# Squaring the Circle: How Framedness influences User Behavior around a Seamless Cylindrical Display

Gilbert Beyer, Florian Köttner, Manuel Schiewe, Ivo Haulsen, Andreas Butz

University of Munich and Fraunhofer FOKUS

**Shaped Displays** 

HASE

CHASE

CHASE

HASE

EHAS

ISON REU



# **Digital Advertising Column**

# Audience behavior

# Defining qualities of shaped displays

Form Factor / Framedness / Seamlessness

#### **Q1: Form Factor**

#### SHAPE primitive / complex

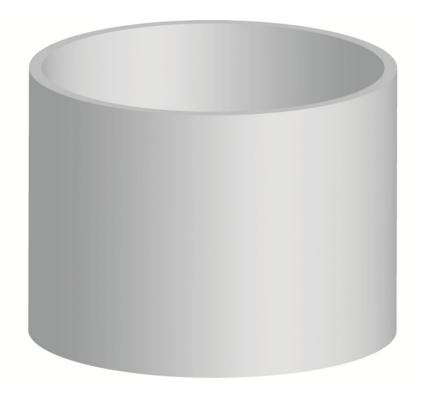
PLANARITY flat / non-flat

#### CURVATURE concave / convex

#### SURFACE ROUGHNESS

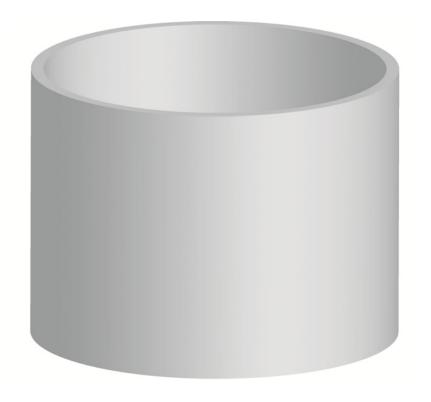
Page 6 of 51

# Cylinder



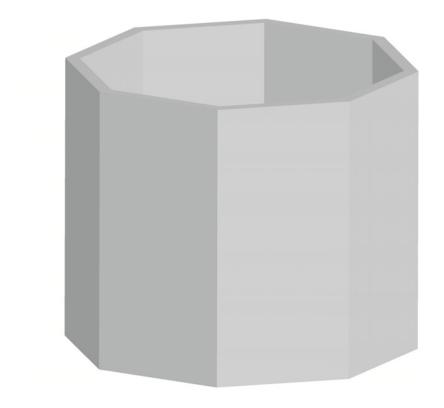
Page 7 of 51

## **Circular Cylinder**



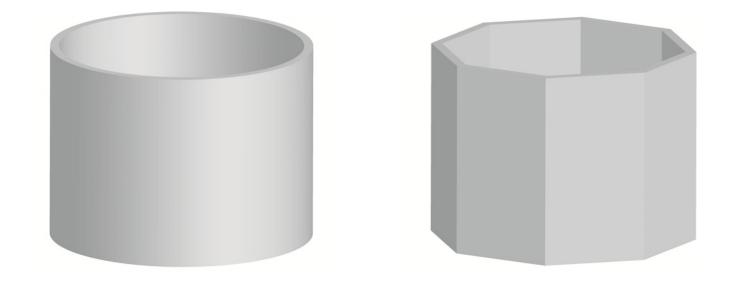
Page 8 of 51

## Polygon (Octagon)



\*For a hexagon see Koppel et al. 2012

## Surface Roughness



#### **Q2: Framedness**

# FRAMED DISPLAYS

4 boundaries

#### SEMI-FRAMED DISPLAYS 2 boundaries

#### UNFRAMED DISPLAYS 1-0 boundaries

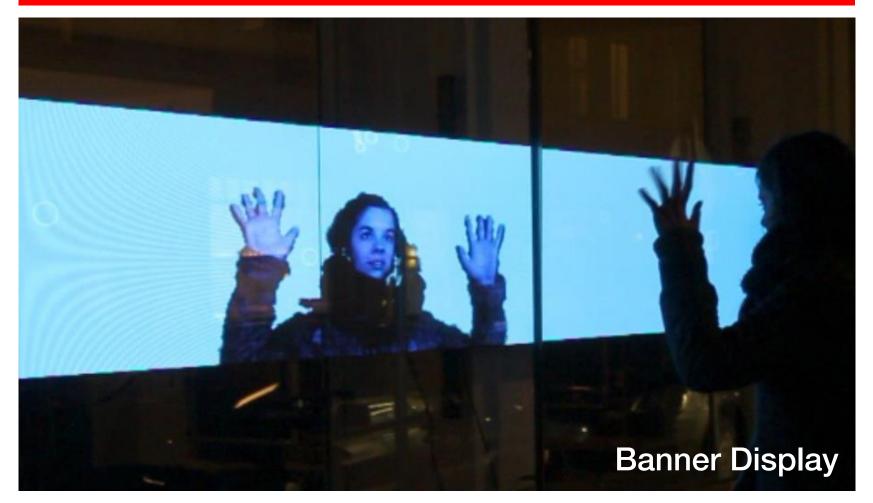
Page 11 of 51

## Semi-framed (curved)



Page 12 of 51

### Semi-framed (flat)



Page 13 of 51

#### **Q3: Seamlessness**

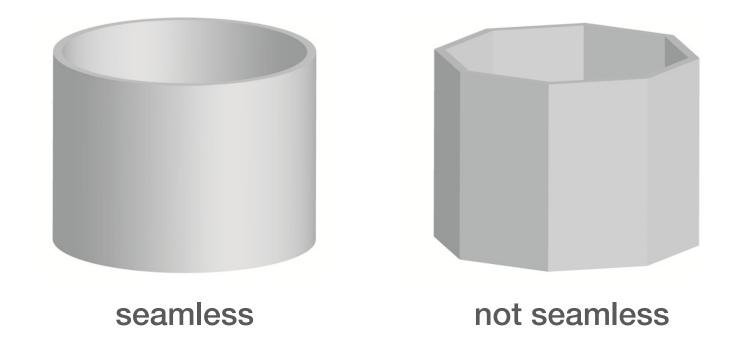
#### **NO EDGES**

#### NO BEZELS

#### **NO FRAMES**

Page 14 of 51

#### **Q3: Seamlessness**



The same? Or producing different user behavior?

# User positions and constellations

# **Column Display**

Interaction / Hardware / Challenges

#### **Interaction Principle**





Communicating the interactivity by means of an unaware or implicit initial interaction

#### **Frontal approachers**





Unaware initial interaction using a space-saving user representation

#### **Tangential passers-by**







Unaware initial interaction using particles appearing slightly ahead

#### **Design Challenges**

#### SEAMLESS INTERACTION within a circular space

#### SEAMLESS CONTENT not affecting positions

#### UNBIASED INTERACTION STYLE no specific poses

#### COMPUTING POWER 8 Kinects

Page 22 of 51

#### **Multi-Kinect load**

name	core count	core clock	1	2	3	4
Core 2 Duo (Allendale , Conroe, Melom)	2	up to 2.8 GHz				
Core 2 Quad	4	up to 2.8 GHz				
Core 2 Quad	4	from 3.0 GHz				
Core 2 Duo (Wolfdale)	2	up to 2.8 GHz				
Core 2 Duo (Wolfdale)	2	from 3.0 GHz				
Core i7 (Bloomfield)	4	up to 3.0 GHz				
Xeon	2	up to 2.6 GHz				
Xeon	4	from 2.8 GHz				
Core i7 (Nahelem)	4(8)	2.5 - 3.3 GHz				
Core i5 (Nahelem)	4	2.5 - 2.8 Ghz				
Core i5 (Westmere)	2(4)	3.2 - 3.6 GHz				
Core i3 (Westmere)	2	2.9 - 3.3 GHz				
Core i5 (Sandy-Bridge)	4	2.5 - 3.3 GHz				
Core i7 (Sandy-Bridge)	4(8)	2.8 - 3.6 GHz				
Core i3 (Sandy-Bridge)	2(4)	2.5 – 3.3 GHz				
Core i3 (Ivy-Bridge)	2(4)	2.8 - 3.4 GHz				
Core i5 (Ivy-Bridge)	4	2.7 – 3.4 GHz				

#### Hardware Setup



distributed system exchanging depth and skeleton data

integrating Kinects as unobtrusively as possible

#### Hardware Setup



distributed system exchanging depth and skeleton data

integrating Kinects as unobtrusively as possible



# Conditions / Design / Data collection

### **Condition 1: Unframed Column**







# Seamless content and interaction

#### **Condition 2: Framed Column**

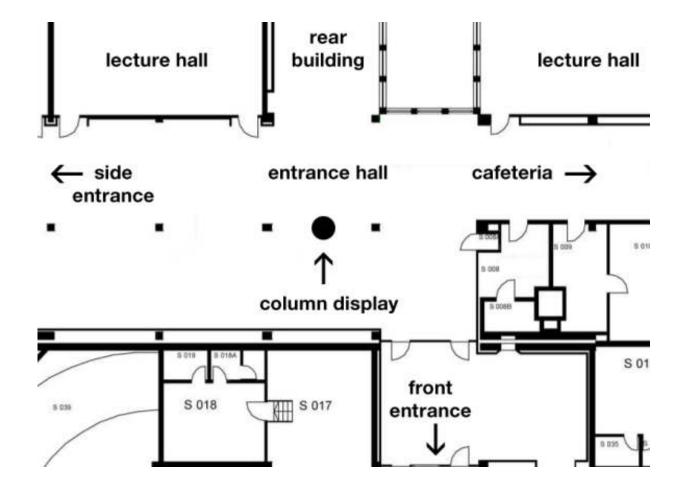






Frames were just a visual overlay over the seamless content

#### Four-week deployment



#### **Data Collection**

#### FIELD RATER (hidden)

#### VIDEO-REC. 220 hours

#### LOGGING

data assessed by Kinects

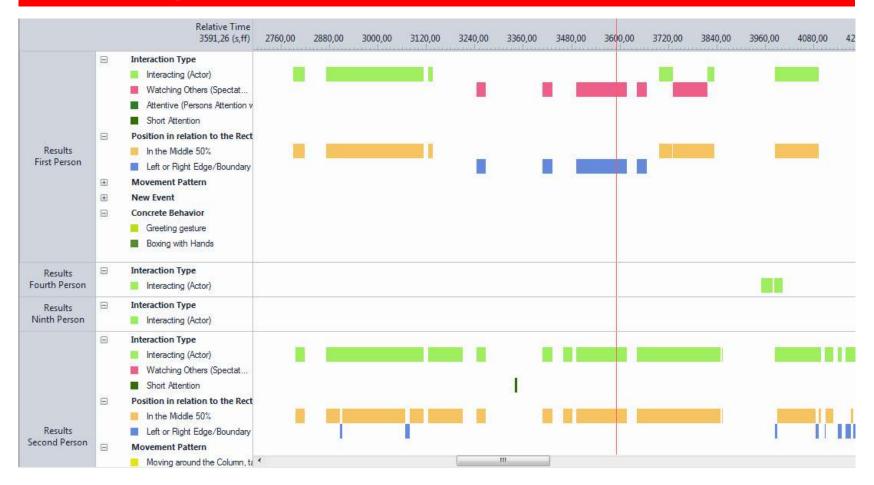
#### **INTERVIEWS**

semi-structured after the study

# **Scoring Positions**



## **Nesting Behaviors**



Page 31 of 51

# Results

General / Conditions / Post-hoc analysis

#### **General Observations**



762 interactions and 205 people watching others within 33 hour sample

# 40.9 seconds average interaction interval length

#### **General Observations**



Initial interaction: already reacting from a distance if approaching frontally – later when deviating

#### **General Observations**



Pairs and groups interacted untiringly, but singles devoted as well

# **General Observations**



All kind of human behavior between cooperation, competition, self-activity

# Conditions

## **Observations: unframed condition**



Users assumed diverse positions, dispersed around the column to assume an active role

# **Observations: framed condition**



Significant association between frame and whether users assumed a central position

# **Observations: framed condition**



Nested behaviors: Users reposition themselves when starting to interact

# **Observations:** pairs and groups



Unframed condition: comfortable distances between users

## **Observations: pairs and groups**



Framed condition: Conflicts when interacting in front of the same frame or cooperating between neighboring frames

# Interviews



#### Out of 79 interviewees

- most assumed purpose was entertainment
- most could reproduce detailed functionality
- only 1 recalled the presence of the frames

# Interpretation

Columns / Framedness / Seamlessness Framedness significantly influences user positioning

around more complex display shapes The basic shape should not be considered in isolation

> when designing for new display shapes

# Blindness for the Frames

# Advantages or otherwise



CLOSE-BY INTERACTION avoid frames



MAXIMIZING USERS avoid frames

POSITIONING USERS use frames



REGULATING DISTANCE use or avoid frames



# Seamless displays: more options



Virtual frames already performed well to draw users to a position

# **Outlook: visual moderation**



Actively shaping the audience by dynamically employing virtual frames?

# Discussion



#### gilbert.beyer@ifi.lmu.de