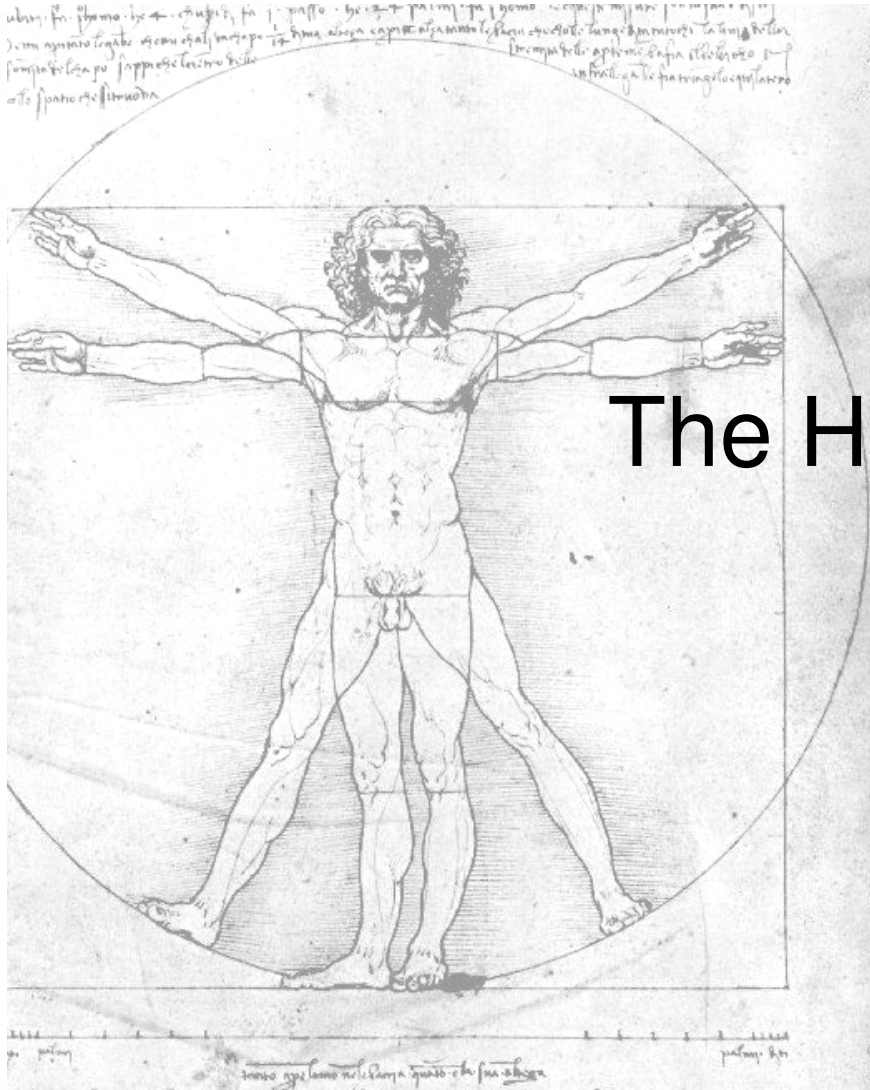


A C G T



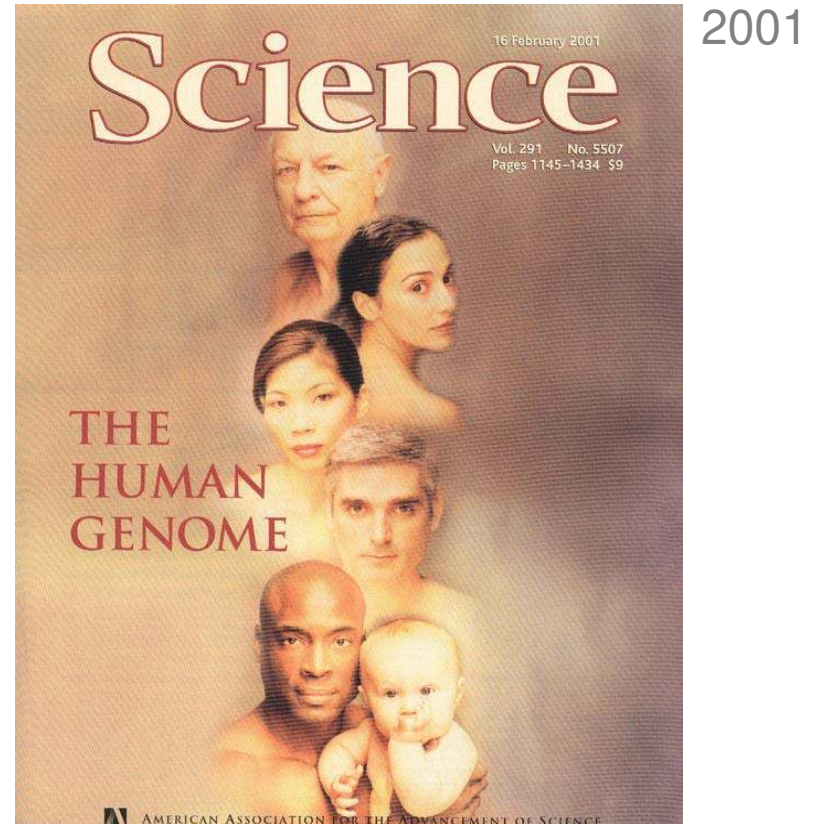
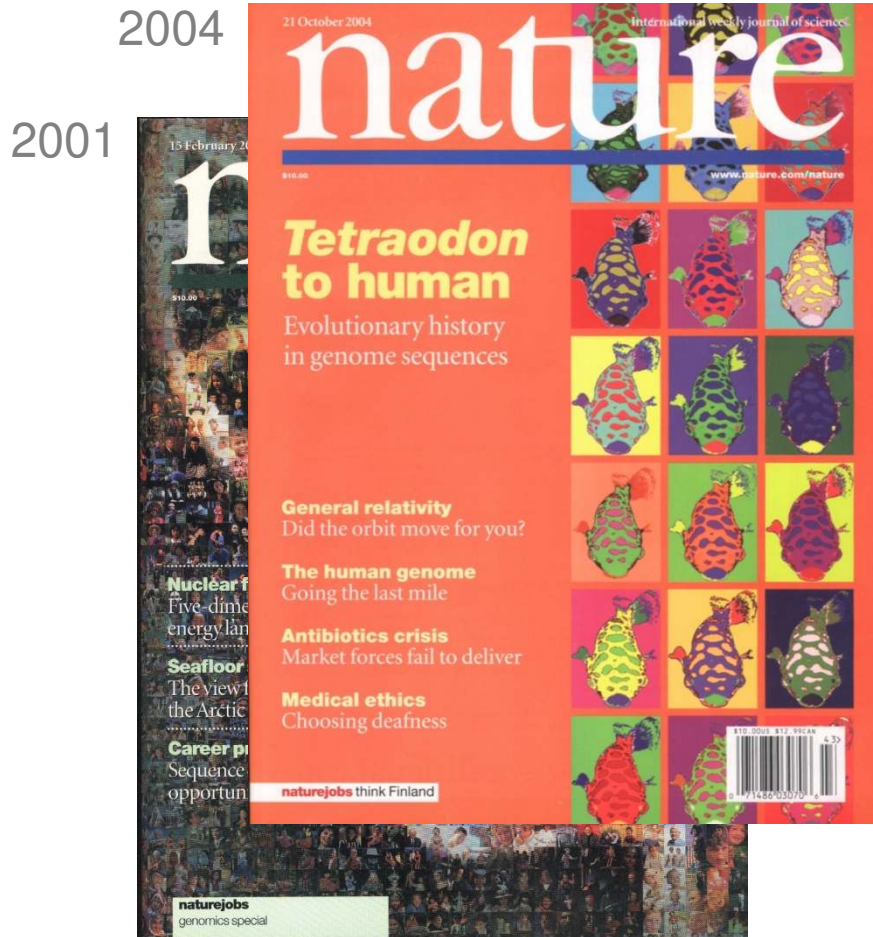
# The Human Genome and its upcoming Dynamics

Matthias Platzer

Genome Analysis  
Leibniz Institute for Age Research  
- Fritz-Lipmann Institute (FLI)

# Sequencing of the Human Genome

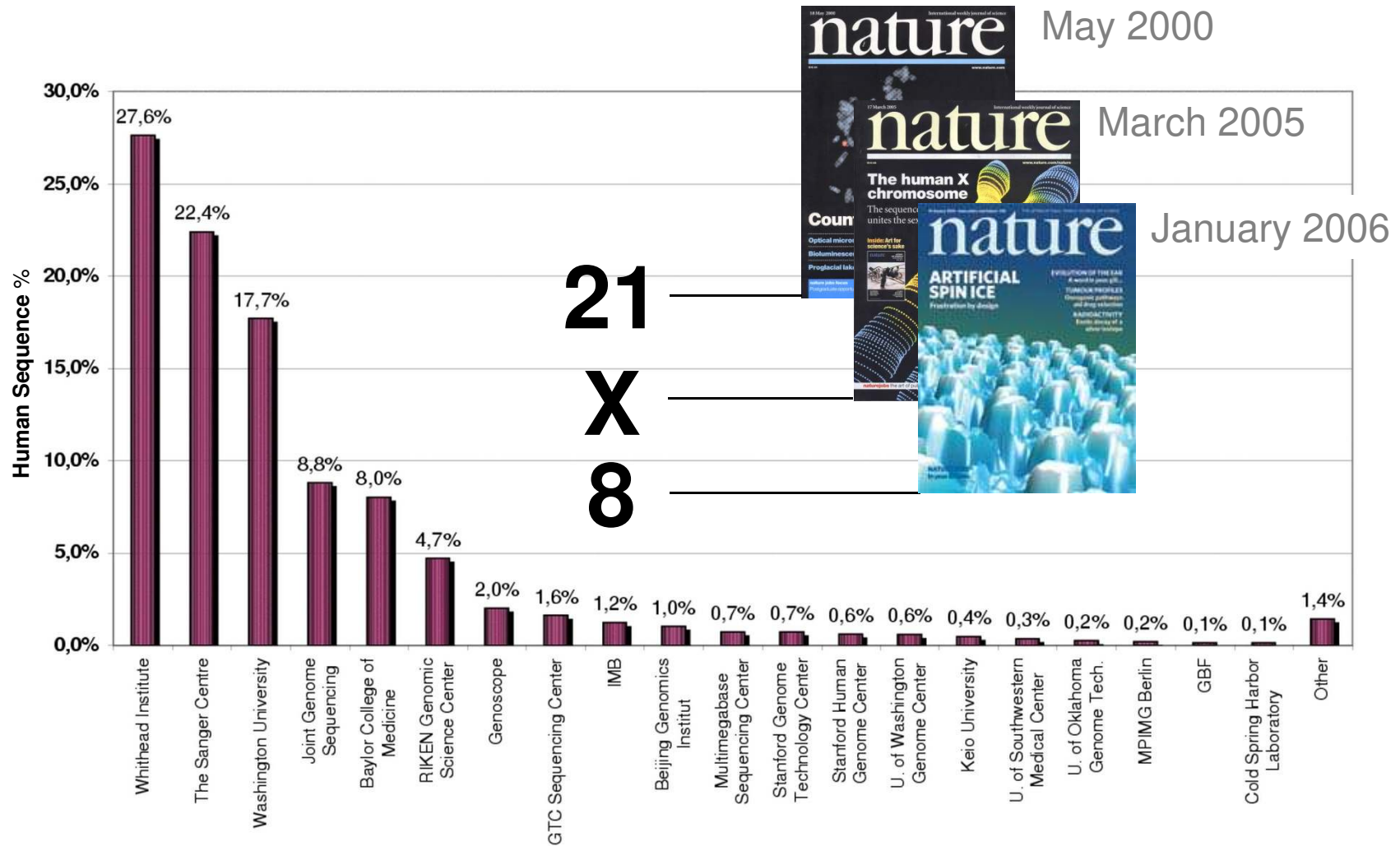
## Publications



International academic  
consortium

# International Human Genome Project

## Contributions of the Members



# Human Genome

Working Draft versions February 2001



*Academic*

Initial Sequencing & Analysis...

*Private*



The Sequence of ...

---

2.72 Gb	<b>Sequenced Bases</b>	2.65 Gb
1,000	Clone gaps	54,000
146,000	Sequence gaps	116,000
147,000	<b>Gaps</b>	170,000

---

overall coverage: **94%**  
quality of unfinished data : **< 1 error/10kb in 91%**

human population heterogeneity: **1 SNP/kb**  
variation between two individuals: **1 SNP/10kb**

# Human Genome

Final version October 2004



Initial Seq...



Finishing the euchromatic sequence...

*Academic*

*Private*



The Sequence of ...

2.72 Gb	2.85 Gb	<b>Sequenced Bases</b>	2.65 Gb
1,000	283	Clone gaps	54,000
146,000	58	Sequence gaps	116,000
147,000	341	<b>Gaps</b>	170,000

near-complete sequence:  
extremely high quality:

**99%** of euchromatin  
**< 1 error/100kb**

# Segmental Duplications

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Problems of the human reference sequence

~**50%**

of the

**273 interior euchromatic gaps**

located in

**segmentally duplicated regions**

# Segmental Duplication

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## Definition

genomic regions **>1kb**  
with nt identity **>90%**

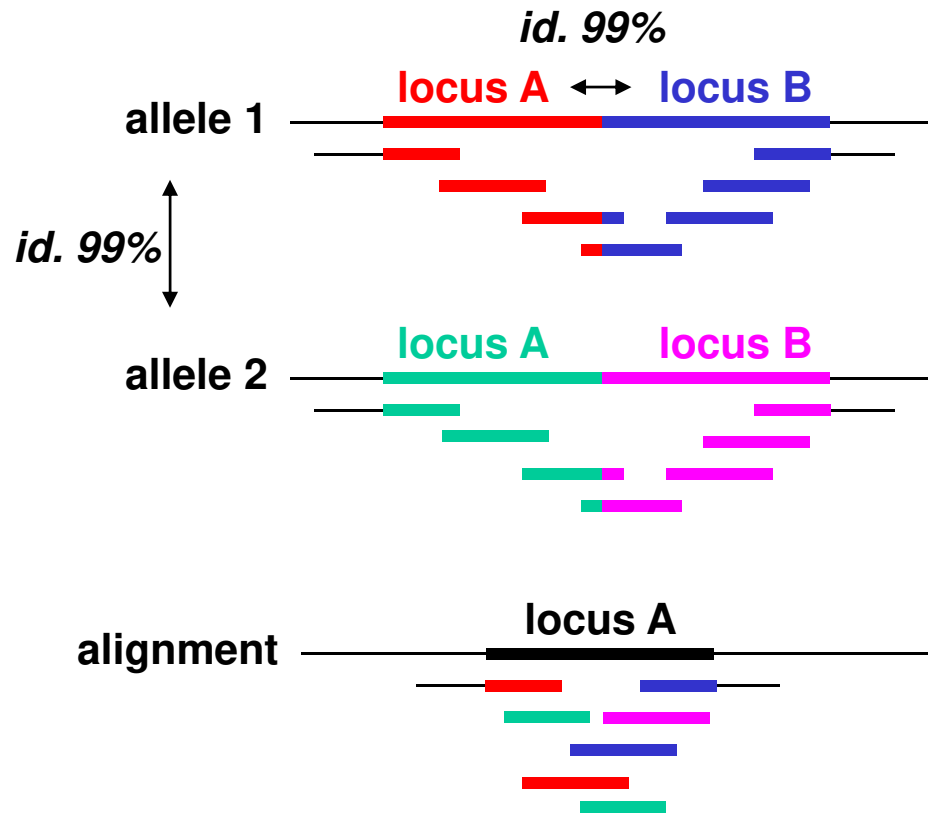
## **Human genome**

**5.3%** segmentally duplicated

**87%** of all segmental duplications **>50 kb**

# Segmental Tandem Duplications

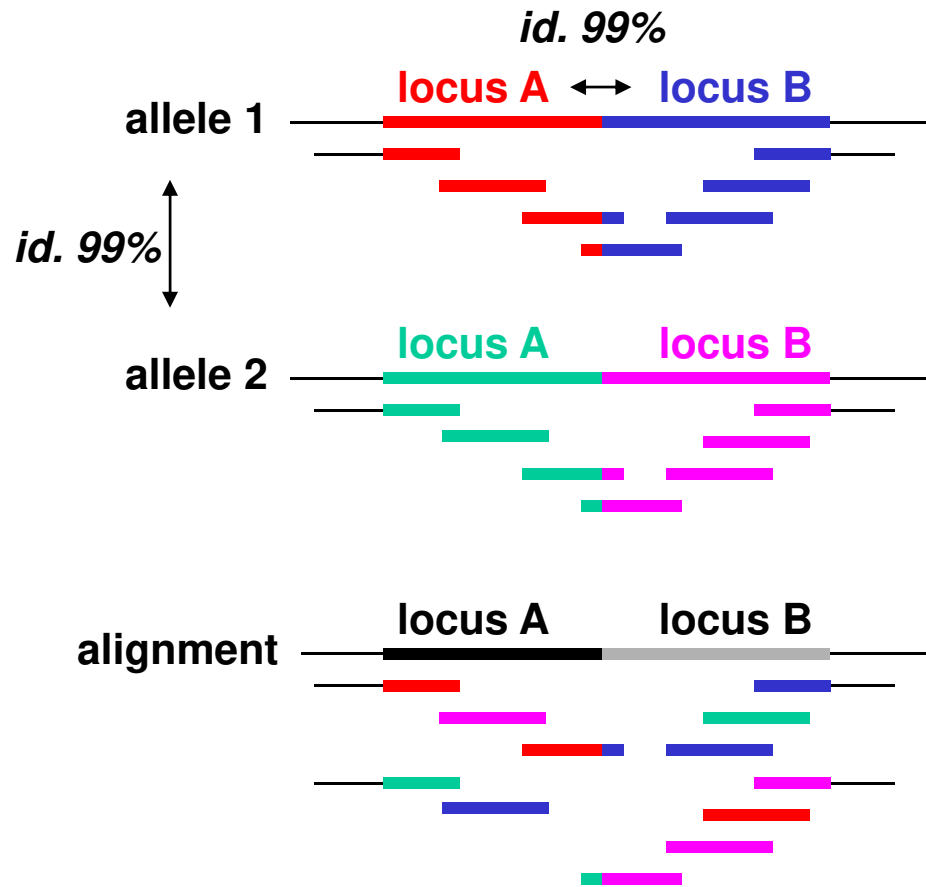
Assembly problems





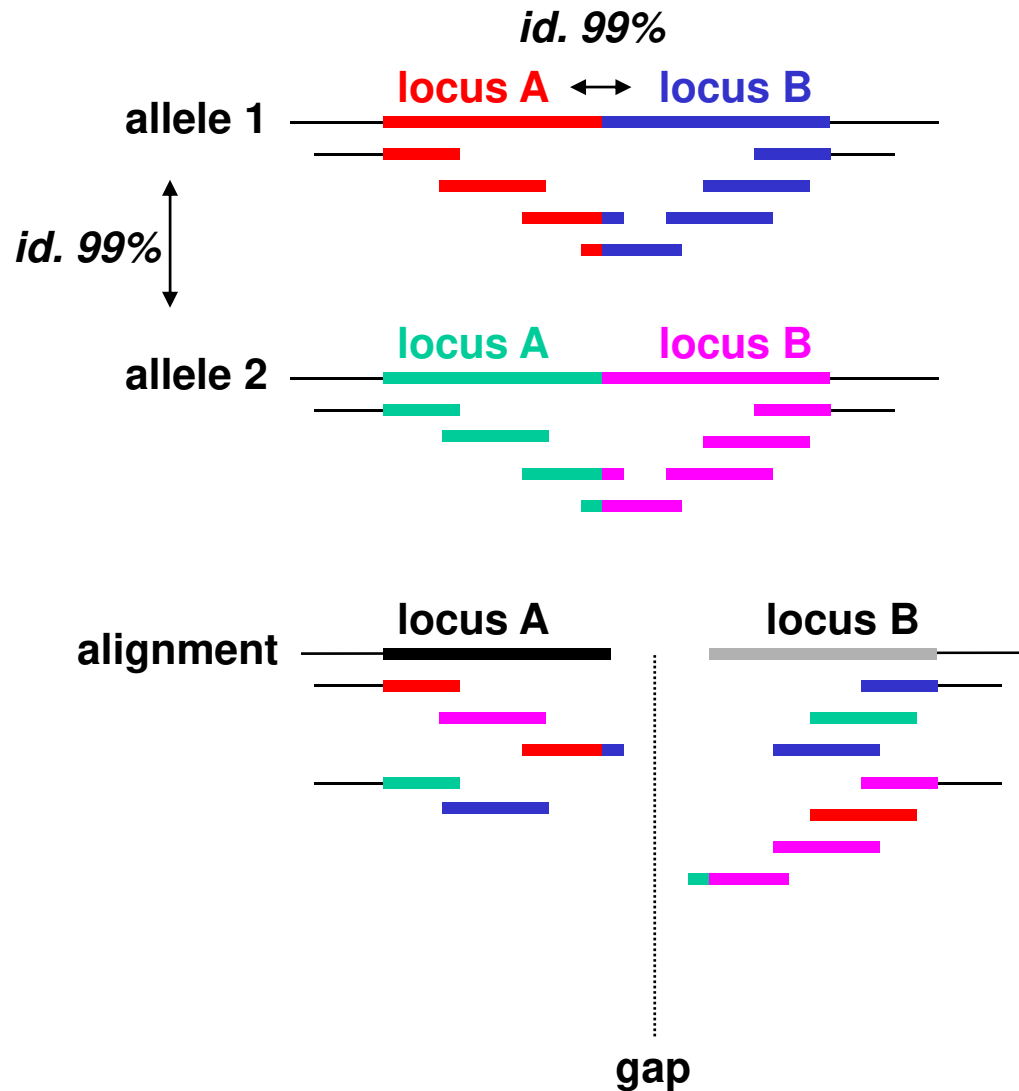
# Segmental Tandem Duplications

## Assembly problems



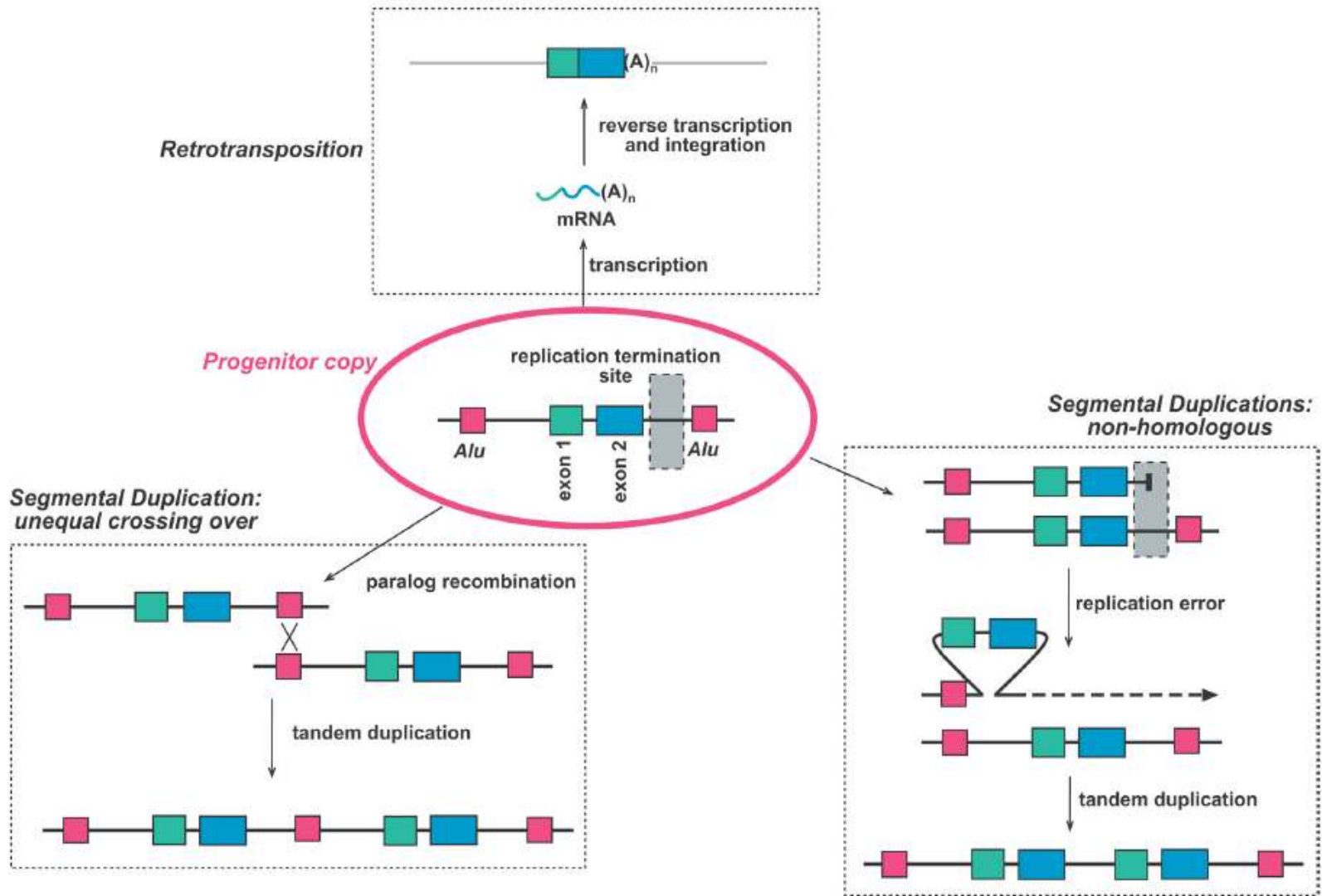
# Segmental Tandem Duplications

## Assembly problems



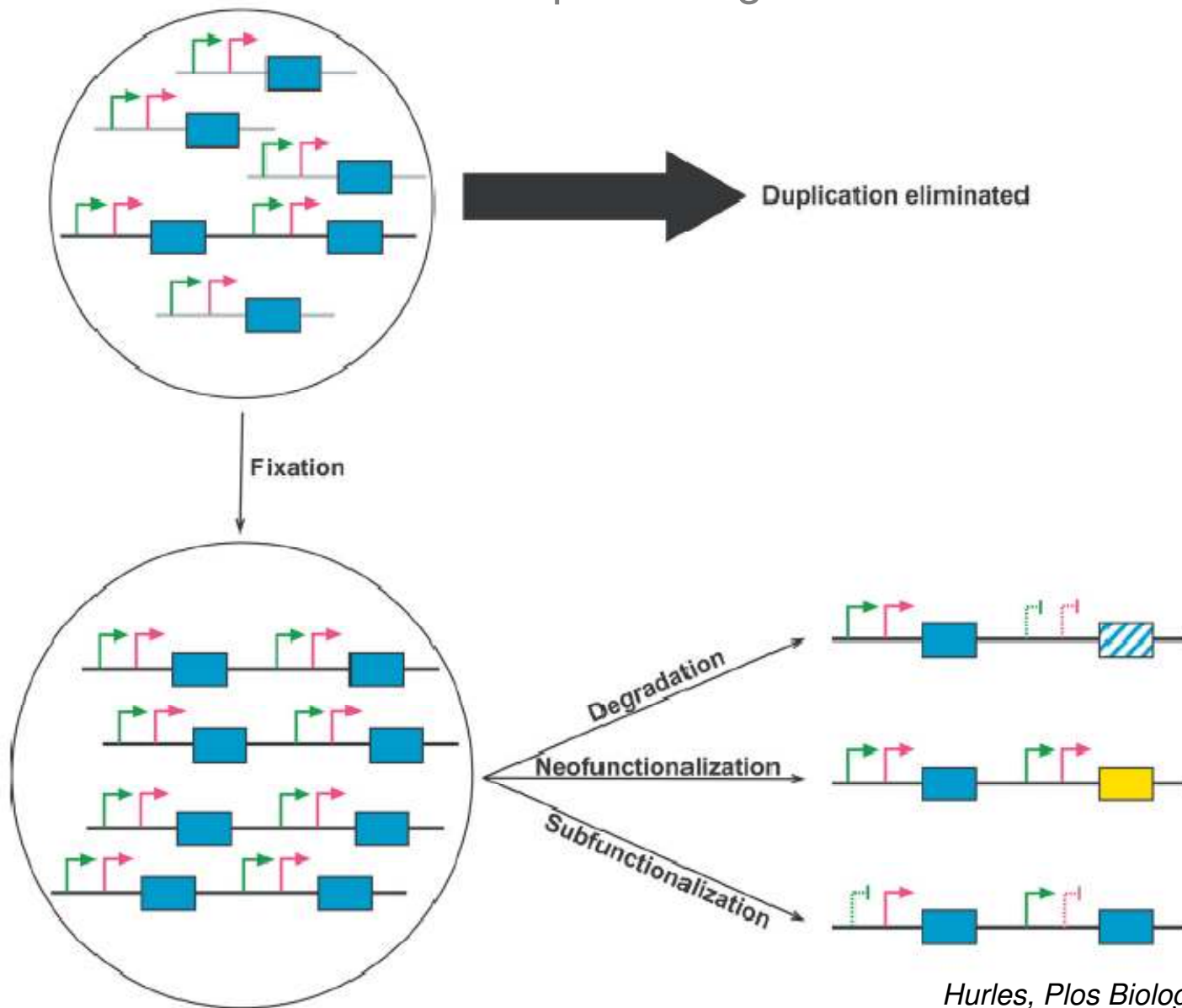
# Segmental duplications

## Mechanisms



# Segmental duplications

## Fate of duplicated genes



# Structural Variations / Polymorphisms

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## Types

255 large-scale **copy number variations** (>100 kb).

*Nat Genet 36:949 (2004)*

**Intermediate size variations** >8 kb: 139 insertions, 102 deletions, 56 inversion break points

*Nat Genet 37:727 (2005)*

76 large-scale **copy number polymorphisms**; on average of 11 variations between two individuals with a median length of 222 kb.

*Science 305:525 (2004)*

586 **deletion polymorphisms** covering 276 genes; typical individual is hemizygous for 30-50 deletions >5 kb, totaling 550-750 kb.

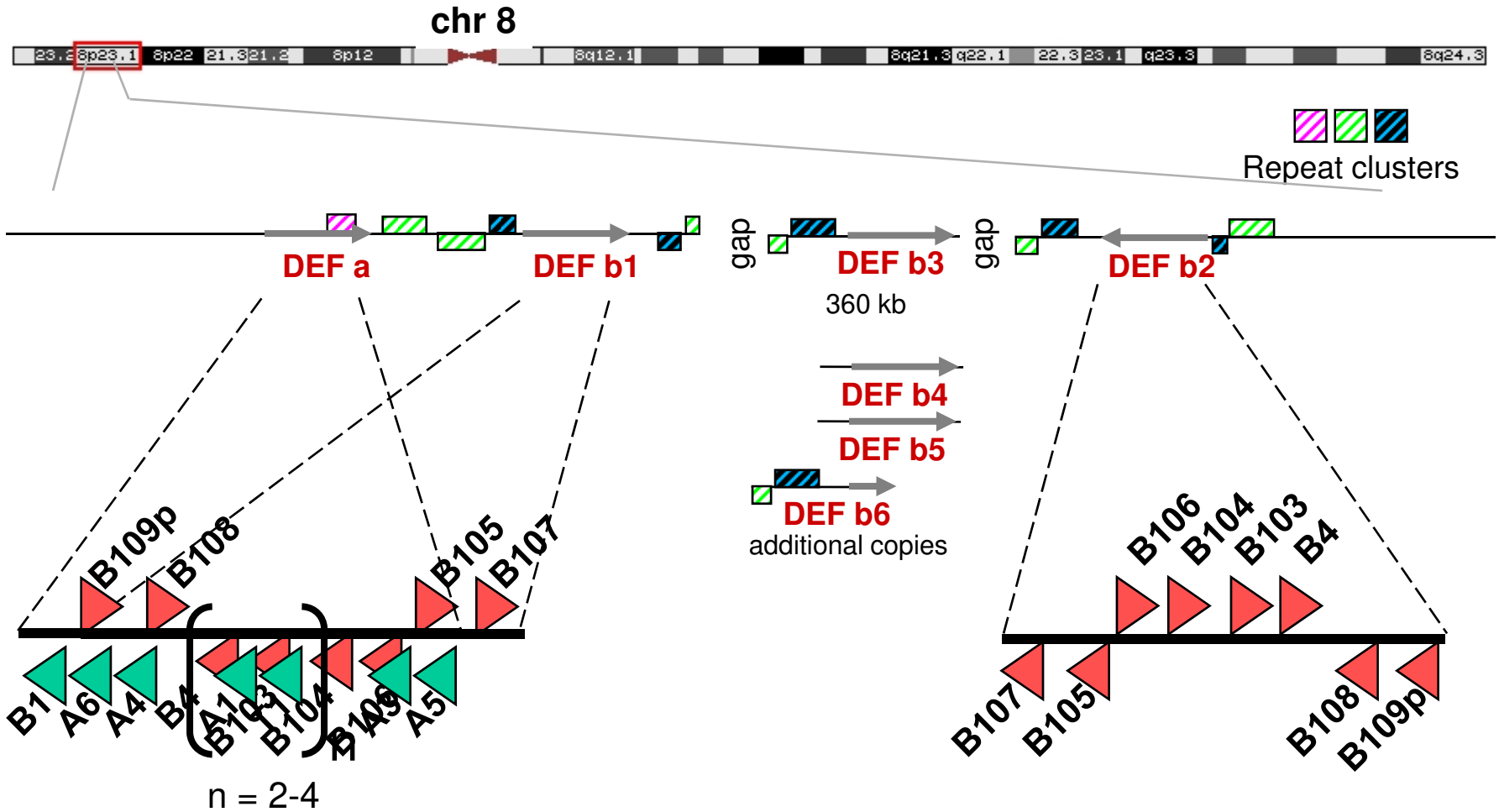
*Nat Genet 38:75 (2006)*

541 **deletion polymorphisms** covering 1-745 kb; 278 in multiple, unrelated individuals; 120 in homozygous state.

*Nat Genet 38:86 (2006)*

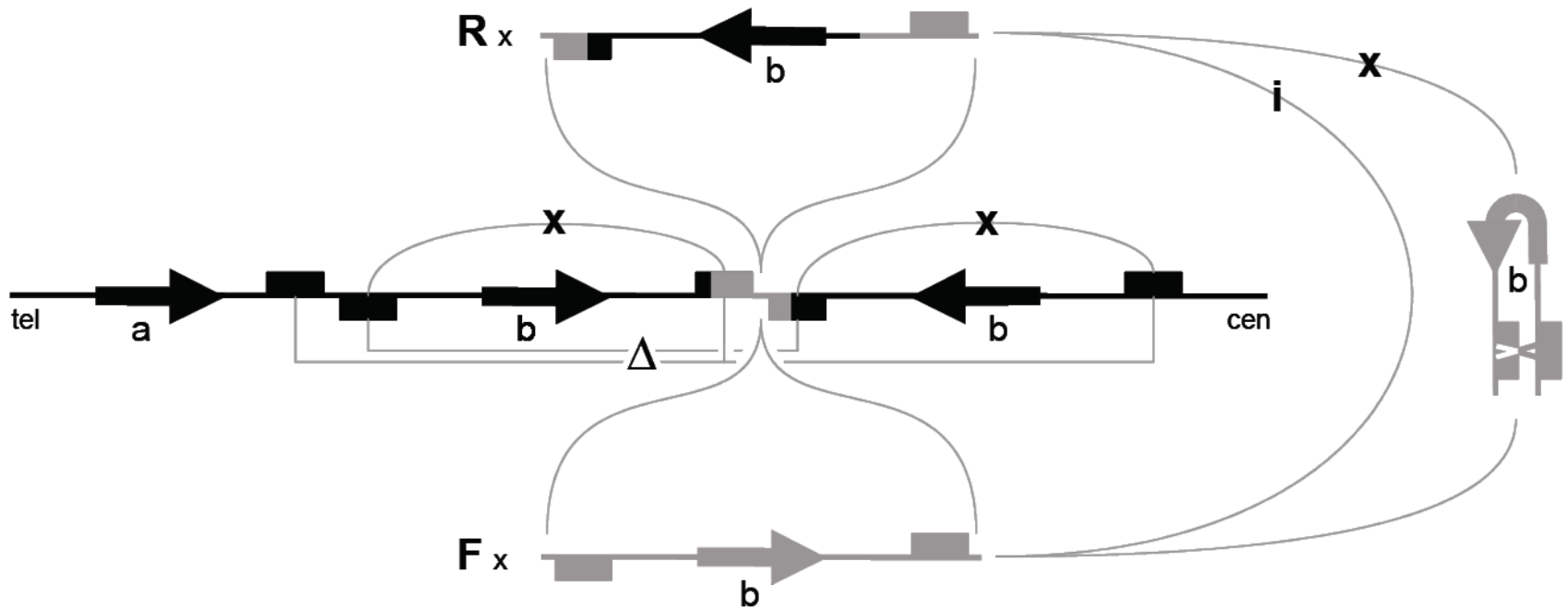
# DEF cluster at 8p23.1

hg16: 6.3-8.3 Mb



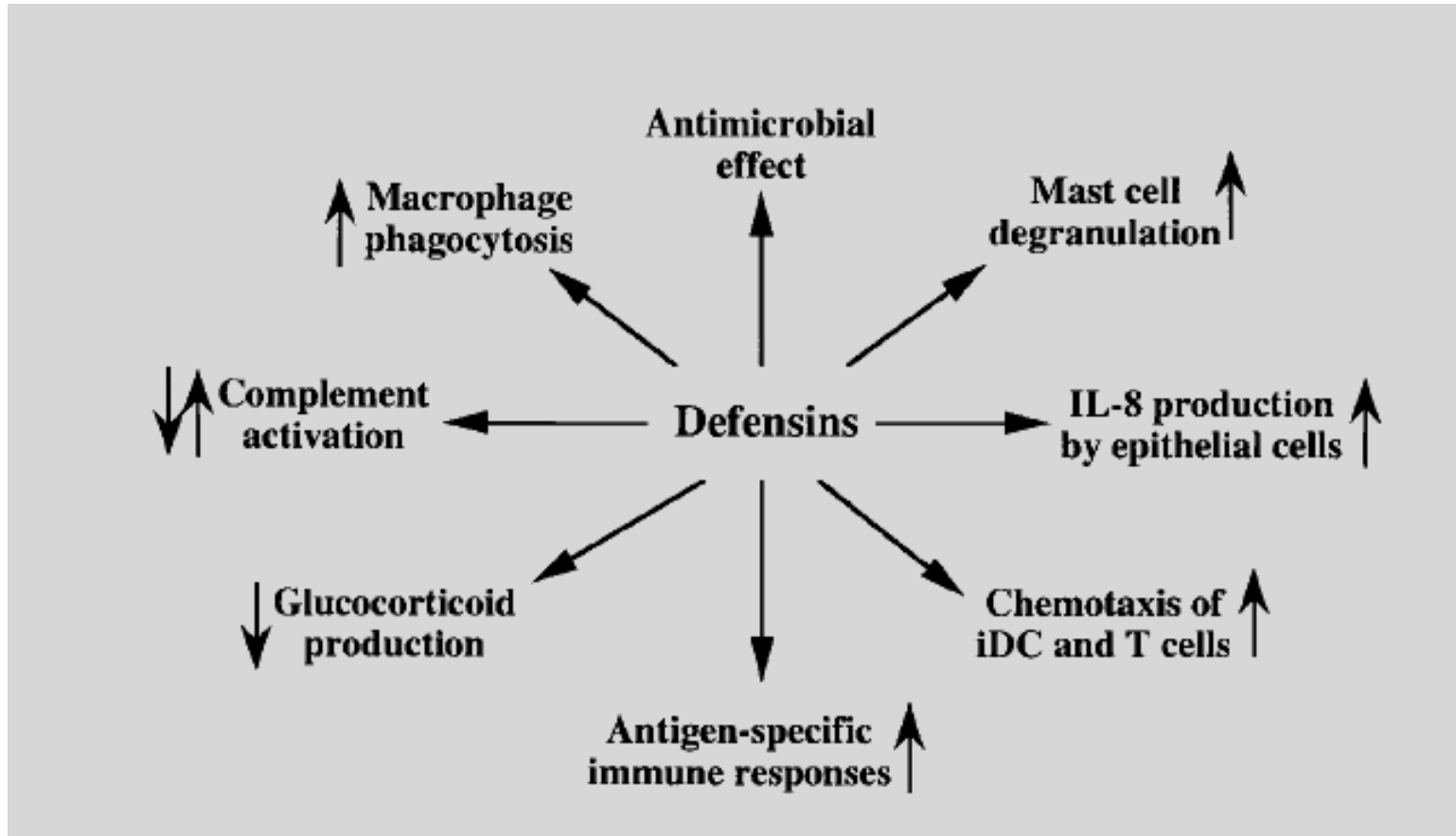
# Genomic variability of 8p23.1 DEF locus

Hypothetical organisation



# Defensins (DEF)

Multiple roles



Immunity & Cancer



# Complex phenotypes / diseases

## Structural variations

Gene	Type	Locus	Size (kb)	Phenotype	Copy number
<i>UGT2B17</i>	Deletion	4q13	150	Variable testosterone levels, risk of prostate cancer	0-2
<i>DEFB4</i>	VNTR	8p23.1	20	Colonic Crohn's disease	2-10
<i>FCGR3</i>	Deletion	1q23.3	>5	Glomerulonephritis, systemic lupus erythematosus	0-14
<i>OPN1LW/OPN1MW</i>	VNTR	Xq28	13-15	Red/green colour blindness	0-4/0-7
<i>LPA</i>	VNTR	6q25.3	5.5	Altered coronary heart disease risk	2-38
<i>CCL3L1/CCL4L1</i>	VNTR	17q12	Not known*	Reduced HIV infection; reduced AIDS susceptibility	0-14
<i>RHD</i>	Deletion	1p36.11	60	Rhesus blood group sensitivity	0-2
<i>CYP2A6</i>	Deletion	19q13.2	7	Altered nicotine metabolism	2-3

\*Precise boundaries of the copy-number variant are not known.  
VNTR, variable number tandem repeats.

# Complex phenotypes / diseases

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## Structural variations

*FCGR3* copy number & **glomerulonephritis** in humans  
and rats

*Nature* 439:851 (2006)

Strong association of *de novo* **copy number** mutations  
with **autism**

*Science* 316: 445 (2007)

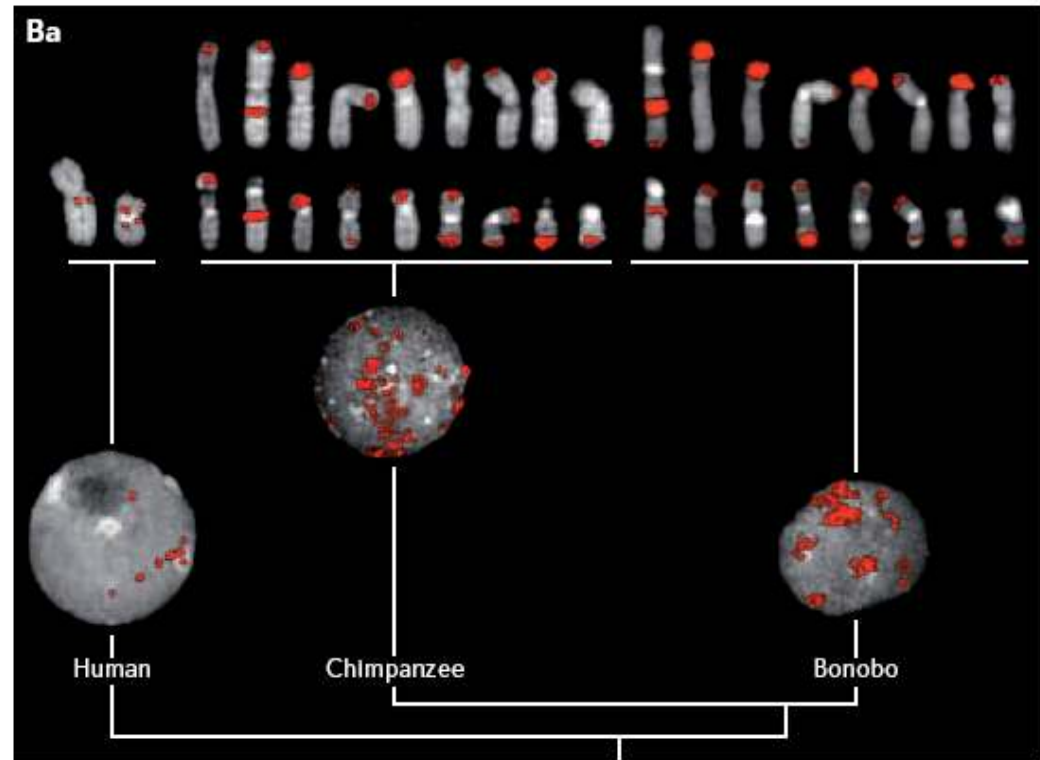
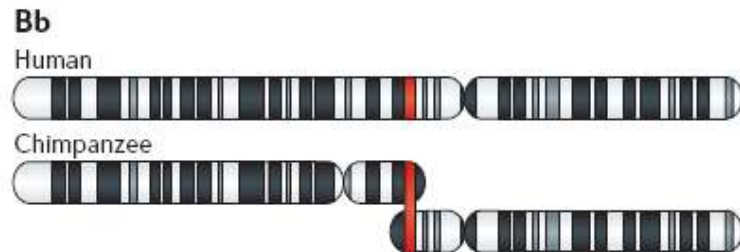
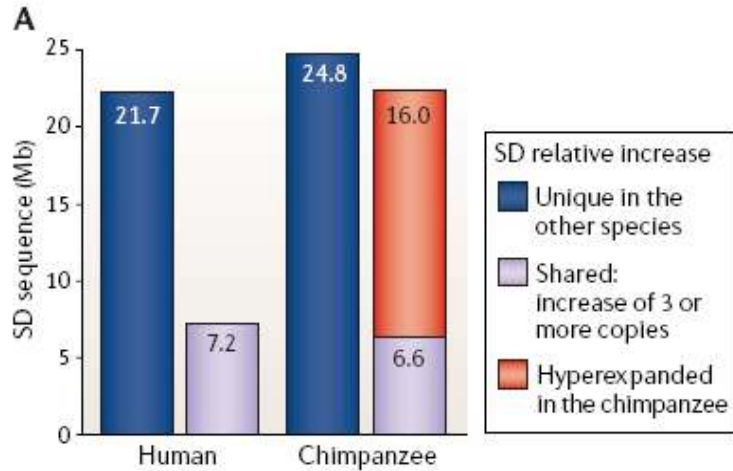
# Segmental duplications

## Content of sequenced animal genomes

	<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>	Human	Mouse	Rat	Chicken	Chimpanzee*
SDs of >1 kb	4.3%	1.2%	5.2%	2.7%	1.6%	2.7%	N.D.
SDs of >10 kb	0.7%	0.1%	4.5%	2.2%	1.5%	0.3%	N.D.
SDs of >20 kb	N.D.	N.D.	4.0%	1.7%	0.9%	0.0%	~4.8%
Genome size	97	123	2,866	2,506	2,566	1,040	2,866

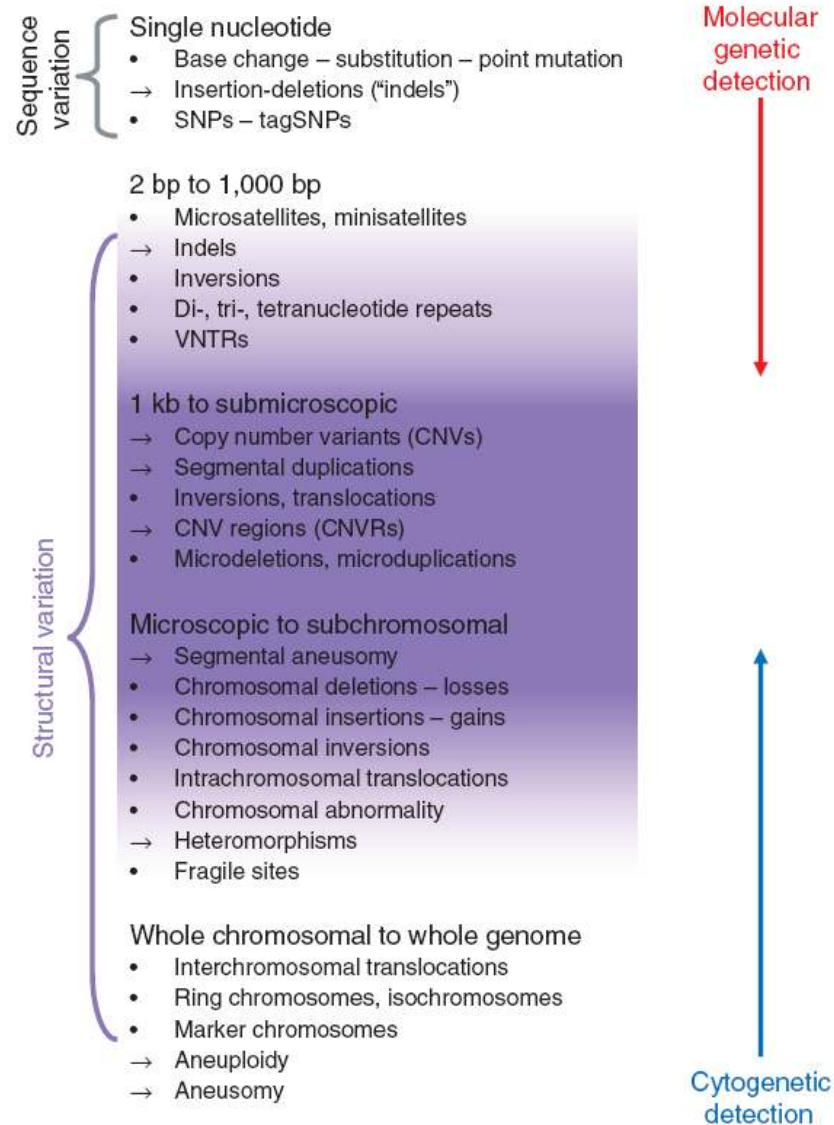
# Segmental duplication content of hominoids

## Hyperexpansions in chimpanzee



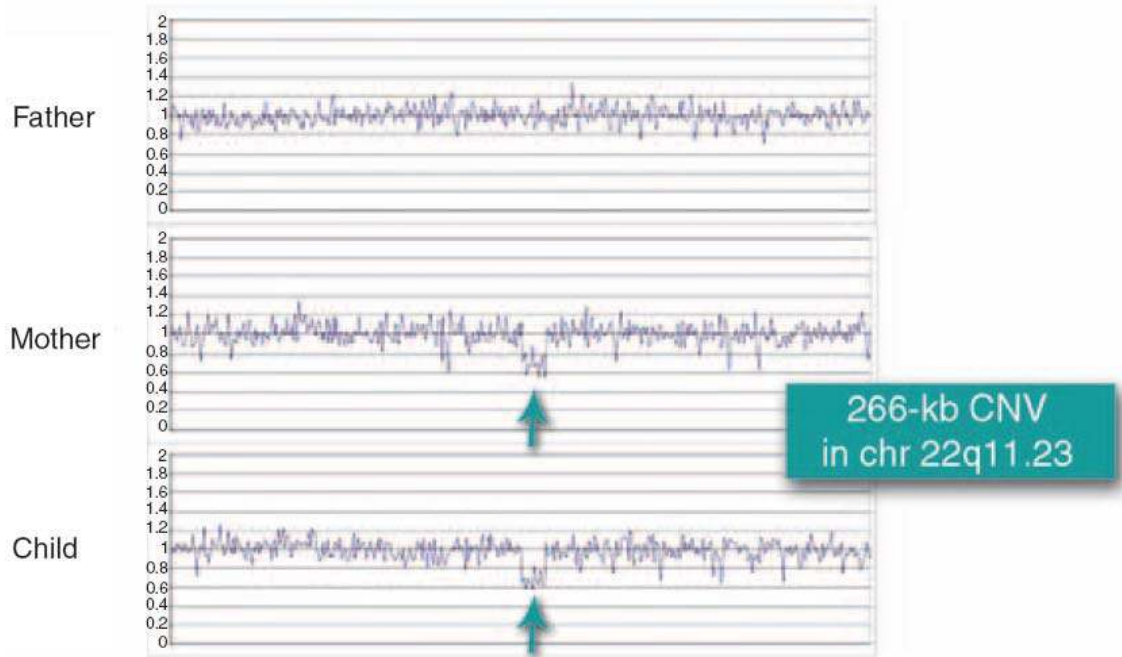
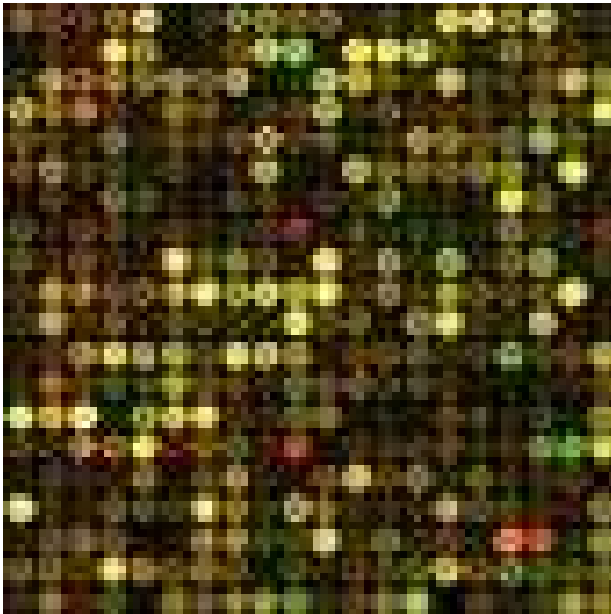
# Genomic variations

## Lexicon



# Copy number variation (CNV)

## Detection by DNA microarrays



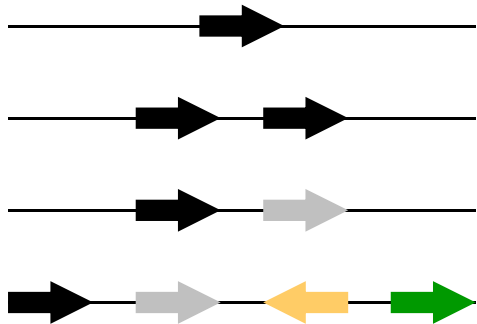
- 0.5-2 Mio data points
- comparative hybridization vs. a reference

# Genetic Variability

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## Structural variations

Chromosome **A**



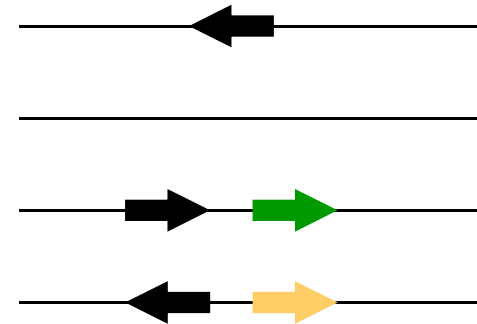
Inversion

InDel

Allele variation

Combination

Chromosome **B**



# Conclusions

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Genomes of any two individuals in the human population **differ more at the structural level** than at the nucleotide sequence level.

Differences between individuals

- CNV: >4 Mb >1/800 bp **> 0.12 %**
- SNP: 2.5 Mb 1/1,200 bp **0.08 %**



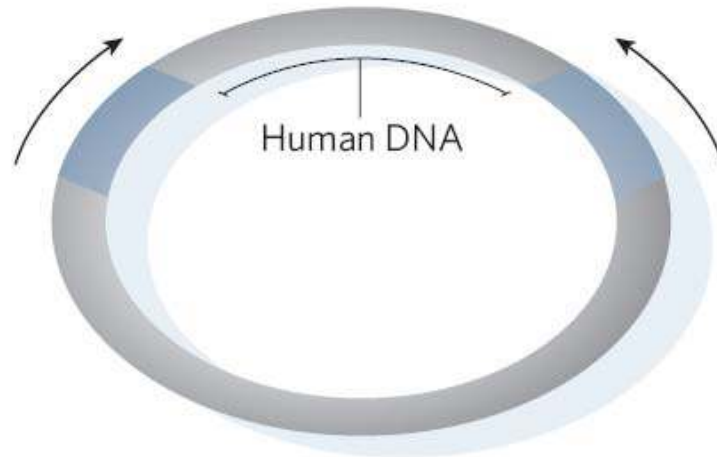
# Conclusions

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Copy number polymorphism at orthologous regions of diverse genomes ... suggests that genome plasticity... is a more common **cause of genetically complex phenotypes** than has hitherto been observed.

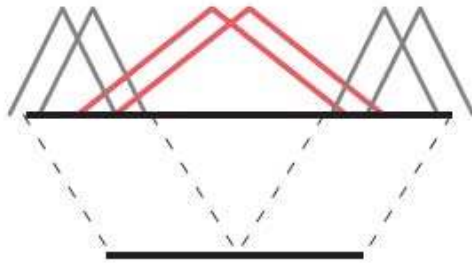
# Completing the map of human genetic variation

## Mapping structural variations



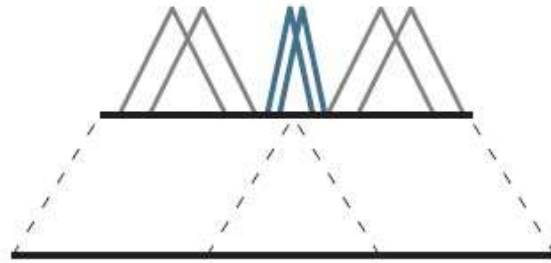
BAC/Fosmid vector

Span > mean +3 s.d.



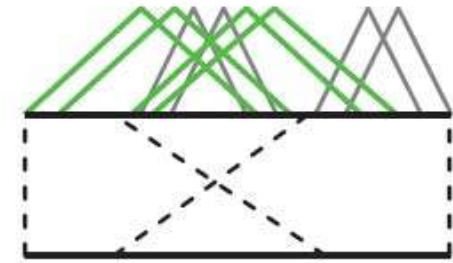
Deletion

Span > mean -3 s.d.



Insertion

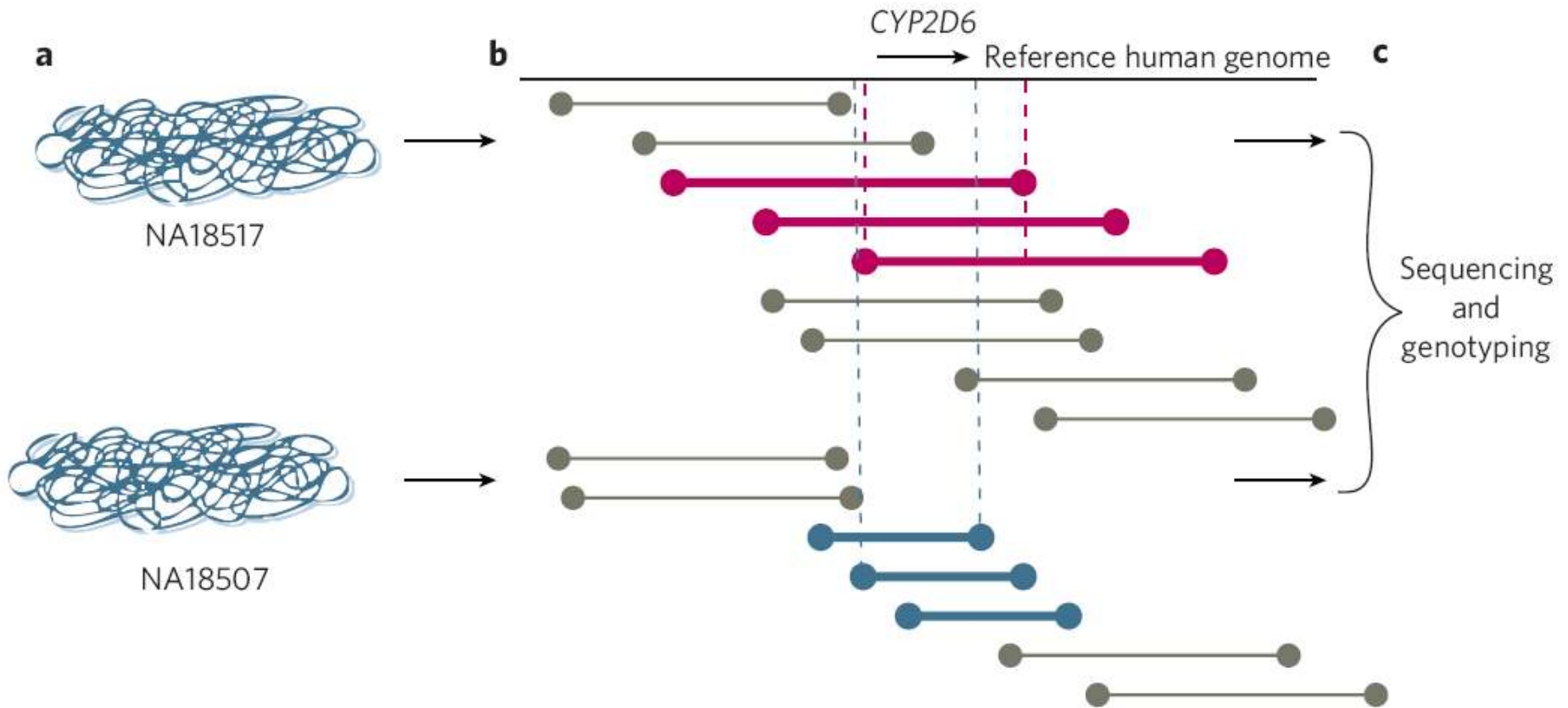
Inverted orientation



Inversion

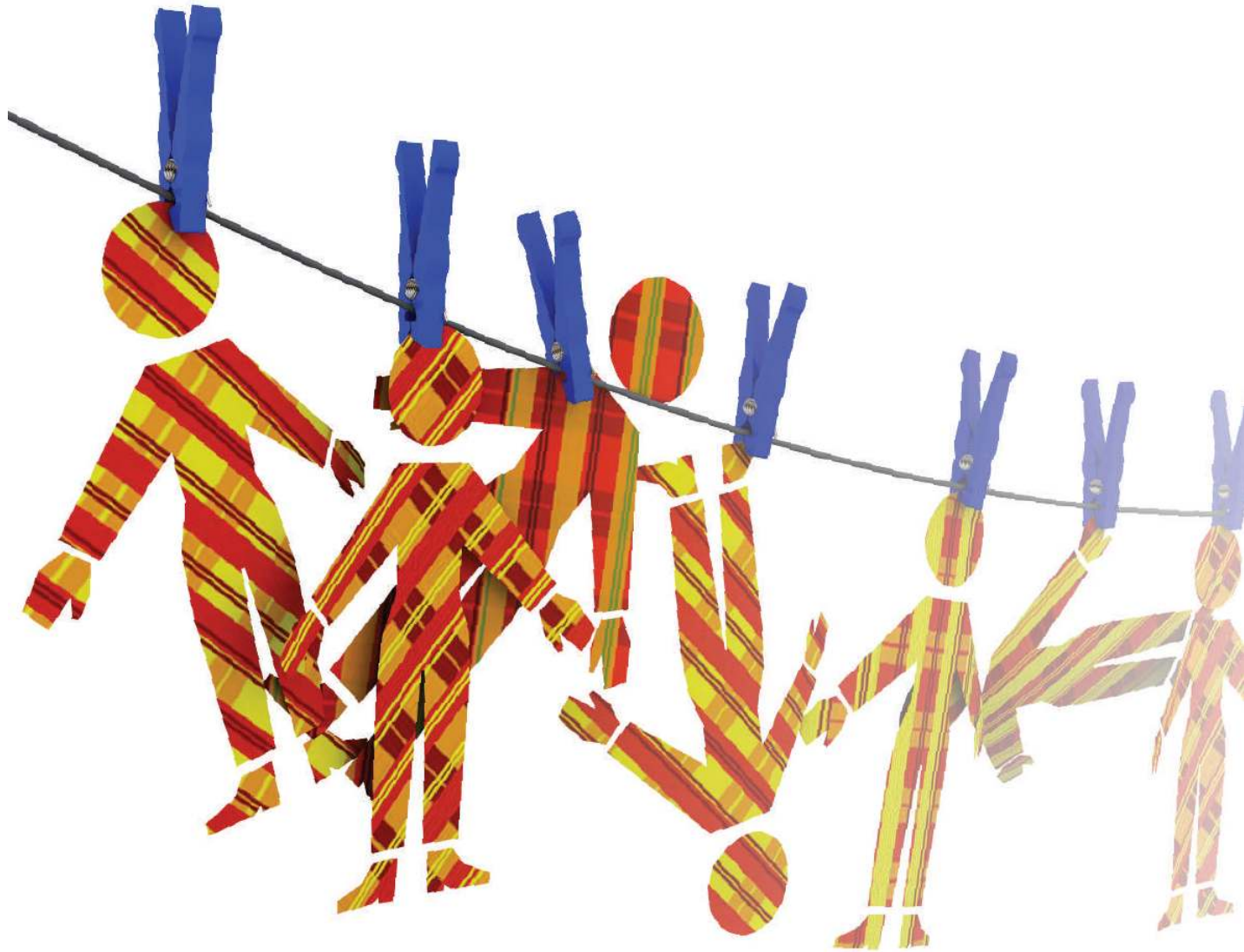
# Completing the map of human genetic variation

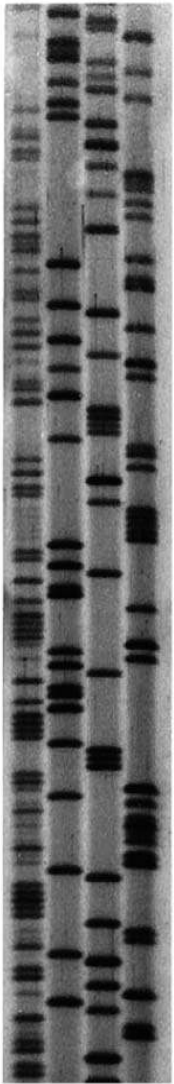
## Sequencing structural variations



# Genome Dynamics

Patchwork people ?





A C G T

# genome.fli-leibniz.de Lectures