

# The Use of Discrete Dyadic Wavelets in Image Processing

Yu. A. Farkov\* and S. A. Stroganov\*\*

Russian State Geological Prospecting University, ul. Miklukho-Maklaya 23, Moscow, 117997 Russia

Received March 23, 2010

**Abstract**—In this paper, using the discrete Walsh transform, we construct orthogonal and biorthogonal wavelets for complex periodic sequences similar to those studied earlier for the Cantor group. Results of numerical experiments demonstrate the effectiveness of the use of constructed discrete wavelets in image processing.

**DOI:** 10.3103/S1066369X11070073

Keywords and phrases: *dyadic wavelets, spaces of periodic sequences, Walsh functions, discrete Walsh transform, image processing.*

## 1. DYADIC WAVELETS IN $\mathbb{C}_N$

For a positive integer number  $n$  we set  $N = 2^n$  and denote  $\mathbb{Z}_N = \{0, 1, \dots, N-1\}$ . The set  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  is an Abelian group, where the operation of bitwise addition modulo 2 is defined by the formula

$$k \oplus j := \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} |k_\nu - j_\nu| 2^\nu, \quad k_\nu, j_\nu \in \{0, 1\};$$

$k = \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} k_\nu 2^\nu$  and  $j = \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} j_\nu 2^\nu$ . The space  $\mathbb{C}_N$  consists of complex sequences

$$x = (\dots, x(-1), x(0), x(1), x(2), \dots)$$

such that  $x(j+N) = x(j)$  for any  $j \in \mathbb{Z}$ . An arbitrary sequence  $x \in \mathbb{C}_N$  is determined if values  $x(j)$  are given for  $j \in \mathbb{Z}_N$ . Therefore we sometimes identify  $x$  with the vector  $(x(0), x(1), \dots, x(N-1))$ . The scalar product and the norm in  $\mathbb{C}_N$  are defined by formulas

$$\langle x, y \rangle := \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} x(j) \overline{y(j)}, \quad \|x\| := \langle x, x \rangle^{1/2}.$$

In this Section, using the discrete Walsh transform, we construct for the space  $\mathbb{C}_N$  analogs of orthogonal and biorthogonal wavelets which were studied in [1–5] for the Cantor group and on the positive half-axis  $\mathbb{R}_+$ . The finite-dimensional case has a specific feature, namely, the proofs are simpler and there is more freedom in choosing parameters of the wavelet bases.

Denote by  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  the set of integer nonnegative numbers. The system of Walsh functions  $\{w_l \mid l \in \mathbb{Z}_+\}$  on the real axis  $\mathbb{R}$  is defined by equalities

$$w_0(t) \equiv 1, \quad w_l(t) = \prod_{j=0}^{\mu} (w_1(2^j t))^{l_j}, \quad l \in \mathbb{N}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R},$$

\*E-mail: farkov@list.ru.

\*\*E-mail: o6jiomob@gmail.com.