Ilkay Yildiz-Oren<sup>a</sup>, Betul Tekiner-Gulbas<sup>a</sup>, Ismail Yalcin<sup>a</sup>, Ozlem Temiz-Arpaci<sup>a</sup>, Esin Akı-Sener<sup>a</sup>, Nurten Altanlar<sup>b</sup>

- <sup>a</sup> Ankara University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Tandogan, Ankara, Turkey
- b Ankara University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Microbiology, Tandogan, Ankara, Turkey

# Synthesis and Antimicrobial Activity of New 2-[p-Substituted-benzyl]-5-[substituted-carbonylamino]benzoxazoles

A series of 23 new 2-[p-substituted-benzyl]-5-[p-substituted-phenyl/benzyl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole derivatives has been synthesized by reacting 5-amino-2-[p-substituted-benzyl]benzoxazoles with the appropriate carboxylic acid chlorides. The structures of the synthesized compounds were confirmed by IR and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectral data. Antimicrobial activities of the compounds were investigated using the twofold serial dilution technique against two gram-positive and two gram-negative bacteria and three Candida species in comparison with standard drugs. Microbiological results indicated that the newly synthesized 2-[p-substituted-benzyl]-5-[p-substituted-phenyl/benzyl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole derivatives (3-25) possessed a broad spectrum of activity, showing MIC values of 6.25-200 μg/mL against the gram-positive and gram-negative microorganisms tested. Moreover, they showed significant antifungal activity with MIC values of  $3.12-100~\mu\text{g/mL}$  against the Candida species tested. Especially, with a MIC value of 3.12 μg/mL, 2-benzyl-5-[p-bromobenzyl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole 9 displayed the same activity against C. glabrata as the standard drug myconazol.

**Keywords**: 2-Benzylbenzoxazole; Benzylcarbonylamino-benzoxazole; Phenylcarbonylamino-benzoxazole; Antibacterial and antifungal activity

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#### Introduction

The number of cases of multidrug-resistant bacterial infections is increasing at an alarming rate. Although clinicians now rely on vancomycin as the antibiotic for serious infections resistant to traditional agents [1], there is still need for new classes of antibacterial agents.

Substituted benzoxazole derivatives and their analogues such as benzimidazoles and benzothiazoles have been the aim of many researchers for many years, because they constitute an important class of heterocyclic compounds with antitumor, antiviral and antibiotic activities [2-16].

A benzoxazole derivative, 3-(4,7-dichlorobenzoxazole-2-yl-methylamino)-5-ethyl-6-methylpyridin-2(1H)-one (L-697,661) was identified as a specific non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor for the human immunodeficiency virus HIV-1 type, and its use in combined therapy with zidovudine achieved a marked de-

Correspondence: Esin Aki-Sener, Ankara University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, TR-06100 Tandogan, Ankara, Turkey. Phone: +90 312 223-69-40, Fax: +90 312 223-69-40, e-mail: sener@pharmacy.ankara.edu.tr

crease of viremia in some primary HIV-infected patients [6]. Moreover, substituted pyrimido[1,6-a]-benzimidazoles were synthesized as a new class of potent DNA gyrase inhibitors; however, their antibacterial activity was inferior to the quinolone-type antibacterial agents such as norfloxacin or fleroxacin [7]. Recently, a new series of benzothiazoles have been synthesized as antitumor agents that showed potent inhibitory activity against human breast cancer cell lines *in vitro* and *in vivo* [8]. Among them, lysyl-amide of 2-(4-amino-3-methylphenyl)-5-fluorobenzothiazole has been selected for phase 1 clinical evaluation [17].

A derivative of camptothecin has been prepared wherein the A-ring has been fused to an oxazole ring by Peel et al. [18]. This compound (Figure 1) was found to be significantly more potent as inhibitor of topoisomerase I than camptothecin.

Recently, we reported the synthesis and antimicrobial activity of 2-[p-substituted-phenyl]-5-[substituted-aryl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole derivatives (Figure 2) [19, 20].

In this study, a series of 2-[p-substituted-benzyl]-5-[p-substituted-phenyl/benzyl-carbonylamino]benz-oxazole derivatives (3-25) (Figure 3) has been syn-

Figure 1.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & & & \\
& & & \\
Ar - C - N & & & \\
\end{array}$$

 $R = H, C_2H_5, F, N(CH_3)_2$ Ar = 2-furyl, 2-thienyl, substituted phenyl

Figure 2.

thesized as the target compounds, in order to examine their microbiological activity, and that of the previously synthesized 2-[p-substituted-phenyl]-5-[substitutedaryl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole derivatives [19, 20], against various gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and diverse fungi in comparison with several control drugs, including structure-activity relationship (SAR) studies.

# Chemistry

5-Amino-2-[p-substituted-benzyl]benzoxazoles (1, 2) were obtained by heating p-substituted phenylacetic acids with 2,4-diaminophenol in PPA (polyphosphoric acid) [19, 20].

Compounds (3-25) were obtained from 5-amino-2-[psubstituted-benzyl]benzoxazoles with p-substituted benzoic acid or p-substituted phenylacetic acid chlorides obtained by treating appropriate carboxylic acids with thionyl chloride [21, 22] as given in Scheme 1.

Compounds 3-25 are new, and their structures were supported by spectral data (Table 1).

## Results and discussion

A series of 23 new 2-[p-substituted-benzyl]-5-[substituted-phenyl/benzyl-carbonylamino]-benzoxazole derivatives (3-25) has been synthesized by using a twostep procedure as shown in Scheme 1 [19-22]. All of the derivatives (3-25) were supported by spectral data. The IR and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra are in agreement with the proposed structures. Physical and spectral data of the compounds are reported in Table 1.

In order to determine the antimicrobial activity of the synthesized compounds (3-25), two gram-positive bacteria, two gram-negative bacteria and three Candida species were screened using the twofold serial dilution technique [23, 24]. All the biological results of the compounds are given in Table 2. The combined data reported that the newly synthesized compounds showing MIC values between 200-3.12 μg/mL were able to inhibit the in vitro growth of the microorganisms screened.

In this study, our goal was to investigate the role of the second position of the benzoxazole ring for antimicrobial activity. Therefore, we put p-substituted-benzyl instead of p-substituted-phenyl [19, 20] at position 2 of benzoxazole. Additionally, we examined the effect of the 5-carbonylamino substitutents of the benzoxazole ring system on antimicrobial activity. Consequently, the newly presented compounds 3-25 were compared with previously prepared compounds 26-64 [19, 20] with regard to their antibacterial and antifungal activity (Table 2).

According to Table 2, all of the new compounds 3-25 showed lower antibacterial activity against the screened gram-positive bacteria S. aureus or B. subtilis (MIC values between 200-12.5 μg/mL) than the control drugs. With a MIC value of 12.5 µg/mL against S. aureus, only compound 21 was found to be more active than the others.

Furthermore, the antibacterial activity of compounds 3-25 against the gram-negative bacteria E. coli and P. aeruginosa results in MIC values between 25 and 100 µg/mL. While none of the compounds showed lower activity than the standard drugs against E. coli, some of the compounds (5-10, 13, 16, 21-25) were found to be more active against P. aeruginosa (with MIC values of 25 µg/mL) than the standard drugs tetracycline and streptomycin.

Compounds 3-25 were also tested against C. albicans, C. krusei and C. glabrata for their antimycotic activity, and most of the compounds showed significant antimycotic activity displaying MIC values between 3.12 and 100 µg/mL. Compound 9, having a MIC value of 3.12 μg/mL against C. glabrata, was more active than the other compounds tested. Moreover, compound 9 showed the same activity as the control drug myconazole. Compounds 13 and 23 were

Y = --,  $CH_2$ 

 $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{H}, \mathbf{C}\mathbf{1}$ 

 $\mathbf{R}_1 = H, Cl, Br, F, CH_3, C_2H_5, NO_2, C(CH_3)_3$ 

Figure 3.

found to be more active than the others with a MIC value of 6.25  $\mu g/mL$  against *C. krusei*.

Table 2 indicated that substitution at position 5 of the benzoxazole ring with 4-chloro / fluoro / methoxy-

benzamido having fluorine or ethyl groups at the para position of 2-phenylbenzoxazole (compounds 52-56) generally causes an increase in the activity against S. aureus resulting in MIC values of  $25~\mu g/mL$ . Heterocyclic rings such as 2-furyl and 2-thienyl attached at 5-carbonylamino of 2-(p-dimethylamino-phenyl)benzoxazole also increase the activity against S. aureus (compounds 63, 64). With MIC values of  $25~\mu g/mL$ , most of the compounds were found to be significantly active against S. subtilis.

Furthermore, the antibacterial activity of compounds 3-64 showed lower activity (MIC values of 25-200  $\mu g/mL$ ) than the standard drugs against *E. coli*. Compounds 5-10, 13, 16, 21-26, 46, 50, and 54 were found to be more active against *P. aeruginosa* (MIC values of  $25~\mu g/mL$ ) than the standard drugs tetracycline and streptomycin. Most of the 2-benzylbenz-oxazole derivatives showed significant activity against *P. aeruginosa*.

$$R_1$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $Y$ —COOH + SOCl<sub>2</sub>  $\xrightarrow{Benzene}$   $R_1$   $\longrightarrow$   $Y$ —COCI + SO<sub>2</sub> + HCl

$$Y = ---, CH_2$$
  
 $R = H, Cl$   
 $R_1 = H, Cl, Br, F, CH_3, C_2H_5, NO_2, C(CH_3)_3$ 

Scheme 1.

**Table 1.** Physical, preparation and spectral data of the synthesized compounds **3–25**.

| Comp.<br>No: | Υ               | R  | R <sub>1</sub>                   | m.p.<br>(°C) | Yield<br>(%) | Empirical<br>formula   | IR<br>(cm <sup>-1</sup> )   | $^{1}$ H-NMR $\delta$ ppm ( $J$ = Hz)  |
|--------------|-----------------|----|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|---|--|
| 3            | -               | Н  | Н                                | 136          | 54           | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>    | 3295, 1573-1529, 3032,<br>1491-1470, 2940, 1295-1025,<br>1647, 1619,<br>961-691 | 4.00-4.10 (2H, s), 7.25-8.05 (14H, m)  |
| 4            | _               | Н  | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>    | 143          | 29.74        | $C_{23}H_{20}O_2N_2$   | 3376, 3030, 2960-2870, 1653, 1622, 1570-1507, 1481, 1289-1017, 966-668          | 1.20–1.30 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.57), 2.70–2.80 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.61), 4.25–4.30 (2H, s), 7.20–7.42 (7H, m), 7.42–7.50 (1H, dd, $J$ <sub>7,6</sub> = 8.74), 7.55–7.65 (1H, dd, $J$ <sub>6,4</sub> = 1.82), 7.78–7.85 (2H, d, $J$ <sub>2",3"</sub> = $J$ <sub>6",5"</sub> = 8.60), 7.85–7.90 (1H, s), 7.92–8.00 (1H, d, $J$ <sub>4,6</sub> = 1.70) |
| 5            | _               | Н  | NO <sub>2</sub>                  | 205-206      | 57.57        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>15</sub> O <sub>4</sub> N <sub>3</sub>    | 3308 , 3067, 2900-2840, 1648, 1620, 1601-1536, 1484-1430, 1295-1012, 968-693    | 4.20-4.40 (2H, s), 7.25-7.45 (5H, m), 7.45-7.55 (1H, d, $J_{7,6}$ = 8.78), 7.65-7.75 (1H, d, $J_{6,7}$ = 8.37), 8.00-8.05 (1H, s), 8.05-8.15 (2H, d, $J_{2'',3''}$ = $J_{6'',5''}$ = 8.45), 8.25-8.40 (3H, m)  |
| 6            | _               | Н  | C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | 144-145      | 37.25        | $C_{25}H_{24}O_2N_2$   | 3407, 3026, 2958-2868, 1662,<br>1620, 1566-1535, 1481,<br>1268-1027, 964-693    | 1.30-1.40 (9H, s), 4.20-4.30 (2H, s), 7.20-7.90 (12H, m), 7.90-8.05 (1H, s)  |
| 7            | _               | Н  | Br                               | 197-198      | 11.23        | $C_{21}H_{15}O_2N_2Br$   | 3271, 3085, 2930—2850, 1672,<br>1625, 1588—1558, 1485,<br>1297—1010, 970—695    | 4.30–4.50 (2H, s), 7.40–7.55 (5H, m), 7.55–7.65 (1H, d, $J_{7,6}$ = 8.75), 7.65–7.75 (1H, dd, $J_{6,7}$ = 8.77, $J_{6,4}$ = 1.9), 7.75–7.85 (2H, d, $J_{3'',2''}$ = $J_{5'',6''}$ = 8.46), 7.85–7.95 (2H, d, $J_{6'',5''}$ = $J_{2'',3''}$ = 8.47), 8.00–8.05 (1H, s), 8.05–8.15 (1H, d, $J_{4,6}$ = 1.84)                               |
| 8            | _               | Н  | F                                | 153-154      | 27.81        | $C_{21}H_{15}O_2N_2F$  | 3360, 3068, 2950-2900, 1648, 1624, 1602-1540, 1455-1423, 1269-1027, 960-695     | 4.00-4.10 (2H, s), 6.90-7.75 (12H, m), 7.75-7.85 (1H, s)   |
| 9            | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н  | Br                               | 181-182      | 53.25        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Br | 3263, 3062, 2960-2890, 1652, 1620, 1574-1542, 1482-1454, 1271-1013, 967-675     | 3.70"380 (2H, s), 420-4.30 (2H, s), 7.20-725 (2H, d, $J_{3",2"} = J_{5",6"} = 8.22$ ), 7.25-7.40 (8H, m), 7.45-7.60 (2H, d, $J_{2",3"} = J_{6",5"} = 8.14$ ), 7.75-7.85 (1H, s)  |
| 10           | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н  | F                                | 140-141      | 34.56        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> F  | 3256, 3073, 2924, 1649, 1622,<br>1573–1511, 1482–1455,<br>1279–1017, 977–695    | 3.70-3.80 (2H, s), 4.30-4.40 (2H, s), 7.00-7.50 (12H, m), 7.80-7.90 (1H, s)  |
| 11           | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н  | Н                                | 123          | 12.19        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>    | 3255, 3061-3027, 2930, 1649, 1620, 1573-1540, 1480-1454, 1259-1029, 975-671     | 3.70-3.80 (2H, s), 4.20-4.30 (2H, s), 7.20-7.50 (13H, m), 7.75-7.85 (1H, s)  |
| 12           | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н  | CI                               | 171-172      | 38.60        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI | 3264, 3063, 2960, 1652, 1620,<br>1575–1542, 1482–1455,<br>1271–1017, 980–695    | 3.70-3.80 (2H, s), 4.20-4.30 (2H, s),<br>7.30-7.45 (12H, m), 7.70-7.80 (1H, s)   |
| 13           | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н  | CH <sub>3</sub>                  | 138-139      | 29.37        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>    | 3270, 3050, 2920, 1615,<br>1567–1538, 1483–1455,<br>1267–1029, 1662, 972–694    | 2.30-2.40 (3H, s), 3.70-3.80 (2H, s),<br>4.20-4.30 (2H, s), 7.10-7.40 (12H, m),<br>7.80 (1H, s)  |
| 14           | _               | CI | Н                                | 160          | 44.99        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>15</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI | 3296, 3058, 2930, 1648, 1619, 1574–1533, 1482, 1299–1015, 967–692               | 4.50-4.70 (1H, s), 7.25-8.05 (13H, m)  |

Table 1. (continued).

| Comp. | . Y             | R  | R <sub>1</sub>                   | m.p.<br>(°C) | Yield<br>(%) | Empirical formula   | IR<br>(cm <sup>-1</sup> )   | $^{1}$ H-NMR $\delta$ ppm ( $J$ = Hz)   |
|-------|-----------------|----|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---|---|---|
| 15    | -               | CI | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>    | 172-173      | 28.20        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>19</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI  | 3271, 3080, 2968–2931, 1623,<br>1572, 1481, 1298–1015, 1671,<br>969–697           | 1.00-1.10 (3H, t, $J$ = 7.60), 2.50-2.60 (2H, q, $J$ = 7.60), 4.00-4.10 (2H, s), 7.05-7.20 (6H, m), 7.20-7.30 (1H, d, $J$ <sub>7.6</sub> = 8.75), 7.35-7.45 (1H, dd, $J$ <sub>6.7</sub> = 8.77, $J$ <sub>6.4</sub> = 1.99), 7.55-7.65 (2H, d, $J$ <sub>2",3"</sub> = $J$ <sub>6",5"</sub> = 8.18), 7.70-7.80 (2H, m, $J$ <sub>4.6</sub> = 2.7)  |
| 16    | =               | CI | NO <sub>2</sub>                  | 205-207      | 50.86        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>4</sub> N <sub>3</sub> CI  | 3316, 3079, 2850, 1651, 1618, 1603-1529, 1481, 1290-1015, 973-683                 | 4.00-4.20 (2H, s), 7.00-7.50 (7H, m),<br>7.75-7.85 (1H, s), 7.85-8.20 (4H, m)   |
| 17    | -               | CI | C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> | 145          | 21.54        | C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>23</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI  | 3296, 2950–2850, 2964, 1638,<br>1615, 1572–1528, 1480,<br>1267–1015, 968–689      | 1.00-1.40 (9H, s), 4.00-4.20 (2H, s),<br>7.00-7.90 (12H, m)   |
| 18    | _               | CI | Br                               | 197          | 41.26        | $C_{21}H_{14}O_2N_2CIBr$  | 3270, 3082, 2980-2900, 1673, 1624, 1588-1558, 1482, 1275-1012, 970-683            | 4.00-4.10 (2H, s), 7.10-7.20 (4H, m), 7.20-7.30 (1H, d, $J_{7,6}$ = 8.75), 7.35-7.40 (1H, dd, $J_{6,7}$ = 8.74), 7.40-7.50 (2H, d, $J_{3'',2''}$ = $J_{5'',6''}$ = 8.53), 7.50-7.65 (2H, d, $J_{2'',3''}$ = $J_{6'',5''}$ = 8.43), 7.70 (1H, s), 7.75-7.80 (1H, s)  |
| 19    | -               | CI | F                                | 173-174      | 20.78        | C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CIF | 3397, 3073, 2930, 1660, 1619, 1602-1550, 1485, 1286-1015, 972-692                 | $4.00-4.10$ (2H, s), $6.90-7.00$ (2H, q), $7.10-7.20$ (4H, q), $7.20-7.30$ (1H, d, $J_{7,6}=8.77$ ), $7.35-7.45$ (1H, dd, $J_{6,7}=8.76$ , $J_{6,4}=1.87$ ), $7.65-7.90$ (4H, q)  |
| 20    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | Br                               | 178          | 55.73        | $C_{22}H_{16}O_2N_2ClBr$  | 3264, 3054, 2980-2920, 1662,<br>1618, 1590-1536, 1487,<br>1266-1013, 972-678      | 3.80-3.95 (2H, s), 4.30-4.45 (2H, s),<br>7.25-7.75 (11H, m), 7.90-8.00 (1H, s)  |
| 21    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | F                                | 139-140      | 51.72        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CIF | 3261, 3096, 2920, 1666, 1623,<br>1569-1509, 1482, 1278-1014,<br>982-694           | 3.70-3.85 (2H, s), 4.20-4.30 (2H, s), 7.00-7.50 (11H, m), 7.80-7.90 (1H, s)   |
| 22    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | Н                                | 164          | 8.15         | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>17</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI  | 3265, 3071, 2950-2900, 1682, 1621, 1572, 1478, 1297-1015, 973-694                 | $3.60-3.80$ (2H, s), $4.10-4.20$ (2H, s), $7.00-7.50$ (12H, m), $7.70-7.80$ (1H, d, $J_{4,6}=1.67$ )  |
| 23    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | CI                               | 167-168      | 13.12        | $C_{22}H_{16}O_2N_2CI_2$  | 3262, 3055, 2360, 1663, 1618,<br>1596-1539, 1482, 1267-1015,<br>973-674           | $3.80-3.95$ (2H, s), $4.35-4.45$ (2H, s), $7.30-7.60$ (11H, m), $7.95-8.00$ (1H, d, $J_{4,6}=1.63$ )  |
| 24    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | NO <sub>2</sub>                  | 232-233      | 15.05        | C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>4</sub> N <sub>3</sub> CI  | 3265-3219, 3073, 2980-2860,<br>1687, 1624, 1567-1509, 1482,<br>1255-1015, 982-728 | 3.40-3.60 (2H, s), 3.90-4.00 (2H, s), 7.00-7.06 (2H, m), 7.06-7.12 (1H, d, $J_{7,6} = 8.79$ ), 7.20-7.25 (1H, dd, $J_{6,7} = 8.8$ , $J_{6,4} = 2.07$ ), 7.25-7.35 (2H, d, $J_{6'',5''} = J_{2'',3''} = 8.72$ ), 7.35-7.45 (2H, s), 7.70-7.75 (1H, d, $J_{4,6} = 1.96$ ), 7.85-7.95 (2H, dd, $J_{3'',2''} = J_{5'',6''} = 8.76$ , $J_{3'',5''} = J_{5'',3''} = 1.89$ ), 9.80-10.00 (1H, s) |
| 25    | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI | CH <sub>3</sub>                  | 169-171      | 32.49        | C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>19</sub> O <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> CI  | 3249, 3026, 2920-2890, 1644,<br>1617, 1571-1535, 1480,<br>1268-1015, 971-686      | 2.50-2.65 (3H, s), 3.80-3.90 (2H, s), 4.35-4.50 (2H, s), 7.30-7.55 (11H, m), 7.90-8.00 (1H, d, $J_{4,6}=1.71$ )   |

On the other side, with MIC values of 12.5–50  $\mu g/mL$ , all the compounds showed notable activity against *C. albicans*, except for **32** and **34**.

The SAR of the synthesized compounds revealed that compounds possessing p-bromo / chloro / methyl-phen-yl-acetamido groups at position 5 of the fused hetero-

**Table 2.** Antimicrobial activity results (MIC,  $\mu g/mL$ ) of the newly and previously [19, 20] synthesized compounds as well as the standard drugs.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

| Comp. |      |                     | gram-           | -positive       | JS       |      |                       |     |     |      |      |      |
|-------|------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|------|-----------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
|       | Ref. | Α                   | x               | Y               |          | Sa   | negative<br><b>Bs</b> | Ec  | Pa  | Ca   | Ck   | Cg   |
| 3     |      | Phenyl              | CH <sub>2</sub> | _               | Н        | 200  | 50                    | 100 | 100 | 50   | 12.5 | 25   |
| 4     |      | 4-Ethylphenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 25   | 25   | 12.5 |
| 5     |      | 4-Nitrophenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | Н        | 50   | 25                    | 100 | 25  | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| 6     |      | 4-tert-Butylphenyl  | $CH_2$          | _               | Н        | 200  | 50                    | 25  | 25  | 50   | 25   | 25   |
| 7     |      | 4-Bromophenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 25  | 25   | 25   | 25   |
| 8     |      | 4-Fluorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | _               | Н        | 50   | 25                    | 50  | 25  | 12.5 | 50   | 25   |
| 9     |      | 4-Bromophenyl       | $CH_2$          | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н        | 25   | 25                    | 25  | 25  | 25   | 12.5 | 3.1  |
| 10    |      | 4-Fluorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | Н        | 50   | 25                    | 25  | 25  | 50   | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| 11    |      | Phenyl              | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | Н        | 25   | 25                    | 25  | 50  | 12.5 | 12.5 | 25   |
| 12    |      | 4-Chlorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н        | 100  | 100                   | 50  | 50  | 25   | 25   | 25   |
| 13    |      | 4-Methylphenyl      | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | Н        | 25   | 25                    | 25  | 25  | 25   | 6.25 | 12.5 |
| 14    |      | Phenyl              | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 200  | 50                    | 100 | 100 | 50   | 25   | 25   |
| 15    |      | 4-Ethylphenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 25   | 25   | 25   |
| 16    |      | 4-Nitrophenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 100  | 50                    | 25  | 25  | 50   | 25   | 25   |
| 17    |      | 4-tert-Butylphenyl  | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 25   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | 50   | 50   |
| 18    |      | 4-Bromophenyl       | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | 100  | 100  |
| 19    |      | 4-Fluorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | _               | CI       | 50   | 25                    | 25  | 50  | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| 20    |      | 4-Bromophenyl       | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | CI       | 50   | 25                    | 50  | 50  | 12.5 | 25   | 50   |
| 21    |      | 4-Fluorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | CI       | 12.5 | 100                   | 50  | 25  | 50   | 25   | 50   |
| 22    |      | Phenyl              | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | CI       | 50   | 25                    | 50  | 25  | 25   | 25   | 25   |
| 23    |      | 4-Chlorophenyl      | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | CI       | 50   | 25                    | 50  | 25  | 50   | 6.25 | 12.5 |
| 24    |      | 4-Nitrophenyl       | $CH_2$          | $CH_2$          | CI       | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 25  | 12.5 | 25   | 25   |
| 25    |      | 4-Methylphenyl      | $CH_2$          | CH <sub>2</sub> | CI       | 100  | 25                    | 50  | 25  | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| 26*   | [19] | Phenyl              | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 25  | 25   | _    | _    |
| 27*   | [19] | 4-Fluorophenyl      | _               | _               | Н        | 100  | 100                   | 200 | 200 | 50   | _    | _    |
| 28    | [19] | 4-Bromophenyl       | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 29    | [19] | 4-Chlorophenyl      | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 30    | [19] | 4-Methoxyphenyl     | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 31    | [19] | 4-Methylphenyl      | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 25   | _    | _    |
| 32    | [19] | 4-Ethylphenyl       | _               | _               | Н        | 100  | 50                    | 100 | 50  | 100  | _    | _    |
| 33    | [19] | 4-Nitrophenyl       | _               | _               | Н        | 100  | 200                   | 100 | 50  | 25   | _    | _    |
| 34    | [19] | 4-tert-Butylphenyl  | _               | _               | Н        | 100  | 100                   | 100 | 100 | 100  | _    | _    |
| 35    | [19] | Phenyl              | _               | _               | $C_2H_5$ | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 36    | [19] | 4-Methylphenyl      | _               | _               | $C_2H_5$ | 100  | 100                   | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 37    | [19] | 4-Ethylphenyl       | _               | _               | $C_2H_5$ | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 50   | _    | _    |
| 38    | [19] | 2-Methoxyphenyl     | _               | _               | Н        | 25   | 25                    | 50  | 50  | 25   | _    | _    |
| 39    | [19] | 2-Chlorophenyl      | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 50                    | 50  | 50  | 25   | _    | _    |
| 40    | [19] | 2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl | _               | _               | Н        | 100  | 200                   | 50  | 100 | 25   | _    | _    |
| 41    | [19] | 2,4-Dimethylphenyl  | _               | _               | Н        | 50   | 25                    | 50  | 100 | 25   | _    | _    |

Table 2. (continued).

| Comp.<br>No.   | Ref.         | Α                   | X | Υ               |             | Sa   | Bs   | Ec   | Pa   | Ca   | Ck     | Cg   |
|----------------|--------------|---------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|--------|------|
| 42             | [19]         | Phenyl              | _ | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н           | 100  | 50   | 100  | 100  | 50   | _      | _    |
| 43             | [19]         | 4-Bromophenyl       | _ | $CH_2$          |             | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 44             | [19]         | 4-Chlorophenyl      | _ | $CH_2$          | Н           | 100  | 50   | 100  | 50   | 50   | _      | _    |
| 45             | [19]         | 4-Nitrophenyl       | _ | CH <sub>2</sub> | Н           | 50   | 200  | 50   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 46             | [19]         | 4-Propyloxyphenyl   | _ | $CH_2$          | Н           | 50   | 200  | 25   | 25   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 47             | [19]         | Phenyl              | _ | $CH_2$          | $C_2H_5$    | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | _      | _    |
| 48             | [19]         | 4-Bromophenyl       | _ |                 | $C_2H_5$    | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | _      | _    |
| 49             | [19]         | 4-Chlorophenyl      | _ | $CH_2$          | $C_2H_5$    | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | _      | _    |
| 50             | [19]         | 2-Chlorophenyl      | _ | $CH_2$          |             | 50   | 100  | 25   | 25   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 51             | [19]         | 3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl | _ | _               | Н           | 100  | 200  | 50   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 52             | [20]         | 4-Chlorophenyl      | _ | _               | F           | 25   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 53             | [20]         | 4-Chlorophenyl      | _ | _               | $C_2H_5$    | 25   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 54             | [20]         | 4-Methoxyphenyl     | _ | _               | $C_2H_5$    | 25   | 25   | 25   | 25   | 12.5 | _      | _    |
| 55             | [20]         | 4-Fluorophenyl      | _ | _               | F           | 25   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 56             | [20]         | 4-Fluorophenyl      | _ | _               | $C_2H_5$    | 25   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 57             | [20]         | 2-Thienyl           | _ | _               | F           | 50   | 100  | 50   | 100  | 50   | _      | _    |
| 58             | [20]         | 2-Thienyl           | _ | _               | Н           | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | _      | _    |
| 59             | [20]         | 2-Furyl             | _ | _               | F           | 50   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 60             | [20]         | 2-Furyl             | _ | _               | Н           | 50   | 25   | 50   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| 61             | [20]         | 2-Thienyl           | _ | _               | $C_2H_5$    | 50   | 100  | 200  | 200  | 50   | _      | _    |
| 62             | [20]         | 2-Furyl             | _ | _               | $C_2H_5$    | 25   | 25   | 100  | 100  | 50   | _      | _    |
| 63             | [20]         | 2-Thienyl           | _ | _               | $N(CH_3)_2$ | 25   | 25   | 25   | 50   | 12.5 | _      | _    |
| 64             | [20]         | 2-Furyl             | _ | _               | $N(CH_3)_2$ | 25   | 50   | 50   | 50   | 25   | _      | _    |
| Ampicilli      | in           |                     |   |                 |             | 1.56 | 1.56 | 12.5 | >200 | _    | _      | _    |
| Amoxyc         | illin        |                     |   |                 |             | 1.56 | 1.56 | 3.12 | >200 | _    | _      | _    |
| Tetracyc       | line         |                     |   |                 |             | 1.56 | 1.56 | 3.12 | 50   | _    | _      | _    |
| Streptomycin   |              |                     |   |                 |             | 3.12 | 50   | 1.56 | 100  | _    | _      | _    |
| Ciprofloxacine |              |                     |   |                 |             | 3.12 | 1.56 | 3.13 | 0.78 | _    | _      | _    |
| Gentamisin     |              |                     |   |                 |             | 3.12 | 1.56 | 12.5 | 12.5 | _    | _      | _    |
| Myconazole     |              |                     |   |                 |             | _    | _    | _    | _    | 3.1  | 2 1.56 | 3.12 |
| Clotrima       | Clotrimazole |                     |   |                 |             | _    | _    | _    | _    | 6.2  | 5 —    | _    |
| Halopro        | gin          |                     |   |                 |             | _    | _    | _    | _    | 3.1  | 2 –    | _    |

\*Sa: Staphylococcus aureus (ATCC 25923); Bs: Bacillus subtilis (ATCC 6633); Ec: Escherichia coli (ATCC 23556); Pa: Pseudomonas auruginosa (ATCC 10145); Ca: Candida albicans; Ck: Candida krusei (ATCC 6258); Cg: Candida glabrata (isolate)

cyclic system and a chlorine substituent at the para position of the 2-benzyl moiety of the benzoxazole had increased antimycotic activity against *C. krusei* and *C. glabrata*.

In conclusion, 2-benzyl-benzoxazole derivatives showed significant activities against gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. However, the alternates of the substituents attached at 5-carbonylamino of benzoxazoles made no important difference for the antimicrobial activity. It could be pointed out that 2-benzyl-benzoxazole derivatives generally indicated better ac-

tivities than 2-phenyl-benzoxazole derivatives against *C. albicans* and that they showed notable activities against *Candida* species such as *C. glabrata* and *C. krusei*, and these observations could guide us to design further new lead antifungal compounds.

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# **Experimental**

#### Chemistry

Silicagel HF<sub>254</sub> chromatoplates (0.3 mm) were used for TLC. The solvent systems were chloroform: methanol (15:0.5) for compounds 3-25. Melting points were taken on a Buchi SMP 20 capillary apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded by FT/IR-420 in KBr discs. 1H-NMR spectra were obtained with a Bruker 80 MHz spectrometer in  $d_6$ chloroform; tetramethylsilan (TMS) was used as an internal standard. Elemental analyses were carried out with a Perkin Elmer model 240-C apparatus.

General procedure for the synthesis of 5-amino-2-[p-substituted-benzyl]benzoxazole (1, 2) [19, 20]

5-amino-2-[p-substituted-benzyl]benzoxazole was synthesized by heating 0.01 mol 2,4-diaminophenol 2HCl with 0.01 mol suitable phenyl acetic acid in 12.5 g polyphosphoric acid (PPA) and stirring for 1.5-2.5 h. At the end of the reaction period, the residue was poured into an ice-water mixture and neutralized with an excess of 10 M NaOH solution extracted with benzene. Then, this solution was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and evaporated under diminished pressure. The residue was boiled with 200 mg charcoal in ethanol and filtered. After the evaporation of solvent in vacuo, the crude product was obtained and recrystallized from ethanol.

#### 2-Benzyl-5-aminobenzoxazole

Reaction time: 2.5 h. Reaction temperature: 150-160°C. Yield: 66%. MW: 224. M.p.: 82-83°C. 1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 4.00-4.10 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.40-6.60 (dd, 1H, C-6 H  $J_{6,7}$  = 8.56,  $J_{6,4} = 2.25$ ), 6.70-6.80 (d, 1H, C-4 H,  $J_{4,6} = 2.22$ ), 7.00–7.05 (d, 1H, C-7 H,  $J_{7,6}$  = 8.58), 7.05–7.20 (m, 7H, C-2′, C-3′, C-4′, C-5′, C-6′, NH). IR (KBr disc): 3385, 1617, 1562, 1486, 1452, 1270, 1190.

## 2-(p-Chlorobenzyl)-5-aminobenzoxazole

Reaction time: 1.5 h. Reaction temperature: 195-198°C. Yield: 100%. MW: 224. M.p.: 85-87°C. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 4.10-4.30 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.70-6.80 (dd, 1H, C-6 H  $J_{6,7}$  = 8.56,  $J_{6,4} = 2.66$ ), 6.95-7.00 (d, 1H, C-4 H, $J_{4,6} = 2.21$ ), 7.20–7.25 (d, 1H, C-7 H,  $J_{7.6}$  = 8.6), 7.25–7.40 (m, 6H, C-2′, C-3′, C-5′, C-6′, NH). IR (KBr disc): 3381, 2210, 1915, 1615, 1563, 1486, 1452, 1298, 1271, 1191.

General procedure for 2-[p-substituted-benzyl]-5-[p-substituted-phenyl/benzyl-carbonylamino]benzoxazole derivatives **3**-**25** [21, 22]

Appropriate carboxylic acid (0.5 mmol) and thionyl chloride (1.5 mL) were refluxed in benzene (5 mL) at 80°C for 3 h. Excess thionyl chloride was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ether (10 mL), and this solution was added during 1 h to a stirred, ice-cold mixture of 5-amino-2-[p-substituted-benzyl]benzoxazoles 1, 2 (0.5 mmol), sodium bicarbonate (0.5 mmol), diethyl ether (10 mL) and water (10 mL). The mixture was continuously stirred overnight at room temperature and filtered. The precipitate was washed with water, 2 N HCl, again water and finally with ether to give 3-25. The products were recrystallized from ethanol-water as needles which were dried in vacuo. The chemical, physical and spectral data of compounds 3-25 are reported in Table 1.

### Microbiology

For the antibacterial and antimycotic assays, the compounds were dissolved in absolute ethanol (0.8 mg/mL). Further dilutions of the compounds and standard drugs in the test medium were prepared at the required quantities at concentrations of 400, 200, 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25, 3.12, 1.56, and 0.78 µg/mL with Mueller-Hinton broth and Sabouraud dextrose broth. The minimum inhibitory concentrations (MIC) were determined using the twofold serial dilution technique [23, 24]. A control test with inoculated broth supplemented with only ethanol at the same dilutions as used in our experiments was also performed, and this ethanol-supplemented broth was found to be inactive in the culture medium. All the compounds were tested for their in vitro growth inhibitory activity against different bacteria and the yeasts Candida albicans (ATCC 10145), Candida krusei (ATCC 6258), and Candida glabrate (isolated). Origins of bacterial strains are Staphylococcus aureus (ATCC 25923) and Bacillus subtilis (ATCC 6633) as gram-positive and Escherichia coli (ATCC 23556) and Pseudomonas aeruginosa (ATCC 10145) as gram-negative bacteria. ATCC strains of the microorganisms used in this study were obtained from the culture collection of Refik Saydam Health Institution of Health Ministry, Ankara, and maintained at the Microbiology Department of the Faculty of Pharmacy of Ankara University.

Ampicillin, amoxycillin, tetracycline, streptomycin, ciprofloksazin, gentamycin, myconazole, clotrimazaole, and haloprogin were used as control drugs. The data on the antimicrobial activity of the compounds and the control drugs as MIC values (μg/mL) are given in Table 2.

# Antibacterial and antifungal assay

The cultures were obtained from Mueller-Hinton broth (Difco) for all the bacterial strains after 24 h of incubation at 37  $\pm$ 1 °C. Candida albicans, Candida krusei and Candida glabrate were maintained in Sabouraud dextrose broth (Difco) after incubation for 24 h at 25 ± 1 °C. Testing was carried out in Mueller-Hinton broth and Sabouraud dextrose broth (Difco) at pH 7.4, and the twofold serial dilution technique was applied. The final inoculum size was 105 CFU/mL for the antibacterial assay and 10<sup>4</sup> CFU/mL for the antifungal assay. A set of tubes containing only inoculated broth was used as controls. For the antibacterial assay after incubation for 24 h at 37  $\pm$  1 °C and after incubation for 48 h at 25  $\pm$  1 °C for the antifungal assay, the last tube with no growth of microorganism and/or yeast was recorded to represent the MIC expressed in µg/mL. All experiments in the antibacterial and antifungal assays were replicated twice.

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