

INFRARED SPECTROSCOPIC AND LASER CHARACTERIZATION OF Tm IN DISORDERED DOUBLE TUNGSTATES



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Sponsored by
EU DT-CRYS project and
Spanish Education and Science Ministry

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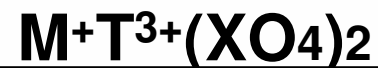
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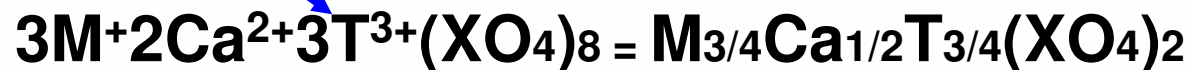
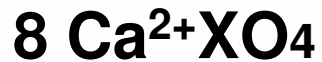
• Crystallophysics of tetragonal DT

Incorporation of lanthanides (Ln) in
DOUBLE TUNGSTATES (DT)



ALTERNATIVE

PARTIAL SUBSTITUTION OF BIVALENT CATION



Poster session → **$\text{Li}_{0.75}\text{Ba}_{0.5}\text{Gd}_{0.675}\text{Yb}_{0.075}(\text{MoO}_4)_2$**

• Crystalphysics of tetragonal DT



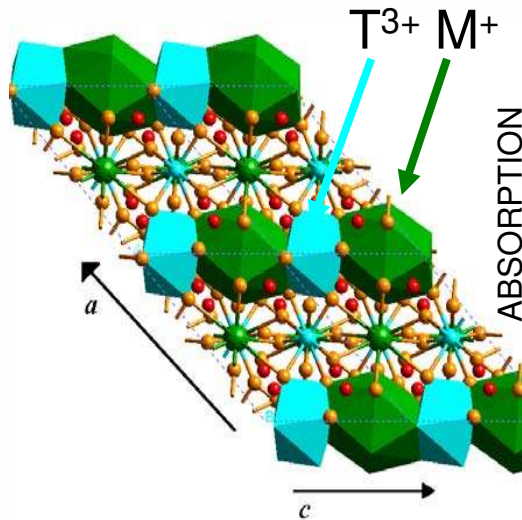
Femtosecond lasers require large optical bandwidths
Ions with **phonon-coupling** (Yb,Tm) and hosts with **lattice disorder**



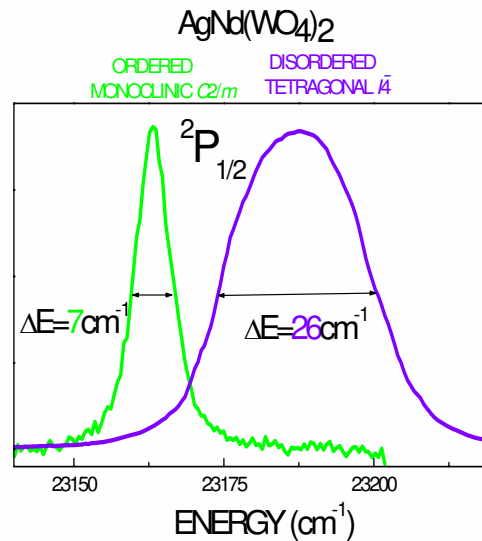
ORDERED DT CRYSTALS

like $KY(WO_4)_2$

$C2/c$



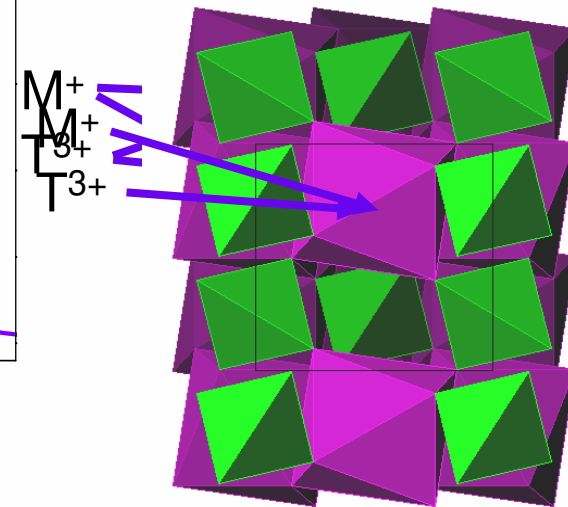
1 site-1 environment



DISORDERED DT CRYSTALS

like $NaY(WO_4)_2$
like $NaY(WO_4)_2$

$I4_1/a$

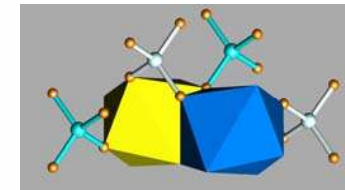
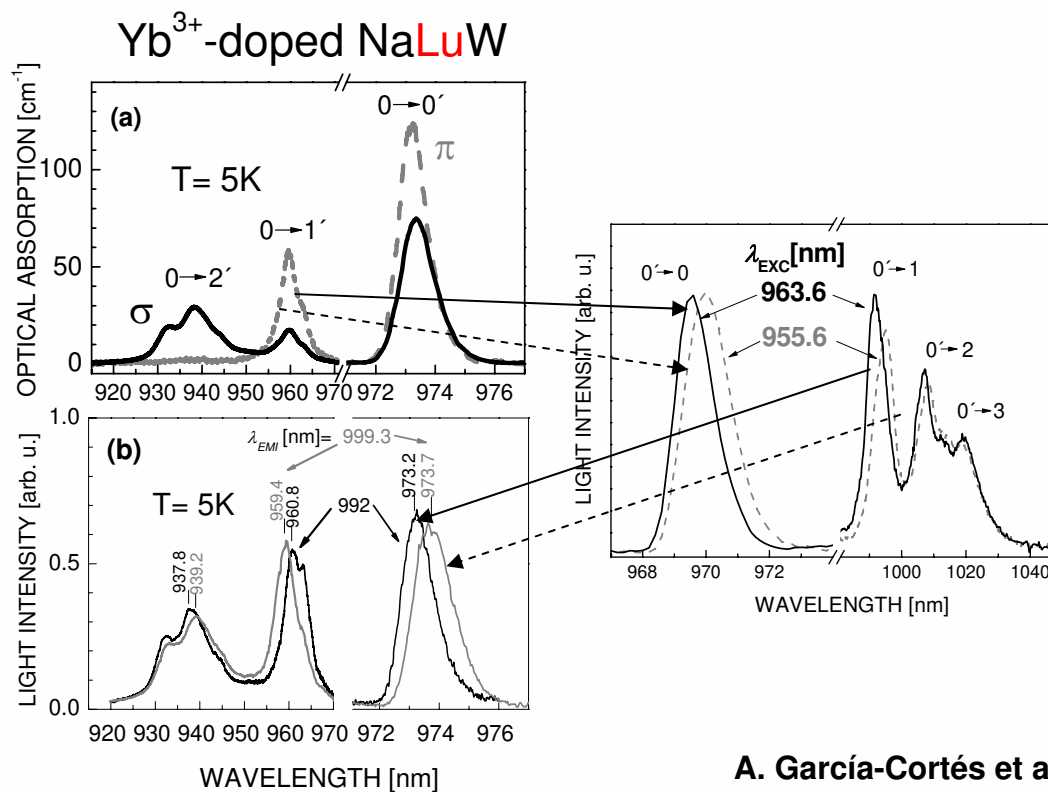


2 sites each with multiple environments
1 site-multiple environments

• Crystalphysics of tetragonal DT

Disordered (tetragonal $I\bar{4}$) $MT(XO_4)_2$ laser hosts

SITES: Spectroscopic evidence of the sites, Yb



	<i>2d</i>	<i>2b</i>
² F _{5/2} (2')	10647	10663
(1')	10423	10408
(0')	10270	10276
² F _{7/2} (3)	474	475
(2)	378	372
(1)	239	238
(0)	0	0

A. García-Cortés et al. J. Appl. Phys 101, 63110-1-7, 2007

• Crystalphysics of tetragonal DT



Disordered (tetragonal $I\bar{4}$) $MT(XO_4)_2$ laser hosts
Czochralski and TSSG growth methods used



Czochralski method



HOST	UV-EDGE [nm]	
	σ	π
NaYW	297.8	298.5
NaLaW	316	312
NaGdW	299	297

Large sizes
Fast crystallization
Na & W losses

TSSG method

HOST	UV-EDGE [nm]	
	σ	π
NaLuW	288	289

FLUX
 $Na_2W_2O_7$
 $NaWO_4$



Smaller sizes
Slow crystallization

• Recent laser results based on Yb

Disordered (tetragonal $I\bar{4}$) $MT(XO_4)_2$ laser hosts

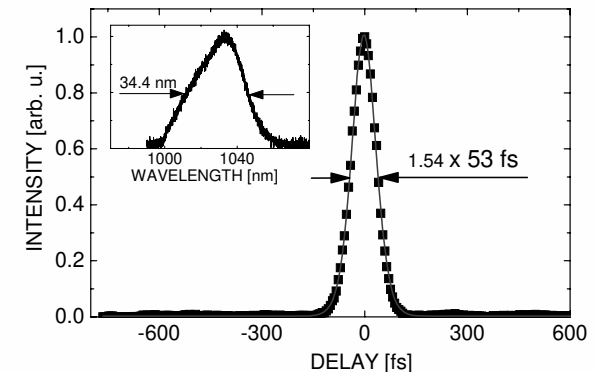
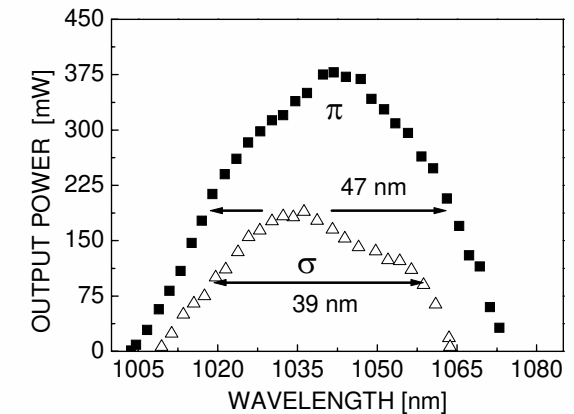
	NaYW ¹	NaLuW ²	NaGdW ³	NaLaW ⁴
Tuning range (nm) for π central $\lambda=1040$ nm	70	45	65	40
Slope efficiency (%)	69	61	77	30
Laser threshold (mW)	189	200	400	100
Output (mW), Ti-sa pump				
Single pass	463	465	900	
Double pass		647		
Output (mW), diode pump			>1400	>300
ML-SESAM pulses (fs)	53	90	120	
Average power	91	50	360	

1 A. García-Cortés et al. IEEE J. Quant. Electr.

2 A. García-Cortés et al. J. Appl. Phys 101, 63110-1-7, 2007

3 C. Cascales et al. Phys. Rev B 74, 174114-1-15, 2006

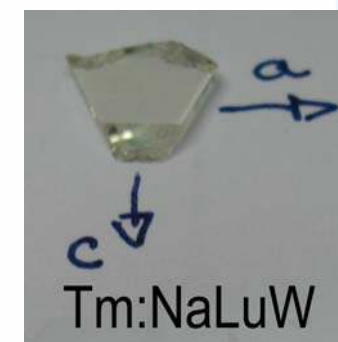
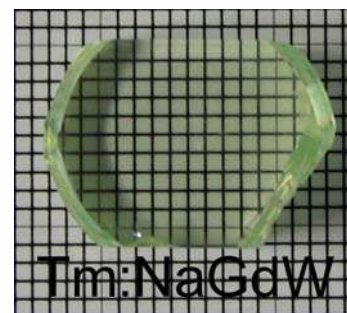
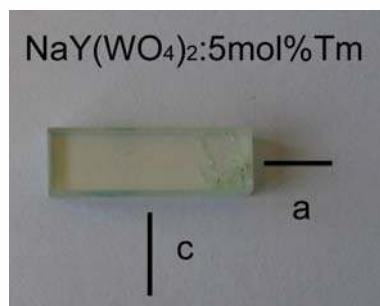
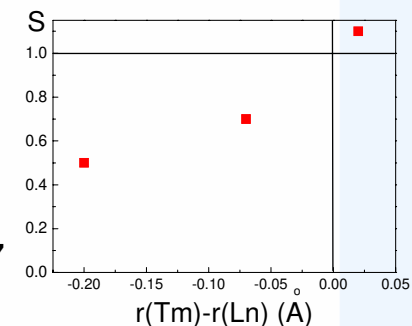
4 J. Liu phys status solidi a 202, R29, 2005



• Tm-doped DT

Growth of **Tm-doped** disordered (tetragonal $I\bar{4}$) DT laser crystals

		$\text{NaLnTm}(\text{WO}_4)_2$	S	[Tm] (10^{20} cm^{-3})
Cz	5at%Tm:NaYW		--	----
Cz	5at%Tm:NaLaW	$\text{Na}_{0.918}\text{La}_{0.92}\text{Tm}_{0.025}$	0.5	1.505
Cz	5at%Tm:NaGdW	$\text{Na}_{1-\delta}\text{Gd}_{1.07}\text{Tm}_{0.037}$	0.7	2.34
TSSG	5at%Tm:NaLuW			3.92
TSSG	10at%Tm:NaLuW	$\text{Na}_{0.973}\text{Lu}_{0.947}\text{Tm}_{0.117}$	1.1	7.847



• Tm-doped DT. 5 K Spectroscopy



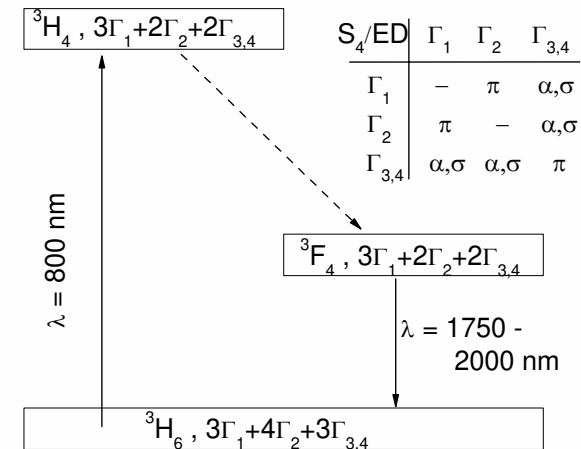
Tm³⁺ energy levels related to 2 μm emission



$\sigma_{ABS} = \alpha/[Tm]$ 300 K optical absorption

$$\sigma_{EMI} = \sigma_{ABS} \frac{Z_l}{Z_u} e^{(E_{zl} - h\nu)/k_B T}$$

$$Z = \sum_k (-E_k/k_B T)$$



First objective is a complete Tm³⁺ energy level characterization

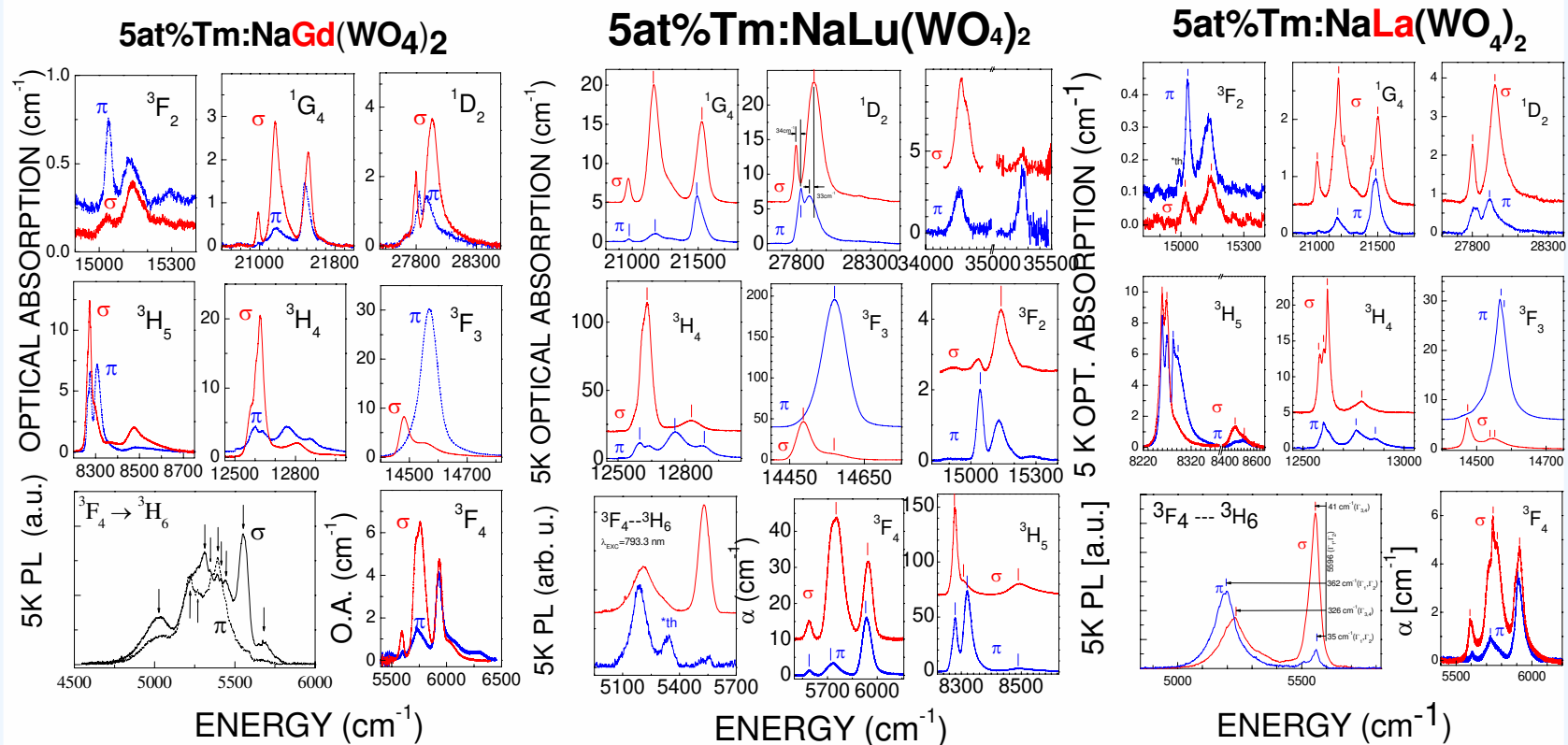
5 K optical absorption and photoluminescence

$$\sigma_{GAIN}(\lambda) = \beta \sigma_{EMI}(\lambda) - (1 - \beta) \sigma_{ABS}(\lambda)$$

• Tm-doped DT. 5 K Spectroscopy

Extensive research of Tm spectroscopic properties
in disordered (tetragonal $I4$) DT

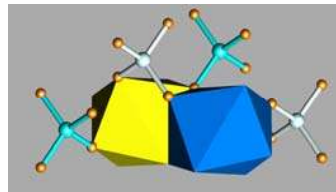
ENERGY LEVELS OBTAINED FROM 5K MEASUREMENTS



• Tm-doped DT. 5 K Spectroscopy

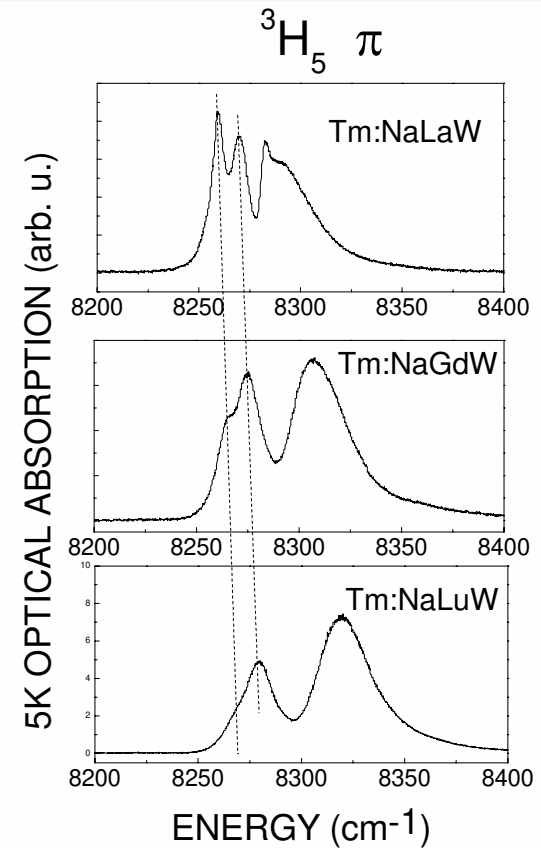
Extensive research of Tm spectroscopic properties
in disordered (tetragonal $I4$) DT

Tm SITE CONTRIBUTIONS



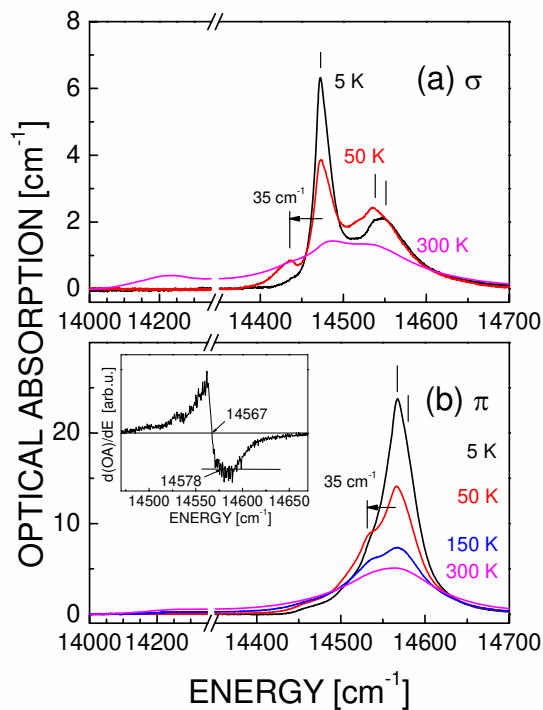
2b AND 2d OCUPANCY FACTORS

		NaYW	NaLaW	NaGdW	NaLuW
Na(I)/T(I)	2d	0.67(1)/0.33(1)	0.35(3)/0.65(3)	0.55(2)/ 0.45(2)	0.57(1)/0.43(1)
Na(II)/T(II)	2b	0.26(1)/0.74(1)	0.63(3)/0.37(3)	0.41(2)/ 0.59(2)	0.42(1)/0.58(1)



• Tm-doped DT. 5 K Spectroscopy

Tm³⁺ energy levels. Energy level partition functions



³H₆(0) belongs to Γ_2 (based on Tm-doped CaWO₄)
 Absorption transitions $\Gamma_2 \rightarrow \Gamma_2$ not observed
 5K OA alone can not provide full energy level list

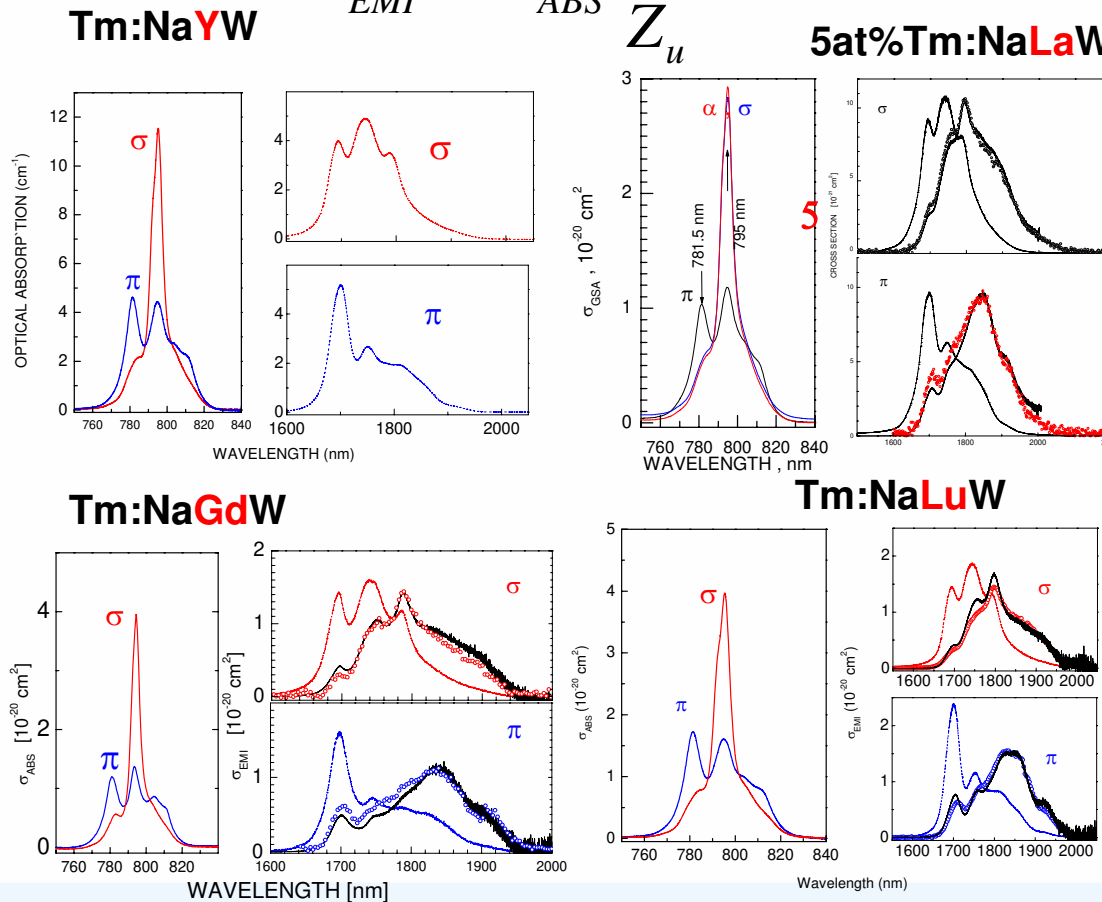
$2S+1L_J$	Energy [cm ⁻¹]	$\Gamma_1, \Gamma_{3,4}$
³ H ₆	π 35, 362 – σ 0, 326	
³ F ₄ (¹ G ₄)	σ 5596, 5742, 5769, 5892, 5918 – π 5726, 5912	3, 2
³ H ₅	σ 8259, 8268, 8463, 8519 – π 8283, 8292	3, 3
³ H ₄ (³ F ₄)	σ 12584, 12603, 12621, 12790 – π 12763, 12863	3, 2
³ F ₃	σ 14472, 14538, 14551 – π 14567, 14578	1, 2
³ F ₂ (¹ D ₂)	σ 15019, 15145 – π 15031	1, 1
¹ G ₄ (³ H ₄)	σ 21000, 21177, 21223, 21448, 21502 – π 21172, 21486	3, 2
¹ D ₂	σ 27801, 27951 – π 27914	1, 1

$$E_{z_l} = 5596 \text{ cm}^{-1} \quad Z_l/Z_u = 1.26$$

• Tm-doped DT. 300 K Spectroscopy

Absorption and emission (reciprocity) cross sections.

$$\sigma_{EMI} = \sigma_{ABS} \frac{Z_l}{Z_u} e^{(E_{zl} - h\nu)/k_B T}$$



High pumping anisotropy

	NaLaW	NaGdW	NaLuW
σ_{ABS}^{π} (10^{-20}cm^2)	1.37	1.18	1.6
λ (nm)	794.5	795	795.5
σ_{ABS}^{σ} (10^{-20}cm^2)	3.94	2.9	3.96
λ (nm)	794.5	795	795.5
σ_{EMI}^{π} (10^{-20}cm^2)	1.13	0.95	1.47
λ (nm)	1840	1847	1848
σ_{EMI}^{σ} (10^{-20}cm^2)	1.43	1.06	1.66
λ (nm)	1787	1796	1796

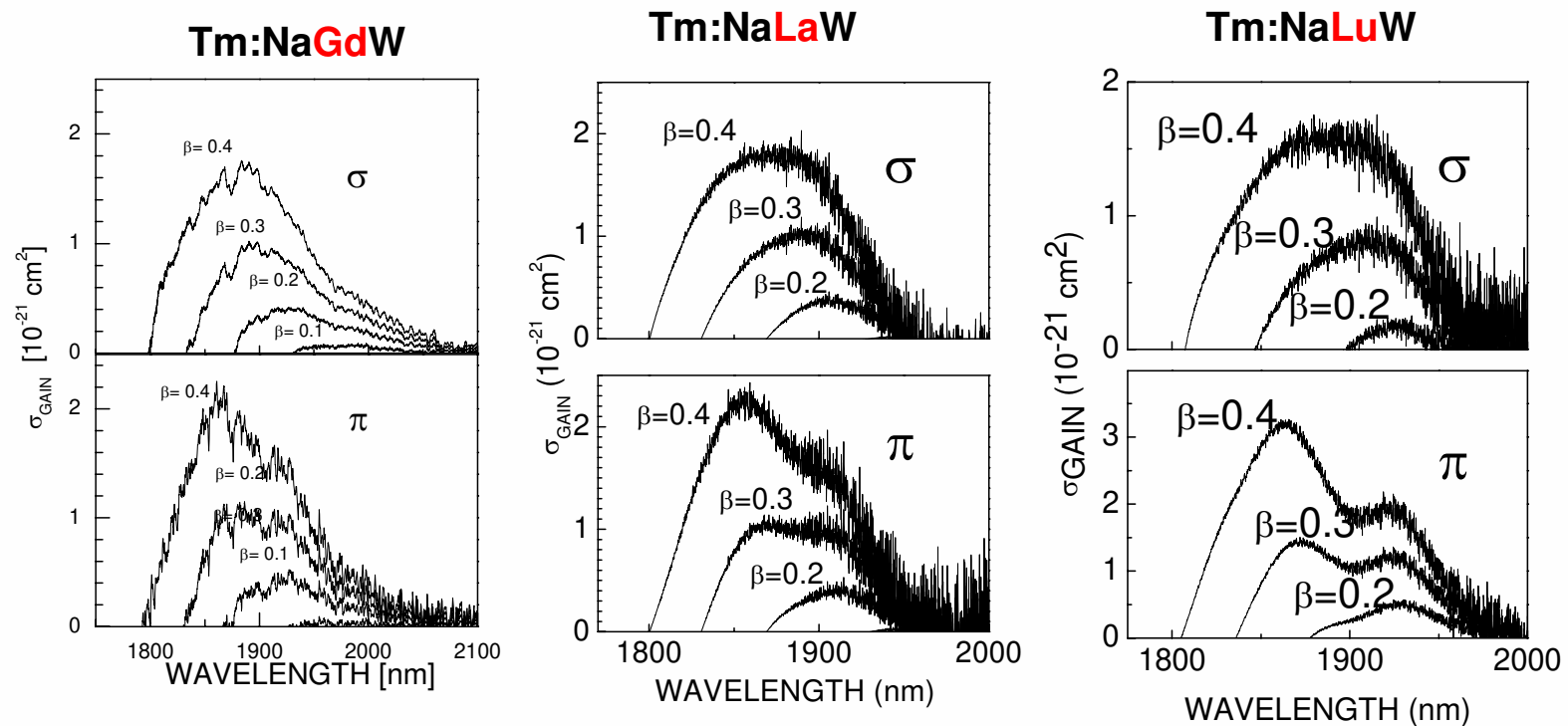
• Tm-doped DT. 300 K Spectroscopy



Gain cross sections



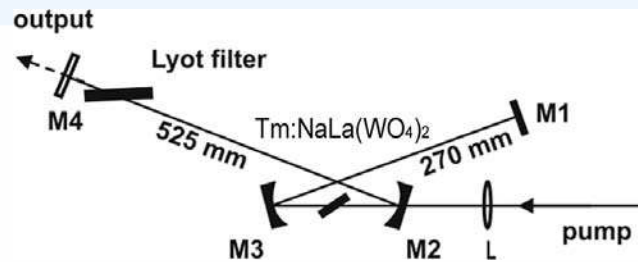
$$\sigma_{GAIN}(\lambda) = \beta \sigma_{EMI}(\lambda) - (1 - \beta) \sigma_{ABS}(\lambda)$$



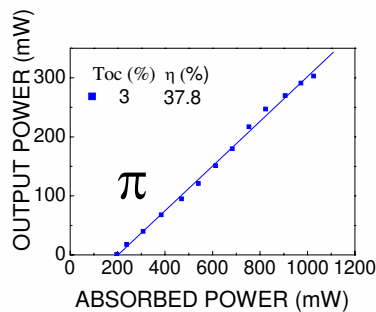
• Tm-doped DT. 300 K laser results



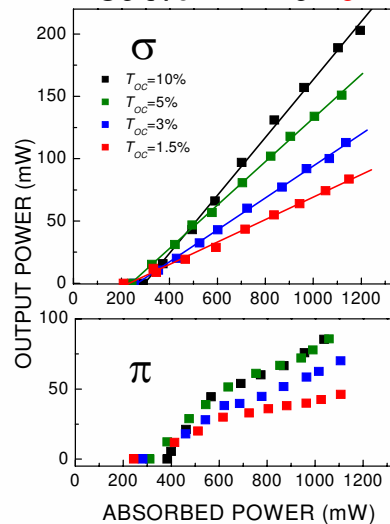
Free running cw laser output operation.
Ti-sapphire pump.



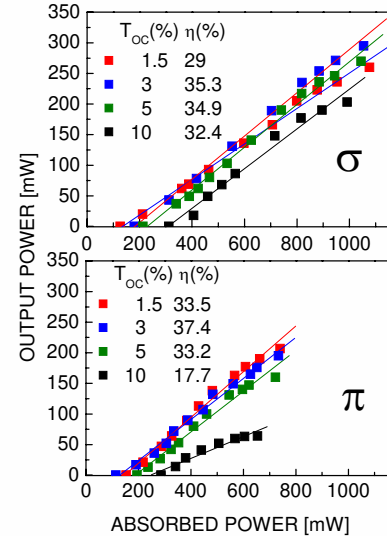
5at%Tm:NaYW



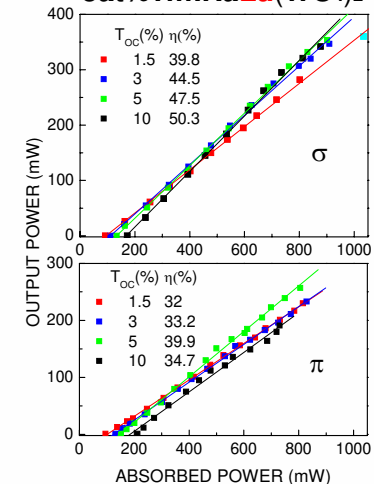
5at%Tm:NaLaW



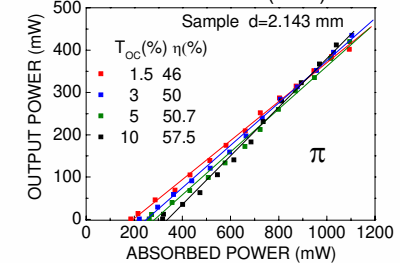
5at%Tm:NaGdW



5at%Tm:NaLu(WO4)2



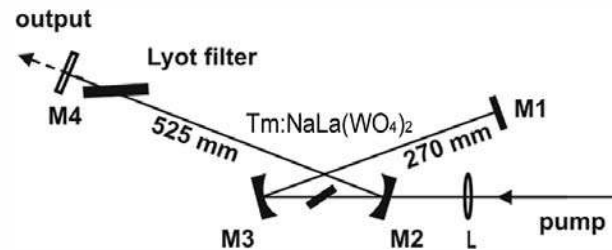
5at%Tm:NaLu(WO4)2



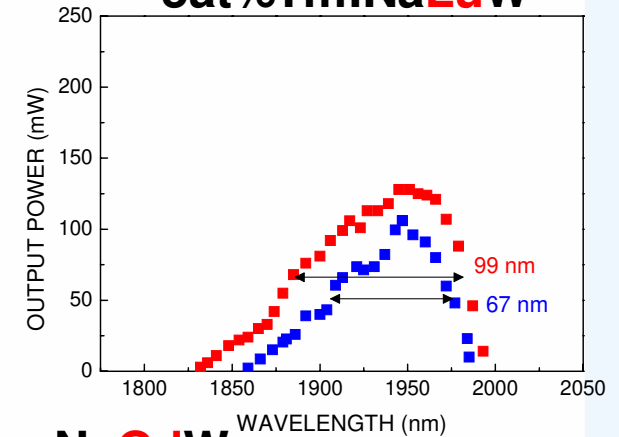
• Tm-doped DT. 300 K laser results



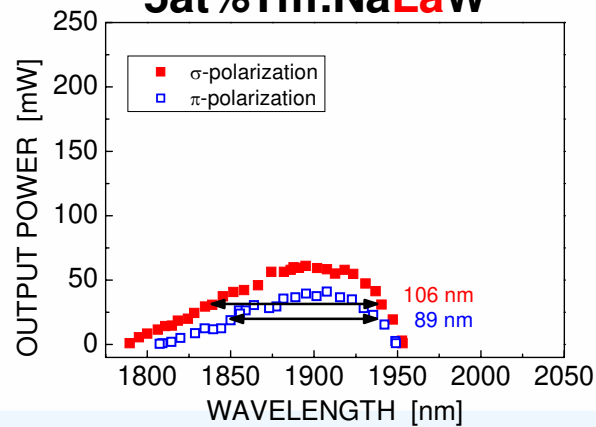
Laser Tunability.
Ti-sapphire pump.



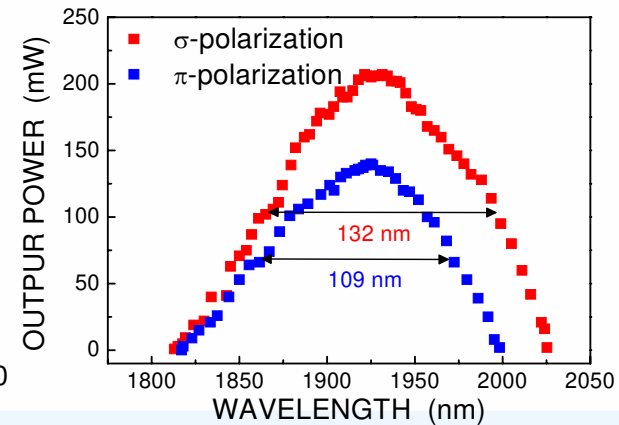
5at%Tm:NaLuW



5at%Tm:NaLaW



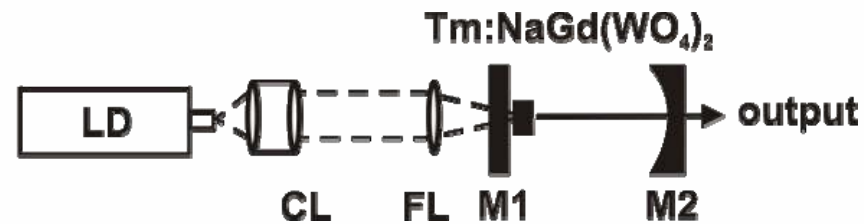
5at%Tm:NaGdW



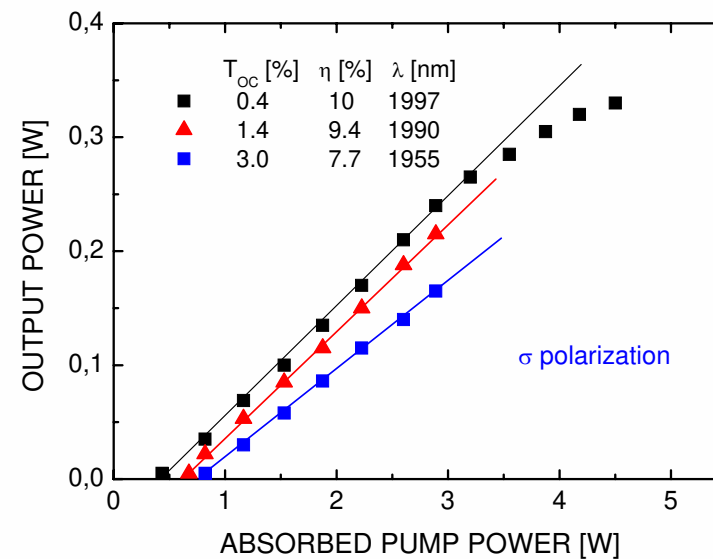
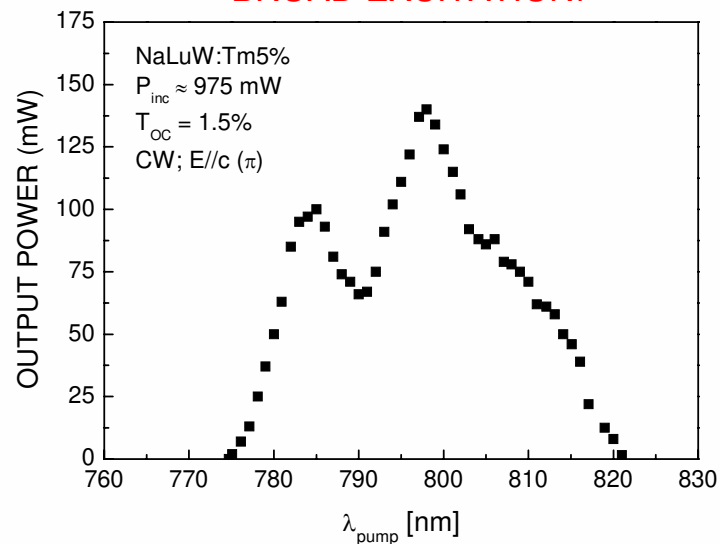
• Tm-doped DT. 300 K laser results



Laser operation under diode pump



BROAD EXCITATION!



INFRARED SPECTROSCOPIC AND LASER CHARACTERIZATION OF Tm IN DISORDERED DOUBLE TUNGSTATES

CONCLUSIONS

- Optical linewidths of Tm³⁺ in tetragonal $I\bar{4}$ DT are further broadened by the thulium occupancy of **two** different crystallographic **sites** and by the disordered **environments** associated to the random occupancy of Na and host lanthanide in these same sites.
- Tm-doped NaLnW single crystals without special cooling nor sample coatings showed in continuous wave operation output laser efficiency above $\eta=50\%$, output laser intensity above 400 mW and smooth tuning range of up to 200 nm around 1930 nm.
- The spectroscopic measurements predict little laser performance differences in these hosts, but in practice the present NaLaW crystal quality limits its laser performance.
- The broad nature of the 3H_4 optical absorption allows non critically wavelength pump with diode laser. Laser operation under DL was shown in Tm-doped NaGdW.

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