Abstract Submitted for the MAR16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Shape Allophiles Improve Entropic Assembly<sup>1</sup> ERIC HARPER, RYAN MARSON, JOSHUA ANDERSON, GREG VAN ANDERS, SHARON GLOTZER, Univ of Michigan - Ann Arbor — We investigate a class of "shape allophiles" that fit together like puzzle pieces as a method to access and stabilize desired structures by controlling directional entropic forces. Squares are cut into rectangular halves, which are shaped in an allophilic manner with the goal of reassembling the squares while self-assembling the square lattice. We examine the assembly characteristics of this system via the potential of mean force and torque, and the fraction of particles that entropically bind. We generalize our findings and apply them to self-assemble triangles into a square lattice via allophilic shaping. Through these studies we show how shape allophiles can be useful in assembling and stabilizing desired phases with appropriate allophilic design. [1] Harper, et. al., Soft Matter, 2015, 11, 7250-7256. DOI: 10.1039/C5SM90160J. This work was featured on the cover of Soft Matter 07 October, 2015.

<sup>1</sup>NSF Grant ACI-1053575 (XSEDE award DMR 140129), U.S. Army Research Office Grant Award W911NF-10-1-0518, DOD/ASD(R&E) Award N00244-09-1-0062, NSF DGE 0903629 Open Data IGERT, NSF Division of Materials Research Award DMR 1409620

Eric Harper Univ of Michigan - Ann Arbor

Date submitted: 05 Nov 2015

Electronic form version 1.4