

# CHEMISTRY

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### Supporting Information

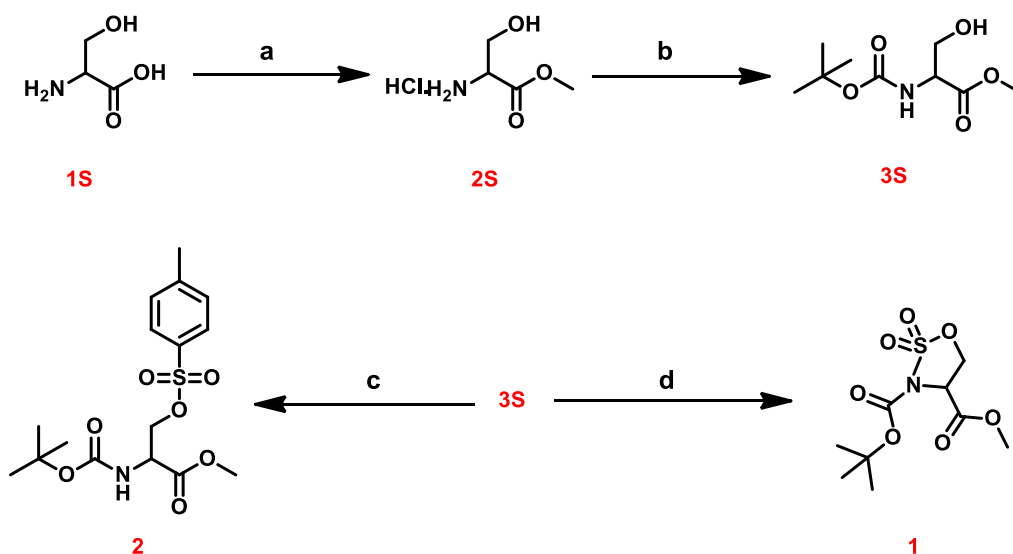
#### **Modelling the Inhibition of Selenoproteins by Small Molecules Using Cysteine and Selenocysteine Derivatives**

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chem\_201901363\_sm\_miscellaneous\_information.pdf

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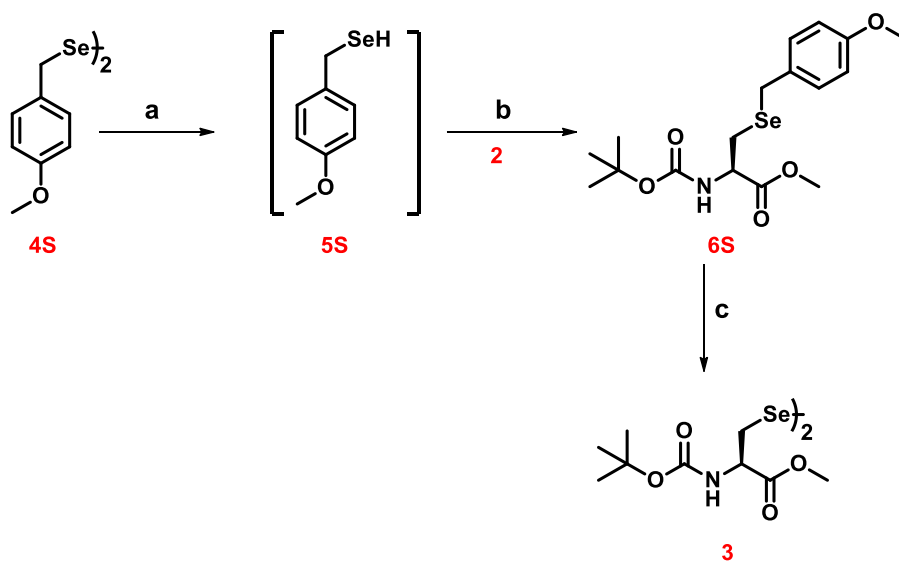
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**Scheme S1.** Synthetic route to starting materials **1** and **2** used for the synthesis of aryl cysteine and selenocysteine derivatives. a)  $\text{SOCl}_2$ , MeOH, reflux, 4 h, b) Boc anhydride, aqu.,  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , Dioxane, 27 °C, c) TsCl, Pyridine, 27 °C, d) i)  $\text{SOCl}_2$ , pyridine, dry ACN, -40 °C, 3 h, ii)  $\text{NaIO}_4$ ,  $\text{RuCl}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , ACN,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , 0 °C, 2 h.

Compound **1**<sup>[1]</sup>:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ),  $\delta$  (ppm): 1.55 (s, 9H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 4.68-4.71 (d, 1H), 4.77-4.83 (m, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ),  $\delta$  (ppm): 28.15, 53.91, 58.00, 68.18, 86.49, 148.45, 168.01.

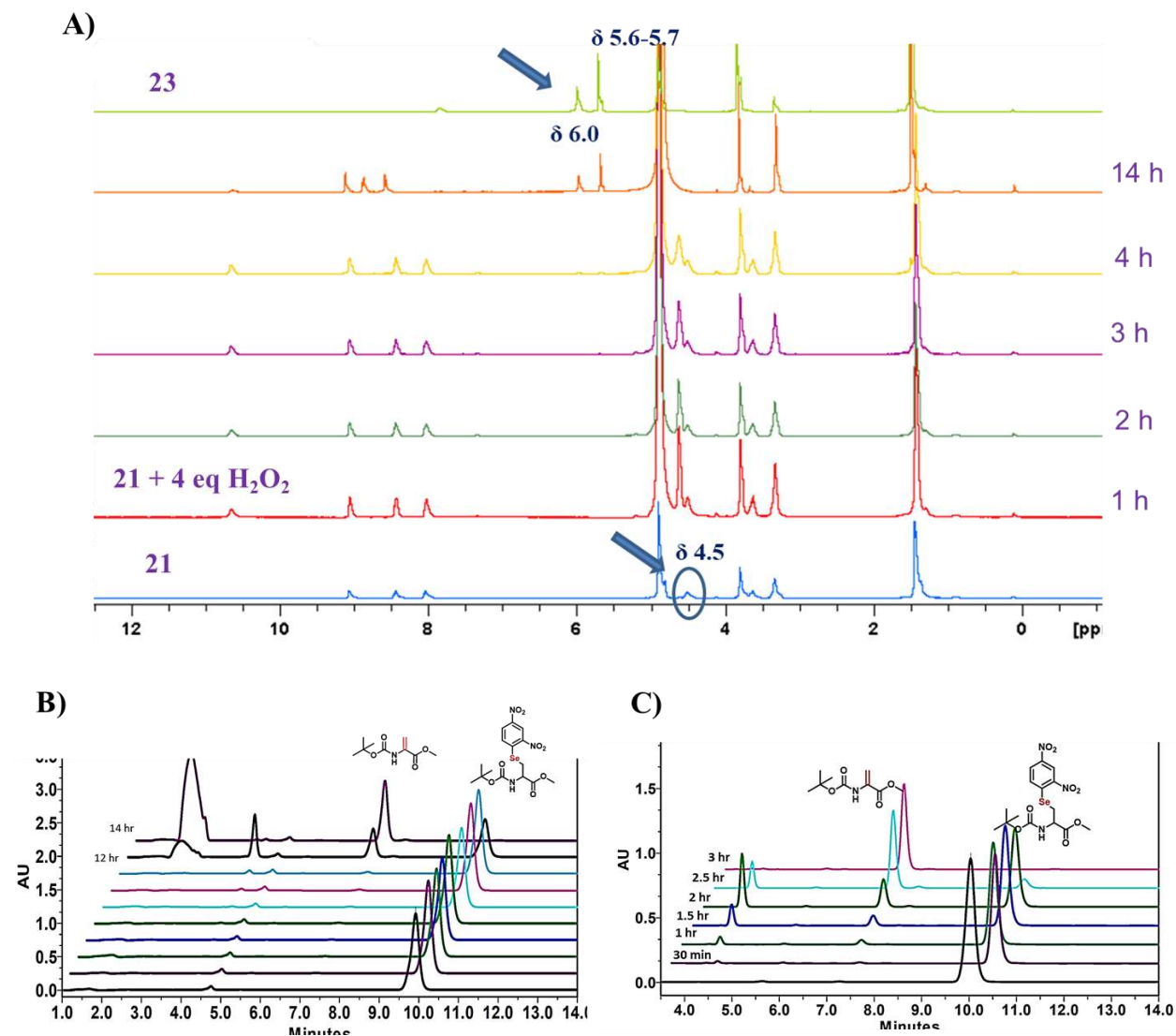
Compound **2**<sup>[2]</sup>:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ),  $\delta$  (ppm): 1.42 (s, 9H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 4.29 (dd, 1H), 4.40 (dd, 1H), 4.51 (dt, 1H), 5.32 (d, 1H), 7.36 (d, 2H), 7.76 (d, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): 21.6, 28.2, 52.85, 52.90, 69.5, 80.4, 128.0, 129.9, 132.3, 145.1, 154.9, 168.9.



**Scheme S2.** Synthetic route to protected selenocysteine(**3**) starting from *p*Mob diselenide and *o*-tosyl serine (**2**). a)  $\text{NaBH}_4$ , DMF, b) compound **2** in DMF, c)  $\text{I}_2$  in MeOH &  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

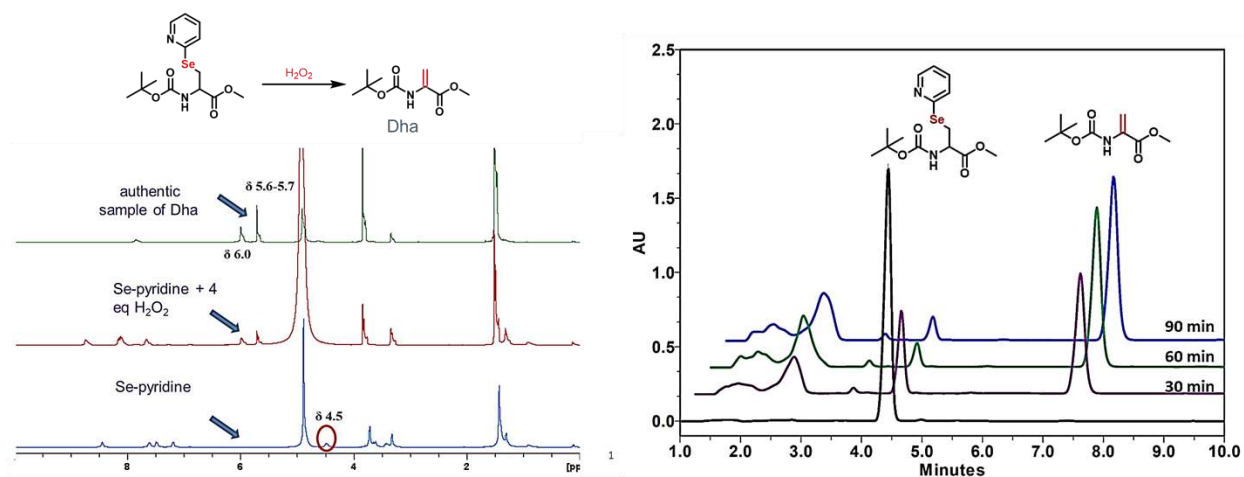
Compound **3**<sup>[3]</sup>: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ (ppm): 1.43 (s, 9H), 3.35-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.58-4.63 (m, 1H), 5.38-5.40 (bd, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 28.77, 32.81, 53.05, 54.14, 80.72, 155.48, 171.73; <sup>77</sup>Se NMR (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>), δ (ppm): 295.8.

All these values are matching with literature values.

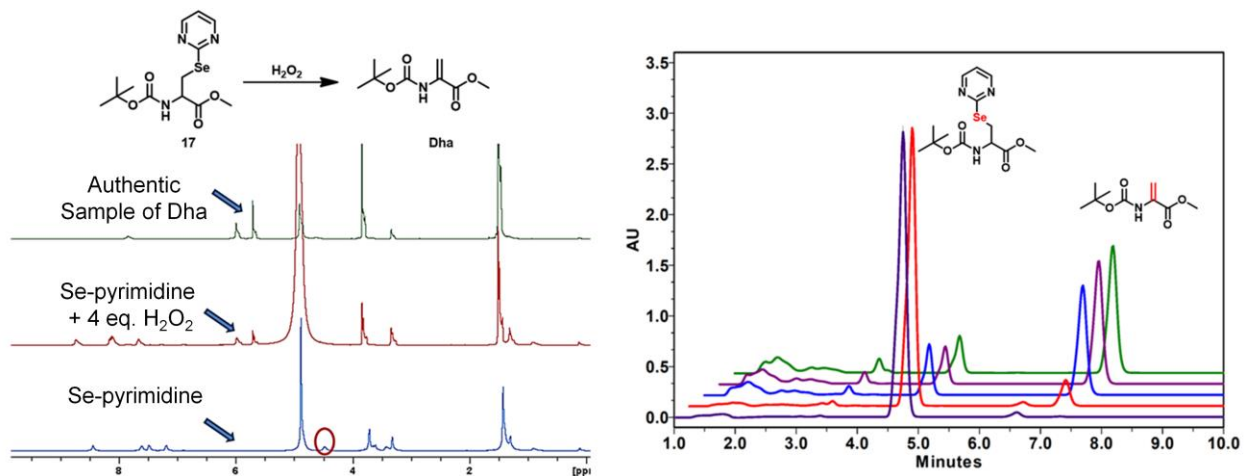


**Figure S1.** A) <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **21** after incubating with H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and its comparison with authentic sample of **23**. B) HPLC chromatogram obtained for the reaction of **21** with 4 equiv. of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. C) HPLC chromatogram obtained for the reaction of **21** with 10 equiv., of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>.

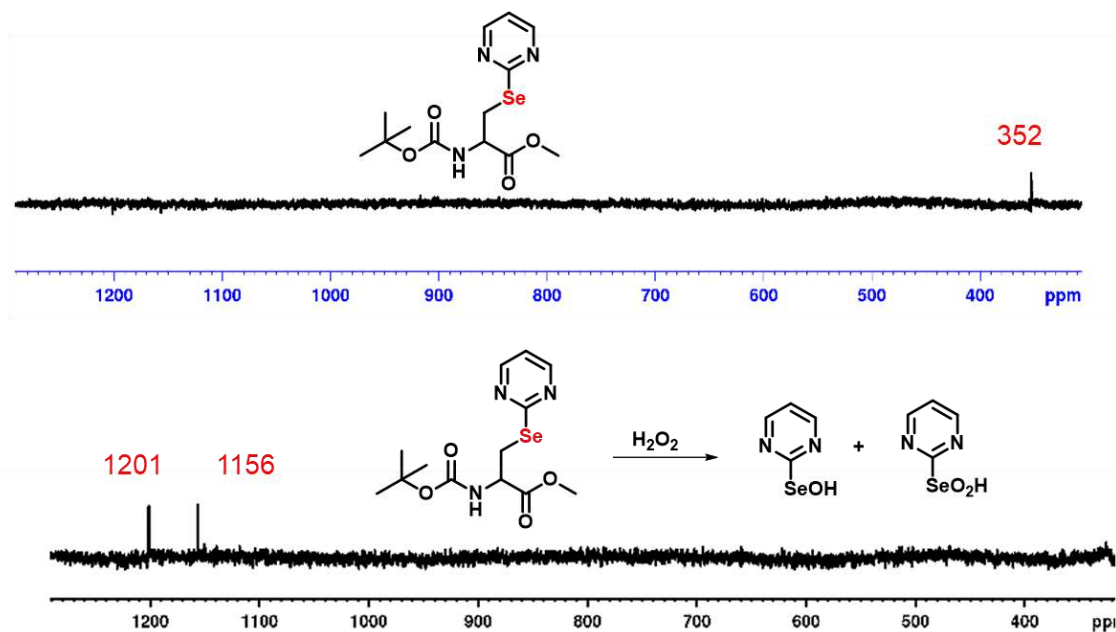
A)



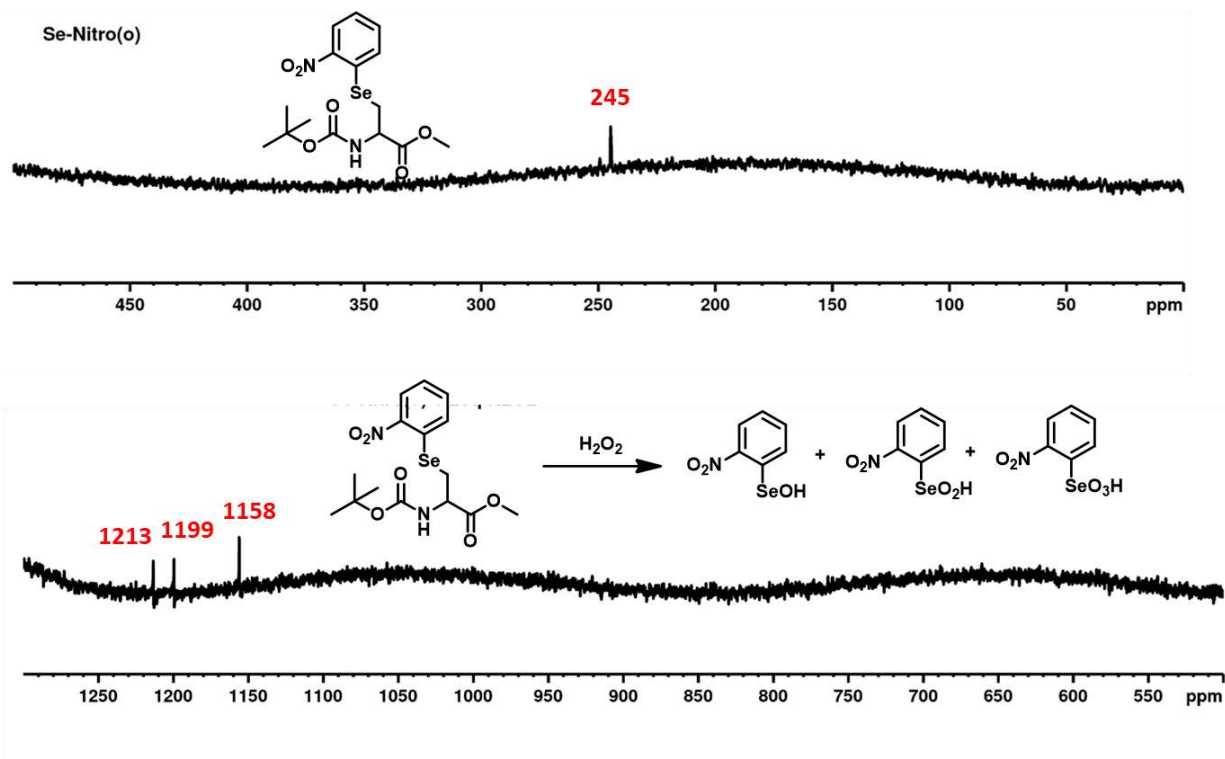
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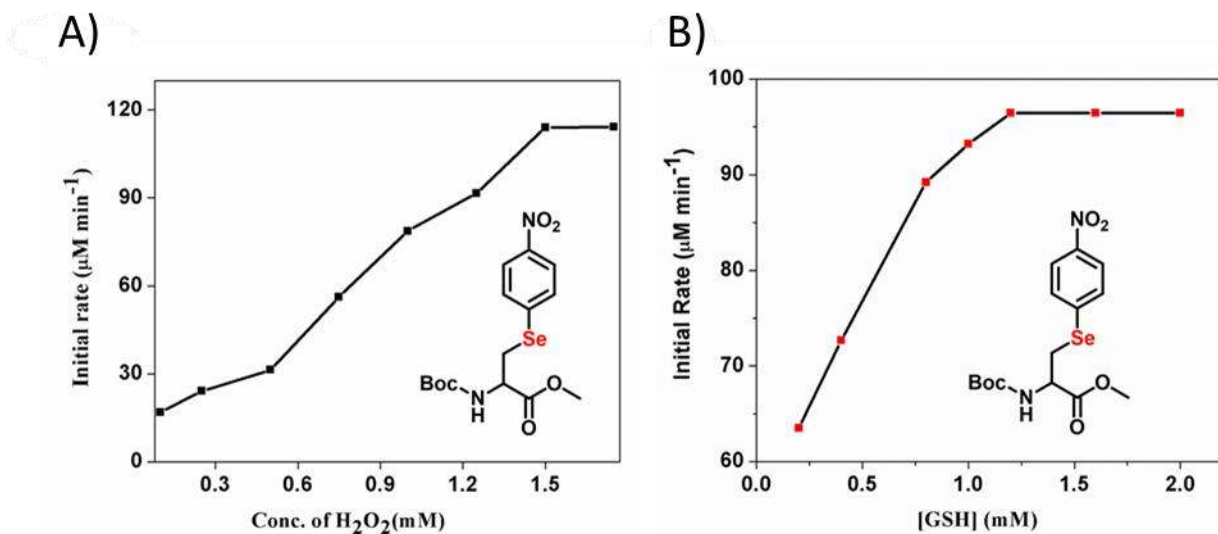
**Figure S2.** A)  $^1H$  NMR spectrum of **17** after incubating with  $H_2O_2$  and HPLC chromatogram obtained for the reaction of **17** with 4 equiv. of  $H_2O_2$  indicating the formation of Dha. B)  $^1H$  NMR spectrum of **18** after incubating with  $H_2O_2$  and HPLC chromatogram obtained for the reaction of **18** with 4 equiv., of  $H_2O_2$ , indicating the formation of Dha.



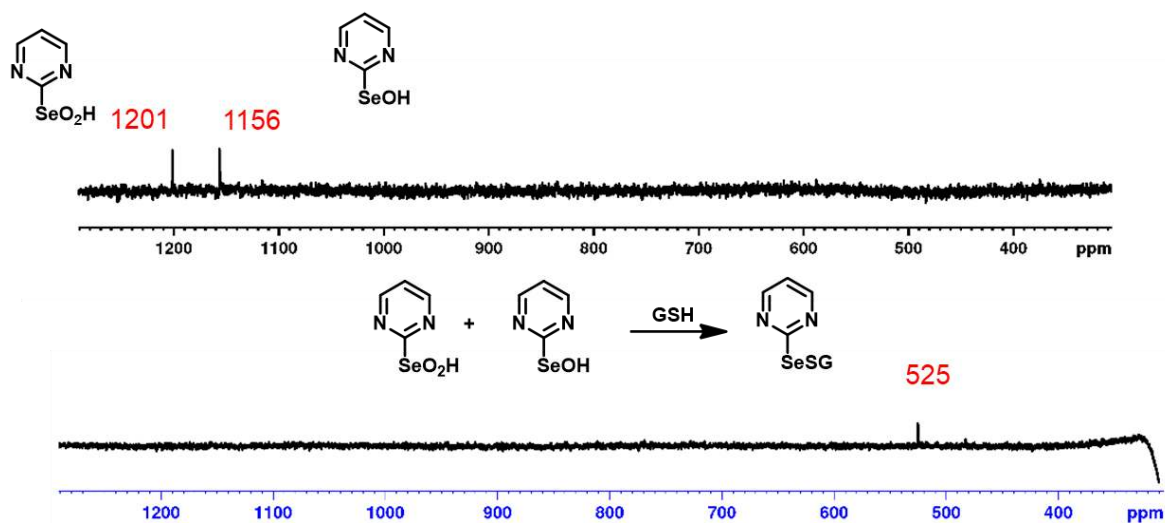
**Figure S3.**  $^{77}\text{Se}$  spectrum obtained for the reaction of **18** with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , indicating the generation of selenenic acid **31** and seleninic acid **43**.



**Figure S4.**  $^{77}\text{Se}$  spectrum obtained for the reaction of **19** with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , indicating the generation of selenenic acid **32**, seleninic acid **44** and selenonic acid **50**.



**Figure S5.** (A) Effect of hydrogen peroxide concentration on the initial rate for compound **20**. Phosphate buffer, 2mM GSH, 0.4 mM of NADPH, 1.74 U GR, 0.1 mM of compound and 0.1 mM to 1.5 mM of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. (B) Effect of GSH concentration on the initial rate for compound **20**. Phosphate buffer, 0.2 mM to 2 mM GSH, 0.4 mM of NADPH, 1.74 U GR, 0.1 mM of compound and 1.5 mM of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S6.** <sup>77</sup>Se spectrum obtained for the reaction of **18** with H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, indicating the generation of selenenic acid **31** and seleninic acid **43**. The subsequent reaction with GSH to produces the selenenyl sulphide **54**.

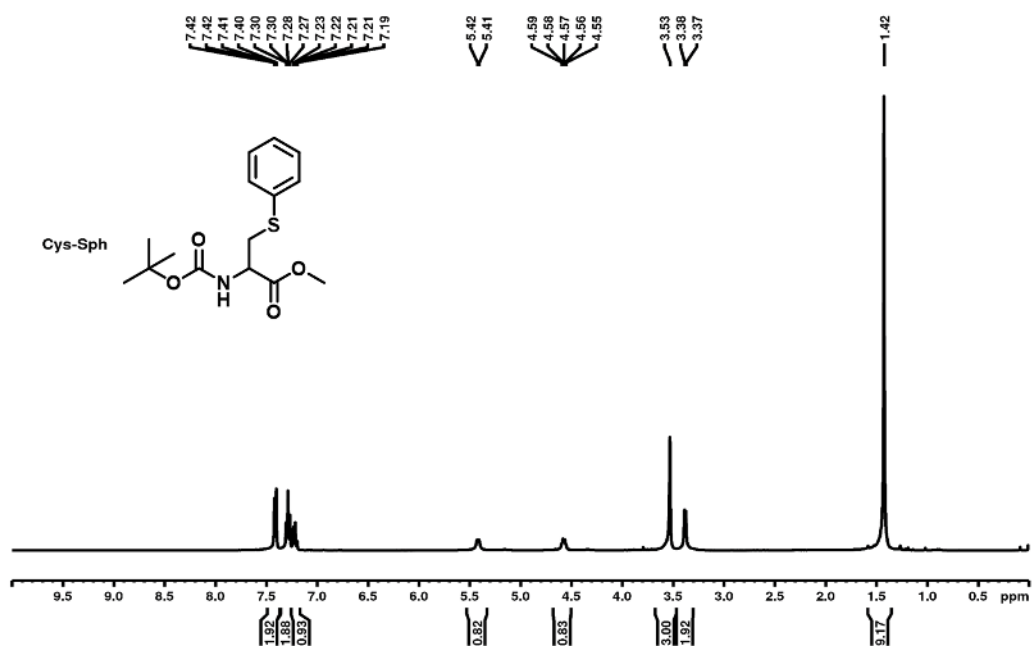


Figure S7. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 7.

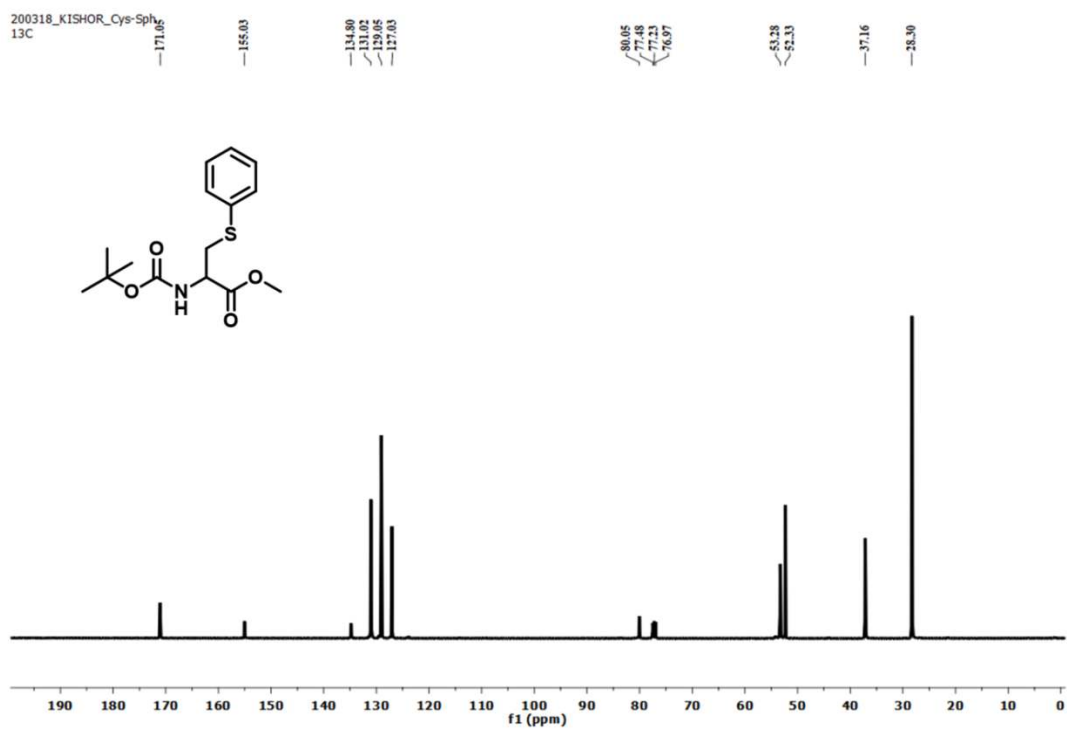


Figure S8. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 7.



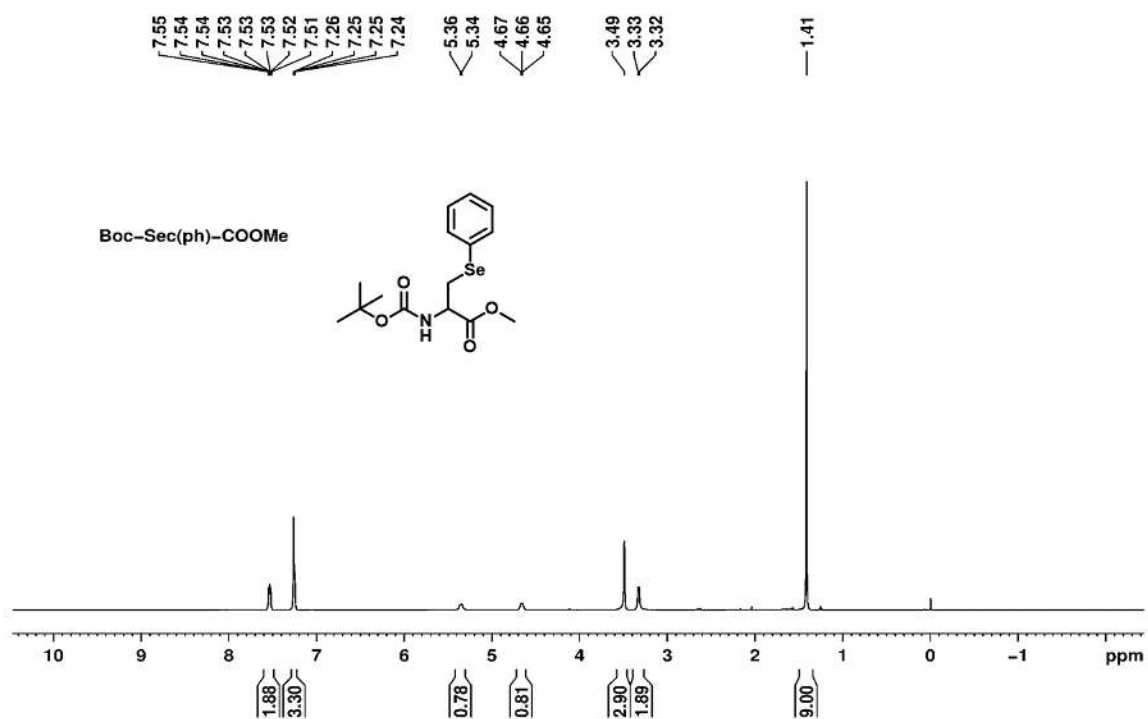


Figure S9.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound **22**.

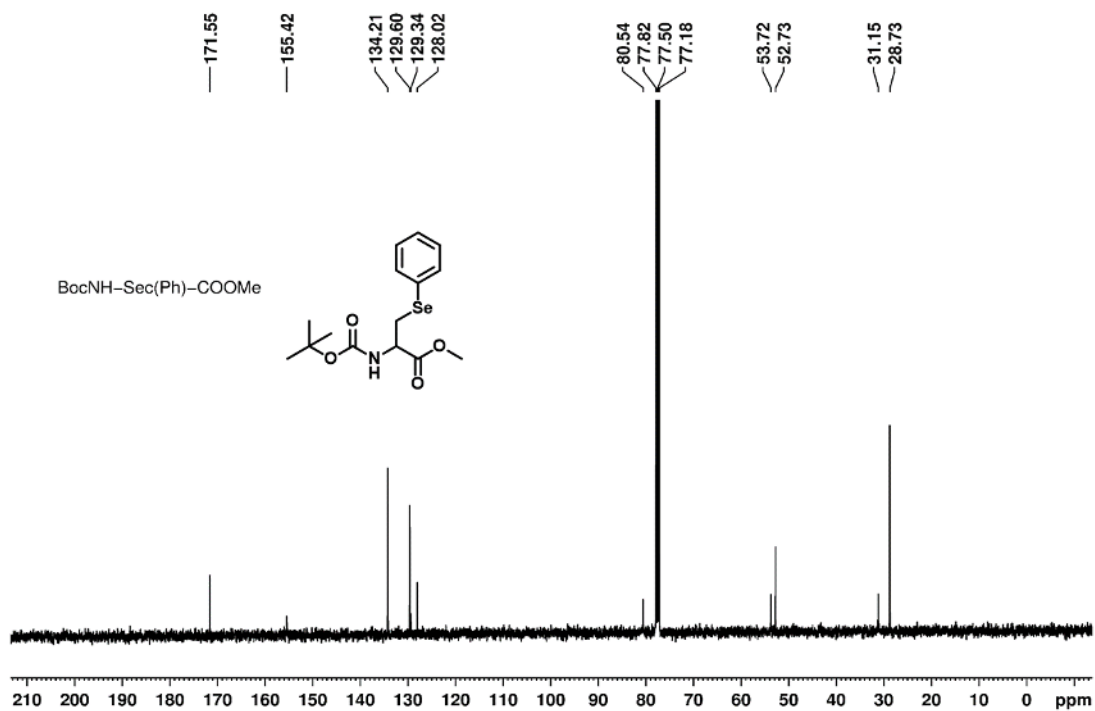


Figure S10.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound **22**.

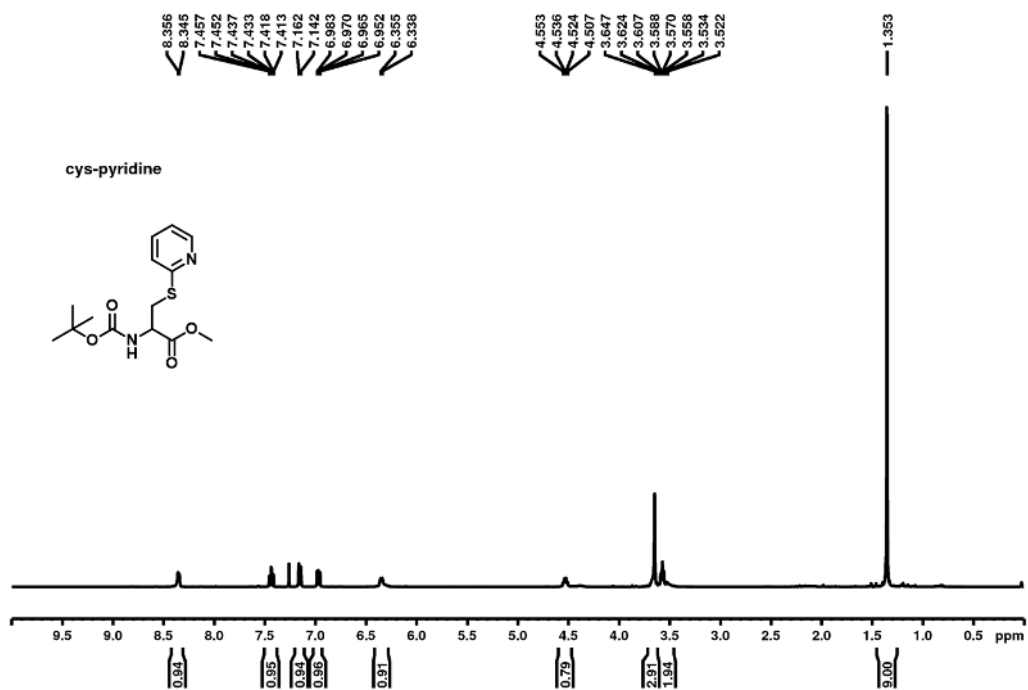


Figure S11.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound **8**.

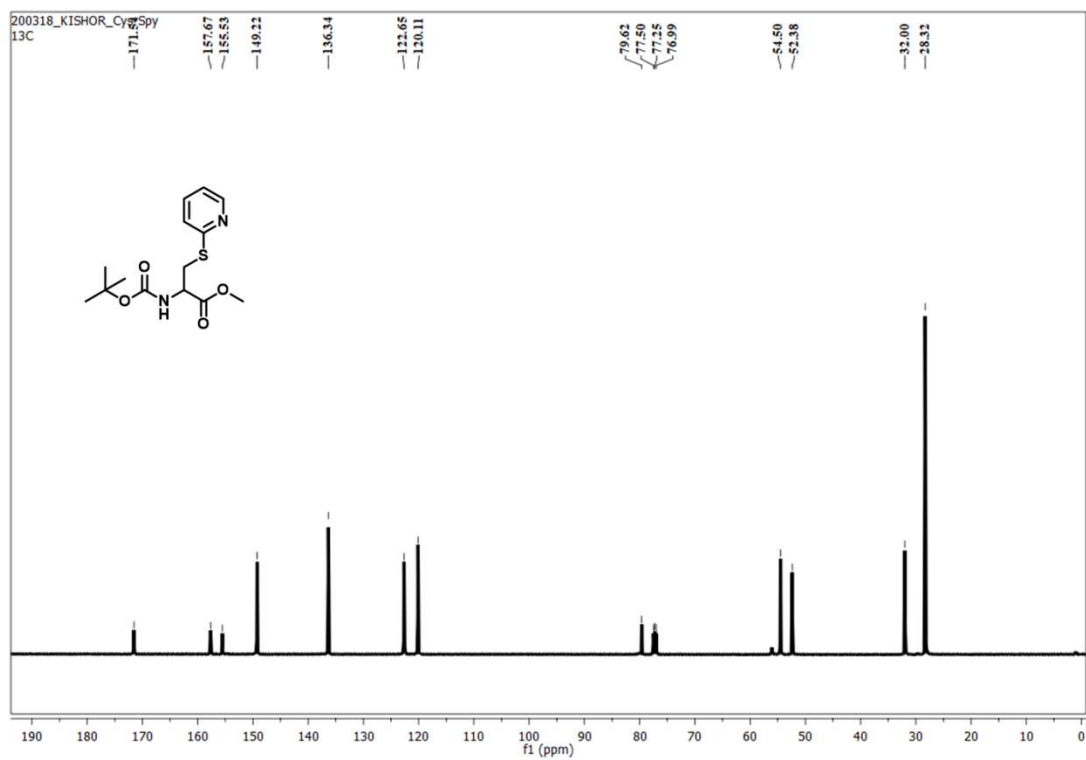


Figure S12.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound **8**.

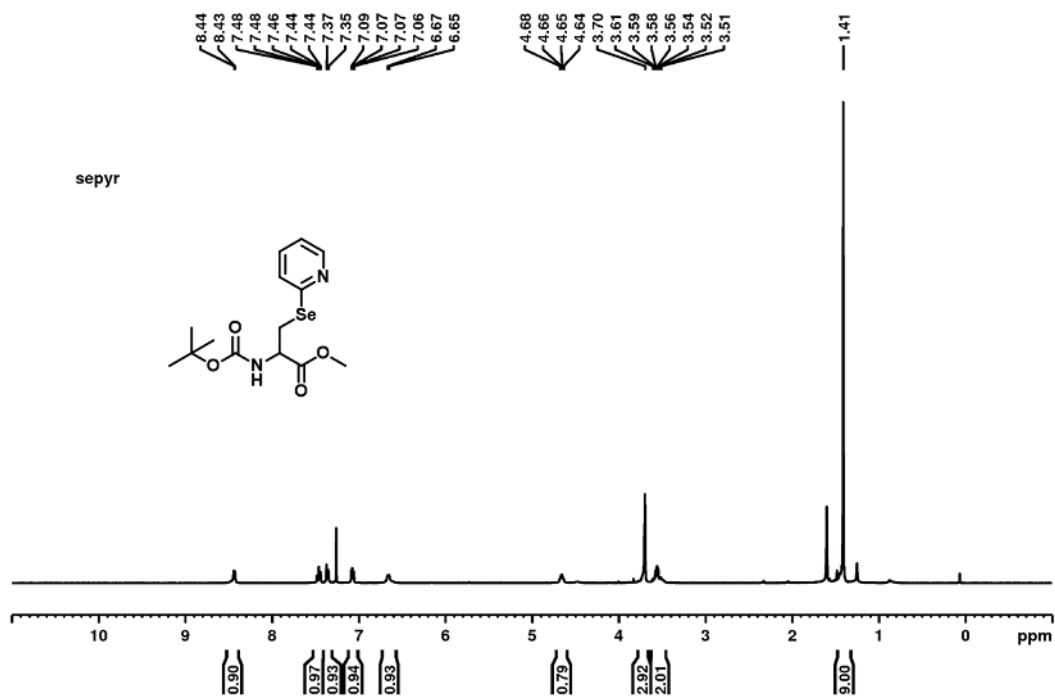


Figure S13. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 17.

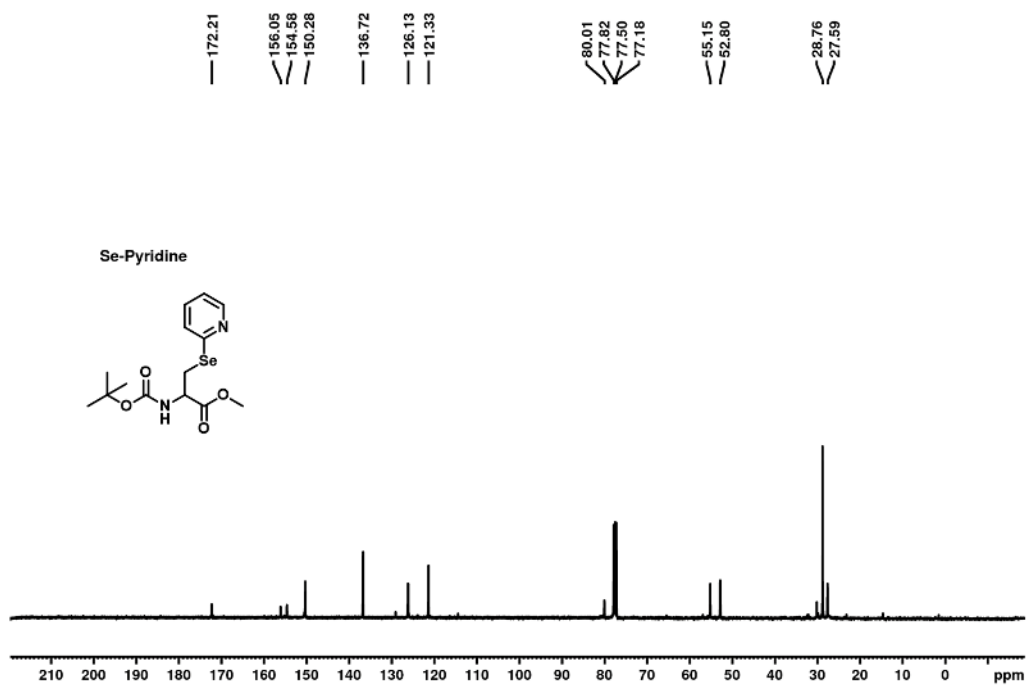


Figure S14. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 17.

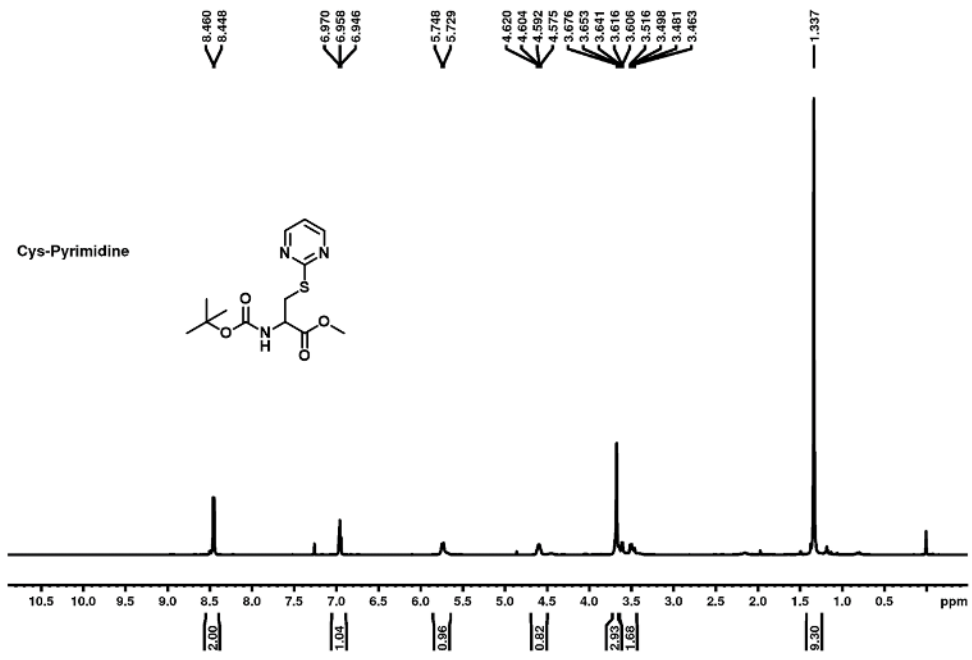


Figure S15. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 9.

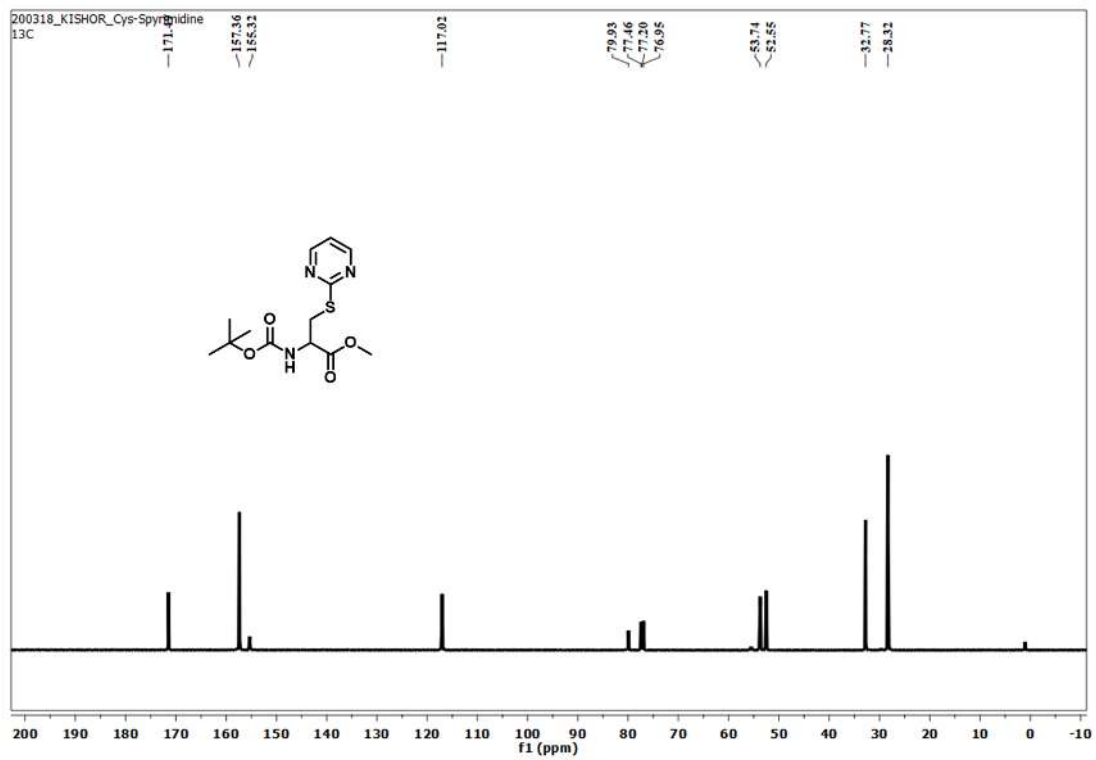


Figure S16. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 9.

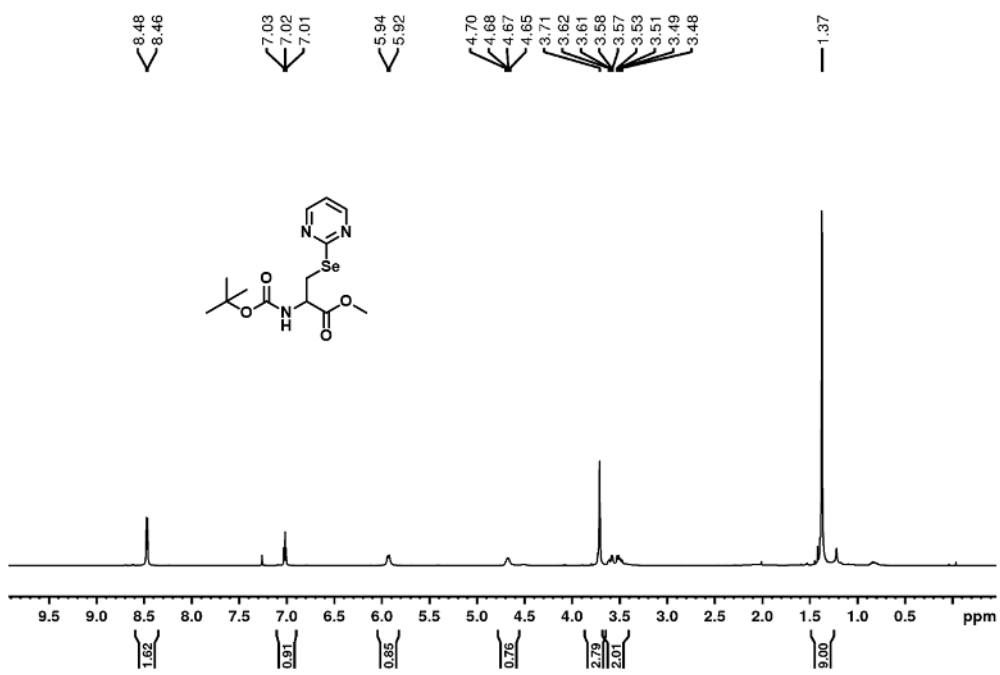


Figure S17. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 18.

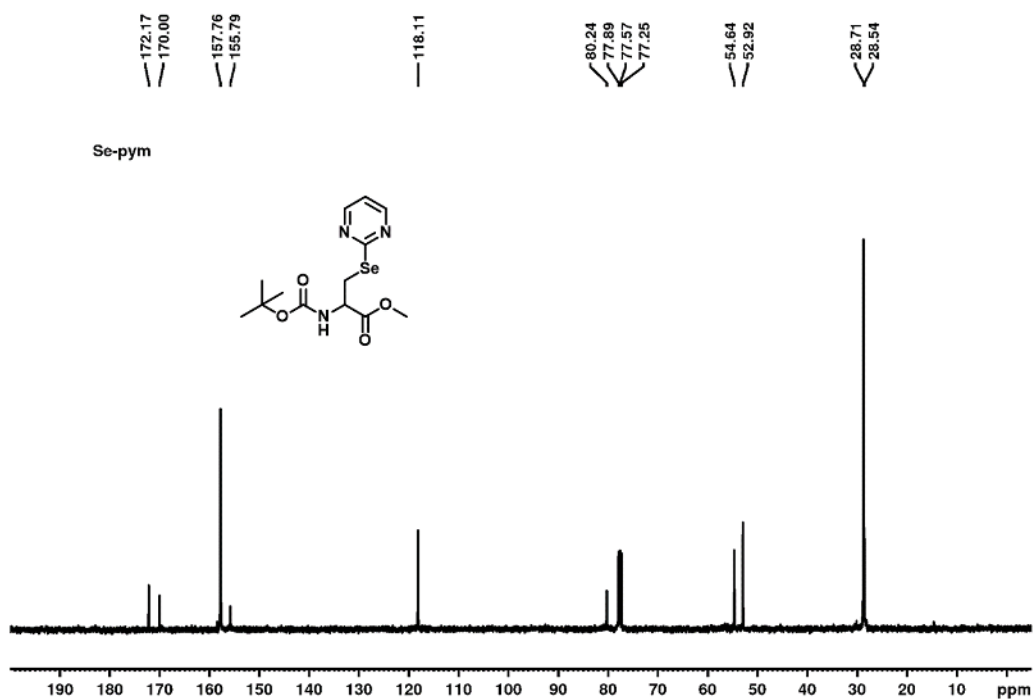


Figure S18. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 18.

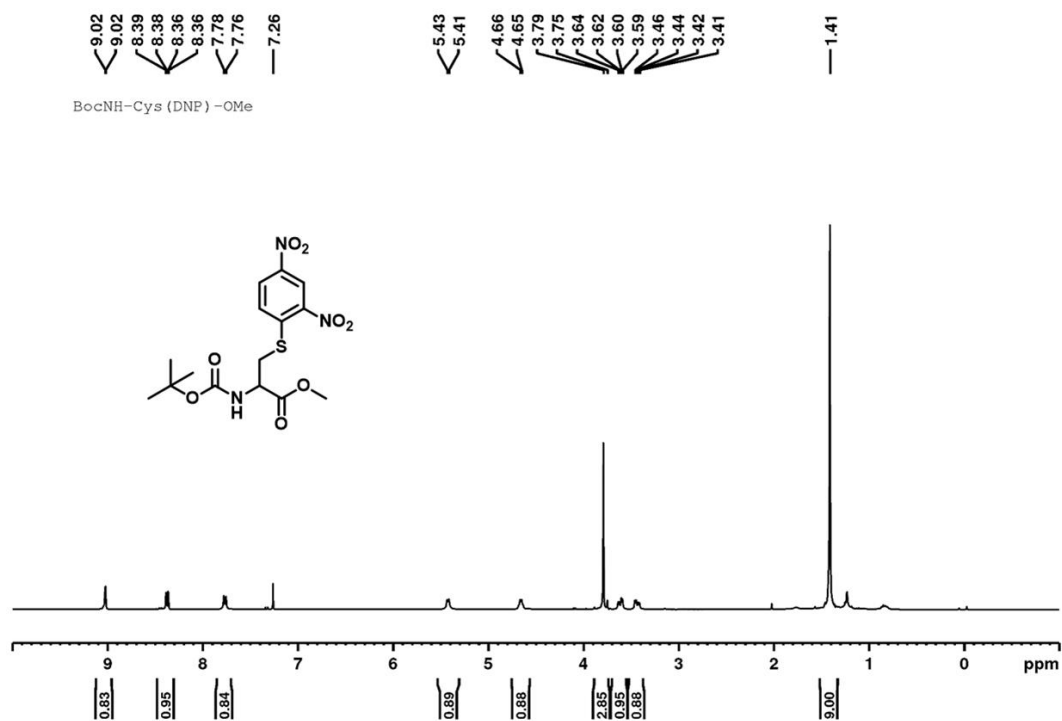


Figure S19. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **11**.

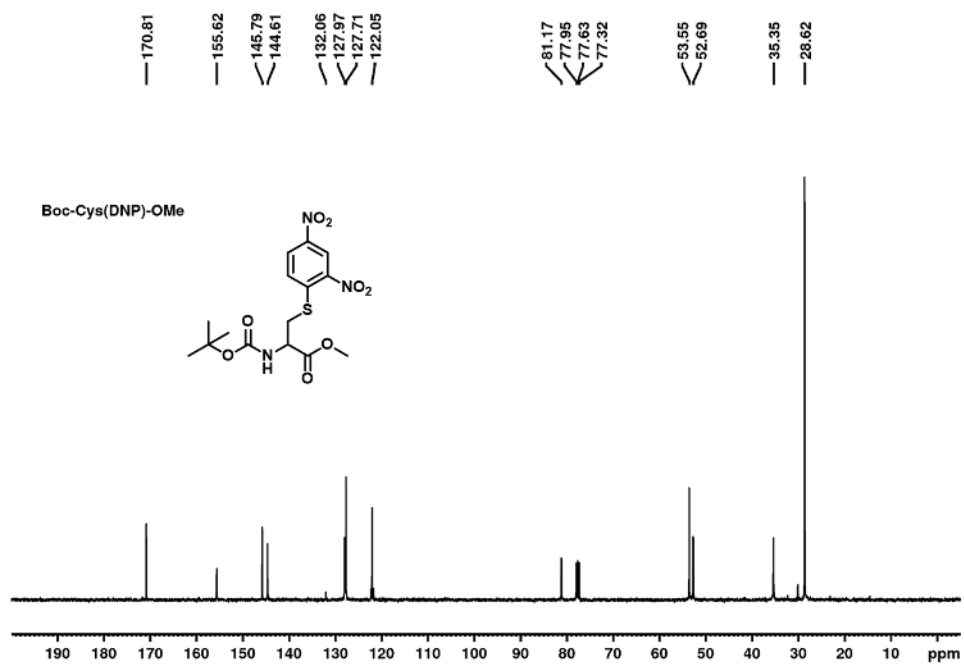


Figure S20. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **11**.

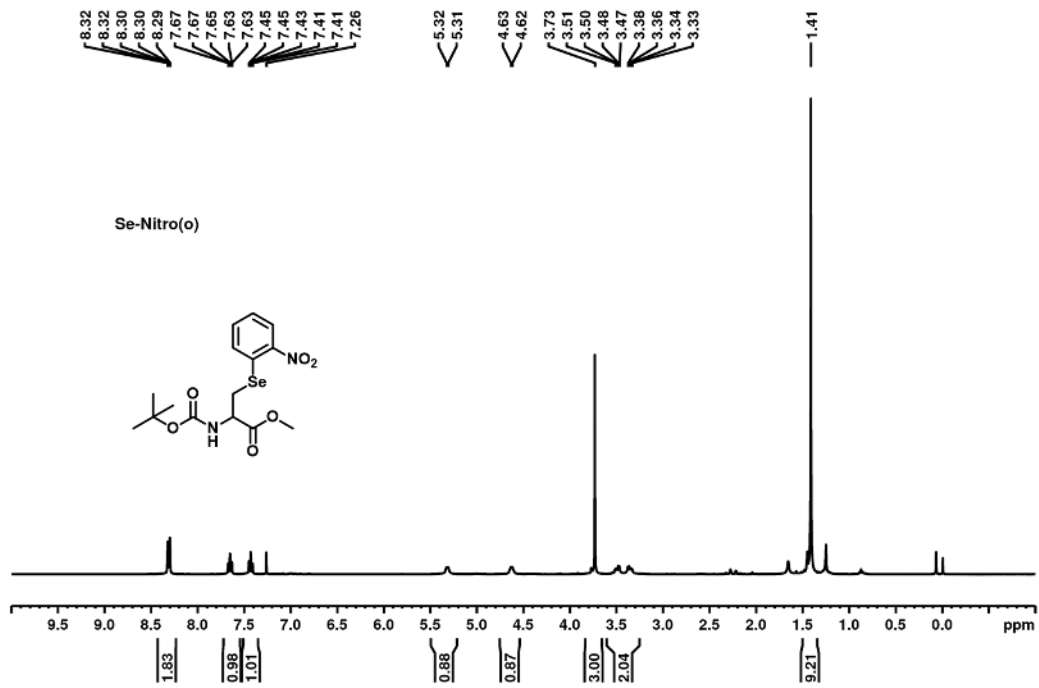


Figure S21.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound 19.

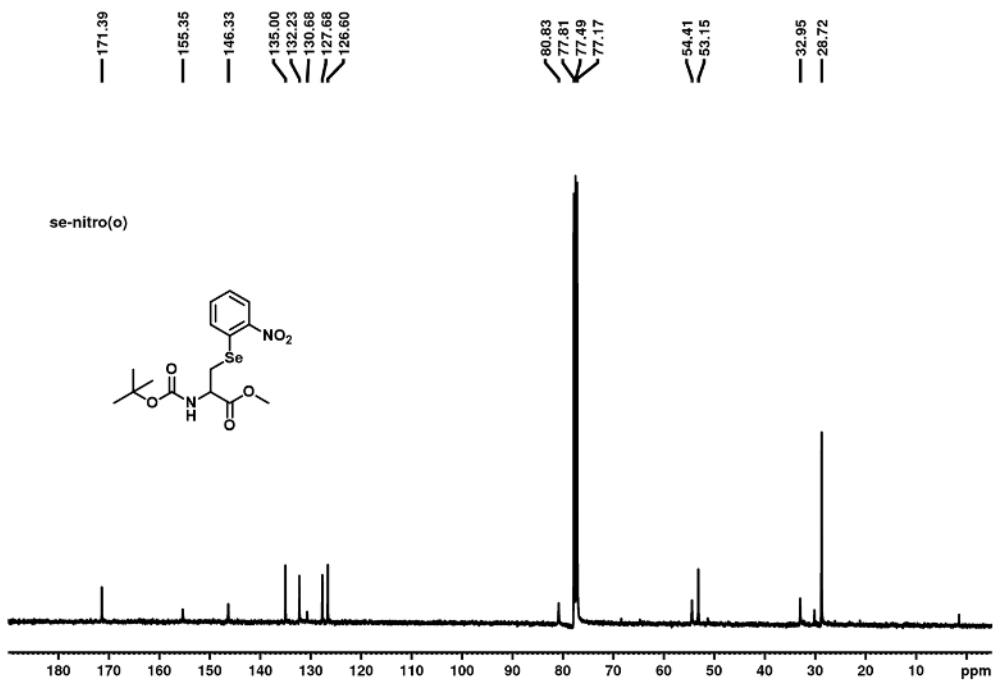


Figure S22.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of compound 19.

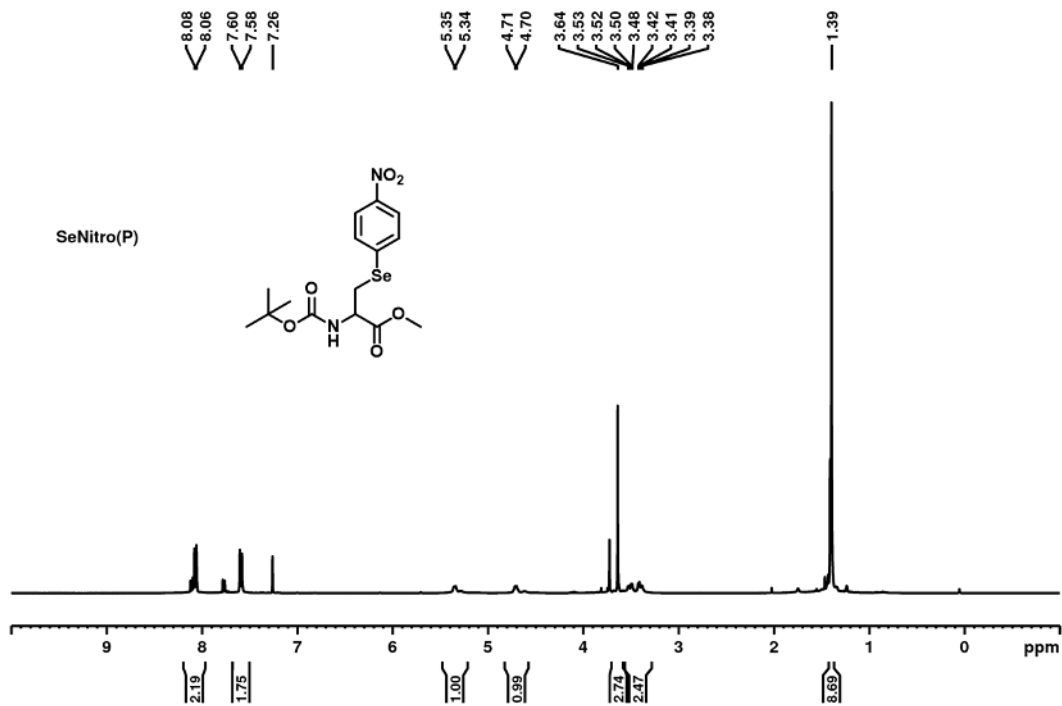


Figure S23. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 20.

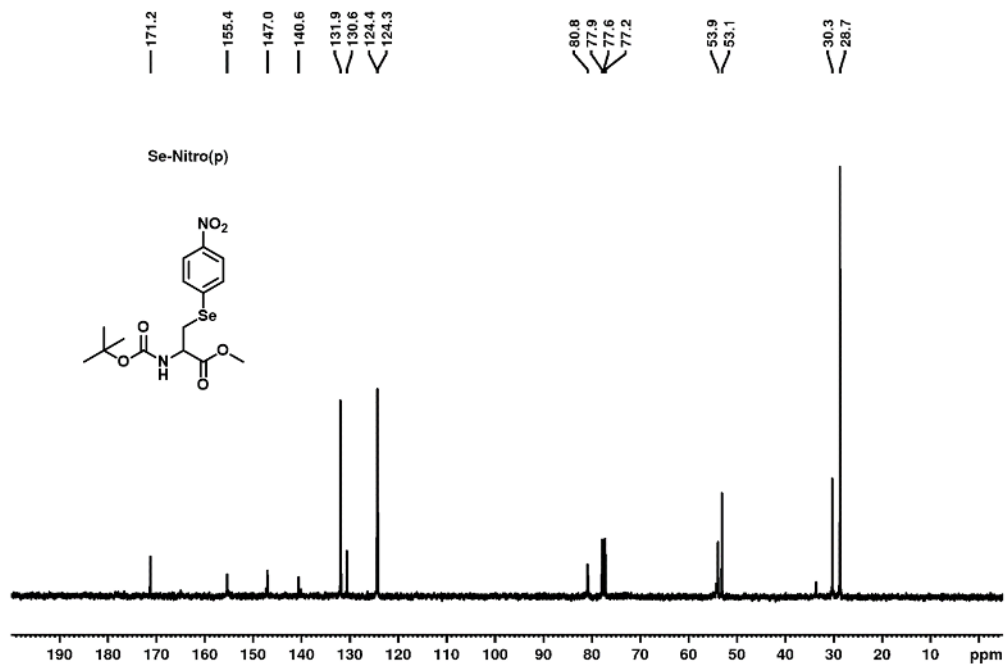
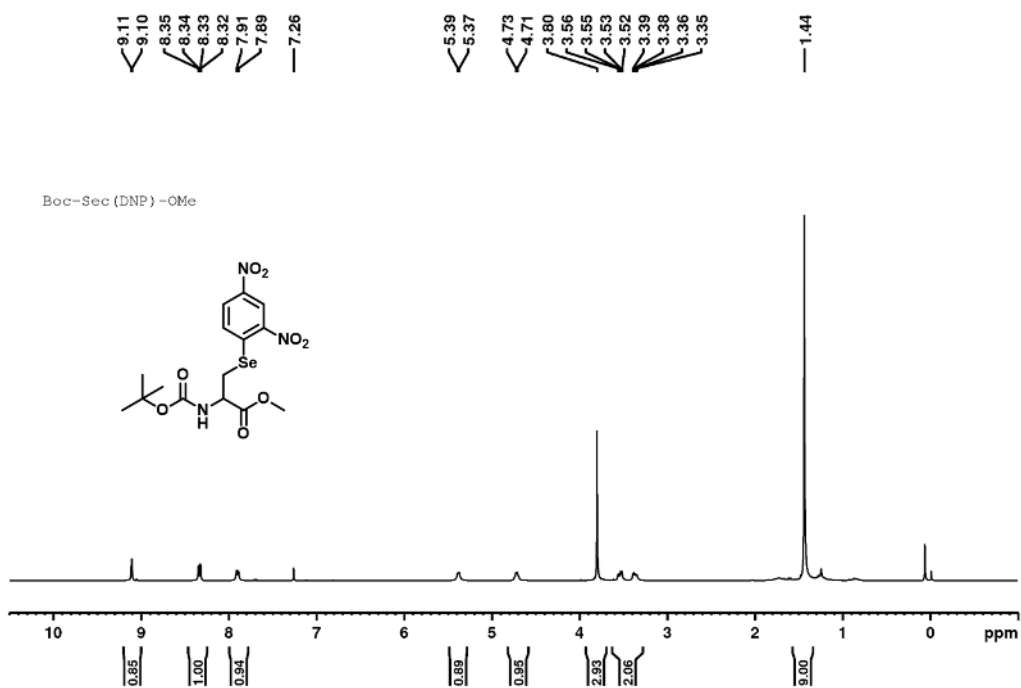
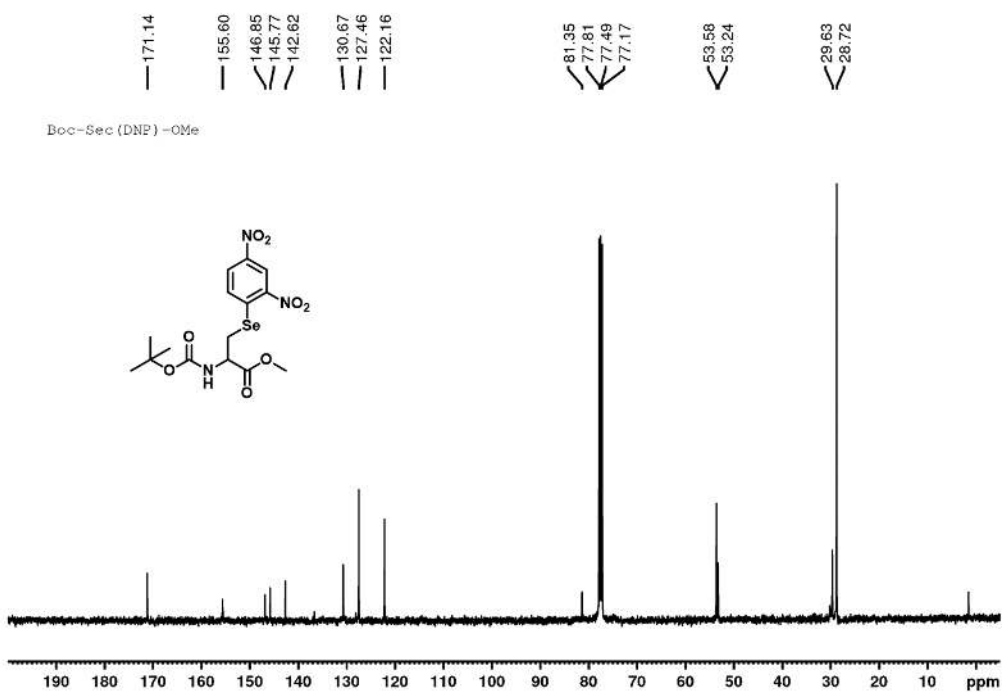


Figure S24. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 20.





**Figure S25.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **21**.



**Figure S26.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum (100.56 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **21**.

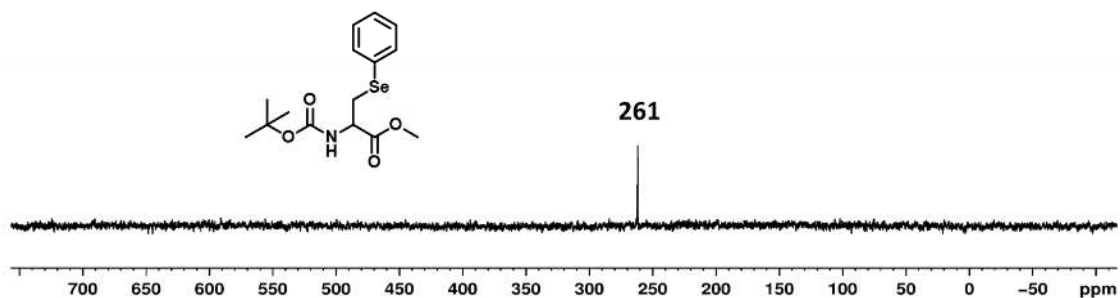


Figure S27. <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectrum (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 22.

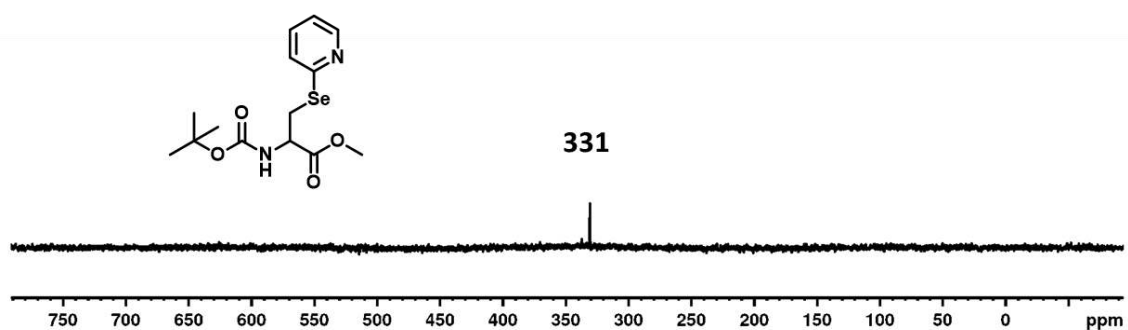


Figure S28. <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectrum (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 17.

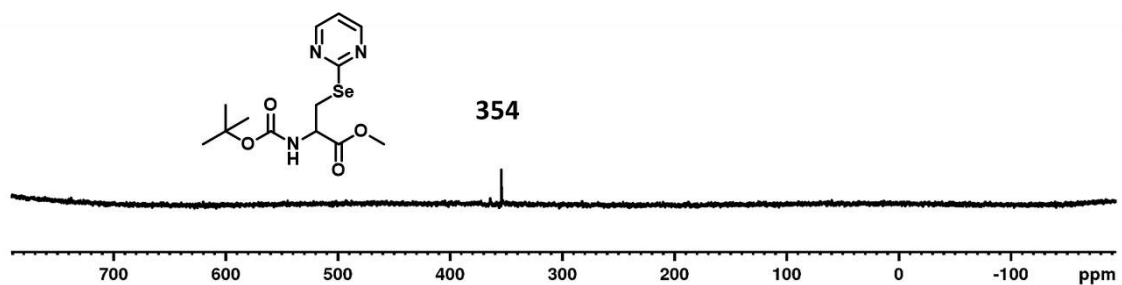
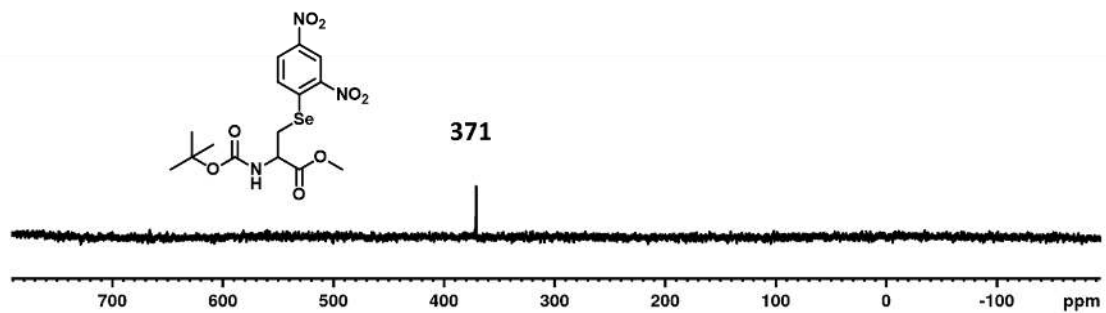
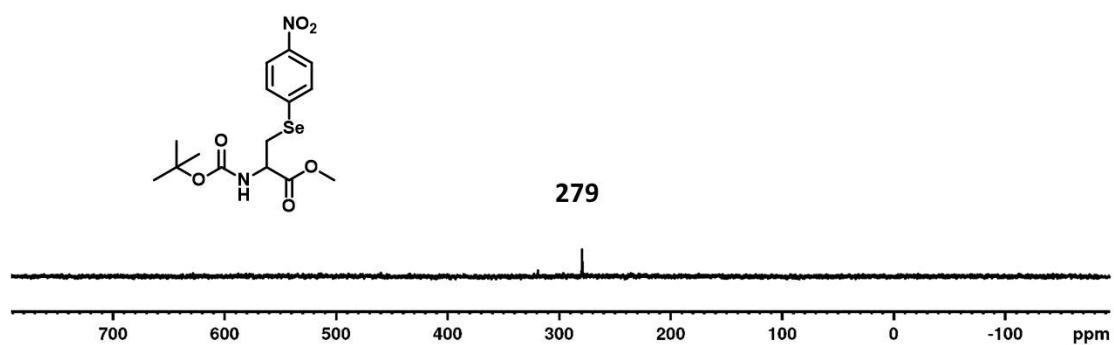


Figure S29. <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectrum (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound 18.



**Figure S30.** <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectrum (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **21**.



**Figure S31.** <sup>77</sup>Se NMR spectrum (76.29 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) of compound **20**.

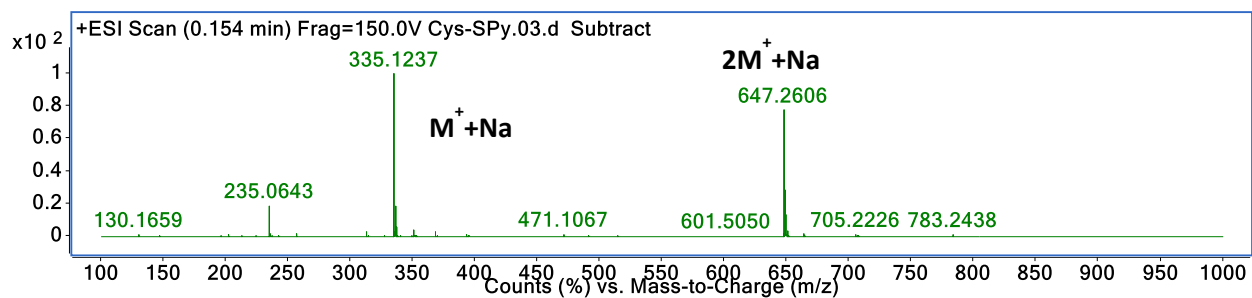


Figure S32. ESI-MS data of compound 8.

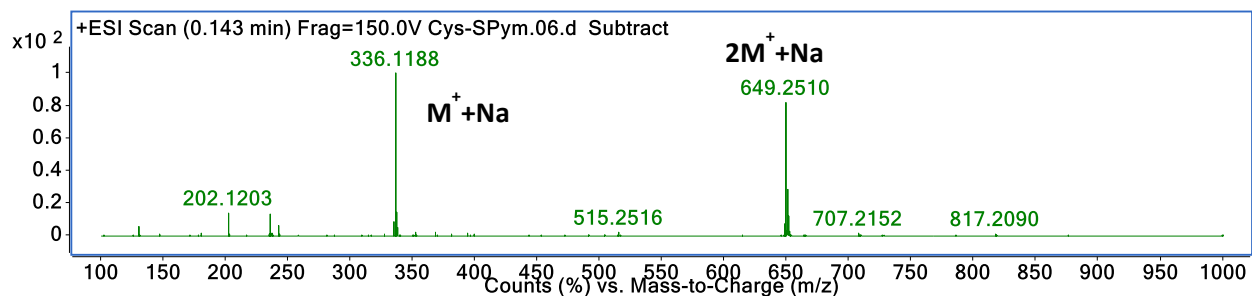


Figure S33. ESI-MS data of compound 9.

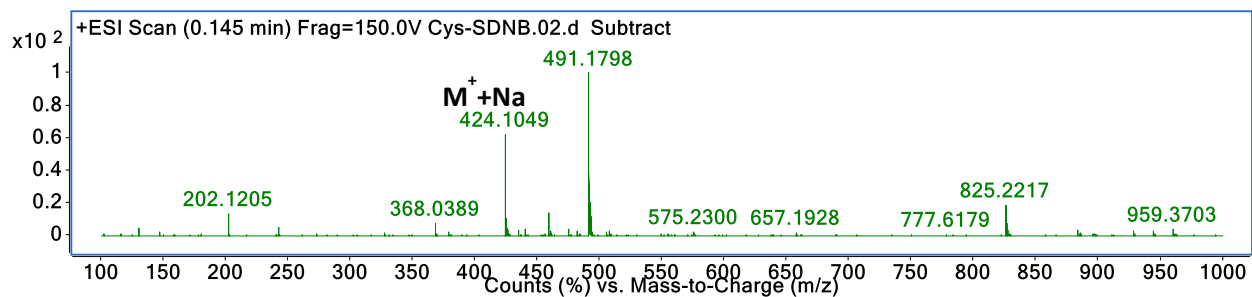


Figure S34. ESI-MS data of compound 11 [BocNH-Cys(DNB)-OMe]

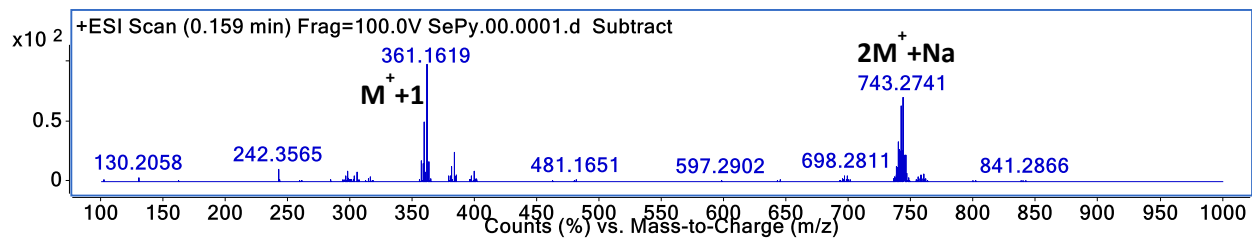
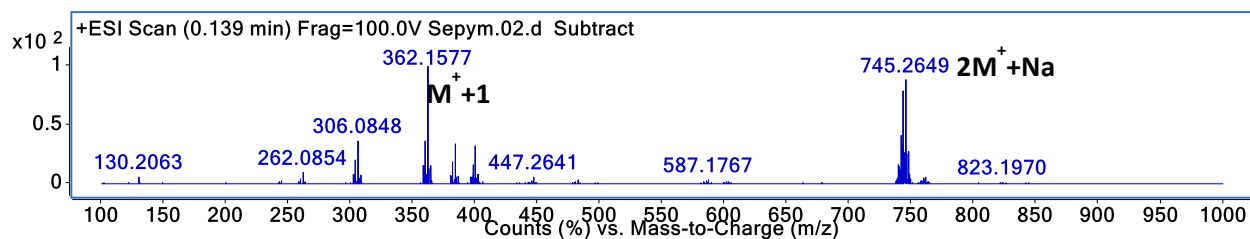
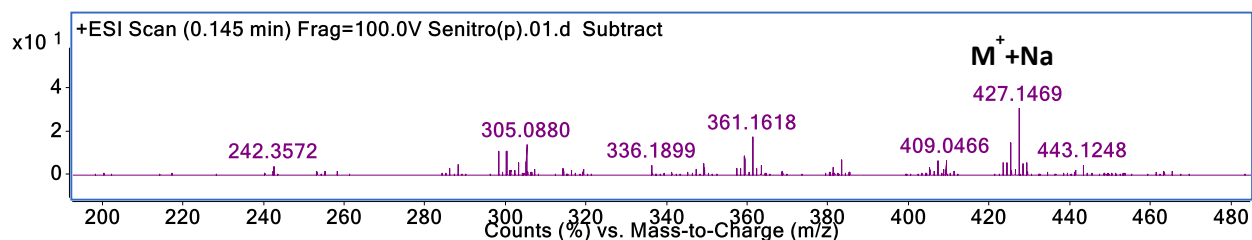


Figure S35. ESI-MS data of compound 17.



**Figure S36.** ESI-MS data of compound **18**.



**Figure S37.** ESI-MS data of compound **20**.

## References:

1. (a) J. F. Bower, J. Švenda, A. J. Williams, J. P. H. Charmant, R. M. Lawrence, P. Szeto, and T. Gallagher, *Org. Lett.*, **2004**, *6*, 4727; (b) N.B. R. Baig, R. N. Chandrakala, V. S. Sudhir and S. Chandrasekaran, *J. Org. Chem.*, **2010**, *75*, 2910; (c) V. S. Sudhir, N.Y. Phani Kumar, N. R. B. Baig and S. Chandrasekaran, *J. Org. Chem.*, **2009**, *74*, 7588.
2. (a) J. Roy, W. Gordon, I. L. Schwartz and R. Walter, *J. Org. Chem.*, **1970**, *35*, 510. (b) L. A. Pete Silks, III, *Phosphorus, Sulfur and Silicon*, **1998**, *136, 137&138*, 611; (c) N. L. Brock, A. Nikolay and J. S. Dickschat, *Chem. Commun.*, **2014**, *50*, 5487.
3. (a) M. D. Gieselman, L. Xie, and W. A. van der Donk, *Org. Lett.*, **2001**, *3*, 1331. (b) Y. A. Lin, J. M. Chalker, and B. G. Davis, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2010**, *132*, 16805.