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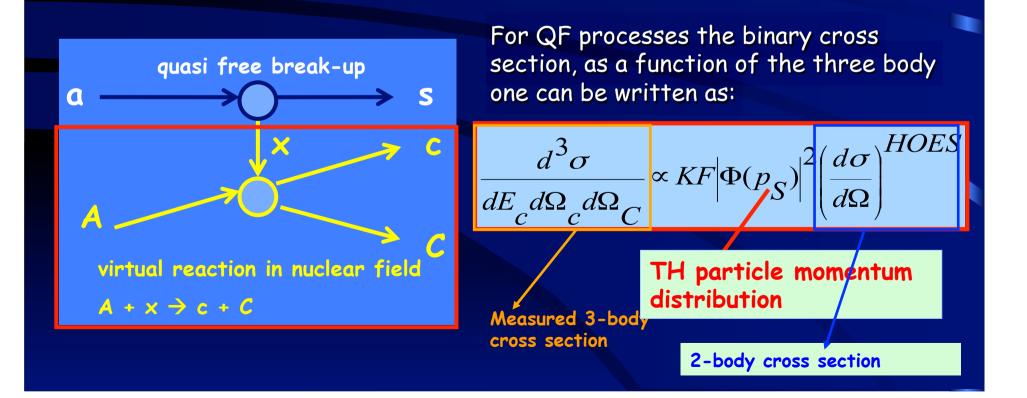
Trojan Horse particle invariance: an extensive study



Krakow September 2013

The Trojan Horse Method

- Indirect Methods can improve Nuclear Astrophysics results. Among them the Trojan Horse Method (THM).
- It allows the study of reactions of astrophysical interest like x(A,C)c at energies as low as the astrophysical ones after selection of an appropriate a(A,Cs)c reaction, induced at energies greater than the Coulomb barrier in quasi free conditions.



The incoming energy E_A of the incident particle is larger than the Coulomb barrier energy $(E_{AB})_{Coul. Bar.}$

 $E_A > (E_{Aa})_{Coulomb Barrier}$

(This means that A and x have a non-negligible probability to be very close)

The Trojan Horse particle a can be brought into nuclear field

of nucleus A and while s acts as a spectator, the cluster x induces the reaction

 $A + x \rightarrow C + c$

Coulomb effects and electron screening are negligible



X

A

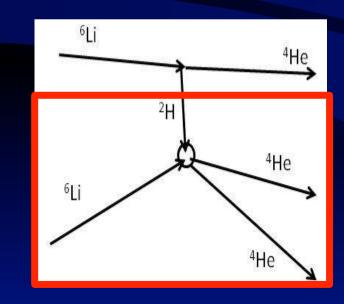
S

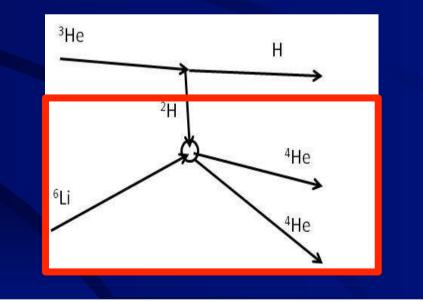
TH particle Invariance Test

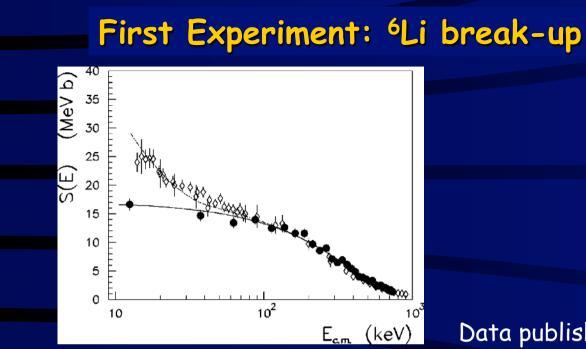
The binary cross-section measured via THM should be independent from the TH particle (and also from spectator). This at least is predicted from direct reactions theory.

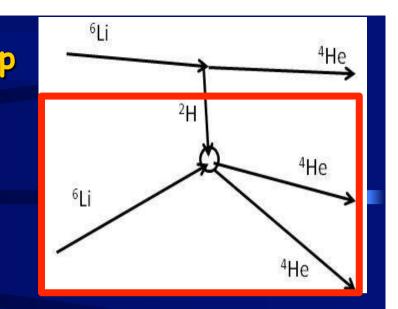
Does anything change if Trojan horse particle (or spectator) is changed?

The physical case: ⁶Li(d,a)⁴He studied via the THM after ⁶Li and ³He break-up.



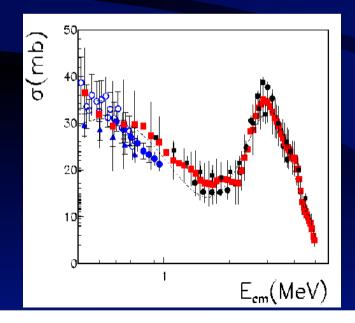


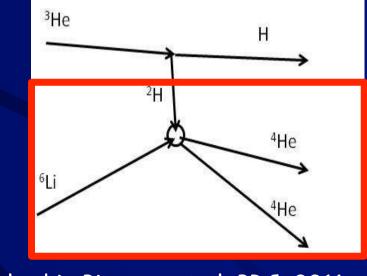




Data published in Spitaleri et al, PRC, 2001

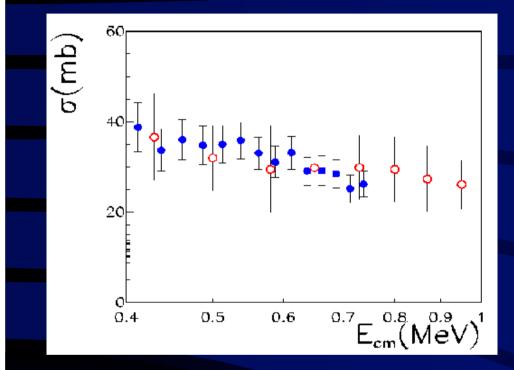
Second Experiment: ³He break-up





Data published in Pizzone et al, PRC, 2011

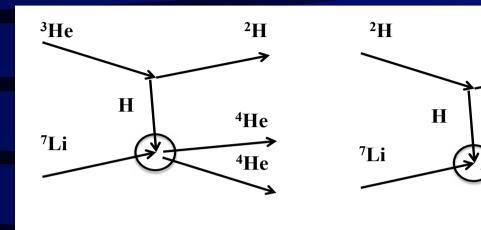
Comparison of ³He and ⁶Li break-up



Data from ³He and ⁶Li break-up Were compared and they agree within Experimental errors

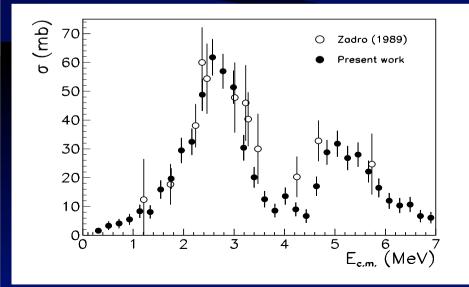
Blue: ⁶Li break-up Red: ³He break-up

Second Evidence: ⁷Li(p,a)⁴He



³He breakup

²H breakup



The ⁷Li(p,a)⁴He reaction was studied after ³He and ²H break-up. The two data sets are compared above, showing that we have a good Agreement within experimental errors also in this case.

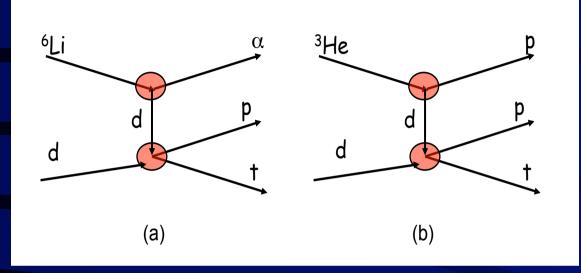
n

⁴He

⁴He

See: Pizzone et al. PRC 2011 & Zadro et al PRC 1989

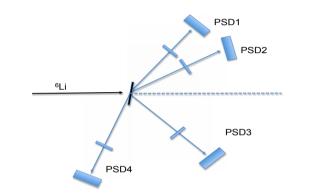
Third evidence d(d,p)t



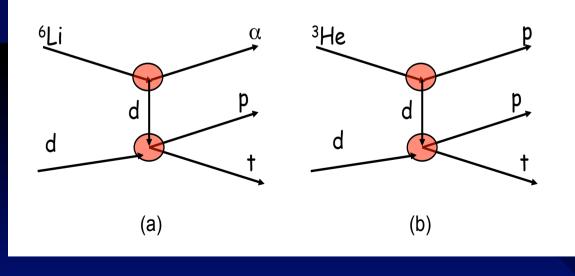
The d(d,p)t reaction was studied and its cross section measured after The break-up of ³He (process (b), see ref. Tumino et al. Phys.Lett.B 2011) Does the spectator invariance holds also in this case? We thus suggest an experiment via ⁶Li break-up following the break-up scheme (a). The experiment was performed in Dynamitron Tandem Laboratorium (Bochum)

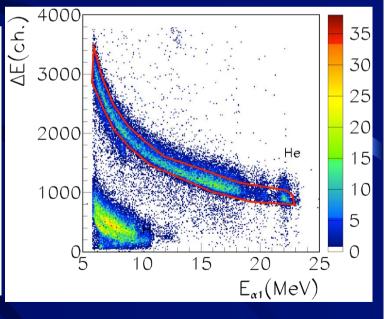
The experiment

Detector	angular range (deg)
PSD_1	42-54
PSD_2	18-28
PSD_3	42-54
PSD_4	105-115



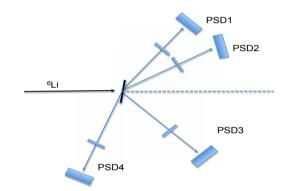
A preliminary run was performed (Rinollo et al. 2006) and an upgraded experimental setup was Used.



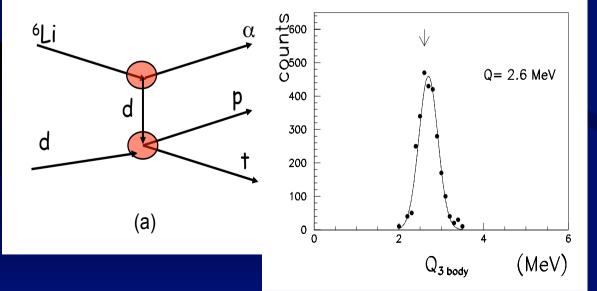


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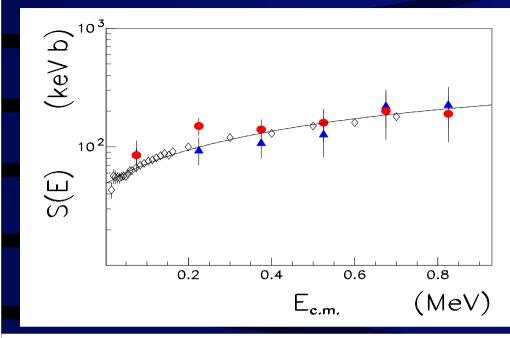
The 3-body reaction of interest was selected after particle identifications, kinematic cuts and Qvalue reconstruction

QF mechanism selection

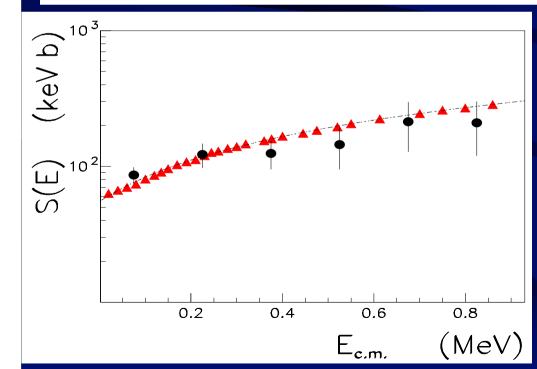
All steps of the standard THM Analysis were carried successfully on (see Pizzone et al. PRC 2013) and the momentum distribution extracted



Evidences of QF mechanism are found and only events with $p_s < 30 \text{ MeV/c}$ were selected for the following analysis, according to THM prescriptions.

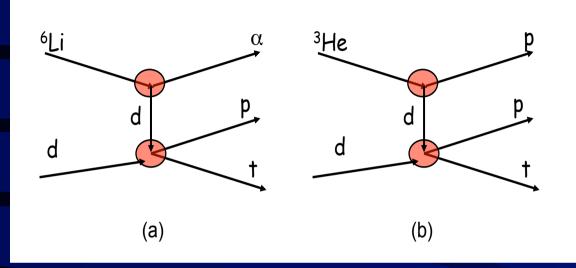


Present data from ⁶Li break-up (red) compared with THM data from Rinollo et al. Normalized to direct data (Krauss Et al.,1987) A good agreement shows up.



Averaged THM data (black) compared with data arising from ³He breakup (Tumino et al.,2011) A good agreement shows up Proving also in this case the Trojan Horse particle invariance.

Third evidence d(d,p)t



The Trojan Horse particle is found also in the d(d,p)t case. Data from ³He and ⁶Li break-up agree within experimental errors showing also in this case the spectator invariance (also referred to as pole invariance).

Concluding Remarks

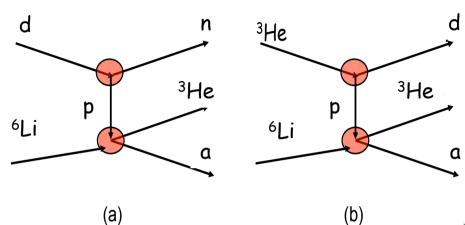
The spectator invariance was experimentally tested in three cases:

d(d,p)t both from ⁶Li and ³He break-up; ⁷Li(p,a)⁴He both from ³He and d break-up; ⁶Li(d,a)⁴He both from ⁶Li and ³He break-up.

- Evidences confirm prediction from direct mechanisms theory
- Further experimental studies are required for other precesses, e.g. ⁶Li(p,a)³He

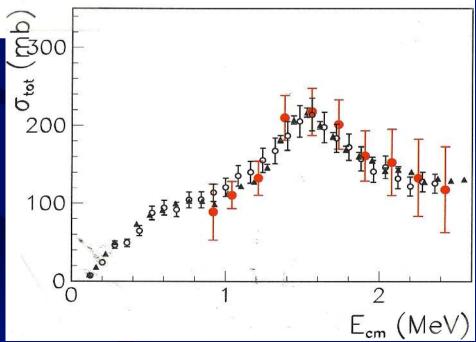
Preliminary data on ⁶Li(p,a)³He

E_{beam}=25 MeV @ Rez (Praha), LiF target



First evidences show results consistant with other reactions

Red: ³He break-up Black: d break-up Empty: Direct data (Elwyn 1979)



COLLABORATION

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