# The 2dF Galaxy Redshift Survey: the population of nearby radio galaxies at the $1-\mathrm{mJy}$ level 

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Accepted 2001 January 31. Received 2002 January 15; in original form 2001 July 3


#### Abstract

We use redshift determinations and spectral analysis of galaxies in the 2 dF Galaxy Redshift Survey to study the properties of local radio sources with $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$. 557 objects (hereafter called the spectroscopic sample) drawn from the FIRST survey, corresponding to 2.3 per cent of the total radio sample, are found in the 2 dFGRS catalogue within the area $9^{\mathrm{h}} 48^{\mathrm{m}} \leqslant$ $\mathrm{RA}(2000) \leqslant 14^{\mathrm{h}} 32^{\mathrm{m}}$ and $-2^{\circ} .77 \leqslant$ Dec. $(2000) \leqslant 2^{\circ} .25$, down to a magnitude limit $b_{J}=19.45$. The excellent quality of 2 dF spectra allows us to divide these sources into classes, according to their optical spectra. Absorption-line systems make up 63 per cent of the spectroscopic sample. These may or may not show emission lines due to AGN activity, and correspond to 'classical' radio galaxies belonging mainly to the FRI class. They are characterized by relatively high radio-to-optical ratios, red colours, and high radio luminosities $\left(10^{21} \lesssim P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} / \mathrm{W} \mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1} \lesssim 10^{24}\right)$. Actively star-forming galaxies contribute about 32 per cent of the sample. These objects are mainly found at low redshifts $(z \leq 0.1)$ and show low radio-to-optical ratios, blue colours and low radio luminosities. We also found 18 Seyfert 2 galaxies ( 3 per cent) and four Seyfert 1s (1 per cent).

Analysis of the local radio luminosity function (LF) shows that radio galaxies are well described by models that assume pure luminosity evolution, at least down to radio powers $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \lesssim 10^{20.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$. Late-type galaxies, whose relative contribution to the radio LF is found to be lower than was predicted by previous works, present an LF which is comparable with the IRAS galaxy LF. This class of sources therefore plausibly constitutes the radio counterpart of the dusty spirals and starbursts that dominate the counts at $60 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


[^0]Key words: galaxies: active - galaxies: starburst - cosmology: observations - radio continuum: galaxies.

## 1 INTRODUCTION

During the last 20 years, several attempts have been made to model the space density and evolution of radio sources. These attempts have mainly followed two well-defined tracks, where the first class of models (Orr \& Browne 1982; Padovani \& Urry 1992; Maraschi \& Rovetti 1994; Wall \& Jackson 1997 - just to mention a few) base their predictions on the unification paradigm which originates from the 'relativistic jet' model of Blandford \& Rees (1974), while the second class (Wall, Pearson \& Longair 1980; Condon 1984; Danese et al. 1987; Dunlop \& Peacock 1990; Rowan-Robinson et al. 1993) relies on the evolutionary properties of the galaxy hosting the radio source.

One of the main limitations affecting both classes of models (especially those from the unification paradigm) is the fact that they were mainly based on data sets including very bright sources ( $S_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \simeq 1 \mathrm{Jy}$ ). As a consequence, the low-power tail of the AGN radio luminosity function (LF) is poorly defined, and their predictions at faint flux densities diverge. Some of the models belonging to the second class (e.g. Condon 1984; Danese et al. 1987; Rowan-Robinson et al. 1993) have pushed their analysis down to much lower flux densities ( $S \sim 0.1 \mathrm{mJy}$ ), and assume the contribution to the radio population at $S \lesssim 10 \mathrm{mJy}$ to be principally given by a new class of objects which differs greatly from the radio AGN that dominate at higher fluxes. The limited size of the statistical samples that are available at such faint flux densities means that the nature of this population has remained an issue of debate. For instance, Condon (1984) suggests a population of strongly evolving normal spiral galaxies, while others (Windhorst et al. 1985; Danese et al. 1987; Rowan-Robinson et al. 1993) claim the presence of an actively star-forming galaxy population.

More recently, great efforts have been made to determine the photometric and spectroscopic properties of radio sources at mJy levels and fainter (Georgakakis et al. 1999; Gruppioni, Mignoli \& Zamorani 1999; Magliocchetti et al. 2000; Masci et al. 2001). These studies have proven extremely useful in characterizing the populations of radio sources but, once again, the limited statistical samples over small areas of the sky leave significant uncertainties such as the relative contribution of actively star-forming galaxies to the total mJy counts.

The advent of large-area radio surveys which probe the radio sky down to mJy levels (e.g. FIRST, Becker, Helfand \& White 1995; NVSS, Condon et al. 1998; SUMSS, Bock, Large \& Sadler 1999) overcomes these small-sample limitations which have affected studies of faint radio sources up to now. New studies can be made with multiwavelength follow-ups of large samples of sources drawn from such wide-area surveys. In particular, the acquisition of optical spectra enables us to derive spectral types, luminosity functions (LFs) and redshift distributions for the different radio populations.

The first results in this direction are given by Sadler et al. (1999), who use spectra from the 2dF Galaxy Redshift Survey (Maddox 1998; Colless et al. 2001) to investigate the nature of 127 radio sources drawn from the NVSS down to $\sim 2.5 \mathrm{mJy}$. More recently, this analysis has been extended to include 912 candidate optical counterparts to NVSS sources (Sadler et al. 2002). The present paper follows a similar approach, and presents results for a
subsample of 557 sources taken from the FIRST radio catalogue. The FIRST survey includes radio sources that are up to 3 times fainter than those in the NVSS, and the accuracy of the FIRST radio positions is much better than those in the NVSS, which means that the likelihood of correct identifications is significantly improved. On the other hand, the NVSS overlaps a much larger area of the 2 dF survey, giving a larger sample of objects to study. For both samples, the 2 dF survey spectra provide information on the composition of the radio population associated with optical counterparts brighter than $b_{J}=19.45$. Redshift determinations further allow us to estimate quantities such as LFs and redshift distributions for the different classes of sources contributing to the local population (the 2 dF Galaxy Redshift Survey samples galaxies up to $z \simeq 0.3$; Colless et al. 2001).

The layout of the paper is as follows. Section 2 briefly introduces the surveys which provided the data (Sections 2.1 and 2.2), and describes the procedure we adopted to obtain the spectroscopic counterparts of a subsample of FIRST radio sources (Section 2.3). Section 3 illustrates the optical and spectroscopic properties of the objects in the sample, while Section 4 deals with their radio properties and presents the results for the local radio LF, obtained by comparing our data with model predictions for different classes of sources. Finally, Section 5 is devoted to the analysis of the observed redshift distributions, and Section 6 summarizes our conclusions. Throughout the paper we will assume $\Omega_{0}=1$ and $h_{0}=0.5$, where $H_{0}=h_{0} \times 100 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~s}^{-1} \mathrm{Mpc}^{-1}$.

## 2 THE DATA SETS

### 2.1 The 2dFGRS

The 2dF Galaxy Redshift Survey (2dFGRS: Maddox 1998; Colless et al. 2001) is a large-scale survey aimed at obtaining spectra for 250000 galaxies to an extinction-corrected limit for completeness of $b_{J}=19.45$ over an area of 2151 square degrees. The survey geometry consists of two broad declination strips, a larger one near the South Galactic Pole (SGP) covering the area $3^{\mathrm{h}} 30^{\mathrm{m}} \lesssim$ $\mathrm{RA}(2000) \lesssim 21^{\mathrm{h}} 40^{\mathrm{m}}, \quad-37^{\circ} .5 \lesssim \operatorname{Dec} .(2000) \lesssim-22^{\circ} .5$ and a smaller one set near the North Galactic Pole (NGP) with $9^{\text {h }} 50^{\mathrm{m}} \leqslant$ $\mathrm{RA}(2000) \lesssim 14^{\mathrm{h}} 50^{\mathrm{m}}, \quad 2.5 \lesssim$ Dec. $(2000) \lesssim-7.5, \quad$ plus 100 random 2-degree fields spread uniformly over the 7000 square degrees of the APM catalogue in the southern Galactic hemisphere.

The input catalogue for the survey is a revised version of the APM galaxy catalogue (Maddox et al. 1990a,b, 1996) which includes over 5 million galaxies down to $b_{J}=20.5$ in both north and south Galactic hemispheres over a region of almost $10^{4}$ square degrees. The astrometric rms error for galaxies with $17 \leq b_{J} \leq$ 19.5 is 0.25 arcsec, while the photometry of the catalogue has a precision of about 0.15 mag for galaxies within the same magnitude limits. The mean surface brightness isophotal detection limit of the APM catalogue is $b_{J}=25 \mathrm{mag} \operatorname{arcsec}^{-2}$.

Redshifts $z$ for all the sources brighter than $b_{J}=19.45$ are determined in two independent ways, via both cross-correlation of the spectra with specified absorption-line templates (Colless et al. 2001) and by emission-line fitting. These automatic redshift estimates have then been confirmed by visual inspection of each spectrum, and the more reliable of the two results chosen as the
final redshift. A quality flag was assigned to each redshift: $Q=3$, $Q=4$ and $Q=5$ correspond to reliable redshift determinations, $Q=2$ means a probable redshift, and $Q=1$ indicates no redshift measurement. The success rate in redshift acquisition for the surveyed galaxies (determined by the inclusion in the 2 dF sample of only those objects with quality flags $Q=3$ to $Q=5$ ) is estimated about 95 per cent (Folkes et al. 1999). The median redshift of the galaxies is 0.11 , and the great majority have $z<0.3$. In this work we use the version of the catalogue derived from the 1997 November to 2001 January observations of the north Galactic cap equatorial area, which includes 35347 galaxies.

### 2.2 The radio data

The input catalogue for the radio data has been obtained by matching together sources in the FIRST and APM catalogues, as extensively described in Magliocchetti \& Maddox (2002).

Briefly, the original radio catalogue comes from the FIRST (Faint Images of the Radio Sky at Twenty centimetres) survey (Becker et al. 1995). The latest release (2000 July 5) of the catalogue covers about 7988 square degrees of the sky in the north Galactic cap and equatorial zones, including most of the area $7^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}} \leq \mathrm{RA}(2000) \leq 17^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}}, \quad 22^{\circ} .2 \leq \operatorname{Dec}$. $(2000) \leq 57^{\circ} .5$ and $21^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}} \leqslant \mathrm{RA}(2000) \leqslant 3^{\mathrm{h}} 20^{\mathrm{m}}, \quad-2^{\circ} .8 \leq$ Dec. $(2000) \leqslant 2^{\circ} .2$, and comprises approximately 722354 sources down to a flux limit $S_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \simeq 0.8 \mathrm{mJy}$, with a $5 \sigma$ source detection limit of $\sim 1 \mathrm{mJy}$. The catalogue has been estimated to be 95 per cent complete at 2 mJy , and 80 per cent complete at 1 mJy (Becker et al. 1995).

Optical counterparts for a subsample of FIRST radio sources have then been obtained by matching together objects included in the radio catalogue with objects coming from the APM survey. Since the APM and FIRST surveys overlap only in a relatively small region of the sky on the equatorial plane between $9^{\mathrm{h}} 48^{\mathrm{m}} \leq$ $\mathrm{RA}(2000) \leqq 14^{\mathrm{h}} 32^{\mathrm{m}}$ and $-2^{\circ} .77 \leqq$ Dec. $(2000) \lesssim 2^{\circ} .25$, the search for optical counterparts was restricted to this area.

Out of approximately 24000 radio sources with $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ in the considered area, Magliocchetti \& Maddox (2002) find 4075 identifications - corresponding to 16.7 per cent of the original sample - in the APM catalogue for $b_{J} \leq 22$ and for a matching radius of 2 arcsec. This last value was chosen after a careful analysis of the distribution of the residuals $\Delta x=x_{\text {RADIO }}-$ $x_{\text {OPTICAL }}, \Delta y=y_{\text {RADIO }}-y_{\text {OPTICAL }}$ between the positions of radio and optical sources. The rms value of the $\Delta x-\Delta y$ distribution is found to be 0.7 arcsec, which is consistent with the uncertainty obtained by summing the positional uncertainties of the FIRST ( $\sim 0.5$ arcsec) and APM ( $\sim 0.5$ arcsec) surveys in quadrature and taking into account a small distortion between the radio and optical reference frames. So a 2 -arcsec match radius is equivalent to about $2.5 \sigma$, which should include $\sim 97$ per cent of the true identifications. Furthermore, using this match radius limits the number of random coincidences to a negligible $\sim 5$ per cent ( 225 sources out of 4075). To ensure uniform completeness over the optical survey, we restricted the analysis to objects with $b_{J} \leq 21.5$, leading to 3176 identifications.

Since the adopted version of the APM data includes magnitude measurements only in the $b_{j}$ band, $R$ magnitudes were then assigned to the optical identifications by making use of the $b_{J}-R$ colour estimates given in APMCAT (found online at http://www. ast.cam.ac.uk/ ~apmcat Irwin et al.). This version of the APM data has been processed to provide accurate stellar magnitudes, and so the galaxy magnitudes are not so reliable, but it does include both $R$ and $b_{j}$ UKST plates. Since the data are not designed for galaxy
work, these colours have a rather large uncertainty, but nevertheless provide interesting information.

In the magnitude range $16 \leq b_{J} \leq 20.5$ image profiles were used to separate galaxies from stars as described by Maddox et al. (1990a). For $b_{J} \geq 20.5$ galaxy profiles do not greatly differ from stellar profiles, and the classification becomes unreliable. So, for $16 \leq b_{J} \leq 20.5$ we divide the radio sources into stellar-like objects, expected to be mostly high-redshift QSOs (535 objects) and radio galaxies (1494 objects), expected to lie within $z \simeq 0.3$. The radio-to-optical ratios and colours of the stellar identifications are consistent with them being mostly high-redshift QSOs.

### 2.3 The spectroscopic sample

In order to obtain redshift measurements and spectral features for those radio sources with an optical counterpart (hereafter called the photometric sample) as described in Section 2.2, we looked for objects in the 2 dF catalogue with positions which differed by less than 2 arcsec from positions of sources in the photometric sample. The choice of this value for the matching radius is based on the 2 -arcsec diameter of each 2 dF fibre. Indeed, we found all the matched objects to have positional offsets of maximum 1 arcsec, with a rms of $\sim 0.5$ arcsec. Fig. 1 shows the distribution of the residuals $\Delta x=x_{\mathrm{OPT}}-x_{\mathrm{SPEC}}, \Delta y=y_{\mathrm{OPT}}-y_{\mathrm{SPEC}}$ between the positions of sources in the photometric and 2 dF catalogues. The bottom panel represents the $\Delta x-\Delta y$ distribution, while the middle and top panels show the number of matches respectively as a function of $\Delta x$ and $\Delta y$ offsets. As already discussed, all the offsets lie within $\Delta x \simeq \Delta y \sim 1$, with $\sim 0.5$ arcsec rms. The shift of the median offset of the distribution from the zero values, more prominent along the $\Delta y$-axis, is due to adjustments in the astrometry for galaxies in the 2 dF survey relative to those included in the earlier version of the APM catalogue from which the photometric sample was drawn.

Out of 971 input sources from the photometric catalogue with $b_{J} \leq 19.45$ and $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$, we were then able to obtain redshifts for 557 objects, 53 per cent of the original sample. Fig. 2 shows the projected distribution of radio sources in the photometric sample with $b_{J} \leq 19.45$; filled circles identify those objects for which redshift estimates and spectral classifications were available. We


Figure 1. Bottom panel: distribution of the residuals $\Delta x=x_{\mathrm{OPT}}-x_{\mathrm{SPEC}}$, $\Delta y=y_{\text {OPT }}-y_{\text {SPEC }}$ between optical and spectroscopic positions. Middle and top panels: number of matches as a function of $\Delta x$ and $\Delta y$ offsets.


Figure 2. Projected distribution of radio sources with optical counterparts in the APM catalogue with $b_{J} \leq 19.45$. Filled circles identify objects with spectral identifications, while empty ones are for those not yet included in the 2dFGRS.


Figure 3. Number of radio sources per flux interval in the considered area. The dotted line represents the original radio sample, and the dashed line those sources with optical counterparts brighter than $b_{J} \leq 22$ (photometric sample), while the solid line is for sources with spectral determinations from the 2 dFGRS (spectroscopic sample). The lower panel represents the ratio between the number of sources respectively in the spectroscopic and radio sample (solid line) and optical and radio sample (dashed line) as a function of radio flux.
remark here that the reason for such an apparent incompleteness in the redshift determination is mainly the incompleteness of the sky coverage, as there are areas which have not yet been observed by the 2dFGRS. Less that 40 objects from the input sample with $b_{J} \leq 19.45$ could in fact have been missed due to the completeness level of the redshift survey ( $\sim 95$ per cent; Colless et al. 2001).

To test for both radio-flux and magnitude biases in the determination of the photometric and spectroscopic samples, we show the number of radio sources respectively per flux and magnitude unit in Figs 3 and 4. In Fig. 3, the dotted line has been obtained from the original FIRST catalogue for all those sources enclosed in the equatorial region defined in Section 2, while the dashed line illustrates the case for the photometric sample ( $b_{J} \leq 20.5$ ), and the solid line represents the spectroscopic sample. In Fig. 4, the dashed and solid lines are for the photometric and spectroscopic samples respectively. In each figure the lower panel shows the ratio of number counts in each sample. The ratio of spectroscopic to photometric sources remains constant with


Figure 4. Number of radio sources per magnitude interval over the considered area. The dashed line represents sources from the photometric sample, while the solid line is for sources with spectral determinations from the 2 dFGRS (spectroscopic sample). The lower panel represents the ratio between the number of sources respectively in the spectroscopic and photometric sample as a function of magnitude.
magnitude up to $b_{J} \sim 19-19.5$, but there is a weak trend for there to be more identifications at faint radio fluxes. It is not entirely clear what causes this trend; one possibility could be the fact that fainter optical objects are in general associated with brighter radio sources (e.g., high-z ellipticals - see later in Sections 3 and 4). Whatever the reason, we can confidently exclude the presence of any strong bias in the radio-flux or magnitude distribution, first of all for the optical counterparts of radio sources (as already discussed in Magliocchetti \& Maddox 2002) and also for the subset for which we have their redshifts. As a final remark, note that Fig. 4 shows a tendency for the number of sources both in the photometric and spectroscopic samples to flatten for magnitudes $b_{J} \gtrsim 17.5$. As will be discussed in Section 4, this behaviour is due to the absence of optically faint star-forming galaxies in the FIRST survey.

Before carrying on with our analysis, it is worthwhile mentioning an important issue which needs to be taken into account when dealing with objects coming from the FIRST survey related to flux measurements. The high resolution of the survey in fact implies that some of the flux coming from extended sources
could be either resolved out or split into two or more components, leading to a systematic underestimate of the real flux densities of such sources (Condon et al. 1998). This effect has been partially corrected for by using the method developed by Magliocchetti et al. (1998) to combine multicomponent sources. However, despite this correction, it turns out that fluxes as derived from the FIRST survey were on average still lower than those measured by the NVSS survey (which, having a lower resolution, should not be affected by this effect) by about 1 mJy in the case of sources brighter than 3 mJy , and by about 30 per cent of the measured flux for sources with $1 \mathrm{mJy} \leq S_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \lesssim 3 \mathrm{mJy}$ (Jackson et al. in preparation). We therefore corrected the estimated flux densities by making use of the above quantities and, while for consistency reasons throughout the paper we will keep using the flux densities as measured by the FIRST survey, in the calculation of highprecision quantities such as the RLF (see Section 4), we will rely on these corrected values. It is nevertheless worth stressing that such corrections do not affect any of the results presented in this paper (including the LFs) by more than a negligible factor, generally much lower than other uncertainties associated with the various measurements.

## 3 OPTICAL AND SPECTRAL PROPERTIES OF THE SAMPLE

All the 557 radio sources identified in the 2 dF catalogue are presented in Tables 2 and 3 at the end of the paper. For each object the tables indicate the following.
(1) Source number.
(2) Right Ascension $\alpha$ (J2000) and Declination $\delta$ (J2000). Note that these correspond to the FIRST radio coordinates, except in the case of objects with double or triple substructures, where the coordinates are of the centroid of the source and are obtained by following the procedure illustrated by Magliocchetti et al. (1998) to combine multicomponent objects.
(3) Offset (expressed in arcsecs) of the optical counterpart in the APM catalogue.
(4) Radio-flux density (in mJy units) at 1.4 GHz .
(5) Apparent $b_{J}$ and, when present,
(6) $R$ magnitude of the optical counterpart.
(7) Redshift.
(8) Spectral classification. It is worth remarking here that, as Madgwick et al. (2002) have recently shown, the fibre spectral classification inconsistency claimed by Kochanek, Pahre \& Falco (2002) is not a problem for 2dFGRS. We refer the reader to Madgwick et al. for further discussion on this point.
(9) Emission lines detected ordered from the most to the least prominent. Note that the [ $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}$ ] line appears in the tables only if its intensity is comparable with that of $\mathrm{H} \alpha$.
(10) Notes on morphological appearance.

The point (10) has been obtained by visual inspection of the radio ( R , from the FIRST atlas) and optical ( O , from the Digitized Sky Survey) images of each source. Blank spaces correspond to point-like structures as observed both in the radio and optical bands. Radio images have been classified as Extended whenever it was possible to detect any extended structure, Double if the source presented the two characteristic lobes, Core + lobes if also the central component of the radio source was present, and Jets/Core + Jets if the structures pointing towards the lobes were visible. In a few cases, the '?' indicates uncertainty to distinguish
between genuine double/triple structures and the presence of sidelobes.

From the optical point of view, galaxies have been classified as Spiral whenever the presence of spiral arms was visible or Disk + bulge if the image clearly resolved the galaxy into the two components, Irregular if they presented distorted morphologies, Merging if there were signatures of either merging or accretion of a smaller unit, and Interaction whenever two or more galaxies were interacting with each other. Again, the '?' indicates dubious classifications.

Classes for the optical counterparts of radio sources (column 10 of Tables 2 and 3) have been assigned on the basis of their 2 dF spectra. Spectra have been compared with known templates (see, e.g., Kennicutt 1992 and McQuade, Calzetti \& Kinney 1995), and this allowed galaxies to be divided into six broad categories.
(1) Early-type galaxies, where spectra were dominated by continua much stronger than the intensity of any emission line. These objects can be further divided into two sub-classes:
(i) galaxies with absorption lines only, and
(ii) galaxies with absorption lines + weak $\left[\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{II}}\right]$ and $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ emission lines denoting little star formation activity.
(2) $E+A G N$-type galaxies, showing spectra typical of earlytypes plus the presence of (narrow) emission lines such as [ $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{II}}$ ], $\left[\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{III}}\right],\left[\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{II}}\right]$ and $\left[\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{II}}\right]$, which are strong if compared to any Balmer line in emission and indicate the presence of large, partially ionized transition regions, as is the case in active galaxies.
(3) Late-type galaxies, where spectra show strong emission (mainly Balmer) lines characteristic of star formation activity, together with a detectable continuum.
(4) Starburst (SB) galaxies, with optical spectra characterized by an almost negligible continuum with very strong emission lines indicating the presence of intense star formation activity.
(5) Seyfert 1 galaxies, with spectra showing strong, broad emission lines.
(6) Seyfert 2 galaxies, where the continuum is missing and spectra show only strong narrow emission lines due to the presence of an active galactic nucleus.

Lastly, we also found three Galactic stars, probably due to random positional coincidences with extragalactic radio sources.

Distinctions amongst different classes of sources, and in particular amongst E + AGN, Seyfert 2 and late-type galaxies, have relied on the diagnostic emission-line ratios of Veilleux \& Osterbrock (1987), Woltjer (1990) and Rola, Terlevich \& Terlevich (1997) (where this last approach, based on the relative intensity of $\mathrm{H} \beta$, has been adopted whenever the $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ line would fall off the spectrum, i.e., for $z \gtrsim 0.2$ ). Note that a definite classification was not possible for all the cases. This simply reflects the fact that it is in general quite common to find 'composite' galaxies containing both an AGN and ongoing star formation (see, e.g., Hill et al. 2001).

The photometric properties of the different classes which constitute the spectroscopic sample are illustrated by Figs 5 and 6. In all the plots, symbols are as follows: empty circles for early-type galaxies, filled ones for $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$, filled triangles for late-type galaxies, filled squares for starbursts, empty squares for Seyfert 2, and crosses for Seyfert 1 objects. Note that we did not include here the small number of uncertain classification sources.

Fig. 5 respectively shows $b_{J}$ magnitudes versus radio flux $S$ at 1.4 GHz (upper panels) and redshift (lower panels) for the different classes of objects in the spectroscopic sample; left-hand panels are for early and $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies, middle panels are for late-type


Figure 5. $b_{J}$ magnitudes versus radio flux $S$ at 1.4 GHz (upper panels) and redshift (lower panels) for the different classes of objects discussed in the paper. From left to right, plots are derived for early-type (represented by empty circles) and $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ (filled circles) galaxies, late-type (filled triangles) and starburst (filled squares) galaxies and Seyfert 1/Seyfert 2 (respectively illustrated by crosses and empty squares) objects. The few uncertain classification sources are not included in the plots. The dashed lines in the upper panels correspond to constant values of the radio-to-optical ratios $r=1,10,100,10^{3}$ and $10^{4}$, while those in the $b_{J}-z$ plots represent the best fit to the data obtained for the population of early-type galaxies, corresponding to an absolute magnitude $M_{B}=-21.3$ (see text for details).
and starburst galaxies, while the right-hand panels represent the populations of Seyfert 1 and Seyfert 2 galaxies. The dashed lines (in the upper panels) indicate the loci of constant radio-to-optical ratios $r=S \times 10^{(m-12.5) / 2.5}$, where $S$ is expressed in mJy, and $m \equiv b_{J}$. Note that $R-z$ and $R-S$ trends for the different classes of sources are not presented here, as they simply reproduce the same features as those already shown in Fig. 5. Fig. 6 instead represents $b_{J}-R$ colours for the different populations as a function of radio flux $S$ (upper panels) and redshift (lower panels). Symbols are as in Fig. 5.

As one can notice from Figs 5 and 6, different classes of objects occupy different regions on the various $S-b_{J}, b_{J}-z$, etc. planes; this is due to intrinsic characteristics of the various populations which we summarize here.
(1) Early-type galaxies.

This class comprises 289 objects and makes up 52 per cent of the whole spectroscopic sample. On average, sources belonging to this population have relatively high values for the radio-to-optical ratio ( $100 \lesssim r \lesssim 10^{4}$ ) and are preferentially found at redshifts $z \gtrsim 0.1$. The majority of these sources show rather red colours ( $b_{J}-R \gtrsim 1$ ), with a tendency to be redder at larger look-back times. Their radio fluxes lie in the range $1 \lesssim S / \mathrm{mJy} \lesssim 10$, even though objects are found up to $S \sim 400 \mathrm{mJy}$, and optically they appear as relatively faint (about 60 per cent of the sources has $b_{J} \geq 18$ ). The $b_{J}-z$ relation in this case (represented by the dashed line in the lower left panel of Fig. 5) is well described by the relation

$$
\begin{align*}
b_{J}-M_{B} & =-5+5 \log _{10} d_{L}(\mathrm{pc}) \\
& \simeq 25-5 \log _{10} \mathrm{H}_{0}+5 \log c z+1.086\left(1-q_{0}\right) z \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

( $d_{L}$ is the luminosity distance, $q_{0}=\Omega_{0} / 2$, and $M_{B}$ is the absolute magnitude in the $b_{J}$-band). A $\chi^{2}$ fit to the data performed with $M_{B}$ as free parameter gives, for an $h_{0}=0.5, \Omega_{0}=1$ universe, $M_{B}=$ -21.29 with little scatter about this value ( $\Delta M_{B}=0.28 \mathrm{mag}$ ). This result is in very good agreement with previous estimates (see, e.g., Rixon, Benn \& Wall 1991, Georgakakis et al. 1999, Gruppioni et al. 1999 and Magliocchetti et al. 2000), showing that passive radio galaxies are reliable standard candles.
(2) $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies.

There are 61 objects in this class, corresponding to 11 per cent of the spectroscopic sample. These sources are directly connected to the class of early-type galaxies, even though they show characteristics that are intermediate between pure AGN-fuelled sources and star-forming galaxies. Optically they appear as rather faint, and they closely follow the standard-candle relationship found for early-type galaxies ( $M_{B}=-21.45 \pm 0.41 \mathrm{mag}$ ). However, their radio-to-optical ratios are in general as low as those obtained for late-type galaxies. Their radio fluxes are in general quite low ( $S \leqq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$ ), and their $b_{J}-R$ colours are uniformly distributed between about 0 and 2 .
(3) Late-type galaxies and starbursts.

This class comprises 177 objects (including 10 SB ), which is $\sim 30$ per cent of the spectroscopic sample. The radio-to-optical ratios $r$ for these sources have values between 60 and $10^{3}$, in general smaller than those found for early-type galaxies. Their radio fluxes are rarely brighter than $S \simeq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$, and optically they have bright apparent magnitudes (very few objects are found with $b_{J} \gtrsim 18.5$ ). These sources have quite blue colours, $-2 \leqq b_{J}-R \leqq 1$, and are mostly local - the majority of them being found within $z \simeq 0.1$.


Figure 6. Upper panels: $b_{J}-R$ colours for the different classes of sources as a function of radio flux at $1.4 \mathrm{GHz}, S$. Lower panels: $b_{J}-\mathrm{R}$ colours as a function of redshift. Empty circles represent early-type galaxies, filled circles are for $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$, filled triangles are for late-type galaxies, filled squares are for starbursts, empty squares are for Seyfert 2, and crosses illustrate the case of Seyfert 1 objects.

Furthermore, they do not follow the $b_{J}-z$ relation found for earlytype galaxies, illustrated by the dashed line in the lower middle panel of Fig. 5. For these objects one in fact finds $M_{B}=-20.76 \pm 0.33 \mathrm{mag}$.
(4) Seyfert galaxies.

The sample contains 18 Seyfert 2 and four Seyfert 1 galaxies, making up $\sim 3$ and 0.5 per cent of the sample respectively. Their radio-to-optical ratios are quite high, and in the case of all but one Seyfert 1 galaxy, one finds $r \gtrsim 10^{4}$. Their colours range between $0 \leqq b_{J}-R \leqq 2$ as in the case for $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies, and they seem to follow the $b_{J}-z$ relationship found for early-type galaxies (lower left panel of Fig. 5). Seyfert 2 galaxies in general have low-to-intermediate radio fluxes, while Seyfert 1s show higher values for $S$. Note that one Seyfert 1 galaxy (number 331437 of the spectroscopic sample) is found at $z=2.24$, well beyond the typical limit of the 2dFGRS, $z \simeq 0.3$.

The above findings for the relative contribution of the different classes of sources to the local radio population are in good general agreement with the results of Sadler et al. (2002) for a sample of NVSS/2dFGRS galaxies. However, Sadler et al. (2002) find approximately 40 per cent are star-forming galaxies, the increased fraction almost certainly being due to the lower resolution of the NVSS which will detect (or catalogue) low surface brightness sources at the lowest flux densities.

Some information on the above classes of sources can also be derived from the few optical images showing resolved structures. For instance, it is interesting to note that the majority of the interacting/merging systems seem to be associated with early-type spectra, typical of pure AGN-fuelled sources, suggesting that merging, under appropriate conditions, can trigger AGN activity even at low redshifts. Also, as expected, irregulars and spirals


Figure 7. Distribution of monochromatic radio power at 1.4 GHz for the six classes of sources discussed in the paper. In the first and second panels from top, shaded histograms respectively illustrate the distribution of Seyfert 1 galaxies and starbursts (not clearly seen due to the small number of sources).
preferentially show spectra typical of late-type galaxies; signatures of interaction and/or merging are seen for members of this latter population as well as for $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies. Interaction/merging is also observed for one of the four Seyfert 1 galaxies and two Seyfert 2s. Furthermore, we find one Seyfert 2 to be associated to the classical two-lobed radio image.

Note that in a few cases, early-type/E + AGN galaxies are found to correspond to spiral morphologies. This is simply due to our
classification criteria, which are based solely on the spectra; typical spectra of Sab spiral galaxies can be very similar to earlytype galaxies with [ $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{II}}$ ] and $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ emission lines. Finally, radio images show that there is a clear trend for extended/substructured sources to be associated with absorption systems (i.e., early-type galaxies).

## 4 RADIO PROPERTIES OF THE SAMPLE

More information on the nature of the sources in the spectroscopic sample can be inferred by investigating radio properties such as the distribution of their radio powers and the radio luminosity function (hereafter denoted as LF).

From investigation of the radio-flux distribution as a function of redshift for the different populations as inferred from Fig. 5 (upper and lower panels), we note that in general Seyfert 1 and early-type galaxies show higher radio fluxes compared to the other classes of sources. There is also a tendency for late-type and SB galaxies to be present only in the local Universe, as already mentioned. No other distinction amongst the different populations is evident in the data.

Radio powers have been calculated according to the relation $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}}=S_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} D^{2}(1+z)^{3+\alpha}$, and are expressed in $\mathrm{W} \mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ units. In the above formula, $D$ is the angular diameter distance, and $\alpha$ is the spectral index of the radio emission $\left[S(\nu) \propto \nu^{-\alpha}\right]$. As we did not have measured values for this latter quantity, we assumed $\alpha=0.5$ for Seyfert 1 galaxies, $\alpha=0.75$ for early-type galaxies (with or without emission lines due to AGN activity), $\alpha=0.7$ for Seyfert 2 s , and $\alpha=0.35$ both for late-type galaxies and starbursts (see, e.g., Oort, Steemers \& Windhorst 1988). Note, however, that, since the redshift range is relatively small, the results do not depend on the precise values of the spectral index. Fig. 7 shows the distribution of radio luminosities for the different classes of sources. In the top panel, the shaded histogram corresponds to the distribution of Seyfert 1 galaxies, while in the second panel from the top it represents the population of SB galaxies (not very clearly seen due to the small number of sources). As one can see from the figure, early-type galaxies show generally higher radio powers $\left(10^{21} \leqq P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} / \mathrm{W} \mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1} \lesssim 10^{23}\right.$, extending up to $10^{24} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ ) than late-type ones, whose majority presents $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \leqslant 10^{21.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$. E + AGN sources are instead characterized by luminosities with values closer to those found for early-type galaxies $\left(10^{20} \lesssim P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \mathrm{W} \mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1} \lesssim 10^{22.5}\right)$. The bulk of the Seyfert 2 distribution is obtained for $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \simeq 10^{22} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, while Seyfert 1 galaxies all have $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \gtrsim 10^{22.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$. We note that the apparent cut in the luminosity distribution at $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \simeq 10^{20} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ is simply due to the 1 mJy limit adopted for sources in the original radio sample ( $S=1 \mathrm{mJy}$ corresponds to $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \simeq 10^{20} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ for $z=0.02$, redshift of the nearest object in the spectroscopic sample).

It is worth remarking here that all the objects included in the spectroscopic sample (apart from the one Seyfert 1 found at $z=$ 2.24) have $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \lesssim 10^{24} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$. In the case of 'classical' radio sources (i.e., if one excludes late-type galaxies and starbursts from the analysis, since the radio signal stems from non-AGN activity) this implies that the overwhelming majority of early and E + AGN galaxies belong to the class of FR I sources (Fanaroff \& Riley 1974). In fact, although the distinction between FR I and FR II sources seems to be more complicated than just based on their radio power - as in general optically brighter FR I also tend to appear as more luminous in the radio band (see, e.g., Ledlow \&

Owen 1996) - we note that for $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \leqslant 10^{24} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ only members of FR I are found, independent of their magnitude.
Also, from a morphological point of view, we find that very few objects in the sample (about 5 per cent) show composite structures such as lobes or jets. The angular resolution of the FIRST survey is about 5 arcsec which, for the cosmology adopted in this paper, corresponds to a physical scale of $\sim 7 \mathrm{kpc}$ at $z=0.05$ and $\sim 35 \mathrm{kpc}$ at $z=0.3$ (the maximum redshift found for galaxies in the 2dFGRS). Thus, for all the sources showing point-like images in the radio, one can exclude the presence of very extended structures such as those typical of FR II sources.
The local radio LF for objects in the spectroscopic sample has then been derived by grouping the sources in bins of width $\Delta \log _{10} P=0.4$, according to the expression
$\Phi(P)=\sum_{i} N_{i}(P, P+\Delta P) / V_{\max }^{i}(P)$,
where $N_{i}$ is the number of objects with luminosities between $P$ and $P+\Delta P$, and $V_{\max }^{i}(P)$ is the maximum comoving volume within which an object could have been detected above the radio-flux and magnitude limits of the survey (Rowan-Robinson 1968). As already stated in Section 2, for the radio-flux limit we set $S=1 \mathrm{mJy}$, the value at which the incompleteness of the original radio catalogue has been well assessed to be $\sim 20$ per cent, while $b_{J}=19.45$ (derived for 2dFGRS galaxies) is the chosen magnitude limit. Note that this value could be transformed into a rough redshift estimate for completeness of the spectroscopic sample, $z \simeq 0.2$, under the assumption of radio galaxies as standard candles with $M_{B} \simeq-21.3$ (see equation 1 and Fig. 5).
For each source we then estimated the maximum redshift at which it could have been included in the sample, $z_{\text {max }}=\min \left(z_{\text {max }}^{\mathrm{R}}, z_{\text {max }}^{\mathrm{O}}\right)$, where $z_{\text {max }}^{\mathrm{R}}$ and $z_{\text {max }}^{\mathrm{O}}$ are the redshifts at which the source would disappear from the sample respectively due to radio and optical limiting flux densities. For the optical $k$-corrections we adopted, under the assumption of spectra of the form $S \propto \nu^{-\alpha_{\text {opt }}}, \alpha_{\text {opt }}=5$ for early-type galaxies, $\alpha_{\text {opt }}=3$ for latetype galaxies, and $\alpha_{\text {opt }}=0.5$ for Seyferts (both type 1 and 2; see Rowan-Robinson et al. 1993).
In principle, in order to derive the local LF, one should de-evolve the luminosity of each source at $z=0$ according to expressions such as $P(0)=P(z) \exp ^{-t(z) / \tau}$ (where in this case we assumed pure luminosity evolution), where $t(z)$ is the look-back time in units of the Hubble time, and $\tau$ is the time-scale of the evolution in the same units. However, given the limited redshift range spanned by the sources in the spectroscopic sample, we assumed no evolution (i.e., $\tau \rightarrow \infty)$ for all the classes of objects, and therefore set $P(0) \equiv P(z)$.

The values for the LF obtained as in equation (2) have then been corrected respectively by means of the factor $0.8 \times 556 / 971$ to take into account the 80 per cent completeness of the FIRST survey for sources between 1 and $2 \mathrm{mJy}, 0.95 \times 556 / 971$ for sources between 2 and 3 mJy , and simply $556 / 971$ for sources brighter than 3 mJy (see Becker et al. 1995), where the ratio 556/971 indicates the fraction of objects with $b_{J} \leq 19.45$ observed by the 2dFGRS in the considered area (see Section 2.3), and reported in Table 1 (first column).

Fig. 8 shows the results for the whole spectroscopic sample, with error bars showing the Poisson errors. The dashed line indicates the prediction from Rowan-Robinson et al. (1993), who consider a luminosity function of the form
$\Phi(P, z)=\Phi_{\mathrm{SP}}(P)+\Phi_{\mathrm{ELL}}(P, z)$,

Table 1. The local radio luminosity function at 1.4 GHz in $\mathrm{Mpc}^{-1} \Delta \log _{10} P$ units. Luminosities are expressed in $\mathrm{WHz} \mathrm{Sr}^{-1}$.

|  | Complete sample |  | Early-type |  | $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ |  | Late-type |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $\log _{10} \mathrm{P}$ | $\log _{10} \Phi$ | $N_{\text {All }}$ | $\log _{10} \Phi$ | $N_{\text {Early }}$ | $\log _{10} \Phi$ | $N_{\text {E/E }+\mathrm{AGN}}$ | $\log _{10} \Phi$ |  |$\quad N_{\text {Late }}$



Figure 8. Local radio luminosity function at 1.4 GHz for all the objects in the spectroscopic sample with $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ and $b_{J} \leq 19.45$. The dashed line indicates the prediction from Rowan-Robinson et al. (1993), while the dotdashed line represents the predicted LF for the population of AGN-fuelled steep-spectrum sources as given by Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) under the hypothesis of pure luminosity evolution. The long/short-dashed line is obtained from equations (3), (4) and (5) for $P_{*}=10^{21.7} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, $\beta=1.4, C=0.425 \times 10^{-4}$ and $\sigma=0.44$ (see text for details).
where
$\Phi_{\mathrm{ELL}}(P, z)=\frac{10^{-6.91}}{\left[P_{1.4} / P_{\mathrm{c}}(z)\right]^{0.69}+\left[P_{1.4} / P_{\mathrm{c}}(z)\right]^{2.17}}$
(illustrated in Fig. 8 by the dot-dashed line) is the LF for steepspectrum FR I + FR II sources as given by Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) under the assumption of pure luminosity evolution. The evolving 'break' luminosity is given by $\log _{10} P_{\mathrm{c}}(z)=25.12+$ $1.26 z-0.26 z^{2}$ (in $\mathrm{WHz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ units) which, since we have assumed no evolution, reduces to the value corresponding to $z=0$, and
$\Phi_{\mathrm{SP}}(P)=C\left(\frac{P}{P_{*}}\right)^{1-\beta} \exp \left\{-\frac{\left[\log _{10}\left(1+\frac{P}{P_{*}}\right)\right]^{2}}{2 \sigma^{2}}\right\}$,
with $C=0.425 \times 10^{-4}, \log _{10} P_{*}=21.83 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1},{ }^{1} \beta=1.82$, $\sigma=0.44$, is the luminosity function for the population of spirals/starbursting galaxies as derived for IRAS sources by
${ }^{1}$ This value has been obtained after correcting the typing error in RowanRobinson et al. (1993; Rowan-Robinson, private communication).


Figure 9. Local radio luminosity function at 1.4 GHz for late-type +SB galaxies (top panel), early and $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies (middle panel) and earlytype galaxies only (bottom panel). All the sources have $b_{J} \leq 19.45$, completeness limit of the spectroscopic sample, and $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$. The dashed lines in the middle and bottom panels indicate the Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) model for pure luminosity evolution for the population of AGNfuelled, steep-spectrum sources, while the one in the top panel represents the prediction from Rowan-Robinson et al. (1993) for spirals/starburst galaxies. The long/short-dashed line is obtained from equation (5) for $P_{*}=10^{21.7} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}, \beta=1.4, C=0.425 \times 10^{-4}$ and $\sigma=0.44$ (see text for details). Seyfert $1 / 2$ galaxies are not represented due to their small number.

Saunders et al. (1990). Note that we also considered a $\Phi_{\text {SP }}$ of the form given by Dunlop \& Peacock, even though we do not show its trend in Fig. 8, given the unrealistic overprediction of the number of sources for $P \leqq 10^{23} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$.

We note that none of the models can accurately describe the data. The Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) predictions for radio galaxies underestimate the number density of objects for $P \lesssim$ $10^{22.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, while the Rowan-Robinson et al. (1993) model, though able to reproduce the departure of the observed LF from the power-law behaviour for $P \leqq 10^{23} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, overpredicts the number density of sources with faint luminosities.

With the aim of investigating this result in more detail, we have then divided radio sources according to their spectral classification, and evaluated the local LF for each population taken individually. As in the case for the whole sample, values for the different classes of objects are illustrated in Table 1. Fig. 9 shows the results for the
early-type (bottom panel), early and $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ (middle panel) and late-type + SB (top panel) galaxies. The dashed lines in the bottom and middle panels are given by equation (4), which considers only the local density of 'classical', AGN-fuelled, steep-spectrum radio sources. In this case the agreement with the data is very good down to powers $P \simeq 10^{20.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, especially if one includes all the objects which show spectra typical of early-type galaxies, regardless the presence of AGN emission lines.

Late-type/SB galaxies do not show the same power-law trend for the LF as the 'classical' radio sources (top panel of Fig. 9). Their LF shows a break at about $P \simeq 10^{22} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, beyond which the contribution of this class of objects becomes rapidly negligible. For luminosities fainter than $P \simeq 10^{22}$, however, we note that their spatial density is comparable to that of early/E + AGN-type galaxies. It follows that, for $P \simeq 10^{21.5}$, late-type galaxies and starbursts make for about half of the whole spectroscopic sample.

Note that the sharp break in luminosity explains why late-type radio-emitting sources are only found in the nearby Universe, as already noticed in Section 3. In fact, the majority of these objects are not bright enough to show radio fluxes $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ beyond redshifts $z \simeq 0.1$, and therefore were not observed by the FIRST survey. This feature in the LF also provides an explanation for the flattening - obtained for $b_{J} \gtrsim 17.5$ - of the curves describing the number of sources (both in the case of the photometric and spectroscopic samples) per magnitude interval presented in Fig. 4. As already shown by their radio-to-optical ratios, late-type/SB
galaxies are in fact faint in radio and, being actively forming stars, bright in the optical $b_{J}$ band. The absence of this class of sources for $P \gtrsim 10^{22} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, as shown by their LF, implies that they fall out of the spectroscopic (and photometric) sample for $z \gtrsim 0.1$ only because of their faint radio fluxes and not due to optical magnitudes fainter than the chosen threshold. These objects would obviously appear as optically faint at higher redshifts, but they never reach this stage since they first disappear from the fluxlimited radio survey. It therefore follows that, for $b_{J} \gtrsim 17.5$, only members of the population of early-type and $\mathrm{E}+$ AGN galaxies are included in both the photometric and spectroscopic samples, which explains the flattening in Fig. 4.

Finally, note that the last data point at the bright end of the LF for late-type and SB galaxies rises up towards higher spatial densities than predicted. Closer investigation reveals that the two objects responsible for this measurement, even though classified as latetype galaxies on the basis of their line-emission ratios, show spectra where the relative importance of the $\left[\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{II}}\right]-\left[\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{III}}\right]$ lines seems to point out to an 'intermediate' case where both AGN and star formation activity are present within the same galaxy. This could then lead to a radio signal dominated by non-thermal emission, bringing these sources into the class of $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ galaxies.

When it comes to a comparison between observed and predicted LF for the population of late-type galaxies and starbursts, one has that predictions from Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) (not shown for the


Figure 10. Redshift distributions for the different classes of sources in the spectroscopic sample: top left for $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$, top right for $S \geq 3 \mathrm{mJy}$, bottom left for $S \geq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$, and bottom right for $S \geq 10 \mathrm{mJy}$. In the $\mathrm{Sy} 1 / \mathrm{Sy} 2$ panels, the shaded histograms represent the distribution of Seyfert 1 galaxies, while in the Late/SB panels, the shaded histograms are for the subclass of starburst galaxies.
reasons explained earlier in this section) agree with only the $P \simeq$ $10^{23} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ data point, grossly overestimating the contribution of this kind of sources at fainter luminosities. A better job is provided by the Rowan-Robinson et al. (1993) model, which can correctly reproduce both the broken power-law behaviour and the break luminosity. However, the slope of the faint-end portion of the predicted LF is too steep and, as previously noticed, this results in an overprediction of the number density of sources at these luminosities.

By using equation (5), we find that the best fit is obtained for $P_{*}=10^{21.7} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}, \beta=1.4, C=0.425 \times 10^{-4}$ and $\sigma=$ 0.44 (long/short-dashed lines in Fig. 9), not far from the RowanRobinson et al. (1993) model, showing that late-type/SB galaxies have to be identified with those spirals and starbursts which dominate the counts at $60 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. The above functional form can also, together with the LF given by Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) for the population of ellipticals and represented by equation (4), correctly reproduce the total LF for radio sources in the 2dFGRS as illustrated by the long/short-dashed line in Fig. 8. The agreement, however, breaks down for $P \leqq 10^{20.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, due to the low space density of early- and E + AGN-type galaxies at such faint luminosities.

## 5 REDSHIFT DISTRIBUTION

Finally, we move on to the analysis of the redshift distribution of sources in the spectroscopic sample. Fig. 10 shows the results for different classes of objects and different flux cuts. In the top left panel we show the $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ case, and in the top right panel the $S \geq 3 \mathrm{mJy}$ case, while the bottom left panel includes only those objects with $S \geq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$, and the bottom right panel sources with $S \geq 10 \mathrm{mJy}$.

The most striking feature in the various distributions is the
drastic reduction of late-type galaxies for radio fluxes between 1 and 3 mJy . The tendency for these sources to be only present at $\sim 1$ mJy level and fainter was already reported by, e.g., Windhorst et al. (1985), Danese et al. (1987) and Benn et al. (1993), even though their relative contribution to the total radio population was still an issue under debate. As already noted, one also sees that the distribution of late-type galaxies is very local, peaking at about $z \simeq 0.1$ and quickly fading off beyond redshifts $z \simeq 0.15$.

Early-type galaxies are instead more distant, starting to be the dominant population only for $z \gtrsim 0.1$. They also show a distribution which does not alter its shape for increasing limiting fluxes. $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ sources once again constitute an intermediate case between late- and early-type galaxies, and their number is drastically reduced only for fluxes $S \geq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$.

As expected, Seyfert 2 galaxies all present low radio fluxes and are evenly distributed between $z=0$ and $z=0.3$. Of the three Seyfert 1 s included in the spectroscopic sample within $z \leq 0.3$, only one has $S \leq 3 \mathrm{mJy}$.

The combination of these trends for the different classes of objects gives rise to the total redshift distribution of $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ radio sources within $z \leq 0.3$, although we note that the sample loses completeness beyond $z \simeq 0.2$. This distribution is presented in Fig. 11; as in Fig. 10, the flux limit in the panels increases clockwise from the top left panel between $S=1$ and $S=10 \mathrm{mJy}$. The $z \simeq 0.05$ 'bump' shown by all the $N(z)-z$ histograms is principally due to late-type galaxies (with some contamination from $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ ), while the maximum at $z \simeq 0.1$ which is present only in the $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ plot, is due to superposition of late-type and early-type galaxies in that redshift range. For $S \geq 3 \mathrm{mJy}$ we see a rather sharp bimodal distribution, with a first maximum principally due to very local star-forming galaxies which rapidly loses importance as one goes to higher flux cuts - and by a smooth increase in the number of sources with redshift between $z=0.1$


Figure 11. Redshift distributions for the whole spectroscopic sample up to $z=0.3$ : top left for $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$, top right for $S \geq 3 \mathrm{mJy}$, bottom left $S \geq 5 \mathrm{mJy}$, and bottom right for $S \geq 10 \mathrm{mJy}$.

Table 2. Spectral identifications.

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | bJ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 266022 | 101220.85 | -0 3518.7 | 0.43 | 4.19 | 18.69 | 16.31 | 0.1865 | Early | none |  |
| 266087 | 10122.10 | + 05251.8 | 1.30 | 1.08 | 18.89 | 17.71 | 0.1234 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 266263 | 10117.55 | -0 232.1 | 0.65 | 1.69 | 16.02 | ? | 0.0336 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ пı, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ | O :Spiral |
| 266264 | 10114.84 | -2 235.5 | 0.76 | 4.10 | 19.06 | 16.48 | 0.1978 | Early | none |  |
| 266279 | 10110.13 | -2 1829.8 | 1.08 | 1.17 | 15.81 | 15.55 | 0.0797 | Early | none |  |
| 266343 | 101042.91 | -14718.6 | 1.55 | 3.08 | 16.09 | 14.66 | 0.0897 | Early | O II, $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ | O:Merging |
| 266383 | 101030.56 | $-15418.5$ | 1.00 | 4.61 | 16.85 | 16.00 | 0.0614 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Irregular |
| 266443 | 101016.73 | + 01924.2 | 1.16 | 2.60 | 19.13 | 18.31 | 0.1829 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, О iII, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 266492 | 10104.99 | +1533.8 | 1.02 | 3.13 | 17.70 | 16.72 | 0.0951 | Early | none |  |
| 266557 | 10951.57 | +1 1328.0 | 1.23 | 5.26 | 15.69 | 14.62 | 0.0459 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 266582 | 10942.27 | -0 3241.4 | 1.77 | 1.49 | 18.01 | 16.96 | 0.0943 | Early | none |  |
| 266612 | 10935.72 | +11145.0 | 0.85 | 1.26 | 19.00 | 17.28 | 0.1863 | Early | O II |  |
| 266637 | 10927.55 | $-1272.4$ | 0.78 | 9.18 | 18.74 | ? | 0.1871 | Early | none |  |
| 266888 | 10820.75 | +0940.9 | 0.31 | 15.05 | 17.10 | 16.55 | 0.0933 | Early | none |  |
| 266926 | 10811.44 | +0 2959.5 | 1.37 | 336.1 | 17.33 | 16.09 | 0.0980 | Early | none | R:Extended |
| 266974 | 10757.30 | -0 5612.6 | 0.43 | 1.20 | 18.87 | 17.69 | 0.1548 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 267422 | 10541.30 | -0 5312.4 | 0.37 | 1.50 | 19.14 | 17.63 | 0.1500 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 267445 | 10533.44 | +0 1759.2 | 1.53 | 8.44 | 18.67 | 16.73 | 0.2139 | Early | none |  |
| 267455 | 10527.15 | -0 5228.8 | 0.97 | 1.03 | 19.02 | 17.02 | 0.2059 | Early | none |  |
| 267466 | 10523.57 | +1415.4 | 0.62 | 3.23 | 18.88 | 17.20 | 0.1765 | Early | none |  |
| 267473 | 10521.50 | + 0518.6 | 0.31 | 8.04 | 19.12 | 17.26 | 0.1793 | Early | none |  |
| 267508 | 10512.29 | +03755.1 | 1.18 | 2.58 | 18.07 | 17.46 | 0.0630 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 267540 | 1052.75 | -0 4233.4 | 1.28 | 3.67 | 18.62 | 16.84 | 0.1962 | Early | none |  |
| 267567 | 10452.00 | -150 12.6 | 0.60 | 12.59 | 17.63 | 16.26 | 0.1392 | Early | O II |  |
| 267739 | 1044.99 | -0 3254.0 | 0.69 | 2.55 | 19.00 | 17.87 | 0.2889 | Late | H $\beta$, О II, О ${ }_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 267861 | 10327.10 | -13246.5 | 1.04 | 11.45 | 15.84 | 15.01 | 0.0461 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Merging |
| 267876 | 10322.66 | + 05025.6 | 1.86 | 16.05 | 17.65 | ? | 0.0982 | Early | none |  |
| 268002 | 10241.78 | -1209.2 | 0.04 | 8.33 | 18.98 | 16.91 | 0.1778 | Early | none |  |
| 268035 | 10232.52 | -0 2943.0 | 0.88 | 1.98 | 17.34 | 16.60 | 0.0928 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Irregular |
| 268115 | 1024.80 | +13355.6 | 1.19 | 1.33 | 18.71 | 17.61 | 0.0982 | Early | H $\alpha$, S II |  |
| 268152 | 10152.82 | -0 732.1 | 1.53 | 25.99 | 16.28 | ? | 0.0333 | Early | O II |  |
| 268552 | 1005.27 | +12059.5 | 0.76 | 2.01 | 19.16 | 17.14 | 0.2199 | Early | none |  |
| 268572 | 95959.51 | -0 1355.7 | 0.82 | 1.99 | 16.34 | 15.08 | 0.0904 | Early | none | O :Merging |
| 268631 | 95939.05 | -1 1453.2 | 0.30 | 11.12 | 17.52 | 15.96 | 0.1372 | Early | OiI |  |
| 268897 | 95833.14 | -0 5119.3 | 1.15 | 1.63 | 17.21 | 16.01 | 0.0858 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H}_{\alpha}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 269141 | 95721.15 | + 04221.9 | 1.23 | 3.76 | 17.92 | 17.17 | 0.0873 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 269190 | 9579.05 | -15244.5 | 1.43 | 4.05 | 18.38 | 17.08 | 0.1215 | Early | O ІІ, $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 269199 | 9579.25 | + 0032.3 | 0.88 | 4.85 | 17.40 | 16.28 | 0.1254 | Early | none |  |
| 269320 | 95647.38 | +11523.4 | 0.58 | 1.97 | 17.71 | 16.36 | 0.0640 | Early | H $\alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 269355 | 95640.73 | -0 124.2 | 0.45 | 2.15 | 17.92 | 16.28 | 0.1395 | Early | none | R :Core+ lobes |
| 269445 | 95621.73 | -0 154.5 | 1.45 | 3.20 | 17.18 | 16.40 | 0.0210 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 269739 | 9559.17 | -2 236.9 | 0.49 | 5.86 | 17.95 | 16.47 | 0.1633 | Early | O II |  |
| 269805 | 95450.18 | -14419.7 | 0.55 | 1.62 | 17.63 | 16.89 | 0.1646 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\beta$ | O:Irregular |
| 270083 | 95330.39 | +02654.5 | 0.26 | 12.77 | 16.48 | 15.09 | 0.0800 | Early | none |  |
| 270188 | 95256.96 | -0 4730.6 | 1.18 | 16.88 | 17.29 | ? | 0.0897 | Early | none | O:Merging |
| 270202 | 95250.92 | -15817.4 | 0.64 | 1.80 | 17.60 | 16.74 | 0.0564 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 270236 | 95240.11 | + 03148.9 | 1.25 | 1.97 | 17.15 | 15.93 | 0.0779 | Early | none |  |
| 270309 | 103217.36 | -0 1946.6 | 0.50 | 1.61 | 16.43 | 15.79 | 0.0558 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 270401 | 103152.99 | -0 4058.6 | 0.78 | 1.98 | 18.80 | 16.90 | 0.1496 | Early | none |  |
| 270593 | 103054.47 | -2 2914.9 | 0.50 | 3.70 | 18.25 | 16.09 | 0.1337 | Early | none |  |
| 270608 | 103050.81 | $-24316.2$ | 0.59 | 1.27 | 15.82 | 14.03 | 0.0297 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II | O:Irregular |
| 270646 | 103041.24 | +04716.8 | 1.03 | 4.98 | 19.16 | 17.05 | 0.2177 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 270898 | 102925.00 | -070.5 | 0.45 | 1.24 | 18.53 | 17.11 | 0.1183 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 271237 | 102735.28 | $-21613.4$ | 0.38 | 4.06 | 18.86 | 17.03 | 0.2179 | Sy2 | O iII, О it, ${ }^{\text {}} \beta$ |  |
| 271337 | 10279.07 | +0477.9 | 0.39 | 1.84 | 18.39 | 16.93 | 0.0901 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 271402 | 102654.63 | -0 3230.1 | 0.20 | 2.78 | 15.88 | 14.81 | 0.0348 | Late | H $\alpha$ |  |
| 271484 | 102635.18 | -0 158.7 | 0.77 | 1.41 | 18.49 | 17.26 | 0.1103 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 271549 | 102621.18 | + 0415.2 | 0.82 | 5.98 | 15.76 | 14.28 | 0.0215 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 271616 | 10265.79 | +03412.3 | 0.20 | 2.09 | 17.18 | 15.35 | 0.0972 | Early | none |  |
| 272058 | 10247.27 | -2346.0 | 1.95 | 8.20 | 15.64 | ? | 0.0522 | Early | none | $\mathrm{O}:$ Interaction |
| 272077 | 10241.48 | + 0038.5 | 0.38 | 6.01 | 18.01 | 17.05 | 0.1265 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 272224 | 102331.99 | + 01025.6 | 1.39 | 3.47 | 16.23 | 14.31 | 0.0958 | Early | none | O :Interaction R:Double |
| 272484 | 102225.89 | + 01254.4 | 0.84 | 5.68 | 19.26 | 17.22 | 0.2215 | E+AGN | Oii, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 272531 | 102218.27 | +03050.3 | 0.70 | 167.37 | 17.68 | 15.82 | 0.0972 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 272675 | 102153.19 | +21239.7 | 0.47 | 1.29 | 16.56 | 14.95 | 0.0720 | Early | none |  |
| 272740 | 102132.74 | +11120.9 | 0.71 | 1.37 | 17.33 | 16.67 | 0.0941 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}{ }_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 272888 | 10210.07 | +0750.1 | 0.41 | 5.15 | 18.25 | 16.26 | 0.1121 | Early | none |  |
| 273382 | 101917.50 | +0 2039.4 | 0.31 | 1.37 | 17.73 | 15.98 | 0.0206 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 273708 | 10186.67 | + 0559.1 | 0.33 | 5.62 | 16.11 | ? | 0.0485 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{\prime}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 273713 | 10183.33 | -15420.2 | 0.58 | 7.87 | 16.93 | 14.85 | 0.0609 | Early | none |  |
| 273748 | 101756.51 | - 11431.6 | 0.71 | 15.03 | 18.97 | 17.35 | 0.1625 | Early | none |  |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | bJ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 273837 | 101740.57 | -0 2854.9 | 0.60 | 1.57 | 16.18 | 14.39 | 0.0337 | Early | none |  |
| 273855 | 101736.76 | -2 254.2 | 0.71 | 1.31 | 17.49 | 15.62 | 0.0501 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 273860 | 101738.19 | -0 2712.0 | 1.14 | 1.62 | 16.77 | ? | 0.0338 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 273985 | 10179.12 | -14738.3 | 0.77 | 3.50 | 17.63 | 16.12 | 0.0455 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}{ }_{\text {II, }}$ O III |  |
| 274000 | 10175.33 | -2 433.5 | 0.43 | 2.09 | 16.31 | 14.69 | 0.0625 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 274107 | 101640.60 | +0 281.1 | 1.87 | 2.04 | 16.99 | 15.24 | 0.1225 | Early | O II |  |
| 274137 | 101629.31 | -0 5349.6 | 0.62 | 1.02 | 17.56 | 16.04 | 0.0630 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 274176 | 101619.34 | -1 3552.2 | 0.45 | 2.82 | 18.60 | 15.89 | 0.2635 | Early | none |  |
| 274379 | 101536.22 | +0 5458.9 | 1.17 | 2.50 | 18.33 | 17.08 | 0.1205 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 274385 | 101532.74 | -0 4529.3 | 0.38 | 1.57 | 17.90 | 16.47 | 0.0626 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 274459 | 101516.20 | -1740.7 | 0.56 | 12.44 | 18.97 | 16.66 | 0.2015 | Early | none |  |
| 274551 | 101454.90 | +033 37.3 | 0.79 | 2.60 | 17.37 | 16.14 | 0.1868 | Syl | H $\alpha, \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{H} \gamma, \mathrm{H} \delta$ | O:Merging |
| 274587 | 101443.90 | $-14612.6$ | 1.13 | 20.42 | 18.62 | 16.41 | 0.1986 | E+AGN | O III, H $\alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 274690 | 101423.58 | -0 440.6 | 0.88 | 5.49 | 19.33 | 16.97 | 0.2049 | Early | none |  |
| 274734 | 101416.08 | +0 1824.1 | 0.63 | 3.93 | 17.07 | 14.97 | 0.0955 | Early | none | O :Merging |
| 274829 | 101355.30 | -1519.2 | 1.39 | 1.00 | 16.57 | 15.33 | 0.0590 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S} \mathrm{II}, \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Spiral |
| 274895 | 101344.86 | -0713.5 | 1.26 | 2.23 | 16.47 | 16.00 | 0.0951 | Early | none |  |
| 275115 | 101259.14 | -15046.0 | 0.35 | 6.23 | 19.06 | 16.70 | 0.2288 | Late | O II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 275317 | 10529.98 | +0 5332.9 | 0.68 | 2.64 | 17.43 | 16.22 | 0.1046 | Early | none |  |
| 275322 | 10528.11 | +0 1915.4 | 1.26 | 1.31 | 18.31 | 16.85 | 0.1075 | Early | none |  |
| 275438 | 105138.51 | -1 1921.4 | 1.10 | 5.24 | 18.24 | 16.37 | 0.1081 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 275458 | 105133.83 | -1 1447.4 | 0.84 | 2.74 | 17.29 | 16.50 | 0.1077 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 275532 | 105113.55 | -0 649.3 | 0.28 | 1.09 | 17.93 | 15.77 | 0.1480 | Early | O II |  |
| 275616 | 105051.82 | -0 5412.6 | 1.36 | 1.03 | 17.04 | 16.60 | 0.0382 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 275718 | 105028.53 | +0287.2 | 0.97 | 4.93 | 18.91 | 18.10 | 0.2162 | Late | O ii, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, О ${ }_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 275807 | 10507.54 | -0 1925.9 | 0.40 | 1.44 | 19.22 | 18.12 | 0.0749 | Early | OiI |  |
| 275988 | 104930.86 | -0 3635.4 | 1.15 | 1.01 | 18.18 | 16.74 | 0.0001 | Star | none |  |
| 276002 | 104926.56 | +0569.2 | 1.07 | 25.37 | 18.57 | 16.84 | 0.1049 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 276106 | 10494.78 | -0 408.2 | 0.24 | 1.20 | 16.72 | 16.00 | 0.0383 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 276139 | 104854.82 | -0 5044.3 | 1.16 | 1.78 | 19.00 | 17.00 | 0.2584 | E+AGN | O III, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 276166 | 104849.14 | -2 4026.2 | 0.15 | 2.17 | 16.35 | 15.40 | 0.0369 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III | O:Bulge+Disk |
| 276184 | 104845.59 | -0 031.0 | 0.71 | 1.48 | 18.28 | 16.33 | 0.1666 | Early | none |  |
| 276317 | 104813.91 | -0851.2 | 1.28 | 1.20 | 18.65 | 17.33 | 0.0848 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 276367 | 10481.89 | $-13015.2$ | 0.99 | 5.13 | 17.80 | 16.69 | 0.1670 | Early | OiI | O:Interaction |
| 276625 | 104657.28 | +0 5333.9 | 0.64 | 1.75 | 18.24 | 17.11 | 0.1510 | E+AGN | N II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 276745 | 104633.10 | -2 1713.9 | 0.90 | 9.91 | 18.95 | 16.49 | 0.1669 | Early | none |  |
| 276769 | 104629.16 | +0204.6 | 0.45 | 1.24 | 18.19 | 17.12 | 0.0497 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 276835 | 104615.50 | -1 4313.8 | 0.61 | 2.65 | 15.85 | 15.17 | 0.0531 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ İ, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Irregular |
| 276897 | 10462.28 | +0470.4 | 0.89 | 1.09 | 18.34 | 15.88 | 0.1628 | Early | none |  |
| 276947 | 104550.19 | +0 2734.3 | 0.65 | 3.40 | 17.04 | 15.49 | 0.0768 | Early | none |  |
| 277016 | 104533.31 | -13722.2 | 1.06 | 1.13 | 18.97 | 17.62 | 0.2265 | Early | OiI |  |
| 277059 | 104523.82 | - 11544.0 | 0.39 | 4.08 | 16.52 | 15.64 | 0.0392 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 277118 | 10459.50 | +13253.0 | 0.68 | 1.02 | 17.73 | 15.86 | 0.1187 | Early | none |  |
| 277122 | 10456.81 | -0 2747.9 | 0.84 | 1.08 | 18.36 | 17.49 | 0.1603 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 277137 | 10453.59 | +0 262.1 | 1.08 | 3.02 | 15.63 | 14.48 | 0.0263 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }}$ O II | O:Merging |
| 277151 | 10450.40 | -0 1554.4 | 0.30 | 4.17 | 18.25 | ? | 0.0918 | Sy2 | O III, $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 277175 | 104456.47 | -0 2050.5 | 0.34 | 3.47 | 18.78 | 17.45 | 0.1930 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 277234 | 104443.40 | +14240.5 | 1.24 | 1.43 | 18.24 | 16.90 | 0.1120 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 277713 | 104315.97 | +0 5059.4 | 0.37 | 1.30 | 18.17 | ? | 0.1234 | Early | none |  |
| 277721 | 104314.50 | $-1515.5$ | 0.81 | 1.37 | 16.93 | ? | 0.0383 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 277761 | 10437.18 | -1 2939.7 | 0.84 | 1.70 | 17.56 | 15.68 | 0.0946 | Early | none |  |
| 278013 | 104224.13 | -0817.0 | 0.99 | 2.27 | 17.66 | ? | 0.1381 | Early | none |  |
| 278059 | 104218.52 | +0819.6 | 0.87 | 1.44 | 18.44 | 16.49 | 0.1247 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 278326 | 104129.06 | -0 031.3 | 0.61 | 47.49 | 18.00 | 15.69 | 0.1360 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 278490 | 104059.63 | -0 3448.4 | 1.30 | 9.94 | 17.56 | 15.11 | 0.1368 | Early | none |  |
| 278711 | 10407.07 | +0 2634.7 | 0.36 | 1.87 | 18.15 | 16.24 | 0.1322 | Early | none |  |
| 278870 | 103932.78 | -0 3419.5 | 1.52 | 1.31 | 19.08 | 17.66 | 0.2276 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 278965 | 103915.66 | -0 3917.6 | 0.28 | 30.92 | 17.53 | 16.72 | 0.0771 | E+AGN | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 279222 | 103825.07 | -0 2334.0 | 0.63 | 34.06 | 16.76 | 15.45 | 0.0962 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }}$ H $\alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 279272 | 103813.33 | $-12228.3$ | 0.15 | 1.75 | 17.53 | 16.65 | 0.0874 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O :Irregular |
| 279337 | 103758.71 | -0 546.4 | 0.33 | 1.12 | 18.97 | 17.43 | 0.2230 | Late | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ O iII, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 279493 | 103715.75 | +0448.6 | 1.38 | 1.16 | 16.57 | 16.45 | 0.0823 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 279526 | 10375.71 | -0 4232.2 | 1.14 | 3.35 | 18.74 | 17.42 | 0.0821 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 279820 | 103549.42 | -0 1420.9 | 0.99 | 2.23 | 17.21 | 16.50 | 0.0280 | SB | H $\alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 280061 | 103438.21 | -0 5110.6 | 0.64 | 3.07 | 16.93 | 16.71 | 0.0735 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 280076 | 103431.31 | -2 1541.7 | 1.68 | 2.24 | 19.38 | 17.50 | 0.2219 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{OIII}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 280200 | 10347.86 | $-11226.5$ | 1.20 | 1.34 | 19.02 | 17.52 | 0.2050 | Late | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ | O :Irregular |
| 280411 | 103321.70 | +061.3 | 1.32 | 1.18 | 19.05 | 17.95 | 0.1868 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 280423 | 103319.75 | -0 066.0 | 0.63 | 1.72 | 16.45 | 15.02 | 0.0507 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, O II | O:Spiral? |
| 280490 | 10330.63 | -0 2249.9 | 1.10 | 1.31 | 17.26 | 16.11 | 0.0549 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 280529 | 103252.91 | -0 4436.3 | 1.08 | 2.55 | 17.36 | 16.19 | 0.0857 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 281483 | 11539.01 | +2257.2 | 0.58 | 212.83 | 17.98 | 16.80 | 0.1066 | Sy1 | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{H} \gamma, \mathrm{H} \delta$ | R:Extended |
| 281522 | 11520.70 | +05316.3 | 1.41 | 1.69 | 17.31 | 16.22 | 0.0963 | Early | O II |  |
| 281682 | 11351.17 | + 05248.3 | 1.06 | 1.51 | 18.76 | 17.37 | 0.1661 | Early | none |  |
| 281746 | 11313.15 | +1827.3 | 0.97 | 1.55 | 18.73 | 17.76 | 0.1112 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 281802 | 11217.20 | +05759.6 | 1.10 | 1.91 | 18.16 | 17.53 | 0.1023 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 282062 | 105826.56 | +03430.0 | 0.33 | 2.90 | 19.10 | 18.18 | 0.0852 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 282487 | 111228.03 | $-11223.5$ | 1.26 | 4.34 | 19.37 | 17.29 | 0.2548 | Early | none |  |
| 282488 | 111227.30 | -12244.7 | 0.48 | 1.16 | 18.54 | 17.57 | 0.1911 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 282493 | 111222.18 | -0 1519.7 | 0.50 | 2.38 | 17.59 | 16.76 | 0.1238 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 282608 | 11110.64 | -0 5334.6 | 0.94 | 7.70 | 16.78 | 16.06 | 0.0909 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\beta$ | O:Merging |
| 282706 | 111013.15 | -0 3425.1 | 0.25 | 2.65 | 18.06 | 17.08 | 0.0395 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 282925 | 11827.46 | + 01454.9 | 0.58 | 1.83 | 18.35 | 17.57 | 0.1269 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 283081 | 11657.84 | -1549.7 | 0.38 | 1.36 | 18.82 | 17.55 | 0.0894 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 283088 | 11651.16 | -0 5956.8 | 0.58 | 84.54 | 17.46 | 16.00 | 0.1132 | Early | none |  |
| 283180 | 11554.17 | -0950.5 | 0.45 | 5.38 | 19.36 | 17.55 | 0.1557 | Early | O II |  |
| 283309 | 11350.10 | -0 366.6 | 0.39 | 4.71 | 17.05 | 15.76 | 0.0838 | Early | none |  |
| 283414 | 11237.36 | -1643.2 | 0.94 | 1.37 | 18.91 | 17.21 | 0.1555 | Early | O II |  |
| 283426 | 11230.92 | -1618.4 | 0.21 | 59.87 | 18.88 | 17.25 | 0.1567 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 283607 | 11019.98 | -0 5929.0 | 0.23 | 1.37 | 18.18 | 16.72 | 0.1027 | Early | none |  |
| 283640 | 105928.88 | $-1139.5$ | 0.48 | 1.72 | 18.32 | ? | 0.1860 | Early | none |  |
| 283666 | 10592.61 | +0718.5 | 0.23 | 1.31 | 17.96 | 16.47 | 0.1096 | Early | none |  |
| 283727 | 105811.40 | +0956.6 | 1.29 | 1.56 | 17.37 | 16.97 | 0.0801 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 283760 | 105740.69 | -1954.2 | 0.91 | 1.77 | 18.19 | 16.62 | 0.1083 | E + AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 283853 | 105621.58 | -0 5321.3 | 0.17 | 2.13 | 17.18 | 16.55 | 0.0755 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 284063 | 105340.41 | +093.1 | 0.75 | 11.53 | 17.39 | 15.70 | 0.1082 | Early | none |  |
| 284254 | 111111.47 | -15050.2 | 0.52 | 25.37 | 18.38 | 16.45 | 0.1951 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 284424 | 1198.17 | -135 22.7 | 0.31 | 1.91 | 19.38 | 18.17 | 0.1972 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 284434 | 11858.43 | -14932.8 | 1.37 | 62.16 | 17.96 | ? | 0.1060 | Early | none |  |
| 284560 | 11717.58 | -1574.8 | 1.28 | 1.40 | 16.65 | 16.12 | 0.0672 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{O}$ III, О ${ }_{\text {II }}$, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Spiral? |
| 284757 | 11453.65 | -1 3623.9 | 1.00 | 6.72 | 16.94 | 15.47 | 0.1009 | Early | none |  |
| 285054 | 105835.36 | -2 3553.1 | 0.60 | 210.17 | 16.45 | 15.64 | 0.0362 | Syl | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 285068 | 105817.49 | -1 4747.5 | 0.48 | 2.69 | 18.35 | 17.22 | 0.1316 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 285152 | 10576.44 | -2 130.9 | 0.71 | 2.27 | 18.43 | 16.00 | 0.1863 | Early | none |  |
| 285226 | 105553.37 | -2 1042.5 | 0.50 | 3.16 | 18.19 | 16.68 | 0.0929 | Early | OiI |  |
| 285354 | 105253.75 | -15315.5 | 1.10 | 3.34 | 16.58 | 15.60 | 0.0259 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}{ }_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 285362 | 105239.11 | -14142.9 | 0.88 | 6.96 | 19.43 | 17.12 | 0.2311 | Early | none |  |
| 285379 | 113229.92 | -0 3239.1 | 0.28 | 2.73 | 18.85 | 17.36 | 0.1324 | Early | none |  |
| 285397 | 113223.12 | +0 5218.0 | 0.72 | 19.22 | 19.34 | 16.71 | 0.1972 | Early | none | R:Extended |
| 285456 | 11326.65 | -0 4444.1 | 0.37 | 1.84 | 18.67 | 17.95 | 0.1043 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 285716 | 113055.35 | $-1247.8$ | 1.09 | 1.41 | 18.16 | 17.60 | 0.0732 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III |  |
| 285731 | 113053.44 | + 05251.4 | 0.14 | 2.22 | 18.65 | 17.33 | 0.1271 | Early | N ${ }_{\text {II, O }}^{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 285732 | 113052.64 | -1 2939.7 | 0.96 | 1.95 | 16.53 | 16.80 | 0.0728 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III | O:Irregular |
| 285896 | 113010.48 | -1 2651.6 | 1.34 | 63.03 | 17.34 | 16.57 | 0.1195 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 285914 | 11306.90 | -0716.1 | 0.83 | 2.68 | 18.44 | 17.98 | 0.1151 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ | O :Interaction |
| 285923 | 11304.15 | -1258.1 | 0.41 | 2.27 | 17.57 | ? | 0.1218 | Early | none |  |
| 286105 | 112917.99 | -1 4229.2 | 0.80 | 5.22 | 15.74 | 15.29 | 0.0431 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 286428 | 112754.35 | -1 1331.9 | 0.21 | 1.60 | 15.75 | 14.87 | 0.0424 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 286543 | 112727.61 | -2 3250.2 | 0.40 | 24.39 | 18.42 | 16.74 | 0.1443 | Early | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 286670 | 112655.63 | + 04047.1 | 0.76 | 2.15 | 17.83 | 17.60 | 0.0903 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O :Merging |
| 286732 | 112640.67 | -14138.2 | 1.06 | 8.38 | 16.25 | 16.00 | 0.0462 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\beta$ |  |
| 286874 | 11266.90 | -1 5914.7 | 0.71 | 1.29 | 18.59 | 17.23 | 0.1195 | Early | none |  |
| 286921 | 112556.97 | -0 53.1 | 0.92 | 1.76 | 17.96 | 16.81 | 0.1049 | Early | none |  |
| 286927 | 112554.75 | $-1352.0$ | 0.40 | 1.42 | 17.31 | 16.66 | 0.0456 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 286950 | 112550.29 | -2 288.4 | 1.33 | 1.29 | 17.87 | 17.30 | 0.1196 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 287242 | 112427.13 | -2 4258.7 | 0.29 | 3.16 | 18.01 | 16.38 | 0.1427 | Early | none |  |
| 287249 | 112426.12 | -0 2538.0 | 0.32 | 1.21 | 17.70 | 17.19 | 0.0485 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 287298 | 112414.61 | +05836.9 | 0.28 | 1.66 | 18.98 | 17.85 | 0.1005 | Early | none |  |
| 287312 | 11248.62 | -1928.7 | 0.55 | 4.95 | 15.70 | ? | 0.0294 | $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Bulge+ Disk |
| 287361 | 112358.96 | -0 024.9 | 0.47 | 1.14 | 17.93 | 17.47 | 0.0645 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 287369 | 112356.00 | -2 4220.4 | 1.13 | 1.93 | 17.00 | ? | 0.1163 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 287418 | 112345.60 | -1 1628.4 | 0.73 | 3.67 | 16.99 | 16.38 | 0.0765 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 287446 | 112335.16 | -1 3356.3 | 0.85 | 10.02 | 15.51 | 14.71 | 0.0444 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 287596 | 11237.73 | -0 3237.8 | 0.89 | 2.58 | 18.99 | 17.17 | 0.1937 | Early | none |  |
| 287782 | 112239.15 | +0 4312.8 | 0.89 | 1.54 | 16.66 | 16.37 | 0.0724 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 287791 | 112236.85 | +0 2933.6 | 0.54 | 6.21 | 17.53 | 16.48 | 0.1035 | Early | none |  |
| 287903 | 112217.78 | -1 5259.1 | 0.89 | 2.19 | 18.06 | 17.83 | 0.1084 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 287982 | 11222.73 | -1 3555.6 | 0.67 | 2.20 | 18.68 | 16.94 | 0.1539 | Early | none |  |
| 288022 | 112154.52 | +033 43.7 | 1.37 | 1.96 | 17.12 | ? | 0.0709 | Late/E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 288105 | 112132.33 | -14047.7 | 0.10 | 5.93 | 18.32 | 16.46 | 0.1435 | Early | none |  |
| 288217 | 112111.51 | -0 1738.7 | 0.26 | 1.05 | 17.31 | 16.46 | 0.0978 | Early | N II, ${ }_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 288228 | 11219.53 | + 01241.7 | 1.50 | 15.49 | 17.59 | 16.33 | 0.1039 | Early | none |  |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | bJ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 288277 | 112059.70 | +0323.5 | 1.12 | 3.15 | 15.39 | 14.37 | 0.0243 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 288345 | 112045.18 | $-0854.5$ | 0.89 | 1.29 | 17.62 | 17.27 | 0.0252 | Early | OiI |  |
| 288465 | 112017.61 | +0 2421.0 | 1.28 | 2.26 | 18.99 | 17.99 | 0.2049 | Early | OiI |  |
| 288666 | 111929.66 | -0 4430.9 | 0.66 | 1.94 | 17.21 | 16.98 | 0.0734 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 288813 | 111857.47 | $-11130.4$ | 1.76 | 1.33 | 18.09 | 17.48 | 0.0652 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289044 | 11187.45 | +02734.5 | 0.68 | 6.63 | 18.47 | 17.07 | 0.1670 | Early | OiI |  |
| 289103 | 111754.66 | -15647.5 | 0.40 | 4.53 | 14.75 | 13.41 | 0.0417 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289200 | 111732.87 | -0 1116.1 | 1.03 | 5.10 | 15.99 | 14.89 | 0.0397 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289621 | 111553.83 | +04733.6 | 1.69 | 1.89 | 18.13 | 17.94 | 0.1407 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289628 | 111552.00 | -0 438.4 | 1.47 | 9.26 | 16.80 | 16.52 | 0.0391 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289644 | 111546.93 | -2 3551.7 | 1.30 | 1.67 | 18.17 | 17.55 | 0.1340 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289694 | 111538.21 | +0 2940.7 | 1.01 | 1.62 | 18.87 | 17.73 | 0.1133 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 289785 | 111519.10 | +0 237.4 | 0.25 | 3.46 | 18.03 | 16.42 | 0.1436 | Early | none |  |
| 289793 | 111517.45 | +0743.3 | 0.54 | 1.90 | 18.61 | 17.37 | 0.1133 | Early | O II |  |
| 290547 | 115219.57 | -2 2316.5 | 1.00 | 2.76 | 18.60 | 17.17 | 0.1644 | Early | none |  |
| 290719 | 115131.44 | -0 33.9 | 0.47 | 2.41 | 16.54 | 16.65 | 0.0469 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N} \mathrm{III,O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{\alpha}, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 291061 | 114947.82 | +0742.3 | 0.64 | 2.48 | 18.78 | 17.94 | 0.0767 | Early | none |  |
| 291091 | 114938.61 | -0 2110.6 | 0.12 | 2.89 | 17.73 | 17.25 | 0.0847 | E+AGN | N II, $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 291127 | 114930.12 | -1511.8 | 0.46 | 1.55 | 15.31 | ? | 0.0192 | $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 291142 | 114926.11 | -0 1819.0 | 0.92 | 2.32 | 17.38 | 16.19 | 0.0833 | Early | none |  |
| 291220 | 11497.98 | -0 575.1 | 0.70 | 1.89 | 19.15 | 17.56 | 0.2647 | E+AGN | O II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 291655 | 114721.00 | -142 12.2 | 1.70 | 4.15 | 17.24 | ? | 0.0921 | Early | none |  |
| 291786 | 114649.45 | -12857.2 | 1.13 | 1.06 | 19.14 | 17.98 | 0.1561 | Early | H $\alpha$ |  |
| 291873 | 114624.98 | $-14513.7$ | 0.78 | 2.78 | 19.11 | 17.87 | 0.1645 | Early | O II |  |
| 291953 | 11466.97 | -1538.1 | 1.62 | 3.67 | 18.17 | 16.83 | 0.1159 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 292291 | 114448.36 | -1931.4 | 0.62 | 17.98 | 17.90 | 17.16 | 0.0778 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 292329 | 114438.30 | -2 11.9 | 0.89 | 1.42 | 19.11 | 17.86 | 0.1318 | E+AGN | N IIH $\alpha$, O III, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 292380 | 114425.99 | -1 5726.3 | 0.24 | 3.62 | 16.76 | 15.76 | 0.0763 | Early | none |  |
| 292449 | 11444.78 | -2 227.7 | 0.67 | 1.71 | 17.81 | 17.87 | 0.0677 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 292538 | 114342.98 | -2 146.9 | 0.59 | 2.10 | 18.07 | 18.33 | 0.1206 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II,S II |  |
| 292550 | 114341.08 | -0 1151.8 | 0.46 | 1.49 | 19.22 | 17.99 | 0.1503 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 292553 | 114340.08 | -12628.3 | 0.73 | 1.25 | 18.57 | 17.93 | 0.1235 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 292557 | 114338.90 | $-13849.8$ | 0.57 | 4.25 | 17.25 | 16.79 | 0.0431 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 292806 | 114230.93 | $-2155.8$ | 0.38 | 7.68 | 16.04 | 15.13 | 0.0477 | Early | none |  |
| 292858 | 114212.30 | +0201.4 | 1.59 | 24.98 | 15.34 | 14.72 | 0.0168 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O :Merging |
| 292879 | 11423.40 | +05134.9 | 0.72 | 17.68 | 18.92 | 18.46 | 0.2450 | Late | O iI, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 292934 | 114146.70 | -0315.7 | 0.46 | 1.83 | 17.18 | ? | 0.1061 | Early | none |  |
| 292942 | 114144.64 | -0 4117.5 | 0.24 | 3.33 | 17.66 | 17.35 | 0.0501 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 292990 | 114126.56 | -2 345.4 | 0.59 | 43.47 | 19.21 | 18.82 | 0.1601 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, O II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 293157 | 114039.06 | -0 1822.1 | 0.99 | 1.62 | 17.44 | 17.79 | 0.1122 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O :Merging |
| 293288 | 11406.84 | -0 2757.7 | 0.35 | 2.68 | 18.84 | 17.92 | 0.0749 | Early | N II, $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 293372 | 113942.86 | -2 3946.8 | 1.20 | 1.29 | 19.28 | 17.63 | 0.2896 | Early | OiI |  |
| 293458 | 113915.01 | -2 419.5 | 2.00 | 2.04 | 17.17 | 16.84 | 0.1033 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ | R:Double |
| 293482 | 11395.57 | -2 3728.7 | 1.50 | 3.16 | 18.35 | 17.14 | 0.1692 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 293507 | 113858.50 | -0 1630.7 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 18.14 | 18.00 | 0.1637 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 293791 | 113724.52 | -2551.6 | 0.83 | 3.13 | 17.43 | 17.13 | 0.0786 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 294053 | 113551.38 | +2528.6 | 0.86 | 1.28 | 18.37 | 17.76 | 0.0748 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 294355 | 113419.76 | -2 225.8 | 0.49 | 4.70 | 18.47 | 17.79 | 0.1123 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 294356 | 113420.50 | +0 1856.3 | 1.13 | 1.28 | 17.01 | 16.47 | 0.0293 | Late/E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 294391 | 11349.26 | -13542.7 | 1.30 | 2.52 | 15.79 | 15.12 | 0.0227 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 294492 | 113334.69 | -2 1648.8 | 0.42 | 8.22 | 15.74 | 15.06 | 0.0405 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 294617 | 113258.75 | +0 5527.9 | 0.40 | 2.97 | 18.12 | 16.64 | 0.1212 | Early | none |  |
| 294674 | 113243.25 | -2 1159.7 | 0.24 | 3.98 | 16.39 | 15.53 | 0.0420 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 294700 | 113236.61 | -2 175.6 | 0.82 | 1.87 | 17.49 | 16.08 | 0.0499 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}{ }_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 295046 | 1284.42 | +0 3353.2 | 0.51 | 1.64 | 17.51 | 17.73 | 0.0953 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 295141 | 12652.47 | +0 5822.7 | 0.30 | 1.98 | 18.54 | 16.96 | 0.1120 | Early | none |  |
| 295697 | 1213.36 | +1011.6 | 0.48 | 2.03 | 17.71 | 18.11 | 0.0853 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 295908 | 115844.57 | +0 4934.3 | 0.07 | 2.58 | 18.89 | 17.22 | 0.2017 | Early | none |  |
| 295959 | 115817.27 | +0 462.1 | 0.53 | 2.05 | 17.24 | ? | 0.0781 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 296043 | 115719.04 | +0488.7 | 0.86 | 1.20 | 18.59 | 17.70 | 0.1235 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, O II |  |
| 296045 | 115723.05 | +0 2913.3 | 1.44 | 2.40 | 16.56 | 17.01 | 0.0470 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral? |
| 296078 | 115657.00 | +1657.1 | 0.64 | 3.27 | 16.61 | 16.81 | 0.0392 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 296396 | 12124.56 | -0 3914.2 | 0.92 | 1.09 | 17.46 | 17.05 | 0.0723 | E+AGN | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\beta$ |  |
| 296397 | 12126.89 | -1422.2 | 1.90 | 2.86 | 17.94 | 18.12 | 0.1144 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 296549 | 12106.00 | +0 2639.3 | 0.47 | 3.93 | 18.01 | 17.49 | 0.1278 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 296614 | 12925.22 | -0 5751.5 | 0.15 | 9.03 | 19.00 | 17.57 | 0.1301 | Early | O II |  |
| 296680 | 12823.87 | -0 5717.3 | 0.13 | 1.20 | 19.27 | ? | 0.1792 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 296886 | 12541.39 | -0 1420.3 | 1.10 | 1.61 | 18.73 | 17.43 | 0.1765 | $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ | $\mathrm{H}_{\alpha}, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Irregular |
| 296904 | 12526.88 | +0 1744.7 | 0.35 | 3.06 | 17.98 | 16.66 | 0.1301 | Early | none |  |
| 297089 | 1234.34 | -0728.2 | 1.45 | 3.64 | 17.62 | 17.66 | 0.1219 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Merging |
| 297124 | 12242.38 | -123 46.2 | 0.73 | 58.18 | 19.40 | 16.65 | 0.2482 | Early | none | R:Double |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 297219 | 12134.44 | +0 2050.3 | 1.20 | 1.52 | 17.19 | 17.66 | 0.0384 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 297252 | 12110.35 | -0 1011.3 | 1.42 | 1.57 | 18.95 | 18.47 | 0.1808 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, O III, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 297259 | 1216.19 | -071.6 | 0.71 | 62.64 | 18.62 | 16.76 | 0.1650 | Early | none |  |
| 297313 | 12037.70 | + 0125.5 | 0.61 | 1.08 | 18.46 | 17.43 | 0.0950 | Early | none |  |
| 297315 | 12036.04 | -0 3137.2 | 0.10 | 2.90 | 17.14 | 17.25 | 0.0831 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 297358 | 12015.06 | +0735.4 | 0.60 | 1.03 | 18.99 | 16.66 | 0.1784 | Early | none |  |
| 297398 | 115956.07 | -0 1923.4 | 0.45 | 5.03 | 17.28 | ? | 0.0832 | Early | none |  |
| 297428 | 115941.62 | -0 3154.5 | 1.32 | 2.80 | 18.59 | ? | 0.1781 | Early | none | R:Core+lobes |
| 297478 | 11599.71 | +006.3 | 0.41 | 1.45 | 16.76 | 16.94 | 0.0464 | Late/E+AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 297573 | 115824.78 | -0 426.3 | 0.67 | 2.76 | 17.62 | 16.20 | 0.1068 | Early | none |  |
| 297645 | 115756.82 | + 01221.2 | 0.22 | 3.32 | 17.94 | 16.82 | 0.1081 | Early | none |  |
| 297746 | 11577.23 | -0 488.7 | 1.75 | 1.64 | 18.28 | 18.25 | 0.1262 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 297747 | 11576.37 | -0 5838.4 | 0.11 | 5.25 | 16.85 | 16.14 | 0.0770 | Early | none |  |
| 297825 | 115620.01 | -0 1220.2 | 1.29 | 2.14 | 16.20 | 16.34 | 0.1073 | Early | none |  |
| 297919 | 115538.05 | -0 4614.9 | 0.84 | 2.78 | 16.42 | ? | 0.0647 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 297923 | 115536.05 | -1245.0 | 1.26 | 1.47 | 17.45 | 17.53 | 0.0765 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Bulge+ Disk |
| 297929 | 115534.41 | - 11417.2 | 0.45 | 15.70 | 17.75 | ? | 0.1272 | Early | none |  |
| 297936 | 115530.64 | -11541.3 | 0.73 | 1.78 | 15.85 | 15.92 | 0.0192 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Spiral? |
| 297953 | 115519.66 | $-12432.2$ | 0.34 | 2.82 | 19.13 | 18.19 | 0.1446 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 297984 | 11550.51 | -12552.5 | 1.33 | 112.61 | 18.29 | 16.83 | 0.1632 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 298044 | 115412.30 | + 0811.8 | 0.62 | 1.70 | 14.43 | ? | 0.0038 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 298099 | 115327.42 | $-11052.3$ | 0.12 | 3.17 | 16.99 | 17.08 | 0.0803 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ | O :Spiral |
| 298218 | 121149.92 | $-2140.0$ | 0.55 | 3.33 | 17.76 | 16.66 | 0.0790 | Early | none |  |
| 298227 | 121138.98 | -1 2944.5 | 0.59 | 4.89 | 19.26 | 17.35 | 0.2018 | Early | none | R:Double? |
| 298320 | 12943.64 | -2 50.0 | 1.10 | 23.71 | 17.61 | 16.65 | 0.1000 | Early | none | R :Jets? |
| 298359 | 1299.67 | -2 28.3 | 0.26 | 1.30 | 18.97 | 16.99 | 0.1756 | Early | none |  |
| 298444 | 12718.63 | -13931.3 | 0.86 | 8.16 | 18.75 | ? | 0.1816 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 298445 | 12718.73 | -14757.0 | 0.49 | 1.41 | 17.97 | 17.83 | 0.1074 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 298579 | 12357.26 | -1 3827.3 | 0.91 | 2.22 | 17.84 | 17.94 | 0.0985 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 298619 | 1238.48 | -15956.8 | 1.31 | 6.93 | 17.67 | 16.31 | 0.1310 | Early | none |  |
| 298629 | 1233.57 | -1 5550.7 | 0.99 | 1.36 | 19.12 | 17.18 | 0.1534 | Early | none |  |
| 298664 | 12226.66 | -12915.9 | 1.99 | 12.40 | 17.83 | 17.98 | 0.1511 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 298694 | 12149.73 | -15328.3 | 0.79 | 2.65 | 17.27 | 17.75 | 0.0907 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Merging |
| 298774 | 1206.04 | -2 2634.9 | 0.37 | 2.98 | 17.28 | 17.18 | 0.1028 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 298857 | 115845.42 | -14822.8 | 1.40 | 3.71 | 17.94 | 17.69 | 0.0880 | Late/E+AGN | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 298887 | 115820.58 | -2947.3 | 0.46 | 2.25 | 17.66 | ? | 0.0827 | Early | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 299070 | 115459.88 | -2 213.9 | 0.42 | 1.15 | 17.54 | 17.38 | 0.0773 | Early | H $\alpha$ |  |
| 299146 | 115352.84 | -13739.4 | 1.58 | 26.57 | 19.18 | 17.16 | 0.2782 | Early | none | R:Extended |
| 299186 | 115330.95 | $-1444.6$ | 0.70 | 82.90 | 17.25 | ? | 0.1360 | Early | none |  |
| 299339 | 123123.28 | + 03211.3 | 1.71 | 2.34 | 17.90 | ? | 0.0619 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 299536 | 122813.69 | +0370.1 | 0.49 | 2.02 | 17.76 | 17.72 | 0.1080 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 300599 | 123222.22 | + 0041.4 | 0.31 | 4.09 | 16.39 | 16.66 | 0.0437 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 300657 | 123138.03 | -098.3 | 0.99 | 1.28 | 17.29 | 16.67 | 0.0796 | Early | none |  |
| 300777 | 122958.88 | + 0137.5 | 0.70 | 2.16 | 16.81 | 16.47 | 0.0076 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III |  |
| 300922 | 122759.99 | -0 4915.1 | 0.31 | 9.85 | 18.42 | 17.33 | 0.1571 | Early | O II |  |
| 301004 | 122658.15 | + 02514.8 | 1.15 | 4.33 | 18.19 | 17.47 | 0.1194 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 301006 | 122656.69 | -0 416.9 | 0.67 | 1.01 | 19.36 | 18.42 | 0.1609 | Early | O II |  |
| 301193 | 122314.49 | -0 1522.7 | 1.78 | 17.52 | 18.53 | 17.62 | 0.1569 | Early | OiI | R:Double |
| 301231 | 122239.24 | -0 5850.9 | 1.83 | 1.80 | 17.97 | 17.18 | 0.1753 | Early | OiI |  |
| 301285 | 122132.43 | + 01256.4 | 1.57 | 2.67 | 17.03 | 15.93 | 0.1731 | Early | none | O:Merging |
| 301387 | 122012.56 | $-1532.9$ | 0.90 | 1.97 | 18.98 | 18.30 | 0.1181 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 301410 | 121946.60 | $-1121.1$ | 0.84 | 1.17 | 17.65 | 17.79 | 0.0849 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }}$ O II, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 301577 | 121730.77 | +0 2357.3 | 1.98 | 32.18 | 18.46 | 17.64 | 0.0014 | Early | O II | R :Core+ lobes? |
| 301626 | 12174.74 | -0 559.1 | 0.96 | 3.28 | 19.17 | 17.58 | 0.1972 | Early | none |  |
| 301646 | 121649.06 | -0 4431.2 | 0.78 | 12.07 | 16.08 | 14.99 | 0.0709 | Early | none |  |
| 301882 | 12146.72 | + 02634.5 | 0.85 | 2.27 | 18.62 | 17.36 | 0.1837 | Early | none |  |
| 302322 | 122526.79 | -2 3125.0 | 1.10 | 1.97 | 19.25 | 18.09 | 0.1988 | Early/E+AGN | O III |  |
| 302370 | 122422.56 | -2 117.6 | 0.68 | 2.21 | 17.34 | 17.53 | 0.0855 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 302382 | 122357.35 | -2 3314.0 | 0.45 | 1.97 | 18.90 | 17.85 | 0.1987 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N} \mathrm{II}^{\text {, }} \mathrm{III}, \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O :Interaction |
| 302412 | 122253.52 | $-13928.3$ | 1.24 | 2.99 | 18.89 | ? | 0.1871 | Early | none |  |
| 302433 | 122236.05 | -2 2312.5 | 0.53 | 1.17 | 18.42 | 18.00 | 0.1319 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 302518 | 122052.06 | -2923.8 | 0.37 | 2.52 | 17.17 | 16.64 | 0.0675 | Early | none |  |
| 302576 | 121927.87 | -13824.1 | 1.68 | 1.00 | 19.04 | 18.12 | 0.1441 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 302579 | 121920.86 | $-2026.9$ | 0.38 | 6.31 | 18.05 | 18.02 | 0.1308 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 302819 | 121412.07 | -2440.4 | 0.46 | 1.98 | 18.79 | 17.71 | 0.1591 | Early | none |  |
| 302830 | 121354.49 | $-14425.0$ | 0.44 | 1.34 | 18.50 | 18.13 | 0.1627 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 302889 | 121248.24 | -2 4329.5 | 0.34 | 2.91 | 15.51 | 13.84 | 0.0387 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 303266 | 124528.86 | +0 5830.4 | 0.12 | 4.54 | 17.43 | 17.27 | 0.0820 | Early | none |  |
| 303750 | 12394.23 | +05815.6 | 0.16 | 5.57 | 17.12 | 16.90 | 0.0731 | Early | none |  |
| 304197 | 125156.38 | -0 3548.3 | 0.66 | 1.73 | 16.66 | 16.39 | 0.0835 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 304271 | 125059.10 | -0 2521.7 | 0.82 | 2.81 | 18.68 | ? | 0.1912 | Early | none |  |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 304283 | 125042.44 | +0 1957.0 | 0.22 | 1.64 | 19.02 | 17.84 | 0.1254 | E + AGN | $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ H $\alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 304312 | 125021.52 | +0 1242.8 | 0.92 | 2.76 | 17.94 | 18.22 | 0.0812 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 304375 | 124933.62 | -0 4553.0 | 0.38 | 1.00 | 19.45 | ? | 0.1940 | Early | none |  |
| 304423 | 124850.36 | +0 2948.3 | 0.38 | 6.07 | 18.08 | 17.76 | 0.1072 | Early | none |  |
| 304723 | 124634.50 | +0743.3 | 0.76 | 3.19 | 17.93 | 18.08 | 0.0715 | Early | none |  |
| 304763 | 124617.51 | -0 1658.3 | 0.11 | 1.06 | 18.24 | 17.86 | 0.1265 | Early | none |  |
| 304783 | 12465.76 | +0 1845.5 | 1.61 | 1.43 | 17.31 | 18.17 | 0.0832 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }}$ O II | O:Spiral |
| 304900 | 124452.09 | -1445.3 | 0.36 | 2.13 | 18.97 | 18.69 | 0.1257 | Early | OiI |  |
| 305063 | 124321.75 | +0 1536.4 | 0.55 | 1.87 | 19.23 | 18.48 | 0.1429 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 305075 | 12439.64 | +03033.1 | 0.16 | 2.50 | 17.56 | 18.17 | 0.0905 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 305185 | 124212.98 | -0554.9 | 1.99 | 1.12 | 16.51 | 14.90 | 0.0471 | Early | none |  |
| 305276 | 124054.57 | -1722.3 | 1.31 | 1.02 | 19.19 | 18.29 | -. 0005 | Star | none |  |
| 305349 | 123941.14 | -1 1335.0 | 0.20 | 2.37 | 19.30 | 18.08 | 0.1877 | Early | none |  |
| 305401 | 12391.08 | +0 2156.9 | 1.36 | 2.06 | 15.39 | 13.70 | 0.0229 | Early | none |  |
| 305470 | 12386.19 | -0 4215.3 | 0.28 | 1.29 | 19.06 | 18.40 | 0.0913 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 305472 | 12383.36 | +0455.4 | 1.35 | 1.16 | 18.15 | 18.58 | 0.1166 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 305508 | 123743.67 | -0 1611.4 | 1.35 | 1.01 | 18.28 | 17.82 | 0.1084 | Early | none |  |
| 305590 | 123635.93 | -0 3253.6 | 0.91 | 1.42 | 19.30 | 18.15 | 0.2326 | Early | OiI |  |
| 305607 | 123622.97 | $-0524.3$ | 0.47 | 9.18 | 18.74 | 17.91 | 0.1423 | Early | none |  |
| 305657 | 123540.70 | -0 3459.4 | 1.14 | 1.22 | 19.19 | 17.84 | 0.2327 | Early | OiI |  |
| 305788 | 123336.39 | -0 5648.4 | 0.52 | 1.56 | 18.26 | ? | 0.1118 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Interaction |
| 305966 | 125129.71 | -15019.2 | 0.51 | 1.52 | 17.34 | 14.74 | 0.0820 | Early | none |  |
| 306761 | 124327.38 | -15049.5 | 0.84 | 2.76 | 18.09 | 18.31 | 0.0809 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 306862 | 124212.62 | -2851.3 | 1.57 | 5.18 | 15.77 | 14.47 | 0.0833 | Early | none |  |
| 306984 | 124026.75 | -2710.1 | 1.08 | 1.09 | 17.81 | 18.46 | 0.0882 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 307070 | 123850.21 | -2 2937.3 | 1.58 | 2.95 | 18.24 | 17.44 | 0.1373 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Merging |
| 307098 | 123824.60 | -13341.2 | 1.03 | 1.94 | 18.59 | 18.65 | 0.1880 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ | O:Irregular |
| 307156 | 123751.48 | - 11813.4 | 0.21 | 3.86 | 18.65 | 17.55 | 0.1537 | Early | none |  |
| 307163 | 123745.89 | $-11416.0$ | 1.01 | 7.57 | 17.37 | 16.86 | 0.1353 | Early | none |  |
| 307226 | 12376.76 | -2610.2 | 1.87 | 7.63 | 17.56 | 17.29 | 0.1114 | Early | OiI | O:Interaction |
| 307364 | 123427.80 | -1411.1 | 0.60 | 1.67 | 19.44 | 18.70 | 0.3179 | Late | О if, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, О iII |  |
| 307556 | 131220.95 | +071.3 | 0.23 | 5.87 | 19.22 | 17.16 | 0.2125 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 307671 | 131156.94 | +0 1351.1 | 0.63 | 92.15 | 19.04 | 16.37 | 0.2119 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 307794 | 131132.12 | -0 3716.5 | 0.99 | 3.24 | 16.97 | 15.99 | 0.0403 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 308664 | 13818.51 | -1 169.0 | 0.78 | 1.85 | 18.60 | 16.99 | 0.0847 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 309027 | 13632.99 | +0 2249.0 | 1.47 | 7.90 | 18.46 | 17.06 | 0.1476 | $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }}$ O II | O:Interaction |
| 309125 | 1362.03 | +0 1450.7 | 1.87 | 1.94 | 18.96 | 17.08 | 0.1731 | Early | none |  |
| 309130 | 1361.48 | + 0126.1 | 0.73 | 1.78 | 18.83 | 17.90 | 0.1377 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 309173 | 13551.44 | -1 194.6 | 0.10 | 1.88 | 17.84 | 17.33 | 0.0964 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 309188 | 13547.66 | -0 239.7 | 0.26 | 1.89 | 17.29 | 16.17 | 0.0314 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 309335 | 1357.10 | -0944.0 | 0.40 | 1.47 | 18.19 | 17.39 | 0.1242 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 309408 | 13444.39 | -0 1535.0 | 0.32 | 2.63 | 18.33 | 17.62 | 0.1974 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ III, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II |  |
| 309643 | 13326.53 | +0 1327.2 | 0.43 | 3.39 | 18.71 | 16.90 | 0.2084 | Early | none |  |
| 309726 | 1330.28 | -0 2853.3 | 0.21 | 3.35 | 17.87 | 16.18 | 0.0828 | Early | none |  |
| 310170 | 1315.58 | +0 4531.1 | 1.39 | 3.78 | 16.31 | 14.09 | 0.0820 | Early | none |  |
| 310333 | 13023.22 | -0 39.9 | 0.87 | 1.38 | 19.04 | 18.07 | 0.0818 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 310901 | 12559.62 | +0 5816.4 | 0.92 | 1.58 | 18.69 | ? | 0.1327 | Early | none |  |
| 311215 | 125554.58 | -0 5956.8 | 0.72 | 1.59 | 16.76 | 15.51 | 0.0475 | Early | none |  |
| 311234 | 125549.16 | -13839.6 | 0.74 | 1.76 | 19.32 | ? | 0.2366 | Early | none |  |
| 311323 | 125516.55 | +0 1448.7 | 0.32 | 2.31 | 15.57 | 14.58 | 0.0477 | Early | none |  |
| 311411 | 125452.68 | -0 039.1 | 0.56 | 4.50 | 18.54 | 17.89 | 0.1266 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}$ II, $^{\text {S }}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 311811 | 12535.21 | +0 1555.9 | 0.58 | 1.30 | 17.87 | 17.73 | 0.0710 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 311992 | 133152.85 | +210.6 | 1.46 | 11.25 | 17.31 | 17.09 | 0.0863 | $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{AGN}$ | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 312170 | 13307.02 | +0 3154.7 | 0.83 | 2.80 | 17.19 | ? | 0.0757 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 312259 | 13292.38 | +1541.3 | 0.09 | 1.12 | 18.24 | 17.71 | 0.1123 | Early | none |  |
| 312273 | 132853.33 | +2020.6 | 1.42 | 2.01 | 19.24 | ? | 0.1402 | Early | N II, O III |  |
| 312292 | 132841.88 | +2140.7 | 0.27 | 10.24 | 18.15 | 16.44 | 0.1398 | Early | none |  |
| 312296 | 132838.99 | +0 3254.6 | 0.37 | 5.06 | 17.75 | 16.69 | 0.1046 | Early | OiI |  |
| 312466 | 132655.80 | +04153.8 | 1.31 | 3.84 | 17.49 | 17.70 | 0.0822 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathbf{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ | O:Irregular |
| 312604 | 13256.35 | +15145.5 | 0.74 | 2.85 | 17.72 | 17.65 | 0.0582 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 312660 | 132435.99 | +13630.5 | 1.33 | 2.14 | 18.18 | 19.17 | 0.1067 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 312686 | 132425.64 | +03745.6 | 0.28 | 1.34 | 19.13 | 17.32 | 0.2163 | Early | none |  |
| 312805 | 132321.55 | +15631.8 | 1.26 | 3.28 | 17.32 | 17.34 | 0.1100 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 312875 | 132230.22 | +05328.3 | 1.26 | 1.92 | 19.01 | 17.75 | 0.1840 | Early | OiI |  |
| 312939 | 132123.33 | +12330.1 | 0.12 | 1.05 | 18.06 | 18.12 | 0.1356 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}{ }_{\text {III, }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 312972 | 13210.51 | +1169.8 | 0.50 | 11.08 | 18.27 | 17.51 | 0.1480 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{O}$ II |  |
| 313111 | 131944.09 | +14818.8 | 1.78 | 1.23 | 19.05 | ? | 0.2237 | Early | none |  |
| 313143 | 131915.04 | +13917.3 | 1.46 | 3.47 | 18.54 | 17.45 | 0.1414 | Early | none |  |
| 313278 | 131731.98 | +15128.2 | 0.98 | 5.58 | 17.15 | 16.09 | 0.0785 | Early | none |  |
| 314024 | 132739.53 | + 01918.0 | 0.72 | 4.35 | 16.87 | 16.80 | 0.0468 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 314123 | 132632.24 | +0281.3 | 0.46 | 1.15 | 18.58 | 18.31 | 0.0852 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |

Table 2 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 314131 | 132625.77 | $-02148.5$ | 0.04 | 1.11 | 19.08 | 18.40 | 0.1906 | Early | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 314229 | 132534.50 | +0 1522.4 | 0.69 | 5.97 | 18.58 | 17.34 | 0.1761 | E+AGN | O III |  |
| 314389 | 132356.90 | +0 1050.6 | 0.39 | 10.66 | 19.00 | ? | 0.2270 | Early | none |  |
| 314683 | 132123.13 | +0 2032.7 | 1.05 | 33.00 | 14.46 | ? | 0.0181 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III | O :Spiral |
| 314685 | 132123.26 | + 0441.9 | 0.52 | 2.02 | 17.34 | 17.57 | 0.0848 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 317526 | 13486.39 | +0 4920.1 | 1.45 | 1.82 | 17.47 | 17.46 | 0.0886 | Early | none |  |
| 318360 | 133425.73 | +0 5646.9 | 0.92 | 5.75 | 19.28 | ? | 0.2476 | Early | none | R:Core + lobes |
| 318462 | 133251.75 | + 04849.2 | 0.21 | 1.93 | 19.18 | 18.32 | 0.1721 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 318617 | 13502.07 | + 0151.1 | 0.75 | 1.67 | 18.83 | 18.12 | 0.2031 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 318618 | 13504.77 | -0852.3 | 0.89 | 1.96 | 18.82 | 18.30 | 0.1015 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 318703 | 134835.47 | -0 5746.9 | 0.75 | 7.58 | 18.71 | 17.53 | 0.1657 | Early | none |  |
| 318766 | 134728.39 | -0 5346.9 | 0.54 | 4.44 | 17.95 | 17.65 | 0.0763 | Early | none |  |
| 318837 | 134621.77 | -0 5229.0 | 0.76 | 8.53 | 17.02 | 17.75 | 0.0766 | SB | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 318838 | 134623.23 | -0 5237.4 | 0.89 | 1.25 | 17.47 | 18.05 | 0.0769 | Late |  |  |
| 318871 | 13467.09 | -0 1656.6 | 1.95 | 1.36 | 18.35 | 17.26 | 0.2155 | Early | none |  |
| 318894 | 134552.84 | -0 467.6 | 0.85 | 21.41 | 17.93 | 17.39 | 0.1486 | Early | none |  |
| 319035 | 134428.36 | + 0146.5 | 0.93 | 8.01 | 18.34 | 17.35 | 0.1351 | Early | none |  |
| 319207 | 134212.20 | -0 1738.1 | 0.19 | 1.50 | 18.17 | 18.00 | 0.0866 | E+AGN | N II, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 319235 | 134159.43 | -0 3446.4 | 0.59 | 1.69 | 17.69 | 17.66 | 0.0869 | Early | none |  |
| 319470 | 13392.30 | +0 2912.9 | 0.71 | 1.73 | 18.78 | 17.70 | 0.1437 | Early | none |  |
| 319508 | 133830.69 | -0 426.2 | 0.72 | 1.97 | 18.12 | 17.79 | 0.0719 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |

Table 3. As in Table 2.

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 319681 | 133538.77 | -0 5512.8 | 0.52 | 3.77 | 16.29 | 17.04 | 0.0721 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}$ II |  |
| 319838 | 133254.58 | -0 3235.7 | 1.01 | 1.03 | 17.64 | 17.18 | 0.0871 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 320158 | 134616.50 | -2 2741.8 | 1.05 | 1.39 | 18.89 | 17.39 | 0.2188 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 320199 | 134529.89 | -1402.8 | 0.99 | 3.98 | 18.08 | 17.84 | 0.0877 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 320216 | 134516.85 | -15625.9 | 0.53 | 374.6 | 17.98 | ? | 0.1498 | Early | OiI |  |
| 320257 | 134444.07 | -2 248.0 | 1.25 | 34.51 | 18.83 | ? | 0.0848 | Early | none | O:Irregular R:Extended |
| 320321 | 134257.58 | -15641.2 | 0.74 | 1.55 | 17.50 | 18.18 | 0.0889 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 320332 | 134238.39 | -13317.8 | 0.73 | 3.76 | 17.72 | 17.57 | 0.0272 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O III |  |
| 320517 | 133917.32 | -15049.3 | 0.55 | 57.47 | 17.08 | 17.24 | 0.0891 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 320550 | 133849.45 | -2 2237.4 | 0.76 | 11.55 | 18.92 | 17.78 | 0.2191 | Early | OiI |  |
| 320595 | 13381.50 | -14711.3 | 0.50 | 3.58 | 18.76 | 17.48 | 0.1774 | Eary | none |  |
| 320603 | 133754.33 | -2 256.0 | 1.08 | 3.50 | 17.28 | 17.15 | 0.0897 | Early | none |  |
| 320613 | 133744.06 | -2 1027.8 | 1.12 | 4.96 | 16.78 | 17.33 | 0.0265 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 320922 | 141223.46 | -0 4929.4 | 0.23 | 14.88 | 19.11 | 17.40 | 0.1877 | Early | none |  |
| 320956 | 141215.42 | -181.1 | 0.64 | 1.12 | 19.37 | 17.28 | 0.1810 | Early | none |  |
| 320957 | 141215.56 | -038 0.4 | 1.13 | 8.35 | 15.53 | 15.75 | 0.0258 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 321035 | 141154.09 | -0 480.4 | 1.09 | 1.63 | 17.44 | 18.61 | 0.0978 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$, O II |  |
| 321986 | 14812.30 | -2 249.2 | 0.36 | 1.60 | 18.30 | 17.80 | 0.1285 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 322005 | 1488.50 | -1429.2 | 1.88 | 2.29 | 14.10 | 12.70 | 0.0250 | Late | H $\alpha$, $\mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Spiral |
| 322020 | 1483.14 | +0257.3 | 1.36 | 2.27 | 17.60 | 18.94 | 0.0851 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 322636 | 14513.75 | -1 1456.8 | 1.58 | 1.72 | 15.61 | 15.51 | -. 0002 | Star | none |  |
| 322760 | 14433.84 | +0 1214.0 | 1.09 | 2.04 | 19.42 | 18.04 | 0.2557 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {iil, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {it, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 322822 | 14417.65 | -12740.7 | 0.99 | 1.42 | 18.50 | 17.88 | 0.1159 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 322925 | 14350.92 | -0 3113.9 | 0.90 | 3.56 | 19.33 | 17.55 | 0.1843 | Early | none |  |
| 322958 | 14342.42 | -0 513.6 | 0.64 | 1.45 | 18.14 | 18.61 | 0.0939 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 323057 | 1438.82 | +0 2446.2 | 1.22 | 7.71 | 18.82 | 16.25 | 0.1822 | Early | none | R :Double |
| 323317 | 14141.72 | +0 4556.5 | 0.83 | 1.62 | 18.74 | 17.60 | 0.1668 | Early | none |  |
| 323342 | 14138.67 | -13844.5 | 1.39 | 1.17 | 17.93 | 17.89 | 0.1043 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 323346 | 14138.21 | -230 23.6 | 0.55 | 4.66 | 19.24 | 17.51 | 0.2172 | E+AGN | O III |  |
| 323400 | 14118.98 | -2 1126.9 | 0.19 | 3.86 | 17.91 | ? | 0.1717 | E+AGN | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ O III, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 323429 | 1417.32 | -14340.7 | 0.57 | 2.21 | 18.38 | 17.41 | 0.1454 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 323518 | 14040.53 | -15518.5 | 1.12 | 2.69 | 17.04 | 17.25 | 0.0250 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 323604 | 14016.23 | -1328.7 | 0.55 | 1.77 | 19.14 | 17.73 | 0.1463 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, O III, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O II |  |
| 323803 | 135930.17 | -2 272.8 | 0.27 | 3.58 | 19.35 | 17.16 | 0.2231 | Early | none |  |
| 323838 | 135918.05 | -0 5727.7 | 1.70 | 1.19 | 18.49 | 17.90 | 0.1063 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 323970 | 135842.25 | -0 1734.5 | 0.24 | 1.66 | 19.31 | 17.67 | 0.1886 | Early | none |  |
| 323971 | 135842.03 | -0 3929.5 | 0.35 | 13.11 | 17.57 | 16.54 | 0.1314 | Early | none |  |
| 324016 | 135825.23 | +0 5858.0 | 0.42 | 56.04 | 18.06 | 17.85 | 0.1379 | E+AGN | N iI, O III, ${ }_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 324044 | 135820.01 | -2 2141.9 | 0.77 | 1.79 | 19.35 | 17.19 | 0.2200 | Early | none |  |
| 324175 | 135742.60 | -13736.0 | 0.22 | 1.41 | 18.71 | 17.11 | 0.1462 | Early | O II |  |
| 324361 | 135645.17 | -0852.5 | 0.50 | 2.84 | 17.09 | 18.36 | 0.1074 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 324410 | 135627.29 | -0 1717.6 | 1.07 | 13.08 | 15.26 | ? | 0.0295 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ O II | O :Irregular |
| 324444 | 135617.76 | -2312.1 | 0.16 | 1.84 | 18.71 | 17.66 | 0.1348 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II |  |

Table 3 - continued

| Object | $\alpha$ (J2000) | $\delta$ (J2000) | Off | S1.4 | $b J$ | $R$ | $z$ | Class | Emission Lines | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 324480 | 13566.37 | -0930.7 | 0.41 | 2.54 | 19.32 | 0.00 | 0.1960 | Early | none |  |
| 324533 | 135547.66 | +0 4845.5 | 0.62 | 2.40 | 17.59 | 18.16 | 0.0863 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ O III |  |
| 324932 | 135326.22 | + 0248.0 | 0.47 | 3.07 | 17.39 | ? | 0.1162 | Early | OiI |  |
| 325067 | 135251.65 | -2 3632.9 | 1.89 | 12.81 | 16.15 | 16.15 | 0.0756 | Early | O II |  |
| 325549 | 142553.61 | +0 3449.2 | 0.92 | 2.14 | 17.39 | 16.88 | 0.1284 | Early | none |  |
| 325666 | 142326.77 | +0 5718.0 | 1.14 | 4.03 | 17.98 | 17.66 | 0.1260 | Early | none |  |
| 326267 | 141417.54 | +0 4017.3 | 1.11 | 3.04 | 17.79 | 16.71 | 0.1140 | Early | none |  |
| 326469 | 14318.65 | -0 2530.7 | 0.38 | 2.26 | 18.46 | 18.72 | 0.0925 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }}$ O III |  |
| 326530 | 143026.20 | -1754.2 | 1.60 | 2.61 | 18.02 | ? | 0.1229 | Early | none |  |
| 326677 | 142816.50 | +0 08.6 | 0.49 | 1.72 | 18.38 | 18.78 | 0.0529 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 326693 | 142755.12 | -0 3344.5 | 0.40 | 2.36 | 17.05 | 16.91 | 0.0786 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 326755 | 142646.89 | -0 3033.7 | 1.54 | 1.27 | 19.06 | 18.66 | 0.2530 | Late | H $\beta$, О III, O II |  |
| 326795 | 142555.09 | -0 1617.5 | 0.32 | 1.39 | 18.49 | 18.54 | 0.1293 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 326865 | 14257.41 | -1250.5 | 1.48 | 2.91 | 17.97 | 18.00 | 0.1038 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 326877 | 142452.12 | + 0820.7 | 0.73 | 5.53 | 18.89 | 18.80 | 0.1311 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 326886 | 142444.96 | -0 1930.5 | 0.53 | 13.95 | 18.54 | 17.46 | 0.1737 | Early | none |  |
| 326931 | 14243.40 | +0 2957.8 | 1.00 | 74.40 | 17.54 | 16.98 | 0.1247 | Early | none | R:Core + Jets |
| 327076 | 142156.60 | -0 423.8 | 1.03 | 1.52 | 18.20 | 18.70 | 0.0532 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 327106 | 142131.00 | -0 1247.5 | 0.82 | 1.98 | 17.77 | 18.16 | 0.0516 | E+AGN | N II |  |
| 327121 | 142110.91 | -0 4713.5 | 1.12 | 1.96 | 18.59 | 18.38 | 0.1269 | E+AGN | N II |  |
| 327124 | 14217.33 | -1726.4 | 0.70 | 2.24 | 19.06 | 18.83 | 0.1296 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 327253 | 141835.13 | -0 4058.3 | 1.34 | 1.52 | 17.94 | ? | 0.1507 | Early | NiI, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ | O:Merging |
| 327261 | 141831.65 | -0 5125.4 | 1.03 | 2.09 | 17.00 | 16.48 | 0.0503 | Early | OiI |  |
| 327345 | 141727.57 | -0 2536.5 | 0.50 | 2.81 | 18.67 | 18.33 | 0.1226 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 327497 | 141538.95 | -0 2740.7 | 1.02 | 2.61 | 17.95 | 17.07 | 0.0833 | Early | none |  |
| 327499 | 141541.24 | -0 3852.4 | 1.01 | 1.93 | 18.84 | 17.42 | 0.1482 | Early | O II |  |
| 327534 | 141516.23 | +02838.5 | 0.06 | 1.62 | 18.49 | 17.50 | 0.1440 | Early | none |  |
| 327586 | 141457.72 | -0 2058.9 | 0.25 | 3.71 | 18.06 | 16.79 | 0.1388 | Early | OiI |  |
| 327597 | 141452.55 | +0 1145.9 | 0.44 | 1.81 | 17.81 | 16.67 | 0.1239 | Early | none |  |
| 327624 | 141443.60 | -0 1656.3 | 1.60 | 2.36 | 16.04 | 15.63 | 0.0382 | SB | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 327653 | 141431.05 | -0 3043.5 | 0.41 | 2.24 | 18.87 | 17.98 | 0.1375 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II |  |
| 327679 | 141416.26 | -0 214.9 | 0.23 | 2.82 | 18.97 | 18.00 | 0.1392 | Early | none |  |
| 327730 | 141351.80 | -0 3751.0 | 1.00 | 7.83 | 18.70 | ? | 0.1212 | Early | none |  |
| 327732 | 141349.10 | -0 4631.3 | 0.76 | 1.82 | 17.41 | 16.95 | 0.1196 | Early | none |  |
| 327862 | 14329.60 | -2 1136.4 | 0.43 | 46.30 | 18.30 | 17.22 | 0.1227 | Early | none |  |
| 327910 | 143116.21 | -14235.1 | 1.18 | 14.14 | 18.94 | 17.31 | 0.2208 | Early | none |  |
| 328104 | 142729.67 | -2533.8 | 0.56 | 6.44 | 18.12 | 18.27 | 0.0545 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 328129 | 14276.79 | -2 1326.5 | 0.52 | 1.99 | 18.34 | ? | 0.0816 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}$ İ, $\mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 328517 | 141821.99 | -2 3557.7 | 1.67 | 1.56 | 18.80 | 17.23 | 0.1847 | Early | none |  |
| 328529 | 14188.82 | -12234.8 | 0.70 | 22.09 | 19.11 | 17.91 | 0.1530 | Early | none | R :Core+ Jets |
| 328672 | 141517.98 | -2 2642.1 | 0.93 | 18.88 | 15.47 | 14.24 | 0.0469 | Early | N II | O:Bulge + Disk |
| 328739 | 141417.71 | -2 314.3 | 0.60 | 3.28 | 16.87 | 16.49 | 0.0758 | Sy2 |  |  |
| 328764 | 141345.46 | -15254.7 | 0.57 | 1.27 | 18.17 | 18.01 | 0.1199 | Late | H $\alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }}$ S II, $\mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}$ II, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III }}$ |  |
| 328909 | 14513.12 | +0 4058.7 | 1.58 | 2.81 | 17.35 | 16.86 | 0.0690 | Late? | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 328986 | 144937.81 | +0 5034.0 | 0.99 | 6.95 | 19.14 | ? | 0.2116 | Early | none |  |
| 329113 | 144726.30 | +0 5016.3 | 0.25 | 2.35 | 18.47 | 16.28 | 0.1716 | Early | none |  |
| 329976 | 143335.30 | +0 5426.5 | 1.69 | 1.30 | 17.77 | 15.86 | 0.1196 | Early | none |  |
| 330250 | 145019.21 | -1647.4 | 0.83 | 96.34 | 18.27 | 16.94 | 0.1197 | Sy2 | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ | R:Double |
| 330312 | 144928.63 | -11617.6 | 1.78 | 40.16 | 18.38 | ? | 0.2020 | Early | none | R:Extended |
| 330372 | 144827.54 | -0645.0 | 1.12 | 4.41 | 19.25 | 18.03 | 0.1379 | Early | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$ |  |
| 330921 | 144013.79 | +0 038.9 | 0.66 | 12.21 | 18.62 | 15.89 | 0.1790 | Early | none | R:Double |
| 331094 | 14386.75 | +0 3220.3 | 0.31 | 2.30 | 19.14 | 18.05 | 0.2095 | E+AGN | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{H}^{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{H} \beta$ |  |
| 331135 | 143743.73 | -0 1856.0 | 1.90 | 3.94 | 17.42 | 15.17 | 0.1379 | Early | none |  |
| 331138 | 143743.35 | -0 2745.9 | 0.84 | 2.30 | 18.55 | 16.57 | 0.1407 | Early | none |  |
| 331148 | 143741.75 | -0 5515.7 | 0.70 | 3.48 | 18.56 | 16.88 | 0.1481 | Early | OiI |  |
| 331172 | 143727.78 | -0 2343.6 | 0.77 | 10.08 | 19.12 | 17.59 | 0.1377 | E+AGN |  |  |
| 331437 | 143452.70 | -0 2828.1 | 0.44 | 42.27 | 19.33 | ? | 2.2485 | Sy1 | C iII, Civ,Ly $\alpha$ |  |
| 331441 | 143454.37 | -11618.2 | 1.24 | 1.61 | 17.53 | ? | 0.0560 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha$, $\mathrm{S}_{\text {II, }}$ O iII, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 331488 | 143415.35 | -0589.2 | 0.62 | 11.99 | 19.00 | 16.74 | 0.2188 | Early | none |  |
| 331921 | 14477.52 | -2845.4 | 0.12 | 2.79 | 18.02 | 17.23 | 0.0710 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {III, }} \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 332005 | 144531.14 | -13518.8 | 0.83 | 1.88 | 18.96 | 16.82 | 0.1494 | Early | none |  |
| 332224 | 144044.25 | -23624.0 | 1.19 | 1.59 | 17.84 | 16.96 | 0.1047 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II, }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}, \mathrm{H} \beta, \mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 332351 | 143846.68 | -1305.1 | 0.54 | 3.75 | 19.26 | 17.33 | 0.1395 | Early | OiI |  |
| 332426 | 143740.75 | -2 2214.3 | 0.95 | 2.38 | 19.01 | ? | 0.1204 | Late | $\mathrm{H} \alpha, \mathrm{N}_{\text {II }} \mathrm{S}_{\text {II }}$, $\mathrm{H} \beta$, $\mathrm{O}_{\text {II }}$ |  |
| 332642 | 143340.95 | -1453.5 | 0.16 | 2.73 | 18.79 | 16.32 | 0.2194 | Early | none | O :Interaction |
| 332679 | 143245.57 | -13551.4 | 0.43 | 1.94 | 18.99 | 18.08 | 0.2210 | Early | none |  |

and $z=0.2$, mainly classical AGN-fuelled galaxies. Above $z=$ 0.2 the optical apparent magnitude limit means the sample loses the fainter galaxies.

Fig. 11 shows that the contribution of actively star-forming galaxies (spirals and irregulars) to the local radio population is less important than previously thought (see, e.g., Dunlop \& Peacock 1990, where the distributions in redshift derived from their seven models for sources with $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ show remarkable 'spikes' for $z \lesssim 0.05$, as shown by Magliocchetti et al. 2000). Our findings, however, agree with the results from Jackson \& Wall (1999), who claim $\sim 30$ per cent of the sources at 1 mJy to be starburst/ starforming galaxies. As the analysis performed in Sections 3 and 4 indicates, these sources are then most likely to be identified with the radio counterparts of the dusty/starforming IRAS galaxies.

Unfortunately, the question of whether star-forming objects are strongly evolving with redshift (as claimed by, for instance, Rowan-Robinson et al. 1993) or not (see, e.g., Dunlop \& Peacock 1990) has to be left unanswered, since the limited redshift range of the spectroscopic sample does not allow any evolutionary analysis. We note, however, that the fact that late-type galaxies in the spectroscopic sample are in general found quite locally seems to argue against positive luminosity evolution, which would make these sources brighter at higher redshifts, and therefore observable by a $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$-limited radio survey such as FIRST beyond $z \sim 0.1$.

## 6 CONCLUSIONS

In this work we have used data from the 2 dF Galaxy Redshift Survey to derive the properties of local $S \geq 1 \mathrm{mJy}$ radio sources. The radio sample was drawn from the FIRST catalogue and all the objects lie within the area $9^{\mathrm{h}} 48^{\mathrm{m}} \leqslant \mathrm{RA}(2000) \lesssim 14^{\mathrm{h}} 32^{\mathrm{m}}$ and $-2^{\circ} .77 \leq \operatorname{Dec}$. 2000$) \leqslant 2^{\circ} .25$, where the FIRST and APM surveys overlap. 971 radio sources were found to have optical counterparts brighter than $b_{J}=19.45$ in the APM Galaxy catalogue; the 2dFGRS has then provided spectra and redshift measurements for 557 of them (the spectroscopic sample), up to $z \simeq 0.3$. We note that this apparent incompleteness is merely due to incomplete sky coverage of the spectroscopic survey, since neither radio nor magnitude biases have been found in the determination of both the optical and spectroscopic counterparts of FIRST radio sources.

Sources in the spectroscopic sample have been divided into three broad classes on the basis of their spectral appearance.
(1) 'Classical' radio galaxies (i.e., sources with a spectrum typical of absorption systems plus the eventual presence of emission lines due to AGN activity): 350 objects corresponding to 63 per cent of the sample, appearing for $z \gtrsim 0.1$ and showing relative high radio-to-optical ratios, red colours and radio powers $10^{21} \leq P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} / \mathrm{W} \mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1} \leq 10^{24}$. These objects - likely to be classical FRI sources - also present absolute magnitudes distributed within a narrow interval around $M_{B} \simeq-21.3$, a result which highlights their 'standard-candle' nature.
(2) Late-type galaxies and starbursts: 177 objects, corresponding to about 32 per cent of the spectroscopic sample, mainly present in the very nearby Universe ( $z \lesssim 0.1$ ), showing blue colours, faint radio luminosities ( $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \leqslant 10^{21.5} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ ) and low radio-to-optical ratios $\left(r \leq 10^{3}\right)$.
(3) Seyfert galaxies: 18 Seyfert 2 and four Seyfert 1 (one at $z=2.24)$ galaxies are included in the spectroscopic sample.

When available, radio and optical images have also allowed morphological studies of the sources in the sample. As an
interesting result, we find that the majority of the radio sources observed by the 2 dFGRS as merging/interacting systems, present spectra typical of early-type galaxies, suggesting that, under appropriate conditions, galaxy-galaxy interaction can trigger AGN activity even at low redshifts.

Analysis of the local radio luminosity function for the spectroscopic sample shows that, for $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \gtrsim 10^{20.5} \mathrm{~W}$ $\mathrm{Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$, classical radio galaxies are well described by models such as the one introduced by Dunlop \& Peacock (1990) for pure luminosity evolution, although we note that no estimate of the evolutionary degree of this population was possible due to the limited redshift range spanned by the 2 dFGRS .

Late-type galaxies instead exhibit a broken power-law trend for their luminosity function. Such a break and the rapid decrease of the number density of sources for $P_{1.4 \mathrm{GHz}} \gtrsim 10^{22} \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~Hz}^{-1} \mathrm{sr}^{-1}$ explains the quick disappearance of this class of objects beyond $z \simeq 0.1$ as shown by their redshift distribution. The observed LF in this case is in agreement with the one derived by Saunders et al. (1990) for IRAS galaxies. This supports the assumption of RowanRobinson et al. (1993) that late-type radio galaxies should be identified with the population of dusty spirals and starbursts observed at $60 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.

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This paper has been typeset from a $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{X} / \mathrm{L} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{X}$ file prepared by the author.


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