# On Certain Classes of Rings of Formal Matrices 

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#### Abstract

We consider a problem on isomorphism of rings of formal matrices of order three with values in a ring $R$. We study conditions of regularity and complete idempotence for rings of generalized matrices.


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Let $R_{1}, R_{2}, \ldots, R_{n}$ be rings and $M_{i j}$ be some $\left(R_{i}, R_{j}\right)$-bimodules, moreover $M_{i i}=R_{i}$ for all $1 \leq$ $i, j \leq n$. Assume also that $\varphi_{i j k}: M_{i j} \otimes_{R_{j}} M_{j k} \rightarrow M_{i k}$ are ( $R_{i}, R_{k}$ )-bimodule homomorphisms such that $\varphi_{i i j}$ and $\varphi_{i j j}$ are canonical isomorphisms for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$. We introduce the notation $a \circ b=$ $\varphi_{i j k}(a \otimes b)$ for $a \in M_{i j}, b \in M_{j k}$. The letter $K$ stands for the set of all $n \times n$-matrices $\left(m_{i j}\right)$ with elements $m_{i j} \in M_{i j}$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$. Direct calculation shows that $K$ is a ring with respect to the usual addition and multiplication operations if and only if $a \circ(b \circ c)=(a \circ b) \circ c$ for all $a \in M_{i k}, b \in M_{k l}$, $c \in M_{l j}, 1 \leq i, k, l, j \leq n$. If $K$ is a ring, we say that it is a ring of formal matrices of order $n$ and denote it by $K\left(\left\{M_{i j}\right\}:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$. A ring of formal matrices $K\left(\left\{M_{i j}\right\}:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$ of order $n$ such that $M_{i j}=R$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$ is said to be a ring of formal matrices over $R$ of order $n$ and is denoted by $K_{n}(R)$ or $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$.

Let $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$ be a formal matrix ring over $R$ of order $n$. Consider $\eta_{i j k}=\varphi_{i j k}(1 \otimes 1)$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$. Then $a \circ b=\varphi_{i j k}(a \otimes b)=\eta_{i j k} a b$ for all $a, b \in R$. Now for any $a \in R a \eta_{i j k}=\varphi_{i j k}(a \otimes$ $1)=\varphi_{i j k}(1 \otimes a)=\eta_{i j k} a$. Thus, $\eta_{i j k}$ belongs to the center $C(R)$ of the ring $R$. The following also holds true:

1) $\eta_{i i j}=\eta_{i j j}=1,1 \leq i, j \leq n$,
2) $\eta_{i j k} \eta_{i k l}=\eta_{i j l} \eta_{j k l}, 1 \leq i, j, k, l \leq n$,
3) $\eta_{i j i}=\eta_{j i j}, 1 \leq i, j \leq n$,
4) $\eta_{i j i}=\eta_{i j k} \eta_{j i k}=\eta_{k i j} \eta_{k j i}, 1 \leq i, j, k \leq n$.

The first item holds because $\varphi_{i i j}$ and $\varphi_{i j j}$ are canonical isomorphisms. Associativity of operation o yields $\eta_{i j k} \eta_{i k l} a b c=\eta_{i j l} \eta_{j k l} a b c$ for all $a, b, c \in R$. We put $a=b=c=1$ and obtain the second item. The other items are direct consequences of the first two.

At the same time we may put $\varphi_{i j k}(a \otimes b)=\eta_{i j k} a b$ for any set $\left\{\eta_{i j k} \mid 1 \leq i, j, k \leq n\right\}$ of central elements from $R$ meeting the first and the second conditions and any $a, b \in R$. Direct calculation shows that $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$ is a ring of formal matrices over $R$ of order $n$. Thus, the formal matrix ring $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$ is uniquely defined by the central elements set $\left\{\eta_{i j k} \mid 1 \leq i, j, k \leq n\right\}$. In this case the formal matrix ring $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\varphi_{i k j}\right\}\right)$ will be denoted by $K_{n}\left(R:\left\{\eta_{i k j}\right\}\right)$.

Here we study the rings of formal matrices with values in some ring $R$. In the first Section we give the preliminary results and general examples of the formal matrix rings with values in some ring $R$. The second Section is devoted to study of regularity and complete idempotency for the formal matrix ring. In the third Section we study the formal matrix ring of order 3 with values in some ring $R$ isomorphism problem. Note that the isomorphism problem of ring of formal matrices of order 2 with values in some ring $R$ was already solved in [1].

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