



Management Research Review

The internal determinants of bank profitability and stability: An insight from banking sector of Pakistan

Muhammad Ali, Chin Hong Puah,

Article information:

To cite this document:

Muhammad Ali, Chin Hong Puah, (2019) "The internal determinants of bank profitability and stability: An insight from banking sector of Pakistan", Management Research Review, Vol. 42 Issue: 1, pp.49-67, https://doi.org/10.1108/MRR-04-2017-0103

Permanent link to this document:

https://doi.org/10.1108/MRR-04-2017-0103

Downloaded on: 17 February 2019, At: 22:21 (PT)

References: this document contains references to 86 other documents.

To copy this document: permissions@emeraldinsight.com

The fulltext of this document has been downloaded 469 times since 2019*

Users who downloaded this article also downloaded:

(2016), "The determinants of bank profitability: empirical evidence from European banking sector", Journal of Financial Reporting and Accounting, Vol. 14 Iss 1 pp. 86-115 https://doi.org/10.1108/JFRA-05-2015-0060

(2018), "Determinants of bank profitability before, during, and after the financial crisis", International Journal of Managerial Finance, Vol. 14 lss 4 pp. 378-398 https://doi.org/10.1108/IJMF-07-2017-0148

Access to this document was granted through an Emerald subscription provided by emerald-srm: 425886 []

For Authors

If you would like to write for this, or any other Emerald publication, then please use our Emerald for Authors service information about how to choose which publication to write for and submission guidelines are available for all. Please visit www.emeraldinsight.com/authors for more information.

About Emerald www.emeraldinsight.com

Emerald is a global publisher linking research and practice to the benefit of society. The company manages a portfolio of more than 290 journals and over 2,350 books and book series volumes, as well as providing an extensive range of online products and additional customer resources and services.

Emerald is both COUNTER 4 and TRANSFER compliant. The organization is a partner of the Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE) and also works with Portico and the LOCKSS initiative for digital archive preservation.

*Related content and download information correct at time of download.

The internal determinants of bank profitability and stability

Insight from banking sector of Pakistan

An insight from banking sector of Pakistan

Muhammad Ali

Department of Business Administration, Iqra University, Karachi, Pakistan and Department of Economics, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak Faculty of Economics and Business, Kota Samarahan, Malaysia, and

Received 10 April 2017 Revised 11 April 2018 26 June 2018 Accepted 5 July 2018

49

Chin Hong Puah

Department of Economics, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak Faculty of Economics and Business, Kota Samarahan, Malaysia

Abstract

Purpose – The purpose of this study is to examine the internal determinants of bank profitability and stability in Pakistan banking sector. Because of specific research objectives, this study excludes the external factors of profitability and stability to find the role of bank internal determinants in achieving high performance.

Design/methodology/approach – A panel regression analysis is built on a balanced panel data using 24 commercial banks over the sample period of 2007-2015. The authors performed a separate analysis of bank profitability and stability. Both models used a comprehensive set of bank internal determinants.

Findings – The results that were obtained from profitability model indicated that bank size, credit risk, funding risk and stability have statistically significant impacts on profitability, while liquidity risk showed the statistically insignificant impact on profitability. Regression findings from stability model reveal that bank size, liquidity risk, funding risk and profitability have statistically significant impacts on stability, while credit risk had an insignificant effect on stability. However, the effect of the financial crisis is uniform and showed statistically insignificant impact in both models.

Practical implications — Overall, the authors' findings bring some new but useful insights to the banking literature. Some recommendations may be functional for the sustainable performance of banks.

Originality/value – In view of study results, the authors provide interesting insights into the practices and characteristics of banks in Pakistan. This study also highlights significant bank internal determinants to improve understanding in the existing literature.

Keywords Finance, Corporate finance, Credit risk, Bank profitability, Financial institutions, Bank stability, Funding risk

Paper type Research paper

1. Introduction

It is argued that bank profitability and stability in financial institutions is a growing concern for regulators and bank supervisors. This issue has gained significant attention among the researchers after 2007/2008 financial crisis. The debate on global financial crisis accounts large banks for the crisis, which influenced significantly to the many economies (Adusei, 2015). Since the global economies have emerged from the crisis period, Viñals *et al.* (2013) indicate that the discussion on organizational complexity, optimal bank size and financial institutions' activities has heightened. According to Vickers Report (2011),



Management Research Review Vol. 42 No. 1, 2019 pp. 49-67 © Emerald Publishing Limited 2040-8269 DOI 10.1108/MRR-04-2017-0103