front to back. This is a book that will be the standard by which the field is measured for years to come. It is thorough, correct, readable, and so current that it actually anticipates results that have not appeared in archival journals yet. It contains the best work of many of the founders of the field. It contains innovations by some of the rising stars. It is, however, more than any thing else a Handbook in the tradition of the classic handbooks of mathematics, physics, and engineering. It does not present software reliability as a silver bullet. It does not attempt to proscribe the complex system usages that would require skill and training on the part of software developers. Rather it seeks to ". . . classify and organize proven solutions ... so that most engineers can consistently handle complicated but routine designs." In this it succeeds, far beyond my expectations. It clearly establishes software reliability engineering as a mature engineering discipline.

Richard A. DeMillo

Preface

Ever since I entered the field of software reliability engineering some years ago, I have been looking for a book that exclusively and compre hensively deals with software reliability subjects that interest me, as both a researcher and a practitioner. I wasn't able to find one. So I started this project by inviting the leading experts in this field to contribute chapters for this book. I laid out the framework of the book, identified its essential components, and integrated them by maintaining completeness and avoiding redundancies. As an editor, my duty is to ensure breadth, while the chapter authors treat the subjects of their delegated chapters in depth.

This is a handbook on software reliability engineering. The theme underlying the book is the formulation, application, and evaluation of software reliability engineering techniques in practice. Reliability is obviously related to many characteristics of the software product and development process. This *Handbook* intends to address all its aspects in a quantitative way.

The book is designed for practitioners or researchers at all levels of competency, from novice to expert. It is targeted for several large, general groups of people who need information on software reliability engineering. They include:

- 1. People who need a general understanding of software reliability. These are high-level managers, professional engineers who use soft ware or whose designs interface with software, and people who acquire, purchase, lease, or use software.
- 2. Software developers, testers, and quality assurance personnel who use and apply software reliability engineering techniques. This also includes practitioners in related disciplines such as system engineering, reliability management, risk analysis, management-decision sciences, and software maintenance.

xxiil

xxiv Preface

 Researchers and students in software engineering, reliability analysis, applied statistics, operations research, and related disciplines, and anyone who wants a deeper understanding of software reliability and its engineering techniques.

Each of the book's individual topics (i.e., chapters) could be considered as a compact. self-contained minibook. However, these topics are presented in relation to the basic principles and practices of software reliability engineering. The approach is to provide framework and a set of techniques for evaluating and improving the engineering of software reliability. It presents specific solutions, obtained mostly from real-world projects and experimental studies, for routine applications. It further hi ghlights promising emerging techniques for research and exploration opportunities.

The book has been thoroughly indexed for your convenience, so that it can serve as a true handbook, and a comprehensive list of references is provided for the purpose of literature search. As a unique value added feature, this book includes a CD-ROM, which contains 40 published and unpublished software project failure data sets and some of the most advanced software reliability tools for ready application of software reliability techniques and a jump-start on software reliability engineering programs.

This book is also designed to be used as a textbook by students of software engineering or system reliability, either in a classroom or for self-study. Examples, case studies, **n**d problems have been provided throughout the book to illustrate the concepts and to walk through the techniques. A *Solution Manual* is available from the editor with solutions to some of the exercises.

What is finally presented here is the work of celebrated international experts contributing their most advanced knowledge and practices on specific reliability-related topics. The development team of this book wants to thank our colleagues who provided continuous encouragement and thorough review of the dnapters of the book. They are Jean Arlat, Phillip Babcock, Farokh B. Bastani, Brian Beckman, Justin Biddle, James Bieman, Harry S. Burns, Sid Dalal, Chris Dale, Adrian Dolinsky, George Finelli, Amrit Goel, Jack Goldberg, Myron Hecht, Walter Heimerdinger, Yu-Yun Ho, Yennun Huang, Robert Jackson, Mohamed Kaaniche, Kalai Kalaichelvan, Rick Karcich, Ted Keller, Elaine Keramidas, Chandra Kintala, Sy-Yen Kuo, Ming Y. Lai, Alice Lee, Haim Levendel, Yi-Bing Lin, Peng Lu, Richard E Machol, Suku Nair, Mits Ohba, Gardner Patton, Hoang Pham, Francesca Saglietti, Norm Schneidewind, Robert Sherman, David Siefert, Pradip Srimani, Mark Sullivan, Robert Swarz, K.C. Tai, Yoshi Tohma, Randy Van Buren, C.W. Vowell, Anneliese von Mayrhauser, Chris J. Walter, Yi-Ming Wang, Pramod Warty, Chuck Weinstock, Min Xie, and Jinsong Yu.

Preface xxv

We are most appreciative of the organizations and projects that provided funding for the work conducted in some of the book chapters. They are the Advanced Research Projects Agency, the ESPRIT Basic Research Action on Predictably Dependable Computing Systems, the ESPRIT programme as part of the PDCS1 and PDCS2 projects, the EU Environment programme as part of the SHIP project, IBM at Pough-keepsie, New York, the Illinois Computer Laboratory for Aerospace Systems and Software (ICLASS), National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), NASAAMES Research Center, Office of Naval Research, Tandem Computers Incorporated, the U.K. EPSRC as part of the DATUM project, and the U.S. Air Force Operational Test and Evaluation Center (AFOTEC).

I also want to particularly thank Al Aho and Rich DeMillo for writing forewords to this book. Their comments are helpful and rewarding. I am greatly thankful to Karen Newcomb of NASA COSMIC and LiHam Valdez-Diaz of AT&T for permission to include CASRE, SoftRel, and AT&T SRE Toolkit in this book. My appreciation goes to Jean Glasser, Marjorie Spencer, John Wyzaiek, and Suzanne Rapcavage, editing and production supervisors at McGraw-Hill during different stages of this book. Midge Haramis's assistance is also acknowledged. The invaluable guidance and help of Christine Furry at North Market Street Graphics during many revision, editing, and production cycles have also made this book project much easier than it would have been.

Finally, I want to thank my wife Felicia, to whom this book is dedicated. .

Michael R. Lyu Murray Hill, New Jersey