# IMPROVED DARK ENERGY CONSTRAINTS FROM ~ 100 NEW CfA SUPERNOVA TYPE Ia LIGHT CURVES 

Malcolm Hicken ${ }^{1,2}$, W. Michael Wood-Vasey ${ }^{3}$, Stephane Blondin ${ }^{4}$, Peter Challis ${ }^{1}$, Saurabh Jha ${ }^{5}$, Patrick L. Kelly ${ }^{6}$, Armin Rest ${ }^{2,7}$, and Robert P. Kirshner ${ }^{1}$<br>${ }^{1}$ Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA; mhickencfa.harvard.edu, kirshner@cfa.harvard.edu<br>${ }^{2}$ Department of Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA<br>${ }^{3}$ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA 15260, USA<br>${ }^{4}$ European Southern Observatory, D-85748 Garching, Germany<br>${ }^{5}$ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, NJ 08854, USA<br>${ }^{6}$ Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology, Stanford University, 382 Via Pueblo Mall, Stanford, CA 94305, USA<br>${ }^{7}$ Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory (CTIO), Colina el Pino S/N, La Serena, Chile<br>Received 2009 February 5; accepted 2009 April 28; published 2009 July 10


#### Abstract

We combine the CfA3 supernovae Type Ia (SN Ia) sample with samples from the literature to calculate improved constraints on the dark energy equation of state parameter, $w$. The CfA3 sample is added to the Union set of Kowalski et al. to form the Constitution set and, combined with a BAO prior, produces $1+w=0.013_{-0.068}^{+0.066}$ ( 0.11 syst), consistent with the cosmological constant. The CfA3 addition makes the cosmologically useful sample of nearby SN Ia between 2.6 and 2.9 times larger than before, reducing the statistical uncertainty to the point where systematics play the largest role. We use four light-curve fitters to test for systematic differences: SALT, SALT2, MLCS2k2 ( $R_{V}=3.1$ ), and MLCS2k2 $\left(R_{V}=1.7\right)$. SALT produces high-redshift Hubble residuals with systematic trends versus color and larger scatter than MLCS2k2. MLCS2k2 overestimates the intrinsic luminosity of SN Ia with $0.7<\Delta<1.2$. MLCS2k2 with $R_{V}=3.1$ overestimates host-galaxy extinction while $R_{V} \approx 1.7$ does not. Our investigation is consistent with no Hubble bubble. We also find that, after light-curve correction, SN Ia in Scd/Sd/Irr hosts are intrinsically fainter than those in E/S0 hosts by $2 \sigma$, suggesting that they may come from different populations. We also find that SN Ia in $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts have low scatter ( 0.1 mag ) and reddening. Current systematic errors can be reduced by improving SN Ia photometric accuracy, by including the CfA3 sample to retrain light-curve fitters, by combining optical SN Ia photometry with near-infrared photometry to understand host-galaxy extinction, and by determining if different environments give rise to different intrinsic SN Ia luminosity after correction for light-curve shape and color.


Key words: cosmology: dark energy - supernovae: general
Online-only material: color figures, machine-readable tables

## 1. INTRODUCTION

One of the limitations of supernova cosmology has been the relatively low number of cosmologically useful nearby supernovae Type Ia (SN Ia). The paucity of nearby objects has caused the statistical uncertainties in measurements of timeindependent dark energy to be on the same order as systematic uncertainties. For example, Kowalski et al. (2008) use 250 SN Ia at high redshift but only 57 at low redshift. As part of their study, they add eight new nearby SN Ia light curves and find that their inclusion helps reduce the statistical uncertainty in the measurement of the cosmological constant. In this paper, we combine the latest sample of nearby SN Ia optical photometry from the CfA SN Group (CfA3 sample; Hicken et al. 2009, hereafter H 09 ) with samples from the literature and use multiple light-curve fitters to calculate dark energy values. The CfA3 sample consists of 185 objects, compared with 29 from the Calan-Tololo survey (Hamuy et al. 1996), 22 from the "CfA1" sample (Riess et al. 1999), and 44 from the "CfA2" sample (Jha et al. 2006). As many as 133 are above $z=0.01$ and are useful for dark energy calculations, depending on what cuts are made. This increases the number of cosmologically useful nearby SN Ia by a factor of roughly 2.6-2.9 and reduces the statistical uncertainties of time-independent dark energy to the point where the largest uncertainties that remain are systematic. Because of these systematic uncertainties, we do not claim that any of our dark energy values is the "right" one. However, as the
systematic errors (some of which are identified and addressed in this paper) are reduced in future studies, the promise of constraining cosmology from SN Ia with high precision will become more real. The task of solving the systematic problems that limit SN cosmology will be challenging but it is the most important area to focus on.

There are two main sources of known systematic uncertainty in SN cosmology. One is in the photometry itself. For example, good nearby light curves only have a typical accuracy of 0.03 mag (as opposed to a precision of 0.015 mag ; see H09) and different groups' nearby samples disagree in their mean Hubble residuals by about 0.03 mag (see Section 3.12 herein). The second is the method of SN Ia distance estimation, typically involving corrections for light-curve shape and color to obtain the absolute intrinsic SN Ia magnitude. The main source of uncertainty here is how to treat host-galaxy reddening and disentangle this from intrinsic SN Ia color variation. A third source could also be that there are different populations of SN Ia that are equivalent in light-curve shape and color but actually have slightly different intrinsic luminosities.
The CfA3 sample is useful in identifying and reducing systematic errors on the photometric front because it provides a large, homogeneously reduced and nearly homogeneously observed nearby sample. The CfA3 sample can be used on its own as the nearby component and thus reduce the effects of systematic offsets with other samples. Also, the same photometric reduction pipeline that was used for the ESSENCE survey
(Miknaitis et al. 2007) was used for the CfA3 sample, reducing one source of systematic uncertainty between nearby and faraway SN Ia. Regarding light-curve fitting and distance estimation methods, the CfA3 sample can be added to existing training sets to improve their accuracy and precision, especially since the inclusion of the slightly less-common slow and fast decliners was emphasized. For the first time we are in a position to examine different fitting methods on a large sample that was not used to train them. With the larger sample, light-curve fitters can be trained better and a proper prediction error can be calculated by excluding individual objects (or groups of objects) from the training sample one at a time. Mandel et al. (2009) have developed the machinery for this in the near-infrared and will be including the optical bands shortly. Additionally, many of the CfA3 objects were also observed spectroscopically (Matheson et al. 2008; S. Blondin et al. 2009, in preparation) and photometrically in the near-infrared (Wood-Vasey 2008; A. Friedman et al. 2009, in preparation). The combination of the optical and near-infrared photometry should help disentangle host reddening from intrinsic SN Ia color and reduce this source of systematic error. Finally, the larger sample assists the search for different SN Ia populations, perhaps by host-galaxy morphology (see Section 4.2) or by host-galaxy color (P. Kelly et al. 2009, in preparation).

Due to the light-curve-shape/luminosity relationship (broader brighter, narrower fainter), the natural scatter in intrinsic SN Ia luminosity is reduced by a factor of three. This makes SN Ia into standardizable candles and the most useful distance indicators at cosmological scales (e.g., Phillips 1993; Hamuy et al. 1996; Riess et al. 1996; Perlmutter et al. 1997; Jha et al. 1999; Goldhaber et al. 2001; Guy et al. 2005, 2007; Jha et al. 2007; Conley et al. 2008). They have been the key element in the discovery that the universe is accelerating and dominated by dark energy (e.g., Riess et al. 1998; Perlmutter et al. 1999; Knop et al. 2003; Tonry et al. 2003; Barris et al. 2004; Astier et al. 2006; Riess et al. 2007; Wood-Vasey et al. 2007; Davis et al. 2007; Kowalski et al. 2008). Observational efforts have moved beyond merely establishing the existence of dark energy and are focused on determining its simplest properties. This is most often done in terms of the equation of state, $p=w \rho$, where the equation of state parameter, $w$, relates the dark energy density, $\rho$, to the dark energy pressure, $p$. In a Friedman universe, $\rho$ depends on $1+w$ and the scale factor of the universe, $a$, as $\rho \sim a^{-3(1+w)}$. The first question that arises is whether the dark energy density is constant $(1+w=0$, a cosmological constant) or not. We choose to use the notation, $1+w$, since it is then easier to think about values of $w$ larger than $-1(1+w>0)$ or more negative than $-1(1+w<0)$. In the case of $1+w<0$ the dark energy grows in density as the universe expands! The second question is whether the dark energy properties, as described by $w$, are constant in time or not.

The first study on the equation of state produced a $95 \%$ confidence limit of $1+w<0.3$, assuming $\Omega_{M} \sim 0.2$ and zero possibility of $1+w<0$ (Garnavich et al. 1998). Knop et al. (2003) found $1+w=-0.05_{-0.20}^{+0.15}$. Riess et al. (2005) reported $1+w=-0.02_{-0.19}^{+0.13}$. The SNLS and ESSENCE surveys were designed to narrow the constraints on $1+w$ and their first reports showed significant improvement in statistical uncertainty over the previous values, bringing them down to the range where systematic uncertainties, which they try to reduce as well, are of roughly equal importance. Astier et al. (2006, A06 hereafter) found $1+w=-0.02 \pm 0.09$ while Wood-Vasey et al. (2007, WV07 hereafter) found $1+w=-0.07 \pm 0.09$. Most recently,

Kowalski et al. (2008, hereafter K08) made a compilation of the literature SN Ia, plus several new nearby ones that they present, and found $1+w=-0.01 \pm 0.08$ when using the same priors as A06 and WV07. All of these studies are consistent with a cosmological constant.

On the time evolution of $1+w$, Riess et al. (2007) rule out rapidly evolving dark energy. Below $z \sim 0.4,1+w$ does not vary. However, large numbers of new high-redshift SN Ia $(z \sim 1.5)$ are needed to provide meaningful constraints on the long-term time evolution of $1+w$. Our focus is solely on time-independent $1+w$ (which we will just refer to as $1+w$ ), in a flat universe, where adding nearby SN Ia makes a significant improvement. We invite others to use the distances presented in this work and explore a wider range of dark energy models than we do.

We now summarize the present numbers of cosmologically useful SN Ia light curves and some of the significant surveys that will be completed or operational within seven or eight years from now. The future estimates are largely drawn from the Report of the Dark Energy Task Force (Albrecht et al. 2006) and the Figure of Merit Scientific Working Group findings (FoMSWG; Albrecht et al. 2009). Including the CfA3 sample, there are currently $\sim 150-200$ nearby SN Ia light curves $(z<0.15)$ that are useful for dark energy calculations. The KAIT sample, with $\sim 100$ SN Ia, will soon be published, as will the Carnegie Supernova Project sample, also with $\sim 100$ SN Ia. Some of these are not in the Hubble flow and a significant number of these objects were also observed in the CfA2 and CfA3 surveys, so not all of the KAIT and Carnegie objects will be unique additions. In total, when these are included, there will be roughly 300 nearby SN Ia light curves that are useful for dark energy calculations. The Nearby Supernova Factory will also be presenting ~300 spectrophotometric SN Ia light curves $(0.03<z<0.08)$ at some point. At a more nearby-to-intermediate redshift range, Sloan Digital Sky Survey will soon publish a total of several hundred SN Ia light curves ( $0.05<z<0.35$ ).

From the compilation of K08, there are roughly 40 SN Ia from the High $z$ team and 40 from the Supernova Cosmology Project, mostly in the redshift range $(0.3 \lesssim z \lesssim 1.2)$. ESSENCE has contributed $\sim 100 \mathrm{SN}$ Ia $(0.2<z<0.8)$ and will soon reach a total of $\sim 200$ with spectroscopic identification. About seventy percent of the ESSENCE SN Ia are useful for dark energy calculations. SNLS has published $\sim 75$ cosmologically useful SN Ia light curves $(0.2<z<0.9)$ and will soon have a total of $\sim 500$. There are also $\sim 25$ SN Ia from the Higher- $z$ team, many above $z=1$.

All of these soon-to-be-published samples will drive statistical uncertainties of time-independent dark energy about as low as is possible with the current state of SN Ia photometry and distance fitting. Further progress will only be made by significantly reducing systematic uncertainties. These additional samples will also contribute to this.

Looking ahead, the Dark Energy Survey should acquire roughly 2000-3000 SN Ia light curves by $2014(0.3<z<0.8)$ and Pan-STARRS will observe several thousand per year $(0.2<$ $z<1$ ) but only a small percentage will be spectroscopically identified. If the Hubble Space Telescope refurbishment is successful then an additional 50-100 SN Ia with $z>1$ should be obtained. Farther into the future, the JDEM will observe 2000+ SN Ia in the range, $0.3 \lesssim z \lesssim 1.7$ with the intention of better constraining the time variation of dark energy. The LSST will provide truly staggering numbers of SN Ia, on the order of $10^{5}$ per year, most with $z<0.7$ and a smaller portion extending out to $z=1.2$. The James Webb Space Telescope will be able to
study SN Ia beyond $z \approx 2$, giving further insight into the matterdominated era of the universe. In the design of these surveys, emphasis should be placed on reducing systematic uncertainties, as opposed to simply acquiring more objects with the same level of accuracy as in previous surveys.

Returning to the matter at hand, the CfA3 sample was acquired from 2001-2008, on the F. L. Whipple Observatory 1.2 m telescope, mostly using two cameras, the 4Shooter and Keplercam, as described in H09. A few SN Ia were observed with the Minicam. UBVRI filters were used on the 4Shooter while $U B V r$ ' $i$ ' filters were used on the Minicam and Keplercam. CfA3 comprises over 11,500 observations while CfA1 has 1210 and CfA2 has 2190. H09 show relatively good agreement with previous samples of nearby SN Ia in the distribution of intrinsic color and host-galaxy extinction. However, CfA3 has a wider distribution in light-curve shape, in large part due to H 09 giving higher priority to fast and slow decliners in order to fill in the population sampling of both brighter and fainter SN Ia. This is of particular value for retraining light-curve fitters as well as providing light-curve phase information for spectra of the objects in the CfA3 sample. The slow decliners are also a valuable addition since these are found relatively more often at high redshift.

As discussed in greater detail in H 09 , about two thirds of the CfA3 SN Ia were discovered by professionals and one third by amateurs. KAIT was the main single contributor with $46 \%$ of the objects. The median redshift of the CfA3 objects above $z=0.01$ is $z=0.03$. The discovery limiting magnitude was typically $\sim 19.5$ mag but objects with a peak magnitude fainter than $\sim 18.5 \mathrm{mag}$ were not observed. This effective limiting magnitude for the CfA3 sample captures the whole range of SN Ia intrinsic luminosities out to $z \approx 0.03$. Beyond that, the fainter SN Ia drop out. The CfA3 sample is not representative of the relative numbers of the underlying nearby SN Ia distribution because of the many selection effects that are part of discovery and follow-up observations.

Combining the CfA3 sample with high- and low-redshift samples from the literature improves the constraints on $1+w$. We use four light-curve fitters to probe for consistency and systematic effects: SALT (Guy et al. 2005), SALT2 (Guy et al. 2007), MLCS2k2 (Jha et al. 2007, J07 hereafter) with $R_{V}=3.1$ (MLCS31) and MLCS2k2 with $R_{V}=1.7$ (MLCS17). Even though the underlying MLCS2k2 algorithm is the same for MLCS17 and MLCS31, we refer to them as two "different" fitters for the sake of simplicity. It is important to note that none of these fitters has been trained on the light curves from the CfA3 sample and yet we find reasonably consistent results between the CfA3 and literature nearby samples. We limit ourselves to these fitters so that comparisons with K08, MW07, and A06 can be made. However, we encourage that other light-curve fitters be used with the aim of exploring and decreasing systematic errors. Examples are $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ (Phillips 1993; Phillips et al. 1999), stretch (Goldhaber et al. 2001), CMAGIC (Wang et al. 2003; Conley et al. 2006), dm15 (Prieto et al. 2006), and SiFTO (Conley et al. 2008). We also encourage the addition of appropriate CfA 3 objects to the these fitters.

To correctly determine the properties of the dark energy, it is vital to have distances at high and low redshift that are accurate relative to one another. The dividing line between high and low redshift in this paper is $z=0.16$ for SALT, which is consistent with $z=0.20$ in K 08 (there are no objects with $0.16<z<0.20$, and only one object, SN 1999ar, with $0.15<z<0.16$ ), and $z=0.15$ for the other fitters,
consistent with WV07. In the concordance model, $\Omega_{M} \approx 0.3$ and $\Omega_{\Lambda} \approx 0.7$, the SN Ia at $z \approx 0.5$ are about 0.25 mag fainter (and hence farther) than they would be in a universe with only matter $\left(\Omega_{M} \approx 0.3\right)$. If new samples or analysis showed the $z \approx 0.5 \mathrm{SN}$ Ia to be even fainter (and farther), and the nearby sample remained unchanged, then this would imply greater $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ (assuming $1+w=0$ in a flat universe) or lower $1+w$ (with $1+w$ free to vary in a flat universe) than before. Similar effects would be seen if the nearby distances decreased (brighter objects), and the $z \approx 0.5$ distances remain unchanged.

In comparing nearby and faraway SN Ia distances there are two key components: the underlying nearby and faraway SN Ia populations that nature provides and the distance estimation methods that we provide. Ideally, the nearby and faraway SN Ia populations would be composed of identical objects and the methods of distance estimation (photometry and light-curve/ distance fitting) would work perfectly across the whole SN Ia range.

There is good evidence that the faraway population is composed of objects highly similar to the part of the nearby sample that it overlaps with. Comparisons of high- and low-redshift spectra reveal good agreement (e.g., Matheson et al. 2005; Hook et al. 2005; Howell et al. 2005; Foley et al. 2005, 2008; Blondin et al. 2006). Howell et al. (2007) mimic there being a difference in faraway and nearby populations due to evolution by only using SN Ia with light curve stretch parameter, $s \geqslant 1$ at $z \geqslant 0.4$ and SN Ia with $s<1$ at $z<0.4$ to fit the cosmology and find it is consistent with the results of the full sample. We assume that the nearby and faraway population objects are sufficiently similar for our purposes.

This leaves us with the issue of whether the distance estimation is sufficiently accurate or not. It is vital to accurately handle any aspects of the distance estimation that are unique, or much more heavily weighted, to either the faraway or nearby samples, such as $K$-corrections for the faraway SN Ia or including underluminous fast decliners at low redshift. It is also key to limit the samples to the range where the distance estimators are accurate enough and the faraway and nearby subsamples overlap sufficiently in underlying population and sampling characteristics so that any remaining inaccuracies in the distance estimators do not give rise to any significant differences. One option is to remove any troublesome groups, potentially gaining systematic safety while losing statistical leverage.

An example of this is handling host-galaxy reddening. There are more highly reddened SN Ia in the nearby sample. If the host extinction is estimated too high, perhaps because the physical value of $R_{V}$ is less than is being assumed, then the nearby distances will be too low on average, resulting in an overestimated dark energy density. Until the issue of handling host reddening is improved it is probably advisable to cut out moderately and highly reddened objects, and we follow this course for our "best"-cut samples.

As SN Ia samples grow in size and quality it may not be statistically necessary to include less-reliable objects. However, it is also likely that improved data sets and distance estimation techniques will result in SN Ia being better standardizable candles so that a wider range of objects can be safely included.

### 1.1. Outline of the Paper

In Section 2, we describe the SN Ia light-curve samples and what initial "minimal" quality cuts we make to ensure that poorly fit objects are not being used to calculate cosmological
results. We also describe the four light-curve fitters we use to calculate distances and how we calculate the cosmological fits.

In Section 3, we present our cosmological fits and examine the impact of the CfA3 sample. It reduces the statistical error on $1+w$ by a factor of 1.2-1.3, slightly less than rough $\sqrt{N}$ statistics would imply, suggesting that systematic uncertainties are becoming noticeable. Our Constitution sample (Union+CfA3), fit by SALT and using linear color-luminosity and light-curve-shape-luminosity relations, produces $1+w=$ $0.013_{-0.068}^{+0.066}(0.11$ syst $)$ when combined with a BAO prior. This is consistent with the cosmological constant. We use the four light-curve fitters and different SN Ia samples to test for consistency and systematic differences and find generally good agreement. An encouraging example is the excellent agreement of the distances to two SN Ia in the same galaxy ("twins") that was found using each of the four fitters. However, there are three areas of concern: SALT, and to a lesser extent, SALT2, produce a trend in Hubble residuals versus the color parameter, $c$, at high redshift; MLCS2k2 gives rise to mostly negative residuals in the moderately underluminous region $0.7<\Delta<1.2$; and $R_{V}=3.1$ seems to overestimate the host-galaxy extinction, $A_{V}$, in MLCS31. In Section 3.11, we choose to remove these objects for our "best"-cut samples. With and without the best cuts, SALT and SALT2 produce values of $1+w$ that are statistically consistent with the cosmological constant. Without the best cuts, MLCS31 also is consistent with the cosmological constant while MLCS17 produces $1+w \approx 0.1$. After the best cuts, MLCS31 and MLCS17 agree much better with each other but are slightly more than $1 \sigma$ above the cosmological constant $(1+w=0)$. We believe that when the systematic problems we discuss are resolved in retrained or future fitters that there will be much better agreement among different fitters and a more accurate measurement of the dark energy will exist.

In Section 3.12, we break up the nearby sample into its six or seven principal subsamples, based on observing survey. We examine the implied consistency of the photometry and light-curve/distance fitting of the six-to-seven largest nearby samples by comparing their average Hubble residuals and find typical agreement to be roughly 0.03 mag. MLCS17 gives the best agreement between the samples ( $\sim 0.02 \mathrm{mag}$ ), MLCS31 and SALT come next ( $\sim 0.03 \mathrm{mag}$ ), and SALT2 has the most discrepancy ( $\sim 0.06 \mathrm{mag}$ ).

In Section 4, We explore the issue of the "Hubble bubble" and look for trends in Hubble residuals versus host-galaxy properties. Our results are largely consistent with no Hubble bubble. We find that the SN Ia in $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts are fainter after light-curve correction by $2 \sigma$ than those in $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ hosts, suggesting that it may be advantageous for light-curve fitting to divide the SN Ia sample into two or more groups based on host-galaxy properties. We briefly comment on the systematic uncertainty in $1+w$, finding it to be roughly 0.11 mag and $\sim 40 \%-70 \%$ larger than the statistical uncertainty. The largest systematics seem to be which nearby sample and which light-curve fitter are used. The treatment of host reddening is the largest contributor to the uncertainty of a given fitter. Systematic uncertainties now play the largest role in limiting our understanding of dark energy. To reduce these, three main steps should be taken. First, future photometry needs to be more accurate, by better understanding the instrumental passbands and their absolute calibration. Second, light-curve fitters need to be retrained with larger samples, including the CfA3 and other forthcoming samples, treating the intrinsically red and subluminous $\mathrm{SN}-1991$ bg-like objects separately. And third,
intrinsic SN Ia color and host-galaxy reddening, at both high and low redshift, need to be disentangled.

## 2. LIGHT-CURVE FITTERS

SALT and SALT2 are light-curve fitters and require a twostep approach toward calculating distances: first, fit each light curve for peak magnitude, stretch parameter ( $s$ for SALT and $x_{1}$ for SALT2) and color, $c$; second, use these outputs to calculate the best-fit cosmology. Typically, the distance modulus is parameterized by a linear dependence on shape and color parameters and we follow this path. SALT and SALT2 do not attempt to disentangle intrinsic color from host reddening. To be valid for cosmological calculations, both the high- and lowredshift samples must obey the same, combined intrinsic-plus-host-reddening color-magnitude relations.

Using MLCS2k2 also takes two steps to find the best-fit cosmology: fit for the distances and then fit for the cosmology. MLCS2k2 goes farther than SALT and fits for the distance along with its shape/luminosity parameter, $\Delta$, the host-galaxy extinction parameter, $A_{V}$ and the time of $B$ maximum, $t_{o}$. MLCS2k2 differs from SALT and SALT2 in that it attempts to explicitly calculate the host reddening by employing a prior on $E(B-V)$ which can then be converted to the extinction $A_{V}$ via the reddening law $R_{V}$. We use $R_{V}=3.1$ and $R_{V}=1.7$, effectively producing two MLCS2k2 fitters. It also uses a quadratic dependence on the shape parameter $\Delta$ to describe all intrinsic variations of the peak magnitude. No explicit, intrinsic-color parameter is employed. Rather, the broader-bluer, narrower-redder relation is incorporated into $\Delta$ so that the negative- $\Delta$ light-curve template is both blue and broad while the highly positive- $\Delta$ template is red and narrow.

A weakness of the second step of using SALT and SALT2 is giving the same color-magnitude relation to both intrinsic SN Ia color variation and host-galaxy dust. A weakness of MLCS2k2 is the uncertain nature of the prior on $E(B-V)$, especially at high redshift, and the reddening law that should be used. The use of all four fitters assumes that SN Ia are intrinsically the same at high and low redshift for a given shape and color, within the observed scatter. The veracity of this assumption has been explored and seems to hold but needs further investigation.

Our main purpose for fitting with SALT is to add the CfA3 sample to the Union compilation of K08. We call the combination of the Union and the CfA3 sets the "Constitution" set, to form a more perfect union. For the other three fitters, we do not use all the high-redshift SN Ia samples, specifically excluding $\sim 100$ objects from the SCP and High- $z$ objects from Riess et al. (1998), Perlmutter et al. (1999), Knop et al. (2003), Tonry et al. (2003), and Barris et al. (2004). Rather, we use the ESSENCE (Miknaitis et al. 2007), SNLS (A06) and Higher-z samples (Riess et al. 2007) where we believe the systematics to be better controlled. We will call these three together the "High-z" sample. The low-redshift SN Ia compiled in Jha et al. (2006; referred to hereafter as "OLD") and the CfA3 sample constitute our nearby, "OLD+CfA3," sample. For each fitter we separately combine the OLD, CfA3, and OLD+CfA3 samples with the High- $z$ sample. We will use these three nearby sample names to refer to the three nearby plus High- $z$ samples since the High- $z$ sample is common to each. We will also use "OLD" to refer to the nearby sample and the nearby plus high-redshift sample in K08. In the SALT case, OLD is equivalent to Union and OLD+CfA3 is equivalent to Constitution.

In all our $\Omega_{M}-w$ cosmology fits, we assume a flat universe and combine the baryonic acoustic oscillations (BAO) constraints

Table 1
SALT Light-Curve Fit Parameters and Distances

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {c }}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1993ag | 0.050(0.001) | 17.790(0.108) | 0.910(0.020) | 0.090(0.020) | $36.910(0.135)$ |
| 19930 | 0.053(0.001) | 17.610(0.111) | 0.900(0.010) | $-0.010(0.020)$ | 36.977(0.134) |
| 1993h | 0.025(0.001) | 16.740(0.145) | 0.680(0.010) | 0.210(0.010) | 35.264(0.186) |
| 1993b | 0.070(0.001) | 18.380(0.040) | 0.990(0.030) | 0.040(0.040) | 37.729(0.124) |
| 1992bs | 0.063(0.001) | 18.180(0.108) | $1.000(0.020)$ | $-0.030(0.020)$ | 37.722(0.131) |
| 1992br | 0.088(0.001) | 19.400(0.001) | 0.650(0.040) | 0.030(0.050) | 38.353(0.143) |
| 1992bp | 0.079(0.001) | 18.280(0.108) | 0.870(0.020) | -0.040(0.020) | 37.687(0.128) |
| 1992bo | 0.017(0.001) | 15.750(0.168) | 0.740(0.010) | 0.030(0.010) | 34.815(0.235) |
| 1992bl | 0.042(0.001) | 17.290(0.108) | 0.790(0.020) | $-0.010(0.020)$ | 36.520 (0.140) |
| 1992bh | 0.045(0.001) | 17.590(0.121) | 0.980(0.010) | 0.100(0.010) | 36.771 (0.139) |
| 1992bc | 0.020(0.001) | 15.070(0.156) | 1.010(0.010) | -0.060(0.010) | 34.702(0.214) |
| 1992aq | 0.101(0.001) | 19.300(0.108) | 0.840(0.020) | -0.050(0.020) | 38.696(0.126) |
| 1992ag | 0.027(0.001) | 16.240(0.127) | $1.030(0.040)$ | 0.150(0.020) | 35.353(0.179) |
| 1992ae | 0.075(0.001) | 18.390(0.108) | 0.940(0.020) | -0.020(0.020) | 37.832(0.129) |
| 1992p | 0.026(0.001) | 16.030(0.107) | 1.140(0.080) | -0.010(0.020) | 35.694(0.188) |
| 1990af | 0.050(0.001) | 17.730(0.121) | 0.740(0.010) | 0.000(0.010) | 36.872(0.137) |
| 19900 | 0.031(0.001) | 16.200(0.118) | 1.040(0.030) | 0.000(0.020) | 35.714(0.163) |
| 2001cz | 0.016(0.001) | 15.030(0.106) | 1.010(0.020) | 0.110(0.010) | 34.222(0.204) |
| 2001 cn | 0.015(0.001) | 15.220(0.121) | 0.920(0.010) | 0.170(0.010) | $34.145(0.219)$ |
| 2001ba | 0.030(0.001) | 16.180(0.013) | 1.000(0.010) | -0.040(0.010) | 35.748(0.098) |
| 2000ca | 0.025(0.001) | 15.510(0.053) | 1.000(0.030) | -0.060(0.010) | 35.130(0.135) |
| 2000bh | 0.024(0.001) | 15.940(0.040) | 0.940(0.040) | 0.100(0.020) | $35.071(0.143)$ |
| 1999 gp | 0.026(0.001) | 15.990(0.053) | $1.130(0.030)$ | 0.040(0.010) | 35.512(0.129) |
| 1993ac | 0.049(0.001) | 17.800(0.083) | 0.780(0.060) | 0.080(0.040) | $36.785(0.163)$ |
| 1994m | 0.024(0.001) | 16.300(0.159) | 0.780(0.020) | 0.110(0.020) | 35.207(0.205) |
| 1994s | 0.015(0.001) | 14.770(0.196) | 1.090(0.050) | $-0.010(0.020)$ | 34.372(0.280) |
| 1994t | 0.036(0.001) | 17.050(0.084) | 0.840(0.040) | 0.020(0.050) | 36.264(0.181) |
| 1995ac | 0.049(0.001) | 17.030(0.145) | 1.040(0.010) | 0.010(0.010) | 36.518(0.159) |
| 1995ak | 0.022(0.001) | 15.870(0.105) | 0.890(0.040) | 0.070(0.050) | 35.017(0.216) |
| 1996c | 0.028(0.001) | 16.650(0.147) | 1.010(0.020) | 0.120(0.020) | 35.816(0.188) |
| 1996ab | 0.124(0.001) | 19.530(0.131) | 0.960(0.030) | -0.080(0.020) | 39.152(0.148) |
| 1996bl | 0.036(0.001) | 16.620(0.143) | 0.990(0.020) | 0.030(0.010) | $35.995(0.167)$ |
| 1996bv | 0.017(0.001) | 15.350(0.183) | 1.010(0.040) | 0.220(0.010) | 34.257(0.254) |
| 1996bo | 0.016(0.001) | 15.820(0.189) | 0.870(0.020) | 0.370(0.010) | 34.165(0.257) |
| 2000fa | 0.022(0.001) | 15.840(0.258) | 0.960(0.030) | 0.080(0.020) | 35.048(0.296) |
| 2000 dk | 0.016(0.001) | $15.330(0.276)$ | 0.730(0.010) | 0.050(0.010) | 34.330(0.325) |
| 2000 cn | 0.023(0.001) | $16.530(0.265)$ | 0.730(0.010) | 0.170(0.010) | 35.219(0.293) |
| 2000cf | 0.036(0.001) | 17.090(0.254) | 0.880(0.020) | 0.050(0.010) | $36.276(0.268)$ |
| 1999 gd | 0.019(0.001) | 16.940(0.274) | 0.920(0.030) | 0.430(0.010) | 35.192(0.313) |
| 1999ek | 0.018(0.001) | 15.590(0.297) | 0.910(0.010) | 0.170(0.010) | 34.503(0.338) |
| 1999cc | 0.032(0.001) | 16.780(0.254) | 0.820(0.020) | 0.060(0.010) | 35.866(0.272) |
| 1998eg | 0.024(0.001) | 16.100(0.263) | 0.930(0.030) | 0.050(0.010) | $35.348(0.292)$ |
| 1998ef | 0.017(0.001) | 14.810(0.275) | 0.850(0.020) | 0.020(0.010) | 34.037(0.324) |
| 1998dx | 0.054(0.001) | 17.640(0.237) | 0.750(0.040) | 0.080(0.030) | 36.587(0.260) |
| 1998co | 0.017(0.001) | 15.700(0.274) | 0.610(0.030) | 0.110(0.010) | 34.396(0.322) |
| 1998ab | 0.028(0.001) | 16.050(0.249) | 0.930(0.020) | 0.100(0.020) | 35.169(0.275) |
| 1998v | 0.017(0.001) | 15.100(0.274) | 0.930(0.030) | 0.050(0.010) | 34.348(0.321) |
| 1997dg | 0.030(0.001) | 16.830(0.245) | 0.920(0.040) | 0.030(0.020) | 36.118(0.272) |
| 1997y | 0.017(0.001) | $15.310(0.275)$ | 0.880(0.020) | 0.040(0.010) | 34.522(0.324) |
| 1999aa | 0.015(0.001) | 14.690(0.121) | 1.050(0.010) | -0.020(0.010) | 34.268(0.223) |
| 1999ao | 0.054(0.001) | 17.890(0.001) | 0.960(0.040) | 0.070(0.030) | 37.124(0.106) |
| 1999ar | 0.156(0.005) | 19.970(0.001) | 0.990(0.040) | $-0.010(0.020)$ | 39.448(0.074) |
| 1999aw | 0.039(0.001) | 16.780(0.001) | $1.200(0.030)$ | 0.010(0.020) | 36.467(0.097) |
| 1999bi | 0.124(0.001) | 19.760(0.001) | $1.180(0.050)$ | 0.210(0.020) | 38.904(0.084) |
| 1999bm | 0.144(0.001) | 20.430(0.001) | 0.680(0.030) | 0.120(0.020) | 39.187(0.067) |
| 1999bn | 0.130(0.001) | 19.600(0.001) | 1.090(0.040) | 0.010(0.020) | 39.150(0.075) |
| 1999bp | 0.078(0.001) | 18.390(0.001) | 1.090(0.030) | 0.000(0.020) | 37.966(0.074) |
| 1996h | 0.620(0.005) | 23.500(0.136) | 1.100(0.170) | -0.120(0.090) | 43.399(0.342) |
| 1996 i | 0.570(0.005) | 23.400(0.264) | 0.820(0.050) | -0.060(0.060) | 42.797(0.313) |
| 1996j | 0.300(0.005) | 22.030(0.163) | 0.790(0.060) | 0.070(0.090) | 41.053(0.294) |
| 1996k | 0.380(0.005) | 22.640(0.240) | 0.850(0.010) | $-0.100(0.050)$ | 42.178(0.273) |
| 1996u | 0.430(0.005) | 22.610(0.211) | 0.920(0.070) | $-0.210(0.090)$ | 42.519(0.326) |
| 1995ao | 0.240(0.005) | 21.600(0.183) | 1.350(0.390) | 0.180(0.090) | 41.032(0.567) |
| 1995ap | 0.300(0.005) | 21.530(0.001) | 0.540(0.200) | 0.050(0.320) | 40.295(0.865) |
| 1996t | 0.240(0.005) | 20.990(0.263) | $1.300(0.030)$ | $-0.100(0.010)$ | $41.086(0.267)$ |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {c }}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997ce | 0.440(0.005) | 22.800(0.251) | 0.860(0.030) | $-0.040(0.040)$ | 42.195(0.275) |
| 1997cj | 0.500(0.005) | 23.140(0.271) | 0.910(0.020) | $-0.040(0.020)$ | 42.597(0.277) |
| 1997ck | 0.970(0.010) | 24.720(0.001) | 1.030(0.120) | 0.420(0.280) | 43.134(0.740) |
| 1995k | 0.479(0.005) | 22.720(0.259) | 0.980(0.040) | $-0.120(0.050)$ | 42.471(0.294) |
| 1997ap | 0.830(0.010) | 24.340(0.342) | 1.000(0.020) | 0.060(0.040) | 43.649(0.358) |
| 1997am | 0.416(0.005) | $22.460(0.176)$ | 1.080(0.050) | $-0.080(0.140)$ | 42.231(0.408) |
| 1997aj | 0.581(0.005) | 23.160(0.293) | 1.010(0.060) | 0.220(0.100) | 42.067(0.398) |
| 1997ai | 0.450(0.005) | 22.920(0.320) | 0.740(0.070) | $0.050(0.050)$ | 41.933(0.356) |
| 1997af | 0.579(0.005) | 23.570(0.281) | 0.900(0.050) | $-0.160(0.170)$ | 43.325(0.526) |
| 1997ac | 0.320(0.005) | 21.890(0.318) | 1.050(0.020) | 0.030(0.030) | 41.339(0.328) |
| 1997r | 0.657(0.005) | 23.920(0.278) | 0.980(0.110) | 0.050(0.160) | 43.230(0.517) |
| 1997p | 0.472(0.005) | 23.130(0.244) | 0.940(0.040) | $0.110(0.140)$ | 42.235(0.440) |
| 1997o | $0.374(0.005)$ | 23.320(0.001) | 1.060(0.060) | $-0.180(0.330)$ | $43.325(0.858)$ |
| 1997h | 0.526(0.005) | 23.180(0.300) | 0.930(0.020) | 0.170(0.090) | 42.117(0.380) |
| 1997g | 0.763(0.010) | 24.370(0.562) | 0.900(0.120) | $-0.360(0.240)$ | 44.643(0.851) |
| 1997f | 0.580(0.005) | 23.410(0.315) | $1.110(0.050)$ | $-0.040(0.080)$ | 43.115(0.382) |
| 1996cn | 0.430(0.005) | 23.220(0.272) | 0.950(0.070) | 0.250(0.090) | 41.975(0.369) |
| 1996 cm | 0.450(0.005) | 23.250(0.271) | 0.980(0.040) | $0.110(0.110)$ | 42.405(0.396) |
| 1996cl | 0.828(0.010) | 24.550(0.001) | 1.380(0.560) | 0.050(0.170) | 44.356(0.822) |
| 1996ck | 0.656(0.005) | 23.770(0.330) | 0.850(0.090) | $-0.130(0.140)$ | 43.385(0.503) |
| 1996ci | 0.495(0.005) | 22.820(0.300) | 0.920(0.090) | $-0.040(0.080)$ | 42.289(0.381) |
| 1996cg | 0.490(0.005) | 23.070(0.319) | 0.980(0.030) | 0.230(0.050) | 41.914(0.346) |
| 1996cf | 0.570(0.005) | 23.310(0.313) | 1.080(0.100) | $-0.010(0.070)$ | 42.900(0.383) |
| 1995ba | 0.388(0.005) | 22.550(0.279) | 0.950(0.040) | $-0.140(0.080)$ | 42.315(0.351) |
| 1995az | 0.450(0.005) | 22.610(0.292) | 0.950(0.040) | $-0.160(0.080)$ | 42.427(0.361) |
| 1995ay | 0.480(0.005) | 23.060(0.267) | 0.840(0.050) | 0.010(0.100) | 42.300(0.377) |
| 1995ax | 0.615(0.005) | 23.220(0.215) | 1.120(0.160) | $0.020(0.150)$ | 42.782(0.486) |
| 1995aw | 0.400(0.005) | 22.180(0.266) | $1.200(0.050)$ | $-0.170(0.090)$ | 42.333(0.359) |
| 1995at | 0.655(0.005) | 23.220(0.348) | 1.150(0.130) | 0.160(0.110) | 42.456(0.478) |
| 1995as | 0.498(0.005) | 23.660(0.236) | 1.040(0.130) | $-0.010(0.120)$ | 43.200(0.422) |
| 1995ar | 0.465(0.005) | 23.370(0.001) | 0.930(0.140) | 0.330(0.240) | 41.893(0.645) |
| 1995aq | 0.453(0.005) | 23.200(0.280) | 0.930(0.050) | $-0.120(0.090)$ | 42.889(0.369) |
| 1994g | $0.425(0.005)$ | 22.340(0.140) | 0.900(0.100) | 0.090(0.110) | 41.447(0.341) |
| 1999fw | 0.278(0.005) | 21.720(0.001) | 0.890(0.100) | 0.090(0.060) | 40.815(0.199) |
| 1999fn | 0.477(0.005) | 22.720(0.001) | 1.030(0.050) | 0.020(0.060) | 42.170(0.167) |
| 1999fm | 0.950(0.010) | 24.300(0.001) | 1.160(0.030) | 0.040(0.100) | 43.859(0.262) |
| 1999fk | 1.057(0.010) | 24.770(0.001) | 0.950(0.130) | $-0.030(0.070)$ | 44.250(0.243) |
| 1999fj | 0.816(0.010) | 24.220(0.001) | 1.020(0.050) | $-0.110(0.180)$ | 43.994(0.470) |
| 1999ff | 0.455(0.005) | 23.210(0.001) | 0.860(0.080) | 0.000(0.090) | 42.501(0.253) |
| 2002ad | 0.514(0.005) | 23.060(0.001) | 0.890(0.050) | $-0.090(0.250)$ | 42.621(0.650) |
| 2002ab | 0.423(0.005) | 22.600(0.188) | 0.960(0.070) | 0.100(0.030) | 41.756(0.221) |
| 2002aa | 0.946(0.010) | 24.600(0.001) | 0.960(0.150) | $0.300(0.330)$ | 43.238(0.875) |
| 2002x | 0.859(0.010) | 24.730(0.151) | 0.820(0.080) | $-0.100(0.080)$ | 44.230(0.275) |
| 2002w | 1.031(0.010) | 24.470(0.001) | 0.950(0.120) | $0.670(0.510)$ | 42.137(1.329) |
| 2001 kd | 0.936(0.010) | 24.960(0.001) | 0.640(0.170) | $-0.150(0.170)$ | 44.367(0.488) |
| 2001jp | 0.528(0.005) | 22.890(0.188) | 0.940(0.040) | $-0.100(0.040)$ | 42.539(0.221) |
| 2001jn | 0.645(0.005) | 24.550(0.283) | $1.330(0.480)$ | 0.100(0.240) | 44.165(0.906) |
| 2001jm | $0.978(0.010)$ | 24.500(0.154) | 0.850(0.040) | $-0.010(0.090)$ | 43.804(0.284) |
| 2001jh | 0.885(0.010) | 24.310(0.001) | 0.940(0.070) | $-0.280(0.180)$ | 44.425(0.474) |
| 2001jf | $0.815(0.010)$ | 25.190(0.001) | 0.570(0.100) | $-0.070(0.420)$ | 44.303(1.095) |
| 2001iy | 0.568(0.005) | 23.070(0.182) | 0.920(0.060) | $-0.130(0.070)$ | 42.772(0.268) |
| 2001ix | 0.711(0.010) | 23.800(0.204) | 0.960(0.030) | $-0.090(0.040)$ | 43.448(0.232) |
| 2001iw | 0.340(0.005) | 22.100(0.092) | 0.890(0.040) | 0.070(0.080) | 41.247(0.232) |
| 2001iv | 0.397(0.005) | 22.470(0.192) | 0.980(0.030) | 0.150(0.040) | 41.521(0.221) |
| 2001hy | 0.812(0.010) | 24.950(0.198) | 0.710(0.050) | 0.030(0.060) | 43.977(0.260) |
| 2001hx | 0.799(0.010) | 24.780(0.131) | 0.960(0.080) | 0.380(0.070) | 43.211(0.245) |
| 2001hu | 0.882(0.010) | 24.910(0.001) | $1.130(0.180)$ | $0.630(0.160)$ | 42.904(0.471) |
| 2001hs | 0.833(0.010) | 24.260(0.133) | $1.090(0.050)$ | $0.120(0.110)$ | 43.525(0.321) |
| 2001fs | 0.874(0.010) | 25.120(0.001) | 0.840(0.100) | 0.370(0.170) | 43.428(0.457) |
| 2001fo | 0.772(0.010) | 23.750(0.216) | 0.960(0.030) | $-0.190(0.040)$ | 43.657(0.243) |
| 2000fr | 0.543(0.005) | 23.030(0.070) | 1.030(0.020) | $-0.010(0.030)$ | 42.558(0.108) |
| 1998bi | 0.750(0.010) | 23.910(0.094) | 0.950(0.020) | $-0.010(0.020)$ | 43.339(0.110) |
| 1998be | 0.640(0.005) | 23.800(0.073) | 0.730(0.040) | 0.020(0.070) | 42.878(0.202) |
| 1998ba | 0.430(0.005) | 22.870(0.001) | 0.960(0.040) | $-0.030(0.040)$ | 42.363(0.115) |
| 1998ay | 0.640(0.005) | 23.720(0.075) | 1.020(0.050) | $-0.060(0.050)$ | $43.365(0.162)$ |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {c }}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998ax | 0.497(0.005) | 23.150(0.069) | 1.100(0.030) | 0.070(0.040) | 42.557(0.130) |
| 1998aw | 0.440(0.005) | $23.200(0.048)$ | $1.010(0.020)$ | $0.230(0.030)$ | 42.081(0.095) |
| 1998as | 0.355(0.005) | 22.670(0.001) | 0.880(0.020) | $0.130(0.040)$ | 41.649 (0.107) |
| 1997ez | 0.780(0.010) | 24.260(0.076) | $1.090(0.040)$ | $0.080(0.030)$ | $43.629(0.120)$ |
| 1997eq | 0.540(0.005) | 23.160(0.060) | 0.950(0.020) | -0.020(0.020) | 42.614(0.083) |
| 1997ek | 0.860(0.010) | 24.480(0.101) | $1.000(0.030)$ | 0.020(0.030) | 43.893(0.132) |
| 04Eag | 1.020(0.010) | 24.970(0.097) | 0.990(0.050) | $0.030(0.060)$ | 44.344(0.193) |
| 04Gre | 1.140(0.010) | 24.730(0.001) | 1.140(0.140) | -0.030(0.080) | 44.446(0.270) |
| 04Man | 0.854(0.010) | 24.530(0.087) | 0.940(0.060) | -0.070(0.060) | 44.102(0.193) |
| 04Mcg | 1.370(0.010) | 25.730(0.001) | 0.910(0.190) | 0.060(0.100) | 44.928(0.350) |
| 04Omb | 0.975(0.010) | 24.880(0.141) | $1.220(0.060)$ | $0.100(0.030)$ | 44.358(0.178) |
| 04Pat | 0.970(0.010) | 25.020(0.095) | 0.990(0.090) | $-0.120(0.060)$ | 44.783(0.214) |
| 04Rak | 0.740(0.010) | 23.840(0.105) | $1.020(0.040)$ | $-0.110(0.050)$ | 43.614(0.174) |
| 04Sas | 1.390(0.010) | 25.820(0.001) | 1.390 (0.640) | $0.340(0.170)$ | 44.888(0.908) |
| 04Yow | 0.460(0.005) | 23.590(0.001) | 0.860(0.070) | $0.240(0.060)$ | 42.259(0.178) |
| 05Fer | 1.020(0.010) | 24.830(0.001) | $1.080(0.100)$ | $0.110(0.070)$ | 44.109(0.220) |
| 05Gab | 1.120(0.010) | 25.070(0.092) | 0.960(0.050) | 0.030(0.070) | 44.407(0.213) |
| 05Lan | 1.230(0.010) | 26.020(0.077) | 0.880(0.100) | 0.140(0.060) | 44.973(0.213) |
| 05Red | 1.190(0.010) | 25.760(0.139) | 0.700(0.100) | 0.250(0.050) | 44.205(0.227) |
| 05Spo | 0.839(0.010) | 24.200(0.001) | $1.000(0.050)$ | $-0.040(0.070)$ | 43.768(0.192) |
| 05Str | 1.010(0.010) | 25.030(0.165) | $1.080(0.040)$ | -0.010(0.020) | 44.620(0.180) |
| 05Zwi | 0.521(0.005) | 23.070(0.001) | $1.210(0.060)$ | 0.090(0.060) | 42.562(0.172) |
| 2002dc | 0.475(0.005) | 23.090(0.001) | 0.830(0.050) | $0.000(0.130)$ | 42.344(0.342) |
| 2002dd | 0.950(0.010) | 24.660(0.083) | 1.090(0.080) | $0.130(0.050)$ | 43.900(0.183) |
| 2002fw | $1.300(0.010)$ | 25.650(0.091) | $1.020(0.090)$ | 0.010(0.110) | 45.114(0.319) |
| 2002hp | $1.305(0.010)$ | 25.410(0.158) | 0.860(0.040) | 0.050(0.080) | 44.572(0.265) |
| 2002hr | 0.526(0.005) | 24.040(0.114) | $1.030(0.090)$ | 0.160(0.050) | 43.127(0.205) |
| 2002kd | 0.735(0.010) | 24.020(0.113) | 0.920(0.010) | $0.040(0.040)$ | 43.282(0.154) |
| 2002ki | 1.140(0.010) | 25.350(0.240) | 1.000(0.360) | $0.270(0.200)$ | 44.115(0.725) |
| 2003ak | 1.551(0.010) | 26.640(0.001) | 1.040 (0.460) | $0.290(0.080)$ | 45.403(0.607) |
| 2003az | $1.265(0.010)$ | 25.680(0.135) | 0.990(0.070) | $0.150(0.050)$ | 44.744(0.206) |
| 2003dy | $1.340(0.010)$ | 25.770(0.001) | $1.230(0.150)$ | $0.180(0.070)$ | 45.054(0.260) |
| 2003 eq | 0.840(0.010) | 24.350(0.148) | 0.970(0.050) | 0.020(0.030) | 43.726(0.178) |
| 03D4au | 0.468(0.005) | 23.860(0.069) | $1.000(0.030)$ | $0.290(0.040)$ | 42.574(0.130) |
| 04D4bk | 0.840(0.010) | 24.310(0.001) | 1.050(0.060) | 0.140(0.120) | 43.474(0.320) |
| 04D3nr | 0.960(0.010) | 24.540(0.143) | 0.920(0.060) | 0.070(0.140) | 43.724(0.397) |
| 04D3lu | 0.822(0.010) | 24.340(0.052) | 0.950(0.030) | $0.020(0.120)$ | 43.691(0.317) |
| 04D3ki | 0.930(0.010) | 24.870(0.237) | 0.900(0.050) | $-0.260(0.230)$ | 44.884(0.644) |
| 04D3gt | 0.451(0.005) | 23.230(0.097) | 0.950(0.010) | 0.280(0.020) | 41.907(0.111) |
| 04D3do | 0.610(0.005) | 23.570(0.089) | 0.860(0.020) | $-0.080(0.030)$ | 43.068(0.121) |
| 04D3cp | 0.830(0.010) | 24.240(0.001) | $1.110(0.030)$ | $-0.450(0.170)$ | 45.007(0.442) |
| 04D2gp | 0.707(0.010) | 24.150(0.043) | 0.800(0.050) | $-0.050(0.080)$ | 43.496(0.220) |
| 04D2fp | 0.415(0.005) | 22.530(0.081) | 0.960(0.010) | 0.010(0.020) | 41.919(0.098) |
| 04D1ag | 0.557(0.005) | 23.000(0.084) | 0.940(0.030) | $-0.180(0.030)$ | 42.856(0.120) |
| 03D4fd | 0.791(0.010) | 24.210(0.001) | 0.940(0.050) | 0.040(0.060) | 43.497(0.167) |
| 03D4cz | 0.695(0.005) | 24.030(0.068) | 0.750(0.030) | -0.060(0.050) | 43.340(0.151) |
| 03D4at | 0.633(0.005) | 23.740(0.001) | 0.980(0.060) | $-0.080(0.060)$ | 43.387(0.172) |
| 03D3bh | 0.249(0.005) | 21.130(0.001) | 0.990(0.030) | -0.090(0.060) | 40.815(0.160) |
| 03D3af | 0.532(0.005) | 23.490(0.105) | 0.940(0.040) | 0.030(0.050) | 42.803(0.174) |
| 03D1fc | 0.331(0.005) | 21.800(0.080) | 0.940(0.010) | 0.040(0.010) | 41.087(0.086) |
| 03D1bp | 0.346(0.005) | $22.450(0.053)$ | 0.840(0.010) | $0.120(0.030)$ | 41.405(0.095) |
| 04D4dw | 0.961(0.010) | 24.570(0.001) | 0.960(0.080) | $-0.120(0.190)$ | 44.296(0.502) |
| 04D4an | 0.613(0.005) | 24.020(0.108) | 0.820(0.020) | 0.060(0.020) | 43.106(0.123) |
| 04D3nh | 0.340(0.005) | 22.140(0.080) | $1.010(0.010)$ | 0.080(0.010) | 41.410(0.086) |
| 04D31p | 0.983(0.010) | 24.930(0.371) | 0.830(0.060) | $0.020(0.280)$ | 44.132(0.818) |
| 04D3is | 0.710(0.010) | 24.260(0.084) | 0.980(0.040) | $0.220(0.050)$ | 43.130(0.162) |
| 04D3fq | 0.730(0.010) | 24.130(0.090) | 0.920(0.030) | 0.010(0.040) | 43.469(0.142) |
| 04D3df | 0.470(0.005) | 23.470(0.089) | 0.730(0.020) | 0.060(0.030) | 42.444(0.121) |
| 04D3co | 0.620(0.005) | 23.780(0.089) | 0.890(0.020) | $-0.060(0.030)$ | 43.264(0.121) |
| 04D2gc | 0.521(0.005) | 23.320(0.073) | $1.070(0.050)$ | $0.180(0.040)$ | $42.405(0.141)$ |
| 04D2cf | 0.369(0.005) | 22.340(0.092) | 0.890(0.020) | 0.000(0.010) | 41.668(0.099) |
| 03 D 4 gl | 0.571(0.005) | 23.260(0.001) | 0.980(0.060) | 0.030(0.050) | 42.622(0.149) |
| 03D4dy | 0.604(0.005) | 23.320(0.094) | $1.060(0.020)$ | $0.110(0.020)$ | 42.574(0.110) |
| 03D4cy | 0.927(0.010) | 24.720(0.175) | $1.050(0.060)$ | $-0.290(0.210)$ | 44.998(0.576) |
| 03D4ag | 0.285(0.005) | 21.210(0.092) | $1.020(0.020)$ | $-0.080(0.010)$ | 40.907(0.099) |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {c }}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03D3ba | 0.291(0.005) | 22.050(0.073) | 1.040(0.030) | 0.260 (0.020) | 40.891(0.097) |
| 03D1gt | 0.548(0.005) | 24.120(0.001) | 0.860(0.050) | $0.240(0.060)$ | 42.789(0.167) |
| 03D1ew | 0.868(0.010) | 24.370(0.001) | 1.020(0.060) | $-0.110(0.250)$ | 44.144(0.652) |
| 03D1ax | 0.496(0.005) | 22.960(0.075) | 0.880(0.020) | $-0.050(0.040)$ | 42.405(0.130) |
| 04D4dm | 0.811(0.010) | 24.390(0.001) | 1.000(0.050) | -0.160(0.140) | 44.269(0.368) |
| 04D3oe | 0.756(0.010) | 24.080(0.060) | 0.810(0.030) | $-0.230(0.060)$ | $43.905(0.171)$ |
| 04D3nc | 0.817(0.010) | 24.270(0.001) | 1.110(0.050) | 0.060(0.110) | 43.716(0.292) |
| 04D3ks | 0.752(0.010) | 23.880(0.058) | 1.010(0.040) | 0.020(0.050) | 43.305(0.150) |
| 04D3hn | 0.552(0.005) | $23.470(0.089)$ | 0.900(0.020) | $0.110(0.030)$ | 42.526(0.121) |
| 04D3fk | 0.358(0.005) | 22.530(0.096) | 0.920(0.000) | $0.150(0.010)$ | 41.507(0.099) |
| 04D3dd | 1.010(0.010) | 25.120(0.445) | 1.090(0.100) | -0.070(0.280) | 44.877(0.860) |
| 04D2ja | 0.741(0.010) | 24.100(0.105) | 0.950(0.020) | -0.070(0.030) | 43.684(0.133) |
| 04D2gb | 0.430(0.005) | 22.800(0.070) | 0.780(0.020) | -0.010(0.030) | 42.018(0.108) |
| 04D1ak | 0.526(0.005) | 23.630(0.040) | 0.820(0.030) | 0.020(0.040) | 42.820(0.117) |
| 03D4gg | 0.592(0.005) | 23.400(0.054) | 1.000(0.080) | 0.080(0.050) | 42.657(0.172) |
| 03D4di | 0.905(0.010) | 24.290(0.117) | $1.100(0.050)$ | 0.020(0.140) | 43.827(0.386) |
| 03D4cx | 0.949(0.010) | 24.500(0.184) | 0.900(0.060) | 0.090(0.150) | 43.608(0.436) |
| 03D3cd | 0.461(0.005) | 22.560(0.001) | 1.130(0.180) | 0.020(0.060) | 42.134(0.272) |
| 03D3ay | 0.371(0.005) | 22.200(0.078) | 0.970(0.020) | -0.020(0.020) | 41.679(0.097) |
| 03D1fq | 0.800(0.010) | 24.520(0.001) | 0.770(0.060) | $-0.390(0.210)$ | 44.709(0.549) |
| 03D1co | 0.679(0.005) | 24.100(0.068) | 1.010(0.030) | 0.000(0.050) | 43.577(0.151) |
| 03D1aw | 0.582(0.005) | 23.590(0.001) | 0.980(0.040) | 0.010(0.060) | 43.004(0.163) |
| 04D4bq | 0.550(0.005) | 23.360(0.059) | 1.000(0.040) | 0.110(0.040) | 42.540(0.129) |
| 04D3ny | 0.810(0.010) | 24.270(0.001) | 1.010(0.100) | -0.070(0.180) | 43.928(0.482) |
| 04D3ml | 0.950(0.010) | 24.550(0.001) | 1.190(0.150) | 0.130(0.160) | 43.913(0.454) |
| 04D3kr | 0.337(0.005) | 21.970(0.080) | 1.060(0.010) | 0.070(0.010) | 41.328(0.086) |
| 04D3gx | 0.910(0.010) | 24.710(0.109) | 0.950(0.040) | $-0.200(0.130)$ | 44.631(0.357) |
| 04D3ez | 0.263(0.005) | 21.680(0.077) | 0.890(0.020) | 0.090(0.010) | 40.775(0.086) |
| 04D3cy | 0.643(0.005) | 23.800(0.075) | 0.960(0.020) | 0.020(0.040) | 43.163(0.130) |
| 04D2iu | 0.691(0.005) | 24.260(0.094) | 0.800(0.020) | 0.070(0.040) | $43.295(0.142)$ |
| 04D2fs | 0.357(0.005) | 22.420(0.078) | 0.940(0.020) | $0.130(0.020)$ | 41.474(0.097) |
| 04D1aj | 0.721(0.010) | 23.900(0.001) | 1.070(0.090) | 0.070(0.050) | 43.270(0.171) |
| 03D4gf | 0.581(0.005) | 23.350(0.084) | 1.020(0.030) | -0.050(0.030) | 42.969(0.120) |
| 03D4dh | 0.627(0.005) | 23.390(0.108) | 1.040(0.020) | 0.010(0.020) | 42.878(0.123) |
| 03D4cn | 0.818(0.010) | 24.650(0.001) | 0.750(0.080) | 0.030(0.210) | 43.727(0.553) |
| 03D3aw | $0.449(0.005)$ | 22.550(0.089) | 0.950(0.020) | $-0.050(0.030)$ | 42.082(0.121) |
| 03D1fl | 0.688(0.005) | 23.630(0.094) | 0.960(0.050) | -0.070(0.040) | 43.226 (0.153) |
| 03D1cm | 0.870(0.010) | 24.460(0.116) | $1.190(0.060)$ | -0.040(0.170) | 44.264(0.461) |
| 03D1au | 0.504(0.005) | 22.980(0.070) | 1.080(0.020) | 0.030(0.030) | 42.466(0.108) |
| b010 | 0.591(0.005) | 23.400(0.052) | $1.240(0.090)$ | $-0.140(0.080)$ | 43.525(0.241) |
| b013 | 0.426(0.005) | 22.680(0.153) | 1.010(0.040) | 0.080(0.030) | 41.950(0.179) |
| b016 | 0.329(0.005) | 22.500(0.001) | 1.140(0.110) | 0.260(0.090) | $41.465(0.270)$ |
| d033 | 0.531(0.005) | 23.230(0.096) | 1.150(0.120) | -0.150(0.080) | $43.269(0.273)$ |
| d058 | 0.583(0.005) | 23.590(0.001) | 1.090(0.210) | 0.180(0.150) | 42.700(0.468) |
| d084 | 0.519(0.005) | 23.640(0.001) | $1.090(0.170)$ | $-0.010(0.140)$ | 43.242(0.419) |
| d085 | 0.401(0.005) | 22.480(0.071) | 1.020(0.060) | 0.080(0.080) | 41.762(0.231) |
| d087 | 0.340(0.005) | 21.910(0.001) | 0.990(0.070) | $0.040(0.080)$ | 41.259(0.225) |
| d089 | 0.436(0.005) | $22.500(0.139)$ | 1.040(0.040) | 0.000(0.050) | 42.014(0.197) |
| d093 | 0.363(0.005) | 21.890(0.088) | 1.040(0.030) | $-0.070(0.060)$ | 41.586(0.183) |
| d097 | 0.436(0.005) | 22.500(0.108) | 1.260(0.060) | 0.090(0.050) | 42.054(0.185) |
| d117 | 0.309(0.005) | 22.360(0.093) | 0.830(0.020) | 0.070(0.060) | 41.432(0.183) |
| d149 | 0.342(0.005) | 22.190(0.138) | 1.010(0.030) | 0.070(0.040) | 41.486(0.177) |
| e029 | 0.332(0.005) | 22.520(0.087) | 0.840(0.060) | 0.170(0.060) | 41.346(0.193) |
| e108 | $0.469(0.005)$ | $22.550(0.134)$ | $1.100(0.050)$ | -0.050(0.050) | 42.268(0.196) |
| e132 | $0.239(0.005)$ | 21.700(0.127) | 0.920(0.020) | 0.190(0.040) | 40.573(0.166) |
| e136 | 0.352(0.005) | 22.800(0.097) | 0.820(0.050) | $0.190(0.060)$ | 41.549(0.193) |
| e138 | 0.612(0.005) | 24.050(0.001) | 1.370(0.190) | 0.680(0.310) | 42.212(0.837) |
| e140 | 0.631(0.005) | 23.390(0.106) | 0.990(0.100) | 0.050(0.070) | 42.713(0.244) |
| e147 | 0.645(0.005) | 23.380(0.124) | 0.960(0.040) | -0.090(0.060) | 43.028(0.205) |
| e148 | 0.429(0.005) | 22.650(0.143) | 0.870(0.030) | -0.020(0.050) | 42.005(0.197) |
| e149 | 0.497(0.005) | 22.900(0.081) | 0.920(0.030) | 0.010(0.070) | 42.239(0.202) |
| f011 | 0.539(0.005) | 23.290(0.092) | 0.880(0.050) | 0.030(0.070) | 42.528(0.213) |
| f041 | 0.561(0.005) | 23.090(0.097) | 1.070(0.070) | -0.050(0.070) | 42.771(0.223) |
| f076 | 0.410(0.005) | 22.370(0.110) | 0.900(0.030) | 0.090(0.060) | 41.477(0.194) |
| f096 | 0.412(0.005) | 23.060(0.001) | $1.210(0.100)$ | $0.370(0.120)$ | 41.827(0.335) |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{c}}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | c | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| f216 | 0.599(0.005) | 23.750(0.092) | 0.710(0.060) | -0.070(0.090) | 43.036(0.261) |
| f231 | 0.619(0.005) | 23.450(0.097) | 1.010(0.070) | $-0.070(0.070)$ | 43.108(0.223) |
| f235 | 0.422(0.005) | 22.450(0.001) | 0.880(0.050) | $-0.030(0.080)$ | 41.843(0.216) |
| f244 | 0.540(0.005) | 23.300(0.085) | 0.940(0.110) | $-0.020(0.060)$ | 42.742(0.224) |
| f308 | 0.401(0.005) | 23.070(0.001) | 0.880(0.140) | 0.070(0.100) | 42.205(0.312) |
| g005 | 0.218(0.005) | 21.320(0.087) | $1.170(0.060)$ | $0.230(0.050)$ | 40.400(0.173) |
| g050 | 0.633(0.005) | 23.180(0.110) | 0.960(0.070) | 0.090(0.090) | 42.362(0.272) |
| g052 | 0.383(0.005) | 22.330(0.001) | 0.780(0.030) | $-0.100(0.080)$ | 41.781(0.211) |
| g055 | 0.302(0.005) | 23.280(0.001) | $1.230(0.130)$ | $0.570(0.110)$ | 41.553(0.327) |
| g097 | 0.340(0.005) | 22.270(0.138) | $1.000(0.030)$ | $0.190(0.040)$ | 41.242(0.177) |
| g120 | 0.510(0.005) | 22.790(0.071) | 0.960(0.060) | 0.060(0.080) | 42.050(0.231) |
| g133 | 0.421(0.005) | 23.170(0.001) | $1.150(0.110)$ | $0.300(0.060)$ | 42.044(0.207) |
| g142 | 0.399(0.005) | 23.460(0.001) | 0.750(0.090) | $0.320(0.110)$ | $41.786(0.306)$ |
| g160 | 0.493(0.005) | 22.920(0.073) | 1.060(0.040) | $0.080(0.070)$ | 42.252(0.202) |
| g240 | 0.687(0.005) | 23.400(0.117) | 0.920(0.070) | $-0.100(0.080)$ | 43.024(0.253) |
| h283 | 0.502(0.005) | 23.450(0.001) | 0.650(0.100) | 0.180(0.160) | 42.014(0.433) |
| h300 | 0.687(0.005) | 23.520(0.153) | 1.040(0.050) | 0.020(0.060) | 42.982(0.227) |
| h319 | 0.495(0.005) | 22.900(0.130) | $1.090(0.080)$ | 0.050(0.060) | 42.347(0.226) |
| h323 | 0.603(0.005) | 23.480(0.111) | 0.920(0.050) | 0.020(0.080) | 42.794(0.243) |
| h342 | 0.421(0.005) | 22.440(0.001) | $1.150(0.110)$ | $-0.050(0.090)$ | 42.220(0.270) |
| h359 | 0.348(0.005) | 22.650(0.138) | 0.950(0.030) | $0.150(0.040)$ | 41.664(0.177) |
| h363 | 0.213(0.005) | 22.010(0.001) | 0.880(0.030) | 0.360(0.070) | 40.393(0.186) |
| h364 | 0.344(0.005) | 21.710(0.141) | 0.900(0.020) | $-0.080(0.040)$ | 41.258(0.177) |
| k396 | 0.271(0.005) | 21.840(0.057) | 0.810(0.060) | 0.150(0.060) | 40.681(0.182) |
| k411 | 0.564(0.005) | 22.890(0.180) | 0.930(0.160) | $-0.120(0.100)$ | 42.579(0.373) |
| k425 | 0.274(0.005) | 21.940(0.029) | 0.910(0.040) | $0.150(0.070)$ | 40.904(0.190) |
| k430 | 0.582(0.005) | 23.810(0.126) | 0.940(0.060) | -0.080(0.080) | 43.407(0.254) |
| k441 | 0.680(0.005) | 23.730(0.104) | 1.130(0.100) | 0.160(0.060) | 42.941(0.224) |
| k448 | 0.401(0.005) | 23.340(0.082) | 0.970(0.060) | $0.290(0.070)$ | 42.016(0.212) |
| k485 | 0.416(0.005) | 23.930(0.001) | 0.920(0.120) | $0.610(0.110)$ | 41.715(0.321) |
| m027 | 0.286(0.005) | 22.520(0.001) | $1.100(0.190)$ | 0.240(0.100) | 41.487(0.350) |
| m062 | 0.314(0.005) | 21.990(0.001) | 0.830(0.130) | $0.030(0.080)$ | 41.166(0.263) |
| m138 | 0.581(0.005) | 23.280(0.233) | $1.200(0.110)$ | $-0.340(0.090)$ | 43.873(0.357) |
| m158 | 0.463(0.005) | 23.090(0.111) | $1.000(0.050)$ | 0.190(0.080) | 42.062(0.243) |
| m193 | 0.341(0.005) | 21.660(0.128) | 0.980(0.030) | $-0.070(0.050)$ | 41.281(0.186) |
| m226 | 0.671(0.005) | 23.640(0.001) | $1.070(0.150)$ | $0.370(0.140)$ | 42.233(0.408) |
| n256 | 0.631(0.005) | 23.410(0.126) | 1.070(0.080) | $-0.060(0.050)$ | 43.117(0.206) |
| n258 | 0.522(0.005) | 23.290(0.001) | 0.910(0.050) | $-0.080(0.110)$ | 42.850(0.292) |
| n263 | 0.368(0.005) | 22.040(0.138) | 0.970(0.030) | $-0.050(0.040)$ | 41.597(0.177) |
| n278 | 0.309(0.005) | 21.870(0.123) | 0.890(0.040) | 0.080(0.050) | 40.991(0.185) |
| n285 | 0.528(0.005) | 23.270(0.001) | $1.140(0.220)$ | $0.110(0.100)$ | 42.623(0.376) |
| n326 | 0.268(0.005) | 22.110(0.114) | 0.660(0.020) | $0.090(0.050)$ | 40.920(0.175) |
| p454 | 0.695(0.005) | 23.930(0.001) | 0.710(0.160) | $-0.020(0.150)$ | 43.087(0.436) |
| p455 | 0.284(0.005) | 21.660(0.114) | 0.850(0.020) | $-0.010(0.050)$ | 40.965(0.175) |
| p524 | 0.508(0.005) | 22.910(0.152) | 1.020(0.030) | 0.040(0.040) | $42.296(0.188)$ |
| p528 | 0.781(0.010) | 24.120(0.001) | 0.960(0.160) | $0.000(0.160)$ | $43.535(0.459)$ |
| p534 | 0.613(0.005) | 23.400(0.001) | 0.630(0.320) | $-0.080(0.180)$ | 42.613(0.612) |
| sn01G | 0.017(0.001) | 14.857(0.140) | 0.892(0.009) | -0.037(0.017) | 34.285(0.218) |
| sn01ah | 0.058(0.001) | 17.582(0.139) | 1.098(0.023) | 0.029(0.011) | 37.092(0.153) |
| sn01az | 0.041(0.001) | 16.983(0.140) | 0.934(0.055) | 0.004(0.015) | $36.355(0.175)$ |
| sn01bf | 0.015(0.001) | 14.730(0.138) | 1.031(0.006) | 0.067(0.004) | 34.059(0.229) |
| sn01cp | 0.022(0.001) | $15.425(0.139)$ | 1.141(0.000) | -0.148(0.012) | 35.447(0.190) |
| sn01da | 0.016(0.001) | 15.346(0.138) | 0.908(0.001) | 0.098(0.011) | 34.443(0.224) |
| sn01eh | 0.036(0.001) | 16.568(0.138) | 1.188(0.010) | 0.033(0.005) | $36.180(0.160)$ |
| sn02bf | 0.025(0.001) | 16.584(0.138) | 0.731(0.005) | 0.272(0.008) | $35.010(0.180)$ |
| sn02ck | 0.030(0.001) | 16.305(0.140) | 0.974(0.006) | 0.029(0.007) | $35.661(0.170)$ |
| sn02de | 0.028(0.001) | 16.651(0.138) | 1.015(0.023) | $0.177(0.007)$ | $35.675(0.174)$ |
| sn02do | 0.015(0.001) | 15.576(0.139) | 0.615(0.006) | 0.096(0.007) | $34.315(0.230)$ |
| sn02G | 0.035(0.001) | 17.520(0.144) | 0.801(0.032) | 0.255(0.022) | 36.077(0.180) |
| sn02hd | 0.036(0.001) | 16.586(0.142) | 0.860(0.019) | 0.047(0.011) | $35.757(0.167)$ |
| sn02he | 0.025(0.001) | 16.230(0.139) | 0.778(0.008) | 0.042(0.007) | 35.311(0.181) |
| sn02hu | 0.038(0.001) | 16.607(0.138) | $1.009(0.007)$ | -0.026(0.004) | 36.150(0.158) |
| sn02hw | 0.016(0.001) | 16.626(0.139) | 0.748(0.009) | 0.459(0.008) | 34.590(0.221) |
| sn02jy | 0.020(0.001) | 15.743(0.138) | $1.080(0.009)$ | 0.053(0.005) | $35.169(0.197)$ |
| sn02kf | 0.019(0.001) | 15.659(0.138) | 0.868(0.005) | 0.019(0.005) | 34.912(0.200) |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {c }}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn03U | 0.028(0.001) | 16.481(0.138) | 0.762(0.008) | 0.072(0.007) | 35.463(0.173) |
| sn03W | 0.021(0.001) | 15.865(0.138) | 0.932(0.001) | $0.189(0.004)$ | 34.757(0.192) |
| sn03ch | 0.030(0.001) | 16.656(0.138) | 0.807(0.010) | 0.022(0.006) | 35.826(0.169) |
| sn03cq | 0.034(0.001) | 17.208(0.140) | 0.898(0.011) | 0.202(0.016) | 36.024(0.169) |
| sn03fa | 0.039(0.001) | 16.643(0.138) | 1.067(0.006) | -0.008(0.004) | 36.212(0.157) |
| sn03ic | 0.054(0.001) | 17.640(0.139) | 0.738(0.023) | 0.036(0.015) | 36.685(0.157) |
| sn03it | 0.024(0.001) | 16.351(0.139) | 0.817(0.013) | 0.089(0.012) | 35.358(0.185) |
| sn03iv | 0.034(0.001) | 16.951(0.138) | 0.715(0.016) | -0.016(0.009) | 36.104(0.165) |
| sn04as | 0.032(0.001) | 16.977(0.138) | 0.970(0.011) | 0.148(0.008) | 36.021(0.166) |
| sn04bg | 0.022(0.001) | 15.618(0.141) | 1.038(0.011) | $0.015(0.012)$ | $35.091(0.193)$ |
| sn04L | 0.033(0.001) | 17.307(0.142) | 0.890(0.018) | $0.216(0.016)$ | 36.074(0.172) |
| sn05eq | 0.028(0.001) | 16.268(0.138) | $1.119(0.005)$ | 0.059(0.004) | $35.726(0.171)$ |
| sn05eu | 0.034(0.001) | 16.281(0.138) | 1.008(0.018) | -0.129(0.004) | 36.088(0.163) |
| sn05hc | 0.045(0.001) | 17.373(0.138) | 0.977(0.007) | 0.068(0.005) | 36.634(0.153) |
| sn05hj | 0.057(0.001) | 17.654(0.143) | $1.156(0.043)$ | 0.028(0.010) | 37.240(0.162) |
| sn05iq | 0.033(0.001) | 16.775(0.138) | 0.833(0.009) | $-0.051(0.008)$ | $36.166(0.165)$ |
| sn05ir | 0.075(0.001) | 18.411(0.139) | 1.281(0.065) | 0.044(0.018) | 38.109(0.172) |
| sn05ki | 0.021(0.001) | 15.566(0.138) | 0.794(0.004) | -0.034(0.006) | 34.864(0.194) |
| sn051s | 0.021(0.001) | 16.213(0.138) | $1.076(0.009)$ | $0.357(0.005)$ | 34.846(0.195) |
| sn051z | 0.040(0.001) | 17.596(0.138) | 0.807(0.009) | $0.150(0.006)$ | 36.432(0.157) |
| sn05mc | 0.026(0.001) | 17.184(0.138) | 0.622(0.006) | 0.256(0.005) | 35.518(0.176) |
| sn05ms | 0.026(0.001) | 16.185(0.138) | 0.994(0.005) | 0.059(0.003) | $35.489(0.176)$ |
| sn05mz | 0.017(0.001) | 16.368(0.138) | 0.574(0.002) | 0.262(0.005) | 34.628(0.215) |
| sn05na | 0.027(0.001) | 16.059(0.138) | 0.920(0.001) | 0.003(0.005) | 35.417(0.174) |
| sn06ac | 0.024(0.001) | 16.147(0.138) | 0.869(0.005) | 0.092(0.004) | 35.210(0.183) |
| sn06al | 0.069(0.001) | 18.379(0.138) | 0.775(0.003) | -0.049(0.012) | 37.691(0.148) |
| sn06an | 0.065(0.001) | 18.115(0.141) | 0.970(0.021) | 0.055(0.011) | $37.400(0.152)$ |
| sn06ar | 0.023(0.001) | 16.442(0.138) | 0.835(0.009) | 0.153(0.006) | 35.305(0.186) |
| sn06ax | 0.018(0.001) | 15.054(0.138) | 0.969(0.003) | -0.017(0.003) | 34.524(0.208) |
| sn06az | 0.032(0.001) | 16.441(0.138) | 0.818(0.003) | -0.049(0.003) | $35.806(0.165)$ |
| sn06bq | 0.021(0.001) | 16.273(0.138) | 0.773(0.011) | $0.156(0.001)$ | 35.053(0.191) |
| sn06bt | 0.033(0.001) | 16.915(0.138) | 0.990(0.007) | 0.149(0.004) | 35.981(0.164) |
| sn06bu | 0.084(0.001) | 18.086(0.160) | $1.400(0.044)$ | -0.037(0.031) | 38.143(0.190) |
| sn06bz | 0.028(0.001) | 18.244(0.138) | 0.496(0.005) | 0.559(0.009) | 35.638(0.174) |
| sn06cc | 0.033(0.001) | 17.766(0.138) | 0.946(0.005) | 0.369(0.004) | 36.209(0.163) |
| sn06cf | 0.042(0.001) | 17.082(0.138) | 0.887(0.001) | -0.011(0.007) | 36.436(0.155) |
| sn06cj | 0.068(0.001) | 18.145(0.138) | 1.105(0.053) | -0.017(0.010) | 37.784(0.161) |
| sn06cp | 0.023(0.001) | 15.977(0.138) | 0.941(0.005) | 0.151(0.005) | 34.977(0.184) |
| sn06cq | 0.049(0.001) | 17.541(0.138) | 0.990(0.043) | 0.033(0.009) | 36.907(0.161) |
| sn06ej | 0.019(0.001) | 15.706(0.138) | 0.819(0.006) | -0.006(0.007) | 34.962(0.202) |
| sn06en | 0.031(0.001) | 16.791(0.138) | 0.911(0.013) | 0.074(0.000) | 35.953(0.167) |
| sn06et | 0.021(0.001) | 15.937(0.139) | $1.106(0.014)$ | 0.156(0.010) | 35.128(0.193) |
| sn06gj | 0.028(0.001) | 17.600(0.139) | 0.680(0.011) | 0.316(0.011) | $35.849(0.175)$ |
| sn06gr | 0.034(0.001) | 16.933(0.138) | 0.991(0.005) | $0.140(0.004)$ | 36.023(0.162) |
| sn06kf | 0.021(0.001) | 15.767(0.138) | 0.687(0.006) | -0.061(0.007) | 35.001(0.194) |
| sn06le | 0.017(0.001) | 14.757(0.138) | 1.021(0.003) | -0.039(0.003) | $34.348(0.212)$ |
| sn06mo | 0.036(0.001) | 17.357(0.138) | $0.696(0.000)$ | 0.053(0.008) | $36.306(0.160)$ |
| sn06nz | 0.037(0.001) | 18.032(0.139) | 0.596(0.001) | 0.281(0.013) | 36.267(0.162) |
| sn06oa | 0.059(0.001) | 17.819(0.138) | 0.924(0.013) | $0.064(0.007)$ | 37.025(0.148) |
| sn06ob | 0.058(0.001) | 18.185(0.138) | 0.699(0.011) | 0.050(0.007) | $37.146(0.149)$ |
| sn06on | 0.069(0.001) | 18.398(0.141) | $1.056(0.014)$ | 0.132(0.027) | 37.591(0.163) |
| sn06os | 0.032(0.001) | 17.636(0.139) | 0.892(0.018) | 0.433(0.013) | 35.844(0.169) |
| sn06qo | 0.030(0.001) | 16.790(0.138) | 0.984(0.005) | 0.188(0.006) | $35.746(0.168)$ |
| sn06S | 0.033(0.001) | 16.831(0.138) | $1.035(0.020)$ | $0.117(0.001)$ | 36.036(0.165) |
| sn06sr | 0.023(0.001) | 16.118(0.138) | 0.835(0.009) | 0.041(0.006) | 35.272(0.185) |
| sn06td | 0.015(0.001) | 15.718(0.138) | 0.776(0.006) | 0.142(0.005) | $34.535(0.231)$ |
| sn06te | 0.032(0.001) | 16.502(0.138) | 0.916(0.004) | -0.052(0.009) | $35.996(0.166)$ |
| sn07ae | 0.064(0.001) | 17.657(0.147) | 1.105(0.023) | 0.007(0.018) | 37.233(0.162) |
| sn07ai | 0.032(0.001) | 16.856(0.139) | $1.099(0.001)$ | 0.168(0.011) | 36.008(0.167) |
| sn07au | 0.020(0.001) | 16.474(0.138) | 0.630(0.003) | 0.217(0.005) | 34.916(0.197) |
| sn07bc | 0.022(0.001) | 15.870(0.138) | 0.814(0.007) | 0.039(0.008) | $35.003(0.190)$ |
| sn07bd | 0.032(0.001) | 16.520(0.138) | 0.791(0.003) | -0.004(0.004) | $35.736(0.164)$ |
| sn07ca | 0.015(0.001) | 15.907(0.138) | 0.986(0.005) | 0.258(0.005) | 34.687(0.229) |
| sn07ci | 0.019(0.001) | 15.886(0.138) | 0.693(0.003) | $0.121(0.005)$ | 34.656(0.202) |
| sn07co | 0.027(0.001) | 16.521(0.138) | 0.920(0.003) | 0.182(0.003) | 35.415(0.174) |
| sn07cq | 0.025(0.001) | 15.786(0.138) | 0.883(0.009) | 0.006(0.005) | 35.090 (0.180) |

Table 1
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{c}}$ | $m_{B}{ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $s$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| sn07F | $0.024(0.001)$ | $15.864(0.138)$ | $1.014(0.003)$ | $-0.009(0.004)$ | $35.370(0.181)$ |
| sn07O | $0.036(0.001)$ | $16.676(0.138)$ | $0.914(0.001)$ | $-0.052(0.008)$ | $36.170(0.162)$ |
| sn07qe | $0.023(0.001)$ | $16.026(0.138)$ | $1.002(0.003)$ | $0.084(0.003)$ | $35.275(0.180)$ |
| sn07R | $0.031(0.001)$ | $16.559(0.141)$ | $0.820(0.009)$ | $-0.111(0.015)$ | $36.087(0.175)$ |
| sn08L | $0.019(0.001)$ | $15.071(0.138)$ | $0.775(0.009)$ | $-0.077(0.004)$ | $34.457(0.204)$ |
| sn08bf | $0.026(0.001)$ | $15.716(0.138)$ | $1.038(0.006)$ | $0.019(0.005)$ | $35.177(0.178)$ |

[^0]on $\left(\Omega_{M}, 1+w\right)$ from Eisenstein et al. (2005) with the SN Ia fits to produce our best-fit cosmologies. We use simple_cosfitter ${ }^{8}$ for all of our cosmology fits. The BAO prior provides an effective constraint on the range of $\Omega_{M}$, primarily, while the SN Ia data better constrain $1+w$. Together, they form a complementary and excellent pair of constraints on $\Omega_{M}$ and $1+w$. Additional priors, such as from the cosmic microwave background, could be applied to increase the precision of $1+w$ but we prefer to leave the SN Ia effects as unmasked as possible while still narrowing the range in $\Omega_{M}$. The uncertainty on redshift can be seen in Tables 1, 2, 3, and 4. A peculiar velocity uncertainty of $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ is assumed. A06, J07, K08 and others have used $300 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ while WV07 used $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$. A06, WV07 and K08 make redshift cuts at $z=0.015$. Even though $300 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ is closer to the actual peculiar velocity uncertainty, since we choose to cut at $z=0.01$ and because of potential issues like a Hubble bubble we would like to deweight the nearest ones slightly and $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ achieves this. The peculiar velocity uncertainty of $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ produces a difference in distance-modulus uncertainty between $z=0.01$ and $z=0.015$ that is 0.011 mag greater than if $300 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ had been used. Our use of ' $z$ ' refers to $z_{c m b}$ throughout. We also fit for $\Omega_{M}$ and $\Omega_{\Lambda}$, assuming $1+w=0$ and using the BAO prior.

### 2.1. SALT: Augmenting the Union Compilation

SALT uses a modified version of the Nugent spectral template that was developed to reproduce the $U B V R$ light curves of 34 nearby SN Ia, 28 of which are at $z<0.015$ and six others with good $U$-band data at $z>0.015$. No $\mathrm{SN}-1991 \mathrm{bg}$ like objects were included in this training set. SN-1991bg-like objects are spectroscopically identified by strong Ti II lines. Photometrically, they are intrinsically red, fast declining, and subluminous. H09 show that such objects form more of a separate grouping than a continued distribution in color and intrinsic luminosity. SALT fits for the time of $B$-band maximum light, $t_{o}$, the flux normalization (which can be converted to the rest-frame peak magnitude in $B$ band, $m_{B}^{\max }$ ), a time stretch factor, $s$, and a color parameter, $c=\left.(B-V)\right|_{t=B \max }+0.057$. The color, $c$, is a combination of the intrinsic color and reddening due to host-galaxy dust.

[^1]The next step, taking the SALT output parameters and calculating the best-fit cosmology uses the following equation:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mu_{B}=m_{B}^{\max }-M+\alpha(s-1)-\beta c . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

The empirical coefficients $\alpha, \beta$, and $M$ are marginalized over as part of the cosmological fit. It is remarkably the case that the two different physical mechanisms (intrinsic color and reddening by dust) that give rise to the color, $c$, sufficiently obey the same color-magnitude relation that they can be described by the single parameter, $\beta$. To calculate the distances to each SN Ia, we use the one-dimensional marginalization coefficients, $\alpha, \beta$, and $M$.
K08 use SALT to fit 307 SN Ia light curves, 57 at $z<0.2$ and 250 at $z>0.2$ to form the Union compilation. These SN meet the criteria of having good light-curve fits, $z \geqslant 0.015$, time of first observation (divided by stretch, $s$ ), $t_{1 s t} / s$, less than six days after maximum light and each Hubble residual, scaled by its uncertainty, within $3 \sigma$. The K08 cuts are different from those that we will use for the other three fitters. We tested the K08 cuts on the MLCS31 OLD+CfA3 sample and it only made a difference in $1+w$ of 0.005 so we prefer to use our more permissive cuts, explained below, to allow for a larger sample.

We take the SALT parameters, $m_{B}^{\max }, s$, and $c$, from Table 11 in K08 for the Union set and calculate the best-fit cosmology from the combination of the 307 SN plus the BAO prior, assuming a flat universe. There can be slight differences in the specific procedure to fit for the cosmology so we do not try to exactly reproduce the values for $1+w$ and $\Omega_{M}$; only get very close so that we can then confidently add our SALT fits of the CfA3 sample to the K08 SALT fits of the Union sample and calculate the Constitution set (OLD+CfA3) cosmology.

A peculiar velocity of $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ is assumed (different than the $300 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ in K08 since we want to be more cautious in our assumptions for peculiar velocities). In order to approximately maintain the same relative weighting for each SN that was used by K08, including a sample-dependent systematic error and other uncertainty components, we take the uncertainty of the distance modulus, $d \mu_{B}$, from Table 11 in K08 and subtract off the uncertainties of $c$ and $s$ and use this as a modified uncertainty for $m_{B}^{\max }$ in Equation (1). We find that the resulting uncertainty on each SN is too high by 0.007 mag (in quadrature) to reproduce the same amount of uncertainty in $1+w$ as in K08 and we subtract this from each. These steps allow us to reproduce the $\mathrm{SN}+\mathrm{BAO}$ value of $1+w=-0.011$ from K08. The statistical uncertainties on $1+w$ from our calculations are more symmetric: +0.078 and

Table 2
SALT2 Light-Curve Fit Parameters and Distances

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $m_{B}$ | $x_{1}$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03D1au | 0.504(0.001) | 22.990(0.013) | 1.058(0.209) | 0.018(0.022) | 42.498(0.169) |
| 03D1aw | 0.582(0.001) | 23.557(0.018) | -0.039(0.240) | 0.055(0.031) | 42.858(0.178) |
| 03D1ax | 0.496(0.001) | $22.956(0.015)$ | $-0.931(0.167)$ | $-0.033(0.026)$ | 42.384(0.172) |
| 03D1bp | 0.346(0.001) | 22.412(0.036) | $-1.153(0.224)$ | 0.081(0.039) | 41.534(0.190) |
| 03D1co | 0.679(0.001) | 24.102(0.046) | 0.666(0.587) | -0.008(0.055) | 43.632(0.222) |
| 03D1ew | 0.868(0.001) | 24.361(0.056) | 0.297(0.411) | -0.072(0.180) | 44.012(0.479) |
| 03D1fc | 0.331(0.001) | 21.813(0.020) | 0.218(0.186) | 0.024(0.017) | 41.220(0.166) |
| 03D1fl | 0.688(0.001) | 23.599(0.017) | $-0.262(0.255)$ | -0.070(0.028) | 43.187(0.176) |
| 03D1fq | 0.800(0.001) | 24.529(0.035) | -1.622(0.525) | $-0.034(0.058)$ | 43.888(0.223) |
| 03D1gt | 0.548(0.001) | 24.043(0.048) | -2.211(0.425) | 0.298(0.062) | 42.517(0.230) |
| 03D3af | 0.532(0.001) | 23.486(0.027) | -0.298(0.276) | 0.027(0.039) | 42.830(0.190) |
| 03D3aw | 0.449(0.001) | 22.548(0.038) | $-0.132(0.291)$ | $-0.080(0.035)$ | 42.175(0.186) |
| 03D3ay | 0.371(0.001) | $22.215(0.043)$ | 0.250(0.280) | $-0.051(0.033)$ | 41.811(0.185) |
| 03D3ba | 0.291(0.001) | 21.982(0.029) | 0.364(0.172) | 0.207(0.029) | 40.949(0.177) |
| 03D3cc | 0.463(0.001) | 22.660(0.046) | 0.417(0.294) | -0.009(0.043) | 42.168(0.198) |
| 03D3cd | 0.461(0.001) | 22.593(0.070) | 2.016(1.001) | 0.017(0.048) | 42.202(0.234) |
| 03D4ag | 0.285(0.001) | 21.202(0.020) | 0.789(0.148) | $-0.104(0.014)$ | 40.985(0.164) |
| 03D4at | 0.633(0.001) | 23.712(0.022) | $-0.389(0.356)$ | $-0.072(0.037)$ | 43.293(0.188) |
| 03D4cx | 0.949(0.001) | 24.484(0.069) | $-0.586(0.578)$ | 0.120(0.133) | 43.569(0.376) |
| 03D4cy | 0.927(0.001) | 24.699(0.087) | 0.258(0.497) | -0.366(0.186) | 45.074(0.498) |
| 03D4cz | 0.695(0.001) | 24.039(0.041) | -2.360(0.412) | $-0.069(0.060)$ | $43.406(0.226)$ |
| 03D4dh | 0.627(0.001) | 23.367(0.018) | 0.845(0.208) | -0.013(0.026) | 42.928(0.173) |
| 03D4di | 0.905(0.001) | 24.271(0.055) | 1.029(0.414) | -0.022(0.133) | 43.874(0.372) |
| 03D4dy | 0.604(0.001) | 23.288(0.018) | 0.887(0.195) | 0.079(0.027) | 42.628(0.173) |
| 03D4fd | 0.791(0.001) | 24.216(0.025) | $-0.143(0.479)$ | $-0.043(0.055)$ | 43.749(0.216) |
| 03D4gf | 0.581(0.001) | 23.327(0.014) | 0.209(0.336) | -0.062(0.026) | 42.945(0.175) |
| 03D4gg | 0.592(0.001) | 23.387(0.021) | 0.014(0.361) | 0.054(0.037) | 42.697(0.187) |
| 03D4gl | 0.571(0.001) | 23.361(0.058) | 3.871(0.884) | 0.038(0.073) | 43.111(0.263) |
| 04D1ag | 0.557(0.001) | 23.025(0.011) | 0.414(0.191) | -0.116(0.021) | 42.798(0.168) |
| 04D1aj | 0.721(0.001) | 23.860(0.028) | 0.525(0.459) | 0.008(0.041) | 43.337(0.196) |
| 04D1ak | 0.526(0.001) | 23.612(0.041) | -2.035(0.353) | 0.052(0.052) | 42.714(0.211) |
| 04D2cf | 0.369(0.001) | 22.559(0.035) | -1.439(0.315) | 0.052(0.032) | 41.722(0.183) |
| 04D2fp | 0.415(0.001) | 22.521(0.022) | 0.130(0.198) | -0.029(0.026) | 42.048(0.173) |
| 04D2fs | 0.357(0.001) | 22.395(0.017) | -0.091(0.154) | 0.093(0.017) | 41.598(0.165) |
| 04D2gb | 0.430(0.001) | 22.809(0.039) | -2.313(0.299) | 0.008(0.048) | 41.991(0.203) |
| 04D2gp | 0.707(0.001) | 24.149(0.048) | -1.868(0.529) | $-0.047(0.074)$ | $43.515(0.254)$ |
| 04D2iu | 0.691(0.001) | 24.266(0.046) | -1.907(0.538) | 0.091(0.070) | $43.285(0.245)$ |
| 04D2ja | 0.741(0.001) | 24.109(0.043) | 0.003(0.433) | $-0.133(0.054)$ | 43.881(0.216) |
| 04D3co | 0.620(0.001) | 23.771(0.029) | -0.794(0.276) | -0.070(0.041) | 43.304(0.192) |
| 04D3cp | 0.830(0.001) | 24.198(0.043) | 1.317(0.403) | -0.431(0.190) | 44.844(0.500) |
| 04D3cy | 0.643(0.001) | 23.795(0.027) | 0.216(0.283) | 0.017(0.036) | 43.217(0.186) |
| 04D3dd | 1.010(0.001) | 25.063(0.159) | $1.138(0.655)$ | $-0.121(0.214)$ | 44.924(0.580) |
| 04D3df | 0.470(0.001) | 23.513(0.029) | -2.280(0.298) | 0.142(0.038) | 42.367(0.189) |
| 04D3do | 0.610(0.001) | 23.564(0.018) | -1.280(0.220) | -0.064(0.030) | 43.032(0.177) |
| 04D3ez | 0.263(0.001) | 21.662(0.017) | $-0.976(0.144)$ | 0.084(0.016) | 40.794(0.165) |
| 04D3fk | 0.358(0.001) | 22.525(0.017) | -0.412(0.128) | 0.137(0.016) | 41.587(0.165) |
| 04D3fq | 0.730(0.001) | 24.092(0.026) | $-0.770(0.398)$ | 0.004(0.048) | 43.444(0.204) |
| 04D3gt | 0.451(0.001) | 23.235(0.016) | $-0.226(0.164)$ | 0.297(0.023) | 41.919(0.169) |
| 04D3gx | 0.910(0.001) | 24.716(0.074) | -0.181(0.511) | -0.227(0.176) | 44.702(0.472) |
| 04D3hn | 0.552(0.001) | 23.472(0.015) | -0.946(0.167) | 0.156(0.024) | 42.430(0.171) |
| 04D3is | 0.710(0.001) | 24.229(0.031) | 0.205(0.405) | 0.203(0.046) | 43.188(0.202) |
| 04D3ki | 0.930(0.001) | 24.860(0.100) | -0.938(0.457) | $-0.226(0.207)$ | 44.763(0.549) |
| 04D3kr | 0.337(0.001) | 21.932(0.021) | 1.097(0.185) | 0.013(0.017) | 41.456(0.166) |
| 04D3ks | 0.752(0.001) | 23.851(0.037) | 0.332(0.433) | $-0.059(0.053)$ | $43.475(0.214)$ |
| 04D3lu | 0.822(0.001) | 24.339(0.031) | $-0.082(0.354)$ | 0.096(0.125) | 43.534(0.350) |
| 04D3ml | 0.950(0.001) | 24.494(0.070) | $1.356(0.641)$ | 0.096(0.141) | 43.841(0.395) |
| 04D3nc | 0.817(0.001) | 24.272(0.056) | 1.812(1.234) | 0.007(0.154) | 43.885(0.437) |
| 04D3nh | 0.340(0.001) | 22.089(0.016) | 0.418(0.171) | 0.033(0.015) | 41.494(0.164) |
| 04D3nr | 0.960(0.001) | 24.528(0.061) | $-0.585(0.536)$ | 0.083(0.116) | 43.705(0.337) |
| 04D3ny | 0.810(0.001) | 24.277(0.038) | 0.852(0.889) | -0.076(0.170) | 43.996 (0.461) |
| 04D3oe | 0.756(0.001) | 24.070(0.031) | -1.849(0.459) | -0.282(0.051) | 44.019(0.211) |
| 04D4an | 0.613(0.001) | 24.027(0.027) | -1.601(0.387) | 0.078(0.035) | 43.111(0.187) |
| 04D4bk | 0.840(0.001) | 24.291(0.033) | 1.192(0.650) | 0.209(0.103) | 43.339 (0.309) |
| 04D4bq | 0.550(0.001) | 23.333(0.024) | 0.109(0.404) | 0.126(0.030) | 42.475(0.182) |
| 04D4dm | 0.811(0.001) | 24.398(0.040) | 0.859(1.095) | $-0.130(0.165)$ | 44.250(0.455) |
| 2002dc | 0.475(0.010) | 23.175(0.129) | $-1.233(0.346)$ | 0.077(0.126) | 42.299(0.375) |

Table 2
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $m_{B}$ | $x_{1}$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2002dd | 0.950(0.010) | 24.596(0.033) | 1.352(0.373) | 0.104(0.046) | 43.921(0.201) |
| Eagle | 1.020(0.010) | 24.931(0.027) | $-0.178(0.406)$ | 0.004(0.050) | 44.345(0.206) |
| Ferguson | 1.020(0.010) | 24.816(0.060) | 0.956(0.568) | 0.099(0.059) | 44.112(0.230) |
| Gabi | $1.120(0.010)$ | 25.080(0.024) | 0.091(0.372) | 0.009(0.042) | 44.509(0.195) |
| Koekemoer | $1.230(0.010)$ | 25.284(0.092) | -0.022(0.651) | $-0.034(0.074)$ | 44.809(0.268) |
| Lancaster | $1.230(0.010)$ | 26.057(0.050) | -0.626(0.678) | 0.130(0.045) | 45.113(0.211) |
| Manipogo | 0.854(0.010) | 24.535(0.028) | -1.197(0.425) | 0.016(0.048) | 43.813(0.205) |
| Mcguire | 1.370(0.010) | 25.616(0.046) | 0.750(0.626) | 0.023(0.036) | 45.079(0.199) |
| Ombo | 0.975(0.010) | 24.858(0.031) | $1.850(0.426)$ | 0.069(0.034) | 44.323(0.187) |
| Patuxent | 0.970(0.010) | 24.983(0.025) | $-0.866(1.230)$ | $-0.122(0.061)$ | 44.639(0.255) |
| Rakke | 0.740(0.010) | 23.902(0.043) | $-0.280(0.330)$ | -0.085(0.040) | 43.526(0.194) |
| Spock | 0.839(0.010) | 24.133(0.132) | $-0.124(0.508)$ | -0.018(0.088) | 43.608(0.305) |
| Strolger | 1.010(0.010) | 24.945(0.102) | 2.255(1.978) | $-0.071(0.061)$ | 44.797(0.317) |
| Thames | 0.954(0.010) | 24.638(0.258) | $-0.688(0.631)$ | $-0.056(0.118)$ | 44.149(0.426) |
| Zwicky | 0.521(0.010) | 23.055(0.055) | $1.129(0.651)$ | 0.045(0.042) | 42.504(0.208) |
| anguta | 0.670(0.010) | 24.228(0.035) | $-1.181(0.328)$ | 0.087(0.032) | 43.331(0.184) |
| aphrodite | 1.300(0.010) | 25.623(0.024) | 0.518(0.371) | 0.033(0.038) | 45.038(0.189) |
| athena | $1.400(0.010)$ | 26.549(0.184) | $-0.496(2.243)$ | 0.000(0.000) | 45.940(0.336) |
| bilbo | 0.216(0.010) | 22.233(0.186) | $-0.021(0.716)$ | 0.485(0.116) | 40.473(0.385) |
| borg | 1.340(0.010) | 25.699(0.042) | $1.716(0.637)$ | 0.111(0.047) | 45.046(0.212) |
| elvis | 0.840(0.010) | 24.359(0.020) | $-0.303(0.463)$ | 0.085(0.027) | 43.558(0.179) |
| frodo | 0.735(0.010) | 23.981(0.071) | $-0.434(0.334)$ | $-0.015(0.071)$ | 43.415(0.249) |
| gilgamesh | 1.551(0.010) | 26.513(0.055) | $-0.017(0.848)$ | 0.252(0.037) | 45.329(0.211) |
| inanna | 1.307(0.010) | 26.631(0.123) | $-2.938(1.896)$ | 0.209(0.085) | 45.249(0.351) |
| isis | 0.526(0.010) | 24.229(0.100) | 2.344(1.088) | 0.191(0.054) | 43.441(0.257) |
| mcenroe | 0.900(0.010) | 24.084(0.015) | $-0.132(0.227)$ | 0.137(0.028) | 43.174(0.175) |
| nanna | $1.140(0.010)$ | 25.385(0.041) | 0.232(0.431) | 0.052(0.063) | 44.722(0.231) |
| qiqirn | 0.640(0.010) | 24.271(0.206) | $-0.999(0.940)$ | 0.212(0.122) | $43.085(0.410)$ |
| ramone | 0.954(0.010) | 24.581(0.064) | $-1.193(0.556)$ | $-0.167(0.060)$ | 44.312(0.233) |
| sasquatch | $1.390(0.010)$ | 25.857(0.064) | $1.625(0.868)$ | 0.190(0.047) | 44.997(0.225) |
| torngasak | $1.265(0.010)$ | 25.715(0.047) | 0.260(0.705) | 0.127(0.047) | 44.870(0.214) |
| vilas | 0.935(0.010) | 24.391(0.037) | $-0.217(0.262)$ | 0.071(0.052) | $43.635(0.209)$ |
| b010 | 0.590(0.003) | 23.405(0.079) | 1.999(0.909) | -0.117(0.095) | 43.346 (0.309) |
| b013 | 0.427(0.003) | 22.623(0.043) | -0.596(0.405) | 0.024(0.052) | 41.943(0.213) |
| b020 | 0.426(0.003) | 22.461(0.218) | $-1.417(1.830)$ | 0.043(0.199) | 41.648(0.592) |
| d033 | 0.530(0.008) | 23.088(0.081) | $3.825(1.148)$ | $-0.291(0.099)$ | 43.649(0.325) |
| d083 | 0.333(0.001) | 21.002(0.033) | $1.250(0.220)$ | $-0.053(0.035)$ | 40.705(0.185) |
| d084 | 0.516(0.006) | 23.647(0.065) | $0.615(0.886)$ | $-0.024(0.100)$ | 43.213(0.314) |
| d085 | 0.401(0.008) | 22.450(0.048) | 0.654(0.390) | 0.043(0.059) | 41.854(0.224) |
| d086 | 0.204(0.003) | 21.098(0.093) | $-0.303(0.196)$ | 0.173(0.082) | 40.080(0.275) |
| d087 | 0.337(0.004) | 21.965(0.058) | $-0.711(0.337)$ | 0.015(0.062) | 41.295(0.231) |
| d089 | 0.424(0.003) | 22.460(0.041) | 0.123(0.382) | -0.052(0.049) | 42.044(0.207) |
| d093 | 0.361(0.003) | 21.897(0.048) | $1.087(0.279)$ | -0.102(0.048) | 41.705(0.205) |
| d097 | 0.434(0.007) | 22.501(0.049) | $1.744(0.504)$ | 0.021(0.058) | 42.073(0.226) |
| d099 | 0.210(0.002) | $21.126(0.102)$ | $-0.758(0.214)$ | $-0.047(0.088)$ | 40.606(0.289) |
| d117 | 0.301(0.005) | 22.367(0.100) | $-1.845(0.358)$ | 0.097(0.092) | 41.378(0.296) |
| d149 | 0.344(0.008) | 22.092(0.045) | 0.385(0.355) | 0.007(0.044) | $41.556(0.200)$ |
| e020 | 0.159(0.006) | 21.062(0.150) | 0.029(0.377) | 0.372(0.127) | 39.585(0.384) |
| e029 | 0.332(0.008) | 22.390(0.078) | $-2.800(0.947)$ | 0.040(0.079) | 41.442(0.282) |
| e108 | 0.472(0.007) | 22.622(0.088) | $3.370(1.706)$ | $-0.069(0.092)$ | 42.586(0.341) |
| e132 | 0.235(0.006) | 21.771(0.065) | -0.337(0.248) | 0.300(0.060) | 40.435(0.229) |
| e136 | 0.348(0.006) | $22.735(0.054)$ | $-2.029(0.611)$ | 0.134(0.060) | 41.636(0.233) |
| e138 | 0.611(0.006) | 23.748(0.050) | $-3.866(0.730)$ | 0.259(0.101) | 42.147(0.310) |
| e140 | 0.614(0.006) | 23.345(0.024) | 0.676(0.475) | 0.044(0.046) | 42.749(0.203) |
| e147 | 0.641(0.008) | 23.336(0.047) | $-0.385(0.442)$ | $-0.105(0.058)$ | 42.999(0.223) |
| e148 | 0.429(0.006) | 22.633(0.034) | $-1.105(0.350)$ | $-0.049(0.045)$ | 42.081(0.199) |
| e149 | 0.491(0.006) | 23.686(0.054) | 5.000(0.253) | 0.581(0.076) | 42.209(0.253) |
| f011 | 0.536(0.006) | 23.279(0.037) | $-1.458(0.500)$ | 0.060(0.062) | 42.422(0.230) |
| f041 | 0.558(0.007) | 23.120(0.044) | $2.736(1.100)$ | -0.092(0.065) | 43.075(0.257) |
| f076 | 0.410(0.004) | $22.346(0.064)$ | $-1.000(0.638)$ | 0.060(0.090) | 41.536(0.288) |
| f216 | 0.595(0.011) | 23.774(0.077) | $-3.248(1.067)$ | -0.038(0.132) | 42.973(0.387) |
| f221 | 0.443(0.004) | 23.080(0.088) | $-1.756(0.685)$ | $-0.363(0.117)$ | 43.239(0.350) |
| f231 | 0.620(0.008) | 23.447(0.035) | $1.243(0.354)$ | -0.076(0.062) | 43.205(0.227) |
| f235 | 0.422(0.006) | 22.403(0.056) | $-1.202(0.494)$ | $-0.079(0.065)$ | 41.917(0.238) |
| f244 | 0.546(0.005) | 23.311(0.050) | $-1.016(0.793)$ | 0.003(0.080) | 42.641(0.271) |
| g001 | 0.268(0.002) | 21.441(0.078) | $-2.030(0.312)$ | -0.066(0.070) | 40.834(0.249) |

Table 2
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $m_{B}$ | $x_{1}$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g005 | 0.218(0.007) | 21.404(0.089) | $1.348(0.306)$ | 0.319(0.081) | 40.197(0.272) |
| g052 | 0.384(0.006) | $22.335(0.082)$ | -2.037(0.419) | $-0.115(0.090)$ | 41.851(0.289) |
| g055 | 0.302(0.006) | 23.119(0.126) | 2.087(0.589) | 0.489(0.109) | 41.568(0.342) |
| g097 | 0.339(0.004) | 22.267(0.078) | 0.481(0.426) | 0.209(0.073) | 41.241(0.257) |
| g160 | 0.507(0.019) | 22.972(0.070) | $1.439(0.600)$ | 0.117(0.079) | 42.276(0.269) |
| g240 | 0.689(0.005) | 23.410(0.075) | $-0.046(0.883)$ | $-0.130(0.084)$ | 43.170(0.286) |
| g276 | 0.244(0.001) | 21.701(0.059) | $-0.383(0.135)$ | 0.245(0.058) | 40.497(0.222) |
| h300 | 0.656(0.011) | 23.492(0.053) | 0.737(0.648) | 0.007(0.066) | 42.994(0.243) |
| h319 | 0.478(0.002) | 22.882(0.045) | $1.025(0.664)$ | $0.011(0.052)$ | 42.403(0.220) |
| h323 | 0.603(0.007) | 23.481(0.045) | $-0.314(0.584)$ | 0.028(0.077) | 42.822(0.258) |
| h342 | 0.421(0.005) | 22.407(0.061) | $1.359(0.658)$ | $-0.136(0.062)$ | 42.328(0.238) |
| h359 | 0.348(0.005) | 22.597(0.051) | $-0.115(0.342)$ | 0.107(0.054) | 41.762(0.216) |
| h363 | 0.211(0.005) | 22.054(0.097) | $-0.727(0.269)$ | 0.457(0.086) | 40.289(0.284) |
| h364 | 0.344(0.004) | 21.716(0.045) | $-0.470(0.280)$ | -0.099(0.048) | 41.354(0.205) |
| k411 | 0.565(0.003) | 22.852(0.208) | $-0.630(1.395)$ | $-0.133(0.187)$ | 42.557(0.550) |
| k425 | 0.274(0.003) | 22.018(0.070) | $-0.079(0.306)$ | 0.224(0.063) | 40.899(0.235) |
| k429 | 0.171(0.006) | 20.359(0.112) | 0.150(0.194) | $-0.015(0.098)$ | 39.854(0.311) |
| k430 | 0.576(0.007) | 23.801(0.040) | $-0.353(0.821)$ | $-0.062(0.088)$ | 43.359(0.286) |
| k441 | 0.671(0.007) | 23.690(0.037) | $1.456(0.849)$ | 0.098(0.070) | 43.042(0.254) |
| k448 | 0.405(0.007) | 23.326(0.113) | 0.278(1.361) | 0.282(0.124) | 42.099(0.391) |
| k490 | 0.709(0.001) | 23.882(0.045) | $0.131(0.919)$ | 0.183(0.075) | 42.886(0.265) |
| m026 | 0.656(0.006) | 23.604(0.065) | $-0.364(1.183)$ | 0.123(0.110) | 42.704(0.344) |
| m027 | 0.285(0.003) | 22.478(0.105) | $0.536(0.853)$ | 0.244(0.089) | 41.371(0.305) |
| m032 | 0.155(0.004) | 20.540(0.331) | 1.714(1.857) | $0.159(0.270)$ | 39.768(0.786) |
| m034 | 0.562(0.006) | 23.351(0.071) | 0.383(0.976) | $-0.144(0.107)$ | 43.191(0.333) |
| m039 | 0.249(0.003) | 22.220(0.110) | $-1.141(0.558)$ | 0.324(0.099) | 40.742(0.317) |
| m062 | 0.316(0.004) | 21.887(0.091) | $-0.564(0.723)$ | -0.066(0.077) | 41.433(0.275) |
| m158 | 0.461(0.007) | 23.122(0.066) | $0.547(0.549)$ | 0.208(0.082) | 42.106(0.271) |
| m193 | 0.336(0.006) | 21.607(0.074) | $-0.424(0.349)$ | $-0.063(0.056)$ | 41.161(0.226) |
| n256 | 0.631(0.011) | 23.357(0.027) | 0.357(0.543) | $-0.085(0.044)$ | 43.047(0.201) |
| n263 | 0.368(0.007) | 21.974(0.036) | $-0.581(0.324)$ | $-0.136(0.043)$ | 41.691(0.197) |
| n278 | 0.308(0.006) | 21.742(0.057) | $-1.968(0.521)$ | $-0.036(0.059)$ | 41.068(0.229) |
| n285 | 0.531(0.009) | $23.275(0.104)$ | 1.108(1.631) | 0.126(0.111) | 42.520(0.374) |
| n326 | 0.267(0.006) | $21.956(0.161)$ | -4.612(0.737) | $-0.049(0.146)$ | 41.041(0.433) |
| n404 | 0.285(0.006) | 21.919(0.098) | $-0.537(0.294)$ | 0.291(0.087) | 40.584(0.286) |
| p425 | 0.456(0.004) | 24.017(0.123) | 4.292(1.890) | 0.543(0.134) | 42.562(0.435) |
| p455 | 0.285(0.006) | 21.675(0.054) | $-1.126(0.267)$ | $-0.010(0.051)$ | 41.026(0.211) |
| p524 | 0.511(0.003) | 22.932(0.063) | 0.879(0.776) | 0.051(0.054) | 42.339(0.232) |
| p528 | 0.780(0.009) | 24.049(0.071) | $-0.551(1.357)$ | $-0.074(0.131)$ | 43.617(0.394) |
| sn900 | 0.031(0.001) | 16.187(0.025) | 0.338(0.191) | $-0.005(0.022)$ | 35.677(0.194) |
| sn90af | 0.050(0.001) | 17.751(0.013) | $-2.633(0.245)$ | 0.066(0.018) | 36.755(0.176) |
| sn91U | 0.033(0.001) | 16.417(0.055) | 0.181(0.205) | 0.110(0.030) | 35.607(0.203) |
| sn91ag | 0.014(0.001) | 14.390(0.021) | 0.743(0.160) | 0.020(0.018) | 33.860(0.260) |
| sn92J | 0.046(0.001) | 18.660(0.036) | $-0.245(0.326)$ | $0.665(0.032)$ | 36.429(0.194) |
| sn92P | 0.026(0.001) | 16.043(0.018) | 0.168(0.351) | $-0.009(0.021)$ | 35.524(0.202) |
| sn92ae | 0.075(0.001) | 18.417(0.023) | $-0.811(0.193)$ | 0.022(0.026) | 37.719(0.178) |
| sn92ag | 0.026(0.001) | 16.280(0.021) | $-0.530(0.175)$ | $0.221(0.021)$ | 35.121(0.201) |
| sn92al | 0.014(0.001) | 14.546(0.012) | -0.295(0.073) | $-0.027(0.013)$ | 34.023(0.254) |
| sn92aq | 0.101(0.001) | 19.267(0.048) | $-1.364(0.404)$ | $-0.021(0.034)$ | 38.619(0.192) |
| sn92bc | 0.020(0.001) | 15.068(0.009) | 0.310(0.073) | $-0.060(0.010)$ | 34.691(0.214) |
| sn92bh | 0.045(0.001) | 17.586(0.022) | $-0.068(0.217)$ | 0.101(0.021) | 36.771(0.181) |
| sn92bk | 0.058(0.001) | 18.036(0.123) | $-2.105(0.322)$ | $-0.045(0.076)$ | $37.370(0.281)$ |
| sn92bl | 0.043(0.001) | 17.299(0.055) | $-2.013(0.221)$ | 0.014(0.036) | 36.497(0.202) |
| sn92bp | 0.079(0.001) | 18.276(0.014) | $-1.258(0.190)$ | $-0.026(0.017)$ | 37.652(0.169) |
| sn92br | 0.088(0.001) | 19.618(0.037) | -2.572(0.293) | 0.209(0.051) | 38.275(0.211) |
| sn92bs | 0.063(0.001) | 18.267(0.029) | $-0.389(0.188)$ | 0.024(0.019) | 37.610(0.174) |
| sn93B | 0.071(0.001) | 18.447(0.018) | $-0.667(0.196)$ | 0.104(0.021) | 37.563(0.173) |
| sn93O | 0.052(0.001) | 17.612(0.013) | $-0.948(0.100)$ | $-0.015(0.014)$ | 36.993(0.172) |
| sn93ac | 0.049(0.001) | 17.717(0.037) | $-1.159(0.310)$ | 0.060(0.030) | 36.891(0.190) |
| sn93ag | 0.050(0.001) | 17.789(0.018) | $-1.068(0.199)$ | 0.114(0.022) | 36.839(0.179) |
| sn94M | 0.024(0.001) | 16.274(0.021) | $-1.746(0.174)$ | 0.104(0.021) | 35.276(0.205) |
| sn94S | 0.016(0.001) | 14.762(0.021) | 0.226(0.260) | -0.002(0.019) | 34.232(0.242) |
| sn94T | 0.036(0.001) | 16.914(0.027) | $-1.489(0.168)$ | 0.030(0.024) | 36.126(0.189) |
| sn95ac | 0.049(0.001) | 17.039(0.011) | 0.591(0.119) | $0.011(0.010)$ | 36.516(0.171) |
| sn95ak | 0.022(0.001) | 15.935(0.046) | -1.376(0.237) | 0.079(0.030) | 35.038(0.223) |
| sn95bd | 0.014(0.001) | 15.233(0.015) | 0.598(0.137) | 0.328(0.015) | 33.926 (0.253) |

Table 2
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $m_{B}$ | $x_{1}$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn96C | 0.028(0.001) | 16.595(0.034) | 0.421(0.235) | $0.116(0.021)$ | $35.793(0.200)$ |
| sn96ab | 0.124(0.001) | 19.540(0.024) | $-0.907(0.252)$ | -0.062(0.024) | 39.043(0.174) |
| sn96bl | 0.035(0.001) | 16.673(0.016) | $-0.181(0.153)$ | $0.055(0.015)$ | 35.961(0.183) |
| sn96bo | 0.016(0.001) | 15.821(0.014) | -0.968(0.160) | 0.397(0.014) | 34.179(0.236) |
| sn96bv | 0.017(0.001) | 15.277(0.035) | 0.936(0.418) | $0.190(0.022)$ | 34.347(0.243) |
| sn97E | 0.013(0.001) | 15.093(0.015) | $-1.830(0.248)$ | $0.089(0.015)$ | 34.124(0.265) |
| sn97Y | 0.017(0.001) | 15.303(0.023) | -1.264(0.277) | 0.041(0.022) | 34.512(0.240) |
| sn97dg | 0.030(0.001) | 16.805(0.016) | -0.869(0.260) | 0.002(0.015) | 36.151(0.191) |
| sn97do | 0.011(0.001) | 14.322(0.025) | $-0.212(0.252)$ | $0.135(0.017)$ | $33.408(0.309)$ |
| sn98V | 0.017(0.001) | 15.070(0.018) | -0.315(0.148) | $0.030(0.013)$ | 34.404(0.230) |
| sn98ab | 0.028(0.001) | 16.090(0.017) | 0.130(0.116) | 0.108(0.014) | 35.278(0.192) |
| sn98dx | 0.054(0.001) | 17.510(0.033) | $-1.713(0.387)$ | $-0.073(0.021)$ | 36.956(0.182) |
| sn98ef | 0.017(0.001) | 14.806(0.025) | $-1.389(0.257)$ | $-0.005(0.018)$ | 34.117(0.237) |
| sn98eg | 0.024(0.001) | 16.077(0.015) | -0.822(0.356) | 0.047(0.018) | 35.317(0.207) |
| sn99aa | 0.015(0.001) | 14.694(0.009) | 0.981(0.073) | -0.015(0.009) | 34.277(0.242) |
| sn99aw | 0.039(0.001) | 16.710(0.017) | 2.064(0.186) | -0.011(0.017) | 36.395(0.181) |
| sn99cc | 0.032(0.001) | 16.754(0.009) | -1.756(0.161) | 0.063(0.011) | 35.857(0.185) |
| sn99cp | 0.010(0.001) | 13.928(0.018) | -0.043(0.215) | -0.019(0.017) | 33.412(0.310) |
| sn99dk | 0.014(0.001) | 14.882(0.015) | 0.801(0.118) | $0.160(0.013)$ | $34.011(0.257)$ |
| sn99dq | 0.013(0.001) | 14.348(0.007) | 0.287(0.034) | $0.118(0.008)$ | $33.529(0.259)$ |
| sn99ee | 0.011(0.001) | 14.835(0.005) | 0.586(0.040) | 0.328(0.005) | 33.526(0.302) |
| sn99ef | 0.038(0.001) | 17.029(0.055) | 0.308(0.322) | -0.003(0.022) | $36.510(0.194)$ |
| sn99ej | 0.013(0.001) | 15.345(0.088) | -2.093(0.401) | 0.042(0.045) | 34.465(0.305) |
| sn99ek | 0.018(0.001) | 15.588(0.008) | $-0.999(0.116)$ | $0.170(0.009)$ | 34.505(0.225) |
| sn99gd | 0.019(0.001) | 16.915(0.030) | -1.114(0.226) | 0.460(0.021) | 35.102(0.224) |
| sn99gp | 0.026(0.001) | 15.984(0.009) | $1.443(0.094)$ | $0.057(0.010)$ | 35.437(0.194) |
| sn00bh | 0.024(0.001) | 15.928(0.040) | -0.536(0.124) | $0.075(0.021)$ | $35.130(0.207)$ |
| sn00ca | 0.025(0.001) | 15.525(0.013) | 0.261(0.127) | $-0.074(0.011)$ | 35.178(0.198) |
| sn00ce | 0.017(0.001) | 17.008(0.022) | 0.613(0.179) | $0.579(0.017)$ | 35.081(0.237) |
| sn00cf | 0.036(0.001) | 17.020(0.024) | -0.836(0.129) | $0.017(0.015)$ | 36.332(0.182) |
| sn00cn | 0.023(0.001) | 16.573(0.018) | -2.380(0.243) | $0.199(0.016)$ | 35.277(0.206) |
| sn00dk | 0.016(0.001) | 15.347(0.016) | -2.496(0.267) | 0.062(0.016) | $34.376(0.238)$ |
| sn00fa | 0.022(0.001) | 15.864(0.021) | 0.361(0.130) | $0.099(0.015)$ | 35.098(0.209) |
| sn01ah | 0.058(0.001) | 17.608(0.026) | $1.221(0.303)$ | 0.025(0.022) | $37.116(0.179)$ |
| sn01az | 0.041(0.001) | 16.891(0.029) | 0.472(0.347) | $-0.044(0.016)$ | 36.492(0.183) |
| sn01ba | 0.030(0.001) | 16.163(0.009) | -0.038(0.126) | $-0.096(0.011)$ | $35.840(0.186)$ |
| sn01bf | 0.015(0.001) | 14.682(0.016) | 0.718(0.146) | 0.011(0.012) | 34.172(0.244) |
| sn01bt | 0.014(0.001) | 15.289(0.011) | $-0.782(0.063)$ | $0.259(0.012)$ | $34.009(0.251)$ |
| sn01cn | 0.015(0.001) | 15.237(0.015) | -0.445(0.060) | 0.203(0.011) | 34.129(0.242) |
| sn01cp | 0.022(0.001) | 15.110(0.176) | -1.851(1.162) | $-0.341(0.106)$ | 35.204(0.394) |
| sn01cz | 0.016(0.001) | 15.029(0.012) | $-0.077(0.118)$ | $0.125(0.012)$ | 34.154(0.235) |
| sn01da | 0.016(0.001) | 15.366(0.034) | -4.263(0.815) | $0.033(0.036)$ | 34.284(0.267) |
| sn01eh | 0.036(0.001) | 16.572(0.014) | 1.159(0.112) | $0.016(0.013)$ | 36.095(0.180) |
| sn01en | 0.015(0.001) | 15.062(0.047) | -1.130(0.186) | 0.085(0.025) | $34.176(0.252)$ |
| sn01ep | 0.013(0.001) | 14.869(0.012) | $-1.200(0.138)$ | 0.132(0.012) | $33.859(0.268)$ |
| sn01fe | 0.014(0.001) | 14.636(0.017) | 0.360(0.136) | $0.015(0.015)$ | $34.078(0.254)$ |
| sn01fh | 0.011(0.001) | 14.199(0.021) | -2.503(0.301) | $-0.033(0.021)$ | $33.463(0.294)$ |
| sn01ie | 0.031(0.001) | 16.576(0.055) | -1.119(0.206) | 0.042(0.027) | 35.798(0.203) |
| sn01N | 0.022(0.001) | 16.552(0.029) | -0.602(0.268) | $0.369(0.021)$ | 35.017(0.213) |
| sn02bf | 0.025(0.001) | 16.305(0.040) | $-0.389(0.189)$ | $0.228(0.025)$ | $35.143(0.209)$ |
| sn02bz | 0.038(0.001) | 16.935(0.103) | -1.718(0.405) | $-0.073(0.052)$ | $36.380(0.245)$ |
| sn02ck | 0.030(0.001) | 16.289(0.015) | -0.101(0.122) | -0.018(0.015) | 35.764(0.188) |
| sn02cr | 0.010(0.001) | 14.191(0.018) | -0.652(0.116) | 0.031(0.015) | 33.489(0.311) |
| sn02de | 0.028(0.001) | 16.624(0.013) | -0.042(0.397) | 0.164(0.013) | $35.655(0.195)$ |
| sn02dj | 0.010(0.001) | 13.950(0.011) | $-0.114(0.146)$ | $0.170(0.012)$ | 32.960(0.308) |
| sn02do | 0.015(0.001) | 15.450(0.111) | $-3.563(0.441)$ | $0.028(0.052)$ | 34.453(0.300) |
| sn02dp | 0.011(0.001) | 14.548(0.014) | -0.654(0.227) | $0.145(0.014)$ | 33.562(0.307) |
| sn02es | 0.018(0.001) | 16.573(0.040) | $-1.844(0.264)$ | 0.408(0.028) | $34.815(0.240)$ |
| sn02G | 0.035(0.001) | 17.511(0.076) | -2.017(0.707) | 0.250(0.048) | $36.125(0.239)$ |
| sn02ha | 0.013(0.001) | 14.671(0.020) | -1.731(0.248) | -0.029(0.018) | $34.006(0.266)$ |
| sn02hd | 0.036(0.001) | 16.709(0.016) | -0.776(0.439) | 0.092(0.015) | 35.843(0.187) |
| sn02he | 0.025(0.001) | 16.231(0.039) | -2.118(0.268) | 0.012(0.026) | 35.424(0.210) |
| sn02hu | 0.038(0.001) | 16.582(0.011) | 0.096(0.134) | -0.052(0.010) | 36.163(0.177) |
| sn02hw | 0.016(0.001) | 16.681(0.031) | -2.245(0.255) | $0.531(0.026)$ | 34.574(0.245) |
| sn02jy | 0.020(0.001) | 15.690(0.013) | 0.819(0.167) | $0.011(0.013)$ | $35.190(0.214)$ |
| sn02kf | 0.019(0.001) | 15.651(0.027) | -1.370(0.164) | $0.023(0.018)$ | 34.893(0.220) |

Table 2
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $m_{B}$ | $x_{1}$ | $c$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn03U | 0.028(0.001) | 16.457(0.043) | -2.613(0.542) | 0.030(0.033) | 35.553(0.217) |
| sn03W | 0.021(0.001) | 15.853(0.010) | $-0.275(0.095)$ | $0.190(0.010)$ | $34.796(0.209)$ |
| sn03ch | 0.030(0.001) | 16.654(0.017) | $-1.630(0.213)$ | $0.019(0.017)$ | $35.879(0.192)$ |
| sn03cq | 0.034(0.001) | 17.208(0.047) | $-0.985(0.239)$ | $0.227(0.041)$ | $35.985(0.213)$ |
| sn03fa | 0.039(0.001) | 16.642(0.016) | 1.128(0.134) | $-0.005(0.013)$ | $36.215(0.178)$ |
| sn03hu | 0.075(0.001) | 18.403(0.103) | 0.872(0.420) | $0.166(0.036)$ | 37.525(0.217) |
| sn03ic | 0.054(0.001) | 17.630(0.026) | -2.497(0.319) | $0.018(0.027)$ | $36.769(0.184)$ |
| sn03it | 0.024(0.001) | 16.334(0.025) | -1.738(0.341) | $0.086(0.027)$ | 35.383(0.212) |
| sn03iv | 0.034(0.001) | 16.956(0.024) | -2.422(0.468) | $-0.024(0.025)$ | 36.204(0.198) |
| sn04as | 0.032(0.001) | 16.948(0.015) | $-0.137(0.166)$ | $0.134(0.015)$ | 36.044(0.186) |
| sn04bg | 0.022(0.001) | 15.528(0.050) | 0.403(0.172) | $-0.001(0.026)$ | $35.015(0.220)$ |
| sn04L | 0.033(0.001) | 17.377(0.034) | $-1.147(0.306)$ | 0.285(0.025) | 35.993(0.196) |
| sn05dv | 0.011(0.001) | 16.280(0.030) | 0.696(1.226) | 0.789(0.020) | 33.842(0.333) |
| sn05el | 0.015(0.001) | 14.804(0.013) | -1.747(0.077) | $-0.065(0.013)$ | 34.225(0.248) |
| sn05eq | 0.028(0.001) | 16.223(0.012) | 0.820(0.093) | $0.034(0.010)$ | 35.668(0.189) |
| sn05eu | 0.034(0.001) | 16.361(0.024) | 0.686(0.122) | -0.064(0.021) | 36.034(0.188) |
| sn05hc | 0.045(0.001) | 17.311(0.010) | -0.022(0.140) | 0.008(0.009) | 36.731(0.173) |
| sn05hf | 0.042(0.001) | 17.232(0.042) | -2.382(0.264) | -0.051(0.033) | 36.552(0.196) |
| sn05hj | 0.057(0.001) | 17.661(0.027) | 1.707(0.337) | -0.019(0.018) | 37.328(0.177) |
| sn05iq | 0.033(0.001) | 16.787(0.015) | $-1.556(0.187)$ | $-0.041(0.014)$ | 36.169(0.185) |
| sn05ir | 0.075(0.001) | 18.329(0.029) | 2.979(0.540) | $-0.069(0.030)$ | 38.252(0.190) |
| sn05kc | 0.014(0.001) | 15.616(0.012) | -0.747(0.100) | 0.320(0.012) | 34.187(0.257) |
| sn05ki | 0.021(0.001) | 15.546(0.021) | -2.077(0.148) | $-0.058(0.018)$ | 34.914(0.214) |
| sn051s | 0.021(0.001) | 16.151(0.018) | 0.574(0.191) | 0.372(0.013) | 34.732(0.213) |
| sn05lz | 0.040(0.001) | 17.590(0.015) | $-1.461(0.188)$ | $0.127(0.015)$ | 36.567(0.179) |
| sn05mc | 0.026(0.001) | 17.236(0.018) | -3.041(0.242) | 0.309(0.017) | 35.597(0.199) |
| sn05ms | 0.026(0.001) | 16.107(0.011) | -0.052(0.091) | 0.012(0.010) | 35.514(0.194) |
| sn05na | 0.027(0.001) | 16.099(0.016) | -0.730(0.101) | $0.012(0.014)$ | 35.436(0.194) |
| sn06ac | 0.024(0.001) | 16.164(0.012) | -0.968(0.098) | $0.126(0.011)$ | 35.193(0.201) |
| sn06ak | 0.039(0.001) | 17.173(0.074) | -1.652(0.225) | 0.047(0.045) | 36.328(0.221) |
| sn06al | 0.069(0.001) | 18.395(0.027) | -2.277(0.327) | -0.012(0.025) | $37.630(0.180)$ |
| sn06an | 0.065(0.001) | 18.034(0.033) | 0.186(0.209) | 0.026(0.016) | $37.430(0.173)$ |
| sn06ar | 0.023(0.001) | 16.450(0.013) | -0.828(0.294) | 0.177(0.014) | $35.367(0.206)$ |
| sn06ax | 0.018(0.001) | 15.006(0.008) | -0.052(0.057) | $-0.039(0.008)$ | 34.541(0.223) |
| sn06az | 0.032(0.001) | 16.436(0.012) | -1.758(0.090) | -0.052(0.011) | 35.824(0.184) |
| sn06bq | 0.021(0.001) | 16.218(0.014) | $-1.900(0.115)$ | 0.162(0.012) | 35.062(0.208) |
| sn06bt | 0.033(0.001) | 16.896(0.008) | 0.069(0.104) | 0.162(0.008) | 35.944(0.182) |
| sn06bu | 0.084(0.001) | 18.133(0.090) | 2.347(0.816) | $-0.126(0.042)$ | 38.131(0.229) |
| sn06bw | 0.031(0.001) | 17.476(0.052) | -2.173(0.272) | 0.369(0.029) | 35.778(0.206) |
| sn06cc | 0.033(0.001) | 17.766(0.008) | 0.092(0.084) | 0.401(0.008) | $36.225(0.182)$ |
| sn06cf | 0.042(0.001) | 17.091(0.040) | -1.166(0.415) | $-0.020(0.028)$ | 36.462(0.195) |
| sn06cg | 0.029(0.001) | 16.448(0.092) | $-2.379(0.576)$ | 0.191(0.058) | $35.170(0.260)$ |
| sn06cj | 0.068(0.001) | 18.087(0.027) | $1.475(0.590)$ | -0.075(0.017) | 37.868(0.182) |
| sn06cp | 0.023(0.001) | 15.973(0.015) | -0.072(0.100) | 0.153(0.013) | 35.028(0.202) |
| sn06cq | 0.049(0.001) | 17.536(0.013) | -0.009(0.476) | $0.035(0.014)$ | 36.890 (0.179) |
| sn06ef | 0.017(0.001) | 15.573(0.036) | $-1.306(0.218)$ | $0.038(0.029)$ | 34.785(0.243) |
| sn06ej | 0.019(0.001) | 15.747(0.034) | -1.552(0.162) | 0.048(0.026) | 34.910(0.227) |
| sn06en | 0.031(0.001) | 16.761(0.036) | -0.824(0.143) | 0.082(0.020) | 35.914(0.193) |
| sn06et | 0.021(0.001) | 15.942(0.025) | 0.626(0.226) | $0.201(0.020)$ | 34.951(0.214) |
| sn06gj | 0.028(0.001) | 17.651(0.030) | -2.171(0.275) | 0.408(0.022) | 35.858(0.200) |
| sn06gr | 0.034(0.001) | 16.909(0.010) | 0.405(0.093) | 0.113(0.009) | $36.115(0.181)$ |
| sn06kf | 0.021(0.001) | 15.806(0.026) | -2.860(0.208) | $-0.031(0.025)$ | 35.028(0.219) |
| sn06le | 0.017(0.001) | 14.802(0.012) | 1.452(0.091) | $-0.054(0.011)$ | 34.528(0.228) |
| sn06lf | 0.013(0.001) | 13.629(0.021) | -1.938(0.119) | $-0.208(0.019)$ | $33.385(0.270)$ |
| sn06mo | 0.036(0.001) | 17.404(0.041) | -2.658(0.250) | 0.101(0.033) | 36.320 (0.200) |
| sn06N | 0.014(0.001) | 15.130(0.016) | -2.439(0.122) | $0.010(0.014)$ | 34.294(0.253) |
| sn06nz | 0.037(0.001) | 18.096(0.036) | -3.484(0.971) | 0.305(0.032) | 36.421(0.220) |
| sn06oa | 0.059(0.001) | 17.830(0.017) | 0.756(0.283) | $0.038(0.012)$ | 37.257(0.171) |
| sn06ob | 0.058(0.001) | 18.202(0.016) | -2.841(0.242) | $0.043(0.017)$ | $37.243(0.174)$ |
| sn06on | 0.069(0.001) | 18.366(0.039) | 0.427(0.536) | 0.104(0.036) | 37.595(0.198) |
| sn06os | 0.032(0.001) | 17.613(0.022) | -0.917(0.235) | $0.480(0.019)$ | $35.773(0.190)$ |
| sn06qo | 0.030(0.001) | 16.792(0.014) | 0.199(0.089) | 0.220(0.012) | 35.712(0.187) |
| sn06S | 0.033(0.001) | 16.804(0.010) | 0.547(0.103) | $0.098(0.010)$ | 36.062(0.182) |
| sn06sr | 0.023(0.001) | 16.120(0.015) | -1.628(0.209) | $0.061(0.013)$ | 35.241(0.204) |
| sn06td | 0.015(0.001) | 15.714(0.018) | -1.719(0.201) | 0.170(0.018) | 34.556(0.249) |
| sn06te | 0.032(0.001) | 16.576(0.012) | -0.701(0.093) | $-0.017(0.012)$ | 35.986(0.184) |

Table 2
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $m_{B}$ |  | $x_{1}$ | $c$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| sn07ae | $0.064(0.001)$ | $17.736(0.042)$ | $1.050(0.351)$ | $0.020(0.022)$ | $37.238(0.182)$ |
| sn07ai | $0.032(0.001)$ | $16.871(0.023)$ | $1.205(0.395)$ | $0.213(0.023)$ | $35.912(0.195)$ |
| sn07ap | $0.016(0.001)$ | $15.586(0.037)$ | $-1.981(0.140)$ | $0.056(0.030)$ | $34.683(0.248)$ |
| sn07au | $0.020(0.001)$ | $16.616(0.035)$ | $-3.419(0.272)$ | $0.329(0.030)$ | $34.888(0.227)$ |
| sn07bc | $0.022(0.001)$ | $15.854(0.019)$ | $-1.669(0.160)$ | $0.032(0.018)$ | $35.043(0.210)$ |
| sn07bd | $0.032(0.001)$ | $16.539(0.015)$ | $-1.818(0.153)$ | $-0.002(0.016)$ | $35.798(0.187)$ |
| sn07bz | $0.023(0.001)$ | $16.611(0.029)$ | $1.199(0.212)$ | $0.162(0.022)$ | $35.777(0.212)$ |
| sn07ca | $0.015(0.001)$ | $15.910(0.012)$ | $0.211(0.112)$ | $0.298(0.012)$ | $34.636(0.244)$ |
| sn07cg | $0.034(0.001)$ | $18.155(0.062)$ | $-0.868(0.453)$ | $0.671(0.029)$ | $35.845(0.207)$ |
| sn07ci | $0.019(0.001)$ | $15.910(0.032)$ | $-3.182(0.247)$ | $0.134(0.028)$ | $34.691(0.230)$ |
| sn07co | $0.027(0.001)$ | $16.456(0.007)$ | $-0.468(0.088)$ | $0.150(0.007)$ | $35.477(0.192)$ |
| sn07cq | $0.025(0.001)$ | $15.799(0.011)$ | $-0.692(0.163)$ | $0.034(0.010)$ | $35.086(0.198)$ |
| sn07F | $0.024(0.001)$ | $15.853(0.009)$ | $0.339(0.067)$ | $-0.008(0.009)$ | $35.351(0.198)$ |
| sn07H | $0.044(0.001)$ | $18.240(0.126)$ | $-0.248(0.260)$ | $0.370(0.063)$ | $36.740(0.265)$ |
| sn07O | $0.036(0.001)$ | $16.815(0.009)$ | $-1.093(0.111)$ | $0.029(0.013)$ | $36.071(0.181)$ |
| sn07qe | $0.023(0.001)$ | $16.019(0.009)$ | $0.482(0.070)$ | $0.098(0.009)$ | $35.268(0.197)$ |
| sn07R | $0.031(0.001)$ | $16.629(0.043)$ | $-1.825(0.166)$ | $-0.061(0.025)$ | $36.032(0.201)$ |
| sn07S | $0.015(0.001)$ | $15.810(0.010)$ | $0.827(0.097)$ | $0.473(0.010)$ | $34.168(0.258)$ |
| sn08L | $0.019(0.001)$ | $15.104(0.045)$ | $-2.040(0.250)$ | $-0.084(0.037)$ | $34.542(0.242)$ |
| sn08af | $0.034(0.001)$ | $17.314(0.017)$ | $-1.979(0.205)$ | $0.261(0.020)$ | $35.903(0.187)$ |
| sn08bf | $0.026(0.001)$ | $15.696(0.010)$ | $0.170(0.097)$ | $0.032(0.010)$ | $35.075(0.195)$ |

Note.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Distance moduli were calculated with $H_{o}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}, M_{B}=-19.44, \alpha=0.104_{-0.018}^{+0.018}$, and $\beta=2.48_{-0.12}^{+0.10}$. Uncertainty of $\mu$ includes 0.158 mag "intrinsic," $\sigma_{v-p e c}\left(400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right)$, and $\sigma_{z}$.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ In the CMB frame.
(This table is also available in a machine-readable form in the online journal.)
-0.080 versus +0.076 and -0.082 for K08 but the difference between the positive and negative uncertainties is 0.158 for both.

Having sufficiently reproduced the K08 results, the CfA3 sample is added to the Union set. To verify that the SALT outputs for the CfA3 sample can be combined with the Union set we run most of the light curves from the nearby Union sample through SALT, using the $U B V R$ bands only. We only run SALT on the J07 compilation of nearby SN Ia and so a few of the Union nearby set are not used to verify that our SALT output is consistent with K08. Our calculations of $m_{B}^{\max }$, $s$, and $c$ agree sufficiently with those of Table 11 in K08, with our peak magnitude fit in $B$ band fainter by $0.01 \pm 0.06$ mag. Possible reasons for the slight differences are that K08 perturbs the light curves of the more poorly fit objects, there might be slightly different versions of SALT and some other parameters within SALT may differ. However, since the typical scatter in the Hubble diagram for nearby SN Ia is in the range of 0.14-0.20 mag, our SALT calculations agree well enough with K08 that the SALT fits of the CfA3 sample can be safely combined with the K08 SALT fits of the whole Union set without introducing any significant offset.

SALT is not suited to fitting 1991bg-like SN so we do not include ones that we identified as such by their spectra in the CfA3 sample. We did not remove the two 1991bg-like SN from the Union set, however, since the number is small and we are interested in updating the Union set as is. The CfA3 UBVRr' band light curves were run through SALT. We wanted to appropriately weight the CfA3 objects so that they can be combined with the Union set for cosmology calculations. We use the SALT output from K08 for the Union set and our own SALT calculations for the CfA3 set. Although the CfA3 Hubble residuals have a lower standard deviation than the nearby Union residuals ( 0.164 mag versus 0.186 mag ), we made the more cautious assumption that, on average, a CfA3 SN

Hubble residual should have the same uncertainty as a nearby Union SN Hubble residual. To accomplish this, an uncertainty of 0.138 mag is added in quadrature to the uncertainties of the SALT light-curve fit for each CfA3 SN. The peculiar velocity uncertainty is set at $400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and the redshift uncertainty is 0.001. Out of 185 CfA3 SN Ia, 90 survive after applying the Union cuts (these are our minimal cuts for SALT), increasing the nearby sample with these cuts by a factor of 2.6 , from 57 to 147. We also fit for $\Omega_{M}$ and $\Omega_{\Lambda}$, assuming $1+w=0$ and using the BAO prior.

### 2.2. SALT2

SALT2 differs from SALT by no longer using the Nugent template. Hsiao et al. (2007) presents an improved SN Ia spectral template, but rather than using this, SALT2 has a color- and stretch-dependent model spectrum derived from a sample of nearby and faraway SN Ia spectra and light curves. The main benefit of this is that the model spectrum for a given phase, color, and stretch is more closely derived from actual SN Ia data and so, in principle, the range of SN Ia light curves should be better fit than in SALT. Output parameters of the fit are the color, $c$, the stretch factor, $x_{1}$ (analogous but not equivalent to $s$ in SALT), the $B$-band maximum, $m_{B}^{\max }$, and the time of $B$ maximum, $t_{B \max }$. A practical effect of using the high-redshift spectra is that the rest-frame near UV can be modeled out to $2000 \AA$ A. As in SALT, 1991bg-like SN are not included in the training and should not be fit with SALT2.

We run SALT2 on the OLD, CfA3 and High-z samples, excluding $I$ and $i$ ' from the nearby samples. The $U$-band fits were typically poor but their contribution to the overall lightcurve fit was small because the $U$-band is given significantly less weight in SALT2 than the other optical bands. In Section 3.9, we explore the effects on $1+w$ of excluding the rest $U$ band and

Table 3
MLCS31 Light-Curve Fit Parameters

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03D1au | $0.504(0.001)$ | $-0.296(0.065)$ | $0.147(0.127)$ | $42.540(0.179)$ |

03D1
$0.504(0.001) \quad-0.296(0.065) \quad 0.147(0.127)$ 03D1ax 03D1b 03D1co 03D1ew 03D1fc 03D1fl 03D1fq 03D1gt
03D3af 03D3aw 03D3ay 03D3ba 03D3cc 03D3cd 03D4ag 03D4at 03D4cx 03D4cy 03D4cz 03D4dh 03D4di .905(0.001) 03D4fd 03D4gf 0.581(0.001) 03D4gg 0.592(0.001) 03D4gl 04D1ag 0.557(0.001) 04Dla 04D1ak 04D2cf 04D2fp 04D2fs 04D2gb 04D2gp 04D2iu 04D2ja 04D3co 04D3cp 04D3cy 04D3dd 04D3df 04D3do 04D3ez 04D3fk 04D3fq 04D3gt 04D3gx 04D3hn 04D3is 04D3ki 04D3kr 04D3ks 04D3lu 04D3ml 04D3nc 04D3nh 04D3nr 04D3ny 04D3oe 04D4an 04D4bk 04D4dm $\quad 0.811(0.001)$ $2002 \mathrm{dc} \quad 0.475(0.010)$
$\begin{array}{lll}0.262(0.141) & 0.144(0.113) & 43.098(0.207)\end{array}$
$0.178(0.118) \quad 0.117(0.115) \quad 42.322(0.194)$
41.516(0.255)
43.589(0.261)
43.951(0.159)
41.313(0.206)
43.123(0.226)
43.922(0.262)
$42.400(0.421)$
42.827(0.291)
42.072(0.233)
41.799(0.219)
40.546(0.307)
42.264(0.164)
42.127(0.166)
40.980(0.117)
43.256(0.250)
44.232(0.153)
44.150(0.159)
43.098(0.338)
42.944(0.233)
43.835(0.148)
42.740(0.327)
43.752(0.204)
42.850(0.177)
42.908(0.256)
42.463(0.365)
42.623(0.205)
43.448(0.219)
42.470(0.288)
41.805(0.162)
42.053(0.159)
41.622(0.215)
41.791(0.168)
43.430(0.322)
43.401(0.385)
43.579(0.233)
43.208(0.252)
43.606(0.153)
43.331(0.211)
44.695(0.159)
42.003(0.200)
42.816(0.284)
40.739(0.196)
41.393(0.200)
43.571(0.256)
41.336(0.225)
44.205(0.165)
$42.200(0.384)$
43.721(0.341)
44.436(0.177)
41.443(0.160)
43.362(0.222)
$43.766(0.207)$
44.154(0.146)
43.726(0.194)
41.612(0.160)
44.344(0.179)
43.647(0.261)
43.543(0.233)
43.063(0.392)
43.879(0.159)
42.728(0.292)
43.917(0.233)
$42.355(0.274)$

Table 3
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2002dd | 0.950(0.010) | $-0.254(0.125)$ | 0.230(0.203) | 44.075(0.288) |
| Eagle | 1.020(0.010) | -0.129(0.148) | $0.170(0.155)$ | 44.418(0.222) |
| Ferguson | 1.020(0.010) | 0.062(0.183) | 0.278(0.258) | 44.094(0.330) |
| Gabi | 1.120(0.010) | -0.100(0.136) | 0.118(0.113) | 44.637(0.192) |
| Koekemoer | 1.230(0.010) | -0.015(0.176) | 0.112(0.125) | 45.026(0.271) |
| Lancaster | 1.230(0.010) | 0.011(0.280) | 0.363(0.221) | 45.109(0.247) |
| Manipogo | 0.854(0.010) | 0.116(0.157) | $0.136(0.149)$ | 43.897(0.243) |
| Mcguire | 1.370(0.010) | -0.255(0.109) | 0.105(0.098) | 45.196(0.189) |
| Ombo | 0.975(0.010) | -0.372(0.078) | 0.182(0.151) | 44.378(0.202) |
| Patuxent | 0.970(0.010) | 0.026(0.251) | 0.139(0.157) | 44.385(0.323) |
| Rakke | 0.740(0.010) | -0.001(0.135) | 0.184(0.152) | 43.368(0.224) |
| Spock | 0.839(0.010) | 0.058(0.222) | 0.158(0.180) | 43.429(0.397) |
| Strolger | 1.010(0.010) | -0.206(0.166) | 0.125(0.127) | 44.598(0.216) |
| Thames | 0.954(0.010) | 0.115(0.228) | 0.203(0.208) | 44.113(0.390) |
| Zwicky | 0.521(0.010) | -0.185(0.135) | 0.201(0.179) | 42.498(0.230) |
| anguta | 0.670(0.010) | 0.212(0.185) | 0.299(0.239) | 43.089(0.318) |
| aphrodi | $1.300(0.010)$ | -0.065(0.186) | 0.326(0.199) | 44.848(0.201) |
| bilbo | 0.216(0.010) | -0.193(0.139) | 1.246(0.299) | 40.333(0.302) |
| borg | $1.340(0.010)$ | -0.224(0.174) | 0.467(0.263) | 44.875(0.312) |
| elvis | 0.840(0.010) | 0.110(0.157) | 0.194(0.155) | $43.626(0.225)$ |
| frodo | 0.735(0.010) | 0.258(0.182) | 0.213(0.229) | 43.088(0.282) |
| gilgamesh | 1.551(0.010) | -0.191(0.184) | 0.768(0.282) | 45.093(0.296) |
| inanna | 1.307(0.010) | 0.239(0.267) | 0.310(0.276) | 45.146(0.359) |
| isis | 0.526(0.010) | -0.321(0.106) | 0.323(0.245) | 43.481(0.325) |
| mcenro | 0.900(0.010) | -0.184(0.107) | $0.310(0.263)$ | 43.412(0.365) |
| nanna | 1.140(0.010) | 0.309(0.340) | 0.112(0.123) | 44.569(0.461) |
| qiqirn | 0.640(0.010) | 0.121(0.230) | 0.294(0.258) | 42.799(0.394) |
| ramone | 0.954(0.010) | 0.142(0.187) | 0.136(0.115) | 44.187(0.295) |
| sasquatch | 1.390(0.010) | 0.006(0.311) | 0.482(0.281) | 44.933(0.280) |
| torngasak | $1.265(0.010)$ | -0.060(0.232) | 0.357(0.234) | 44.831(0.321) |
| vilas | 0.935(0.010) | -0.108(0.130) | $0.271(0.256)$ | 43.790 (0.381) |
| b010 | 0.590(0.003) | -0.170(0.180) | 0.119(0.091) | 42.966(0.212) |
| b013 | 0.427(0.003) | 0.016(0.139) | 0.204(0.151) | 41.949(0.221) |
| b020 | $0.426(0.003)$ | 0.055(0.325) | 0.228(0.201) | 41.742(0.374) |
| d033 | 0.530(0.008) | -0.326(0.108) | 0.107(0.089) | 42.932(0.156) |
| d083 | 0.333(0.001) | -0.284(0.060) | 0.103(0.080) | 40.691(0.129) |
| d084 | 0.516(0.006) | -0.200(0.205) | 0.226(0.190) | 42.941(0.286) |
| d085 | 0.401(0.008) | $-0.241(0.111)$ | 0.216(0.156) | 41.924(0.215) |
| d086 | 0.204(0.003) | -0.177(0.064) | 0.663(0.320) | 40.030(0.312) |
| d087 | 0.337(0.004) | -0.125(0.093) | 0.152(0.122) | 41.299(0.192) |
| d089 | 0.424(0.003) | -0.212(0.117) | 0.162(0.133) | 42.023(0.184) |
| d093 | 0.361(0.003) | $-0.330(0.067)$ | 0.087(0.074) | 41.708(0.133) |
| d097 | 0.434(0.007) | -0.329(0.067) | 0.138(0.111) | 42.076(0.161) |
| d099 | 0.210(0.002) | $-0.120(0.085)$ | 0.141(0.121) | 40.401(0.193) |
| d117 | 0.301(0.005) | 0.311(0.197) | 0.252(0.184) | 41.362(0.257) |
| d149 | 0.344(0.008) | -0.223(0.088) | $0.211(0.149)$ | 41.585(0.203) |
| e020 | 0.159(0.006) | $-0.041(0.142)$ | 0.473(0.343) | 39.749(0.302) |
| e029 | 0.332(0.008) | 0.258(0.228) | 0.219(0.201) | 41.502(0.253) |
| e108 | 0.472(0.007) | -0.284(0.123) | 0.087(0.073) | 42.257(0.145) |
| e132 | 0.235(0.006) | -0.131(0.094) | $0.810(0.281)$ | 40.347(0.280) |
| e136 | 0.348(0.006) | 0.323(0.172) | 0.338(0.218) | 41.580(0.269) |
| e138 | 0.611(0.006) | -0.288(0.120) | 0.118(0.085) | 42.971(0.171) |
| e140 | 0.614(0.006) | -0.197(0.143) | 0.133(0.087) | 42.881(0.166) |
| e147 | 0.641(0.008) | -0.184(0.149) | 0.084(0.061) | 43.002(0.172) |
| e148 | 0.429(0.006) | -0.116(0.168) | 0.122(0.102) | 42.229(0.194) |
| e149 | 0.491(0.006) | 0.005(0.157) | 0.205(0.177) | 42.215(0.258) |
| f011 | 0.536(0.006) | -0.092(0.237) | 0.176(0.132) | 42.640(0.238) |
| f041 | 0.558(0.007) | -0.300(0.124) | 0.103(0.082) | 42.695(0.153) |
| f076 | 0.410(0.004) | 0.187(0.300) | 0.261(0.199) | 41.426(0.322) |
| f216 | 0.595(0.011) | -0.105(0.235) | 0.133(0.098) | 43.320(0.243) |
| f221 | 0.443(0.004) | -0.047(0.208) | 0.108(0.097) | 42.834(0.224) |
| f231 | 0.620(0.008) | -0.249(0.143) | 0.102(0.074) | 43.029(0.161) |
| f235 | 0.422(0.006) | 0.168(0.220) | 0.128(0.107) | 41.777(0.231) |
| f244 | 0.546(0.005) | -0.024(0.257) | 0.154(0.121) | 42.693(0.251) |
| g001 | 0.268(0.002) | 0.171(0.126) | 0.092(0.078) | 40.844(0.155) |
| g005 | 0.218(0.007) | -0.260(0.038) | $0.445(0.267)$ | 40.349(0.270) |

Table 3 (Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g052 | 0.384(0 | 0.383(0.167) | 0.135(0. | 41.566(0.215) |
| g055 | $0.302(0.006)$ | -0.296(0.073) | 1.028(0.334) | 41.357(0.354) |
| g097 | 0.339(0.004) | -0.285(0.100) | 0.364(0.266) | 41.503(0.302) |
| g160 | 0.507(0.019) | -0.317(0.083) | 0.192(0.191) | 42.390(0.254) |
| g240 | 0.689(0.005) | -0.167(0.172) | 0.074(0.052) | 43.027(0.193) |
| g276 | 0.244(0.001) | -0.043(0.066) | 0.513(0.309) | 40.499(0.327) |
| 00 | 0.656(0.011) | -0.281(0.135) | 0.086(0.057) | 43.082(0.160) |
| 19 | 0.478(0.002) | -0.281(0.113) | 0.184(0.136) | 42.368(0.196) |
| 23 | 0.603(0.007) | -0.114(0.185) | 0.137(0.098) | 42.991(0.215) |
| 42 | 0.421(0.005) | -0.365(0.074) | 0.107(0.086) | 42.156(0.141) |
| 63 | 0.211(0.005) | 0.055(0.106) | 0.859(0.318) | 40.251(0.315) |
| 364 | 0.344(0.004) | -0.017(0.108) | $0.110(0.089)$ | 41.303(0.163) |
| k411 | 0.565(0.003) | -0.131(0.186) | 0.141(0.112) | 42.442(0.218) |
| 25 | 0.274(0.003) | -0.025(0.195) | 0.280(0.250) | 41.083(0.280) |
| 29 | 0.171 (0.006) | -0.105(0.092) | 0.168(0.137) | 39.853(0.165) |
| 30 | 0.576(0.007) | -0.110(0.222) | 0.130(0.098) | 43.288(0.218) |
| 41 | 0.671(0.007) | -0.206(0.181) | 0.101(0.063) | 43.232(0.180) |
| 90 | 0.709(0.001) | -0.282(0.151) | 0.080(0.053) | 43.471(0.168) |
| 26 | 0.656(0.006) | -0.204(0.174) | 0.101(0.080) | 43.021(0.234) |
| 027 | 0.285(0.003) | -0.131(0.134) | 0.476(0.273) | 41.410(0.297) |
| 032 | 0.155(0.004) | -0.161(0.086) | 0.119(0.104) | 39.916(0.179) |
| 33 | 0.562(0.006) | -0.079(0.220) | 0.154(0.119) | 42.771(0.243) |
| 039 | 0.249(0.003) | -0.223(0.137) | 0.493(0.349) | 40.794(0.370) |
| m158 | 0.461(0.007) | -0.341(0.110) | 0.229(0.204) | 42.569(0.274) |
| 193 | $0.336(0.006)$ | -0.139(0.133) | 0.143(0.111) | 41.261(0.225) |
| 63 | 0.368(0.007) | 0.063(0.133) | 0.126(0.110) | 41.496(0.179) |
| 78 | 0.308(0.006) | 0.016(0.185) | 0.197(0.146) | 41.127(0.210) |
| 85 | 0.531(0.009) | -0.122(0.213) | 0.184(0.139) | 42.617(0.256) |
| 36 | 0.267(0.006) | 0.689(0.208) | 0.220(0.154) | 40.755(0.255) |
| n404 | 0.285(0.006) | -0.061(0.191) | 0.727(0.358) | 40.544(0.321) |
| 425 | 0.456(0.004) | -0.244(0.206) | 0.297(0.290) | 42.712(0.356) |
| p524 | 0.511(0.003) | -0.235(0.144) | 0.181(0.133) | 42.398(0.211) |
| 28 | 0.780(0.009) | -0.310(0.121) | 0.048(0.037) | 43.752(0.138) |
| 900 | 0.031(0.001) | -0.175(0.065) | 0.101(0.067) | 35.794(0.156) |
| sn90af | 0.050(0.001) | 0.506(0.120) | 0.211(0.157) | 36.646(0.211) |
| sn91U | 0.033(0.001) | -0.122(0.083) | 0.410(0.188) | 35.615(0.206) |
| sn91ag | 0.014(0.001) | -0.165(0.059) | 0.085(0.060) | 33.991(0.236) |
| sn92J | 0.046(0.001) | 1.041(0.090) | 0.108(0.091) | 36.224(0.156) |
| sn92P | $0.026(0.001)$ | -0.158(0.081) | 0.152(0.108) | 35.583(0.192) |
| 2 ae | 0.075(0.001) | 0.021(0.099) | 0.229(0.161) | 37.716(0.216) |
| sn92ag | $0.026(0.001)$ | 0.027(0.077) | 0.509(0.132) | $35.166(0.203)$ |
| 92al | 0.014(0.001) | -0.046(0.053) | 0.086(0.053) | 34.032(0.226) |
| sn92aq | 0.101(0.001) | 0.123(0.112) | 0.065(0.057) | 38.731(0.150) |
| sn92bc | 0.020(0.001) | -0.194(0.036) | 0.018(0.020) | 34.850(0.169) |
| sn92bg | $0.036(0.001)$ | -0.042(0.072) | 0.132(0.090) | 36.153(0.171) |
| 2 bh | 0.045(0.001) | -0.105(0.080) | 0.270(0.126) | 36.874(0.177) |
| sn92bk | 0.058(0.001) | 0.388(0.181) | 0.095(0.075) | 37.194(0.218) |
| sn9 | 0.043(0.001) | 0.297(0.123) | 0.080(0.061) | 36.519(0.168) |
| bo | 0.018(0.001) | 0.599(0.080) | $0.146(0.089)$ | 34.713(0.203) |
| sn92bp | 0.079(0.001) | 0.073(0.092) | 0.076(0.055) | 37.801(0.139) |
| sn92br | 0.088(0.001) | 1.011(0.211) | 0.139(0.106) | 37.746(0.261) |
| bs | 0.063(0.001) | -0.093(0.079) | 0.220(0.151) | 37.628(0.203) |
| sn93B | 0.071(0.001) | -0.112(0.073) | 0.193(0.114) | 37.797(0.172) |
| sn93H | 0.025(0.001) | 0.875(0.089) | 0.135(0.090) | 35.145(0.171) |
| 30 | 0.052(0.001) | 0.012(0.069) | 0.072(0.066) | 37.155(0.139) |
| sn93ac | 0.049(0.001) | -0.044(0.109) | 0.354(0.198) | 36.878(0.219) |
| sn93ag | 0.050(0.001) | 0.051(0.086) | 0.177(0.106) | 37.087(0.167) |
| sn94M | 0.024(0.001) | 0.251(0.083) | 0.270(0.117) | 35.214(0.188) |
| sn9 | 0.016(0.001) | -0.098(0.074) | 0.061(0.051) | 34.357(0.207) |
| sn94 | $0.036(0.001)$ | 0.702(0.116) | 0.122(0.100) | 35.999(0.165) |
| sn95ac | 0.049(0.001) | -0.238(0.047) | 0.224(0.104) | 36.535(0.147) |
| sn95ak | 0.022(0.001) | 0.114(0.066) | 0.628(0.117) | 34.724(0.197) |
| sn95bd | 0.014(0.001) | -0.249(0.044) | 0.537(0.261) | 33.969(0.236) |
| sn96C | 0.028(0.001) | -0.138(0.054) | 0.186(0.104) | 35.928(0.174) |
| 96ab | 0.124(0.001) | $0.132(0.165)$ | 0.163(0.170) | 38.887(0.288) |
| sn96bl | 0.035(0.001) | -0.128(0.064) | $0.248(0.115)$ |  |

Table 3
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn96bo | $0.016(0.001)$ | $0.044(0.070)$ | $0.986(0.120)$ | $34.004(0.224)$ |
| sn96bv | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.223(0.063)$ | $0.588(0.153)$ | $34.180(0.239)$ |
| sn97E | $0.013(0.001)$ | $0.321(0.085)$ | $0.278(0.109)$ | $34.055(0.240)$ |
| sn97Y | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.042(0.075)$ | $0.269(0.090)$ | $34.504(0.214)$ |
| sn97cn | $0.017(0.001)$ | $1.410(0.046)$ | $0.100(0.068)$ | $34.547(0.196)$ |
| sn97dg | $0.030(0.001)$ | $-0.010(0.076)$ | $0.235(0.109)$ | $36.115(0.173)$ |
| sn97do | $0.011(0.001)$ | $-0.162(0.081)$ | $0.371(0.102)$ | $33.560(0.297)$ |
| sn98V | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.067(0.062)$ | $0.270(0.121)$ | $34.342(0.207)$ |
| sn98ab | $0.028(0.001)$ | $-0.128(0.051)$ | $0.453(0.081)$ | $35.165(0.164)$ |
| sn98bp | $0.010(0.001)$ | $1.142(0.055)$ | $0.188(0.101)$ | $33.269(0.288)$ |
| sn98co | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.443(0.194)$ | $0.365(0.177)$ | $34.372(0.223)$ |
| sn98de | $0.016(0.001)$ | $1.451(0.035)$ | $0.337(0.104)$ | $34.449(0.213)$ |
| sn98dx | $0.054(0.001)$ | $0.200(0.099)$ | $0.107(0.066)$ | $36.885(0.140)$ |
| sn98ef | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.119(0.096)$ | $0.181(0.097)$ | $34.170(0.213)$ |
| sn98eg | $0.024(0.001)$ | $0.001(0.115)$ | $0.277(0.123)$ | $35.305(0.187)$ |
| sn99aa | $0.015(0.001)$ | $-0.277(0.028)$ | $0.024(0.025)$ | $34.462(0.203)$ |
| sn99aw | $0.039(0.001)$ | $-0.384(0.032)$ | $0.019(0.020)$ | $36.544(0.116)$ |
| sn99cc | $0.032(0.001)$ | $0.337(0.099)$ | $0.195(0.098)$ | $35.811(0.151)$ |
| sn99cp | $0.010(0.001)$ | $-0.111(0.099)$ | $0.099(0.065)$ | $33.500(0.291)$ |
| sn99da | $0.013(0.001)$ | $1.447(0.037)$ | $0.218(0.107)$ | $33.913(0.253)$ |
| sn99dk | $0.014(0.001)$ | $-0.251(0.048)$ | $0.266(0.100)$ | $34.215(0.238)$ |
| sn99dq | $0.013(0.001)$ | $-0.288(0.029)$ | $0.378(0.089)$ | $33.662(0.232)$ |
| sn99ee | $0.011(0.001)$ | $-0.211(0.030)$ | $0.930(0.069)$ | $33.343(0.279)$ |
| sn99ef | $0.038(0.001)$ | $-0.098(0.079)$ | $0.063(0.055)$ | $36.666(0.158)$ |
| sn99ej | $0.013(0.001)$ | $0.367(0.112)$ | $0.151(0.090)$ | $34.404(0.259)$ |
| sn99ek | $0.018(0.001)$ | $0.042(0.062)$ | $0.498(0.277)$ | $34.317(0.206)$ |
| sn99gd | $0.019(0.001)$ | $-0.004(0.073)$ | $1.452(0.112)$ | $34.526(0.209)$ |
| sn99gp | $0.026(0.001)$ | $-0.351(0.028)$ | $0.109(0.064)$ | $35.610(0.151)$ |
| sn00bh | $0.024(0.001)$ | $-0.048(0.066)$ | $0.170(0.105)$ | $35.276(0.200)$ |
| sn00ca | $0.025(0.001)$ | $-0.138(0.048)$ | $0.025(0.029)$ | $35.257(0.153)$ |
| sn00cf | $0.036(0.001)$ | $-0.006(0.066)$ | $0.238(0.107)$ | $36.330(0.159)$ |
| sn00cn | $0.023(0.001)$ | $0.733(0.076)$ | $0.200(0.115)$ | $35.099(0.170)$ |
| sn90dk | $0.016(0.001)$ | $0.594(0.069)$ | $0.037(0.039)$ | $34.375(0.203)$ |

sn00dk $0.016(0.001) \quad 0.594(0.069) \quad 0.037(0.039) \quad 34.375(0.203)$
sn00fa $\quad 0.022(0.001) \quad-0.124(0.062) \quad 0.468(0.098) \quad 34.925(0.195)$
$\operatorname{sn01G} \quad 0.017(0.001) \quad-0.129(0.069) \quad 0.063(0.055) \quad 34.524(0.198)$
sn01ah $\quad 0.058(0.001) \quad-0.223(0.111) \quad 0.062(0.048) \quad 37.263(0.159)$
sn01az $0.041(0.001) \quad-0.030(0.104) \quad 0.088(0.072) \quad 36.472(0.149)$
sn01ba $\quad 0.030(0.001) \quad-0.119(0.054) \quad 0.041(0.041) \quad 35.899(0.143)$
sn01bf $\quad 0.015(0.001) \quad-0.173(0.074) \quad 0.269(0.113) \quad 34.044(0.228)$
sn01bt $\quad 0.014(0.001) \quad 0.059(0.052) \quad 0.676(0.103) \quad 33.900(0.233)$
sn01cn $0.015(0.001) \quad-0.014(0.051) \quad 0.506(0.098) \quad 34.082(0.223)$
$\mathrm{sn} 01 \mathrm{cp} \quad 0.022(0.001) \quad 0.054(0.177) \quad 0.100(0.076) \quad 35.003(0.242)$
sn01cz $\quad 0.016(0.001) \quad-0.091(0.053) \quad 0.307(0.116) \quad 34.252(0.219)$
sn01da $\quad 0.016(0.001) \quad-0.038(0.090) \quad 0.219(0.129) \quad 34.562(0.237)$
sn01eh $\quad 0.036(0.001) \quad-0.275(0.041) \quad 0.028(0.027) \quad 36.295(0.124)$
sn01en $\quad 0.015(0.001) \quad 0.065(0.072) \quad 0.200(0.093) \quad 34.249(0.227)$
sn01ep $\quad 0.013(0.001) \quad 0.081(0.068) \quad 0.474(0.085) \quad 33.795(0.246)$
sn01fe $\quad 0.014(0.001) \quad-0.141(0.054) \quad 0.168(0.086) \quad 34.124(0.234)$
sn01fh $\quad 0.011(0.001) \quad 0.583(0.111) \quad 0.150(0.126) \quad 33.728(0.272)$
sn01ie $\quad 0.031(0.001) \quad-0.014(0.095) \quad 0.333(0.155) \quad 35.760(0.213)$
$\mathrm{sn} 01 \mathrm{n} \quad 0.022(0.001) \quad-0.026(0.092) \quad 0.699(0.168) \quad 35.002(0.223)$
sn01v $\quad 0.016(0.001) \quad-0.287(0.032) \quad 0.203(0.070) \quad 34.082(0.205)$
sn02bf $\quad 0.025(0.001) \quad-0.147(0.064) \quad 0.337(0.136) \quad 35.433(0.196)$
sn02ck $0.030(0.001) \quad-0.058(0.073) \quad 0.139(0.089) \quad 35.771(0.169)$
sn02cr $\quad 0.010(0.001) \quad-0.027(0.061) \quad 0.270(0.097) \quad 33.506(0.292)$ sn02de $\quad 0.028(0.001) \quad-0.154(0.210) \quad 0.506(0.124) \quad 35.631(0.193)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{dj} \quad 0.010(0.001) \quad-0.204(0.114) \quad 0.415(0.114) \quad 33.127(0.296)$ sn02do $\quad 0.015(0.001) \quad 0.739(0.119) \quad 0.140(0.104) \quad 34.305(0.223)$ sn02dp $\quad 0.011(0.001) \quad 0.030(0.140) \quad 0.472(0.124) \quad 33.505(0.293)$ $\operatorname{sn02es} \quad 0.018(0.001) \quad 0.326(0.151) \quad 0.676(0.188) \quad 34.415(0.235)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{fb} \quad 0.015(0.001) \quad 1.278(0.085) \quad 0.687(0.153) \quad 34.209(0.230)$ $\mathrm{sn02g} \quad 0.035(0.001) \quad 0.338(0.381) \quad 0.884(0.258) \quad 35.663(0.408)$ sn02ha $\quad 0.013(0.001) \quad 0.196(0.089) \quad 0.106(0.082) \quad 34.032(0.239)$ sn02hd $\quad 0.036(0.001) \quad 0.131(0.143) \quad 0.235(0.144) \quad 35.820(0.202)$ $\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { sn02he } & 0.025(0.001) & 0.493(0.114) & 0.072(0.061) & 35.286(0.196) \\ \text { sn02hu } & 0.038(0.001) & -0.193(0.051) & 0.056(0.047) & 36.289(0.128)\end{array}$

Table 3
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn02hw | 0.016(0.001) | 0.741(0.095) | 1.031(0.159) | 34.037(0.216) |
| sn02jy | 0.020(0.001) | -0.197(0.068) | 0.108(0.076) | 35.275(0.184) |
| sn02kf | 0.019(0.001) | 0.158(0.068) | 0.080(0.057) | 35.025(0.186) |
| sn03D | 0.024(0.001) | 1.101(0.149) | 0.540(0.228) | 34.883(0.220) |
| sn03U | 0.028(0.001) | 0.464(0.093) | 0.118(0.081) | 35.527(0.164) |
| sn03W | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.086(0.047)$ | 0.457(0.083) | 34.884(0.179) |
| sn03ch | 0.030(0.001) | 0.160(0.107) | 0.102(0.076) | $35.970(0.161)$ |
| sn03cq | 0.034(0.001) | 0.000(0.090) | 0.689(0.262) | $35.910(0.288)$ |
| sn03fa | 0.039(0.001) | -0.272(0.039) | 0.032(0.028) | 36.372(0.119) |
| sn03hu | 0.075(0.001) | $-0.254(0.081)$ | 0.282(0.167) | 37.691(0.195) |
| sn03ic | 0.054(0.001) | 0.248(0.130) | 0.152(0.116) | 36.763(0.170) |
| sn03it | 0.024(0.001) | 0.401(0.110) | 0.252(0.120) | 35.248(0.188) |
| sn03iv | 0.034(0.001) | 0.403(0.106) | 0.074(0.055) | 36.213(0.155) |
| sn04as | 0.032(0.001) | -0.154(0.057) | 0.378(0.101) | 36.155(0.164) |
| sn04bg | 0.022(0.001) | $-0.124(0.060)$ | 0.097(0.077) | 35.142(0.180) |
| sn041 | 0.033(0.001) | 0.044(0.115) | 0.694(0.146) | 35.901(0.201) |
| sn05dv | 0.011(0.001) | $1.229(0.136)$ | 0.918(0.345) | 32.994(0.332) |
| sn05el | 0.015(0.001) | 0.259(0.057) | 0.040(0.034) | 34.286(0.218) |
| sn05eq | 0.028(0.001) | $-0.266(0.039)$ | 0.080(0.063) | $35.886(0.148)$ |
| sn05eu | 0.034(0.001) | $-0.251(0.042)$ | 0.061(0.048) | $36.180(0.140)$ |
| sn05hc | 0.045(0.001) | -0.129(0.056) | 0.132(0.081) | 36.869(0.140) |
| sn05hf | 0.042(0.001) | 0.198(0.096) | 0.089(0.084) | 36.564(0.158) |
| sn05hj | 0.057(0.001) | -0.314(0.061) | 0.094(0.070) | 37.372(0.129) |
| sn05iq | 0.033(0.001) | 0.172(0.074) | 0.086(0.068) | 36.203(0.148) |
| sn05ir | 0.075(0.001) | $-0.370(0.078)$ | 0.107(0.083) | $38.110(0.138)$ |
| sn05kc | 0.014(0.001) | 0.009(0.064) | 1.137(0.122) | $33.767(0.242)$ |
| sn05ki | 0.021(0.001) | 0.376(0.068) | 0.084(0.056) | 34.806(0.179) |
| sn051s | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.236(0.057)$ | 1.153(0.125) | 34.411(0.205) |
| sn051z | 0.040(0.001) | 0.203(0.088) | 0.394(0.118) | $36.519(0.166)$ |
| sn05mc | 0.026(0.001) | 0.888(0.080) | 0.367(0.151) | 35.361(0.170) |
| sn05ms | 0.026(0.001) | $-0.134(0.045)$ | 0.118(0.067) | 35.674(0.157) |
| sn05mz | 0.017(0.001) | $1.213(0.058)$ | 0.850(0.157) | 34.077(0.224) |
| sn05na | 0.027(0.001) | $-0.007(0.055)$ | 0.120(0.084) | 35.462(0.165) |
| sn06ac | 0.024(0.001) | 0.175(0.066) | 0.209(0.082) | 35.292(0.173) |
| sn06ak | 0.039(0.001) | 0.194(0.106) | 0.105(0.081) | 36.375(0.178) |
| sn06al | 0.069(0.001) | 0.164(0.101) | 0.075(0.056) | 37.834(0.134) |
| sn06an | 0.065(0.001) | $-0.167(0.073)$ | 0.070(0.055) | 37.695(0.123) |
| sn06ar | 0.023(0.001) | 0.258(0.394) | 0.392(0.209) | 35.249(0.278) |
| sn06ax | 0.018(0.001) | -0.141(0.040) | 0.062(0.046) | 34.684(0.186) |
| sn06az | 0.032(0.001) | 0.248(0.054) | 0.041(0.034) | 35.852(0.137) |
| sn06bd | 0.026(0.001) | 1.492(0.097) | 0.297(0.182) | 35.586(0.203) |
| sn06bq | 0.021(0.001) | 0.286(0.071) | 0.235(0.111) | 35.163(0.186) |
| sn06bt | 0.033(0.001) | $-0.198(0.047)$ | 0.664(0.098) | 35.784(0.158) |
| sn06bu | 0.084(0.001) | $-0.270(0.102)$ | 0.067(0.065) | 38.017(0.131) |
| sn06bw | 0.031(0.001) | 0.427(0.132) | 0.358(0.215) | 35.682(0.206) |
| sn06bz | 0.028(0.001) | $1.505(0.075)$ | 0.351(0.193) | 35.307(0.191) |
| sn06cc | 0.033(0.001) | $-0.173(0.046)$ | 1.316(0.092) | 35.777(0.156) |
| sn06cf | 0.042(0.001) | -0.056(0.095) | 0.114(0.080) | 36.564(0.146) |
| sn06cg | 0.029(0.001) | 0.566(0.180) | 0.243(0.179) | 35.181(0.212) |
| sn06cj | 0.068(0.001) | $-0.147(0.119)$ | 0.045(0.037) | 37.822(0.131) |
| sn06cp | 0.023(0.001) | $-0.138(0.061)$ | 0.704(0.109) | 34.846(0.189) |
| sn06cq | 0.049(0.001) | $-0.234(0.104)$ | 0.162(0.120) | 37.069(0.175) |
| sn06cs | 0.024(0.001) | 1.521(0.098) | 0.441(0.301) | 35.197(0.244) |
| sn06ef | 0.017(0.001) | 0.099(0.080) | 0.119(0.086) | 34.841(0.225) |
| sn06ej | 0.019(0.001) | 0.190(0.078) | 0.095(0.067) | 34.974(0.196) |
| sn06em | 0.018(0.001) | 1.463(0.083) | 0.497(0.237) | 35.063(0.247) |
| sn06en | 0.031(0.001) | -0.043(0.063) | 0.326(0.153) | 35.930(0.200) |
| sn06et | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.225(0.074)$ | $0.474(0.139)$ | 35.032(0.217) |
| sn06gj | 0.028(0.001) | 0.513(0.135) | 1.112(0.187) | 35.306(0.181) |
| sn06gr | 0.034(0.001) | $-0.254(0.036)$ | 0.353(0.098) | 36.209(0.153) |
| sn06gt | 0.044(0.001) | 0.707(0.151) | 0.147(0.131) | $36.796(0.180)$ |
| sn06hc | 0.013(0.001) | $1.314(0.063)$ | 0.442(0.207) | $34.230(0.254)$ |
| sn06hb | 0.015(0.001) | 0.559(0.089) | 0.158(0.106) | 34.212(0.225) |
| sn06is | 0.031(0.002) | $-0.335(0.047)$ | 0.029(0.025) | 35.932(0.153) |
| sn06kf | 0.021(0.001) | 0.661(0.092) | 0.070(0.056) | 34.959(0.193) |
| sn06le | 0.017(0.001) | -0.232(0.033) | 0.087(0.081) | 34.713(0.198) |

Table 3
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\mathrm{b}}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn06lf | $0.013(0.001)$ | $0.263(0.062)$ | $0.193(0.153)$ | $33.721(0.254)$ |
| sn06mo | $0.036(0.001)$ | $0.667(0.101)$ | $0.112(0.099)$ | $36.180(0.167)$ |
| sn06mp | $0.023(0.001)$ | $-0.128(0.050)$ | $0.303(0.121)$ | $35.264(0.199)$ |
| sn06n | $0.014(0.001)$ | $0.458(0.066)$ | $0.120(0.084)$ | $34.168(0.227)$ |
| sn06nz | $0.037(0.001)$ | $1.101(0.117)$ | $0.214(0.177)$ | $36.044(0.189)$ |
| sn06oa | $0.059(0.001)$ | $-0.202(0.093)$ | $0.170(0.091)$ | $37.344(0.145)$ |
| sn06ob | $0.058(0.001)$ | $0.658(0.072)$ | $0.066(0.052)$ | $37.113(0.128)$ |
| sn06on | $0.069(0.001)$ | $-0.084(0.170)$ | $0.413(0.183)$ | $37.467(0.207)$ |
| sn06os | $0.032(0.001)$ | $-0.072(0.084)$ | $1.436(0.175)$ | $35.322(0.207)$ |
| sn06qo | $0.030(0.001)$ | $-0.163(0.041)$ | $0.745(0.112)$ | $35.528(0.173)$ |
| sn06s | $0.033(0.001)$ | $-0.201(0.042)$ | $0.317(0.086)$ | $36.126(0.152)$ |
| sn06sr | $0.023(0.001)$ | $0.178(0.081)$ | $0.236(0.122)$ | $35.282(0.192)$ |
| sn06td | $0.015(0.001)$ | $0.357(0.102)$ | $0.411(0.139)$ | $34.425(0.247)$ |
| sn06te | $0.032(0.001)$ | $-0.058(0.054)$ | $0.097(0.070)$ | $36.052(0.152)$ |
| sn07ae | $0.064(0.001)$ | $-0.203(0.060)$ | $0.106(0.078)$ | $37.336(0.137)$ |
| sn07ai | $0.032(0.001)$ | $-0.335(0.066)$ | $0.459(0.217)$ | $35.964(0.204)$ |
| sn07al | $0.013(0.001)$ | $1.334(0.102)$ | $0.651(0.256)$ | $34.153(0.285)$ |
| sn07ap | $0.016(0.001)$ | $0.429(0.094)$ | $0.040(0.034)$ | $34.573(0.222)$ |
| sn07au | $0.020(0.001)$ | $1.060(0.059)$ | $0.191(0.120)$ | $34.671(0.193)$ |
| sn07ba | $0.039(0.001)$ | $1.183(0.102)$ | $0.141(0.124)$ | $35.910(0.157)$ |
| sn07bc | $0.022(0.001)$ | $0.242(0.076)$ | $0.325(0.128)$ | $34.916(0.205)$ |
| sn07bd | $0.032(0.001)$ | $0.284(0.084)$ | $0.089(0.077)$ | $35.837(0.161)$ |
| sn07bz | $0.023(0.001)$ | $-0.079(0.078)$ | $0.284(0.141)$ | $35.830(0.205)$ |
| sn07ca | $0.015(0.001)$ | $-0.184(0.047)$ | $0.923(0.126)$ | $34.394(0.238)$ |
| sn07ci | $0.019(0.001)$ | $0.781(0.084)$ | $0.397(0.161)$ | $34.285(0.210)$ |
| sn07co | $0.027(0.001)$ | $-0.052(0.064)$ | $0.578(0.113)$ | $35.379(0.168)$ |
| sn07cq | $0.025(0.001)$ | $0.047(0.064)$ | $0.178(0.109)$ | $35.164(0.183)$ |
| sn07f | $0.024(0.001)$ | $-0.141(0.040)$ | $0.097(0.070)$ | $35.440(0.164)$ |
| sn07n | $0.014(0.001)$ | $1.385(0.093)$ | $1.111(0.203)$ | $34.070(0.266)$ |
| sn07o | $0.036(0.001)$ | $0.012(0.064)$ | $0.080(0.066)$ | $36.225(0.147)$ |
| sn07qe | $0.023(0.001)$ | $-0.228(0.037)$ | $0.159(0.087)$ | $35.527(0.169)$ |
| sn07r | $0.031(0.001)$ | $0.204(0.075)$ | $0.074(0.056)$ | $35.968(0.155)$ |
| sn07s | $0.015(0.001)$ | $-0.260(0.036)$ | $1.271(0.098)$ | $33.843(0.240)$ |
| sn08L | $0.019(0.001)$ | $0.297(0.162)$ | $0.097(0.079)$ | $34.477(0.245)$ |
| sn08af | $0.034(0.001)$ | $0.249(0.091)$ | $0.092(0.079)$ | $36.095(0.166)$ |
| sn08bf | $0.026(0.001)$ | $-0.142(0.053)$ | $0.116(0.069)$ | $35.250(0.160)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Note.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Distance moduli were calculated with $H_{o}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and $M_{V}=-19.504$.
Uncertainty of $\mu$ includes 0.078 mag "intrinsic," $\sigma_{v-p e c}\left(400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right.$ ), and $\sigma_{z}$.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ In the CMB frame.
(This table is also available in a machine-readable form in the online journal.)
find little difference for SALT2. We used the default setting of $3460 \AA$ for the lower limit on the wavelength range. The value used by Guy et al. (2007) is different: $2900 \AA$. This shorter wavelength limit may improve the precision of the color parameter, $c$ for the high-redshift objects, subject to the uncertainties in calibrating the rest-frame UV. We did not explore the effects of varying the short wavelength limit. We also exclude any 1991bg-like objects. The reduced chi-squared, $\chi_{v}^{2}$, of the light-curve fit allows poorly fit objects to be flagged and removed. The precise value of $\chi_{v}^{2}$ that indicates a poor fit, as determined by visual inspection, varies from fitter to fitter, depending largely on the uncertainty attributed to the model light curve produced. If the model light curve has reasonable uncertainties then a $\chi_{v}^{2}$ of one can be expected but if it is too small then acceptable fits can have higher $\chi_{v}^{2}$. For SALT2 we found that the poorly fit light curves had a $\chi_{v}^{2}$ of more than 10 while sufficiently well-fit light curves were less than this and so we chose this as our cutoff value. We also only include SN Ia with $t_{1 s t} \leqslant+10 d$, ensuring that the fit parameters can

Table 4
MLCS17 Light-Curve Fit Parameters

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03D1au | 0.504(0.001) | $-0.346(0.076)$ | 0.108(0.089) | 42.514(0.173) |
| 03D1aw | 0.582(0.001) | $-0.260(0.139)$ | 0.098(0.082) | 43.054(0.194) |
| 03D1ax | 0.496(0.001) | 0.170(0.119) | 0.065(0.056) | 42.194(0.180) |
| 03D1bp | 0.346(0.001) | 0.163(0.152) | 0.158(0.104) | 41.459(0.208) |
| 03D1co | 0.679(0.001) | $-0.313(0.121)$ | 0.151(0.126) | 43.575(0.256) |
| 03D1ew | 0.868(0.001) | $-0.255(0.120)$ | 0.111(0.084) | 43.794(0.207) |
| 03D1fc | 0.331(0.001) | -0.170(0.147) | 0.123(0.078) | 41.242(0.181) |
| 03D1fl | 0.688(0.001) | -0.264(0.132) | 0.130(0.101) | 43.075(0.211) |
| 03D1fq | 0.800(0.001) | 0.054(0.182) | 0.095(0.079) | 43.764(0.259) |
| 03D1gt | 0.548(0.001) | 0.351(0.292) | 0.497(0.279) | 42.416(0.337) |
| 03D3af | 0.532(0.001) | -0.083(0.163) | 0.112(0.098) | 42.846(0.241) |
| 03D3aw | 0.449(0.001) | -0.112(0.132) | 0.058(0.041) | 42.059(0.207) |
| 03D3ay | 0.371(0.001) | $-0.237(0.120)$ | 0.051(0.037) | 41.844(0.194) |
| 03D3ba | 0.291(0.001) | -0.140(0.117) | 0.408(0.162) | 40.889(0.235) |
| 03D3cc | 0.463(0.001) | -0.252(0.097) | 0.096(0.065) | 42.203(0.169) |
| 03D3cd | 0.461(0.001) | -0.249(0.126) | 0.071(0.059) | 42.053(0.165) |
| 03D4ag | 0.285(0.001) | -0.329(0.074) | 0.038(0.030) | 40.931(0.138) |
| 03D4at | 0.633(0.001) | -0.191(0.148) | 0.108(0.099) | 43.205(0.222) |
| 03D4cx | 0.949(0.001) | -0.274(0.136) | 0.054(0.046) | 44.157(0.183) |
| 03D4cy | 0.927(0.001) | $-0.227(0.146)$ | 0.063(0.051) | 44.044(0.203) |
| 03D4cz | 0.695(0.001) | 0.381(0.200) | 0.085(0.087) | 42.983(0.309) |
| 03D4dh | 0.627(0.001) | $-0.314(0.087)$ | 0.130(0.110) | 42.908(0.204) |
| 03D4di | 0.905(0.001) | -0.342(0.098) | 0.074(0.063) | 43.821(0.177) |
| 03D4dy | 0.604(0.001) | $-0.370(0.075)$ | 0.285(0.191) | 42.623(0.294) |
| 03D4fd | 0.791(0.001) | -0.196(0.152) | 0.110(0.103) | 43.635(0.234) |
| 03D4gf | 0.581(0.001) | -0.162(0.149) | 0.043(0.034) | 42.864(0.179) |
| 03D4gg | 0.592(0.001) | -0.162(0.181) | 0.096(0.077) | 42.833(0.225) |
| 03D4gl | 0.571(0.001) | 0.030(0.327) | 0.095(0.089) | 42.450(0.386) |
| 04D1ag | 0.557(0.001) | -0.155(0.186) | 0.060(0.057) | 42.514(0.212) |
| 04D1aj | 0.721(0.001) | $-0.331(0.109)$ | 0.123(0.113) | 43.419(0.224) |
| 04D1ak | 0.526(0.001) | 0.483(0.188) | 0.111(0.098) | 42.382(0.265) |
| 04D2cf | 0.369(0.001) | $-0.001(0.135)$ | 0.071(0.059) | $41.776(0.171)$ |
| 04D2fp | 0.415(0.001) | -0.162(0.094) | 0.103(0.067) | 41.978(0.152) |
| 04D2fs | 0.357(0.001) | -0.123(0.110) | 0.222(0.107) | 41.624(0.165) |
| 04D2gb | 0.430(0.001) | 0.497(0.111) | 0.058(0.043) | 41.714(0.172) |
| 04D2gc | 0.521(0.001) | $-0.247(0.109)$ | 0.539(0.177) | 42.117(0.284) |
| 04D2gp | 0.707(0.001) | 0.050(0.243) | $0.100(0.103)$ | 43.398(0.315) |
| 04D2iu | 0.691(0.001) | 0.309(0.226) | 0.124(0.115) | 43.219(0.347) |
| 04D2ja | 0.741(0.001) | $-0.175(0.161)$ | 0.087(0.078) | 43.559(0.235) |
| 04D3co | 0.620(0.001) | $-0.089(0.164)$ | 0.096(0.086) | 43.234(0.239) |
| 04D3cp | 0.830(0.001) | $-0.379(0.077)$ | 0.067(0.058) | 43.663(0.159) |
| 04D3cy | 0.643(0.001) | -0.350(0.094) | 0.111(0.091) | 43.423(0.191) |
| 04D3dd | 1.010(0.001) | $-0.320(0.121)$ | 0.042(0.032) | 44.678(0.194) |
| 04D3df | 0.470(0.001) | 0.743(0.119) | 0.096(0.070) | 41.947(0.181) |
| 04D3do | 0.610(0.001) | 0.189(0.153) | 0.091(0.083) | 42.722(0.231) |
| 04D3ez | 0.263(0.001) | 0.010(0.103) | 0.228(0.090) | 40.764(0.165) |
| 04D3fk | 0.358(0.001) | -0.160(0.092) | 0.385(0.086) | 41.581(0.155) |
| 04D3fq | 0.730(0.001) | -0.023(0.173) | 0.094(0.084) | 43.434(0.245) |
| 04D3gt | 0.451(0.001) | -0.088(0.099) | 0.635(0.097) | 41.797(0.170) |
| 04D3gx | 0.910(0.001) | $-0.250(0.126)$ | 0.069(0.052) | 44.169(0.187) |
| 04D3hn | 0.552(0.001) | 0.099(0.153) | 0.381(0.173) | 42.258(0.291) |
| 04D3is | 0.710(0.001) | -0.182(0.167) | 0.489(0.226) | 43.092(0.370) |
| 04D3ki | 0.930(0.001) | -0.071(0.167) | 0.070(0.060) | 44.202(0.235) |
| 04D3kr | 0.337(0.001) | -0.322(0.067) | 0.164(0.082) | 41.386(0.142) |
| 04D3ks | 0.752(0.001) | $-0.280(0.120)$ | 0.134(0.118) | 43.324(0.241) |
| 04D31u | 0.822(0.001) | -0.186(0.133) | 0.092(0.086) | 43.794(0.216) |
| 04D3ml | 0.950(0.001) | -0.344(0.112) | 0.054(0.046) | 44.117(0.170) |
| 04D3nc | 0.817(0.001) | $-0.289(0.120)$ | 0.122(0.090) | 43.696(0.211) |
| 04D3nh | 0.340(0.001) | $-0.248(0.093)$ | 0.132(0.082) | 41.566(0.148) |
| 04D3nr | 0.960(0.001) | $-0.255(0.146)$ | 0.049(0.044) | 44.291(0.224) |
| 04D3ny | 0.810(0.001) | -0.022(0.169) | 0.147(0.126) | 43.461(0.262) |
| 04D3oe | 0.756(0.001) | -0.202(0.151) | 0.075(0.073) | 43.583(0.207) |
| 04D4an | 0.613(0.001) | 0.313(0.195) | 0.155(0.128) | 42.913(0.287) |
| 04D4bk | 0.840(0.001) | $-0.310(0.104)$ | 0.067(0.058) | 43.877(0.173) |
| 04D4bq | 0.550(0.001) | $-0.230(0.157)$ | 0.178(0.144) | 42.690(0.263) |
| 04D4dm | 0.811(0.001) | -0.104(0.162) | 0.143(0.123) | 43.670(0.262) |

Table 4
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 04D4dw | 0.961(0.001) | $-0.260(0.143)$ | 0.049(0.043) | 44.166(0.213) |
| 2002dc | 0.475(0.010) | 0.172(0.220) | 0.153(0.163) | 42.248(0.287) |
| 2002dd | 0.950(0.010) | $-0.244(0.154)$ | 0.212(0.148) | 43.969(0.258) |
| Eagle | 1.020(0.010) | -0.182(0.147) | 0.122(0.111) | 44.385(0.211) |
| Ferguson | 1.020 (0.010) | 0.071(0.182) | 0.175(0.151) | 44.025(0.255) |
| Gabi | $1.120(0.010)$ | $-0.200(0.130)$ | 0.106(0.088) | 44.572(0.191) |
| Greenbu | $1.140(0.010)$ | -0.394(0.064) | 0.085(0.066) | 44.337(0.159) |
| Hawk | 0.490(0.010) | -0.291(0.152) | 0.108(0.100) | 42.487(0.255) |
| Koekemoer | $1.230(0.010)$ | $-0.205(0.154)$ | 0.076(0.069) | 44.990(0.240) |
| Lancaster | $1.230(0.010)$ | $0.157(0.223)$ | 0.161(0.134) | 45.083(0.189) |
| Manipogo | 0.854(0.010) | 0.093(0.183) | 0.098(0.086) | 43.757(0.246) |
| Mcguire | 1.370(0.010) | -0.317(0.102) | 0.095(0.080) | 45.187(0.185) |
| Ombo | 0.975(0.010) | -0.392(0.093) | 0.221(0.142) | 44.273(0.213) |
| Patuxent | 0.970(0.010) | -0.128(0.215) | 0.098(0.097) | 44.432(0.274) |
| Rakke | 0.740(0.010) | 0.006(0.165) | 0.104(0.075) | 43.282(0.203) |
| Spock | 0.839(0.010) | 0.010(0.235) | 0.122(0.123) | 43.367(0.387) |
| Strolger | $1.010(0.010)$ | $-0.213(0.178)$ | 0.116(0.093) | 44.501(0.218) |
| Thames | 0.954(0.010) | $0.126(0.222)$ | 0.133(0.127) | 43.977(0.342) |
| Yowie | 0.460(0.010) | 0.012(0.195) | 0.229(0.200) | 42.327(0.354) |
| Zwicky | 0.521(0.010) | $-0.254(0.133)$ | 0.185(0.118) | 42.471(0.196) |
| anguta | 0.670(0.010) | 0.183(0.184) | 0.164(0.131) | 43.123(0.253) |
| aphrodite | $1.300(0.010)$ | -0.096(0.171) | 0.211(0.135) | 44.858(0.171) |
| bilbo | 0.216(0.010) | -0.193(0.172) | 0.884(0.171) | 40.539(0.229) |
| elvis | 0.840(0.010) | 0.082(0.175) | 0.094(0.083) | 43.592(0.206) |
| frodo | 0.735(0.010) | 0.203(0.176) | 0.160(0.125) | 43.013(0.227) |
| gilgames | 1.551(0.010) | $-0.033(0.270)$ | 0.483(0.202) | 45.153(0.213) |
| inanna | 1.307(0.010) | $0.165(0.246)$ | 0.234(0.182) | 45.182(0.294) |
| isis | 0.526(0.010) | $-0.333(0.102)$ | 0.294(0.153) | 43.383(0.230) |
| mcenroe | 0.900(0.010) | $-0.267(0.099)$ | 0.234(0.190) | 43.425(0.307) |
| nanna | $1.140(0.010)$ | 0.249(0.287) | 0.084(0.076) | 44.456(0.386) |
| qiq | 0.640(0.010) | $0.033(0.199)$ | 0.161(0.133) | 42.889(0.292) |
| ramone | 0.954(0.010) | 0.079(0.181) | 0.069(0.069) | 44.130(0.283) |
| sasquatch | $1.390(0.010)$ | $0.141(0.285)$ | 0.243(0.199) | 44.931(0.218) |
| torngasa | $1.265(0.010)$ | $-0.068(0.232)$ | 0.230(0.150) | 44.843(0.251) |
| vilas | 0.935(0.010) | $-0.131(0.143)$ | 0.209(0.202) | 43.708(0.368) |
| b010 | 0.590(0.003) | $-0.174(0.189)$ | 0.094(0.079) | 42.867(0.244) |
| b013 | 0.427(0.003) | $-0.043(0.163)$ | 0.118(0.085) | 41.940(0.212) |
| b020 | 0.426(0.003) | 0.073(0.295) | 0.139(0.140) | 41.669(0.359) |
| borg | $1.340(0.010)$ | -0.237(0.175) | 0.349(0.177) | 44.919(0.238) |
| d033 | 0.530(0.008) | -0.348(0.116) | 0.083(0.071) | 42.855(0.168) |
| d083 | 0.333(0.001) | $-0.341(0.076)$ | 0.085(0.070) | 40.636(0.145) |
| d084 | 0.516(0.006) | $-0.148(0.221)$ | 0.228(0.179) | 42.770(0.318) |
| d085 | 0.401(0.008) | $-0.307(0.097)$ | 0.136(0.098) | 41.949(0.176) |
| d086 | 0.204(0.003) | $-0.134(0.132)$ | 0.367(0.245) | 40.148(0.270) |
| d087 | 0.337(0.004) | -0.182(0.125) | 0.116(0.092) | 41.261(0.208) |
| d089 | 0.424(0.003) | $-0.263(0.128)$ | 0.120(0.088) | 41.972(0.175) |
| d099 | 0.210(0.002) | $-0.138(0.117)$ | 0.105(0.099) | 40.312(0.221) |
| d117 | 0.301(0.005) | 0.283(0.232) | 0.164(0.133) | 41.300(0.288) |
| d149 | 0.344(0.008) | -0.246(0.120) | 0.156(0.123) | 41.541(0.215) |
| e020 | 0.159(0.006) | $-0.082(0.161)$ | 0.344(0.240) | 39.792(0.244) |
| e029 | 0.332(0.008) | 0.181(0.263) | 0.150(0.149) | 41.483(0.291) |
| e108 | 0.472(0.007) | $-0.359(0.109)$ | 0.056(0.053) | 42.230(0.147) |
| e132 | 0.235(0.006) | $-0.070(0.150)$ | 0.503(0.243) | 40.469(0.268) |
| e136 | 0.348(0.006) | 0.275(0.196) | 0.166(0.132) | 41.633(0.258) |
| e138 | 0.611(0.006) | $-0.303(0.130)$ | 0.102(0.077) | 42.900(0.204) |
| e140 | 0.614(0.006) | $-0.222(0.161)$ | 0.104(0.092) | 42.812(0.217) |
| e147 | 0.641(0.008) | $-0.234(0.151)$ | 0.058(0.052) | 42.953(0.181) |
| e148 | 0.429(0.006) | $-0.195(0.151)$ | 0.084(0.063) | 42.200(0.181) |
| e149 | 0.491(0.006) | $-0.013(0.183)$ | 0.124(0.108) | 42.160(0.244) |
| f011 | 0.536(0.006) | -0.093(0.236) | 0.131(0.102) | 42.554(0.251) |
| f041 | 0.558(0.007) | $-0.357(0.109)$ | 0.078(0.064) | 42.669(0.159) |
| f076 | 0.410(0.004) | $0.197(0.269)$ | 0.155(0.116) | 41.365(0.293) |
| f216 | 0.595(0.011) | $-0.102(0.233)$ | 0.116(0.091) | 43.191(0.294) |
| f221 | 0.443(0.004) | $-0.114(0.202)$ | 0.065(0.066) | 42.775(0.238) |
| f231 | 0.620(0.008) | $-0.274(0.141)$ | 0.082(0.064) | 42.953(0.188) |
| f244 | 0.546(0.005) | -0.057(0.247) | 0.111(0.091) | 42.614(0.263) |

Table 4 (Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| g001 | 0.268(0.002) | 0.192(0.162) | $0.080(0.060)$ | 40.699(0.195) |
| g005 | $0.218(0.007)$ | $-0.298(0.076)$ | $0.261(0.205)$ | 40.450(0.227) |
| g055 | 0.302(0.006) | $-0.329(0.108)$ | 0.742(0.273) | 41.560(0.313) |
| g097 | 0.339(0.004) | $-0.256(0.137)$ | $0.306(0.204)$ | 41.413(0.275) |
| g160 | 0.507(0.019) | $-0.372(0.089)$ | 0.201(0.158) | $42.310(0.256)$ |
| g240 | 0.689(0.005) | -0.205(0.167) | 0.056(0.049) | 42.971(0.219) |
| g276 | 0.244(0.001) | -0.064(0.113) | 0.342(0.218) | 40.550(0.264) |
| h283 | 0.495(0.007) | 0.147(0.310) | $0.210(0.161)$ | 42.352(0.331) |
| h319 | 0.478(0.002) | $-0.279(0.134)$ | 0.143(0.099) | 42.309(0.203) |
| h323 | 0.603(0.007) | $-0.131(0.187)$ | 0.097(0.090) | $42.916(0.248)$ |
| h359 | 0.348(0.005) | $-0.231(0.119)$ | 0.206(0.171) | 41.895(0.245) |
| h363 | $0.211(0.005)$ | 0.069(0.156) | $0.470(0.267)$ | 40.478(0.288) |
| h364 | $0.344(0.004)$ | $-0.061(0.149)$ | 0.083(0.071) | 41.217(0.203) |
| k411 | 0.565(0.003) | $-0.165(0.181)$ | $0.113(0.095)$ | 42.362(0.237) |
| k425 | 0.274(0.003) | 0.173(0.264) | $0.206(0.172)$ | 40.825(0.295) |
| k429 | 0.171(0.006) | -0.135(0.122) | 0.122(0.116) | $39.800(0.179)$ |
| k430 | 0.576(0.007) | -0.194(0.197) | 0.102(0.081) | 43.248(0.230) |
| k441 | 0.671(0.007) | $-0.203(0.182)$ | 0.080(0.070) | 43.147(0.218) |
| k448 | 0.405(0.007) | 0.024(0.324) | 0.239(0.200) | 42.261(0.362) |
| m026 | 0.656(0.006) | -0.165(0.193) | 0.117(0.084) | 42.880(0.263) |
| 027 | 0.285(0.003) | $-0.141(0.165)$ | 0.325(0.212) | 41.441(0.280) |
| 032 | 0.155(0.004) | $-0.158(0.105)$ | $0.096(0.101)$ | $39.800(0.205)$ |
| 034 | 0.562(0.006) | -0.083(0.223) | 0.122(0.104) | 42.667(0.272) |
| 039 | 0.249(0.003) | -0.245(0.144) | 0.337(0.267) | 40.830(0.329) |
| 062 | 0.316(0.004) | 0.096(0.320) | 0.125(0.098) | 41.175(0.310) |
| 58 | 0.461(0.007) | $-0.355(0.114)$ | 0.258(0.164) | 42.423(0.261) |
| m193 | 0.336(0.006) | $-0.174(0.163)$ | $0.096(0.082)$ | 41.199(0.254) |
| n256 | 0.631(0.011) | -0.364(0.095) | 0.065(0.057) | 43.011(0.153) |
| n263 | 0.368(0.007) | 0.031(0.144) | 0.068(0.059) | 41.416(0.183) |
| n278 | 0.308(0.006) | $-0.012(0.215)$ | $0.119(0.109)$ | 41.089(0.230) |
| 285 | 0.531(0.009) | $-0.136(0.215)$ | $0.131(0.120)$ | 42.551(0.282) |
| 326 | 0.267(0.006) | 0.807(0.264) | $0.106(0.112)$ | 40.547(0.319) |
| n404 | 0.285(0.006) | -0.005(0.225) | 0.442(0.275) | 40.642(0.286) |
| p425 | 0.456(0.004) | $-0.178(0.225)$ | $0.404(0.230)$ | 42.428(0.320) |
| p455 | 0.285(0.006) | 0.052(0.343) | 0.165(0.146) | 40.916(0.335) |
| p524 | 0.511(0.003) | $-0.244(0.153)$ | 0.125(0.097) | 42.355(0.216) |
| p528 | 0.780(0.009) | -0.331(0.113) | 0.043(0.039) | 43.727(0.166) |
| sn900 | 0.031(0.001) | $-0.229(0.073)$ | 0.051(0.042) | $35.791(0.162)$ |
| sn90af | 0.050(0.001) | 0.507(0.119) | 0.073(0.064) | $36.600(0.187)$ |
| sn91ag | 0.014(0.001) | $-0.238(0.067)$ | 0.047(0.040) | 34.004(0.239) |
| sn92P | 0.026(0.001) | -0.176(0.079) | 0.100(0.061) | $35.529(0.175)$ |
| sn92ae | 0.075(0.001) | 0.018(0.124) | 0.098(0.084) | 37.714(0.188) |
| sn92ag | 0.026(0.001) | 0.050(0.086) | 0.312(0.081) | 35.212(0.181) |
| sn92al | 0.014(0.001) | $-0.064(0.061)$ | 0.033(0.027) | $33.964(0.228)$ |
| sn92aq | 0.101(0.001) | 0.064(0.127) | 0.034(0.032) | 38.656(0.171) |
| sn92bc | 0.020(0.001) | $-0.253(0.044)$ | 0.012(0.012) | $34.795(0.175)$ |
| sn92bg | 0.036(0.001) | $-0.079(0.083)$ | 0.072(0.052) | $36.129(0.174)$ |
| sn92bh | 0.045(0.001) | $-0.170(0.086)$ | 0.183(0.079) | 36.898(0.156) |
| sn92bk | 0.058(0.001) | 0.320(0.188) | 0.043(0.038) | 37.160(0.229) |
| sn92bl | 0.043(0.001) | 0.235(0.120) | 0.035(0.029) | 36.461(0.176) |
| sn92bo | 0.018(0.001) | 0.580(0.079) | 0.034(0.029) | $34.670(0.202)$ |
| sn92bp | 0.079(0.001) | 0.009(0.099) | 0.036(0.031) | $37.754(0.146)$ |
| sn92br | 0.088(0.001) | 1.105(0.161) | 0.043(0.045) | 37.535(0.224) |
| sn92bs | 0.063(0.001) | -0.139(0.097) | 0.112(0.083) | $37.630(0.179)$ |
| sn93B | 0.071(0.001) | $-0.138(0.090)$ | 0.133(0.073) | $37.736(0.169)$ |
| sn93H | 0.025(0.001) | 0.874(0.096) | 0.029(0.026) | 35.078(0.174) |
| sn930 | 0.052(0.001) | $-0.030(0.072)$ | 0.048(0.034) | 37.078(0.138) |
| sn93ac | $0.049(0.001)$ | -0.058(0.129) | $0.204(0.112)$ | 36.892(0.192) |
| sn93ag | 0.050(0.001) | -0.019(0.094) | 0.102(0.066) | 37.103(0.160) |
| sn94M | 0.024(0.001) | 0.254(0.093) | 0.080(0.055) | 35.227(0.177) |
| sn94S | 0.016(0.001) | -0.173(0.078) | 0.047(0.034) | 34.312(0.211) |
| sn94T | 0.036(0.001) | 0.746(0.106) | 0.053(0.042) | $35.859(0.164)$ |
| sn95E | 0.012(0.001) | -0.093(0.066) | $1.460(0.064)$ | $33.888(0.265)$ |
| sn95ac | 0.049(0.001) | $-0.316(0.052)$ | 0.106(0.055) | 36.602(0.129) |
| sn95ak | 0.022(0.001) | 0.130(0.080) | 0.259(0.072) | 34.895(0.185) |
| sn95bd | 0.014(0.001) | -0.327(0.049) | $0.462(0.159)$ | 34.062(0.241) |

Table 4
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn96C | $0.028(0.001)$ | $-0.177(0.063)$ | $0.132(0.061)$ | $35.906(0.162)$ |
| sn96ab | $0.124(0.001)$ | $0.089(0.159)$ | $0.071(0.070)$ | $38.852(0.213)$ |
| sn96bl | $0.035(0.001)$ | $-0.170(0.077)$ | $0.142(0.068)$ | $36.075(0.152)$ |
| sn96bo | $0.016(0.001)$ | $-0.035(0.078)$ | $0.626(0.071)$ | $34.304(0.213)$ |
| sn96bv | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.285(0.072)$ | $0.389(0.093)$ | $34.312(0.220)$ |
| sn97E | $0.013(0.001)$ | $0.312(0.086)$ | $0.085(0.051)$ | $34.102(0.241)$ |
| sn97Y | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.007(0.081)$ | $0.096(0.050)$ | $34.550(0.210)$ |
| sn97cn | $0.017(0.001)$ | $1.359(0.057)$ | $0.025(0.020)$ | $34.425(0.194)$ |
| sn97dg | $0.030(0.001)$ | $-0.018(0.084)$ | $0.092(0.052)$ | $36.121(0.157)$ |
| sn97do | $0.011(0.001)$ | $-0.191(0.081)$ | $0.262(0.061)$ | $33.580(0.289)$ |
| sn98V | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.089(0.069)$ | $0.145(0.071)$ | $34.353(0.203)$ |
| sn98ab | $0.028(0.001)$ | $-0.180(0.066)$ | $0.268(0.047)$ | $35.267(0.158)$ |
| sn98bp | $0.010(0.001)$ | $1.254(0.047)$ | $0.025(0.020)$ | $33.175(0.287)$ |
| sn98co | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.398(0.164)$ | $0.123(0.087)$ | $34.475(0.219)$ |
| sn98de | $0.016(0.001)$ | $1.517(0.042)$ | $0.142(0.061)$ | $34.464(0.206)$ |
| sn98dx | $0.054(0.001)$ | $0.105(0.094)$ | $0.029(0.028)$ | $36.903(0.139)$ |
| sn98ef | $0.017(0.001)$ | $0.134(0.094)$ | $0.068(0.050)$ | $34.094(0.213)$ |
| sn98eg | $0.024(0.001)$ | $-0.022(0.116)$ | $0.131(0.074)$ | $35.334(0.177)$ |
| sn99aa | $0.015(0.001)$ | $-0.346(0.032)$ | $0.025(0.021)$ | $34.425(0.206)$ |
| sn99cc | $0.032(0.001)$ | $0.288(0.094)$ | $0.064(0.049)$ | $35.831(0.154)$ |
| sn99cp | $0.010(0.001)$ | $-0.137(0.111)$ | $0.057(0.045)$ | $33.441(0.295)$ |
| sn99da | $0.013(0.001)$ | $1.487(0.043)$ | $0.066(0.049)$ | $33.925(0.245)$ |
| sn99dk | $0.014(0.001)$ | $-0.306(0.053)$ | $0.252(0.058)$ | $34.160(0.229)$ |
| sn99dq | $0.013(0.001)$ | $-0.359(0.034)$ | $0.299(0.051)$ | $33.705(0.229)$ |
| sn99ee | $0.011(0.001)$ | $-0.278(0.037)$ | $0.643(0.041)$ | $33.571(0.277)$ |
| sn99ef | $0.038(0.001)$ | $-0.136(0.085)$ | $0.052(0.039)$ | $36.597(0.160)$ |
| sn99ej | $0.013(0.001)$ | $0.312(0.099)$ | $0.037(0.031)$ | $34.413(0.255)$ |
| sn99ek | $0.018(0.001)$ | $0.056(0.078)$ | $0.312(0.156)$ | $34.379(0.218)$ |
| sn99gd | $0.019(0.001)$ | $-0.009(0.083)$ | $0.842(0.066)$ | $34.969(0.196)$ |
| sn00bh | $0.024(0.001)$ | $-0.080(0.085)$ | $0.086(0.060)$ | $35.245(0.197)$ |
| sn00ca | $0.025(0.001)$ | $-0.166(0.053)$ | $0.017(0.015)$ | $35.181(0.159)$ |
| sn00ce | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.251(0.074)$ | $1.177(0.078)$ | $34.895(0.213)$ |
| sn00cf | $0.036(0.001)$ | $-0.005(0.079)$ | $0.086(0.055)$ | $36.316(0.145)$ |
| sn00cn | $0.023(0.001)$ | $0.724(0.084)$ | $0.071(0.060)$ | $35.056(0.170)$ |
| sn00dk | $0.016(0.001)$ | $0.511(0.066)$ | $0.017(0.015)$ | $34.333(0.207)$ |
| sn00fa | $0.022(0.001)$ | $-0.138(0.077)$ | $0.287(0.056)$ | $34.986(0.185)$ |
| sn01G | $0.017(0.001)$ | $-0.195(0.073)$ | $0.050(0.035)$ | $34.481(0.202)$ |
| sn01ab | $0.058(0.001)$ | $-0.248(0.109)$ | $0.042(0.033)$ | $37.185(0.167)$ |

sn01ah $\quad 0.058(0.001) \quad-0.248(0.109)$
sn01az $\quad 0.041(0.001) \quad-0.008(0.106) \quad 0.049(0.041) \quad 36.389(0.148)$
sn01ba $\quad 0.030(0.001) \quad-0.164(0.058) \quad 0.025(0.021) \quad 35.821(0.147)$ sn01bf $\quad 0.015(0.001) \quad-0.242(0.088) \quad 0.170(0.068) \quad 34.059(0.217)$ sn01bt $\quad 0.014(0.001) \quad 0.041(0.069) \quad 0.426(0.063) \quad 34.025(0.228)$ sn01cn $\quad 0.015(0.001) \quad-0.016(0.068) \quad 0.309(0.059) \quad 34.126(0.218)$ sn01cp $\quad 0.022(0.001) \quad-0.033(0.171) \quad 0.054(0.047) \quad 34.998(0.242)$ sn01cz $\quad 0.016(0.001) \quad-0.124(0.061) \quad 0.200(0.070) \quad 34.260(0.209)$ sn01da $0.016(0.001) \quad-0.065(0.092) \quad 0.075(0.056) \quad 34.554(0.222)$ sn01eh $0.036(0.001) \quad-0.371(0.043) \quad 0.036(0.029) \quad 36.266(0.130)$ sn01en $0.015(0.001) \quad 0.043(0.083) \quad 0.085(0.048) \quad 34.237(0.223)$ sn01ep $\quad 0.013(0.001) \quad 0.046(0.081) \quad 0.259(0.054) \quad 33.892(0.245)$ sn01fe $\quad 0.014(0.001) \quad-0.169(0.067) \quad 0.099(0.049) \quad 34.102(0.230)$ sn01fh $0.011(0.001) \quad 0.632(0.124) \quad 0.077(0.062) \quad 33.778(0.277)$ $\mathrm{sn} 01 \mathrm{gb} \quad 0.027(0.001) \quad-0.261(0.128) \quad 1.232(0.163) \quad 35.544(0.229)$ sn01ic $\quad 0.043(0.001) \quad 0.292(0.212) \quad 0.180(0.125) \quad 36.438(0.214)$ sn01ie $\quad 0.031(0.001) \quad-0.020(0.117) \quad 0.150(0.083) \quad 35.781(0.184)$ sn01n $\quad 0.022(0.001) \quad-0.054(0.122) \quad 0.487(0.112) \quad 35.102(0.201)$ sn01v $\quad 0.016(0.001) \quad-0.330(0.043) \quad 0.171(0.041) \quad 34.047(0.202)$ sn02bf $\quad 0.025(0.001) \quad-0.242(0.082) \quad 0.268(0.086) \quad 35.458(0.180)$ sn02bz $0.038(0.001) \quad 0.139(0.141) \quad 0.047(0.038) \quad 36.251(0.180)$ sn02ck $\quad 0.030(0.001) \quad-0.117(0.088) \quad 0.058(0.049) \quad 35.754(0.167)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{cr} \quad 0.010(0.001) \quad 0.009(0.083) \quad 0.122(0.063) \quad 33.458(0.290)$ sn02de $0.028(0.001) \quad-0.224(0.143) \quad 0.382(0.084) \quad 35.706(0.161)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{dj} \quad 0.010(0.001) \quad-0.200(0.120) \quad 0.342(0.078) \quad 33.103(0.291)$ sn02do $0.015(0.001) \quad 0.760(0.150) \quad 0.034(0.034) \quad 34.340(0.229)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{dp} \quad 0.011(0.001) \quad 0.023(0.135) \quad 0.268(0.090) \quad 33.565(0.287)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{fb} \quad 0.015(0.001) \quad 1.368(0.089) \quad 0.238(0.084) \quad 34.368(0.220)$ $\mathrm{sn} 02 \mathrm{~g} \quad 0.035(0.001) \quad 0.565(0.337) \quad 0.409(0.159) \quad 35.676(0.349)$

Table 4 (Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn02ha | 0.013(0.001) | 0.127(0.079) | 0.042(0.032) | 34.013(0.238) |
| sn02hd | 0.036(0.001) | 0.137(0.132) | 0.145(0.081) | 35.797(0.167) |
| sn02he | 0.025(0.001) | 0.423(0.102) | 0.031(0.026) | 35.249(0.192) |
| sn02hu | 0.038(0.001) | -0.246(0.055) | 0.036(0.030) | 36.234(0.132) |
| sn02hw | 0.016(0.001) | 0.704(0.108) | 0.605(0.099) | $34.330(0.212)$ |
| sn02jy | 0.020(0.001) | $-0.221(0.078)$ | 0.103(0.056) | 35.188(0.181) |
| sn02kf | 0.019(0.001) | 0.135(0.070) | 0.030(0.025) | 34.977(0.188) |
| sn03D | 0.024(0.001) | $1.121(0.138)$ | 0.215(0.128) | 34.984(0.186) |
| sn03U | 0.028(0.001) | 0.428(0.080) | 0.044(0.033) | 35.462(0.164) |
| sn03W | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.071(0.059)$ | 0.330(0.050) | 34.867(0.175) |
| sn03ch | 0.030(0.001) | 0.063(0.101) | 0.039(0.031) | 35.984(0.158) |
| sn03cq | 0.034(0.001) | 0.012(0.114) | 0.411(0.144) | 36.017(0.201) |
| sn03fa | 0.039(0.001) | -0.356(0.045) | 0.030(0.022) | 36.353(0.128) |
| sn03hu | 0.075(0.001) | -0.311(0.097) | 0.225(0.117) | 37.642(0.165) |
| sn03ic | 0.054(0.001) | 0.171(0.134) | 0.046(0.045) | 36.776(0.158) |
| sn03it | 0.024(0.001) | 0.374(0.109) | 0.083(0.055) | 35.282(0.187) |
| sn03iv | 0.034(0.001) | 0.278(0.106) | 0.023(0.024) | 36.258(0.160) |
| sn04as | 0.032(0.001) | $-0.184(0.070)$ | 0.303(0.058) | $36.145(0.150)$ |
| sn04bg | 0.022(0.001) | $-0.138(0.070)$ | 0.067(0.052) | $35.096(0.181)$ |
| sn041 | 0.033(0.001) | 0.029(0.125) | 0.419(0.092) | 36.056(0.172) |
| sn05dv | 0.011(0.001) | $1.190(0.237)$ | 0.679(0.230) | 33.133(0.291) |
| sn05el | 0.015(0.001) | 0.210(0.060) | 0.012(0.013) | 34.242(0.220) |
| sn05eq | 0.028(0.001) | $-0.309(0.045)$ | 0.104(0.047) | $35.797(0.148)$ |
| sn05eu | 0.034(0.001) | $-0.319(0.056)$ | 0.052(0.038) | 36.118(0.147) |
| sn05hc | 0.045(0.001) | $-0.125(0.075)$ | 0.115(0.052) | $36.755(0.136)$ |
| sn05hf | 0.042(0.001) | 0.070(0.108) | 0.036(0.034) | 36.590 (0.162) |
| sn05hj | 0.057(0.001) | $-0.325(0.088)$ | 0.112(0.067) | 37.261(0.140) |
| sn05iq | 0.033(0.001) | 0.137(0.073) | 0.031(0.026) | 36.129(0.148) |
| sn05ir | 0.075(0.001) | $-0.395(0.091)$ | 0.093(0.058) | 38.036(0.135) |
| sn05kc | 0.014(0.001) | 0.036(0.082) | 0.624(0.074) | 34.084(0.235) |
| sn05ki | 0.021(0.001) | 0.285(0.066) | 0.018(0.015) | 34.803(0.181) |
| sn051s | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.254(0.062)$ | 0.750(0.064) | 34.694(0.186) |
| sn05lz | 0.040(0.001) | 0.217(0.103) | 0.173(0.068) | 36.557(0.155) |
| sn 05 mc | 0.026(0.001) | 0.935(0.071) | 0.077(0.051) | 35.429(0.159) |
| sn05ms | 0.026(0.001) | $-0.159(0.052)$ | 0.070(0.040) | 35.618(0.157) |
| sn05mz | 0.017(0.001) | 1.364(0.067) | 0.266(0.089) | 34.297(0.203) |
| sn05na | 0.027(0.001) | 0.021(0.065) | 0.052(0.037) | $35.359(0.161)$ |
| sn06ac | 0.024(0.001) | 0.161(0.079) | 0.104(0.047) | 35.255(0.172) |
| sn06ak | 0.039(0.001) | 0.191(0.122) | 0.044(0.038) | 36.282(0.186) |
| sn06al | 0.069(0.001) | 0.109(0.106) | 0.034(0.029) | 37.798(0.142) |
| sn06an | 0.065(0.001) | $-0.238(0.090)$ | 0.077(0.051) | 37.654(0.139) |
| sn06ar | 0.023(0.001) | 0.428(0.243) | 0.196(0.124) | 35.151(0.223) |
| sn06ax | 0.018(0.001) | $-0.162(0.048)$ | 0.038(0.029) | 34.593(0.188) |
| sn06az | 0.032(0.001) | 0.154(0.056) | 0.012(0.012) | 35.803(0.143) |
| sn06bd | 0.026(0.001) | $1.510(0.090)$ | 0.091(0.069) | 35.562(0.170) |
| sn06bq | 0.021(0.001) | 0.323(0.075) | 0.092(0.059) | 35.111(0.175) |
| sn06bt | 0.033(0.001) | $-0.325(0.052)$ | 0.428(0.053) | 35.993(0.143) |
| sn06bu | 0.084(0.001) | -0.333(0.107) | 0.047(0.040) | 37.958(0.137) |
| sn06bw | 0.031(0.001) | 0.514(0.137) | 0.133(0.113) | 35.663(0.178) |
| sn06bz | 0.028(0.001) | 1.502(0.082) | 0.182(0.115) | $35.380(0.161)$ |
| sn06cc | 0.033(0.001) | $-0.226(0.058)$ | 0.812(0.051) | 36.194(0.143) |
| sn06cf | 0.042(0.001) | $-0.080(0.108)$ | 0.055(0.049) | $36.478(0.148)$ |
| sn06cg | 0.029(0.001) | 0.651(0.170) | 0.142(0.098) | $35.109(0.185)$ |
| sn06cj | 0.068(0.001) | $-0.228(0.106)$ | 0.036(0.027) | $37.776(0.129)$ |
| sn06cp | 0.023(0.001) | -0.172(0.087) | 0.440(0.064) | 35.005(0.178) |
| sn06cq | 0.049(0.001) | $-0.263(0.113)$ | 0.136(0.073) | 37.011(0.160) |
| sn06cs | 0.024(0.001) | $1.525(0.104)$ | 0.245(0.190) | 35.237(0.183) |
| sn06ef | 0.017(0.001) | 0.077(0.094) | 0.055(0.043) | 34.770 (0.228) |
| sn06ej | 0.019(0.001) | 0.181(0.087) | 0.037(0.031) | 34.858(0.202) |
| sn06en | 0.031(0.001) | -0.053(0.081) | 0.177(0.085) | 35.934(0.174) |
| sn06et | 0.021(0.001) | $-0.233(0.078)$ | 0.328(0.074) | 35.065(0.192) |
| sn06gj | 0.028(0.001) | 0.582(0.159) | 0.482(0.126) | 35.672(0.168) |
| sn06gr | 0.034(0.001) | $-0.305(0.046)$ | 0.304(0.052) | $36.206(0.143)$ |
| sn06gt | 0.044(0.001) | 0.689(0.147) | 0.067(0.068) | 36.727(0.173) |
| sn06hc | 0.013(0.001) | $1.297(0.072)$ | 0.287(0.125) | 34.258(0.236) |
| sn06hb | 0.015(0.001) | 0.686(0.099) | 0.055(0.041) | 34.044(0.218) |

Table 4
(Continued)

| SN Ia | $z^{\text {b }}$ | $\Delta$ | $A_{V}$ | $\mu^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sn06ke | 0.017(0.001) | 1.479(0.117) | 1.006(0.203) | 34.983(0.223) |
| sn06kf | 0.021(0.001) | 0.628(0.097) | 0.024(0.024) | 34.961(0.195) |
| sn06le | 0.017(0.001) | -0.272(0.044) | 0.076(0.060) | 34.633(0.203) |
| sn06lf | 0.013(0.001) | 0.292(0.079) | 0.095(0.074) | $33.745(0.259)$ |
| sn06mo | 0.036(0.001) | 0.614(0.108) | 0.039(0.034) | $36.130(0.164)$ |
| sn06mp | 0.023(0.001) | $-0.121(0.058)$ | 0.166(0.068) | 35.258(0.181) |
| sn06n | 0.014(0.001) | 0.423(0.070) | 0.027(0.023) | 34.173(0.226) |
| sn06nz | 0.037(0.001) | $1.115(0.118)$ | 0.094(0.078) | 36.001(0.178) |
| sn06oa | 0.059(0.001) | $-0.252(0.100)$ | 0.186(0.067) | $37.260(0.135)$ |
| sn06ob | 0.058(0.001) | 0.541(0.078) | 0.021(0.021) | $37.105(0.139)$ |
| sn06on | 0.069(0.001) | -0.176(0.168) | 0.246(0.105) | 37.577(0.176) |
| sn06or | 0.022(0.001) | -0.003(0.133) | 0.964(0.139) | $35.590(0.255)$ |
| sn06os | 0.032(0.001) | $-0.125(0.103)$ | 0.858(0.101) | $35.773(0.179)$ |
| sn06qo | 0.030(0.001) | -0.182(0.055) | 0.453(0.063) | $35.696(0.156)$ |
| sn06s | 0.033(0.001) | -0.198(0.053) | 0.268(0.046) | $36.050(0.142)$ |
| sn06sr | 0.023(0.001) | 0.187(0.086) | 0.085(0.053) | $35.279(0.177)$ |
| sn06td | 0.015(0.001) | 0.390(0.138) | 0.171(0.079) | 34.464(0.244) |
| sn06te | 0.032(0.001) | $-0.073(0.069)$ | 0.037(0.031) | 35.992(0.155) |
| sn07ae | 0.064(0.001) | -0.234(0.078) | 0.085(0.063) | 37.270(0.148) |
| sn07ai | 0.032(0.001) | -0.347(0.069) | 0.331(0.130) | 35.990 (0.179) |
| sn07al | 0.013(0.001) | 1.363(0.099) | 0.229(0.143) | $34.337(0.245)$ |
| sn07ap | 0.016(0.001) | 0.353(0.093) | 0.013(0.013) | 34.495(0.227) |
| sn07ar | 0.053(0.001) | $1.296(0.124)$ | 0.090(0.067) | 36.477(0.183) |
| sn07au | 0.020(0.001) | 1.084(0.058) | 0.049(0.039) | 34.623(0.181) |
| sn07ba | 0.039(0.001) | $1.209(0.097)$ | 0.082(0.083) | 35.803(0.146) |
| sn07bc | 0.022(0.001) | 0.285(0.090) | 0.084(0.059) | 34.931(0.187) |
| sn07bd | 0.032(0.001) | 0.290(0.097) | 0.043(0.033) | $35.715(0.166)$ |
| sn07bz | 0.023(0.001) | -0.065(0.089) | 0.242(0.085) | 35.761(0.185) |
| sn07ca | 0.015(0.001) | -0.214(0.057) | 0.580(0.069) | 34.621(0.222) |
| sn07cg | 0.034(0.001) | -0.032(0.184) | 1.141(0.158) | 35.718(0.203) |
| sn07ci | 0.019(0.001) | 0.883(0.078) | 0.074(0.063) | 34.289(0.191) |
| sn07co | 0.027(0.001) | $-0.041(0.078)$ | 0.392(0.069) | 35.420 (0.158) |
| sn07cq | 0.025(0.001) | 0.052(0.071) | 0.109(0.059) | 35.084(0.174) |
| sn07f | 0.024(0.001) | $-0.140(0.051)$ | 0.047(0.038) | 35.355(0.162) |
| sn07n | 0.014(0.001) | 1.403(0.103) | 0.544(0.133) | 34.419(0.241) |
| sn07o | 0.036(0.001) | -0.005(0.080) | 0.052(0.039) | 36.115(0.155) |
| sn07qe | 0.023(0.001) | $-0.257(0.049)$ | 0.148(0.059) | 35.453(0.164) |
| sn07r | 0.031(0.001) | 0.189(0.086) | 0.027(0.026) | 35.877(0.162) |
| sn07s | 0.015(0.001) | -0.323(0.040) | 0.833(0.054) | 34.221(0.230) |
| sn08L | 0.019(0.001) | 0.293(0.180) | 0.036(0.033) | 34.392(0.258) |
| sn08af | 0.034(0.001) | 0.245(0.104) | 0.056(0.045) | 35.986(0.171) |
| sn08bf | 0.026(0.001) | -0.179(0.064) | 0.102(0.049) | $35.173(0.159)$ |

## Note.

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Distance moduli were calculated with $H_{o}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and $M_{V}=-19.504$.
Uncertainty of $\mu$ includes 0.078 mag "intrinsic," $\sigma_{v-p e c}\left(400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right.$ ), and $\sigma_{z}$. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ In the CMB frame.
(This table is also available in a machine-readable form in the online journal.)
be well constrained. SN with $z<0.01$, where peculiar velocity uncertainties become excessively large, are excluded from our cosmology fit for SALT2. These are the minimal cuts for SALT2. An additional uncertainty of 0.158 mag is required to give a $\chi_{v}^{2}$ of one for the nearby SN Ia in our SALT2 cosmology fit. This is added to all objects in the fit, both nearby and faraway.

A similar procedure to the SALT cosmology fitting is followed with the SALT2 output. The distance modulus is

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mu_{B}=m_{B}^{\max }-M+\alpha x_{1}-\beta c \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

and $\alpha, \beta$, and $M$ are marginalized over to find the best-fit cosmology. To calculate the distances to each SN Ia, we use
the one-dimensional marginalization values for the coefficients, $\alpha, \beta$, and $M$.

## 2.3. $\operatorname{MLCS} 2 k 2\left(R_{V}=3.1\right)$

MLCS2k2 consists of two main components: a model light curve parameterized by $\Delta$ and a physically inspired attempt at separating intrinsic color variation from host-galaxy dust extinction. The intrinsic light-curve shapes, color, and luminosity of the model are a function of the single parameter $\Delta$. Although MLCS2k2 fits for all of its parameters simultaneously, it is conceptually useful to think of MLCS2k2 in the following manner. In calculating distances, MLCS2k2 assumes that a SN Ia can be corrected to the absolute magnitude of the fiducial SN Ia by means of the linear and quadratic terms in $\Delta$. The best-fit $A_{V}$ is added and the distance modulus, $\mu$, is the remaining term needed to reach the ( $K$ - and Milky Way-reddening-corrected) apparent magnitude. Obtaining an accurate value of $A_{V}$ depends in part on using the correct value of $R_{V}$. If $R_{V}$ is too high then $A_{V}$ will be as well and the distance modulus will be too small and vice versa. 1991bg-like SN Ia are part of the MLCS2k2 training sample, making a significant contribution to the model colors. This, in turn, has an impact on the extinction that is measured. To run these objects through MLCS2k2 correctly, $K$-corrections with a 1991bg-like spectral model are used.

MLCS2k2 was trained on a large number of high-quality, nearby SN Ia light curves where the host-galaxy extinction can be accurately estimated from well sampled late-time $B$ and $V$ data and where the distance can be accurately estimated by only using Hubble flow objects. For nearby samples, the prior should be calculated from the sample itself or from a similar one. MLCS2k2 uses a one-sided exponential of scale length $\tau_{E(B-V)}=0.138 \mathrm{mag}$ as a prior on host reddening. We refer to this color-excess prior as the "default" prior and use this for our nearby MLCS2k2 prior. For faraway samples, the prior is difficult or impossible to calculate from the data itself, due to the lack of late-time photometry. In this case, a nearby or a theoretical prior can be modified to match the detection effects for a sample where high-extinction events are less and less likely to be found at higher and higher redshifts. For example, the ESSENCE team modifies the Galactic Line of Sight (glos) prior (Riess et al. 1998; Hatano et al. 1998; Commins 2004; Riess et al. 2005; Riello \& Patat 2005) into the redshift-dependent "glosz" to take into account the redshift-dependent detection probabilities of their survey (WV07).

We run the SN Ia through MLCS2k2. We use the 1991bgappropriate $K$-corrections for 28 objects that were identified as having 1991bg-like spectral properties: SN 1986G, 1991bg, 1992K, 1992bo, 1993H, 1997cn, 1998bp, 1998de, 1999by, $1999 \mathrm{da}, 1999 \mathrm{gh}, 2002 \mathrm{fb}, 2003 \mathrm{D}, 2005 \mathrm{ke}, 2005 \mathrm{mz}, 2006 \mathrm{H}$, 2006bd, 2006bz, 2006cs, 2006em, 2006gt, 2006hb, 2006je, 2006ke, 2007N, 2007al, 2007ax, and 2007ba. For the nearby sample we use the default host-galaxy reddening prior, assuming that the CfA3 sample is close enough to the sample from which the prior was derived. We use the glosz prior for the ESSENCE sample and the modified glosz prior for the SNLS light curves, both as described in WV07. For the Higher-z SN, we also use a modified glosz prior as described in Riess et al. (2005). We restrict our nearby sample to $z \geqslant 0.01$. Adding an "intrinsic" uncertainty of 0.078 mag produces a $\chi_{v}^{2}$ of one in the cosmological fit for the nearby sample and this is applied to the high redshift SN as well. Only those SNe whose MLCS31 fits have a $\chi_{v}^{2}$ of 1.5 or less are included. Additional criteria for inclusion
are $A_{V} \leqslant 1.5$ and $t_{1 s t} \leqslant 10 \mathrm{~d}$. These are the minimal cuts for MLCS31.

$$
\text { 2.4. } M L C S 2 k 2\left(R_{V}=1.7\right)
$$

Previous studies that used stretch or SALT have found the color parameter $\beta$ to be around 2 , significantly lower than the value of 4.1 , expected if $c$ were only measuring the host-galaxy dust and this dust obeys $R_{V}=3.1$, the reddening law seen in the Milky Way (e.g., Astier et al. 2006; Conley et al. 2007). However, it is unlikely that $c$ is only the color excess due to dust. Therefore, it is not surprising that typical values of $\beta$ are different than 4.1, rather that they are so much less. With this in mind, we use MLCS2k2 to find the value of $R_{V}$ that minimizes the scatter in the Hubble residuals for the nearby CfA3 sample. We run MLCS2k2 with no prior on the color excess $E(B-V)$, allowing for negative values as well. We calculate the Hubble residuals versus $A_{V}$ for both $R_{V}=3.1$ and 2.1. With $R_{V}=3.1$ and no prior there is a significant slope while for $R_{V}=2.1$ it is less severe. We subtract off the $A_{V}$ calculated for each object and fit for the effective $R_{V}$ that minimizes the scatter: $R_{V}=1.7$ is this value.

We fix $R_{V}$ to 1.7 and run MLCS2k2 on our compilation of SN Ia, using the same priors as in the case of $R_{V}=3.1$. We used a version of MLCS2k2 that has model UBVRI light curves that were calculated by training MLCS2k2 with $R_{V}=1.9$. We found it made little difference to the end results whether we used the version trained with $R_{V}=3.1$ or $R_{V}=1.9$ and so we did not bother to train with $R_{V}=1.7$, but we did use the $R_{V}=1.9$ version to be as consistent as possible.

We restrict our sample to $z \geqslant 0.01$. We use the 1991bgappropriate $K$-corrections for the same SN as we did with $R_{V}=3.1$. An intrinsic uncertainty of 0.083 mag is added to produce a $\chi_{\nu}^{2}$ of one in the nearby sample. Once again, we cut out objects with $A_{V} \geqslant 1.5$ and $t_{\text {sst }}>10 d$ days. The uncertainties in the model light curves trained with $R_{V}=1.9$ are slightly different than the $R_{V}=3.1$ case and so we choose to cut out SN with MLCS2k2 fits with $\chi_{v}^{2}$ greater than 1.6. This is the only difference in the minimal cuts between MLCS17 and MLCS31.

## 3. RESULTS AND SYSTEMATICS DUE TO FITTERS AND NEARBY SAMPLES

This section analyzes the output of the four light-curve fitters being employed for different subsamples, looking for systematic trends and errors in both fitters and SN Ia subsamples. The aim is to find areas where these fitters work best and provide suggestions for improvement. We also want to see how consistent the various nearby samples (from different groups and instruments) are with each other.

### 3.1. SALT—The Constitution Sample

We show the Hubble diagram and residuals with respect to an $\left(\Omega_{M}=0.27, \Omega_{\Lambda}=0\right)$ universe in Figure 1, with the Constitution sample best-fit cosmology overplotted. For comparison, a similar plot, but for MLCS17, is shown in Figure 2. One of the main differences is the high scatter at high redshift in the SALT Hubble residuals (also seen in SALT2) versus the lower scatter at high redshift in MLCS17 (and MLCS31). In Figure 3, we also plot the $\left(\Omega_{\Lambda}, \Omega_{M}\right)$ probability contours from the $\left(\Omega_{\Lambda}, \Omega_{M}, 1+w=0\right)$ fit for both the SN only fits and the $\mathrm{SN}+\mathrm{BAO}$ fits for the Union and Constitution sets. The SN -only contours become tighter along the $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ axis


Figure 1. Hubble diagram and residuals for the Constitution sample fit by SALT. The bottom panel shows the new CfA3 SN Ia in red and the Union sample in black. The residuals are with respect to a universe without dark energy, $\Omega_{M}$ $=0.27$ and $\Omega_{\Lambda}=0$. The best-fit cosmology is plotted in the residuals panels. The large scatter at high redshift is one of the main weaknesses of the conventional approach to calculating distance moduli from the SALT light-curve fits.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)


Figure 2. Hubble diagram and residuals for MLCS17. The new CfA3 points are shown in red and the OLD and High-z points are in black. MLCS17 (and MLCS31) has a smaller dispersion at high redshift than SALT (and SALT2). The nearby MLCS17 distances are larger than in SALT, making the High-z distances smaller relative to a matter-only universe and resulting in a greater value of $1+w$. This effect is seen in how the MLCS17 best-fit cosmology line is closer to the axis.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)


Figure 3. Contour plots of $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ vs. $\Omega_{M}$ for $1+w=0$ for SALT, with no assumptions about flatness. The concordance cosmology ( $\Omega_{\Lambda}=0.73$, $\Omega_{M}=0.27$ ) is shown as a dot. The top panel shows how adding the CfA3 sample considerably narrows the contours along the $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ axis. The bottom panel shows the combination of the SN contours with the BAO prior, with the flatuniverse straight line overplotted for reference.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
when the CfA3 sample is added. Adding the BAO prior gives $\Omega_{\Lambda}=0.718_{-0.056}^{+0.062}$ and $\Omega_{M}=0.281_{-0.016}^{+0.037}$.

Regarding $1+w$, as described in Section 2.1, the SALT fits on the Union sample, combined with the BAO prior, give $1+w=-0.011_{-0.080}^{+0.078}$, with 57 nearby and 250 High$z$ SN Ia used. When we only use the 90 CfA3 objects that pass the Union cuts with the 250 High-z SN Ia then we get $1+w=-0.002_{-0.075}^{+0.073}$. The CfA3 sample, after applying the Union cuts, is 1.58 times larger than the Union nearby sample. When we combine the 90 CfA3 SN Ia with the 57 OLD and 250 High-z Union SN Ia sample to form the Constitution sample we get $1+w=0.013_{-0.068}^{+0.066}$. This decreases the uncertainty in $1+w$ by a factor of 1.19 , when comparing with the Union-only value. This effect can be seen in the reduction in the width of the contours along the $w$-axis in Figure 4.

We now address the reduction in statistical uncertainty on $1+w$ due to adding new nearby SN Ia. We compare this with a $\sqrt{N}$ approximation of the expected reduction in statistical uncertainty. In comparing K08 with WV07, the statistical uncertainty on $1+w$ is reduced from 0.09 in WV07 to 0.079 (averaging the two error bars) in K 08 when the same $\mathrm{SN}+\mathrm{BAO}$ fits are compared. This reduces the 0.09 uncertainty by a factor of 1.14. K08 attribute half the improvement to their eight new SN. This would be a factor of 1.07 . K08 say that if, instead of having zero systematic or intrinsic uncertainty, their eight


Figure 4. Contour plots of $w$ vs. $\Omega_{M}$ in a flat universe. The concordance cosmology ( $w=-1, \Omega_{\Lambda}=0.73, \Omega_{M}=0.27$ ) is shown as a dot in each plot. The two plots on the left are for SALT while the two plots on the right are for MLCS17. The top row of plots show how adding the CfA3 sample considerably narrows the contours along the $w$-axis. The second row of plots show the combination of the SN contours with the BAO prior.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

SN Ia had an additional uncertainty of roughly 0.1 mag that the statistical uncertainties on $1+w$ would increase by roughly $10 \%$, going from 0.079 to 0.087 . This would only be a factor of 1.04 decrease over WV07. The Constitution sample statistical uncertainty on $1+w$ would then be smaller than K 08 by a factor of 1.3.
Linder (2006) shows that having no nearby SN Ia increases the uncertainty on constant $1+w$ by a factor of 2 (and that a low-systematic-uncertainty sample of 300 nearby objects is large enough to provide most of the possible nearby statistical leverage). In order to get a rough idea of how much the addition of the CfA3 sample should reduce the statistical uncertainty (without any thought for systematic uncertainties), it is reasonable to assume that the nearby and faraway samples each contribute half of the statistical leverage. Comparing the Constitution set to the Union set, a simplistic $\sqrt{N}$ analysis would give $\sqrt{147 / 57}=1.6$ for the nearby contribution and 1.0 for high-redshift sample since no new objects are added. Averaging the two gives 1.3. This is higher than the factor of 1.19 from the comparison of the main $\mathrm{SN}+\mathrm{BAO}$ value of K 08 but equivalent to the value that is obtained in the alternative K08 scenario of adding $\sim 0.1$ mag. This suggests that adding the CfA3 sample achieves much of the expected statistical improvement. However, we estimate a systematic uncertainty on $1+w$ of 0.11 in Section 4.3. This is roughly $65 \%$ higher than our statistical uncertainty of $\sim 0.067$ and suggests that the addition of the CfA3 sample has now clearly placed SN Ia cosmology in the realm where systematic uncertainties are the most dominant.
The standard deviation of the Hubble residuals is 0.186 mag for the Union (OLD) sample, 0.164 mag for the CfA3 sample,
and 0.173 mag for the Constitution (OLD+CfA3) sample. The difference in the weighted means of the Hubble residuals of the two nearby samples, OLD minus CfA3, is $-0.017 \pm 0.027$ mag, showing that the two samples agree within the expected uncertainty. On average, the SALT-based intrinsic luminosities are slightly brighter for the OLD sample than for the CfA3 sample. The cosmic microwave background redshift, distance moduli, and other useful information for the Constitution sample can be found in Table 1 and can be used by interested parties as an update to the Union compilation for fitting cosmological models.

### 3.2. Three Other Fitters

We summarize the number of objects that passed our minimal cuts in the other three fitters here. The minimal cuts leave samples that have well-fit light curves so that we can explore for any systematic trends in the Hubble residuals that would require further cuts. The minimal-cuts values of $1+w$ for the three samples (OLD, CfA3, and OLD+CfA3) and four fitters are listed in the second portion of Table 5. The results of the bestcuts samples, described in Section 3.11, are in the top portion and values of $1+w$ with other cuts are listed in the lower portions of the table. The first column shows $1+w$ for the OLD sample for each of the four fitters, with the mean and standard deviation of these values below. It should be noted that this standard deviation is of the values of $1+w$ from the different fitters, to show how well they agree, and should not be interpreted as a statistical uncertainty on $1+w$. The second column shows the CfA3 results while the third column contains the CfA3+OLD results. The fourth column shows the difference

Table 5
$\mathrm{SN}+\mathrm{BAO}$ Values of $1+w$ for Each Fitter

| Fitter | OLD | CfA3 | OLD+CfA3 | OLD-CfA3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Best cuts: $\Delta, A_{V}, c$ | $1+w$ | $1+w$ | $1+w$ | $\Delta(1+w)$ |
| SALT | $0.036_{-0.082}^{+0.080}$ | $-0.016_{-0.080}^{+0.078}$ | $0.026_{-0.071}^{+0.069}$ | +0.052 |
| SALT2 | $-0.075_{-0.097}^{+0.092}$ | $0.0711_{-0}^{+0.083}$ | $0.026_{-0.082}^{+0.078}$ | -0.147 |
| MLCS31 | $0.006_{-0.080}^{+0.077}$ | $0.099_{-0.067}^{+0.066}$ | $0.074_{-0.065}^{+0.062}$ | -0.093 |
| MLCS17 | $0.083_{-0.079}^{+0.076}$ | $0.134_{-0.067}^{+0.065}$ | $0.118_{-0.065}^{+0.063}$ | -0.051 |
| Mean | $0.012_{-0.085}^{+0.081}$ | $0.072_{-0.075}^{+0.073}$ | $0.061{ }_{-0.071}^{+0.068}$ | -0.068 |
| Stddev $1+w$ | 0.066 | 0.064 | 0.044 |  |
| Minimal cuts | $1+w$ | $1+w$ | $1+w$ | $\Delta(1+w)$ |
| SALT | $-0.011_{-0.080}^{+0.078}$ | $-0.002_{-0.075}^{+0.073}$ | $0.013_{-0.068}^{+0.066}$ | -0.010 |
| SALT2 | $-0.097_{-0.102}^{+0.098}$ | $0.054_{-0.082}^{+0.079}$ | $0.007_{-0.079}^{+0.075}$ | -0.151 |
| MLCS31 | $-0.072_{-0.085}^{+0.082}$ | $0.005_{-0.073}^{+0.071}$ | $-0.018_{-0.071}^{+0.068}$ | -0.077 |
| MLCS17 | $0.073_{-0.082}^{+0.079}$ | $0.108_{-0.069}^{+0.068}$ | $0.099_{-0.067}^{+0.066}$ | -0.036 |
| $A_{V}$ cuts |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | $-0.040_{-0.084}^{+0.081}$ | $0.065_{-0.071}^{+0.069}$ | $0.031_{-0.069}^{+0.067}$ | -0.105 |
| MLCS17 | $0.045_{-0.083}^{+0.080}$ | $0.085_{-0.070}^{+0.068}$ | $0.076_{-0.066}^{+0.066}$ | -0.040 |
| $\Delta<0.7$ |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | $-0.040_{-0.086}^{+0.083}$ | $0.038_{-0.073}^{+0.071}$ | $0.016_{-0.070}^{+0.068}$ | -0.078 |
| MLCS17 |  |  | $0.131_{-0.067}^{+0.066}$ |  |
| No-U |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | $-0.046_{-0.086}^{+0.083}$ | $0.039_{-0.074}^{+0.072}$ | $0.012_{-0.071}^{+0.069}$ | -0.085 |
| MLCS17 |  | $0.106_{-0.074}^{+0.072}$ |  |  |
| SALT2 | $-0.078_{-0.012}^{+0.012}$ | $0.055_{-0.090}^{+0.087}$ | $0.012_{-0.086}^{+0.083}$ | -0.134 |
| No-U; $A_{V}$ cut |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | $-0.033_{-0.086}^{+0.083}$ | $0.074_{-0.072}^{+0.071}$ | $0.040_{-0.070}^{+0.068}$ | -0.108 |
| MLCS17 |  | $0.097_{-0.076}^{+0.074}$ |  |  |
| No-U; $A_{V}, \Delta$ cuts |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | $0.013_{-0.088}^{+0.086}$ | $0.110_{-0.074}^{+0.073}$ | $0.081_{-0.071}^{+0.069}$ | -0.098 |
| MLCS17 |  | $0.148_{-0.075}^{+0.074}$ |  |  |

Notes. The last column is the difference in $1+w$ between the OLD and the CfA3 samples. Below the four rows are the mean and standard deviation of the values from the four fitters. The top section shows $1+w$ for the uncut samples (no cuts beyond the original cuts on $t_{1 s t}, \chi_{v}^{2}, z$, and $A_{V}$ ) and the second section shows $1+w$ after the "best" cuts ( $-0.1<c<0.2, A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$ ). Below are results from other cuts and fits as described in the text.
in $1+w$ between the OLD and the CfA3 results for each fitter.
With SALT2, 171 High-z, 65 OLD and 115 CfA3 SN Ia pass the minimal cuts. The CfA3 sample is 1.77 times larger than the OLD sample, after these cuts. In the MLCS31 case, 72 OLD, 129 CfA3, and 165 High-z SN Ia make it through the minimal cuts and the CfA3 sample is 1.79 times larger than the OLD sample. The higher number of nearby SN Ia, as compared to the SALT2 case, is due mostly to including the 1991bg-like SN. The MLCS31 OLD value compares well with the value of $1+w=-0.069_{-0.093}^{+0.091}$ from WV07 who use an older version of MLCS2k2 on the OLD, SNLS, and ESSENCE light curves (no Higher- $z$ data) and have more stringent cuts at $z=0.015$ and $t_{1 s t}=+4$ days. In the MLCS17 case, 70 OLD, 133 CfA3, and 169 High-z SN Ia survive the cuts. The CfA3 sample is 1.9 times larger than the OLD SN.

## 3.3. $\Delta$ and $A_{V}$ Versus Redshift

We show the distribution of the MLCS2k2 light-curve shape parameters, $\Delta$ and $A_{V}$, versus redshift in Figures 5 and 6. The CfA3 sample does extend the nearby sample with $A_{V}>0.5$ (and that pass the minimal cuts) out to $z=0.035$. Both highly reddened and low-luminosity (high- $\Delta$ ) SN Ia are found increasingly at lower redshifts, mostly due to the CfA3 limiting peak magnitude of $\sim 18.5 \mathrm{mag}$. The different SN Ia populations
being sampled at different redshifts make it important to ensure that the light-curve/distance fitters work well across the range chosen for cosmological calculations so as to not introduce a bias.

### 3.4. Four Fitter Comparison of Light-Curve Shape and Reddening

Next, we want to compare the fitters' output parameters to see that they are reasonably consistent with each other. Figure 7 compares the four fitters' light-curve shape parameters with each other. $\Delta$ (MLCS17) agrees very well with $\Delta$ (MLCS31), as expected, and $s$ and $x_{1}$, from SALT and SALT2, are linearly related with a few outliers. $s$ and $x_{1}$ are nonlinearly related to $\Delta$, the most noticeable feature being that the brightest SN Ia (negative $\Delta$ ) have a wide range of light-curve stretch, $s$ or $x_{1}$ (although still at the slow end). At face value, this means that the bright (negative- $\Delta$ ) SN Ia have a wider range of light-curve shape than the moderate decliners.
In Figure 8, the MLCS2k2 host-galaxy color excess, $E(B-V)$ $=A_{V} / R_{V}$, from MLCS17 and MLCS31, and the color parameter, $c$ (a combination of host reddening and intrinsic SN Ia redness), from SALT and SALT2 are compared. The upperleft panel shows mostly good agreement. The slope is slightly less than one, meaning that MLCS17 with $R_{V}=1.7$ has a slightly larger best-fit value for $E(B-V)$ than MLCS31 with


Figure 5. Distribution of $\Delta$ vs. $z$. Faint SN Ia (high $\Delta$ ) are not found at higher redshifts because of magnitude-limited searches. The CfA3 sample has an effective limiting magnitude of $\sim 18.5$ mag.
$R_{V}=3.1$. However, $A_{V}$ will usually be larger for $R_{V}=3.1$. The lower-right panel shows good agreement between $c$ in SALT and SALT2.

In the upper-right and lower-left panels, $c$ should correlate well with $E(B-V)$ in unreddened cases. This is evident in the roughly diagonal lower bound on the locus of points in these two panels and the roughly diagonal lower locus of points in general. The points that extend significantly above this lower locus are mainly SN Ia with higher intrinsic redness that is part of $c$ but not $E(B-V)$. Points that have $\Delta \geqslant 0.7$-intrinsically redder SN Ia-are shown in red.
Finally, in Figure 9, we plot the difference between the fitters' distance moduli versus redshift. In order to put them on the same scale, the value of $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{o}}$ was calculated for the four fitters' samples with the minimal cuts and a correction was added to make them all consistent with $H_{o}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and $M_{V}=-19.504 \mathrm{mag}$ for MLCS2k2, $M_{B}=-19.46 \mathrm{mag}$ for SALT and $M_{B}=-19.44$ for SALT2. The actual additive correction is sensitive to the exact subsample used. The upperleft panel shows significant disagreement below $z=0.04$, where the highly reddened MLCS31 points (shown in red) have significantly shorter distances. This is most likely due to $R_{V}=3.1$ being too high and is discussed further in Section 3.8. The low $-A_{V}$ points do show excellent agreement though. The slight average offset from zero of the slightly reddened points is mainly due to the whole MLCS31 sample being adjusted to be consistent with $H_{o}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$, as opposed to only the lowly reddened portion.
The lower-right panel shows excellent agreement between SALT and SALT2 while the upper-right and lower-left panels show good agreement across redshift, especially when the green


Figure 6. Distribution of $A_{V}$ vs. $z$. Limiting-magnitude search effects reduce the number of highly extinguished SN Ia found at higher redshifts among all of the samples except for the Higher-z, Hubble Space Telescope sample above $z \approx 1$, where some moderate-extinction objects are found.
points are ignored. These points are in a range $(0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2)$, where MLCS2k2 seems to produce distances that are too short (see H09 and Section 3.7). This will be discussed further below.

Overall, the four fitters produce light-curve shape and reddening/color parameters that agree well with each other. This is an important result because it shows that they are all similarly characterizing the SN Ia light curves but that determining the distance modulus is an area where different methods can introduce systematic offsets. It is thus a good sign that the distance moduli do not exhibit any trends versus redshift when the areas of low reliability are removed.

### 3.5. Twins

As another test of the light-curve and distance fitting, SN Ia in the same host galaxy-"twins"-should produce the same distances. This is also a test of the underlying photometry. One example where this has been discussed in the literature is NGC 1316, the host of SN 1980N and SN 1981D. Hamuy et al. (1991) found that the peak apparent magnitudes agree well but mention that 1981D has significant host contamination. This makes the photometry of 1981D less reliable. Krisciunas et al. (2000) found that MLCS optical light-curve fits of 1980N and 1981D give almost identical values of $\Delta$, implying similar absolute magnitudes, but due to the estimated host reddening the distance of 1981D is smaller by about 0.4 mag than that of 1980N. They find no evidence for host reddening from $V J H K$ analysis but do from the $B V$ data. Since the peak $V$ magnitudes agree well, they


Figure 7. Relatively good correlation between light-curve shape parameters. The two biggest outliers in each of the upper-right and lower-right panels are due to three objects with relatively poor SALT2 fits but good fits with other fitters.
conclude that the $B$-band photometry of SN 1981D may have a hidden systematic error. This could well come from the host contamination. A recent addition to this conflicted family-once twins, now triplets-is SN 2006dd (Monard 2006). Hopefully it will settle the score.

On a brighter note, SN 1999cp (Krisciunas et al. 2000) and SN 2002cr occurred in the same galaxy, NGC 5468. Optical photometry of SN 2002cr was obtained as part of the CfA3 sample. We fit both SN with all four fitters and the respective agreement in MLCS31, MLCS17, SALT, and SALT2 distance moduli, $\mu_{2002 c r}-\mu_{1999 c p}$, are: $0.006 \pm 0.138$, $0.017 \pm 0.137,0.027 \pm 0.195$, and $0.077 \pm 0.233 \mathrm{mag}$. The uncertainties include both the uncertainty from the light-curve/ distance fit and the additional "intrinsic" uncertainty for each fitter mentioned in Section 2.
It should be emphasized that the photometry was acquired and reduced by separate groups and instruments. The excellent agreement in MLCS17, MLCS31, and SALT, and the adequate agreement in SALT2 imply that the photometry from the two groups is accurate and the fitters are working well.

### 3.6. Comparing the Results from the Minimal-Cut Samples

Table 6 shows the standard deviation and the weighted mean of the Hubble residuals of each fitter for each SN Ia sample. We want to know if the two nearby samples are consistent internally and with each other. The similarity in the standard deviations across all four fitters and in the OLD, CfA3, and OLD+CfA3 samples suggests both. With all four fitters, the

OLD sample has a more negative mean of its Hubble residuals than the CfA3 sample by about 0.03 mag when all four fitters' values are averaged. This means that the OLD sample is being interpreted as intrinsically brighter than the CfA3 sample. Whether this is due to photometry errors or intrinsic differences in the SN Ia is hard to say. SALT and MLCS17 give differences in mean residuals between the two samples that are within the uncertainty while SALT2 and MLCS31 are slightly outside the quoted uncertainty. The reality of the situation is probably a combination of both photometric offsets and intrinsic SN Ia differences. We examine this further in Section 3.12 by calculating the mean residuals for the six or seven main sources of the nearby sample. We find a scatter of $\sim 0.03 \mathrm{mag}$ among these subsamples. We conclude that this level of offset between nearby samples is representative of the current state of nearby photometry and light-curve fitting. Since the difference in the mean residuals of the CfA3 and OLD samples, across all four fitters, is roughly at the $1 \sigma$ level it is not too worrisome. Whatever the reason for the difference in the mean residuals, it is consistent with the OLD sample implying larger $\Omega_{\Lambda}$ (with $1+w=0$ ) and lesser $1+w$ than the CfA3 sample. At high redshift, SALT and SALT2 have large standard deviations of their Hubble residuals (see Section 3.8 for one possible cause of this) while MLCS17 and MLCS31 have values that are roughly the same as at low redshift. Using the lower wavelength range of $2900 \AA$ should reduce the scatter of the SALT2 high-redshift objects but we do not explore that in this work.


Figure 8. Good correlation between MLCS17 and MLCS31 host-galaxy reddening: $E(B-V)_{\text {host }}=A_{V} / R_{V}$. Diagonal lines plotted in upper-left and lower-right panels to aid the eye. In SALT and SALT2, $c$ is a combination of intrinsic redness and host reddening. The red asterisks are intrinsically red objects with $\Delta \geqslant 0.7$. The lower, diagonal boundary in the SALT/2 vs. MLCS17 comparisons is the region where the SN Ia are intrinsically blue but suffer host reddening. There is good correlation between SALT/ 2 and MLCS17 for the objects that are intrinsically blue. The points above this lower edge are intrinsically redder and show that $c$ also measures intrinsic redness and cannot be directly compared with $E(B-V)$.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

We now turn to looking for trends in Hubble residuals versus light-curve fitter parameters. In Section 3.7, we focus on the light-curve-shape parameter and look at the effects on $1+w$ of removing $\Delta>0.7$. In Section 3.8, we focus on the color/extinction parameters and look at how only including $-0.1 \leqslant c \leqslant 0.2$ for SALT/2 and $A_{V}<0.5$ for MLCS31 and MLCS17 affect $1+w$. In the end, we adopt all of these as the "best" cuts and recalculate $1+w$ in Section 3.11.

### 3.7. Residuals Versus Light-Curve Shape

We use the definition of Hubble residual, $\mathrm{HR} \equiv \mu_{\mathrm{SN}}-\mu_{\mathrm{z}}$, so that a positive residual means that the SN-derived distance is greater than the redshift-derived distance with a given set of cosmological parameters. A positive residual can also be interpreted as the SN being fainter than expected for the reference cosmology, and vice versa for a negative residual. Figure 10 shows the Hubble residuals versus the light-curve shape parameters, $s$ and $x_{1}$, for SALT and SALT2, respectively. No significant trends exist in any of the subsamples but it should be noted that there are more broad-shaped SN Ia (large $s$ and $x_{1}$ ) at high redshift and that for SALT2 these have mostly positive residuals, meaning that they are being interpreted as intrinsically fainter than predicted by the best-fit cosmology. Some of the largest outliers in the high-redshift SALT and SALT2 samples
are due to a trend in residuals versus color parameter, $c$. Cuts on $c$ that will remove many of these outliers will be explored in Section 3.8.
Figure 11 displays the Hubble residuals for MLCS31 and MLCS17 versus $\Delta$. With both fitters, and in both the OLD and the CfA3 samples, there is a peculiar region between $\Delta=0.7$ and $\Delta=1.2$ where the residuals are mostly negative. At high redshift there are only two objects at the edge of this range (due to selection effects) but they also have negative residuals. This "dip" in the residuals is most likely due to a sharp change in the intrinsic absolute magnitude of 1991bg-like SN Ia compared to their neighboring non-1991bg-like SN Ia with slightly lower values of $\Delta$. H09 found that, at peak, the 1991bg-like SN Ia are about 0.5 to 1.0 mag fainter in $B$ and 0.3 to 0.5 mag fainter in $V$ than the non-1991bg-like SN Ia that are nearest to them in $\Delta$. In the nearby samples, the residuals beyond $\Delta=1.2$ are fairly well centered on zero, with a slight positive offset in the CfA3 sample. The inclusion of the 1991bg-like SN Ia in the MLCS2k2 training set gives rise to the positive coefficient for the quadratic term in $\Delta$. The MLCS2k2 model light curves are accurately calibrated for the range of $\Delta$ that the 1991bg-like SN Ia occupy but this comes at the expense of the model light curves being too faint in the region $0.7<\Delta<1.2$. This, in turn, produces negative residuals in this region. MLCS2k2 should be


Figure 9. Difference in distance moduli between fitters vs. redshift. The upper-left panel compares MLCS31 with MLCS17. The red squares in this panel have $A_{V}>0.5$ in MLCS31 and show a dramatic difference in distance from the MLCS17 values. The less reddened SN Ia agree well. There might be a slight offset in the remaining values since the value of $\mu$ depends on the Hubble constant which was determined from the full samples. SALT/2 vs. MLCS17 comparisons are good, especially when the problematic MLCS2k2 points with $0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2$ in green are ignored. SALT and SALT2 agree well.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
retrained by treating the 1991 bg-like objects (either identified spectroscopically or by making a cut above $\Delta \gtrsim 1.2$ ) separately. This will likely improve the performance of MLCS2k2, which already produces smaller scatter than SALT and SALT2 at high redshift.

Another check on this region of $\Delta$ is to compare the differences in the MLCS2k2 and SALT/2 distances versus $\Delta$. SALT and SALT2 were not trained using 1991bg-like SN. Figure 12 shows that the MLCS2k2 distances get smaller as compared to SALT $/ 2$ as $\Delta$ increases and there does seem to be an even steeper drop starting around $\Delta \approx 0.5$. There are no 1991 bg-like SN Ia in the MLCS17 versus SALT2 plot while in the MLCS17 versus SALT plot there are two SN Ia with $\Delta>1.2$ because K08 did not exclude 1991bg-like SN Ia and we kept all the K08 SN in our minimal cuts. In spite of the trend in differences in distances versus $\Delta$, it is reassuring that there is no trend versus redshift (see Figure 9). It can be expected that there would be some systematic differences in distances produced by different fitters but we believe that a retraining of MLCS2k2 and SALT2 with larger data sets, avoiding the 1991 bg -like SN Ia in MLCS2k2 and better treatment of the $U$ band in SALT2 will bring them into better agreement. Figure 12 also shows that the MLCS17 and MLCS31 distances agree well versus $\Delta$ when the reddened ones are ignored (upper-left panel) and the SALT and SALT2 distances agree well versus $x_{1}$ (lower-right panel).

To avoid the problems of the MLCS2k2 fits with $0.7<\Delta<$ 1.2 , and since the High- $z$ SN only extend out to $\Delta \approx 0.7$, we make a cut on $\Delta>0.7$ and rerun the MLCS31 and MLCS17 cosmology fits. By making this cut we are removing more
negative than positive residual objects and so we would expect an increase in $1+w$. For MLCS31, $1+w$ increases by about 0.03 to 0.035 for each of the OLD, CfA3, and OLD+CfA3 subsamples, and a similar effect is seen for MLCS17. The specific results are presented in Table 5. In Section 4.2, we will look for any trends in residuals and $\Delta$ versus host-galaxy morphology.

As SN Ia samples increase in size it may prove worthwhile to only include objects that are within the light-curve-parameter regions that are common to both high- and low-redshift samples. It is uncertain if our cut on $\Delta$ moves our results on $1+w$ closer to physical reality since we are removing a region of the parameter space that was used in the training. Ideally, the training of the light-curve/distance fitter would be performed over the same range of parameters that is used in the cosmological calculations. The cut at $\Delta=0.7$ will be one part of our best cuts. The other part will be to only include objects with $-0.1 \leqslant c \leqslant 0.2$ and $A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$, which we discuss next.

### 3.8. Residuals Versus $c$ and $A_{V}$; Discussion of $\beta$

Figure 13 shows the difference between distance moduli for the four fitters versus color parameter. The comparisons between MLCS17, SALT, and SALT2 all show no trend while it is very clear that the higher value of $R_{V}=3.1$ makes the MLCS31 distances increasingly smaller than the MLCS17 distances with higher host reddening.

In Figure 14, we plot the Hubble residuals versus $c$ for SALT and SALT2, with the minimal cuts (for SALT, these are the Union cuts from K08). Neither of the nearby samples show

Table 6
Mean of the Minimal-Cuts Hubble Residuals by Sample and Fitter

| Sample | $N$ | Mean | StdDev | Std.Dev $/ \sqrt{N}$ | WMEAN | $\sigma_{W M}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| MLCS31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OLD | 72 | -0.0385 | 0.209 | 0.0246 | -0.0233 | 0.0221 |
| CfA3 | 129 | -0.0099 | 0.215 | 0.0189 | 0.0150 | 0.0159 |
| OLD+CfA3 | 201 | -0.0202 | 0.213 | 0.0150 | 0.0019 | 0.0129 |
| High- $z$ | 165 | -0.0099 | 0.236 | 0.0183 | -0.0009 | 0.0166 |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.0286 |  | 0.0310 | -0.0383 | 0.0272 |
| MLCS17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OLD | 70 | -0.0132 | 0.200 | 0.0239 | -0.0121 | 0.0223 |
| CfA3 | 133 | 0.0028 | 0.207 | 0.0179 | 0.0062 | 0.0153 |
| OLD+CfA3 | 203 | -0.0027 | 0.204 | 0.0143 | 0.0004 | 0.0126 |
| High-z | 169 | 0.0058 | 0.224 | 0.0172 | 0.0063 | 0.0167 |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.0160 |  | 0.0299 | -0.0183 | 0.0270 |
| SALT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OLD | 57 | -0.0206 | 0.186 | 0.0246 | -0.0136 | 0.0192 |
| CfA3 | 00 | 0.0091 | 0.164 | 0.0172 | 0.0035 | 0.0185 |
| OLD+CfA3 | 147 | -0.0024 | 0.173 | 0.0142 | -0.0047 | 0.0133 |
| High- $z$ | 250 | 0.0150 | 0.394 | 0.0249 | -0.0069 | 0.0119 |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.0297 |  | 0.0301 | -0.0170 | 0.0267 |
| SALT2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OLD | 65 | -0.0306 | 0.204 | 0.0253 | -0.0347 | 0.0258 |
| CfA3 | 0.0236 | 0.183 | 0.0170 | 0.0210 | 0.0194 |  |
| OLD+CfA3 | 115 | 180 | 0.0040 | 0.192 | 0.0143 | 0.0009 |
| High-z | 171 | 0.0466 | 0.311 | 0.0238 | 0.0040 | 0.0155 |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.0542 |  | 0.0305 | -0.0558 | 0.0323 |

Notes. Mean and weighted mean of the Hubble residuals, relative to the best-fit cosmology, for each fitter and sample. $N$ is the number of SN Ia in each sample for each fitter. The standard deviation of the Hubble residuals and the uncertainties of the mean and the weighted mean are shown. The bottom row for each fitter contains the difference in the means and the weighted means of the OLD sample minus the CfA3 sample, and their uncertainties.


Figure 10. Hubble residuals relative to the best-fit cosmologies vs. $s$ and $x_{1}$ for SALT and SALT2, respectively.


Figure 11. Hubble residuals relative to the best-fit cosmologies vs. $\Delta$ for MLCS31 and MLCS17, respectively. There is a noticeable region of negative residuals between $0.7<\Delta<1.2$.


Figure 12. Comparison of distance moduli between the four fitters vs. light-curve shape parameter. MLCS17 and MLCS31 agree well when the highly reddened SN Ia (red squares) are ignored. SALT and SALT2 agree well. There is a systematic trend between MLCS2k2 and SALT/2, where fainter objects have relatively smaller distances, especially beyond $\Delta=0.7$.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
any significant trend but the high-redshift sample has highly positive residuals at the blue end with both SALT and SALT2 and several highly negative residuals at the reddest end with SALT. The High-z SALT sample shows a clear negative slope with increasing color. We explore the effects on $1+w$ by making a sensible cut on $c$.

Most of the OLD SALT SN Ia fall within the range $-0.1 \leqslant$ $c \leqslant 0.2$. Cutting all objects outside this range would remove most of the extreme outliers in the SALT High-z sample. We choose this as our cut on $c$ for SALT. The High-z SALT2 sample does not have the same problem at the red end but we make the same cut on $c$ to be consistent. Also, $c \approx 0.2$ corresponds well with this value. If a typical unreddened $s \approx 1$ SN Ia has $c \approx 0$ then this same SN with $c \approx 0.2$ would experience 0.2 mag of host reddening. If we assume that $R_{V} \approx 2.5$, a rough average of the two values in this paper, then $c \approx 0.2$ corresponds to $A_{V} \approx 0.5$ and these cuts on $c$ and $A_{V}$ are fairly consistent.

Without the cuts on $c$, SALT and SALT2 have respective values of $\beta$ of $2.59_{-0.08}^{+0.12}$ and $2.48_{-0.12}^{+0.10}$ for the OLD+CfA3 samples (including High-z) and $2.87_{-0.17}^{+0.17}$ and $2.69_{-0.21}^{+0.22}$ with the cuts on $c$. The corresponding values of $\alpha$ are $1.34_{-0.08}^{+0.08}$ and $1.26_{-0.09}^{+0.09}$ for SALT, before and after the cut on $c$, and $0.104_{-0.018}^{+0.018}$ and $0.109_{-0.021}^{+0.026}$ for SALT2. We also fit after only cutting out the objects bluer than $c=-0.1$ and find $\beta=2.55_{-0.10}^{+0.10}$ for SALT2 $\left(\alpha=0.106_{-0.019}^{+0.019}\right)$. This cut does not remove the redder ones.

It is only $0.14 \pm 0.24$ lower than the SALT2 case where the additional cut above $c=0.2$ is also made. This difference in $\beta$ of 0.14 is small but implies that the reddening law for dust is smaller for highly extinguished SN Ia. When $\beta$ is calculated in SALT for the minimal-cuts High- $z$ and nearby objects separately, they are virtually the same, consistent with the findings in K08. In SALT2 they differ by $0.14 \pm 0.22$, within the $1 \sigma$ uncertainty. This suggests that the single color correction of the nearby and faraway SN Ia is adequate. However, there is a large difference in SALT between $\alpha=1.13_{-0.08}^{+0.09}$ in the low-redshift sample and $\alpha=1.75_{-0.13}^{+0.15}$ in the high-redshift sample: $0.62 \pm 0.16$. In SALT2, $\alpha$ is $0.037_{-0.039}^{+0.029}$ larger in the high-redshift sample than in the nearby. Since the nearby and High- $z$ values of $\beta$ are consistent with each other, but the values of $\alpha$ are not (more in SALT than SALT2), it is interesting that the trend in High- $z$ residuals is seen versus color, $c$, and not stretch, $s$ (see Figures 14 and 10).

If there were no differences in intrinsic SN Ia color then $c$ would just be the host reddening and $\beta$ would be equivalent to $R_{B}=R_{V}+1$. Even though $\beta-1$ is not equivalent to $R_{V}$, it is interesting to see that the values of $\beta-1$ are about 1.55 without the cuts on $c$ and 1.78 with the cuts, both very close to the value of $R_{V}=1.7$ derived to minimize the dependence of the nearby Hubble residuals on $A_{V}$.

In Figure 15, we plot the Hubble residuals versus $A_{V}$ for MLCS31 and MLCS17. All three subsamples (CfA3, OLD and High-z) have mostly negative residuals beyond $A_{V}=0.5$ with


Figure 13. Comparison of distance moduli between the four fitters vs. host-galaxy reddening in three panels and SALT2 $c$ in the fourth. The upper-left panel shows that MLCS31 (with $R_{V}=3.1$ ) probably overestimates the extinction, $A_{V}$, for highly reddened objects while MLCS17 agrees well with SALT/2, especially when the green points $(0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2)$ are ignored. SALT and SALT2 agree well.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

MLCS31. The slope in residuals versus $A_{V}$ for MLCS31 is -0.34 both with or without the cut on $A_{V}$ while for MLCS17 it is +0.01 (nearly zero) with the cut at $A_{V}=0.5$ and +0.12 without it. Although a slightly higher value in $R_{V}$ would eliminate the trend in residuals versus $A_{V}, R_{V}=1.7$ succeeds in eliminating the trend in residuals versus $A_{V}$ when the cut at $A_{V}=0.5$ is made. $A_{V}=0.5$ is adopted as a cutoff value for our best cuts in Section 3.11 and so there is no point in searching for a higher value of $R_{V}$ that would eliminate the trend at greater $A_{V}$. The fact that, without the cut on $A_{V}$, MLCS17 has a slightly positive slope while it was practically zero for the low- $A_{V}$ objects implies that the high-extinction objects are interacting with dust with larger $R_{V}$ than the dust of the low-extinction objects. This is the opposite of what was seen in SALT2 and suggest that neither implication about the dust in the highly extinguished objects should be taken seriously.

If we assume that highly reddened SN Ia are intrinsically similar to their less reddened counterparts with similar $\Delta$ then this means that $A_{V}$ (with $R_{V}=3.1$ ) is overestimated, giving rise to smaller MLCS31 distance moduli than those from the best-fit cosmology. This seems more likely than assuming that the highly reddened SN Ia are intrinsically brighter and that the MLCS31 $A_{V}$ is accurate. In contrast, the MLCS17 Hubble residuals show little trend with respect to $A_{V}$, especially when cut at $A_{V}=0.5$.

Table 5 shows the values of $1+w$ after making the cuts on $c$ and $A_{V}$. SALT, SALT2, and MLCS31 all have greater values of
$1+w$ for the OLD+CfA3 samples while MLCS17 has a smaller value of $1+w$, bringing them into better agreement with each other. The standard deviation of $1+w$ from the four fitters drops from 0.051 to 0.025 for the OLD+CfA3 samples, from 0.051 to 0.046 for the CfA3 sample and from 0.075 to 0.059 for the OLD sample, and the average difference in $1+w$ between the OLD and the CfA 3 samples drops from -0.068 to -0.060 , suggesting an improvement in our calculation of $1+w$. While the four fitters agree better now for a given sample, and the mean value of $1+w$ from each sample agrees slightly better, the CfA3 and OLD samples do not improve in agreement for any single fitter.

Until the intrinsic color variation of SN Ia and the host dust properties are better understood, and distance fitters are better able to incorporate this information, it is safer to cut out the overly blue and red objects in SALT and SALT2 and the moderate- to high-extinction objects in MLCS2k2. The improved agreement in $1+w$ between the four fitters and the relative constancy in the uncertainties on $1+w$ suggest that the cuts are worth making. The cuts on $c$ and $A_{V}$ will be combined with the cut on $\Delta$ to form our best cuts.

### 3.9. No U band

Jha et al. (2006) present the first large body of nearby $U$-band light curves. H09, as part of the CfA3 sample, present an even larger body. Ellis et al. (2008) compile a large body of restframe UV spectra of SN Ia at $z \approx 0.5$ and Foley et al. (2008) do


Figure 14. Hubble residuals relative to the best-fit cosmologies vs. $c$ for SALT and SALT2, respectively. The nearby samples do not show any significant trends vs. $c$ but the High $-z$ sample does and we explore making a cut on $c$.
something similar. The $U$ band is the most poorly constrained optical band for SN Ia. It is also poorly fit by SALT2, where the model spectra in the rest-frame $U$ region are highly influenced by the high-z $U$-band photometric calibration, which might be discrepant from that at low-z. It is worth briefly examining the effects of excluding the rest-frame $U$ band from the light curve and cosmology fits. We refit the nearby SN Ia samples with MLCS31 and SALT2, excluding the $U$ photometry. Many of the high-redshift SN Ia have strong contributions from rest-frame $U$. To check if this matters we fit the cosmology for the no- $U$ nearby samples plus the ESSENCE sample, since ESSENCE is mostly composed of rest-frame $B$ and $V$ data. There is virtually no difference between the values of $1+w$ found using just the ESSENCE sample as the High-z sample and using the complete High-z sample (the uncertainty is larger though when using only ESSENCE as the High-z sample, due to fewer objects) so we choose to focus on the cosmology fits of the no- $U$ nearby samples combined with the complete High-z samples. All values of $1+w$ increase by about 0.03 for the three MLCS31 samples. The OLD SALT2 sample has its value of $1+w$ increase by about 0.02 , the CfA3 SALT2 $1+w$ is virtually unchanged and the OLD+CfA3 SALT2 $1+w$ increases by an insignificant 0.005. SALT2 was designed partially to use the rest-frame $U$-band data. The MLCS17 CfA3 value of $1+w$ is virtually unchanged as well. See the exact values in Table 5. The change in the MLCS31 values may be due to the importance that the $U$ band plays in determining the color excess (and subsequent extinction, $A_{V}$ ), especially for SN Ia in dusty host environments. Because of the negligible effect on MLCS17 and SALT2, and the 0.03 level effect on MLCS31 we do not explore this further


Figure 15. Hubble residuals relative to the best-fit cosmologies vs. $A_{V}$ for MLCS31 and MLCS17, respectively. The residuals are noticeably negative beyond $A_{V} \approx 0.5$ for $R_{V}=3.1$, suggesting that $A_{V}$ is being overestimated by MLCS31.
beyond combining the no- $U$ cuts with cuts on $A_{V}$ and $\Delta$ in Section 3.10.

### 3.10. Combining Multiple Cuts

We briefly explore making a cut at $A_{V}=0.5$ on the no- $U$ MLCS31 sample (see Table 5). The results are quite similar to the cut at $A_{V}=0.5$ on the MLCS31 sample (with $U$ ). This is consistent with the possibility that the $U$ band has a strong impact on the extinction estimate for the more highly reddened objects. If we remove these objects with the cut at $A_{V}=0.5$ then it is not so important whether the $U$ band is kept or not in the nearby samples. The MLCS17 CfA3 sample, which we expect to be not as sensitive to reddening effects, has its value of $1+w$ decrease by 0.009 , compared to the no- $U$ case.

We also cut out SN Ia with $\Delta \geqslant 0.7$ and $A_{V}>0.5$ for the no- $U$-band MLCS31 samples (see Table 5). Just as we saw an increase in $1+w$ by about 0.03 to 0.035 in making only a $\Delta>0.7$ cut on the MLCS31 sample, we also see a similar increase in $1+w$ compared to the no- $U$ plus $A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$ sample from the previous paragraph while the MLCS17 CfA3 sample increases by 0.05 relative to the value in the previous paragraph. This is to be expected since the $\Delta>0.7$ cut removes more negative than positive nearby residuals while leaving the High $-z$ sample virtually unchanged.

### 3.11. Best Cuts Adopted

Finally, for MLCS17 and MLCS31, we combine the cuts of the two areas of most obvious difficulties, namely, cutting above $A_{V}=0.5$ and above $\Delta=0.7$. We adopt these cuts (on top of the minimal cuts) as our best cuts for the two MLCS2k2 fitters.

Both of these cuts remove more negative-residual objects than positive and this causes $1+w$ to rise to $0.074_{-0.065}^{+0.064}$ for MLCS31 and $0.118_{-0.065}^{+0.063}$ for MLCS17, both with the OLD+CfA3 sample (see Table 5). The statistical uncertainties on $1+w$ are lower than for MLCS31 and MLCS17 with the minimal cuts, in spite of fewer objects.

For SALT and SALT2, the best cut is to include objects with $-0.1 \leqslant c \leqslant 0.2$. The OLD+CfA3 values of $1+w$ for SALT and SALT2 are $0.026_{-0.071}^{+0.069}$ and $0.026_{-0.082}^{+0.078}$, respectively, in excellent agreement with each other.

Amongst the four fitters, SALT and MLCS17 give the lowest differences in weighted-mean residuals and have the best agreement between the CfA3 and OLD values of $1+w$. With the best cuts, MLCS17 and MLCS31 have the smallest statistical uncertainties on $1+w$. SALT2 and MLCS31 produce the highest difference in weighted-mean residuals between the OLD and the CfA3 samples and they produce the greatest differences between these two samples' values for $1+w$.

In all three samples, the MLCS17 values of $\Omega_{\Lambda}(1+w=0)$ are the lowest and the MLCS17 values of $1+w$ are the largest. With its lower value of $R_{V}$, MLCS17 attributes less host extinction to each SN Ia. This produces a larger distance compared to MLCS31 for the more reddened nearby SN Ia, and from that, a larger value of $1+w$. Although there are some highly reddened SN Ia in the High- $z$ sample, most of them are below $z \approx 0.35$ and do not affect $1+w$ as much as if they were at $z \approx 0.5$. The High- $z$ sample is relatively unreddened in the redshift region that has the maximum influence on $1+w$.

It is also important to look at the standard deviations of $1+w$ for the four fitters in the OLD and the CfA3 samples (Table 5). They are roughly the same: 0.066 and 0.064 , respectively. The fitters were all trained on many objects from the OLD sample and none from the CfA3 sample, yet the CfA3 sample gives a similar standard deviation in $1+w$. This suggests that the CfA3 sample is internally consistent. Also, as seen in Table 6 and discussed in Section 3.6, the scatter in the residuals of the OLD and the CfA3 samples is similar.

Repeating the simplistic $\sqrt{N}$ analysis of Section 3.1, of attributing half the statistical leverage to the faraway sample and half to the nearby sample, we expect a decrease in the statistical uncertainty of $1+w$ to be roughly 1.3 in the four fitters. We find a decrease of roughly $1.2-1.3$. It is likely that we are beginning to run up against the effects of systematic differences in different light-curve samples and in different light-curve/distance fitting assumptions and methods.

The fact that our best cuts on MLCS31 and MLCS17 give values of $1+w$ about 0.05 and 0.09 higher than the SALT/2 values is somewhat troubling. In the case of MLCS2k2, although these seem like the correct regions to cut out, it may introduce a bias to the remaining SN , since it was trained on the larger range of values. We expect that if the CfA3 sample is added to the training sets, the 1991bg-like SN Ia are treated separately (in MLCS2k2), improved treatment of the $U$ band is achieved, and the correct reddening treatment is discovered and used, and that the retrained fitters (SALT/2 and MLCS2k2) will then produce values of $1+w$ that agree well with each other.

### 3.12. Mean Hubble Residuals of Six Different Nearby Samples

We have already looked at how the weighted mean of the Hubble residuals of the OLD and CfA3 nearby samples agrees in the four fitters. In MLCS17 and SALT we found better than $1 \sigma$ agreement while in MLCS31 and SALT2 it was slightly
larger than $1 \sigma$. We now want to compare the main sources of nearby data more closely to see if subsamples of the OLD and CfA3 samples are causing the slight discrepancy. We break up the OLD sample into the Calan-Tololo (CT; Hamuy et al. 1996), CfA1 (Riess et al. 1999), CfA2 (Jha et al. 2006), and Other subsamples (and K08 in the case of SALT where the eight SN Ia that K08 present are included in the Union and Constitution samples). We also break up CfA3 into CfA3(4Sh) and CfA3(Kep) for the two cameras (4Shooter and Keplercam, see H09 for details) that observed the vast majority of the CfA3 sample.

For SALT and SALT2, since there are no obvious trends in residuals versus stretch or color at low redshift (it was the trend versus color at high redshift that necessitated the cut on $c$ ), and we are only looking at nearby objects for this comparison, we use the minimal-cuts nearby sample. For MLCS17 and MLCS31, we look at both the minimal-cuts sample and the best-cuts $\left(A_{V}\right.$ and $\Delta$ ) sample.

For each subsample we calculate the weighted mean of the Hubble residuals and the uncertainty. In the best-cuts cases of MLCS17 and MLCS31, we are still using the residuals from the minimal-cuts cosmological fits and so we subtract off the weighted mean of the entire best-cuts sample and recalculate the difference between the OLD and the CfA3 mean residuals. The standard deviation of the subsamples' weighted means is calculated both with and without the most discrepant OLD subsample. We also remove the most discrepant OLD subsample and recalculate the modified OLD*-CfA3 differences. The CfA3(Kep) sample has the largest influence on the mean of the whole sample due to its size. The results are displayed in Table 7. We reiterate that the CfA3 sample played no role in training the light-curve fitters and so the good agreement between the two CfA3 subsamples and most of the others is a good sign that the training samples are representative of the nearby SN Ia population and working well for the most part.

In both MLCS17 and MLCS31, for both the minimal and the best cuts, the CfA1 sample is the most discrepant. In MLCS17, the other five subsamples all agree to better than $1 \sigma$. In MLCS31, the best cuts actually make the two CfA3 subsamples disagree more but this may be due to different distributions in $A_{V}$ where the slope in residuals versus $A_{V}$ of -0.34 is present.

SALT2 has the largest discrepancies between all the subsamples, with CT being the most discrepant from the mean of the whole sample. SALT has seven subsamples and Other is the most discrepant but it only has five objects.

Some of the differences between subsamples is likely due to systematic offsets in photometry but a good portion is also due to the selection effects that different cuts have on which objects remain. The agreement between OLD and CfA3 mean residuals improves with the best cuts for MLCS17 and stays about the same for MLCS31. When the most-discrepant subsample is removed from the OLD sample, the resulting OLD*-CfA3 differences are all at the $1 \sigma$ level or less. As a crude way of measuring the scatter in the subsamples in the different fitters, we ignore the most discrepant subsample and take the standard deviation (StdDev*) of the weighted means. MLCS17 has 0.02, MLCS31 and SALT have 0.03, and SALT2 has 0.06. If we take 0.03 mag as representative, then that is about how good any subsample's weighted mean of its Hubble residuals can be expected to agree with another's. Hopefully, the inclusion of several subsamples reduces the offsets from the true value of the individual subsamples.

Table 7
Weighted Mean of the Hubble Residuals of Survey Subsamples

| Sample | MLCS17 |  |  | MLCS31 |  | SALT |  | SALT2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minimal Cuts | N | WMEAN | N | WMEAN | N | WMEAN | N | WMEAN |
| CalanTololo | 21 | -0.022(0.039) | 22 | -0.034(0.038) | 17 | 0.043(0.036) | 20 | -0.077(0.044) |
| CfA1 | 13 | $-0.064(0.051)$ | 12 | $-0.115(0.056)$ | 11 | $-0.031(0.057)$ | 12 | -0.068(0.059) |
| CfA2 | 25 | 0.028(0.038) | 26 | $-0.003(0.038)$ | 16 | $-0.010(0.066)$ | 22 | 0.054(0.046) |
| CfA3(4Sh) | 45 | -0.008(0.028) | 43 | $-0.007(0.029)$ | 29 | $-0.038(0.033)$ | 40 | $-0.020(0.035)$ |
| CfA3(Kep) | 88 | 0.013(0.018) | 86 | 0.024(0.019) | 61 | 0.029(0.022) | 75 | 0.038(0.023) |
| Other | 11 | -0.015(0.061) | 11 | 0.032(0.056) | 5 | $-0.117(0.063)$ | 11 | -0.083(0.068) |
| K08 |  |  |  |  | 8 | $-0.015(0.030)$ |  |  |
| StdDev |  | 0.032 |  | 0.054 |  | 0.052 |  | 0.060 |
| StdDev* |  | 0.021 |  | 0.027 |  | 0.033 |  | 0.061 |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.018(0.027) |  | -0.038(0.027) |  | $-0.017(0.027)$ |  | -0.056(0.032) |
| OLD*-CfA3 |  |  |  |  |  | $-0.011(0.027)$ |  | $-0.036(0.038)$ |
| $A_{V}, \Delta$ Cuts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CalanTololo | 19 | 0.005(0.040) | 19 | $-0.017(0.042)$ |  |  |  |  |
| CfA1 | 10 | -0.054(0.057) | 7 | $-0.082(0.070)$ |  |  |  |  |
| CfA2 | 22 | 0.008(0.041) | 23 | $-0.037(0.040)$ |  |  |  |  |
| CfA3(4Sh) | 41 | -0.008(0.029) | 33 | $-0.033(0.032)$ |  |  |  |  |
| CfA3(Kep) | 73 | 0.010(0.020) | 65 | 0.034(0.021) |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 10 | -0.027(0.063) | 8 | $0.025(0.061)$ |  |  |  |  |
| StdDev |  | 0.025 |  | 0.043 |  |  |  |  |
| StdDev* |  | 0.015 |  | 0.033 |  |  |  |  |
| OLD-CfA3 |  | -0.013(0.029) |  | $-0.039(0.030)$ |  |  |  |  |
| OLD*-CfA3 |  | -0.003(0.031) |  | $-0.031(0.031)$ |  |  |  |  |

Notes. The nearby sample is broken up into subsamples. The top half is for the minimal cuts while $0.7<\Delta<1.2$ and $A_{V}>0.5$ are excluded from MLCS2k2 in the bottom half. The weighted mean of the residuals is presented for each subsample. The standard deviation of the weighted means is presented below. The difference between the weighted means of the residuals, OLD-CfA3, is presented. * means the most discrepant subsample is excluded from OLD.

As we have seen in this work, in comparing the OLD and the CfA3 samples, the difference in $1+w$ is about twice as large as the difference in the weighted mean of the residuals. Going forward, to not only measure static $1+w$ better but to measure for time variation as well, SN Ia photometry needs to be improved by lowering systematic errors in calibration and understanding passbands better. Improved signal-to-noise measurements will also be helpful. The light-curve and distance fitting needs to be more robust, including how it deals with host-galaxy reddening, so that the distances do not have systematic errors.

## 4. LOOKING FOR PHYSICAL SYSTEMATICS

### 4.1. Hubble Bubble

We address the issue of whether we live inside a Hubble bubble, possibly due to a local void, where space is expanding faster (or slower) within a given region than outside. Zehavi et al. (1998) find an apparent bubble. J07 confirm its existence, finding the inner expansion rate to be $6.5 \pm 1.8 \%$ higher than the outer rate at the partition redshift of $z \approx 0.025$. Conley et al. (2007) show that MLCS2k2, with $R_{V}=3.1$, and SALT, SALT2, and SiFTO, with $\beta=4.1$, all show evidence of a Hubble Bubble but that SALT, SALT2, and SiFTO do not produce significant bubbles when the best-fit value of $\beta \approx 2$ is used.

We follow the same approach as J07 and Zehavi et al. (1998), converting our SN Ia light-curve-fitter-derived distance modulus, $\mu_{L C}$, into a luminosity distance, $d_{L C}$ and multiplying by $H_{o}$ to get the light-curve-based expansion velocity. We also take the luminosity distance predicted by the best-fit cosmology, $d_{\text {cosm }}(z)$ and multiply by $H_{o}$ to get the best-fit-cosmology velocity. We subtract the two to get the host-galaxy peculiar
velocity, $u=H_{o} d_{\operatorname{cosm}}(z)-H_{o} d_{l c}$. The deviation from the Hubble law is equivalent to the fractional peculiar velocity and can be expressed as $\delta H / H=u /\left(H_{o} d_{l c}\right)$. This is displayed for the SALT results in the top panels of Figure 16. We partition the nearby samples in increments of $\Delta z=0.001$, starting at $z=0.015$ for MLCS31, MLCS17, and SALT2, and $z=0.018$ for SALT and ending at $z=0.06$ for all fitters for the OLD and OLD+CfA3 samples and at $z=0.05$ for the CfA3 sample. These ranges on the redshift partition ensure adequate numbers of SN Ia both above and below each partition. For each partition, we calculate the best-fit Hubble constants $H_{\text {inner }}$ and $H_{\text {outer }}$ and their uncertainties as in Zehavi et al. (1998). We calculate the void amplitude, $\delta_{H}=\left(H_{\text {inner }}-H_{\text {outer }}\right) / H_{\text {outer }}$, and its uncertainty. These are displayed in the middle panels of Figure 16. Finally, in the bottom panels, we show the void significance, $\delta_{H} / \sigma$.

For the minimal-cuts samples, we look for the largest absolute value of the void significance to identify the most likely redshift for a Hubble Bubble. Table 8 shows the results from the various fitters and samples. The minimal-cuts samples are used for all four fitters as well as the $A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$ samples for MLCS31 and MLCS17. We find a Hubble bubble at $z \sim 0.025$ in the OLD samples with both MLCS31 and SALT, with significances of 3.0 and 2.0 , respectively, while MLCS17 and SALT2 do not yield significant Hubble bubbles in the OLD sample. The SALT and MLCS17 CfA3 samples show negative Hubble Bubbles at $z \approx 0.035$ with absolute-value void significances greater than 3.0, and the SALT2 CfA3 sample shows one with a significance of 1.6. The MLCS31 CfA3 sample has its most significant void at $z=0.04$. The difference in void location between the CfA3 and OLD samples illustrates the sample-dependent nature of Hubble bubble calculations.


Figure 16. Hubble bubble for SALT. A negative but insignificant Hubble bubble is present in the OLD+CfA3 sample.

Table 8
Hubble Bubble Results

| Fitter | Bubble Sample | $z$ (partition) | $\delta_{H}$ | $\sigma$ | $\delta_{H} / \sigma$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MLCS31 | Old+CfA3 | 0.028 | 0.029 | 0.005 | 5.556 |
|  | Old | 0.025 | 0.036 | 0.012 | 2.933 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.040 | 0.033 | 0.009 | 3.660 |
| MLCS17 | Old+CfA3 | 0.034 | -0.020 | 0.007 | 2.752 |
|  | Old | 0.046 | -0.027 | 0.021 | 1.301 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.034 | -0.027 | 0.008 | 3.467 |
| SALT | Old+CfA3 | 0.035 | -0.014 | 0.010 | 1.306 |
|  | Old | 0.025 | 0.037 | 0.018 | 2.089 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.035 | -0.040 | 0.008 | 4.714 |
| SALT2 | Old+CfA3 | 0.045 | -0.019 | 0.016 | 1.201 |
|  | Old | 0.018 | 0.015 | 0.052 | 0.292 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.034 | -0.024 | 0.015 | 1.635 |
| $A_{V}<0.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| MLCS31 | Old+CfA3 | 0.029 | 0.015 | 0.011 | 1.289 |
|  | Old | 0.025 | 0.019 | 0.026 | 0.714 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.029 | 0.015 | 0.017 | 0.891 |
| MLCS17 | Old+CfA3 | 0.015 | -0.028 | 0.018 | 1.542 |
|  | Old | 0.026 | 0.027 | 0.017 | 1.539 |
|  | CfA3 | 0.034 | -0.021 | 0.011 | 1.960 |

Notes. The Hubble bubble calculations are listed for the four fitters and three SN Ia samples. The partition redshift, void amplitude, $\delta_{H}$, void amplitude uncertainty, $\sigma$, and void significance, $\delta_{H} / \sigma$, are presented. The MLCS2k2 Hubble bubble results with $A_{V}<0.5$ are at the bottom. The most robust results are from the OLD+CfA3 sample for SALT and SALT2 and for MLCS31 and MLCS17 with $A_{V}<0.5$, all with absolute-value void significances just greater than one. The low significance and the different partition redshifts of the most significant voids weakens the case for a Hubble bubble.


Figure 17. After a cut at $A_{V}=0.5$, the positive Hubble bubble for MLCS31 is now insignificant.

Adding the samples should amplify any real voids. However, we see the opposite. Each of the most significant voids in the OLD and CfA3 samples becomes weaker and, in some cases, replaced by a different most significant void redshift. The SALT and SALT2 voids have a significance on the order of 1. MLCS17 has a $2.75 \sigma$ void at $z=0.034$ with amplitude -0.020 while MLCS31 has a $5.56 \sigma$ void at $z=0.028$ with amplitude 0.029 .

By adding the CfA3 sample we have shown that the MLCS31 Hubble bubble is smaller and at a slightly different redshift than was seen in Jha and Zehavi. The negative bubble in the case of MLCS17 shows that the existence of a Hubble bubble in any data set may be influenced by the reddening law, $R_{V}$, used. Whereas in Conley they show that by using a larger $\beta$ they can find positive Hubble bubbles in SALT, SALT2, and SiFTO, we show that by using a smaller value of $R_{V}$ in MLCS2k2 the positive Hubble bubble is removed and even becomes negative.

As was discussed above, if the MLCS31 values of $A_{V}$ are indeed being overestimated then the light-curve-derived distance modulus will be underestimated. The distance modulus calculated from the redshift and the best-fit cosmology will be larger than the light-curve-derived one, giving rise to a positive peculiar velocity. This seems to be why MLCS31 is finding a Hubble bubble.

We return to the $A_{V}$ versus redshift plot for the three MLCS31 samples in Figure 6. It is interesting to note that the $A_{V}>0.5$ SN Ia are at $z<0.035$ for the CfA3 sample and at $z<0.025$ for the OLD sample, very close to the values at which the most significant Hubble bubbles are seen. We redo the MLCS31 and MLCS17 Hubble bubble calculations, removing all objects with


Figure 18. Top panels shows the SALT2 Hubble residuals vs. host-galaxy morphology and projected galactocentric distance. The middle panels plot SALT2 $c$ and the bottom panels plot stretch, $x_{1}$, vs. morphology and PGCD. The Hubble residuals are more negative on average in the E/S0 hosts than in the Scd/Sd/Irr hosts by roughly $2 \sigma$. The $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ SN Ia show the smallest dispersion, although we caution that this may be due to small numbers of objects. The CfA3 sample adds many slow decliners, of great importance in matching the High $-z$ sample as much as possible. Red empty circles are OLD and blue filled circles are CfA3.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
$A_{V}>0.5$. We show the results for MLCS31 in Figure 17. The most significant void amplitudes of the OLD+CfA3 samples are now just slightly greater than one, similar to those of SALT and SALT2. We conclude that any Hubble bubble with redshift partition in the range $0.015 \leqslant z \leqslant 0.060$ is likely to be less than $2 \%$ and could be positive or negative. Our analysis is consistent with no Hubble bubble. This has important implication for SN cosmology since nearby SN Ia down to $z \approx 0.01$ can be safely included. We make an estimate of the systematic uncertainty due to a potential Hubble bubble in Section 4.3.

### 4.2. Host Galaxy Morphology and Projected Galactocentric Distance

In Figures 18 and 19, we plot the Hubble residuals, color or host-reddening, and the light-curve shape parameter versus the host-galaxy morphology and projected galactocentric distance (PGCD) for SALT2 and MLCS17, using the best cuts for the Hubble residuals panels. The SALT2 plot is very similar to SALT and the MLCS17 plot is very similar to MLCS31 so we only show these two. It should be reiterated that our
samples are not complete, especially for the nearby samples where field galaxies tend to be searched less than clusters. We are only reporting the SN Ia that were discovered, have good light curves and have morphological typing. Morphological type is drawn from NASA/IPAC Extragalactic Database (NED). ${ }^{9}$ About $70 \%-75 \%$ of the nearby SN Ia host galaxies have morphological typing listed in NED. For the color/reddening and light-curve-shape plots we want to focus on the range of nearby SN Ia properties and not just those in the Hubble flow so we do not impose any cut on redshift. We are not trying to ensure high-precision distances in these non-residuals panels so we also relax the time of first observation to +20 days and allow for a slightly higher $\chi_{v}^{2}$ (roughly $30 \%$ higher than in the minimal cuts). These are still stringent enough to ensure that the light-curve parameters are useful. For example, J07 use +20 days as their cut on $t_{1 s t}$. We remind the reader that PGCD is a lower limit on the actual distance from the host center. Several interesting properties are seen.

[^2]

Figure 19. MLCS17 properties vs. morphology and PGCD. Red empty circles are OLD and blue filled circles are CfA3. The negative residual SN Ia stand out in the E hosts. The same qualitative pattern is seen in MLCS17 as in MLCS31. Low host reddening for E/S0 and Scd/Sd/Irr SN Ia is seen. Highly reddened SN Ia do not occur beyond $\sim 10 \mathrm{kpc}$. Objects with $0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2$ and $A_{V}>0.5$ have been removed from the Hubble residuals panels, so as to not influence possible trends. Two elliptical host SN Ia have $\Delta \approx-0.2$.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)

### 4.2.1. Light-Curve Shape

First, we focus on the light-curve shape plots in the lower panels of Figures 18 and 19.

There are several negative- $\Delta$ (broad light-curve shape) SN Ia in elliptical and S0 hosts. Due to the fact that stretch ( $s$ and $x_{1}$ ) and $\Delta$ are not linearly correlated, there is a difference in their respective distributions versus morphology. The largest stretch SN Ia are clearly found in the $\mathrm{Sb}-\mathrm{Sc}$ hosts and not in the $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ or $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ hosts while the distribution of $\Delta$ is much flatter across host morphology. Close examination does show a gentle maximum of negative- $\Delta$ in the $\mathrm{Sb}-\mathrm{Sc}$ galaxies but with negative- $\Delta$ objects in $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ and $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts as well. An example of this is the two most negative- $\Delta$ SN Ia in the E hosts: SN 2002dj and 2008bf. SN 2002dj has $\Delta=-0.20, s=0.93$ (but with a poorer SALT fit) and $x_{1}=-0.114$. SN 2008bf has $\Delta=-0.18, s=1.04$, and $x_{1}=0.17$, with the highest $s$ and $x_{1}$ for SN Ia within E hosts. Both of these are at the high end of the range of $s$ and $x_{1}$ within E hosts but they do not seem particularly high when compared to the highest values seen in the Sb hosts. Nonetheless, they do extend the range of light-curve shapes seen in E hosts.

Additionally, the CfA3 sample adds many slow decliners. This is very important since high-redshift searches are often
biased toward finding these broad and bright SN Ia. Many of these are found at high PGCD, something that was not seen often in previous nearby samples. There is an absence of very fast decliners ( $x_{1}<-3$; $\Delta>0.8$ ) in Sbc-Irr galaxies but the CfA3 sample does extend the range in these galaxy types to include faster decliners than typically seen in the OLD sample. As was seen in the OLD sample, most of the CfA3 high- $\Delta$ (low-luminosity) SN Ia are found closer to their host centers.

### 4.2.2. Reddening and Extinction

Looking at the plots of $A_{V}$ and $c$ in the middle panels of Figures 18 and 19 shows the striking feature that the estimated extinction or color is roughly as low in the Scd/Sd/Irr galaxies as it is in the $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ hosts while the higher extinction and colors are seen in the middle-type spirals. The MLCS17 plot shows this best but the trend is there with all four fitters. With a larger sample it is also interesting to see that most of the reddened SN Ia occur within $10-12 \mathrm{kpc}$ of the host center.

To get a three-dimensional perspective we plot PGCD versus morphology and color-code $A_{V}$ and $\Delta$ for MLCS17 in Figure 20. In the top panel, blue means low reddening and red means high reddening and we see that the SN Ia found in the Scd and $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts are lowly reddened (mostly blue and green points)


Figure 20. MLCS17 PGCD vs. host-galaxy morphology with dust extinction color coded in the top panel and $\Delta$ in the bottom panel. Top panel: blue ( $A_{V} \leqslant 0.25$ ), green $\left(0.25<A_{V} \leqslant 0.5\right)$, orange $\left(0.5<A_{V} \leqslant 1\right)$, red ( $A_{V}>1$ ). Bottom panel: blue ( $-0.4 \leqslant \Delta<-0.1$ ), green ( $-0.1 \leqslant \Delta<0.7$ ), orange $(0.7 \leqslant \Delta<1.2)$, red ( $\Delta \geqslant 1.2$ ). Light extinction in the inner regions of $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} /$ Irr hosts. High extinction is more prevalent in the $\mathrm{Sa} / \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Sc}$ hosts, extending to highest PGCD in Sb hosts. Extinction is low in E hosts with "green" extinction SN Ia in the lower range of PGCD.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
and only extend out to $\sim 18 \mathrm{kpc}$. This suggests that although Scd and Sd/Irr galaxies have a lot of gas that can form new stars they do not have a lot of dust that reddens SN Ia. As we move into the Sc and Sb spirals we see reddening start to occur near the galaxy centers and move outward, perhaps suggesting a change in the amount or type of dust in the inner regions. The projected distance at which SN Ia are found also increases. In the lower panel, blue means bright and red means faint and there does not seem to be much of a trend in the distribution of $\Delta$ along PGCD in the $\mathrm{Sb}-\operatorname{Irr}$ galaxies but it is very interesting to start to see faint, fast decliners (red) in the central regions of the Sa galaxies, where the star populations are older.

Then, as we move into the S 0 and E galaxies in the top panel of Figure 20, we again see a change in the SN Ia reddening. It is not completely gone, as evidenced by the green symbols! But it is once again at levels seen in the Scd/Sd/Irr spirals and irregulars. The distribution of $\Delta$ throughout the S 0 and E hosts in the lower panel seems fairly uniform. Especially of note are the fast decliners occurring at both small and large PGCD, in agreement with a relatively uniform and old stellar population throughout the $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ galaxies.

We have just narrated the change of both supernova and dust properties as we move from $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ to $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ galaxies and their presumed star populations. Scannapieco \& Bildsten (2005), Mannucci et al. (2006), and Sullivan et al. (2006) found two populations of SN Ia progenitors, one "prompt"
that follows the star-formation rate, and one "tardy" that follows the mass distribution. The fast-declining SN Ia occur in regions of older star populations while the slow-declining SN Ia predominantly occur in regions of intermediate star populations and star formation (Sa-Sc galaxies for SALT and $\mathrm{Sb}-\mathrm{Sc}$ for SALT2). This is slightly different than the mantra that the brightest, slowest SN Ia are found in the youngest galaxies. Bright SN Ia (negative $\Delta$ ) are certainly found in the $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts but the slowest decliners (largest stretch) are not. Meanwhile, the "normal" SN Ia occur throughout all morphologies and PGCD. Sullivan et al. (2006) show that at high redshift the high-stretch SN Ia are found in star-forming galaxies while low-stretch SN Ia are found more predominantly in passive hosts and a mix is found in weakly star-forming hosts. Gallagher et al. (2008) found a similar trend, where high star formation rate galaxies have a flat distribution of bright and normal SN Ia while moderate star-formation rate galaxies host a wide range of SN Ia and the very low star formation rate galaxies do not host the brightest SN Ia but do host faint SN Ia. There is a definite uptrend in stretch from $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ to Sb (Figure 18).

It is tempting to speculate that the prompt component is related to the normal decliners of the type found in the $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts while the tardy component is related to the fast decliners. Normal decliners in older hosts may be slightly different beasts from those in young hosts. Whether the slowest decliners can be assigned to either prompt or tardy, or split between the two is somehow unclear. Perhaps there is a third population that is neither prompt nor tardy and gives rise to the slowest decliners. Or, perhaps there is more of a continuum of progenitors.

### 4.2.3. Hubble Residuals and Three Morphology Bins

We now focus on the Hubble Residual plots in the upper panels of Figures 18 and 19. The SN Ia in the problematic regions of $A_{V}>0.5$ and $0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2$ have been excluded from these plots and the calculations that follow. We notice that the residuals of the SN Ia in ellipticals have more negative residuals with all four fitting methods while the SN Ia in Scd and $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts have more positive residuals. We divide the SN Ia in these plots into three groups: E-S0, S0a-Sc, and Scd/ $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$. We calculate the standard deviation and the weighted mean of the residuals in each subsample, for each fitter. The results are shown in Table 9. For each fitter's results, we find that SN Ia in E-S0 hosts have negative mean residuals beyond the $1 \sigma$ level and that the SN Ia in Scd/Sd/Irr hosts have positive mean residuals beyond the $1 \sigma$ level, except for the SALT Scd/ $\mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ subsample that is nearly at the $1 \sigma$ level. The negative residuals in the E-S0 hosts is somewhat similar to the $1 \sigma$ negative mean residual found by J 07 in E hosts. We find the average residual in the $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts is $0.091 \pm 0.057 \mathrm{mag}$ while in the $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ hosts it is $-0.054 \pm 0.041 \mathrm{mag}$, leading to the average residual in the $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts being $0.144 \pm 0.070$ mag larger than the average $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ residual, a $2 \sigma$ measurement. This is not an effect of host reddening since neither the E/S0 nor the $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts produce highly reddened SN Ia. It is not the effect of the negative MLCS2k2 residuals in the range $0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2$ since those were removed. We examine some of the light-curve fits of the most severe outliers for irregularities but find no good reason to remove them. The residuals in the intermediate group of S0a-Sc spirals are mostly consistent with zero mean residuals. The fact that each fitter finds the same trend is reassuring. These results suggest that SN Ia are different, after light-curve and color/reddening correction, in the $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$


Figure 21. MLCS17 Hubble residual vs. morphology and PGCD. Same color coding as Figure 20. Notice especially the bottom-left panel where the most-negative residual SN Ia in the E and S0 hosts are fast (orange), but not very fast, decliners. These objects ( $0.7 \leqslant \Delta<1.2$ ) have been included in this plot to show that they are found across most morphological types and all have negative residuals. These orange points are excluded for our mean Hubble residual calculations of the three binned morphologies (E-S0, S0a-Sc, and Scd-Irr) and there is still a $\sim 2 \sigma$ difference between the E-S0 and Scd-Irr mean Hubble residuals.
(A color version of this figure is available in the online journal.)
and $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ galaxies. It may be fruitful to train the various light-curve fitters separately on the three subsets of host-galaxy types.

In Figure 21, in the bottom-left panel, we plot the MLCS17 Hubble residuals versus morphology and color-code $\Delta$ so that the very faint SN Ia are red ( $\Delta>1.2$ ), faint ones are orange ( $0.7 \leqslant \Delta<1.2$ ), normal and moderately faint ones are green ( $-0.1 \leqslant \Delta<0.7$ ), and bright ones are blue ( $\Delta<-0.1$ ). The most negative residual SN Ia in the E and S0 hosts are faint (orange), but not very faint (red). We reiterate that the $A_{V}>0.5$ and $0.7 \leqslant \Delta \leqslant 1.2$ objects were not included in calculating the mean residuals and scatter in the three morphology bins but we show them in Figure 21 so that their distribution can be seen.

We also find that the $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ subsample has the lowest average scatter across the four fitters ( 0.100 mag ) while the E-S0 subsample scatter ( 0.182 mag ) is slightly larger than that of the S0a-Sc subsample ( 0.166 mag ; see Table 9). At face value this seems to disagree with the findings by Sullivan et al. (2003), where the three partitions of SN Ia we have used have $\sigma=0.16, \sigma=0.20$, and $\sigma=0.27 \mathrm{mag}$, respectively. However, they use the stretch method that attempts no color or reddening
correction and many of their objects are at high redshift. We find that two of the arguments that are used to promote the search for SN Ia in elliptical galaxies at high redshift would also apply to the Scd/Sd/Irr hosts: namely, that the extinction is low and the intrinsic dispersion is small. Granted, our study only looks at the low-redshift sample so we cannot say if the high-redshift SN Ia in Scd/Sd/Irr galaxies have this same low reddening and dispersion but it is worth keeping in mind in designing future SN Ia surveys. Our finding of high dispersion in the early type hosts, if not just an artifact of the four fitters we use, would weaken but not kill the argument for searching for high-redshift SN Ia in early type hosts. The reddening would still be low but the scatter in the Hubble residuals may not be as low as expected.

Finally, we divide the nearby sample into inner and outer subsamples at PGCD $=12 \mathrm{kpc}$, where the distribution of highly reddened objects ends. We find that the scatter is about 0.05 mag less in the outer subsample with three of the four fitters and about the same in the fourth. This may be informative to highredshift searches in that higher-dispersion and highly reddened SN Ia can be avoided by not including SN Ia within $\sim 10 \mathrm{kpc}$ of the host center.

Table 9
Standard Deviation and Weighted Means of Hubble Residuals by Host-Galaxy Morphology

| Fitter | Morph | $N$ | StdDev | WMEAN | RelativeWM | $\sigma_{W M}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SALT | E-S0 | 21 | 0.170 | -0.0641 | -0.0712 | 0.0366 |
|  | S0a-Sc | 63 | 0.173 | 0.0071 | 0.0 | 0.0224 |
|  | Scd/Sd/Irr | 9 | 0.064 | 0.0506 | 0.0435 | 0.0602 |
| SALT2 | E-S0 | 26 | 0.208 | -0.0686 | -0.0490 | 0.0411 |
|  | S0a-Sc | 72 | 0.163 | -0.0196 | 0.0 | 0.0242 |
|  | Scd/Sd/Irr | 14 | 0.108 | 0.0717 | 0.0913 | 0.0560 |
|  | E-S0 | 19 | 0.166 | -0.0187 | -0.0405 | 0.0432 |
|  | S0a-Sc | 59 | 0.172 | 0.0218 | 0.0 | 0.0234 |
|  | Scd/Sd/Irr | 9 | 0.118 | 0.1367 | 0.1149 | 0.0583 |
|  | E-S0 | 21 | 0.186 | -0.0521 | -0.0537 | 0.0416 |
|  | S0a-Sc | 64 | 0.155 | 0.0016 | 0.0 | 0.0221 |
|  | Scd/Sd/Irr | 10 | 0.109 | 0.1138 | 0.1122 | 0.0538 |
|  | E-S0 |  | 0.182 |  | -0.0536 | 0.0406 |
|  | S0a-Sc |  | 0.166 |  | 0.0 | 0.0230 |
|  | Scd/Sd/Irr |  | 0.100 |  | 0.0905 | 0.0571 |
|  | Scd-Irr-E-S0 |  |  |  | 0.1441 | 0.0701 |
| Diff. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Notes. For these results, SN Ia with $0.7<\Delta<1.2$ and $A_{V}>0.5$ have been excluded from MLCS31 and MLCS17. SN Ia with $-0.1<c<0.2$ from SALT/2 have been included. $N$ is the number in each bin. Relative WM is the weighted mean relative to the $\mathrm{S} 0 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{Sc}$ bin. The $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ bin has the smallest average standard deviation while the E-S0 bin has the largest. The mean of Hubble residuals of the $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts is greater by $2 \sigma$ than that of the E-S0 bin.

### 4.3. Systematics

WV07 present a thorough list of potential sources of systematic error on the measurement of $1+w$, leading to an estimate of $\Delta_{w}($ syst $)=0.13$. This is larger than what is presented by A 06 and K08: $\Delta_{w}($ syst $)=0.054$ and $\Delta_{w}($ syst $) \approx 0.085$, respectively for their SN+BAO fits. A06, WV07, and K08 do not explicitly explore the effects of different light-curve/distance fitters on $1+w$, although some of the things they explore are components of an individual fitter's systematic uncertainty. Since probably the largest component of systematic uncertainty is the reddening/color correction, the WV07 estimate implicitly includes much of the systematic uncertainty due to choice of light-curve/distance fitter. Because of this, and as our findings confirm, the WV07 estimate of systematic uncertainty is probably closer to reality than K08 and certainly closer than A06. The majority of the WV07 value comes from three sources: 0.08 from the host-galaxy extinction treatment, 0.06 from the uncertainty of the intrinsic color of SN Ia and 0.06 from a potential Hubble bubble. If all three of these are removed then the WV07 uncertainty would be $\Delta_{w}(s y s t)=0.057$, in line with the A06 value, where these effects are not considered.

The choice of which potential sources of systematic error to include and how much of an effect they may have is somewhat a subjective decision but it can be informed by looking at how different samples are affected by different fitters. One measure of the systematic effects is to look at the differences in $1+w$ between the different fitters and samples under the minimal cuts, and again, with best cuts. Our results show the WV07 value seems plausible. The largest difference in $1+w$ for the minimal-cuts OLD+CfA3 sample is 0.12 , between MLCS31 and MLCS17. The host-galaxy extinction and the Hubble bubble change significantly by using $R_{V}=1.7$ instead of $R_{V}=3.1$. The uncertainties in these individual effects in WV07 is in rough agreement with our difference in $1+w$ of 0.12 . The largest difference in $1+w$ for the best-cuts OLD+CfA 3 sample is 0.09 , between MLCS17 and SALT2. The choice of fitter (and the underlying assumptions) is very important. The choice of which SN Ia sample to use is also important. SALT2 and

MLCS31 show large differences in $1+w$ between the OLD and the CfA3 samples ( -0.15 and -0.13 , respectively) while SALT and MLCS17 do not.

By making cuts on $\Delta$, color and host extinction, a slightly better agreement in $1+w$ is achieved in the OLD+CfA 3 samples between MLCS17 and MLCS31 and between SALT and SALT2 but not between either of the SALT/2 cases and either of the MLCS17/31 cases. We note that the best agreement between all four fitters occurs when the color and host-extinction cuts are made without any cuts on $\Delta$. At lower values of host reddening, the influence of the particular MLCS2k2 prior and the value of $R_{V}$ are less important. Similarly, in SALT and SALT2, for the narrower range of color considered, the value of $\beta$ will be more accurate. The difference in $1+w$ between MLCS31 and MLCS17 with $A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$ is 0.05 , with the SALT and SALT2 values agreeing extremely well with MLCS31, and so we adjust the WV07 uncertainty on $1+w$ due to host-galaxy extinction from 0.08 to 0.05 . The choice of OLD or CfA3 as the nearby sample leads to an average difference in $1+w$ of $0.06-0.07$. By using both, the systematic on $1+w$ should be less and we adopt 0.03 as our value for choice of nearby sample. We also saw in Section 3.8 that making cuts on $A_{V}$ made our results even more consistent with no Hubble Bubble and so we reduce our Hubble bubble amplitude uncertainty from 0.02 to 0.01 , reducing the corresponding systematic uncertainty in $1+w$ from 0.06 to 0.03 . Making the cuts on $\Delta$ raises the values of $1+w$ by about 0.04 for both MLCS17 and MLCS31 and so we add this as another component of systematic uncertainty. These three changes result in a systematic uncertainty in $1+w$ of 0.11 for our best-cuts samples. This is roughly $1.4-1.7$ times the typical statistical uncertainty of the best-cuts values of $1+w$.

## 5. CONCLUSION

For people that have used the Union compilation from K08 to perform their own cosmology fits, we recommend that they use our Constitution set (Union+CfA3) in Table 1. The CfA3 sample adds 90 nearby objects to the 57 Union objects. The Constitution set of SN Ia (using the SALT output and
a linear luminosity dependence on color and stretch for the cosmology calculation), combined with the BAO prior, give $1+w=0.013_{-0.068}^{+0.066}$, consistent with a cosmological constant. We estimate a systematic uncertainty of 0.11 . Further progress will mostly come by reducing systematic errors and uncertainty. We also invite people to use our SALT2, MLCS31, and MLCS17 light-curve fits in Tables 2, 3, and 4. We recommend a cut on $c$, $\Delta$, and $A_{V}$ as we have employed in Section 3.11.

The four fitters are seen to be relatively consistent in the light-curve-shape and color parameters they measure but there are areas of concern. MLCS2k2 produces negative residuals in the range $0.7<\Delta<1.2$ and when $R_{V}=3.1$ is used the host extinction is overestimated. SALT and SALT2 give rise to different light-curve-shape/luminosity coefficients, $\alpha$, at high and low redshift. Both SALT and SALT2 have higher scatter at high redshift. SALT gives rise to a strong trend in residuals versus color at high redshift. SALT2 poorly fits the nearby $U$-band light curves. This shows that light-curve and distance fitters still have room for improvement and provide a considerable amount of systematic uncertainty to any analysis. However, by addressing these issues, future iterations of these fitters should be much more robust and agree better with each other.

We have shown by using multiple fitters on the OLD+CfA3 sample, combined with reasonable cuts on color and host reddening, that a consistent value of $1+w$ emerges. However, when we make the additional cut on $\Delta$ in MLCS2k2, which we believe is warranted, the MLCS17 and MLCS31 values of $1+w$ still agree equally well with each other but less well with the SALT and SALT2 values. We consider our best cuts to be $-0.1<c<0.2$ for SALT and SALT2, and $A_{V} \leqslant 0.5$ and $\Delta<0.7$ for MLCS31 and MLCS17.

Our investigation of the Hubble bubble is consistent with no Hubble bubble to about the $1 \%-2 \%$ level. We also find that SN Ia in E/S0 hosts have negative mean Hubble residuals and low reddening while SN Ia in $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts have positive mean Hubble residuals, low scatter, and low reddening. After correction for color and light-curve shape, the SN Ia in $\mathrm{Scd} / \mathrm{Sd} / \mathrm{Irr}$ hosts are fainter than those in $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{S} 0$ hosts by $2 \sigma$, suggesting that they may come from different populations. It may be worthwhile to form two or more separate samples, based on host-galaxy morphology or color, to train light-curve fitters.

Systematic uncertainties are now the largest obstacle for progress in supernova cosmology, both in better measuring constant $1+w$ and in measuring any time dependence. Three large potential sources of systematic error are SN Ia photometric accuracy, host-galaxy reddening, and SN Ia population differences or evolution. Regarding photometric accuracy, we have broken the nearby sample into subsamples based on the main groups or instruments involved and find that they agree with each other at about the 0.03 mag level. This is an issue which will be improved as the KAIT and Carnegie groups publish their photometry, a good portion of which overlaps with CfA2 and CfA3 photometry. This will allow comparisons and possibly corrections so that the various nearby samples can be combined more consistently. Regarding reddening, the forthcoming sets of near-infrared SN Ia light curves from the CfA and Carnegie groups, combined with optical measurements, should improve our understanding of host-galaxy dust and the intrinsic color variation in SN Ia. As for SN Ia population difference and evolution, continued investigation of the possible two or more SN Ia populations should help reduce the systematic uncertainty that
may arise. We encourage further efforts in SN Ia data gathering, distance estimation methods, and theoretical understanding so that the mystery of the dark energy may be more fully illuminated.

This work has been supported, in part, by NSF grant AST0606772 to Harvard University. A.R. thanks the Goldberg Fellowship Program for its support.

## REFERENCES

Albrect, A., et al. 2006, Report of the Dark Energy Task Force, arXiv: astro-ph/0609591
Albrect, A., et al. 2009, Findings of the Joint Dark Energy Mission Figure of Merit Science Working Group, arXiv:astro-ph/0901.0721
Astier, P., et al. 2006, A\&A, 447, 31
Barris, B., et al. 2004, ApJ, 602, 571
Blondin, S., et al. 2006, AJ, 131, 1648
Commins, E. D. 2004, New Astron. Rev., 48, 567
Conley, A., et al. 2006, ApJ, 644, 1
Conley, A., et al. 2007, ApJ, 664, L13
Conley, A., et al. 2008, ApJ, 681, 482
Davis, T. M., et al. 2007, ApJ, 666, 716
Eisenstein, D. J., et al. 2005, ApJ, 633, 560
Ellis, R. S., et al. 2008, ApJ, 674, 51
Foley, R. J., et al. 2005, ApJ, 626, L11
Foley, R. J., et al. 2008, ApJ, 684, 68
Gallagher, J. S., et al. 2008, ApJ, 685, 752
Garnavich, P. M., et al. 1998, ApJ, 509, 74
Goldhaber, G., et al. 2001, ApJ, 558, 359
Guy, J., et al. 2005, A\&A, 443, 781
Guy, J., et al. 2007, A\&A, 466, 11
Hamuy, M., et al. 1991, AJ, 102, 208
Hamuy, M., et al. 1996, AJ, 112, 2391
Hatano, K., Branch, D., \& Deaton, J. J. 1998, ApJ, 502, 177
Hicken, M., et al. 2009, ApJS, in press
Hook, I. M., et al. 2005, AJ, 130, 2788
Howell, D. A., et al. 2005, ApJ, 634, 1190
Howell, D. A., et al. 2007, ApJ, 667, L37
Hsiao, E. Y., et al. 2007, ApJ, 663, 1187
Jha, S., Riess, A. G., \& Kirshner, R. P. 2007, ApJ, 659, 122
Jha, S., et al. 1999, ApJS, 125, 73
Jha, S., et al. 2006, AJ, 131, 527
Kowalski, M., et al. 2008, ApJ, 686, 749
Krisciunas, K, et al. 2000, ApJ, 539, 658
Knop, A., et al. 2003, ApJ, 598, 102
Linder, E. V. 2006, Phys. Rev. D, 70, 123516
Mandel, K., et al. 2009, ApJ, submitted
Mannucci, F., Della Valle, M., \& Panagia, N. 2006, MNRAS, 370, 773
Matheson, T., et al. 2005, AJ, 129, 2352
Matheson, T., et al. 2008, AJ, 135, 1598
Miknaitis, G., et al. 2007, ApJ, 666, 674
Monard, L. A. G. 2006, IAU Circ., 8731 (http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iauc/ 08700/08731.html)
Perlmutter, S., et al. 1997, ApJ, 483, 565
Perlmutter, S., et al. 1999, ApJ, 517, 565
Phillips, M. M. 1993, ApJ, 413, L105
Phillips, M. M., et al. 1999, AJ, 118, 1766
Prieto, J. L., Rest, A., \& Suntzeff, N. B. 2006, ApJ, 647, 501
Riello, M., \& Patat, F. 2005, MNRAS, 362, 671
Riess, A. G., Press, W. H., \& Kirshner, R.P. 1996, AJ, 116, 1009
Riess, A. G., et al. 1998, AJ, 116, 1009
Riess, A. G., et al. 1999, AJ, 11, 707
Riess, A. G., et al. 2005, ApJ, 627, 579
Riess, A. G., et al. 2007, ApJ, 659, 98
Scannapieco, E., \& Bildsten, L. 2005, ApJ, 629, L85
Sullivan, M., et al. 2003, MNRAS, 340, 1057
Sullivan, M., et al. 2006, ApJ, 648, 868
Tonry, J. L., et al. 2003, ApJ, 594, 1
Wang, L., et al. 2003, ApJ, 590, 944
Wood-Vasey, M., et al. 2007, ApJ, 666, 694
Wood-Vasey, W. M., et al. 2008, ApJ, 689, 377
Zehavi, I., et al. 1998, ApJ, 503, 483


[^0]:    Notes. Constitution Set.
    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ The uncertainty of $m_{B}$ is a modified value for the Union set SN Ia, calculated by subtracting the color and stretch uncertainties from $\sigma_{\mu}$ of K08 so as to include the sample-dependent systematic uncertainty of K08. For the CfA3 sample, 0.138 mag is added in quadrature to the actual uncertainty of $m_{B}$.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Distance moduli were calculated with $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{o}}=65 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}, M_{B}=-19.46, \alpha=1.34_{-0.08}^{+0.08}$ and $\beta=2.59_{-0.08}^{+0.12}$. Uncertainty of $\mu$ includes uncertainties of $m_{B}, s, c, \sigma_{v-p e c}\left(400 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right)$, and $\sigma_{z}$.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ In the CMB frame.
    (This table is also available in a machine-readable form in the online journal.)

[^1]:    8 http://qold.astro.utoronto.ca/conley/simple_cosfitter/

[^2]:    9 http://nedwww.ipac.caltech.edu/

