## **ERRATA CORRIGE**

## Interactive Algorithm for Multiobjective Optimization

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Abstract. The definition of a class of matrices in Ref. 1 is modified.

**Key Words.** Multiobjective optimization, one decision-maker, manmachine interaction, modified Frank–Wolfe algorithm.

In a private correspondence, H. Streuff has pointed out that, in the relation

$$0 < (\epsilon_k)^{1/2} \le 2(m, p)^{1/2} \delta,$$

at the end of the proof of Theorem 5.2, page 362, Ref. 1,  $\epsilon_k$  might depend on  $\delta$ , thus invalidating that proof. This inconvenience can easily be eliminated by replacing the class  $\mathscr{D}(P, a^*)$  of matrices defined by the relation (78) on page 359, Ref. 1, as follows. Given an inquiry pattern P, a vector  $a^* = (a_1^*, \ldots, a_m^*) \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $||a^*|| = 1$ , and H > 0, denote by  $\mathscr{D}(P, a^*, H)$  the set of all matrices

$$D^* = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_1^* & 0 \\ 0 & \mu_p^* \end{bmatrix} P \begin{bmatrix} a_1^* & 0 \\ 0 & a_m^* \end{bmatrix},$$

where

$$\mu^* = (\mu_1^*, \ldots, \mu_p^*) \in \mathbb{R}^p, \qquad \mu_1^*, \ldots, \mu_p^* > 0, \qquad \mu_1^* + \cdots + \mu_p^* \le H.$$

Accordingly, the class  $\mathscr{D}(P_k, a_k^*)$  will be replaced (in Remark 5.1, Lemma 5.1, and Theorem 5.2) by a class  $\mathscr{D}(P_k, a_k^*, H_k)$ .

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## References

1. ROSINGER, E. E., Interactive Algorithm for Multiobjective Optimization, Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications, Vol. 35, pp. 339-365, 1981.