Optimization of spin-valve structure NiFe/Cu/NiFe/IrMn for planar hall effect based biochips

Tu B.D., Cuong L.V., Hung T.Q., Giang D.T.H., Danh T.M., Duc N.H., Kim C.

Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam; Laboratory for Micro-Nano Technology, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam; Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Chungnam National University, Yuseong, Daejeon 305-764, South Korea

Abstract: This paper deals with the planar Hall effect (PHE) of Ta(5)/NiFe(t F)/Cu(1.2)/NiFe(t n)/IrMn(15)/Ta(5) (nm) spin-valve structures. Experimental investigations are performed for 50 μm×50μm 8, 9, 12 nm). The results show that the thicker free layers, the higher PHE signal is observed. In addition, the thicker pinned layers lower PHE signal. The highest PHE sensitivity S of 196 μ V/(kA/m) is obtained in the spin-valve configuration with $t_F = 26$ nm and $t_p = 1$ nm. The results are discussed in terms of the spin twist as well as to the coherent rotation of the magnetization in the individual ferromagnetic layers. This optimization is rather promising for the spintronic biochip developments. © 2009 IEEE.

Author Keywords: Biosensors; Hall effect; Magnetization reversal; Magnetoresistance; Magnetoresistive devices

Index Keywords: Coherent rotation; Experimental investigations; Ferromagnetic layers; Free layers; Magnetoresistive devices; Pinned layers; Planar Hall effect; Spin-valve configurations; Spin-valve structures; Spintronic; Bioassay; Biochips; Biosensors; Electric currents; Electric resistance; Gyrators; Hall effect; Iridium compounds; Magnetization reversal; Magnetoelectronics; Magnetoresistance; Magnets; Spin dynamics; Tantalum; Magnetic field effects

Year: 2009

Source title: IEEE Transactions on Magnetics

Volume: 45

Issue: 6

Art. No.: 4957761

Page: 2378-2382

Link: Scorpus Link

Correspondence Address: Duc, N. H.; Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of

Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam; email: ducnh@vnu.edu.vn

ISSN: 189464 CODEN: IEMGA

DOI: 10.1109/TMAG.2009.2018580 Language of Original Document: English

Abbreviated Source Title: IEEE Transactions on Magnetics

Document Type: Conference Paper

Source: Scopus

Authors with affiliations:

- Tu, B.D., Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam
- Cuong, L.V., Laboratory for Micro-Nano Technology, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam
- Hung, T.Q., Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Chungnam National University, Yuseong, Daejeon 305-764, South Korea
- Giang, D.T.H., Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam
- Danh, T.M., Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam
- Duc, N.H., Department of Nano Magnetic Materials and Devices, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam, Laboratory for Micro-Nano Technology, College of Technology, Vietnam National University, Hanoi, Viet Nam
- Kim, C., Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Chungnam National University, Yuseong, Daejeon 305-764, South Korea

References:

- Johnson, M., (2004) Magnetoelectronics, , Amsterdam, The Netherlands: El-sevier
- Maekawa, S., (2006) Concepts in Spin Electronics, , Oxford, U.K, Oxford Science Publications
- Chappert, C., Fert, A., Van Dau, F.N., The emergence of spin electronics in data storage (2007) Nature Mater, 6, pp. 813-823
- Schuhl, A., Van Dau, F.N., Childress, J.R., Low-field magnetic, sensors based on the planar Hall effect (1995) Appl.Phys. Lett, 66, pp. 2751-2753
- Dau, N.V., Schuhl, A., Childress, J.R., Sussiau, M., Magnetic sensors for nanotesla detection using planar Hall effect (1996)
 Sens. Actuators A, 53, pp. 256-260
- Ejsing, L., Hansen, M.F., Menon, A.K., Ferreira, H.A., Graham, D.L., Freitas, P.P., Planar Hall effect sensor for magnetic micro-and nanobead detection (2004) Appl.Phys. Lett, 84, pp. 4729-4731
- Ejsing, L., Hansen, M.F., Menon, A.K., Ferreira, H.A., Graham, D.L., Freitas, P.P., Magnetic microbead detection using the planar Hall effect (2005) J. Magn. Magn. Mater, 293, pp. 677-684
- Tu, B.D., Hung, T.Q., Thanh, N.T., Danh, T.M., Duc, N.H., Kim, C.G., Planar Hall bead array counter microchip with NiFe/IrMn bilayers (2008) J. Appl. Phys, 104, p. 074701
- Thanh, N.T., Rao, B.P., Duc, N.H., Kim, C.G., Planar Hall resistance sensor for biochip application (2007) Phys. Stat. Sol., A, 204, pp. 4053-4057
- Hung, T.Q., Quang, P.H., Thanh, N.T., Oh, S.J., Bharat, B., Kim, C.G., The contribution of the exchange biased field direction in multilayer thin films to planar Hall resistance (2007) Phys. Stat. Sol., B, 244, pp. 4431-4434
- Dieny, B., Speriosu, V., Parkin, S.S.P., Gurney, B.A., Bumgart, P., Wilhoit, D.R., Magnetotransport properties of magnetically soft spin-valve structures (1991) J. Appl. Phys, 69, pp. 4774-4779
- O'Handley, R.C., (2000) Modern Magnetic Materials, , New York: Wiley
- Wang, S., Xu, Y., Xia, K., First-principles study of spin-transfer torques in layered systems with noncollinear magnetization (2008) Phys. Rev. B, 77, p. 184430

Download: 0348.pdf