



The Usefulness of Activity Trackers in Elderly with Reduced Mobility: A Case Study

Jonas Lauritzen

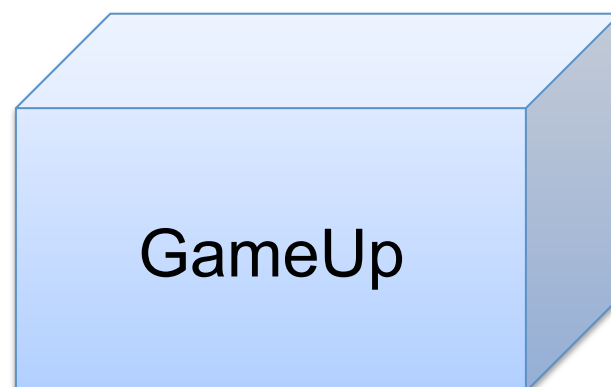
University of Seville, Spain

JonasLauritzen@atc.us.es



Background

- Balance
- Strength
- Flexibility
 - Indoor exercises
- Endurance/Stamina
 - Outdoor exercise
 - Walking



GameUp



Background

- Encourage elderly to walk more and keep walking
 - Provide motivational feedback
 - Provide overview of progress
 - Make recommendations→ To evaluate their current effort
- A method of accurately quantifying activity
 - Activity trackers/Pedometers
 - GPS (*not possible in GameUp*)



Goal

- Examine the accuracy of two present activity trackers:
 - Fitbit Ultra (*activity tracker*)
 - Samsung Galaxy S3 (*pedometer application*)



- Compare Elderly with normal and reduced mobility and healthy adults



Healthy Adults (HA)

Age: 25 – 45

No gait disabilities



- Global exclusion criteria
 - Cognitive impairment
 - Conditions that hinder gait or correct device placement

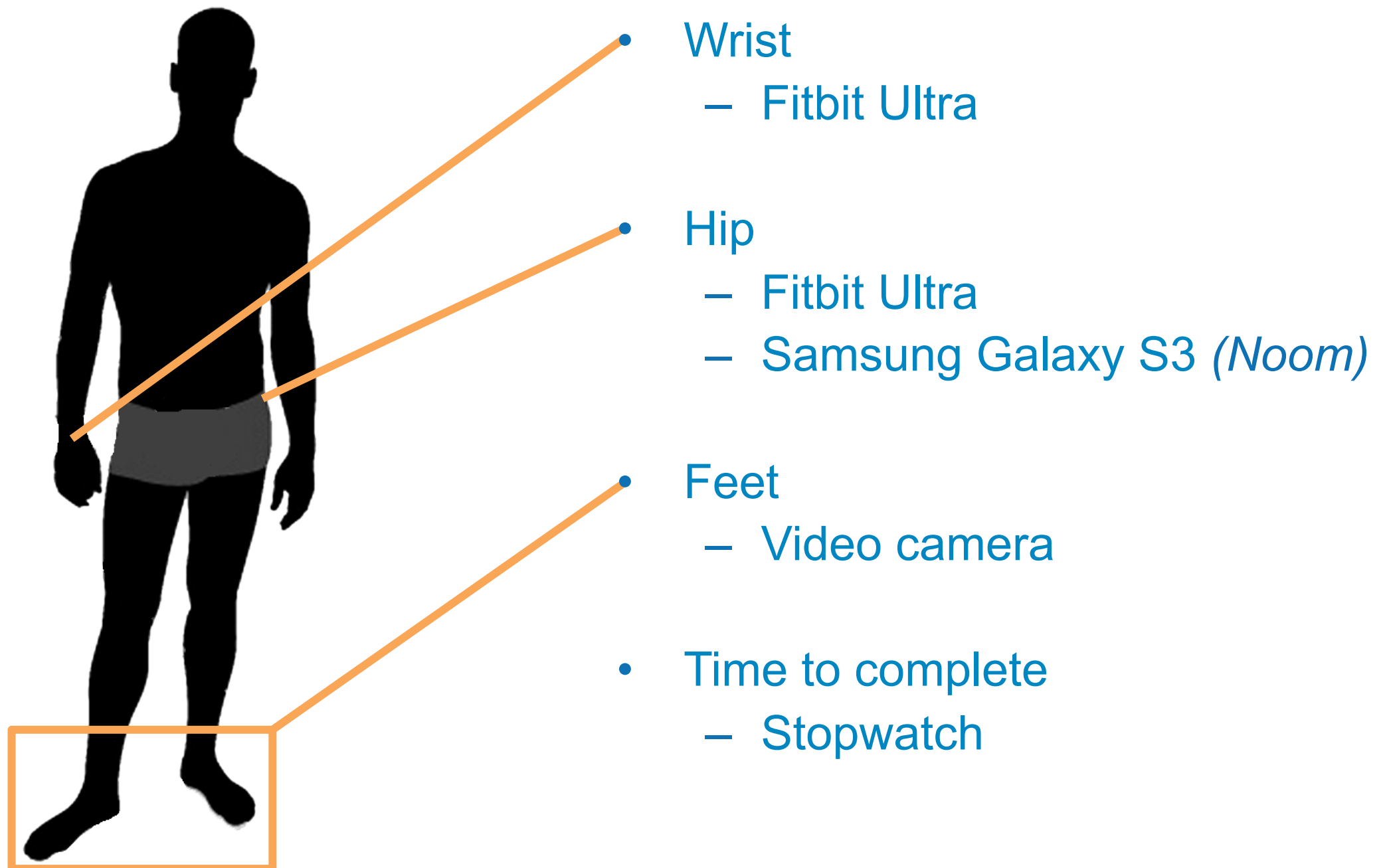


Procedure

- Participants instructed to
 - Walk a distance of 20m on a straight outlined path
 - Walk at their own pace
 - Use their own walking aid, if any (*not HA*)
- Participants always had someone by their side (*not for HA*)
- Setup
 - Path, Start & finish position marked out clearly
 - Test area closed for other activities/traffic
 - Participants were offered practice “runs”



Instruments





Results



HA
n = 6
Age: 35.33 ± 6.53



NME
n = 7
Age: 84.14 ± 3.67

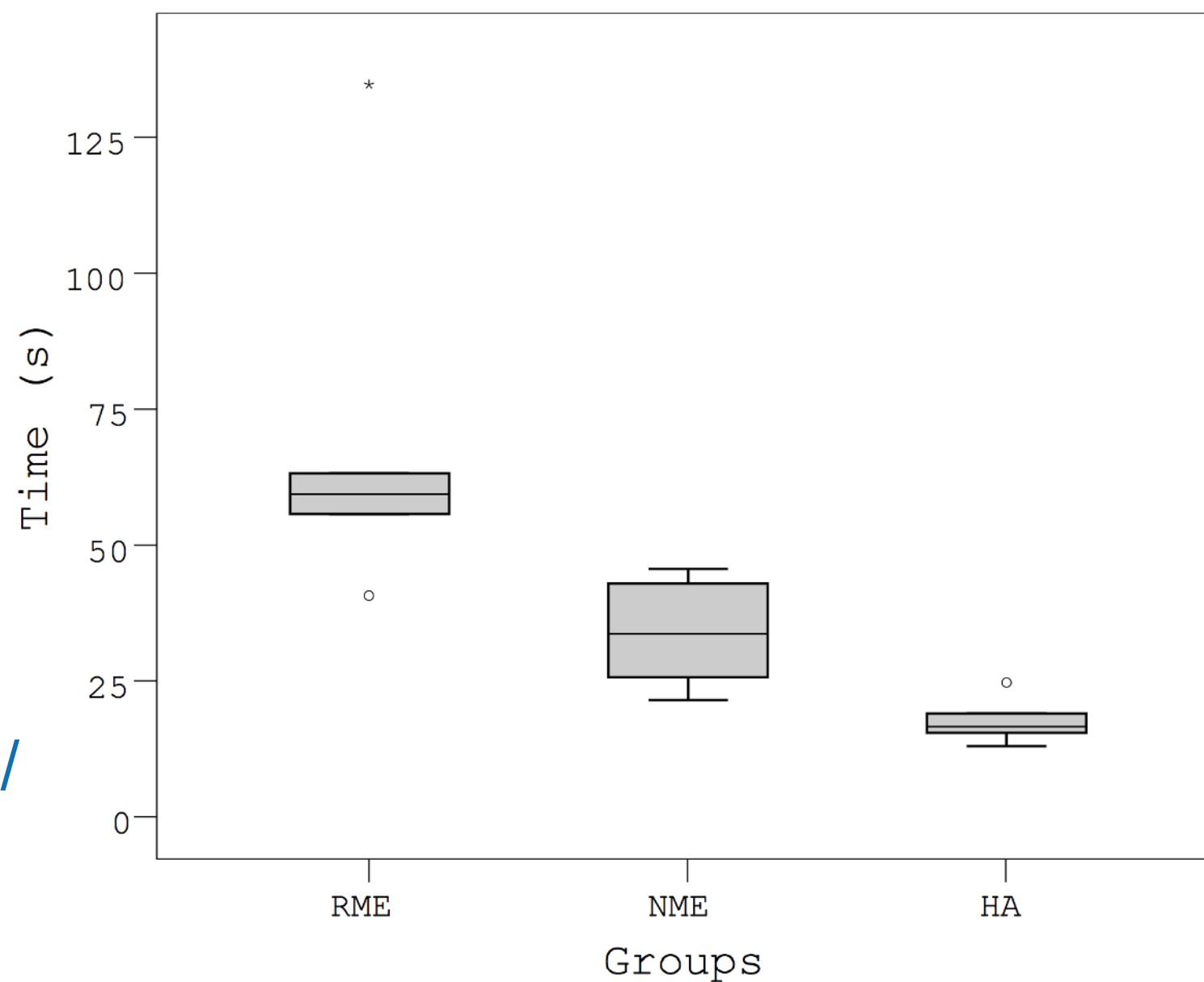


RME
n = 5
Age: 87.6 ± 3.91



Results

- POMA gait score
12 indicates max
HA = 11.83 ± 0.41
NME = 9.14 ± 0.9
RME = 5 ± 1.58
 $p < 0.05$
- Time to complete 20m/
avg. walking speed
 $p = 0.001$





Results

- Wrist placed Fitbit
 - RME performs worse than NME ($p=0.003$)
 - RME performs worse than HA ($p=0.004$)
- Hip placed Fitbit
 - RME performs worse than HA ($p=0.009$)
- Hip placed Smartphone
 - RME performs worse than NME ($p=0.005$)
 - RME performs worse than HA ($p=0.017$)
- No significant difference between NME and HA

Independent Kruskal-Wallis & Mann-Whitney U tests



Results

- POMA, highly negatively correlated with
 - Age
 - Time to Complete (*avg. speed positively correlated*)
 - Number of Steps Taken
 - Error Percentage in all devices/wear locations
- Time to Complete and Number of Steps Taken correlated with Error Percentage in all devices/wear locations
- Age was not correlated with Error Percentage
- Age highly negatively correlated with avg. speed



Results

- RME data characterized by large undercounting
- RME wrist worn Fitbit failed to detect any steps in 4/5 participants
 - Detected only 1.79% of steps taken when detecting
- RME displayed overall low accuracy (Error percentage > 60%) and poor precision
- Best results obtained in hip worn Fitbit in HA ($2.86\% \pm 2.34\%$)



Discussion

- Poor device performance in RME
 - Small steps
 - Little/no vertical foot displacement
 - Slow/abrupt walking pace
 - Static wrist position (Holding on to rollator handles)
 - Sensor not subjected to enough vertical displacement
- Activity trackers usually not targeted at RME (*and some NME*) , but people with faster pace/stride length – HA



Conclusion

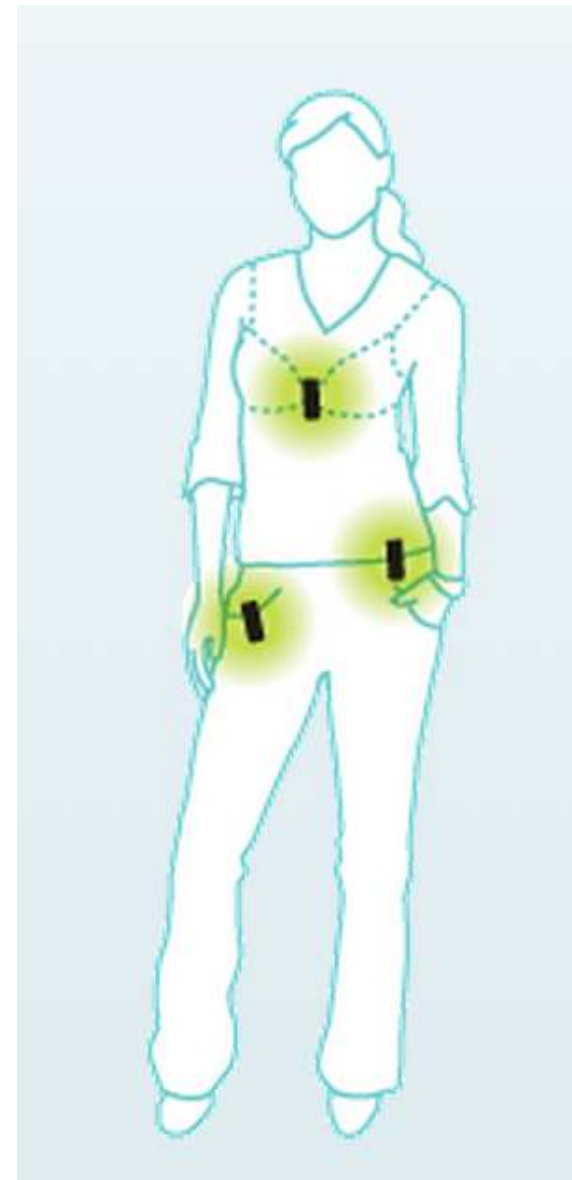
- Tested devices not advisable for use in RME, even when placed in accordance to manufacturer recommendations
- Optimum device and placement is Fitbit Ultra at Hip
- Alternative methods required for people with reduced mobility
 - Counting rollator wheel rotations
 - Impact sensor on canes





Recent changes

- Recommended wear updated – wrist no longer recommended
- Fitbit Ultra no longer available in sale
- Fitbit Ultra replaced by Fitbit the One



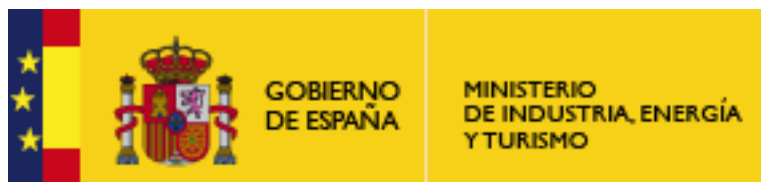
GAME-BASED MOBILITY TRAINING AND MOTIVATION OF SENIOR CITIZENS




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About EDSS

Kurtzke JF. *Rating neurologic impairment in multiple sclerosis: an expanded disability status scale (EDSS)*. *Neurology*, 1983: Nov: 33(11):1444-52

About POMA

Tinetti ME. Performance-oriented assessment of mobility problems in elderly patients. *JAGS* 1986: 34: 119–26.

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