

# New Control of PV Solar Farm as STATCOM (PV-STATCOM) for Increasing Grid Power Transmission Limits During Night and Day

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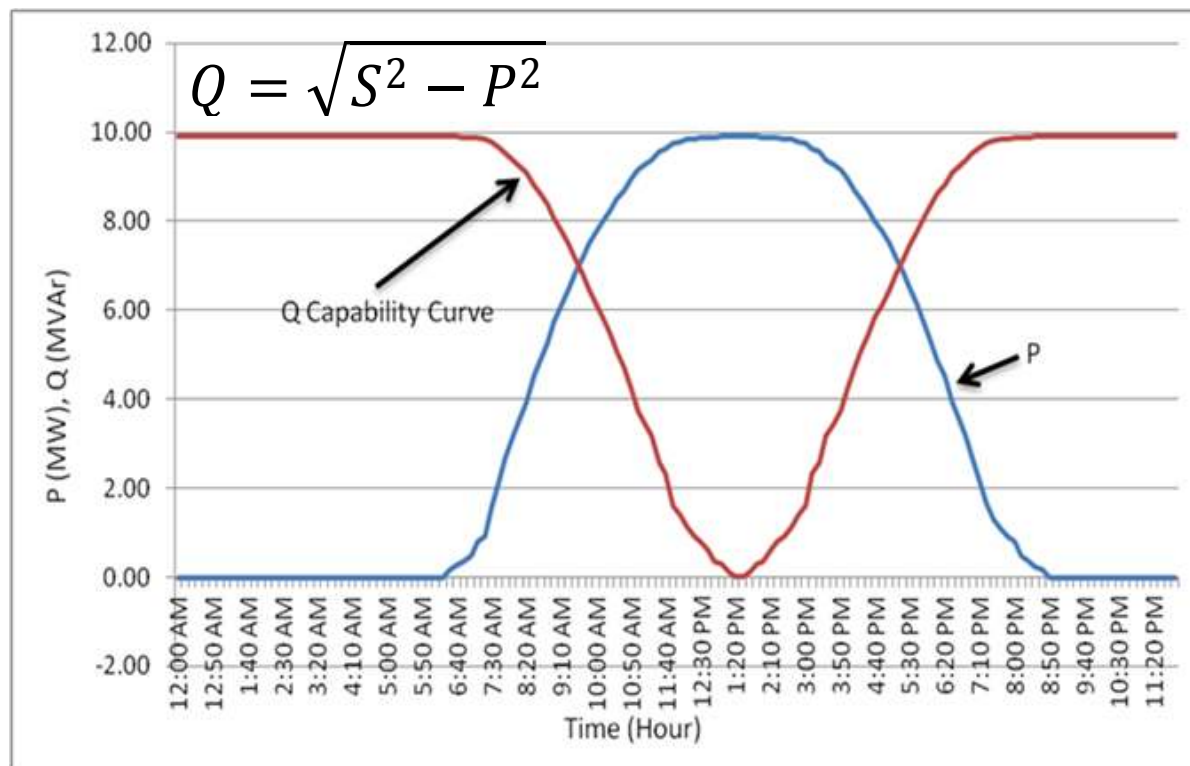
Bluewater Power Corporation  
Sarnia, ON, CANADA

## *Novel Concept*

# Utilization of PV Solar Farm in Night and Day as STATCOM!

**Termed as PV-STATCOM**  
patent pending

# Concept of Control: PV Solar Farm Inverter as STATCOM



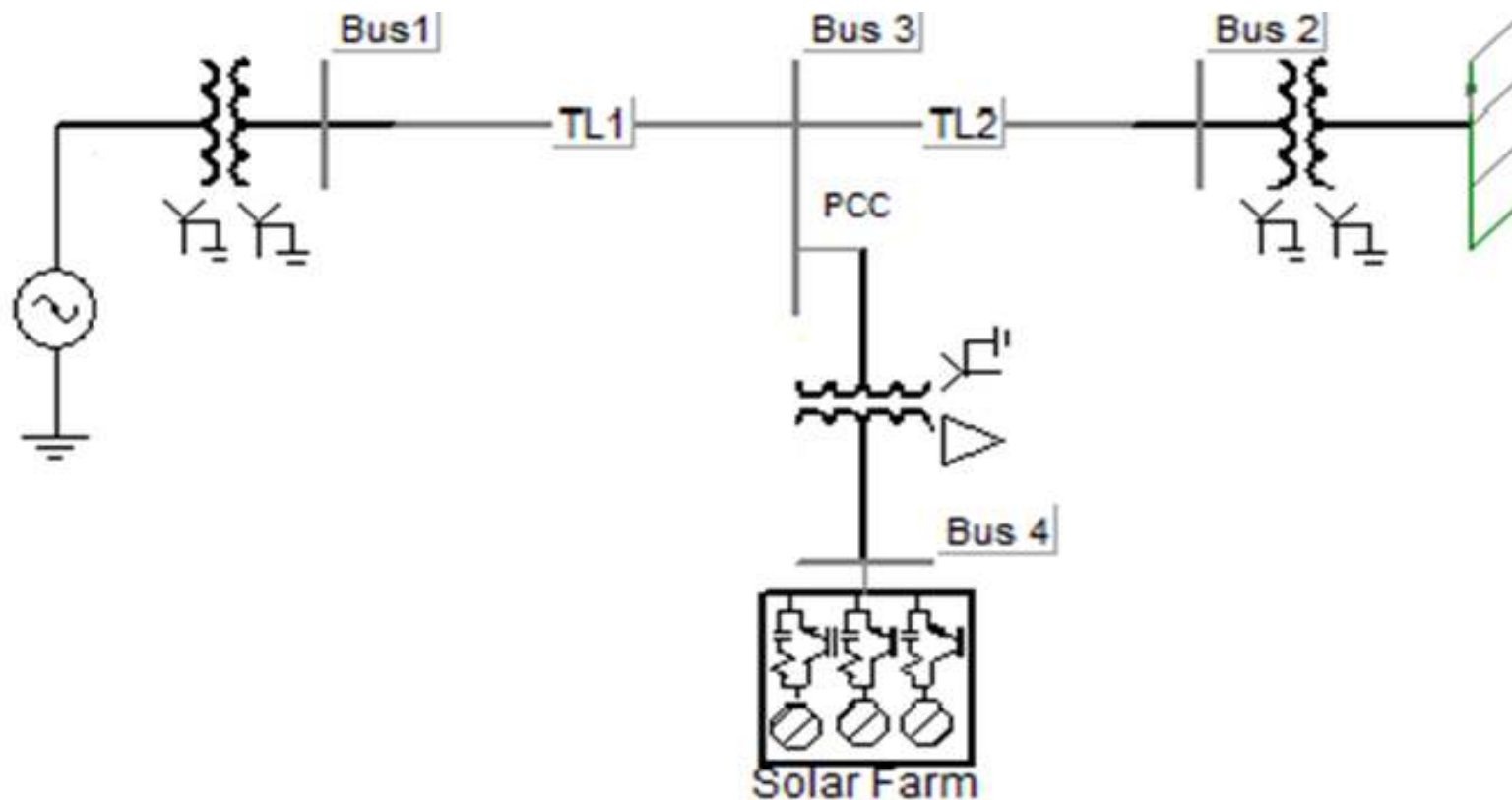
**Nighttime:** Entire Inverter Capacity Utilized for STATCOM

**Daytime:** Remaining Inverter Capacity Utilized for STATCOM

# Transmission Challenges

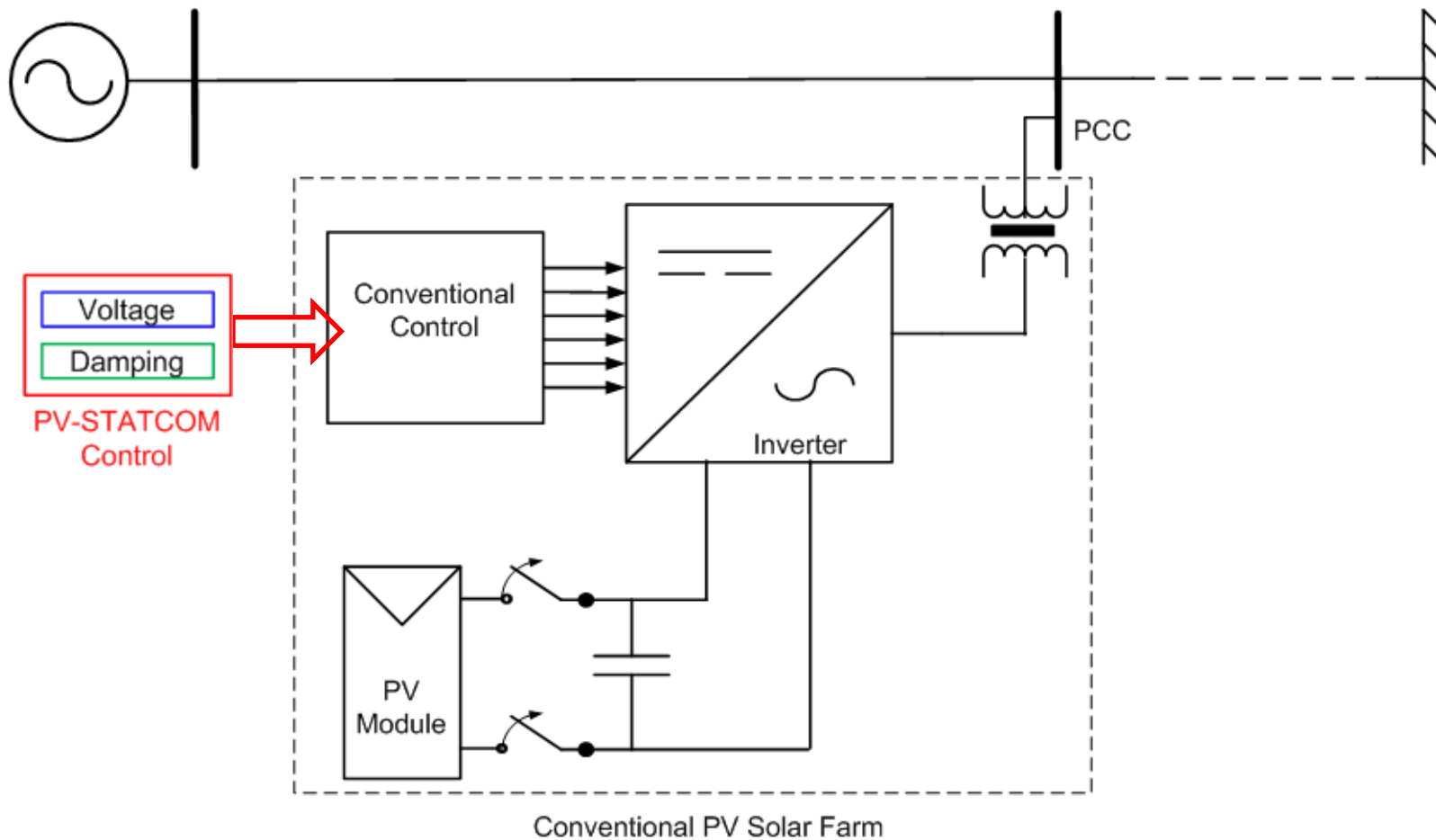
- Power transmission capacity of lines typically limited
- Constraints on adding new generation, e.g. wind power system.
- **Potential Solutions:**
  - Construct new lines ~ \$500 Million (for 200 km)
  - Install SVC/STATCOM ~ \$50 Million
  - Proposed PV-STATCOM control ~\$ 200k

# Study System - 1



Single Machine Infinite Bus (SMIB) System with  
100 MW solar farm on a 200 km line

# PV Solar Farm as STATCOM



# Study Considerations

- Three phase to ground fault for 6 cycles at generator bus.
- Damping controller : lead-lag compensator.
- Damping signal : Line current at inverter output.
- Damping ratio: 5%.
- PCC voltage overshoot not to exceed 1.1 p.u.

## SMIB System with One Solar Farm

Maximum power transfer with conventional PV system

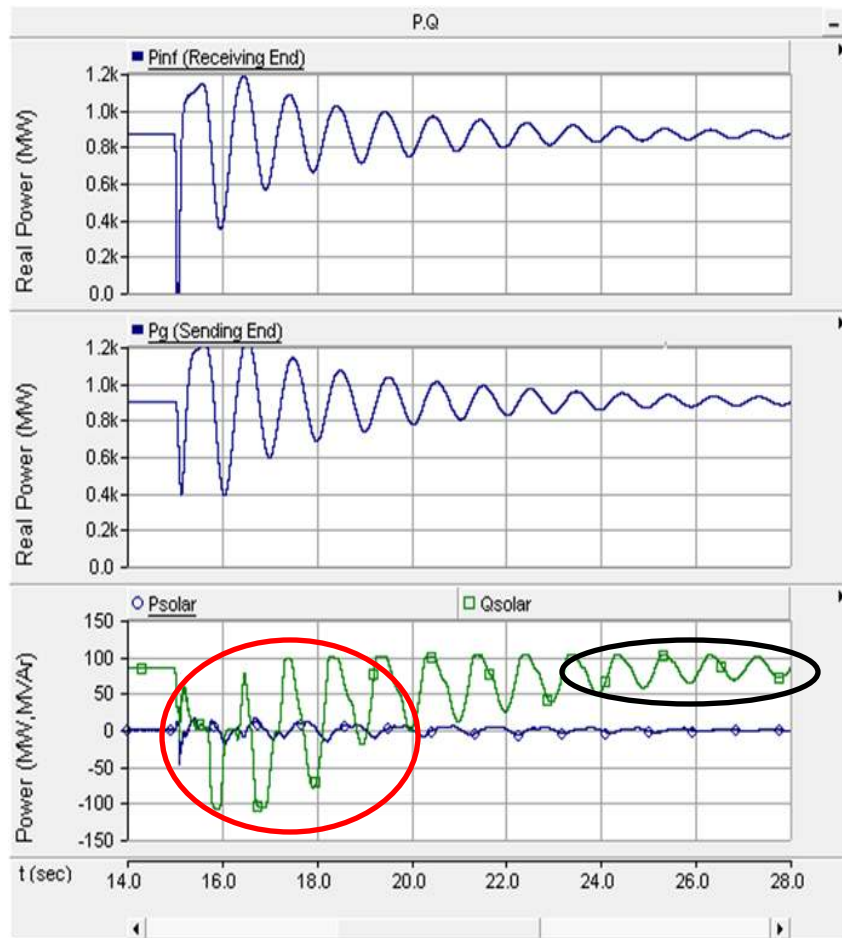
Night	$P_{PV}=0$ MW	<b>731 MW</b>
Day	$P_{PV}=19$ MW	<b>730 MW</b>
	$P_{PV}=91$ MW	<b>719 MW</b>

Power transfer **improvement** with **PV-STATCOM**

PV-STATCOM Control	Nighttime Power Limit Gain (MW)	Daytime Power Limit Gain (MW)	
		Solar DG Power output 19MW	Solar DG Power output 91MW
Voltage control	102	85	7
Damping Control	119	121	<b>142</b>
Voltage control with damping control	<b>168</b>	93	36

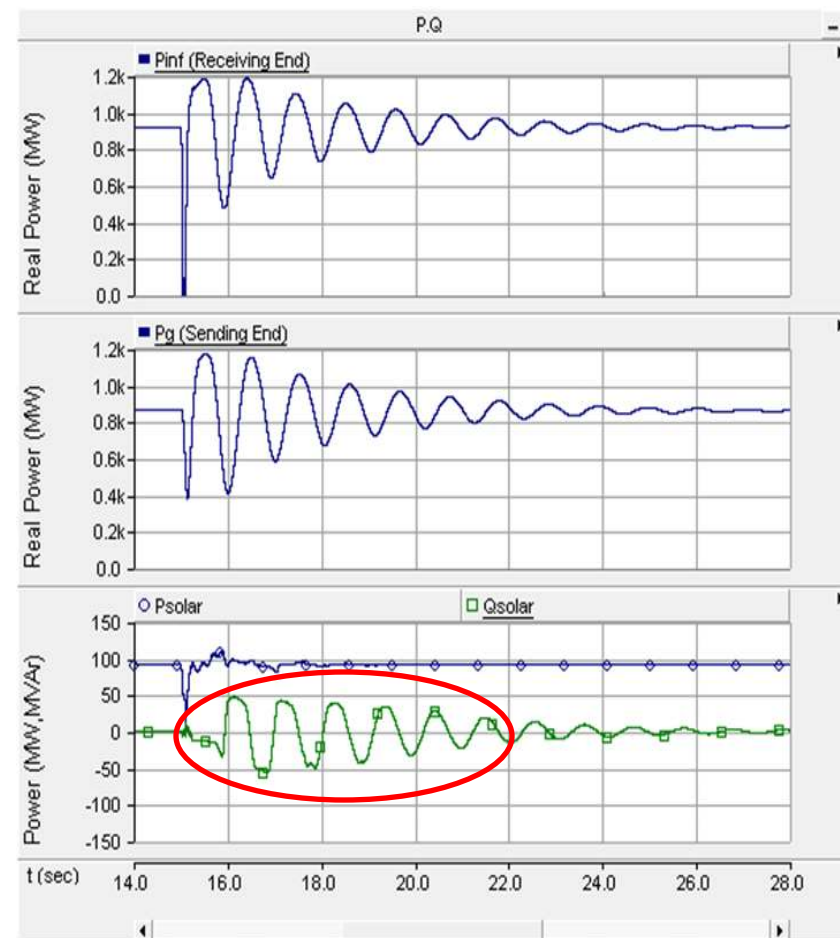


# SMIB System with One Solar Farm



**Night time**

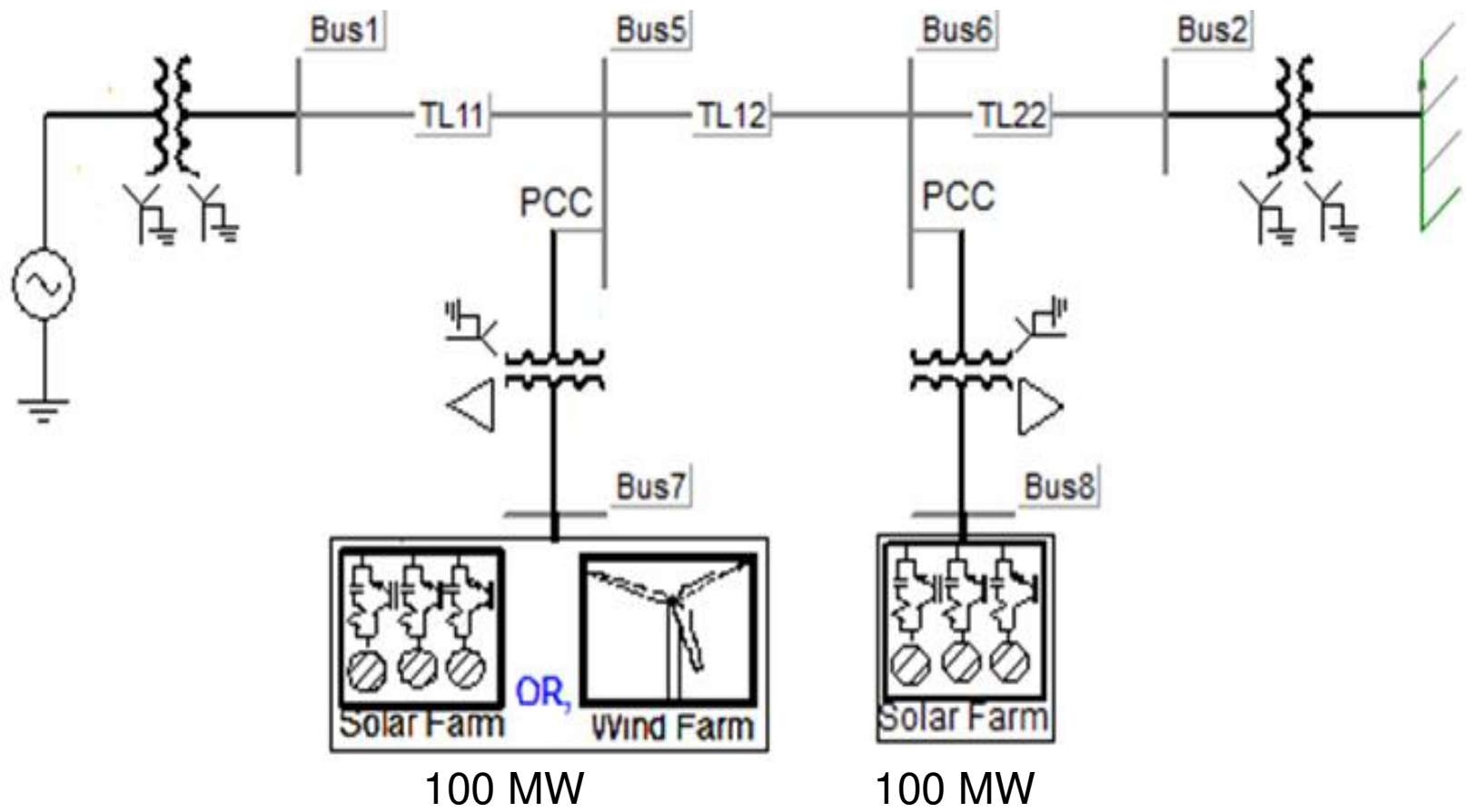
**Voltage and damping control**



**Day time**

**Damping control;  $P_{PV}=91\text{MW}$**

# Study System - 2



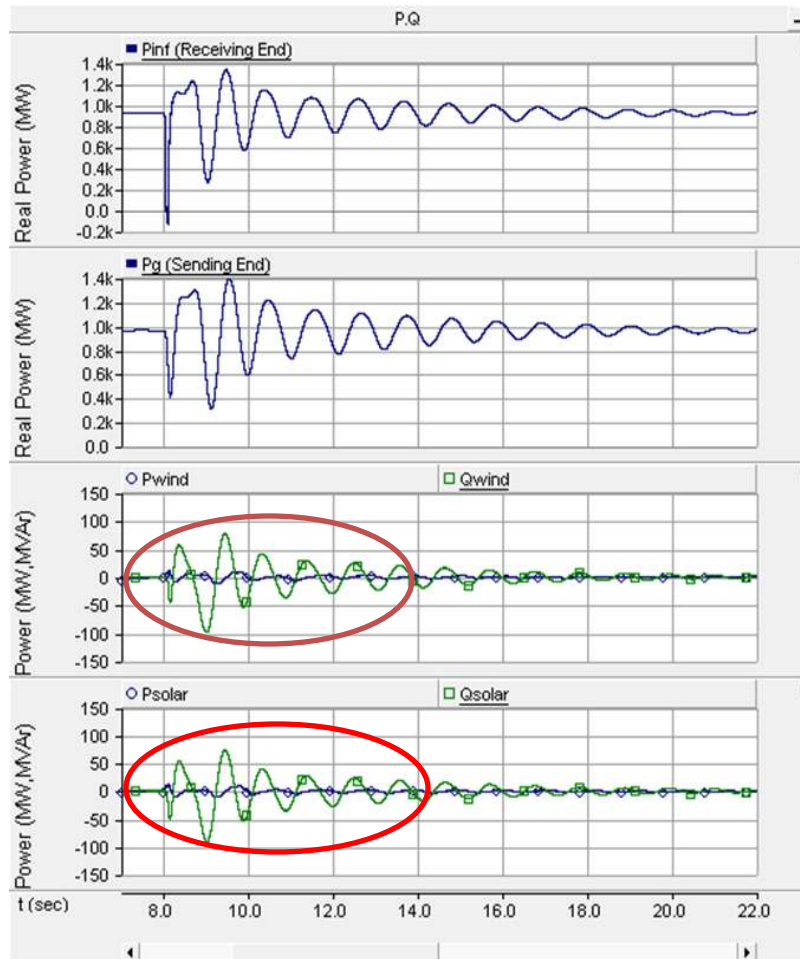
SMIB system with 2 x 100 MW solar farms on a 200km line

# SMIB System with Two DGs as STATCOM

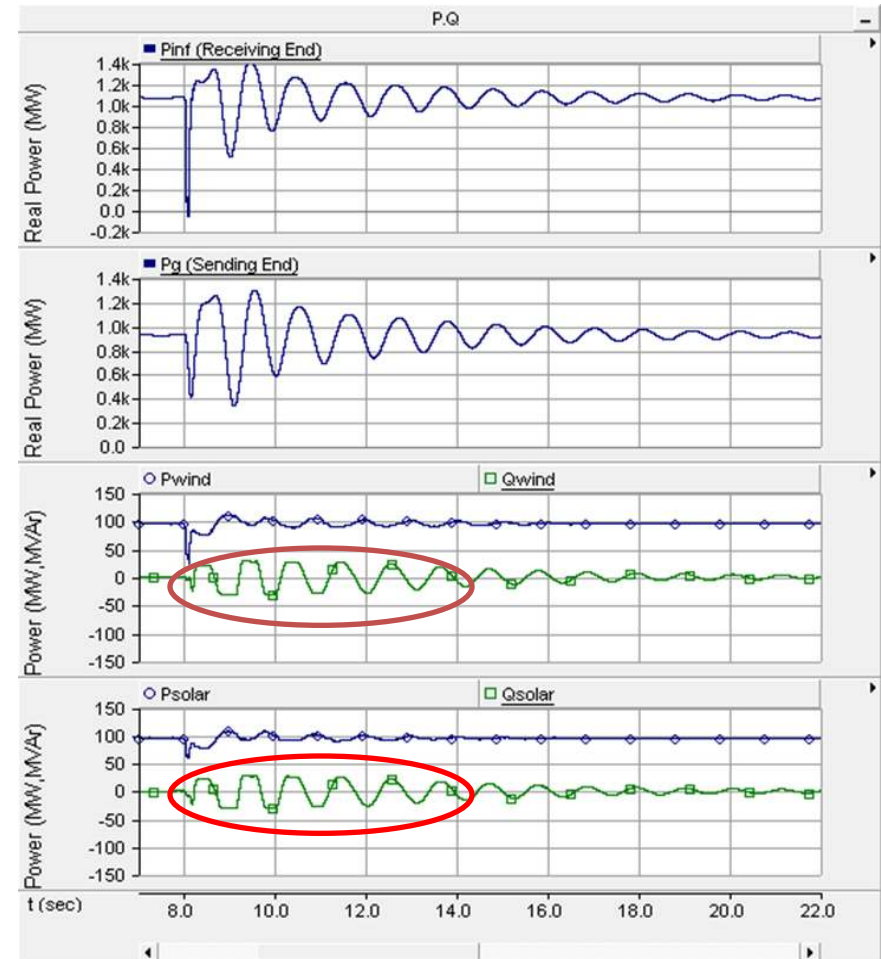
## Power transfer improvement with damping control

DG Real Power Outputs (MW)	Maximum Power Transfer Limits (MW)		Net Increase in Power Transfer Limit (MW)
	Without Damping Controller	With <b>PV-STATCOM Damping Controller</b>	
<b>Nighttime</b>			
$P_{\text{solar}}=0; P_{\text{wind}}=0$	731	960	229
$P_{\text{solar}}=0; P_{\text{wind}}=20$	729	948	219
$P_{\text{solar}}=0; P_{\text{wind}}=95$	716	936	220
<b>Daytime</b>			
$P_{\text{solar}}=20; P_{\text{wind}}=20$	726	923	197
$P_{\text{solar}}=95; P_{\text{wind}}=95$	700	930	230
$P_{\text{solar}}=20; P_{\text{wind}}=0$	730	944	214
$P_{\text{solar}}=95; P_{\text{wind}}=0$	719	938	219

# SMIB System with Two DGs as STATCOM



**Nighttime (damping control)**



**Daytime (damping control)**

# Conclusion

- Novel Control proposed for PV Solar Farm inverter as STATCOM , termed **PV-STATCOM**.
- PV- STATCOM utilizes voltage and damping control with “**unused**” capacity of PV inverter.
- Provides significant **enhancement of transient stability** and **power transfer capacity**, very cost-effectively.
- Similar STATCOM controls can be implemented on inverter based wind turbine generators.

# Conclusion

- PV-STATCOM technology has the potential to bring
  - New revenues to solar farms during night and day
  - Better network performance for utilities
- Appropriate agreements will be required between regulators, utilities, solar farm developers, and inverter manufacturers

# Acknowledgement

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**Thank You  
Questions ?**