Linked Open Data Aggregation: Conflict Resolution and Aggregate Quality

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Linked Data Framework and Project ODCleanStore

Data Aggregation Algorithm

Computation of the Aggregate Quality

Experiments & Conclusion

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Motivation

Journalist: "Give me suppliers of public contracts for the Ministry of Finance from the region Prague with just one offer; for each public contract show me the list of payments, links to budget and the person responsible for that contract. Show me the results in the iPhone application"

Questions:

- Where to get the data (more sources)
- How to get the data (different formats, retrieval methods)
- How to merge and link the data together
- How to show the data in the iPhone application
- To address the needs of (not just) the journalist: an OpenData.cz initiative with the goals to:

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- Open governmental data in Czech Republic
- Clean and connect the data
- Enable exploration of the data

Linked Data

Set of best practises for publishing structured data on the Web, Tim Berners-Lee presented four principles:

- Use URIs as names for things
- Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names.
- When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information, using the standards (RDF)
- Include links to other URIs. so that they can discover more things.

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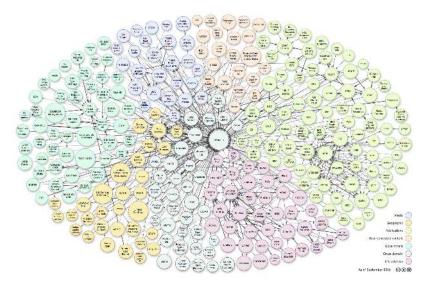
See: http://www.w3.org/DesignIssues/LinkedData.html

RDF

Sample RDF statement (triple):

- (http://dbpedia.org/resource/Izmir http://dbpedia.org/ontology/populationTotal "3450889")
- (http://dbpedia.org/resource/lzmir http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#sameAs http://rdf.freebase.com/ns/en.izmir)
- ► RDF data are represented as typed statements *triples* (s, p, o) ∈ U³ – consisting of a *subject s*, a *predicate* (*property*) p and an *object* (*value*) o.
 - U = all possible nodes, URI resources or literals (optionally typed)
- A triple may be part of a named graph a set of triples identified by an URI
 - ► Triples can be then extended to quads (s, p, o, g) ∈ Q where g ∈ G is the named graph (its URI) to which the data belongs.
- The RDF data model can be viewed as a directed graph where edges, labeled with a predicate, lead from a subject to an object.

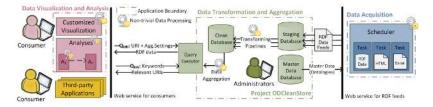
Linked Data Cloud



Obrázek: Linked Data Cloud, http://linkeddata.org/

Linked Data Framework

- Is built as part of OpenData.cz initiative and LOD2 project
- Data acquisition
- Data transformation and aggregation = ODCleanStore project
- Data visualization and analysis



Obrázek: Linked Data Framework



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Motivational Scenario

- Suppose we have in the clean database data about the city Izmir coming from multiple sources – DBpedia, GeoNames, and Freebase
 - http://dbpedia.org/resource/Izmir
 - http://sws.geonames.org/311046/
 - http://rdf.freebase.com/ns/en.izmir
- Consumer would like to get data about the resource http://dbpedia.org/resource/Izmir
- Tasks:
 - Discover and follow owl:sameAs links between resources representing the same concepts
 - Discover that meaning of the predicates geo:lat and fb:location.geocode.latitude is the same
 - Compute average value for the values of the properties geo:long and geo:lat
 - Select the best value (with the highest aggregate quality) for rdfs:label
 - Select the maximum (latest) value from the values of the property dbpedia:populationTotal

Data Aggregation - Basics

Schema mapping

 Enabled by proper mappings between ontologies in the master data database

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- Duplicate detection
 - Enabled by proper linker
- Data fusion
 - Instance level conflicts (data conflicts)

J. Bleiholder and F. Naumann. Data fusion. ACM Comput. Surv., 2009.

Data Fusion Algorithm - Inputs/Outputs

Inputs:

- A collection of quads from the clean database to be fused e.g. the quads (x,*,*,*),(*,*,x,*), where x is the requested URI in a URI query
- Data fusion settings (e.g. a selected conflict resolution policies global or per property)
- owl:sameAs links between URI resources occurring in the quads
 - result of deduplication and schema mapping
- Quality scores for named graphs of the quads.
- Outputs:
 - Collection of aggregated triples enriched with the aggregate quality and source named graphs for each quad.

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Phase 1 of Data Fusion Algorithm – an Overview

- Step 1.1) Replace URIs of resources representing the same entity (i.e. connected by the owl:sameAs links) with a single URI. Prefer URI in the consumer's query.
- Step 1.2) Remove duplicate quads.
- Step 1.3) Group quads to sets of o-conflicting quads.
 - Suppose g₁, g₂ ∈ G; quads (s, p, o₁, g₁) and (s, p, o₂, g₂) are called *o-conflicting quads* if o₁ ≠ o₂

Phase 2 of Data Fusion Algorithm – an Overview

Step 2.1) Choose and apply a conflict resolution policyStep 2.2) Compute aggregate quality for the conflict resolved quads

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 Note: Phase 2 of the algorithm is applied to each set of o-conflicting quads

Conflict Resolution Policies

Deciding - selects one or more values

- ANY,MIN,MAX,SHORTEST,LONGEST an arbitrary value, minimum, maximum, shortest, or longest is selected from the conflicting values V
- BEST the value with the highest aggregate quality is selected
- LATEST the value with the newest time is selected
- Mediating computes new values
 - AVG, MEDIAN, CONCAT computes the average, median, or concatenation of conflicting values

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- Ignoring
 - ALL ignores conflicts, fuses equal triples
 - NONE ignores conflicts, no fusion



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Computation of the Aggregate Quality - Overview

- Several factors based on real-world examples
- Let's show it on Izmir!



ODCleanStore - Keyword					
← → C 🕓 file:///H	:/COMPSAC/query-keyword.html		ជ	ш	٩
ODCleanStore -	Keyword Query test				*
Server address:	localhost:8087				
Searched keyword(s):	izmir				
Default aggregation:	ALL				
Default multivalue:	NO -				
Aggregation error strategy.	RETURN_ALL -				
L					н
Property aggregation	http://rdf.freebase.com/ns/location.geocode.longtitude	AVG			
Property aggregation	http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#label	BEST]	
Property aggregation		ALL	-]	
Property multivalue	http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	YES 💌			
Property multivalue		NO 💌			
Property multivalue		NO 💌			
Output format:	HTML T				*

C KEYWORD query

← → C Olocalhost:8087/keyword?kw=izmir&aggr=ALL&multivalue=0&es=RETURN_ALL&format=HTML

Keyword query for izmir. Query executed in 0,040 s.

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	Subject	Predicate	Object	Quality	Source named graphs
-	lbpedia%C4%B0zmir	<u>rdfsilabel</u>	<u>"Tzmir"</u>	0,88288	http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Feebase. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Feebaames. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Finkedgeodata
-	ibpedia%C4%B0zmir	<u>rdfs:label</u>	<u>"Izmir,</u> <u>Turkey"</u>	0,18667	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmin/freebase
	dbpedia:%C4%B0zmir	<u>rdfs:label</u>	"İzmir"	0,51840	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia

Source graphs:

Named graph	Data source	Inserted at	Graph score	License
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia	http://dbpedia.org/page/%C4%B0zmir	2012-04-01 12:34:56.0	0.9	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/freebase	http://www.freebase.com/view/en/izmir	2012-04-02 12:34:56.0	0.8	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/geonames	http://sws.geonames.org/311046/	2012-04-03 12:34:56.0	0.8	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/linkedgeodata	http://linkedgeodata.org/page/node866131760	2012-04-04 12:34:56.0	0.8	

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First Quality Factor - Scores of Source Named Graphs

• A value $v \in A$ may

- (a) be calculated from all the sources (in case of conflict resolution policies AVG, MEDIAN, CONCAT)
- ► (b) come from named graphs containing a quad (s, p, v, g_i) (in case of other conflict resolution policies)

$$q_1(v) = \begin{cases} \arg\{s(g) \mid g \in \{g_1, \dots, g_n\}\} & \text{(a)} \\ \max\{s(g) \mid g \in agree(v)\} & \text{(b)} \end{cases}$$

C KEYWORD query

← → C Olocalhost:8087/keyword?kw=izmir&aggr=ALL&multivalue=0&es=RETURN_ALL&format=HTML

Keyword query for izmir. Query executed in 0,040 s.

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	Subject	Predicate	Object	Quality	Source named graphs
dbpi	edia:%C4%B0zmir	rdfs:label	<u>"Tzmir"</u>	0,88288	http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Feebase. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Feebaames. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Izmir/Finkedgeodata
dbp	edia%C4%B0zmir	<u>rdfsilabel</u>	<u>"Izmir,</u> <u>Turkey"</u>	0,18667	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/freebase
dbp	edia:%C4%B0zmir	<u>rdfs:label</u>	"İzmir"	0,51840	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia

Source graphs:

Named graph	Data source	Inserted at	Graph score	License
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia	http://dbpedia.org/page/%C4%B0zmir	2012-04-01 12:34:56.0	0.9	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/freebase	http://www.freebase.com/view/en/izmir	2012-04-02 12:34:56.0	0.8	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/geonames	http://sws.geonames.org/311046/	2012-04-03 12:34:56.0	0.8	
http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/linkedgeodata	http://linkedgeodata.org/page/node866131760	2012-04-04 12:34:56.0	0.8	

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() URE query

🗧 🔿 🕐 💿 localhost 8087,Ari/Ari=http%3A%2F%2Fdbped a. org%2Fresource%2F%25C4%25B02mir&aggr=ALL&multivalue=0&es=RETURN_ALL&paggr%5Bhttp%3A5 🏚 📢 🔧

URI query for <htp: dbpedia.org="" resource%c4%b0zmir="">.</htp:>	Query executed in 0,136 s.
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Subject	Predicate	Object	Quality	Source named graphs
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	dipedia-owl country	dbpediaTudory	0,90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/dbpedia
dbpedia%C4%B0znir	dopedia-owlpopulationTotal	2500603*	0,61480	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/geonames
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	dopedia-owlpopulationTotal	139000007	0,71480	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/dbpedia
dhpedia%24%B0anic	frebase location, geocode latitude	<u>*36 168152765747074*</u> ^*http://www.w3.org/2001/GMLSchema#double	0,73431	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/error, http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/geonames, http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/fice/base, http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/fice/base, http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/fice/dgeodata
dbpedia%C4%B0amir	freebase location, georode, longtitude	27.135718809814453* ^^http://www.w3.org/2001/52MLSchema#double		http://opendata.cz/uf/astructure/famir/freebase. http://opendata.cz/uf/astructure/famir/dopenda. http://opendata.cz/uf/astructure/famir/geonames. http://opendata.cz/uf/astructure/famir/fa/cedgeodata
dbpedia%C4%B0znir	http://www.georss.org/georss/point	<u>'38.4454908.27.1471614'</u>	0,90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/Enkedgeo.data
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	rdftype	dbpr:da-owl City	0,90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/dbpedia
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	rdftype	http://schema.org/City		http://opendata.cz/nfrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia. http://opendata.cz/nfrastructure/Izmir/freebase
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdftype	http://schema.org/Place	0,90000	http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Ezmir/dbpedia
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdftype	http://umbei.org/umbei/rc/Village	0,90000	http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Ezmir/dbpedia
dbpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdftype	http://www.geonames.org/ontology#Feature	0,20000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/geonames

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Second Quality Factor - Differences between Conflicting Values

- We use a metric *d* : *U* × *U* → [0, 1] for each type of values (numbers, strings, dates, ...).
- Different values reduce score increasingly with their distance and their scores (weighted average)).
- Can be turned off by the *multivalue* parameter.

$$q_2(v) = q_1(v) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n s(g_i)d(v, v_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n s(g_i)}\right)$$

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dbpedia%C4%B0mir	cdftype	dbpedia-owl City			http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Jamir/dbpedia			
dbprdia%C4%B0mir	rdftype	http://schema.org/City			http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Emir/dbpedia. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Emir/freebase			
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdftype	http://schema.org/Place	0	,90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Tamie/dbpecka			
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	rdftype	http://umbel.org/umbel/rc	Avidage 0	,90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Tamir/dbpedia			
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdftype	http://www.geonames.or	glontology#Feature 0	,80000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/geonames			
dbpedia%C4%P0mir	rdfriekei	<u>"Innis"</u>	c),83784	http://openslata.cz/sdrastouture/Jamie/dispecka. http://openslata.cz/sdrastouture/Jamie/deebase. http://openslata.cz/sdrastouture/Jamie/deebase. http://openslata.cz/sdrastouture/Jamie/deebase.auta.			
dbpedia%C4%B0anir	rdfstabel	"Imir, Turkey"	0),12613	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/freebase			
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdfstabel	"Snyma"	c),08649	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/geonames			
dbpedia%C4%B0mir	rdfilabel	<u>Imir</u>	c),72692	http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Tamir/dbpedia. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Tamir/freebase. http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Tamir/geonames			
dbpediaTurkey	rdfstabel	"Turkey"	c),90000	http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Turkey/dopedia			
freebase location geocode latitude	rdfstabel	"Latitude"	1	1,00000	http://odos.mff.cuni.cz/named/Graph/qe-test/property-labels			
freebase location geocode longtitude	rdfstabel	"Longtitude"	1	1,00000	http://odos.mff.cuni.cz/named/Graph/qe-test/property-labels			
owi same As	rdfslabel	IsameAs!	1	1,00000	http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#			
Source graphs								
Named graph	I	ata source	Inserted at 0	iraph s	core License			

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Third Quality Factor - Confirmation by Multiple Sources

- Agreement on a single value by multiple sources increases its value.
- Weighted by scores of the sources.

$$q_{3}(v) = q_{2}(v) + + (1 - q_{2}(v)) \cdot \min\left(\frac{-q_{1}(v) + \sum_{g \in agree(v)} s(g)}{C}, 1\right)$$

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0.92000 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Lzmir/dbpedia. dbprdia%C4%B0mir rdftype http://schema.org/City http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/freebase dboedia%C4%B0mir cdftype http://schema.org/Place 0.90000 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia dbpedia%C4%B0mir rdftype http://umbel.org/umbel/rc/Village 90000 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emis/dbpedia dboedia%C4%B0mir 0.80000 http://opendata.cz/mfrastructure/Emir/geonames rdftype http://www.geonames.org/ontology#Feature http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/dbpedia. 0.83784 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Lamir/freebase. dbpedia%C4%B0mir rdfs tabel "Izmir" http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Tamir/geonames. http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emis/Enloedgeo.data dbpedia%C4%B0mir rdfi label Iznir, Turkey" 0,12613 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Tamir/freebase dbpedia%C4%B0mir rdfi label Sugma' 08649 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/geonames http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/dbpedia. 0,72692 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Emir/freebase. dbordia%C4%B0mir rdfs label "Izmir" http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Izmir/geonames dbpedia/Turkey rdfi label Turkey" 0,90000 http://opendata.cz/infrastructure/Turkey/dopedia 1,00000 http://odcs.mff.cuni.cz/namedGraph/ge-test/property-labels freebase location geocode latitude rdfs iabel Latitude* 1,00000 http://odos.mff.cuni.cg/namedGraph/ge-test/property-labels freebase/location geocode longtitude rdfs label Longtitude' owisameAs 1,00000 http://www.w3.org/2002/07/ow# rdfs label "sameAs" Source graphs Named graph Data source Inserted at Graph score License 2012-04-01 12:34:56.0 0.9 http://opendata.com/frastructure/Izmin/dopedia http://dbpedia.org/page%/C4%B0zmir

URL query

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Computation of the Aggregate Quality - Summary

- The result $q(v) = q_3(v)$ is the aggregate quality.
- The second or the third step of the quality computation may be omitted when its use doesn/t make sense (e.g. CONCAT).

The quality satisfies the following constraints:

- ► If there is a named graph g asserting a non-conflicting value v, the aggregate quality (based just on the value v) should be at least s(g).
- q(v) is increasing with quality scores of source named graphs v was selected from or calculated from.
- q(v) is decreasing with difference of other values v_i ∈ V, taking their quality scores s(g_i) into consideration.
- If multiple sources agree on the same value, the aggregate quality is increased.

Other Interesting Features of the Data Aggregation Algorithm

Automatic translation of URIs:

- http://dbpedia.org/resource/Izmir VS. http://rdf.freebase.com/ns/en.izmir
- http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#long VS. http: //rdf.freebase.com/ns/location.geocode.longtitude

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- preference given implicitly
- Various aggregation methods BEST, AVG, conflict tolerating ALL
 - again URI translation

ODCleanStore - URI Query				
← → C ③ file:///H	:/COMPSAC/query-uri.html	삷	all.	2
ODCleanStore -	URI Query test			*
Server address:	http://dbpedia.org/ontology			
Searched URI:	http://dbpedia.org/resource/%C4%B0zmir			
Default aggregation:	ALL			
Default multivalue:	NO 💌			
Aggregation error strategy	RETURN_ALL -			
Property aggregation	http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#label AVG 🔹			
Property aggregation	http://dbpedia.org/ontology/populationTotal BEST 💌			
Property aggregation	http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#label MAX 💌			
Property multivalue	http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type YES 💌			
Property multivalue	NO 💌			
Property multivalue	NO 💌			
Output format:	HTML			
	Submit			
TErrory connect compact to the	source make over you have OD PlaceStere Engine survive			Ŧ

- → C ③ localhost:8087/uri?	un=http%5A%zr%zrabpedia.org%zrresou	irce%2F%25C4%25B0zmir&aggr=ALL&multiv.*	พ 🛄
RI query for <http: dbpedia.org="" reso<="" th=""><th>urce/%C4%B0zmir>. Query executed in 0,172</th><th>2 s.</th><th></th></http:>	urce/%C4%B0zmir>. Query executed in 0,172	2 s.	
Subject	Predicate	Object	Quality
lbpedia%C4%B0zmir	dbpedia-owl:country	dbpedia:Turkey	0,90000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	dbpedia-owl:populationTotal	<u>"3900000"</u>	0,71480
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	freebase location geocode.longtitude	<u>"27.135718809814453"</u> ^^http://www.w3.org/2001/XIML.Schema#double	0,82479
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	http://www.georss.org/georss/point	<u>"38.4454908 27.1471614"</u>	0,80000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdfitype	dbpedia-owl City	0,90000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdftype	http://schema.org/City	0,92000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdfitype	http://schema.org/Place	0,90000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdfitype	http://umbel.org/umbel/rc/Village	0,90000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdftype	http://www.geonames.org/ontology#Feature	0,80000
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	rdfslabel	"Izmir"	0,83784
bpedia%C4%B0zmir	geolat	"27.129" ^^http://www.w3.org/2001/XD/L.Schema#float	0,57804

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Experiments

> Data fusion execution times for various conflict resolution policies

Tabulka: DBpedia evaluation – Execution times

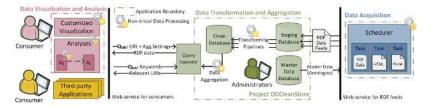
Triples	Conflict resolution	Multivalue	Time
100,000	ALL	no	1.75 s
100,000	ANY	no	1.02 s
100,000	ALL	yes	1.01 s
100,000	CONCAT	yes	0.96 s
100,000	ANY	yes	0.83 s

- Plus time for RDF store query
- Current prototype queries under 0.5 s even on larger dataset

Conclusions

Linked Data Framework

Data Aggregation - Data Fusion



Obrázek: Linked Data Framework

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Thank You!