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Introduction to Mechanics and Symmetry

A Basic Exposition of **Classical Mechanical Systems**

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To Barbara and Lilian for their love and support

Series Preface

Mathematics is playing an ever more important role in the physical and biological sciences, provoking a blurring of boundaries between scientific disciplines and a resurgence of interest in the modern as well as the classical techniques of applied mathematics. This renewal of interest, both in research and teaching, has led to the establishment of the series: *Texts in Applied Mathematics (TAM)*.

The development of new courses is a natural consequence of a high level of excitement on the research frontier as newer techniques, such as numerical and symbolic computer systems, dynamical systems, and chaos, mix with and reinforce the traditional methods of applied mathematics. Thus, the purpose of this textbook series is to meet the current and future needs of these advances and encourage the teaching of new courses.

TAM will publish textbooks suitable for use in advanced undergraduate and beginning graduate courses, and will complement the *Applied Mathematical Sciences (AMS)* series, which will focus on advanced textbooks and research level monographs.

Preface

Symmetry and mechanics have been close partners since the time of the founding masters: Newton, Euler, Lagrange, Laplace, Poisson, Jacobi, Hamilton, Kelvin, Routh, Riemann, Noether, Poincaré, Einstein, Schrödinger, Cartan, Dirac, and to this day, symmetry has continued to play a strong role, especially with the modern work of Kolmogorov, Arnold, Moser, Kirillov, Kostant, Smale, Souriau, Guillemin, Sternberg, and many others. This book is about these developments, with an emphasis on concrete applications that we hope will make it accessible to a wide variety of readers, especially senior undergraduate and graduate students in science and engineering.

The geometric point of view in mechanics combined with solid analysis has been a phenomenal success in linking various diverse areas, both within and across standard disciplinary lines. It has provided both insight into fundamental issues in mechanics (such as variational and Hamiltonian structures in continuum mechanics, fluid mechanics, and plasma physics) and provided useful tools in specific models such as new stability and bifurcation criteria using the energy–Casimir and energy–momentum methods, new numerical codes based on geometrically exact update procedures and variational integrators, and new reorientation techniques in control theory and robotics.

Symmetry was already widely used in mechanics by the founders of the subject, and has been developed considerably in recent times in such diverse phenomena as reduction, stability, bifurcation and solution symmetry breaking relative to a given system symmetry group, methods of finding explicit solutions for integrable systems, and a deeper understanding of special systems, such as the Kowalewski top. We hope this book will provide a reasonable avenue to, and foundation for, these exciting developments.

Because of the extensive and complex set of possible directions in which one can develop the theory, we have provided a fairly lengthy introduction. It is intended to be read lightly at the beginning and then consulted from time to time as the text itself is read.

This volume contains much of the basic theory of mechanics and should prove to be a useful foundation for further, as well as more specialized, topics. Due to space limitations we warn the reader that many important topics in mechanics are not treated in this volume. We are preparing a second volume on general reduction theory and its applications. With luck, a little support, and yet more hard work, it will be available in the near future.

Solutions Manual. A solution manual is available for instructors. It contains complete solutions to many of the exercises, as well as other supplementary comments. For further information, see

http://www.cds.caltech.edu/~marsden/books/.

Internet Supplements. To keep the size of the book within reason, we are making some material available (free) on the Internet. These are a collection of sections whose omission does not interfere with the main flow of the text. See http://www.cds.caltech.edu/~marsden/books/. Updates and information about the book can also be found at this website.

What Is New in the Second Edition? In this second edition, the main structural changes are the creation of a solutions manual (along with many more exercises in the text) and the Internet supplements. The Internet supplements contain, for example, the material on the Maslov index that was not needed for the main flow of the book. As for the substance of the text, much of the book was rewritten throughout to improve the flow of material and to correct inaccuracies. Some examples: The material on the Hamilton–Jacobi theory was completely rewritten, a new section on Routh reduction (§8.9) was added, Chapter 9 on Lie groups was substantially improved and expanded. The presentation of examples of coadjoint orbits (Chapter 14) was improved by stressing matrix methods throughout.

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December, 1998

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Contents

About the Authors

ix	
xiii	

1	Intro	duction and Overview	1
	1.1	Lagrangian and Hamiltonian Formalisms	1
	1.2	The Rigid Body	6
	1.3	Lie-Poisson Brackets, Poisson Manifolds, Momentum	
		Maps	9
	1.4	The Heavy Top	16
	1.5	Incompressible Fluids	18
	1.6	The Maxwell–Vlasov System	22
	1.7	Nonlinear Stability	29
	1.8	Bifurcation	43
	1.9	The Poincaré–Melnikov Method	47
	1.10	Resonances, Geometric Phases, and Control	49
2	2 Hamiltonian Systems on Linear Symplectic Spaces		
	2.1	Introduction	61
	2.2	Symplectic Forms on Vector Spaces	66
	2.3	Canonical Transformations, or Symplectic Maps	69
	2.4	The General Hamilton Equations	74
	2.5	When Are Equations Hamiltonian?	77
	2.6	Hamiltonian Flows	80

xvi	Contents
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	2.7	Poisson Brackets	82
	2.8	A Particle in a Rotating Hoop	87
	2.9	The Poincaré–Melnikov Method	94
3	An	Introduction to Infinite-Dimensional Systems	105
	3.1	Lagrange's and Hamilton's Equations for Field Theory	105
	3.2	Examples: Hamilton's Equations	
	3.3	Examples: Poisson Brackets and Conserved Quantities	115
4	Mar	nifolds, Vector Fields, and Differential Forms	121
	4.1	Manifolds	121
	4.2	Differential Forms	129
	4.3	The Lie Derivative	137
	4.4	Stokes' Theorem	141
5	Han	niltonian Systems on Symplectic Manifolds	147
	5.1	Symplectic Manifolds	147
	5.2	Symplectic Transformations	150
	5.3	Complex Structures and Kähler Manifolds	152
	5.4	Hamiltonian Systems	157
	5.5	Poisson Brackets on Symplectic Manifolds	160
6	Cota	angent Bundles	165
	6.1	The Linear Case	165
	6.2	The Nonlinear Case	
	6.3	Cotangent Lifts	170
	6.4	Lifts of Actions	173
	6.5	Generating Functions	174
	6.6	Fiber Translations and Magnetic Terms	
	6.7	A Particle in a Magnetic Field	178
7	Lag	rangian Mechanics	181
	7.1	Hamilton's Principle of Critical Action	181
	7.2	The Legendre Transform	
	7.3	Euler-Lagrange Equations	
	7.4	Hyperregular Lagrangians and Hamiltonians	
	7.5	Geodesics	105
	7.6	The Kaluza–Klein Approach to Charged Particles	200
	7.7	Motion in a Potential Field	
	7.8	The Lagrange–d'Alembert Principle	205
	7.9	The Hamilton–Jacobi Equation	
8	Vari	ational Principles, Constraints, & Rotating Systems	219
	8.1	A Return to Variational Principles	219
	8.2	The Geometry of Variational Principles	226

	8.3	Constrained Systems	234
	8.4	Constrained Motion in a Potential Field	238
	8.5	Dirac Constraints	242
	8.6	Centrifugal and Coriolis Forces	248
	8.7	The Geometric Phase for a Particle in a Hoop	253
	8.8	Moving Systems	257
	8.9	Routh Reduction	260
9	An I	ntroduction to Lie Groups	265
	9.1	Basic Definitions and Properties	
	9.2	Some Classical Lie Groups	283
	9.3	Actions of Lie Groups	309
10	Poiss	son Manifolds	327
	10.1	The Definition of Poisson Manifolds	
	10.2	Hamiltonian Vector Fields and Casimir Functions	
	10.3	Properties of Hamiltonian Flows	
	10.4	The Poisson Tensor	
	10.5	Quotients of Poisson Manifolds	349
	10.6	The Schouten Bracket	353
	10.7	Generalities on Lie–Poisson Structures	360
11		entum Maps	365
	11.1	Canonical Actions and Their Infinitesimal Generators	
	11.2	Momentum Maps	
	11.3	An Algebraic Definition of the Momentum Map	
	11.4	Conservation of Momentum Maps	
	11.5	Equivariance of Momentum Maps	378
12		putation and Properties of Momentum Maps	383
	12.1	Momentum Maps on Cotangent Bundles	383
	12.2	Examples of Momentum Maps	
	12.3	Equivariance and Infinitesimal Equivariance	396
	12.4	Equivariant Momentum Maps Are Poisson	403
	12.5	Poisson Automorphisms	412
	12.6	Momentum Maps and Casimir Functions	413
13		Poisson and Euler-Poincaré Reduction	415
	13.1	The Lie–Poisson Reduction Theorem	415
	13.2	Proof of the Lie–Poisson Reduction Theorem for $GL(n)$.	418
	13.3	Lie-Poisson Reduction Using Momentum Functions	419
	13.4	Reduction and Reconstruction of Dynamics	421
	13.5	The Euler–Poincaré Equations	430
	13.6	The Lagrange–Poincaré Equations	440

14	Coad	joint Orbits	443
	14.1	Examples of Coadjoint Orbits	444
	14.2	Tangent Vectors to Coadjoint Orbits	451
	14.3	The Symplectic Structure on Coadjoint Orbits	453
	14.4	The Orbit Bracket via Restriction of the Lie–Poisson	
		Bracket	459
	14.5	The Special Linear Group of the Plane	465
	14.6	The Euclidean Group of the Plane	
	14.7	The Euclidean Group of Three-Space	
15	The l	Free Rigid Body	481
	15.1	Material, Spatial, and Body Coordinates	481
	15.2	The Lagrangian of the Free Rigid Body	483
	15.3	The Lagrangian and Hamiltonian in Body Representation	485
	15.4	Kinematics on Lie Groups	489
	15.5	Poinsot's Theorem	490
	15.6	Euler Angles	493
	15.7	The Hamiltonian of the Free Rigid Body	495
	15.8	The Analytical Solution of the Free Rigid-Body Problem .	498
	15.9	Rigid-Body Stability	503
	15.10	Heavy Top Stability	507
	15.11	The Rigid Body and the Pendulum	
Re	ferenc	ces	519
Ine	dex		553