

Improved Differential Fault Analysis on CLEFIA

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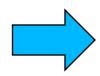


Outline

- Background
- Previous Study
 - Structure of CLEFIA
 - General DFA Method
 - Chen's Attack
- Proposed Attack
 - Attack Method
 - Simulation Results
- Conclusions



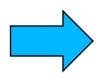
- CLEFIA 128-bit block cipher developed by SONY Corporation in 2007.
 - Small implementation size and high speed utilizing characteristic structure
- Differential fault analysis (DFA) on CLEFIA was first proposed by Chen et al. in 2007.
 - Simply applied attack against DES to CLEFIA
 - 18 pairs needed to obtain 128-bit key



Can we develop more efficient attack using characteristic of CLEFIA structure?

Background

- CLEFIA 128-bit block cipher developed by SONY Corporation in 2007.
 - Small implementation size and high speed utilizing characteristic structure
- Differential fault analysis (DFA) on CLEFIA was first proposed by Chen et al. in 2007.
 - Simply applied attack against DES to CLEFIA
 - 18 pairs needed to obtain 128-bit key



Yes, we can!!



Result

Comparison of attack efficiency for 128-bit key

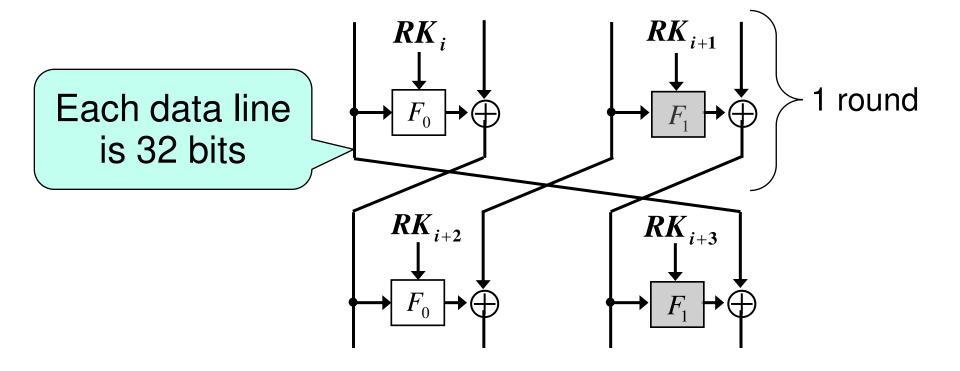
	No. of pairs of correct & faulty ciphertexts	No. of fault injection points	Calculation time on Xeon 3GHz PC
Proposed attack	2	2	average 3 min
Chen's attack (in 2007)	18	6	< 1 sec



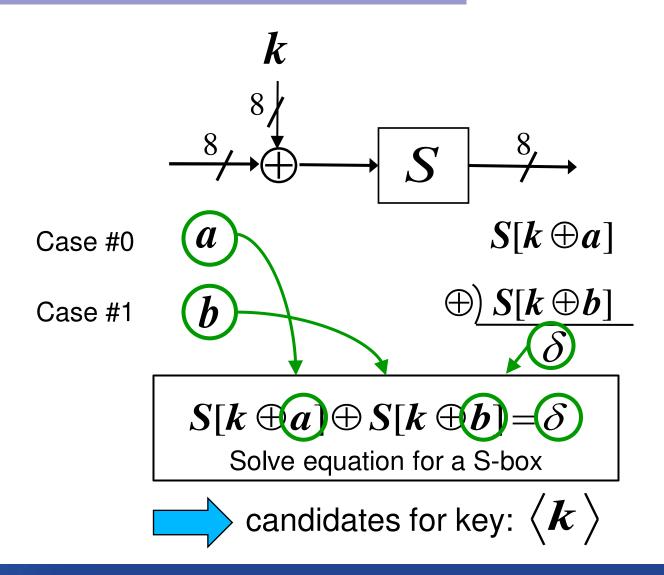
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Structure of CLEFIA

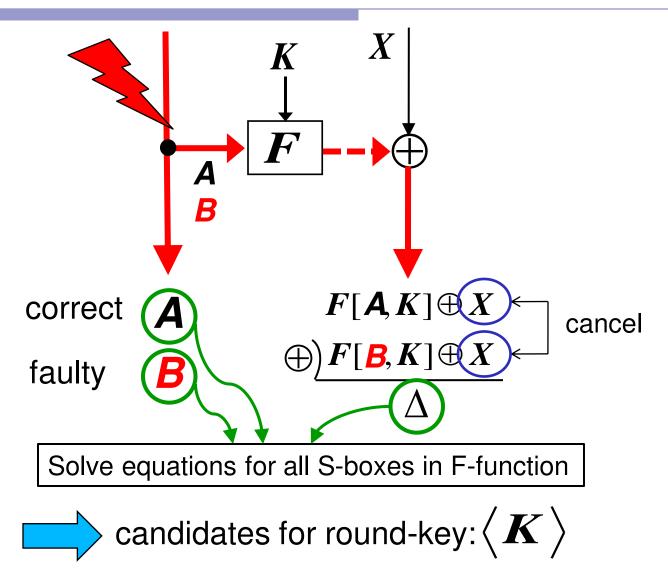
- 4-branch generalized Feistel network
- 18 rounds for 128-bit key

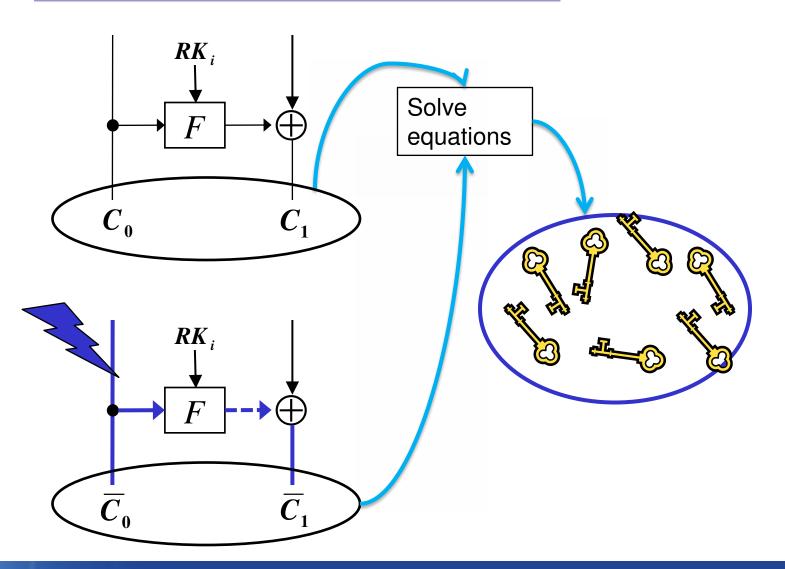


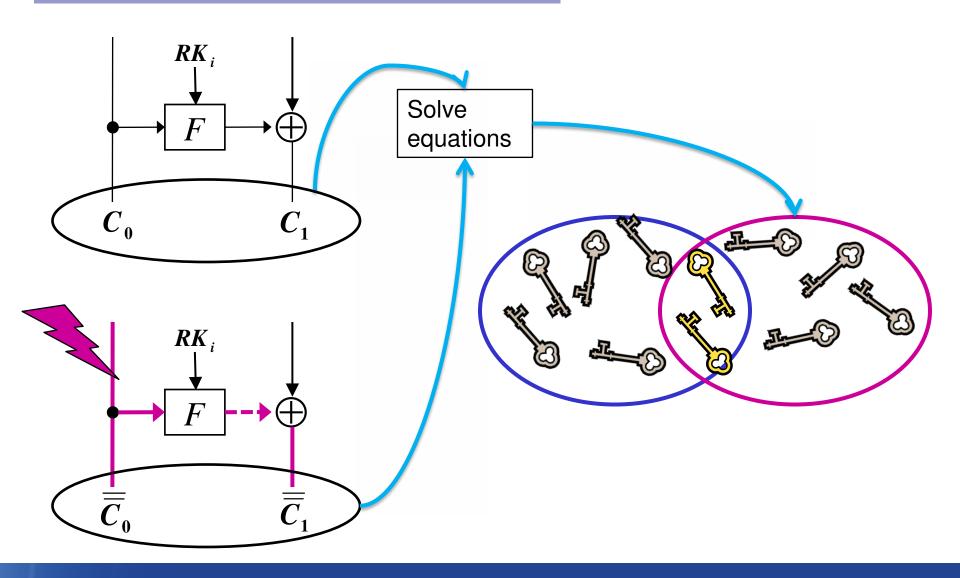
General DFA on a S-box

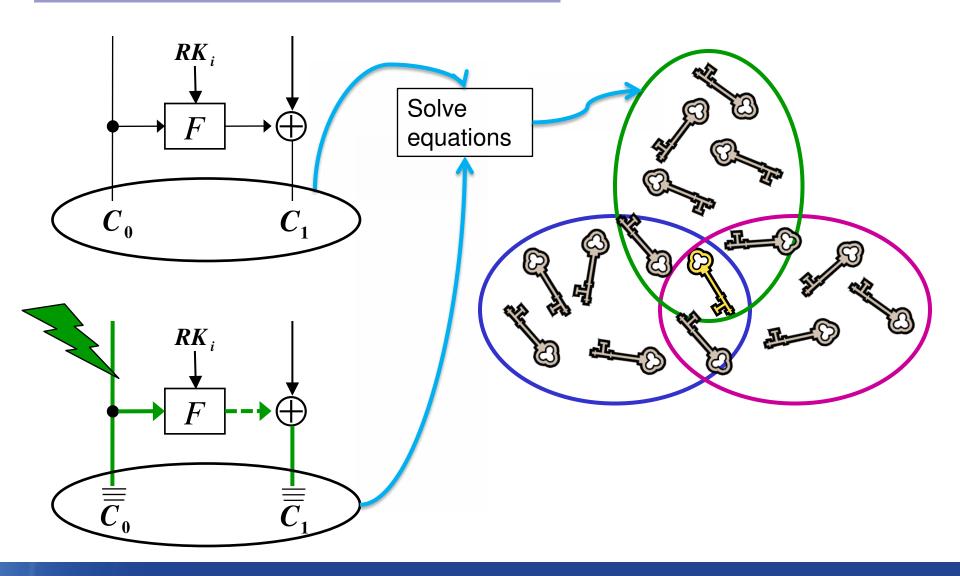


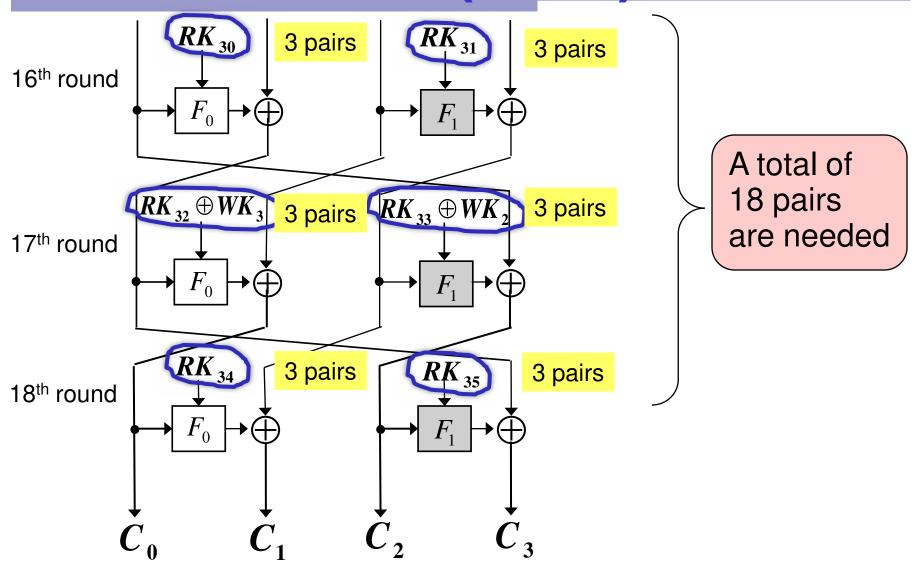
General DFA on Feistel Structure













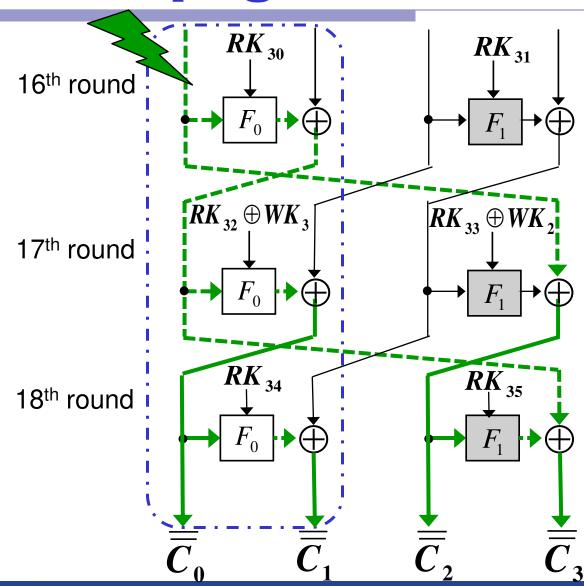
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Key Point of Proposed Attack

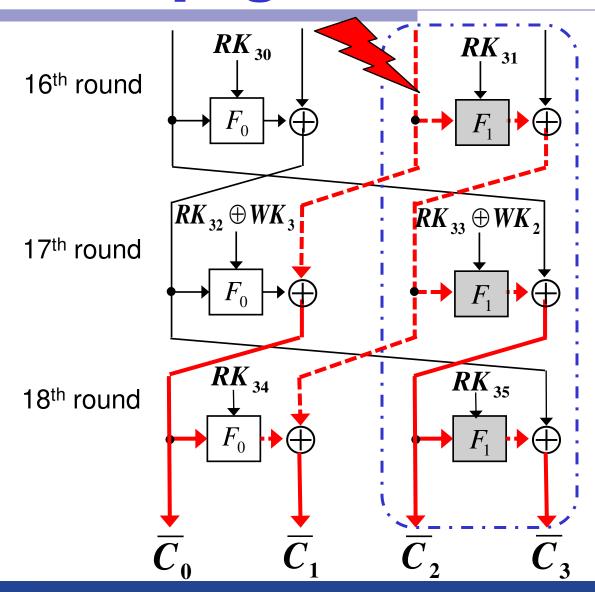
Utilize 4-branch structure with 32-bit data lines

- We can obtain 6 round keys by utilizing the fault propagation of two fault injections.
- The space of candidates for round key is small and we can obtain a 128-bit key within a practical time.

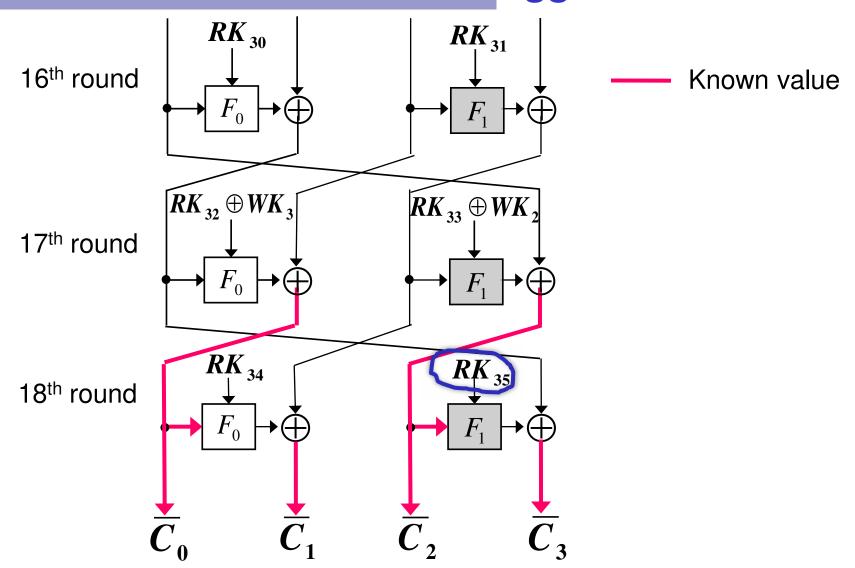
Fault Propagation



Fault Propagation

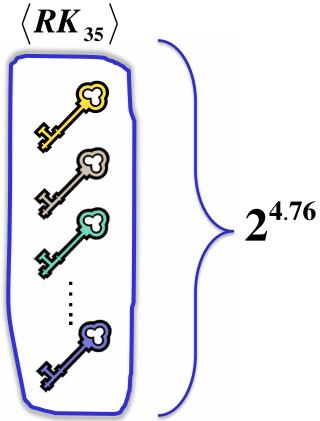


Step1: Obtain <RK₃₅>



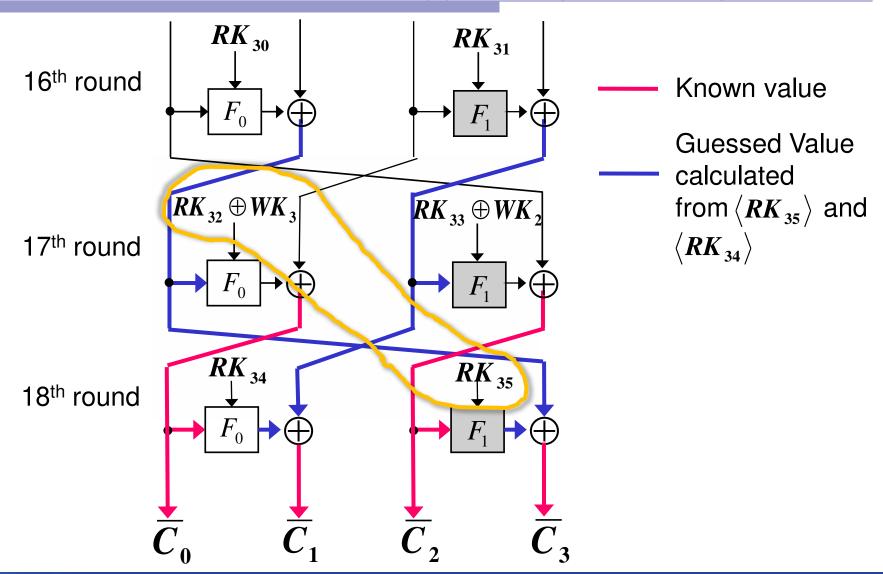
Step1: Obtain <RK₃₅> (2)

■ Average space of candidate for RK_{35} is $2^{4.76}$



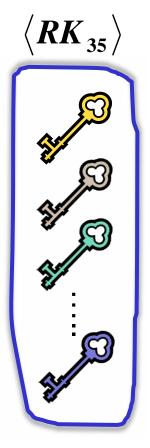
Also obtain candidates for RK₃₄

Step2: Obtain <RK₃₅, RK₃₂⊕WK₃>





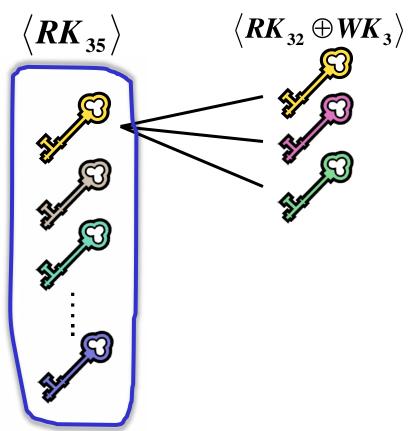
■ Solve equation using candidates for RK_{35}



 $\langle RK_{32} \oplus WK_3 \rangle$

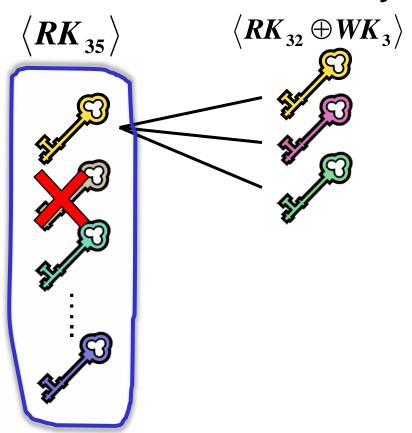


■ Obtain candidates for combination $(RK_{35}, RK_{32} \oplus WK_3)$



Step2: Obtain $\langle RK_{35}, RK_{32} \oplus WK_3 \rangle$ (3)

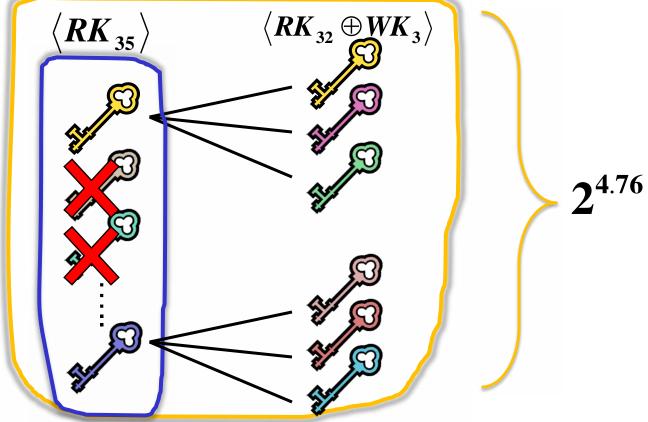
■ Some candidates for RK_{35} is rejected.



Step2: Obtain $\langle RK_{35}, RK_{32} \oplus WK_3 \rangle$ (4)

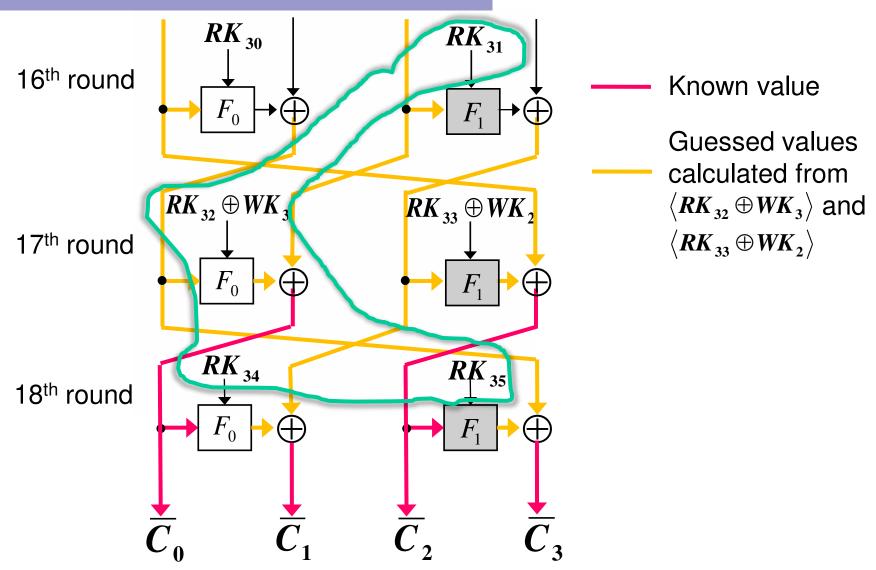
■ Average space of candidates for $(RK_{35},RK_{32} \oplus WK_3)$

is $2^{4.76}$



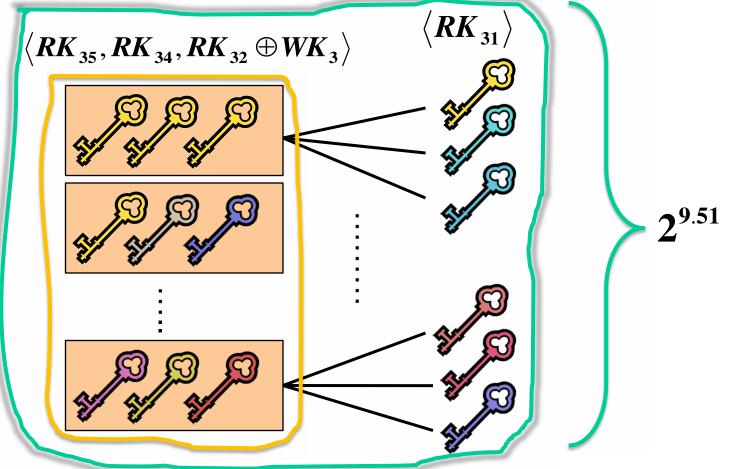
■ Also obtain candidates for $(RK_{34},RK_{33} \oplus WK_2)$

Step3: Obtain <RK₃₅, **RK**₃₄, **RK**₃₂⊕ **WK**₃, **RK**₃₁>



Step3: Obtain <RK₃₅,RK₃₄,RK₃₂⊕WK₃,RK₃₁> (2)

Average candidate space for $(RK_{35},RK_{34},RK_{32}\oplus WK_3,RK_{31})$ is $2^{9.51}$



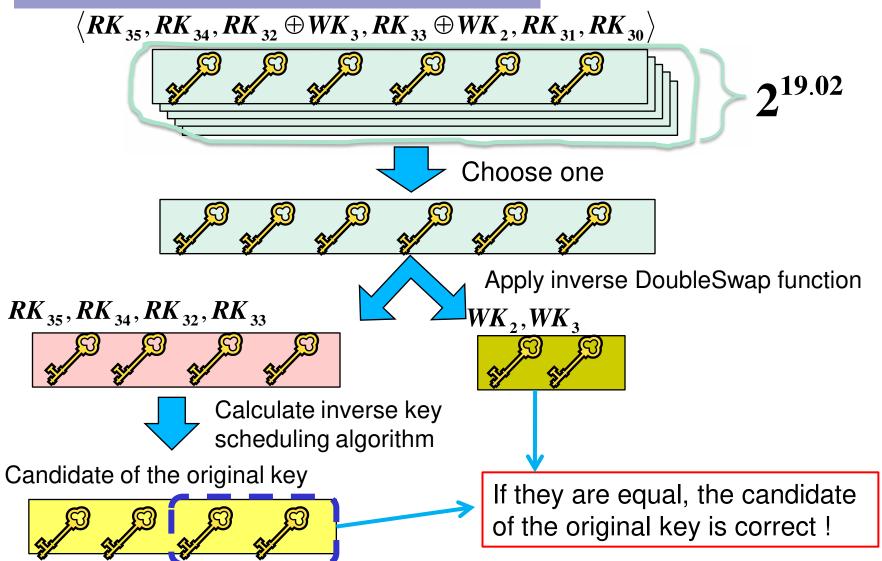
Total Brute-Force Search Space

■ Average candidate space for $(RK_{35},RK_{34},RK_{32}\oplus WK_3,RK_{31})$ is $2^{9.51}$

- Also, average candidate space for $(RK_{35}, RK_{34}, RK_{33} \oplus WK_{2}, RK_{30})$ is also $2^{9.51}$
- lacksquare Therefore, the total average space is $2^{19.02}$

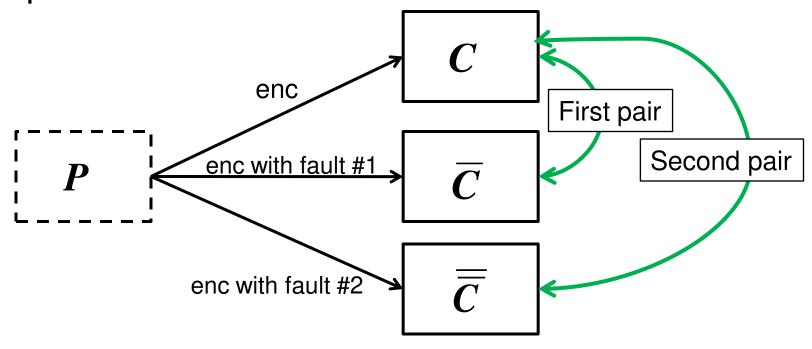
We need average a 19.02-bit brute-force search to obtain 128-bit key!

Step4: Recover Original Key



Attack Conditions (1)

- Attacker can obtain two pairs of correct and faulty ciphertexts.
 - He does not need to know the value of the plaintext.

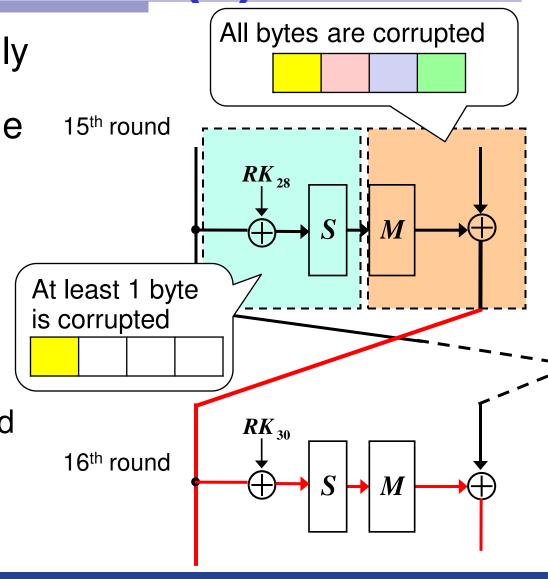


Attack Conditions (2)

Attacker must randomly corrupt a total of 4bytes of the input in the 16th round.

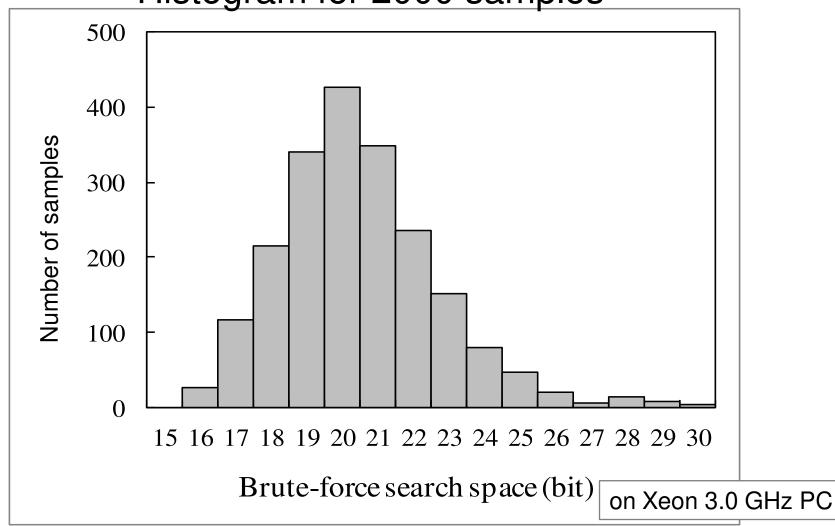
> He does not need to know value of faults.

He can choose the convenient ways of fault injection depended on devices.



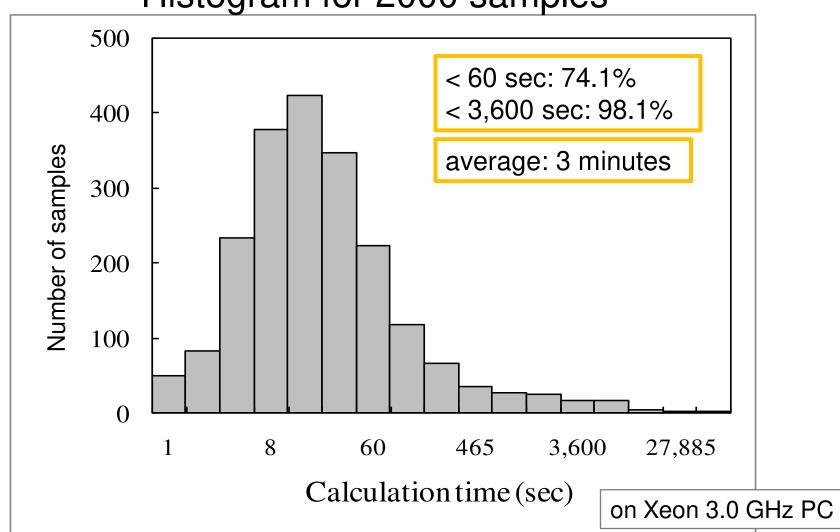
Simulation Results (B-F Space)

Histogram for 2000 samples



Simulation Results (Time)

Histogram for 2000 samples





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 Developed efficient DFA on CLEFIA using its 4-branch structure with 32-bit data lines

- Requires 2 pairs of correct and faulty ciphertexts
- Average calculation time to obtain 128-bit key is about 3 minutes